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STUDENT'S HEBREW LEXICON.

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COMPENDIOUS AND COMPLETE

HEBREW AND CHALDEE LEXICON

TO

THE OLD TESTAMENT

WITH AN ENGLISH-HEBREW INDEX

CHIEFLY FOUNDED ON THE WORKS OF

GESENIUS AND FÜRST

WITH IMPROVEMENTS FROM

DIETRICH AND OTHER SOURCES.

BDITED BY

BENJAMIN DAVIES, PH. D., LLD.

TRANSLATOR OF REDIGER'S GESENIUS OR STUDENT'S HEBREW GRAMMAR.

Dem Chition "Siconcial CAREFULLY REVISED. WITH & CONCISE STATEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF HEBREW GRAMMAR elc . . .

BT

EDWARD C. MITCHELL, D.D.

BOSTON:

IRA BRADLEY & Co.

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PREFACE TO THE FIRST EDITION.

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This work may be regarded as new, though not claiming to be original. Experts will find on every page some freshness, indicating a measure of independence and of endeavour after progress, not however in a dogmatic but in a tentative spirit.

The irregular and the harder forms of words will be found here placed in alphabetical order in the body of the Lexicon, and not (as usual) put by themselves at the end. In explanation of these forms and also of many difficulties pertaining to the syntax, frequent and fitting references are made to the Student's Hebrew Grammar or Rædiger's Gesenius, pub. by Asher & Co., London.

In the treatment of the letters (e. g. \exists , \exists and \exists), much has been done more fully to indicate and illustrate their affinities and interchanges, and also their formative uses or their effect in word-building (cf. Gram. § 81, Rem. 1). Some of these letter-changes (e. g. $\exists = \flat$), though rare in Semitic, as elsewhere, and therefore open to some doubt, may, however, be favoured by analogy in other tongues (cf. E. dairy = F. laiterie = L. lacteria, E. day = Irish lia = W. dydh = L. dies, Sans. dasan = lasan = L. decem = δtxa = Lithuanian -lika in dwylika = $\delta \omega \delta \delta xa$), and especially by the fact (so often overlooked), that the letters in question may really be both of the same class, for both \exists and \flat are either dentals or linguals

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In the treatment of the letters (e. g. \supset , \sqcap and \neg), much has been done more fully to indicate and illustrate their affinities and interchanges, and also their formative uses or their effect in word-building (cf. Gram. § 81, Rem. 1). Some of these letter-changes (e. g. $\neg = \flat$), though rare in Semitic, as elsewhere, and therefore open to some doubt, may, however, be favoured by analogy in other tongues (cf. E. dairy = F. laiterie = L. lacteria, E. day = Irish lia = W. dydh = L. dies, Sans. dasan = lasan = L. decem = $\delta \epsilon \times a$ = Lithuanian -lika in dwylika = $\delta \upsilon \omega \delta \epsilon \times a$), and especially by the fact (so often overlooked), that the letters in question may really be both of the same class, for both \neg and \flat are either dentals or linguals

(see Gram. § 6, 4, c), as also 7 and \neg are both linguals or palatals, and therefore not unlikely to pass the one for the other, as in PI==PI=.

In the handling of roots and derivatives (see Gram. §§ 38 and 81), and especially of those that seem to have more than three radical letters (see Gram. § 30, 3), sundry improvements have been attempted, e. g. לכן געוד III, לכן גענד II, לכן ווא לכן II, נַפָּל , מַזָז II, דַאַשּׁר , פָטָח , דָרָד, אַקּשָא, כַּגַל , מַזַד, שַׁבָשָּ, שַׁבָשָּ, שַׁבָשָּ, שַׁבָשָּ, אַרְנָבָת, אַרְנָבָת, דְּהָכִיםָת, סְנָפִיר, סְנָפִיר, סְנָפִיר, אַרְנָבָת, אַרְנָבָת, אַרְנָבָת, מּוֹיזיה, Then. - It will be noticed that many roots are here surmised to be mimetic (else onomatopoetic, see Gram. § 1, 4), e. g. אַרָה IV, אָרָא 2, אָרָא II, though they have not been so regarded by others, and though our Sanskritists may deem it undignified or unscientific to allow words to have such an origin, and hence must needs, for instance, connect E. cow with Sans. ga (to go) and not with Sans. ghu, which is prob. mimetic and akin to Iv, Arab. If, Syr. محًا , محًا , عُظ, عُدْ, comp. also Sans. kaukalis (r. kuch to sound), xóxxvě, xóxxv, xoáž, L. cuculus, cucurio, coaxo, E. cuckoo, cock, quack, W. gog, gwccw, Gaelic kûach, Manks kivag, which are all mimetic.

As the Assyrian tongue is now allowed to be Semitic (see Gram. § 1, 2) †, various words (e. g. פּּלְאֶסֶר, סַרְגוֹן, סַקְהַרִיב, are here tentatively traced to that source, rather than to the usual Sanskrit or Persian.

Much attention is also given to the affinities and analogies between words, in different forms and of various dialects or

^{*} See Prof. Key's Estimate of the Sanskrit Language as the Basis of Linguistic Science, in Philological Society's Transactions for 1862-3, pp. 113-160.

[†] See also Dr. Schrader's exhaustive and conclusive article on the Assyrian Inscriptions and Language, in the Zeitschrift der Deutschen Morgenländischen Gesellschaft, 1872, pp. 1-392; see Gram. p. 2, Note³.

languages (e. g. לְבָרָה הוֹם, הֹבָרָה); for there is now happily a growing conviction, that no tongue can be learned with proper interest and profit without paying heed to comparative philology. Even English is of late beginning to be studied in this more excellent way, owing largely, if not chiefly, to the labours of Germans and Americans.

A work of this sort has for many years seemed to me to be needed; and at last, after vainly urging others to do it, I committed myself to the task, finding encouragement from Dr. Payne Smith, the Dean of Canterbury, from Dr. Gotch, President of Bristol Baptist College, from my old American friend Dr. Hackett, Professor of Biblical Literature in Rochester Theological Seminary, N. Y. State, and from Dr. W. Wright, Professor of Arabic in the University of Cambridge, who was often consulted with advantage.

As however my health was impaired and I had not much spare time for giving effect to my plan, I was glad, in preparing the work for the press and carrying it through, to have excellent help from two good friends, F. Bosworth, M. A. and A. J. Towell, both of whom, when theological students, were among the foremost in my classes, showing uncommon taste and aptness for languages, but especially for Biblical scholarship. The former gave his friendly aid in doing the letter \mathbf{x} . The latter did admirable service in preparing most of the other letters and in revising every sheet as it passed through the press.

For valuable hints or words of encouragement I feel indebted to a number of learned Hebraists and other orientalists, both at home and abroad. Special thanks are due to Dr. Johannes Rædiger, Assistant Librarian*) to the University of Leipsic for his aid in connection with the press.

*) Now [1875] Librarian to the University of Breslau.

Credit is justly accorded to the publishers and to the printing-office for so well carrying out my requirements, in regard to the types and the general style of the book, which win praise from all.

If it please God that this Lexicon, notwithstanding its many shortcomings, shall answer the end by really aiding students to gain a good knowledge of the Old Test. Scriptures in the original tongues, the coveted reward of my labour will have been vouchsafed.

LONDON, October. 1871. BENJ. DAVIES.

PREFACE TO THE SECOND EDITION.

Great pains have been taken to make this work, as now issued, still more worthy of the favorable reception it has met with, as shown by the ready sale of the first edition. — The English-Hebrew Index, now added as a help to composition in the sacred tongue, has been carefully prepared by T. G. Rooke, B. A. Lond., one of the chiefest among my old students and beloved as a son. — I am indebted to various friends for useful hints, especially to Prof. A. B. Davidson, D.D., of the Free Church College, Edinburgh, and also to J. Frederick Smith, the translator of Ewald's Introductory Hebr. Grammar, published by Asher & Co., London, 1870.

July, 1875.

B. D.

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לזרי מעם יהוח.

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS.

* Contractions of Heb. words are often made by using simply the first letter with a stroke, e.g. b for ב', פלני for ד', see Gram. §5,4.

The proper accent of each word is here marked under it by (--) e.g. אָאָרָאָ when it does not fall on the last syllable, where it usually does (see Gram. §15, 2); but Methegh (being only a subsidiary accent) is not often indicated, but left to the student to supply, according to Gram. § 16, 2 and Rem. -- The pause accent (see Gram. § 29, 4) is here mostly marked by (--) e. g. אָרָאָ (אָרָאָ).

abbrev., abbreviation. abs., absol., absolute. abst., abstr., abstract. acc. to, according to. act., active. adj., adjective. adv., adverb. afform., afformative. Amer. Ind., American Indian. Aph., Aph'el. ap., apoc., opocopated, also called jussive, see Gram. § 48, 4. Apoc., Apocalypse, Book of Revelation. app., appos., apposition, see Gram. § 113. Arab., Arabic. Aram., Aramman, see Gram. § 1, 2, 11. App., Appendiz. Armen., Armenian. art., article. Assyr., Assyrian. Beng., Bengali. Bret., Breton. c., const., constr., construct. card., cardinal. Cant., Canticles, Book of Solomon's Song. ef., confer, i. e. compare or consult. Ch., Chald., Chaldee. cohort., cohortative. cog., cognate. coll., collect., collective. com., comm., common gender. comp., compare. conor., concrete. cond., conditional. conj, conjunction, conjunctive, conjugation. conjug., conjugation. conjunct., conjunctive. const., constr., construct. consec., consecutive. contract., contracted. Copt., Coptie. copt., Coplic. cop., copulative. correl., correlative. Dagh. J. Daghesh. Dagh. f. Jaghesh forie. Dagh. f. impl., Daghesh forie implicitum, see Gram. § 22, 1, Rem. Dan., Danish. dat., datise. dat., dative.

def., definite, a form of Chald. words, called emphatic in many Grammars. dem., demonstr., demonstrative. denom., denominative. diff., different. disj., disjunct., disjunctive. Dor., Doric. du., dual. du., dual. E., Engl., English. ed., edition. e. g. (exempli gratia), for example. Egypt., Egyptian. ollipt., elliptical. epic., epicene. epenth., epenthetic. esp., especially. Eth., Ethiop., Ethiopic. Ethpa., Ethpa'al. etym., etymology ouphon., euphonio. f., fem., feminine. fin., finite. format., formative. F., Fr., French. fig., figurative, figuratively. fr., from. fut., future, called imperfect in Bödiger's Gesenius, see Student's Heb. Gram. § 40, Note. G., Ger., German. Gael., Gaelic. gen., generally. gen., genit., genitive. gend., gender. gent., gentil., gentilic, see Gram. § 86, 9, 5. Gram., Student's Hebrew Grammar 1. e. Rædiger's Gesenius, 21st edition translated by Dr. Davies, published by Asher & Co., London. Gr., Greek. Heb., Hebrew Hiph., Hiph'il. Hith., Hithp., Hithpa'el. Hithpal., Hithpal'el. Hithpalp., Hithpalpel. Hithpo., Hithpol., Hithpolel. Hoph., Hoph'al. Hothp., Hothpa., Holl hyperb., Ayperdolical. Hothpu'el.

f. e. (id est), that is. i. q. (idem quod), same as or equal to, often indicated by — as the sign of equality. imp., imper., imperat., imperative. impere, imperanal, imperation, impered, impl. (L. implicitum), implied, indef., indefinite. inf., infin., infinitive. intens., intensive. interj., interjec., interjection. interrog., interrogative. intr., intrans., intransitive. Ir., Irish. irreg., irregular. Ishtaph., Ish/apit'sl. Ital., Itulian. Ithpa, Juliani,
Ithpa, Julya'al.
Ithpa, Julya'al.
Kelt, Keltic, see Gram. § 1, 4, Noto'.
L., Lat, Laita.
Lehrbuch, in quoting Ewald's AusMarilabas Lababuch das Habailabas führliches Lehrbuch der Hebräischen Sprache, 7th or 8th edition. lit., literal, literally. Lacon, Laconian. 100., local, see Gram. § 90, 2. MSS, manuscripts. m., masc., masculins. Maq., Maqqë ph. mid., middie. mod., modern mimet., mimetic, commonly called onomatopoetic, see Gram. § 1, 4. neg., negative. N. T., New Testament. Niph., Niph'al. Nithp., Nithpa'el, see Gram. § 5. 9. D., name, noun. num., number. obs., obsol., obsolete i. e. not occurring in the Bible, though perh. in other Heb. books. obj., object. O. B., Old English. opp., oppos., opposed to, opposition. ord., ordin., ordinal. orig., original, originally. p., person; also pause, see Gram. § 20, 4. Pa., Pa'el. Parad., Paradigm. parag., paragogic. parall., parallel, see Gram. § 2, 5. part., participle. pass., passive. patr., patron., patronymic, see Gram. \$ 80 2.5. Pe., Petal. Pent., Pentateu:A. parf., perfect. perh., perhapp. pers., per Pi., Přel

Pil., Pfilel. Pilp., Pilpel. Phon., Phonician. pleon., pleonastic. pl., plur., plural. plur. excel., pluralis excilentia, see Gram. § 108, 2, 5. plup., pluperfect. poet., poetic, poetry. Po., Po'el, see Gram. § 55, 1. Polp., Poipal, see Gram. § 55, 4. pr. n., proper name. pr. n. f., proper name feminine. pr. n. m., proper name masculine. prof., prefix. preform., preformative. prep., preposition. propp., prepositions. prim., primitive. priv., privative. prob., probable, probably. pron., pronoun. pronóm., pronominal. prop., properly. prosth., prosthetic. Pu., Pw'al. q. v. (quod vide), which see. r., root. rad., radical. redup., reduplic., reduplicated. ref., reference. refl., reflexive. reg., regular. Rem., Remark. rol., relat., relative. 8., Sanskrit. Sam., Samar., Samaritan. Sans., Sansor., Sanscrit or Sansirit. Sax., Saxon. sc., soil. (scilicet), mamcly. Bept., Septuagint. Shaph., Shaph'el. sing., singular. Blavon., Slavonic. st., state. subj., subject. subst., substantive. suf., suffix. Swed., Swedish. Symm, Symmachus. syn., synon., synonymous. Syr., Syriac. Talm., Talmúd, Talmúdic. Taph., Taphiel. Targ., Targúm. Tiph., Tiphiel, see Gram. \$ 55, 5. tr., trans., transitive. transp., transposition Turk., Turkish. Vulg., Vulgate. W., Welsh. wh., which. w., with.

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Lexicons constantly used or occasionally consulted in the preparation of this work:

- GESENIUS, Thesaurus Linguae Hebrææ et Chaldææ Veteris Testamenti, in 4to. Finished in 1857 by his accomplished disciple and honoured friend Dr. Rædiger, to whom at his death he intrusted the completion of the great work, which is now justly regarded as the chief authority in Hebrew. — Lexicon Manuale Heb. et Chald. in V. T. Libros, 8vo, 1833. Founded mostly on the above Thesaurus. Edited in English by Dr. Robinson in 1855, with great improvements, and now forming the best full Heb. Lexicon extant in our language. — Hebräisches und Chaldäisches Handwörterbuch über das Alte Testament, 7te Auflage 1868, edited by Dr. Dietrich, who has much improved the work throughout, especially in the treatment of roots and derivations.
- FÜRST, Hebräisches und Chaldäisches Handwörterbuch über das Alte Testament, 2te Auflage, 1863. Edited in English by Dr. S. Davidson, with the author's own Revision, 1867. — Veteris Testamenti Concordantiæ, including much lexicographical matter, folio, 1840. — Hebräisches Taschen-Wörterbuch über das Alte Testament, new edition, 1869.
- Lee's Lexicon, Hebrew, Chaldee and English, 8vo, London, 1840.
- Winer, Lexicon Manuale Heb. et Chald. in V. T. Libros, enriched with MS notes by the lamented Dr. Hävernick of Königsbarg.

Modern Semitic Alphabets.												
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Ancient Semitic Alphabets

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STUDENT'S HEBREW LEXICON.

X

X'A'leph, the first letter in the Heb. Alphabet, and hence used as the numeral for 1 (cf. Apoc. 21, 6); but א stands for 1000 (אלק). Its form on early Phenician monuments and Heb. coins is X or X, whence the early Greek Δ and the later Λ ; see Table of Ancient Alphabets (at beginning of this Lex.) and Schröder's Phönizische Sprache, Taf. A. Its name אלפרן (Chald. אלפא, pl. אלק) is from meaning a yoke-beast, ox or heifer; and its oldest figure probably pictured a bovine head, the form and name (hence $\lambda \phi \alpha$) suggesting by the initial sound the force of the letter. which resembled the Gr. soft breathing (') or the Fr. h in homme, but was quiescent after a vowel (see Gram. § 6, 2, 1).

N is often prosthetic, e. g. in Turk (בַּנִית), אָרַרָכּוֹן אָכֵן (אַרָ) אָבָר (בַּנִית) (הַרָּעוֹן), but in such cases it might again disappear, e. g. in אַזָרֹעָ = אָזָרֹעָ; אַשָּׁכּל ef. אַנַרְונוּ = נַרְצוּ ; מּ 🎝 אָנַרְונוּ (of. אָדָד = דָד); in the formation of nouns it may have perhaps an intensive or causative force (prob. of Hiph. or Aphel origin), e. g. ary deceptive, אורח home-born. But generally this prosthetic use of N is simply euphonic, and analogous to άσπαίρω = σπαίρω, ἄσβολος = ψόλος, ἀμέλγω = L. mulgeo = E. milk, Fr. esprit = W. ysprid = L. spiritus, έχθές = χθές. — In the formation of verb-stems the N is often an inorganic radical i. e. does not belong to the ultimate or monosyllabic root: 1) as initial, e. g. جيجج דאָבק; 2) as medial, e.g. אָבָק; as final, e. g. גַּדַא, גַּדַא,

ער (c. אָב אָב אָב אָב only Gen. 17, 5, in prop. names אָב אָב אָב אָד אָב אָב אָבי אָבי אָבי אָבי אָב אָב אָבין אָביים אָביין אָביין אָביין אָבין אָביים אָביין אָביין אָביין אָבוית אָבין אָביין אָביין see Gram. § 96, 2, and below) m. father, natural or spiritual. Then from the idea of father-hood, the word came to express: 1) benefactor, cherisher or sustainer, in the material

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sense. 2) *teacher* or *adviser*, father in the intellectual or moral sense, hence applied to teachers of the people, old men, prophets, priests, viziers, kings; e. g. Gen. 45, 8 וַרְשִׁרְמֵנָר לָאָב and he made me for a father to Pharaoh, i. e. appointed me his Vizier. 3) lord or possessor (as enjoying paternal rights), nearly the same as בַּעָל, this meaning esp. appearing in composite Heb. names, and in the other Semitic dialects. -As founder of a family or a race, signifies: 1) chief of a family or tribe (like שלות, אלות, שלי, שיר, שיר, בית אב hence (ראש הַפַּטָה, נשִׂיא), father's house, i. e. descendants of the head of a clan. 2) forefather, as i. e. Adam. 3) founder אב הראשון of a guild or profession or trade, i. e., the first worker or inventor, Gen. 4, 21. ---- This noun is primitive, for although following the analogy of those derived from a H'' verb, both and and are mimetic words, taken from the first and simplest sounds of infant lips, and are familiar as nursery names in most lands: אָב (hence מֹββα̃, אָב אָרָא, Aram. בָּלָן, אָבָא Gal. 4, 6), anna, nánac, L. papa, avus, E. pa, papa, fa-ther, πα-τήρ, L. pa-ter, Sans. pi-tri, Gael. ab, Turk. baba, Amer. Ind. appâ.

Chald. (w. suf. אָברּדְּר, אָברּדְר, אָברּדְר, אָברַק, def. אָבָרָק, pl. אָבָרָק, def. אָבָק, m., father, i. q. Heb. אָבָר, Dan. 2, 23.

אבר (w. suf. אבר, pl. אבר, c. אבר m. prop. blooming-freshness, then 1) blossom-time, blooming-age (hence ήβη, ξφηβος=L.pubes) or also bright verdure Cant. 6, 11; Job 8, 12 האבר in its thriving or greenness. 2) fruit, hence Chald. אב fruit-month i. e. August, and in the Targ. אב stands frequently for אבר אָבָא Chald. (Talm. אָבָא, def. אָבָא, Syr. גֹםן, w. suf. אַנְקָה w. Nûn inserted for Dagh. f.) same as in Heb., fruit Dan. 4, 9; hence Chald. אַקַל produce fruit.

אָר shorter form in prop. names for אָבר and interchanging therewith, e. g. אַבריאָסָת and אַרָיָסָת.

אוב see אוב.

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חברא II (obs.) prob. mimet. to be hollow, only in Aram. אנדע flute; see אניב.

אָבַנְקָא (Persian) pr. n. m. perh. from *baga-dâta* i. e. God-given: cf. בּנְקָרָן ,בְּנְתָא

אבר (fut. יאבר and יאבר) intr., prop. to be severed, forsaken (see בָּדֶד), hence 1) to stray in solitude, Ps. 119, 176 אבר a straying sheep, lost in the wilderness; Deut. 26, 5 ארמר אבר a wandering Syrian, leading a Nomad's life and roaming about in a foreign place, cf. Is. 27, 13. 2) to lose oneself, to vanish, e.g. of the loss of heart (בב), of hope (הקנה); part. אבר עצות (rarely c. אבר עצות) lacking counsel; then transferred to uselessness, e. g. refuge (מַנוֹס) vanishes Job 11, 20, the vision (min) is useless Ez. 12, 22, w. or of the pers. for whom something is in vain. 3) to perish, to be undone, of men, beasts, etc.; hence אבר perishing one, in this sense also at times w. עַכָל דָאָרָץ Deut. 4, 26. — Pi. אָבָר (-- for --- as in ppy), 1) to sever, scatter, to dissipate e. g. Tin wealth Prov. 29, 3. 2) to destroy (of things), to bring to ruin (of men), to rob e. g. the under-

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standing Ecc. 7, 7. 8) to give up for lost Ecc. 3, 6, opp. to בָּקָשׁ — Hiph. בָּקָשׁ to cause to go to ruin, to destroy, Num. 24, 19, also w. the additions, בַּקָרָב וְדָעָ הַתְּדָרָז וְדָשָׁבָים, הַפָּקָרָב וָדָעָ הַיָּקָרָב וָדָעָ הַיָּקָרָב וָדָעָ הַשָּׁבָים, הַפָּקָרָב וָדָעָ הַשָּׁבָים, גָּפָקָרָב וָדָעָ הַשָּׁבָים, גָּפָקָרָב וָדָעָ הַשָּׁבָים, גָּשָׁבָים הַשָּׁבָים, גָּשָׁבָים הַשָּׁבָים, גָּשָׁבָים הַשָּׁבָים, גָּשָׁבָים הַשָּׁבָים, גָּשָׁבָים הַשָּׁבָים, גָשָׁבָים הַשָּׁבָים, גָשָׁבָים הַשָּׁבָים, גָשָׁבָים הַשָּׁבָים, גָשָׁבָים, גָשָׁבָיק הַשָּׁבָים, אָבָיק הַשָּׁבָים, גָשָׁבָיק הַשָּׁבָים, גָשָׁבָיק הַשָּׁבָים, גָשָׁבָיק הַשָּׁבָים, גָשָׁבָים, גָשָׁבָים, גָשָׁבָים, גָשָׁבָים, גָשָׁבָים, גָשָּבָים, גָשָּבָים, גָשָׁבָים, גָשָּבָים, גָשָּבָים, גָשָׁבָים, גַשָּ

ריבר האבר (fut. יריבר, יבר, יבר) same as Heb. אבר, to perish Jer. 10, 11. --- Aph. אבר to destroy Dan. 2, 12.---Hoph. דאבר, by a Hebraism, pass. of Aph. to be destroyed Dan. 7, 11.

רֹתֵר or after the form אֹבֶד (for דֹתֵר), אֹבָד m. annihilation, ruin Num. 24, 20.

f. 1) abyss Prov. 27, 20 K'thibh. 2) lost thing Ex. 22, 8.

אַבָּדְרָן m. in the K'thibh for אָבָדרן אָבָדרון Prov. 27, 20, but possibly it should be read אַבָּדָרָא.

m. 1) destruction Job 31, 12.
 place of destruction, the abyes, realm of the dead Prov. 15, 11. Personified Άβαδδών, rendered Άπολλύων in Apoc. 9, 11; cf. Σκώ.

אָבָרָד Ez. 28, 16, for אַבָּרָד Gram. \$ 68, 2, Bem. 2; from r. אָרָד.

אָבְדָן also אָבְדָן (c. אָבְדָן) m. destruction, Est. 8, 6; 9, 5.

(fut. דאָרָד) prob. same as דאָרָד ו to breathe after, to long for, then ו to be willing, w. bof the pers. to obey Ps. 81, 12. 2) more active volition, to willorwish, w. & (Ex. 10, 27) not to will (= אָרָד, אָרָד, אָרָד, אָרָד but always of the will as resulting from inclination and not design. --- This mimetic root, taken from the act of audible breathing or panting is found in diverse, אָרָד, אָרָד, אָרָד אָדָאָר, רָאָר, דָעָר, אָרָד, אָרָד Arab. 81,51, Sans. vâ (breathe), ăוןעו (זָש, L. aveo, amo, pius, W. awel, awen (i. e. afflatus, the muse). Deriv. אָביוֹד, perh. אָביוֹד,

אָרָה m. only Job 9, 26, perh. akin to אַר thriving vegetation, hence reed, bulrush, cf. אָבָא

אָבָרז (pl. אָבָרז) m. elephant, akin to Sans. ibha-s, L. ebur and our ivory, בגפמג; only in inter compound הַבָּרִם phant's teeth or tusks, Copt. FBOY (ivory); see שֵׁנְהַבְּרַם.

אָבָדָז, see אב Chald.

only c. of אבר in pr. names; so too in Phenician.

אָבוּא Isai. 28, 12 for אָבוּא, from r. אָבוּ; see Gram. § 23, 3, Rem. 3.

אברי m. (according to Abulwalid from r. אָבָד (אָבָד) craving or need Prov. 23, 29, like אָבָרין; but Kimchi takes it for same as אוי woe/ Cf. alβoī, obal.

אָבוּס אָבוּס (for אָבוּס ג. אַבוּס Is. 1, 3, pl. אָבוּס, r. אָבוּסים m. prop. foddering, hence a crib or rack Job 39, 9.

(w. ה cohort. אבושה) 1 p. fut. of בוש see Gram. § 72, Rem. 2.

אָבוֹת, see אָבוֹת.

אוב see אבות.

(obs.) prob. i.q. אָבָרו, זָבָד, to slaughter, the ' (or נט) being exchanged for א אז אָדָר for אָדָן; cf. a'alvw $= \zeta a \lambda a l v \omega$, $\zeta v \gamma \acute{v} v = L$. jugum – E. yoke; hence

ילקרו (for אָבְרָח) f.slaughter, murder, only in Ez. 21, 20 (where in parallel clause), the Sept. making it σφάγια.

בְּכַשׁר (only pl. אָבַשִּׁרים, r. שָׁבָשִׁר II) m. *melons* Num. 11, 5; Targ. מַלַמָּפּוּן i. q. μηλοπέπων.

אָרָי interj. Job 34, 36 how! ah! Prob. mimetic akin to אָרָוֹי and דָּרָ: אָרָר see אָרָוֹי

4

אַבּיר

אָרָד pr. n. f. (דְּיָז is father) 2 K. 18, 2, for which אָבָיָה 2 Ch. 29, 1.

אָרָיא Mic. 1, 15 for אָרָיא Hiph. fut. of נוֹא; see Gram. § 76, 2, f.

אָרָיאָל pr. n. m. (perh. father of might) 1 Ch. 11, 32.

רָאָרָיאָר pr. n. m. (father is gatherer) Ex. 6, 24; see אָרְיָסָד, אָרְיָסָד, אַרְיָסָד, אַרָיָסָד, אַרָיָסָד, אַרָיָסָד, אַרָיָסָד, אַרָיָאָ

אָרָיר (r. אָרָר I) m. prop. sprout, hence ear of grain Ex. 9, 81, time of ears (like דּיָר רָרָרישׁ month of 'Abhibh Ex. 13, 4, i. e. of blooming or of green ears; this month Abib, later called יָרָשָׁ, began with the new-moon of April (the Rabbins say of March) and was the first of the Heb. year, Ex. 12, 2, Deut. 16, 1.

אָרִידָיל also אָרָידָיל pr. n. f. (father is exultation) 1 Sam. 25, 3.32; K'thibh גִּרָל גָּוֹל Sam. 25, 18, see גָּוֹל

אָבִרדָד, Jer. 46,8 for אָבִרדָד,

דָרָדָן pr. n. m. (father is judge) Num. 1, 11.

אָרָידָע pr. n. m. (perh. father knows) Gen. 25, 4; cf. אָלְיָדָע, אָלִיָדָע.

אָרָיְרוֹ זי אָרָיְרוֹ pr. n. m. (father is אָרָיָרוֹ 1 San. 8, 2; 2 Ch. 13, 1; but אָרָייָרוּ is pr. n. f. in 2 Ch. 29, 1; see אַרָי

אָבָידוּא pr. n. m. (father is He) Lev. 10, 1; cf. אַלִידוּא אַבִיאַל.

pr. n. m. (prob. father is renown) 1 Ch. 8, 3.

ז pr. n. f. (father is splendor) 1 Ch. 2, 29; see דָרָל

אָבִרְקְוֹיָל pr. n. m. (father is strength) Num. 3, 35.

אָרָדוֹן (r. אָבָרוֹן) m., prop. adj. desiring or begging, poor Deut. 15, 4; hence as subst. a poor man Ps. 70, 6; אָבְרוֹנִים poet. for בְּיֵר אָבְרוֹן the poor, Ps. 72, 4. לגרייד f. longing, then lust, only in Ecc. 12, 5. Others make it stimulant, specially caper-berries (modern Heb. אָרָיוֹיָרָ berries in general).

אָרָיטוּב pr. n. m. (father is goodness) 1 Ch. 8, 11; cf. נָרָאָל.

אָרָיטָל pr. n. f. (father is a shelter) 2 Sam. 3, 4; cf. אָלָד.

אָבָרָם pr. n. m. (perh. father of day) 1 K. 14, 31; cf. אַבְרָעַר.

אָרָיָאָל pr. n. m. (father of Ma'el) Gen. 10, 28.

אָרָיָגָיָלָ pr. n. m. (father is king) usual title of the kings of Philistia, Gen. 20, 2; 26, 1; comp. אָנָג פּרְצֿח.

אָרִינָדָב pr. n. m. (father is noble) 1 Sam. 16, 8; cf. נְרָבְיָה.

pr. n. m. (father is pleasantness) Judg. 4, 6.

אָרָיוֶר pr. n. m. (father is a light) 1 Sam. 14, 50; usually אָרָנַר.

אָרָטָק pr. n. m. 1 Ch. 6, 8, for אָרָאָסָאָ, which see.

אָרִיקָוָר pr. n. m. (father is help) Josh. 17, 2; patron. אָרָיק *the* Abiezrite; see אִרְעֵזָר.

אָבָרעַלְבוֹך pr. n. m. (father is strength) 2 Sam. 23, 31.

אָבָר (r. אָבָר I) subst. (prop. adj.) m. strong one, a hero used only of God, Gen. 49, 24.

שְׁבָּיר (r. אָבָיר I) adj. m. very mighty, manly, hence subst. 1) a valiant, בל אַבָּירָי לַב the stout-hearted, Ps. 76, 6; obstinate Is. 46, 12; poet. used of a bold bull Ps. 50, 13, of a spirited horse Jer. 50, 11. 2) eminent one, a chief, אָבִירִים the chief of the shepherds; לָחָם אָבִירִים food of the mighty (manna), Ps. 78, 25, Sept. čρτος ἀγγέλων.

דַמְיָה pr. n. m. (father of exaltation) Num. 16, 1, 1 K. 16, 34; cf.

عَلَيْ pr. n. f. (father of wandering) 1 K. 1, 8; see يني.

אָרָישׁרְעָ pr. n. m. (father of succour) 1 Ch. 8, 4; see אָרָשׁרָע.

אָרָישוּר pr. n. m. (father of rectitude) 1 Ch. 2, 28; cf. לְשָׁרוּן.

אָבָרשׁר pr. n. m. (father of gift) 1 Sam. 26, 6; see שָׁ.

אָבִישָׁלוֹם also אַבְשָׁלוֹם, pr. n. m. (father of peace) 1 K. 15, 2, 2 Ch. 11, 20.

אָרָיָתָר pr. n. m. (father of abundance) 1 Sam. 22, 20; Mark 2, 26 Άβιάθαρ.

in Is. 9, 17: akin to די (poet.) only in Hith. to twirl or eddy, to mount up in a column, said of smoke rolling upwards, only in Is. 9, 17: akin to נְקָרָ, בָּרָן,

לעבלי, אָבָלי, אָבָלי, אָבָל, אָבָלי, אָבָל, אָבָלי, אָבָלי, אָבָלי, אָבָלי, דָבָלי, דָבלי, דָלי, דָבלי, דַבלי, דָבלי, דָבלי, דָבלי, דָבלי, דַבלי, דַבלי, דָבלי, דָליי, דָלי, דָלי, דָלי, דָבלי, דָבלי,

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comp. Syr. کو grass. Hence to be fresh or green;

אָבָלי I (c. לאָבָלי Ps. 35, 14, pl. אָבַלי Is. 61, 3, f. אָבַלי pl. מון אַבָלי adj. mourning Ps. 35, 14 or languishing Lam. 1, 4; r. אָבָלי.

אָבָל דַאָרוֹ (r. אָבָל, f.moist spot, meadow, the great meadow 1 Sam. 6, 18, where others read אָבָן for אָבָל. This noun occurs in sundry proper names, as: —

אָבל Sam. 20, 18, for the full name

אָבָל בִית בַעֲכָה, w. דו loc. אָבָל בִית בַעֲכָה pr. n. f. (meadow of Bêth Ma'akha) 2 Sam. 20, 15, a town near פַּצְכָה (which see) at the base of Lebanon, west of Dan or Paneas. Also אָבל אָכָל מִים sad אָבָל אָכָל מָרָם און אָבָל

pr. n. f. (acaciameadow) a place in the plain of Moab Num. 33, 49, prob. also called שׁשִׁים in Num. 25, 1, Mic. 6, 5.

אָבָל בְּרְאָים pr. n. f. (meadow of vineyards) an Ammonite town Judg. 11, 33; later Ἀβελαμπελών.

pr. n. f. (dance-meadow) a town in Issachar Judg. 7, 22.

pr. n. f. (water meadow) city at the base of Lebanon 2 Ch. 16, 4.

pr. n. f. (Egyptians' meadow) place near the Jordan Gen. 50, 11. Others read אָבָל *mourning* to suit the context better.

לאָרָלי (w. suf. אָרָלי, r. אָרָלי) m. 1) mourning Gen. 27,41; אָרָלי to make a mourning, w. b of the pers. for whom Gen. 50, 10. 2) a wailing cry, Mic. 1, 8; hence אָרָל רְחָדר mourning for an only son i.e. intense grief Am. 8, 10.

adv. 1) affirmative, truly, decidedly (early Heb.) Gen. 42, 21; 2) adversative (late), but, yet, Dan. 10, 7, 2 Ch. 1, 4.--- Akin to عَوْلَ (w. ع prosth.), Syr. مُحَمَّ, Arab. بَنْ; perh. from obsol. r. بَعْرَة = قِوْلَة to separate, in Pi. to decide; cf. مَعْمَ

אָבָל or אָרָבָא (c. אוּבָל) m. river, stream, perh. river-district, used of the bank of the Choaspes (אוּלַר), Dan. 8, 2; r. בָּבָ

גנָה I (obs.)akin. to דָּנָה to build and אָבָן to be firm, then perh. to flow steadily. Deriv. אֶבָנָה אָבֶן.

ער אַפֿן II (obs.) perh. i. q. אָפֿן, to turn round. Deriv. אָכן

אָבְנִים .19, אָבְנִים .19, אָבְנִים .19, אָבְנִים .17, אַבְנִים .17, אַבְנִים .17, אַבָּנִים .15, אַבָּניים .15, אַבָּניים .15, אַבַּניים .15, אַבַּניים .15, אַבַּניים .15, אַבַּניים .15, אַבַּניים .15, אַבָּניים .17, אַבַניים .17, אַבָּניים .17, אַבַניים .17, אַבויים .17, אַבויין אַבויים .17, אַבויים .17, אַבויים .17, אַבויים .17, אַבויין אַרויין .17, אַבויין אַרויין אַבויין אַרויין אַרייים .17, אַבוייין אַרויין .17, אַבויין אַבויין אַרויין .17, אַבויין אַבויין אַרויין אַרוין .17, אַבויין אַרויין אַבויין אַריין אַרין אַריין אַרין אַריין אַרין אַריין אַריין אַריין אַריין אַריין אַרין א

אָבֶן Chald. (def. אַרְנָא) f. a stone Dan. 2, 34.

בְּרַז Josh. 15, 6; see בְּרַז Josh. 15, 6; see

אָרָן דְאָאָרָן pr. n. f. (stone of departure) name of a place, 1 Sam. 20, 19.

אָבָן דַהֹוֶחָלָת pr. n. f. (snake stone) name of a place E. of Jerusalem, 1 K. 1, 9.

אָבָן דְאָזָר pr. n. f. (the stone of help) name of a monument at Mizpah, 1 Sam. 7, 12.

קרים איפן (pair of disks), m. only dual אָרְבָיָם (pair of disks), hence 1) midwife-stool consisting perh. of two disks Ex. 1, 16. 2) potter's stool or wheels, in the East consisting of two disks Jer. 18, 3; r. אָרָן, II.

אָבָרָא אָרָזָא pr. n. f. (perennial, r. אָבָן I) 2 K. 5, 12 K'thibh, name of a river; אַבְּעָה אַ

שריבה m. prop. band, priests' girdle Ex. 28, 4, ornamental belt Is. 22, 21; from גַּנָט w. אַ prosthetic: Chald. אָדָנָש אָרַגָּר pr. n. m. 1 Sam. 14, 51; אַבְרַנֵר see

Den to feed, to fatten, of beasts; but only in part. pass. مجدة fattened, Prov. 15, 17. The orig. meaning is prob. the same as in the Arab. أَبَشُ to collect, to bring together; then to fill in, to cram. Deriv. Deriv. مجيد

קבעבער f. (only in pl.)Ex. 9, 9 pimples, blains, blisters; from גרע (w. א prosthetic), Chald. Pilp. א בעבע to boil up.

עם (obs.) to be white, to shine; to be conspicuous; akin to אָבָץ, כָּרָץ, Chald. אַבָּעָא tin. Hence

pr. n. f. (perh. tin or brightness) name of a city in Issachar, Josh. 19, 20.

אָבְעָן pr. n. m. (perh. gleaming, r. אָבָץ) Judg. 12, 8.

רישג, fl (obs.) to pound to dust, to crush; hence איב Prob. a mimet. root, the ultimate forms אב, בך, בק being expressive of beating, pounding, cf. אַבָּק, Ger. pochen, E. poke.

קבק II (Qal obs.) akin to הָבָק, to grasp round; only Niph. נאבר twine round one another, hence, to wrestle, to struggle Gen. 32, 25; akin in sense to בָּקַהָל

P, m. dust, esp. fine and light Is. 5, 24, the coarser being עַקר Deut. 28, 24 (cf. P, p, p); r. p, I.

אָבָקָר (c. אָרָקר) f. powder (of spices), only in Cant. 3, 6 אָבְקר רוֹכֵל powder of the merchant, i. e. aromatic; r. אָבָן I.

עבר אָבָר געני I (obs.) to be strong or mighty; perh.akin to בָּבַר, בָּבַר. Deriv. אָבָיר, אָבָיר, אָבָיר,

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אָרָה, אָפָרָה אָפָרָה, אָפָרָה, אָפָרָה, אָפָרָה, אָפָרָה, אַפָּרָה, אַפָּרָה, אַפָּרָה, אַפָּרָה, אַפָּרָה, ג. fero, E. bear (to lift), whence bird i. e. borne aloft; cf. סֿףטנג from סֿףטטעו, L. avis = Gaelic ean = W. uan = olwooc from olw (φέρω).

אָרָר (r. אָרָד II) m. wing or pinion, Is. 40, 31. — Hence denom. Hiph. דָאָבָר to take wings, to soar, Job 39, 26.

אָבְרָד, (poet.) f. pinion or wing Job 39, 13; pl. in Ps. 68, 14 אָבְרוֹחֵיתָי her wings,

דע אָבְרָדָם pr. n. m. (father of a multitude, as explained in Gen. 17, 5 ד, קיבם א היב הימון, היב הימון הים אב הימון root expressive of the din and noise of a great throng) Abraham; also אברָם Abram.

אָבְרָדָם pr. n. m. (like אָבִריָם, father of exaltation) Gen. 17, 5; also אַבְרָדָם.

אָבְשָׁר pr. n. m. 2 Sam. 10, 10; אַבּרָשָׁר

אָבְשָׁלוֹם pr. n. m. 2 Sam. 3, 3; אַבְישָׁלום see

אובות see אבת.

اجا, to flee; hence

XIX pr. n. m. (fugitive) 2. Sam. 23, 11.

דוגאלקדי Is. 63, 3 for דוגאלקדי, r. to soil; see Gram. § 53, Rem. 6.

גוֹג and אָנָג (perh. akin to גיוֹג, γίγας) pr. n. m. royal title of the

Amalekite princes, Num. 24, 7, where the Sam. Pent. reads אַנוֹע, prob. same as the Phenician אָנוֹג for Amalekite Titan-king. Hence the gentilic noun

אָלָגָ (used of Haman) Est. 3, 1. 10; hence the tradition of his Amalekite origin.

(obs.) to bind; akin to אַרָּד (obs.) גוּד (obs.) גוּד, אַרָד, אַרָד, אָרָד, אָרָד, אָרָד, אָרָד, אָרָד, אָרָד

אָבָדָה (ג. 1) band or tie Is. 58, 6 אַבָּדָה מִיּדָה מַיָּדָה מַיָּדָה מַיָּדָה מַיָּדָה e. g. אַזָּדָר אַזוֹד מַיָּדָה Ex. 12, 22; 2) fig. band or troop 2 Sam. 2, 25; 3) a compacting together; hence arch, esp. vault of heaven, Am. 9, 6.

לוא (poet.) m. nut; only in Cant. 6, 11 אביז nut-garden. ---- ויאביז perh. i. q. Persian aghus (nut); but perh. it comes from אבן to bind, as nuts form bunches.

אָבָר (r. אָבָר) pr. n. m. the compiler of the 30th Ch. of Proverbs. The name may be symbolical, like קקל, and denote assembler, i. e. a member of the wise men's assembly; comp. בְּכַל אָקָפֿוֹת

f. a grain or berry, as the smallest coin-weight; hence small coin, only 1 Sam. 2, 86; prop. somcthing round, i. q. נְרָה, r. יָבָרָה IV.

אַנד (obs.) akin to אָנָד, to cluster; see אָנִד.

ענל (obs.) akin to אָנָל to roll (of water), to flow in waves, to well; hence

אָנְלַר טָל m. only in Job 38, 28 אָנָלַי שָל wellings of dew, poet. for dewdrops, r. אָנָל some make it reservoirs of dew.

pr. n. (2 wells) of a city in Moab, 8 miles fr. Areopolis Is. 15,8.

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In Josephus אָגַלָּה, Άγαλλα, Ant. 14, 1. 4.

נסט (obs.) akin to נקטן, to gather, to flow together; hence אָנָם 1 and 1.

לסטט, to be sad. Deriv. אָנָם, to be bent down, to be sad. Deriv. אָנָם, אָנָם, 2,

אַנָם adj. m. bowed down; Is. 19, 10 sad ones of soul.

נקבע (c. אָבָע Is. 41, 18, but absol. in Is. 35, 7, where מים is understood, pl. דְּבְרַי אוֹא אָבָעִים, but c. דְּבָע וֹאָבָע וֹאָבָ ז דָרָרָי אוֹא אָבָעיים 1) place where water collects, a pool Ps. 107, 35, Gen. 7, 19; r. אָבַע 2) sedge, flag or reed, which bends to the wind; r. אָבָע. The reed-brakes in the swamps served for shelter against enemies, and were often set on fire by them, Jer. 51, 32.

אָבְבַלוֹן m. 1) i. q. אָבָם 1, pool Job 41, 12. 2) i. q. אָנָם 2, rope, prop. rushcord, cf. σχοῖνος, Job 40, 26.

לפגן, גענן אווי to enclose, hence to hold or contain; hence Aram. איגנגא, איגגא vat, איגגא pit. Hence

إيلا (c. إيلا, pl. الإيلان) m. basin, cup, און דאפוד basin of roundness, the round bowl, Cant. 7, 3.

(obs.) i. q. Chald. جهام, Aph. ورقب to envelope; hence

إيزوت (only pl. بيزوت) m. wings (of an army), troops, only in Ezekiel, as in ch. 12, 14; but comp. إيزوت Is. 8, 8.

קור (fut. אָאָר) akin to אָאָר, to gather e. g. crops, Deut. 28, 39; to assemble (see אָאָר), to fold up, hence אָאָרָיָת. This stem had also the meaning of gaining, hiring. Akin to אָאָרָין, Chald. רָבֶר, מֹזְנוֹשָ אָבְרָאָא (Chald. (c. אָאַגָּרְאָא, def. אָאָנָרָאָא) f. roll, letter Ezr. 4, 8, i. q. Heb. אָאָגָרָא

קירוק (k prosth.) m. clinched hand, fist Ex. 21, 18; r. קין: cf. Ger. griff, our grab, grip.

אַנְרְשָׂל (only c. pl. אָגָרְשָׂל) m. basins, libation bowls Ezra 1, 9; r. אָרָט אָ איין is prosth., אַ is a very ancient noun -ending; see under letter ל.

(only in later Heb.); then a letter or epistle, esp. used of royal briefs or edicts, 2 Ch. 30, 1. --- Prob. r. אָאָרָע to gather together or roll up, cf. דאָאָם, δίπλωμα, L. volumen; but it may be Pers. or Ethiop. akin to ἄγγαρος.

אר (like מַר מָשׁר) vapour, mist, prop. what wraps and conceals, Gen. 2, 6; r. אא.

אודות see אודות.

גדאב I (Qal obs.) akin to אָדָאָב and דאר, to languish. — Hiph. to cause to pine, to vex, only 1 Sam. 2, 33, where inf. לַאָדִיר for לָאָדִיר, see Gram. § 53, Rem. 7.

تَبَ II (obs.) i. q. Arabic أَدَّبَ to train, hence in

אַרְהָאָל pr. n. m. (perh. God's training, Arab. adab (culture) and און Gen. 25, 13.

(obs.) to be strong, Arab. אין, akin to אדן, אדן, אינן, perh. to אַכּון, אָרּוֹן, אָרוֹן, אָרוֹן, אָרוֹן, אַרוֹן, אַרוֹן, אַרוֹן, אַרוֹן, אַרוֹן, אַרוֹן, אַרוֹן, אַרוֹן, אַרוֹן,

(powerful one; perh. akin to אָדָד) pr. n. of a Syrian and an Edomite deity and of kings, 1 K. 11, 17; cf. הַדָּד.

אָדרָם i. q. אָדרָ only in pr. n. אַדרָם 1 K. 12, 18 perh. for אַדריקט.

אָרָדָד Is. 38, 15 for אָרָדָד 1 fut. Hith. of דָּדָד see Gram. § 54, 2, b.

רָדָה Ps. 42, 5, 1 fut. Hith. of דָּדָה, w. suf. ם----

אודא, see הידוא.

אָדוֹן pr. n. m. (for אָדוֹן mighty one) Ezr. 8, 17 ; r. אָדָר.

אָדים see אָדים.

אדוך (r. אַרַץ; c. אַרוֹן, w. suf. אַרֹיָר, pl. אָדְרָים, c. אָדְרָים, w. suf. אָדְרָים; w. pref. מַאָרֹנָי , וארֹנָי (מַאָרֹנָי) m. 1) ruler, lord, used of a master, husband, God, etc.; esp. when a person addresses another as superior and styles himself אַמָר Gen. 33, 44, or herself אָמָד 1 Sam. 1, 11 or שפרח 1 Sam. 25, 27; 2) owner, possessor, 1 K. 16, 24. ---Peculiarities in this noun are 1) that דארון Ex. 23, 17, Mal. 3, 1 (rarely Ps. 114, 7) is always spoken of God, in the same way as the superlative title (Gram. §. 119, 2, Rem.) the Lord of lords Deut. אדנר דארינים 10, 17; 2) that the plural is used strictly as such only in Is. 26, 13, Dont. 10, 17, Ps. 136, 3 אַרֹנְים lords, and Gen. 19, 2. 18 אדער my lords; but elsewhere always as a singular, both in sense and syntax, not only of God (Ps. 136, 3) but also of men e.g. אַדּינִים קשׁה a hard master Is. 19, 4; הַאָרֹנָיו as the servant so his master Is. 24, 2. This construction, often called the pluralis excellentiæ (Gram. § 108, 2, b), was prob. used first for the abstract idea of a quality or dignity, and then for the person possessing it; comp. our *lordship* for *lord*, also divinity or godhead for God (Gram. § 108, 2, Bem. 1 and Note 2). - The form

^γλ^R is used only for the supreme Lord, δ Κόριος, and serves generally as a Q'ri or Massoretic reading for reading for reading for the set of the set is prob. for <u>my</u>, so that prop. meant my lords, then (the force of the suffix being neglected, as in Syr. <u>من</u>, Fr. Monsieur) the divine majesty, The Lord (as above); see Gram. § 121, 6, Rem. 4. But it may perh. be only an old adj. ending, akin to the later <u>may</u>, so forming a denom. from ארון and meaning masterful, apylixóc, Gram. § 86, 2, 5; cf. <u>m</u>.

דר pr. n. m. (strong one) Neh. 7, 61, same as אָדָד Ezr. 2, 59; r. דָאָ:

pr. n. f. (perh. two hills) city in Judah, 2 Ch. 11, 9; now Dûra, westof Hebron. Comp. Άδωρα, Δῶρα, Jos. Antiq. 8, 10. 1. ib. 14, 5. 3.

אדות, see אדות.

אָדָי, אָזי, from אָדָי, אָדַי, from adv. prop. there, but used only in relation to time then, Dan. 2, 15. With a prefix באריין in that time = then, Dan. 2, 14.

קדיקם 2 Sam. 22, 43 for אָדיקם 1 fut. Hiph. of דְרָק, w. suf. ב_; Gram. § 20, Rem. at end.

אָרַלְיָאַ (Pers. akin to άδρός) pr. n. m. Est. 9, 8.

נוסא דָּדָרַם (obs.) perh. akin to דָּדָם to stamp down, to make solid by treading on, to dam: hence אָרָבָה, the proper

names אָרָמָד אָאָדָם אָרְמָד and perh. אַרֹם.

(without inflection; about the root see below) m. 1) the name of the first human being, Åδάμ, Adam; hence mostly w. the art. דַאָּרָס Gen. 1, 26. 27 (cf. דַאָרָס Gen. 1, 26. דַאָרָס Gram. § 109, 2), whence the expression בּן־אָדָם or בּן־אָדָם, child of Adam, poet. for a man, a mortal (avθρωπος) Num. 23, 19, Ps. 8, 5, very often in Ezekiel when he is addressed from God, e. g. ch. 2, 1. 3, also בְּנַי אָדָשׁים as the usual term (= אַנָשׁים) for men, Deut. 32, 8, 1 K. 8, 39, comp. Syr. مَز نَمَا (. 2) man, Gen. 1, 26, collect. for mankind, men generally; Is. 29, 19 אָרִרוֹנֵר אָדָם the poor of men i. e. the poorest; מרא אדם a wild ass of a man Gen. 16, 12 i. e. a very wild man, וֹבְחֵר אָרַם those of men who sacrifice Hos. 13, 2; esp. ordinary or mean men as oppos. to איש Ps. 49, 3, Is. 2, 9, also for any man, anybody Lev. 1, 2. 3) man (a male, like איש) only Ecc. 7, 28, where woman mun follows as its opposite, 4) pr. n. f. (firmness) name of a city on the Jordan, Josh. 3, 16; αί. אָדָם אָדָמָר אָרָמָה (ἄνθρωπος) may perh. come from r. DTN expressive of man's ruddiness or brightness

לער ואָרָט f. a red precious stone Ex. 28, 17 (Targ. אָרָט the red), Sept. כמאוט L. sardius, our carnelian or garnet.

עד Job 31, 34, 1 fut. Qal or Niph. of אַדָּמָם

אָרַעְדָם (reduplic. form, r. אָרַעָדָם) adj. m., אָרַטְרָשָׁל f., pl. f. pl. f. אַרַטְרָשָׁל Lev. 13, 19 *reddish, red spotted;* on the form see Gram. § 84, 23.

אָדְטָרָ, w. suff. אָדְמַת, w. suff. אָדְמָרָ, pl. אָדְמָחָי, f. prop. *firm*

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ground, earth; hence 1) land or soil, for treading on Gen. 1, 25, for tilling Gen. 2, 5, as pulverised, hence (like יָשָׂר) dust 2 Sam. 15, 32, opp. to בים Gen. 8, 8; בים man of the land or husbandman Gen. 9, 20; איחב אַרָפָה lover of the soil 2 Ch. 26, 10; also used for the produce of the field Is. 1, 7. - 2) tract of land, territory, country, as אַרְמַת יְהוָה, אָד האָר האָר גָבָר אָד אָד אָד פָבָר Ps. 49, 12 lands, domains. 3) the whole earth, the globe Gen. 7, 4; 4) pr. n. f., a city in Naphtali Josh. 19, 36. -Comp. דָרֹם, also Chald. denom. אָדָם, to cast down to the ground.

the circuit of Sodom, Gen. 10, 19.

אָרָאָד Is. 14, 14 for אָרְדָאָד, 1 fut. Hith. of דָּקָד, Gram. § 54, 2, b.

אדבלוֹרָ (r. אָדָם) adj. m. 1) red (in the hair) Gen. 25, 25; 2) ruddy (in the cheeks) 1 Sam. 16, 12.

אָרָאָד (fr. אָרָאָר adj. m., f. אָדְאָרָאָר Edomite, Idumean Deut. 23, 8, 1 K. 11, 1.

דְאָרָשִׁים pr. n. (red i. e. hills), a range of hills between Judah and Benjamin Josh. 15, 7.

κημη. pr. n. m. (Pers. = ἄδμητος, unsubdued) Est. 1, 14.

(strong), see בַּלָאָדָן.

(perh. also אַדָּוֹן) pr. n. m. (strong, r. אָדָן) Ezr. 2, 59, Neh. 7, 61.

(pl. אָדָני c. אָדָני) m. foundation Job 38, 6, pedestal Cant. 5, 15; hence the *basis* of a pillar or *timbers underlying* wooden partitions Ex. 26, 19.

אָדֹנָ see under אָדֹנָ.

names sometimes as a Canaanite title (cf. Åδωνις), sometimes in Heb. pr. names; e. g.

רְדָרָדְרָאָ pr. n. m. (Adonis i. e. lord) king of Bezek, Judg. 1, 5; see אַדָ

ידָלָרָד or אָדרָרָרָדוּ pr. n. m. (אָדרָרָדוּ is lord) 1 K. 1, 5. 8.

אָרוֹן see אָדרָים.

p, pr. n. m. (lord of righteousness), a Canaanitish king of Jerusalem, Josh. 10, 1. 3.

עריקם pr. n. m. (the lord stands up, i. e. to help) it occurs Ezr. 2, 13. 8, 13 for אַרֹיָרָקר

אדֹרָרָם (see רְדָהוֹרָם) pr. n. m. (the lord is exalted) 1 K. 4, 6; also prob. shortened into אַרוֹרָם 1 K. 12, 18, also 2 Ch. 10, 18.

ענמו (Qal obs.) prob. akin to אָוָר to gird around, Arab. אָוָ to get strength, prop. to wrap about, hence to be ample, large, great; then fig. to be powerful, honourable; cf. בּטַנשיסכ said of men. — Niph. to show oneself strong or magnificent Ex. 15, 11; in v. 6 אָקר אָדָר אָדָר

קרי (perh. honour, or Pers. âtar, fire) Est. 8, 12 (Chald. Ezr. 6, 15) name of the 12th month of the sacred year (from new moon of March to that of April); but in the civil year the 12th was אָרָר אָרָא אָרָר Perh. the name of an old Syrian deity, as אַלָּרָל = אַלָּרָל

דָרָת pr. n. (perh. threshing-floor), cf. אָבָרָה, w. דו וסנ. אָבָרָה, a place in Judah, Josh. 15, 3. Also pr. n. m. (grandee) 1 Ch. 8, 3; see דַּצָר־אָבָר.

אָדָר (r. אָדָר) m. 1) = אָדָר (r. אָדָר) m. 1) אַדָר prop. a wrapping garment, hence a mantle or tunic Mic. 2, 8. 2) adornment, splendour; hence (ironically) the splendid price! Zech. 11, 18.

אָדָר Chald. (only pl. c. אָדָר) f. threshing-floor Dan. 2, 35 i. e. a large, elevated spot and stamped hard, as usual in the East; prob. from אָדָר.

אָדָר m. i. q. אָדָר, perh. a Syrian deity, *mighty one*; perh. in אָדַרַמָּלָדָ אַדְרַמָּלָדָ.

אַרַרְבָּוֹר Chald. (only pl. def. אָרַרְבָּוָרָאָ) m. Dan. 3, 2, a name of office in the Babylonian kingdom, meaning perh. noble judges, or astrologers of (the god) 'Adar.

Chald. adv., Ezr. 7, 23 correctly, exactly, prob. akin to ترتش to study, or perh. ancient Pers. darast i. e. rightly.

אַדָּרָכּוֹן (pl. אַדָּרְכּוֹן, Babbin. also m. čapeixóc, daric 1 Ch. 29, 7, a Persian royal gold-coin, value of an Attic מוסט (about 20 shillings Eng.); prob. from Pers. dâra(king), cf. our coin a sovereign and see דָּרְרָטָש, also דָרָרָטָש.

in 2 Mss. of Ezr. 8, 27, for the shorter אָדָרְכָּעוֹן; the אָ being prosthetic, and יְכָין, יכון only adj. endings akin to -xóç, Sans. -kas.

ארנירָם, see אדריָם.

אָרָר אָדָלָן (= אָרָר דְּמַלָּה) pr. n. m. (the king's majesty) of 1) a deity of the Sepharvites, who were taken as colonists to Samaria 2 K. 17, 31; 2) son and murderer of Sennacherib king of Assyria 2 K. 19, 37.

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אָדָרָע Chald. (= רְּדָע) f. prop. arm, hence fig. power Ezr. 4, 23; i.q. Heb. זרוֹצ = אַזרוֹצ.

אָרָרָעָ pr. n. f. (strong, from אָרָרָעָ) 1) city in Batanea (Bashan), Num. 21, 33, Sept. Ἐδραείν, Ἐδραίν, Eus. Ἀδραά, Ptol. Ἀδρα, now Dra'a; 2) city in Naphtali Josh. 19, 87.

אָקרָרו אָרָרָאָן (from the m. אָרָיָרָאָן) אָקרָרָאָן (from the m. אָרָרָאָן) אָרָרָאָן (אַרָּרָאָן אָרָרָאָן) ל. 1) adj. luxuriant, mantling, noble, e. g. Ez. 17, 8 אַרָּרָאָם אָרָרָאָן a noble vine. 2) subst. i. q. אָרָרָאָן large garment, mantle 2 K. 2, 13; אַרָר אָרָאָר אַרָאָר אָרָאָר אָרָאָר אָרָאָר אַרָאָר אָרָאָר אָראָאָר אָראָאָר אָרָאָר אָרָאָר אָראָראָר אָראָראָראָראָראָראָראָראָ

עדוש (only in Qal inf. abs. אָדוֹשׁ) i. q. דוש Is. 28, 28 to thresh out.

אַדּיַבָּד, w.suf.אָדָיבָדָאָר אָתַבָּתָד, אָתָבָתָד, אָתָבָתוּ , אָתָבָה; fut. אָקב, 1 pers. אָקב Prov. 8, 17 and ≍⊓x Mal. 1, 2; inf. often אָרָבָה) i. q. אָבָה, prop. to breathe after, hence to love as between sexes, to lust $(= \nabla z = d \gamma a \pi d \omega)$ 1 K. 11, 1, or as between parents and children, or as friends, to be attached Gen. 37, 4, 1 Sam. 20, 17; hence to delight to do something Is. 56, 10. - The modifications of this notion are partly shown in the construction; e. g. w. acc. of the pers. or thing to love Gen. 24, 67, Prov. 4, 6; w. 5 to shew love to somebody Lev. 19, 18; w. > to delight in Ecc. 5, 9 (like דְבָרָ); w. > before the inf. to like to do something, Hos. 12, 8 he oppresses w. pleasure; w. I in apodosis to be glad, that -Ps. 116, 1. Part. m. אחבר f. אהברו once w. " parag. in c. אדבחי (Hos. 10, 11) a friend or a loving and loved one, a beloved, אֹהַבי my friend Is. 41, 8, cf. φίλος θεού James 2, 23, meaning

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אָרָע (only pl אָדָרָים) m. 1) amours, fig. in Hos. 8, 9. 2) loveliness, אַרְלָת Prov. 5, 19 a hind of loves, fond words for a cherished wife.

אָרָב (w. suf. אָרָבָר גָשָרָבָים) m. love, fig. for lovers, Hos. 9, 10; amours Prov. 7, 18.

אָרָב and ארָב 1 fut. Qal of אָרָב; see Gram. § 68, 1, Rem.

קרבה f. 1) a loving (verbal noun, prop. inf. c. of אָרָבא, Gram. §. 133, 1); hence w. acc. of the object 1 K. 10, 9, Hos. 3, 1. 2) love Cant. 2, 4. 3) a love (concr.), a beloved (as if fem. of בַּלְבָה as הַלָּבָה of בָּלָבָם) or a darling Cant. 2, 7.

לאָרָבָוֹל (prob. redup. form Pe'al'el of אָרָבוֹל (prob. redup. form Pe'al'el intensely, only in Hos. 4, 18 אָרָבוּ וְבוּ אָרָבוּ וְבוּ intensely, where, however, the personal-ending itself is repeated, cf. אָרָבוּ אַיָרוּ but perh. we may trace גרי (for אָרָנוֹל to give and translate they love (to say) 'give ye'.

אָרַבָּר Hos. 4, 18, see אָרַבָּר.

אד (obs.) prob. akin to אד, to be strong, cf. עדי. Hence

Tink pr. n. m. (might) Gen. 46, 10.

Tin interj. i. q. الله mimet. of grief ah / oh / al al, L. heu !

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(perh. a region in the Caspian range in the N. E. of Media). Whether in the N. E. of Media). Whether is to be read, and the river Adiava in Adiabene is to be understood (Ammian. Marc. 23, 20), or whether it is to be taken as a designation of the Euphrates, cannot be determined. אָרָאָרָאָ is not Semitic, but Pers. ab or av, S. âpas, L. aqua, Goth. ahva, Fr. eau, O. E. ey, W. ŵy, avon, meaning water, stream. See

אָראָד (r. אָרָאָ) pr. n. m. (strength) Judg. 4, 1, 'Aώô; see אָרָד

ארוד 1 fut. Hiph. w. suf. 3 s. m. and demonstr. for אודָנ from אודָנ 1; see Gram. § 53, 7, § 58, 4.

i. q. אַרָּד, אַרָּד, adv. uchere? Only in Hos. 13, 10 אַרָּד where is thy king then? But some take it for an old pronoun די or אָרָי שֶׁר או אַ prosth. as in אָרָא ב תַא but also

ירָיָה 1 fut. apoc. Qal of אָרָיָ for אָרָיָה Hos. 13, 7, yet not in Hos. 13, 10; see above.

דעל ז (Qal obs.) i. q. דעל to be bright, to gleam, to shine; — Hiph. to shed brightness, to give light, only Job 25, 5 lo! even the moon, it diffuses no brightness, i. e. is not free from dark spots.

דו (obs.) perh. akin to דולקא, דו (II (obs.) perh. akin to דולקא, סדיל). Hand contain. Hence

הבעל). Hence the shell or exterior of the Tabernacle, in distinction from כָּשָׁכָן the dwelling or interior hangings; so also poet. Ps. 132, 3 אָהל בּרחי pavilion of my dwelling; , a tent-dweller or רשב אהל שכון באהל nomad. 2) dwelling-place, hence the temple i. q. הֵרכָל Ez. 41, 1, also the palace of the sun Ps. 19, 5 (compare זְבֵלָה Hab. 3, 11), also for אַרלָם *hall* Ez. 40, 16. 3) fig. like the Arab. اهْل people, family Ps. 78, 67; 83, 7; Is. 16, 5, Zech. 12, 7; poet. patriarchal stock Judg. 5, 24. 4) pr. n. m. (tentdweller or nomad) 1 Ch. 3, 20. ---- As black hair-cloth, not white canvas, forms the Arab's tent covering, אֹהֵל can not well come from אההל to be bright, as most think; hence perh. another root may be assumed, אַדַאל II to contain, akin to דויל, כדול, רַכֹל, רַכֹל,

Arab. آجل ligavit, detinuit. Hence

לעראין אוווprop. denom. of אַרָאָרָא (fut. move with tents Gen. 13, 12. — Pi. fut. for יאָרָא Is. 13, 20 (cf. רְאָרָא for קאָרָא Job 35, 11) to encamp; see Gram. § 68, Bem. 2. Cf. אָרָאָרָא II.

אָרָלָרָא pr. n. f. (perh. fem. form of אָרָל *tent*) as symbolic term for Samaria Ez. 23, 4; others take it for האָרָל *her tent*, because Samaria had her own Temple. Cf. אָרָל

אָדָל'אָב pr. n. m. (father's tent or family), Ex. 31, 6. – אָדָל ployed in pr. names in the same way as אָדָע אָלט , גָע

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קר, יבָה pr. n. f. (my tabernacle in her, יבָה for יבָה) as symbolic of Jerusalem Ez. 23, 4.

אָרָלָבְעָרָה pr. n. f. (tent of the height) wife of Esau Gen. 36, 2; also a tribe of Edomites Gen. 36, 14.

אָדָלות (see אָדָל) f. aloe-trees, for their fragrance planted in pleasuregardens among nard, myrrh, etc. Cant. 4, 14.

אָהָתְלָיָד, (Ps. 77, 4) 1 fut. Qal w. ד cohort. from הָטָד; Gram. § 75, Rem. 4.

to shine, akin to "in to shine, to be luminous; hence

אָרָר אָרָיר, pr. n. m. (perh. luminous, cf. אָרָי, Roman *Lucinius*) 'Aapών, *Aaron*, first high-priest, brother of Moses Ex. 6, 20; as he was the ancestor of the priestly family, the priests were called בָּרֵא אָרֵרֹן, בְּרֵא אָרֵרֹן,

N, c. N (r. אָרָה, cf. 12) m. will, choice, desire, only in K'thibh of Prov. 31, 4 nor for princes אי שָׁכָר the desire of strong drink; where the Q'ri has אי where? = not.

18 conj. or, either, inclusive and exclusive (Lat. vel and aut) prob. from My, as the Lat. vel, ve, from velle (volo). It indicates 1) or, i. e. a free choice between different objects, without making either prominent Deut. 13, 2; at times repeated in-in Ex. 21, 31 whether (either) - or; but the following gradations also occur --2) or rather, modifying what was said before, e. g. 1 Sam. 29, 3 or rather these years. אוֹ־וָח שָׁנִים where the modification not only extends the first statement, but even formally sets it aside, or else, unless, perhaps, Is. 27, 5. 4) or if, Lev. 26, 41, ellipt. for אוֹ כִר, putting quite a distinct case; hence 5) as condi-

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tional particle if $(\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\alpha}\nu, si)$ 1 Sam. 20, 10, distinguished from DN which expresses not the disjunctive idea but pure contingency, and from 15, usually employed in wishes. Cf. 15, DN.

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** (perh. K'thibh in Prov. 31, 4) adv.
** where? = not; but see ** above.

אלאל pr. n. m. (prob. will of God, from או and און Ezr. 10, 34.

בוא (obs.) prob. mimet. akin to אַבּוּר (flute) אַבּוּר (flute) ב. pipe = fife = W. pîbell = Gael. pioba; cf. גויב I and pr. n. בוֹג.

אוֹבוֹת (r. אוֹבוֹת) pr. n. (hollow passes) a place in the Arabian desert Num. 21, 10.

אוֹבָיל pr. n. m. (camel keeper) 1 Ch. 27, 30, overseer of the camels of David, Arab. أُبِيل.

אָבָל see אוּבָל.

לאל (obs.) akin to איז איז, tr. and intr. to turn, to wind, to sufround, then, in general, to be strong, mighty, cf. אוד, אוד, איז, איז, אר, איז איז,

לאדים (pl. אאדים) m. prop. turner, i. e. a piece of wood for stirring the fire; then a fire-brand Zech. 3, 2.

(only pl., r. TR) f. prop.

turnings or surroundings, then circumstances or causes, hence account, Gen. 21, אודוח על אודוח על קבר אודוח על קבר אודוח על אודוחיך, on account of thee, על אודוחיקע על קל אודוח אוטר. Jer. 3, 8 for all causes that, i. e. for the very reason that.

וֹנָאָרָה אָבָה (which see), prob. Niph. אָבָה to be desired or fitting Ps. 93, 5; גָאָרָה for נָאָרָה for be desired, lovely Ps.33, 1, Cant. 1, 10; see אָבָה – Pi. to wish strongly, to crave for, to strive after, usually said of the soul שָׁבָ Prov. 21, 10; comp. Is. 26, 9. — Hith. יַכָּאָרָה רָאָרָ for something Prov. 23, 6; w. the acc. יָרָאָרָה רַאָרָה אָדָה אָרָה אָרָה רָאָרָ ווון. 4 to long a longing i. e. to lust after. Deriv. אָרָה אָרָה, אָרָה אָבָאָרָה 1, אָבָר, prob. בָאָרָה 1, בָאָרָה גָאָרָה 1, בָאָרָה, מָאַרָה.

וו (obs.) mimetic and akin to אוי אוי אוי, L. væ, G. weh, E. woe, Gr. φεῦ, arab. אוי (howl); all taken from cries of men or animals (cf. the bow-wow of dogs). Hence אויי

IV (obs.) i. q. الإزام II to rest, to dwell. Deriv. بخ coast or isle and avasıc, časıc; cf. Arab. أورًا Syr. أورًا (see D^r. Payne Smith's Thesaurus Syriacus).

ר אַדָּר ... אָדָר I) f. desire Deut. 12, 15, lust or longing Jer. 2, 24, often w. שָׁבָי 1 Sam. 23, 20.

out or hope; hence

TN pr. n. m. (perh. hoped for) Neh. 3. 25.

לָזָא pr. n. m. (perh. emigrant, r. אָרָאָ) Gen.10, 27 a Joktanite, who became patriarch of the Arabs in Uzal, at present, Sanaa.

Jer. 4, 19, a mixed form, אוֹדְוּלָר; יָרַזַל, הוּגל האוֹדָרָלָה and אָדָוּגָלָה, see יָדַזַל,

אָרָ pr.n.m. (perh. longing r. אָוָד), son of a king of Midian, Num. 31, 8.

ארי (הוֹד הוֹד הוֹד הוֹד אוֹד) mimet. root, see ארי 1) interj. woe! of complaint Is. 3, 9 or of threatening w. אור גער. 21, 29 or acc. Ez. 24, 6; cf. ol, oual, L. væ. 2) subst. woe Prov. 23, 29.

אוֹדָה; interj. woe! w. אָרָאָד, 120.5. The same as אוי איי איין parag. as in קלאָה, שָׁלָאָה, שָׁדָק and often in nouns and verbs, cf. Gram. § 90, 2.

אוֹרלים (r. אוֹל I; pl. אוֹרָלים and אוֹרלים (אוֹלִים m. mostly prob. urry, perverse, hence 1) adj. foolish Prov. 29, 9, Hos. 9, 7; then subst. a fool Prov. 7, 22, opp. to דיים Prov. 12, 16 and to דָרָב Prov. 10, 14. 2) wicked, godless Job 5, 3.

אַרָילָי also אָרָלָ, i. q. אַרָּלָי w. adj. ending "---- (see Gram. § 86, 2, 5) foolish Zech. 11, 15.

שוריל בְּרוּדָן: Jer. 52, 31 pr. n. m. of a king of Babylon, successor of Nebuchadnezzar. ---- Perh. the name means a mighty warrior, see אול I and הָרָאֹרָה.

אוֹרָיל Hos. 11, 4 for אָאָבְרָל, 1 p. sing. fut. Hiph. of אָבָל; Gram. §. 68, Rem. 1.

אוֹכָל Ps. 50, 13 for אוֹכָל 1 fut. Qal of אָבָל.

לענגע (obs.) akin to אול I and איז to turn or twist; hence to be wrong (in mind), to be foolish. Hence, perh. Niph. איז from לאיל to act the fool, Num. 12, 11; but see יָאַל I. Deriv. אָרָלָת אָוָילי.

ארל I or אול (obs.) to knit or twist together, hence to be strong, mighty, as in אַדָּר, אָדָר, שַרָּר, אַרָּל א, אָדָל, אָדָל, אָדָל, אָדָל others.

ال (obs.) to be before or in front of, hence to go before, to begin; Arab. أولَ, Chald. يبيد Deriv. أولَ K'thibh of Neh. 12, 38.

לא (r. אול I) m. prop. strength, then body Ps. 73, 4.

Zech. 11, 15, see אורל Zech. 11, 15, see

לכי pr. n. m. of a river by Susa in Persia, Dan. 8, 2, Gr. Εδλαιος, later Χόασπις (cf. Plin. Nat. Hist. 6, 27), now the *Kerah*.

2 Not, therefore = if not Num. 22, 33, Sept. $\epsilon l \mu \dot{\eta}$; then whether not Is. 47, 12, ordinarily perhaps; hence employed in fearing, doubting Gen. 24, 5, or hoping Am. 5, 15.

ארלירם (only pl. c. ארלים K'thibh) m. 2K. 24, 15 the mighty ones, princes; the Q'ri has אילי, the usual form. See אול subst. above.

עלטיי, ג'פּער ג', ג'פּער ג', ג'פּער ג', ג'פּער ג', ג'פּער something bound or jointed together, hence vault, arch, hall, as אילם ריענורדים ג'אלם ריענורדים ג'אני ריענורדים ג'אני ג'פער ג', ג'א ג'פער ג'יענון ment 1 K. 7, 7. Sept. in 2 Ch. 15, 8 render it vaús. --- As to the root, comp. גענון אני vault from ג'יענון perh. גענון ג'ענון ג'יענון some in the same way from ג'יגענון come in the same way from ג'יגענון come in the same way from גענון come in the same way from ג'יגענון come in the same way from ג'יגענון come in the same way from ג'יגענון ג'יגענון

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אָרָלָחי (r. אָאָלָחי) f. urongness, hence 1) folly Prov. 5, 23, 2) godlessness Ps. 38, 6. 3) perh. front rank (r. איל II), Prov. 14, 24 קולים אָלָלים אָלָלים אָלָלים is folly or wickedness, w. play on the meanings of האָלָא.

גרָהָם , רְּהָם , רְאָם אוֹח (obs.) akin to אָדָם, all mimet. like our hum, hubbub and expressive of noise, tumult or alarm; see אָרָם

ארָבָע pr. n. m. (loquacious or boastful, r. אָרָעָד I) Gen. 86, 11.

אָאָןדוּ, דוּדָר (obs.) prob. akin to אָאָןדוּ, דוּדָר דיקא (which see), to breathe; to blow or pant (cf. דְּבָל), to be vain as breath; hence fig. 1) to be nothing, naughty, wicked; then from hard breathing, 2) to make effort, to labour or to toil, to be exhausted, to suffer. 3) to earn by labour, i. e. to get gain or wealth; cf. ἐργάζομαι. Hence וְאָ, דָא, and perh. אָדָר, אָדָר, אָדָר, אָדָר,

 Hos. 4, 15; also idol Is. 66, 8. Also perh. אָרָן Ez. 30, 17 for אָר in Egypt and in בְּקַצָּר אָרָן Am. 1, 5 valley of the idol, i. e. Baalbec (Heliopolis in Syria), see בָקַצָר 2) labour or sorrow (cf. אָרָן אוֹנָר 2) labour or sorrow (cf. בָּקָר אוֹנָר 2) labour or sorrow (cf. אָרָן אָרָן אוֹנָר 2) distress, e. g. לְקָם אוֹנָר אוֹנָר 3, distress, e. g. Hos. 9, 4 bread of sorrows, i. e. funereal repast (cf. בָּרָה בָּנָר אָרָן Hab. 3, 7 under distress; cf. בָּרָה

אוֹים אוֹירים אוֹירים אוֹירים אוֹירים אוֹירים אוֹירים. 1) wealth Hos. 12, 9; force, used like אוֹי poet. for son Gen. 49, 3, cf. Ps. 105, 36. 2) pr. n. of a city in Lower Egypt on the east bank of the Nile Gen. 41, 50, bearing the same name in Coptic UN and meaning the sun, which was there worshipped, hence the Greeks named it Heliopolis and the Hebrews שאָן Jer. 43, 13, perh. שַׁרָר בַּתַעָר אָנָן 18. 4) pr. n. m. (idol or power), see און דָרָן בָּתַעָר אָלָן

עלא and אול pr. n. (powerful or rich; the ending i—, as in יִרְקָרוּ , אָרְקָרוּ, עָכַיּ , being not the suffix but the formative ending ji—) a city in Benjamin, Neh. 7, 87.

אוֹלָיּוֹת f. pl. in K'thibh 2 Ch. 8, 18 for אָנְיוֹח אוֹניא; perh. a participial form from אָנָיו III, comp. אָנָי, אָרָיָה.

ארָכָם ארָכָם אריָכָם ארי, n. m. (prob. wealthy, r. אוין איי, a, w. the adj. ending ש–, as in ה___) Gen. 36, 23.

קרא (obs.) perh. akin to אָשָאָ, to surround, to contain; hence perh. אַרַקר

דָםָּר Jer. 10, 9 pr. n. of a gold region, whence הַכָּה were brought. ---- If Heb., the name is perhaps from an obsol. r. זאָן, akin to Arab.

לאלי vantage-ground, high region; or from א coast and זה gold, hence gold-coast; but some identify it with אופר, ז and ד being interchanged, as in piz = piz. See זהים.

אופיר, אופיר, אופיר, אופיר (1 K. 10,11) pr.n. of a gold region, which the ships of Solomon in company with the Phenicians (ships of Tarshish) used to visit, on their return landing their cargo not far from Berenice, now Azium (יבארין גבר) 1 K. 9, 26 and bringing gold (בָּחֶם , זָרָב), sandalwood (אַלְמָוּים, Sans.mocha), precious stones (אָבֶן יָקָרָה), silver (בֵּסָם), ivory (שָׁן־הַבּּים), apes (קֿפּים), peacocks (הכיים (הכיים 1 K. 10, 22. Hence 'הכיים) ו K. 10, 22. ו gold of Ophir; also איפרר alone for gold Job 22, 24. - Whether this region is to be sought for in Arabia or in India is not yet settled; nor can the deriv. of the word be given, but see 1918.

עליא (c. אַצָריח, pl. איבריח, c. אַצָריח, r. אָאָדָריח, m. prop. what encloses (cf. אַדָּר, r. אָרָאָדָר, hence 1) receptacle, granary Joel 1, 17, treasury for silver and gold 2 Ch. 32, 27. 2) what is enclosed, hence store, stock 2 Ch. 11, 11, treasure 1 K. 7, 51. — In Zech. 11, 13 ידָאידָר is perh. written for ידָאידָר. — Hence the denom. אָאָד to gather into a treasury, fig. lay up in store Is. 39, 6.— Niph. to be laid up in store Is. 23, 18. — Hiph. (only 1 fut. אוֹצְרָה) to make

treasurer, w. על, Neh. 13, 13. אוֹצְרָה Neh. 13, 13 for אוֹצְרָה (cf. אָאַצּרָה) for אַאָצירָה א ד cohort.ofr. אָאָצי, Gram. § 68. Bem. 1.

N or N (after the form wiz) prop. to burn, hence intr. to be or become bright Gen. 44, 3, Tix (perf. impers.) it is bright 1 Sam. 29, 10. Fig. to shine or to look bright Is. 60, 1. - Niph. נאור (fut. ראור) to become bright 2 Sam. 2, 32, to be illuminated Job 33, 30 where לאור for להאור; part. brightened, splendid or glorious Ps. 76, 5. - Hiph. רארר (fut. ראר) prop. to cause to burn, hence — 1) to light (a fire), to kindle, e. g. מִזְבָּה Mal. 1, 10; 2) fig. to make bright, to lighten e.g. the eyes, etc. Ps. 13, 4, to quicken or revive Ps. 19,9; to light up פָּרָם the countenance, to cheer Ecc. 8, 1, said esp. of God to look graciously Ps. 80, 4 (w. and without אָר , גָּ , צָל , אָל , שִי, אָ , אָז , אָר (אקוני) Ps. 67, 2 towards, upon, ot, to, with anyone; also to enlighten the mind i. e. to teach Ps. 119, 130. 3) to shed light, to illuminate Gen. 1, 15. Cf. הַאָּר ,ירָה 3, perh. הַאָּר ,ירָא , הַאָּר אַ

רום אוֹדִים (pl. אוֹדִים only in Ps. 136, 7) m. (f. only Job 86, 32) collect., light, as the light of the sun Job 31, 26, but not used for a light or luminary (אוֹד), hence day-light or luminary (אוֹד), hence day-light Neh. 8, 3, lightning Job 36, 32, the sun Job 37, 21, the dawn Job 24, 14. Used fig. for happiness Is. 9, 1, instruction Is. 51, 4, אוֹד רַדָּיָם light of life i. e. life itself Ps. 56, 14, אוֹד הַיָּבָיָם brightness of aspect, cheerfulness Job 29, 24, אוֹד רַשָּׁרָאָל bright

אור

teacher Is. 10, 17, so אור גוידם Is. 49, 6. -- On קאר in Am. 8, 8 see קאר.

TR m. 1) a flame or blaze, hence אדר אשר flame of fire, flaming fire, hence הָבְאוּר Ez. 5, 2. 2) – אור באור only pl. אָרָים prop. lights, then region of light, the east Is. 24, 15, opp. to ארי היים. 3) fig. light of faith, revelation Num. 27, 21, usually in union w. ججت (cf. Ps. 43, 3) signifying light and truth, Ex. 28, 30 הארים והחמים the Urim and the Thummim (Sept. δήλωσις καὶ ἀλήθεια), i. e. the sacred lots or emblems (gems) on the breastplate (اتشر) of the High Priest. See The supreme judge in Egypt also wore suspended from his neck a small image in sapphire as a visible symbol of truth. 4) pr. n. of a city of the Chaldees in Mesopotamia Gen. 11, 28 (see בְּשָׁהִים); which name was seemingly still borne by the Persian fortress Ur, according to Ammianus (25, 8); but MAR in this case would prob. be akin to $\neg \pi$ a mountain, a fastness; cf. Zend and Sans. vora (fortress). 5) pr. n. m. (perh. illumination) 1 Ch. 11, 85; cf. 77926.

אוֹרָדָז f. i. q. אוֹר, light Ps. 139, 12; fig. happiness Est. 8, 16; cf. אוֹרוֹת.

אָרוֹת 2 Ch. 32, 28 for אָרוֹת cribs, פּנפ אָרָדָ, r. אָרָדָ II.

Φωτινός), from "Fix w. the adj. ending "---.

1 Ch. 6, 9.

יוֹדָרָרָאָרָרָהָאָ, אוֹרָהָדָאָ, pr. n. m. (light of דיי) 2 Sam. 11, 14; Jer. 26, 20.

plants or herbs 2 K. 4, 39; Is. 26, 19 אלי לק dew of plants i. e. refreshing עדא (obs.) perh. to be strong or manly, to support, i.q. אָשָׁשָׁעוּ. Hence perh. יוֹאָשׁ I, אִישׁוּן אָישׁ I.

ניכן I (obs.) akin to אירא and איר to cut in, to engrave or mark; hence perh. איר I.

גארא III (obs.) prob. to come in, i. q. אַרחוֹך. Deriv. Juriv.

ראינדי IV (obs.) perh. akin to געיידי. Chald. אירדי, to be, to exist. Deriv. אירדי

ארח I (pl. היחיה, r. האר I) m. impression, engraving, mark (written), hence in general 1) a characteristic, sign, token or proof, e.g. the sabbath Ex. 31, 13, circumcision Gen. 17, 11, sacrifice are mentioned as tokens (symbols) of the covenant between and Israel; ninin Ps. 74, 9 sanctuaries, as the Arab. 'ayat. 2) military ensign of the several tribes Num. 2, 2, while דֵגָל was the standard of 3 tribes together Num. 2, 2-9; fig. signs of times as לאחות ולמועדים Gen. 1, 14. 3) in the most diversified fig. sense as e.g. memorial Deut. 6, 8, monument Ez. 14, 8, warning, premonition Is. 8, 18, prodigy in general, a wonder or miracle Deut. 4, 34 (like רופת).

אוֹזי II (w. suf. אוֹזיי, see אוֹזי Ilsign def. acc.) peth. meaning existence, being, then self (cf. autóc); ד. דאר IV.

The demonst. adv. of time (prop. that time), then, in relation both to the past, at that time (Gen. 4, 26) where therefore the perfect tense is

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suitable, and also to the future, thereupon (Ps. 96, 12), also w. perf. in fut. sense (Ex. 15, 15) and w. fut. in perf. sense (Josh. 10, 12); but is never pleonastic, since נקראז (Jer. 44, 18) is = נאַז since (prop. from that time), nor ever causal. (absolute) from then (since), as in of the past, hence = formerly, before, heretofore; also (relative) of the point of commencement in the past, hence followed by a noun (Ps. 76, 8), an infinitive (Ex. 4, 10), or a finite verb (Ex. 5, 23), which may be rendered ever since. ---- ix is akin to ny (dem. pron.) just as our then is to the, this, that, there, and as tote, Lat. tum, tunc are to δ , η , $\tau \delta$; cf. אַני, Chald. אַדרן.

אות or עוב Chald.(part. pass. אות Dan. 3, 22 for אות, inf. אום for ביו עב אות, w. suf. אות Dan. 3, 19) to light, to heat. --- Akin to שעי I whence שא fire; cf. Sans. ush = L. uro (ustum) = W. yssi.

עשב (obs.) perh. akin to אָשָׁב and transferred to blooming, blossoming. Deriv. אָדָוֹב and

דָבָּי pr. n. m. (perh. blooming, r. אָזַב 1 Ch. 11, 37.

ראָדָא לַטַבְּעָרָא לָטָבָעָרא Chald. only in part. f. אַדָּא as adj. settled or decided Dan. 2, 5, 8. Cf. the Talm. אָדָא לְטַבְעָרָא to his purpose. — The root is perh. akin to ירָסָר דערה, רְסָר I to set, hence different from אָדָל which most prefer (since - ב, as אָדָל אָרָא ביר (ci. e. decree) is gone forth (i. e. has been issued) from me.

אַקָּוָאַ Chald. perh. adj. settled, firm Dan. 2, 5. 8; but see on אָאָר. אָזוֹב (for אָזָב אָזָר אָזָר) m. טֿסזש-דסכ, גאַזאס, an aromatic plant, which was used in bunches (אָנָד) in the sprinklings of purification Ex. 12, 22. The Phoenicians brought the name to Greece, as they did also many others, e. g. שָׁקָרָים) שָׁקָבָים עוֹקָבָים, געשָׁק פּגעטֹג, אַשָּׁר געשָׁגעטע, אָשָׁ געֹקָסָג.

אור (for אָזָר, ר. אָאָר, m. 1) band, fetter Job. 12, 18. 2) belt, girdle Is. 5, 27.

אָרָדָאָ, Chald. אָרָדָאָ) only poet. demonst. adv. at that time, then Ps. 124, 3. 4. 5.

אָדָין Job 32, 11, 1 fut. Hiph. for אַאַויד (see אָדָי); Gram. §. 68, Bem. 1.

לְכָרָדָא (w. suf. אַזְכָרְדָדָא), a sacrificial term (r. נְדָכָר), a remembranceoffering (בְּרָדָא), Sept. שיחשלסטיסי (see Acts 10, 81), Vulg. memoriale, which brings the offerer into remembrance before God, or which brings God into honourable remembrance with the offerer Num. 5, 26. Hence incense Lev. 24, 7; hence perh. as denom. Hiph. in Is. 66, 3 רְדָכָר to offer, to cense.

לי (fut. אָאָלָי Jer. 2, 36 for אָאָלָי) to glide, move away, hence to depart, to flow off or ebb (of water) Job 14, 11; to vanish (of help) Deut. 32, 36 where אַיָלָי is 3 p. f. perf. for אָאָלָי; to be gone (of food) 1 Sam., 9, 7. – Pu. only in part. אָיָאָי Ez. 27, 19 prob. for אָיָלָ spun, hence yarn; i. q. Chald. אַיֵל, Syr. אָבָ to spin.--- Akin to אָדָל, אָדָל, J.

בוא ליד ליד ליד ליד ליד ליד בוא ליד ליד ביד. 5, 15) to go, to depart Dan. 6, 19.

לקו א. *departure*, hence, pr. n. אבן דאול (the stone of parting) 1 Sam. 20, 19; ד. אַגָּל.



אָדָל Ezr. 5, 15 for אָזַא see אַזַאַ אָאָן see אָאָ

אָזְנָרָם (dual אָזְנָרָם, pl. c. אַזְנָרָם from nly in a prop. n. in Josh. 19, 34) f. the ear; so in the phrases 'דְבָר בָּא, בָּרָה א׳ ,גָּלָה א׳ ,השָׁה אָ׳ ;שָׂם בָּאָ׳, י לְדַוֹשְׁמָצוּת אָזְנֵיִם ; הִכְבִּיד א׳ ,פָתַח א׳ causing ears to hear Ez. 24, 26. -Hence perh. as denom. Hiph הַאַיִרן to listen attentively, prop. to prick up the ears (akin to Arab. (a) auscultavit, from انی) w. acc. Job 34, 2, Gen. 4, 23 or برق Ps. 77, 2, كي Prov. 17, 4, by of pers. or thing. Spoken of God, to hear is to answer Ps. 5, 2; of men, to obey Ex. 15, 26. - We find in Job 32, 11 אָזין fut. 1 pers. for מיר, and in Prov. 17, 4 part. בייך, for בָּאֲזָרָ ,רַאֲזַרָיָה ,אֲזַרְיָה See pr. names גָאָזָרָ, ---- The root is prob. אָזָן (obs.) akin to be pointed, sharp, from the shape of the ear; cf. $dx\eta$ point, and axouw, axpov and axpoaoua. Cf. Aram. أَبِنُلْ عَجَرَه، مَعَدَى، مَعَدَى، مَعَدَى، مَنْهُ $(\dot{\omega}\tau - \dot{\delta}\varsigma)$, L. auris = aus in aus-culto $(= auris + cello = x \epsilon \lambda \omega$, hence to prick the ears), G. ohr, E. ear.

עָקָאָד I (Qal obs.) prob. to point, to sharpen; hence perh. Hiph. דָּוָאָוּיָן to sharpen or prick the ears, to listen; but see under אָאָ Deriv. עָאָ, prob. עָאָ, pr. names אָאָנויז,

עניקא to weigh or prove Ecc. 12, 9. The root is perh. akin to אָדָן, Arab. دَوَى to weigh; hence באוֹנָרָם Jer. 5, 8 belongs to דון סידן.

זאָ (only w. suf. אַזָאַ) m. weapon or implement Deut. 23, 14 (cf. Chald. אַזָּאָ arms); r. אָזָן I.

TIN pr. n. (perh. Sherah's

ear or top) of a village built by an Ephraimitess (שארה) 1 Ch. 7, 24.

אַזְנוֹת הָובוֹר הָובוֹר קובוֹר קובוֹר summits of Tabor) a city in Naphtali Josh. 19, 34. אַזָר is from אָזֶג (ear or point).

אַזָּלָד (r. אַ זָעָז w. א prosth. like א (אָרָזָר אָרָזָר) an obsol. adj. m. *drying up*, hence perh. as denom. **Hiph**. גָּרָד to make dry e. g. גָּרָד Is. 19, 6; see אַזָּר

(adj. from אָזָרָ) pr. n. m. (perh. long eared, cf. L. auritus) Num. 26, 16.

אַוּרָדָה pr. n. m. (prob. ear of דָאַוּרָדָה) Neh. 10, 10; see אַזו

PIX (obs.) perh. akin to pij and Arab. ازق, to grasp or hold (so Dietrich); hence

pl. m. manacles, bonds Jer. 40, 1; prob. i. q. פקים.

יַאַזְרֵנִי . suf. יַאַזְרֵנִי Job 30, 18) akin to אָכָר ,אָדָר *to bind, to* wrap round, hence to gird, w. acc. e. g. הלצרם the loins Job. 38, 3 i. e. to equip. Like all verbs of clothing, it takes the acc. of the garment (Gram. §. 138, 3), אַוור אָזור girded w. a girdle 2 Kings 1, 8. - Niph. part. נאור girded, w. 2 Ps. 65, 7. - Pi. to gird around, to arm, w. double acc. הזרני for אַאָּדְרָני 2 Sam. 22, 40; also fig. to put on joy or strength Ps. 18, 33; 30, 12. — Hith. to arm oneself Is. 8, 9; to gird oneself, w. the acc. Ps. 93, 1. ---- This root is akin also to זַרַר, זַדָר, זַדָר II, Sans. sirâ (string), σειρά, L. series, G. seil, Gael. sraith.

الإتراح (rare for بناي w. بر prosth., r. إرتر the fore-arm Job 31, 22, the arm Jer. 32, 21.

אָזְרָה (r. זְרָה, w. אָ prosth., c. אָזְרָה, no pl.) m. 1) native, indigenous (of a

tree), growing where it sprang up Ps. 37, 35; also of a person, *a native* Lev. 16, 29. 2) prob. pr. n. m. = יבים hence יבים hence אַוְרָרָד אָרָרָד a patronymic adj. m. used of the descendants of אָוָרָר וּאָוֹרָר וּאָן 1 Ch. 2, 6) said of Ethan 1 K. 5, 11 and Heman Ps. 88, 1.

אָזְרָת see אָזְרָת.

I (c. אָדִי, in pr. names ארז and אָתוי, w. suf. אָתירך, אָתִירך, אָתיי) אַתִית אָתִירה, pl. אַתִית, אַתִית, w. suf. אַתרו אַתִיך אָדֵרָד אָדָרָד (for אַתִירן) אַתרי Gram. § 27, Rem. 2, b), אָחֵרנוּ, אָחֵרנוּ, אָחִיכם) m. 1) brother (see אָחִיכם) sister), whether fully such Gen. 42, 4, or by step-father Judg. 8, 19 or step-mother Judg. 9, 21; when greater definiteness is needed the degree of relationship is indicated by בּן־אָשָׁח אָחֵרֵת בָּן־אָם ,בָּן־אָב fig. 2) fig. in still more diversified senses (like אב) e. g. a) friend, in reference to brotherhood in heart and soul 2 Sam. 1, 26; in a more extended brotherhood in lineage, for a brother of the family, of the race, of the land, e.g. β) kinsman (in any degree) Gen. 14, 16 (prop. nephew, cf. ch. 11, 31); γ) one of the same tribe Num. 8, 26; d) a fellow country-man Ex. 2, 11; in reference to other men and peoples; e) a confederate, an ally Am. 1, 9, a neighbour or fellow-man Lev. 19, 17, or a fellow, a match (as to likeness or companionship) Job 30, 29; hence ζ) the use of $\pi \times w$. a preceding for L. alter — alter, the one — the other, one another, even of inanimate things Ex. 25, 20, if they are masc., e. g. Gen. 13, 11 איש מַעַל אָחִיו *one* from another, i. e. from one another; ארש אל־אָחָרו Gen. 42, 28 one to the other, i. e. looking to one another; Gram. §. 124, Rem. 4. So n is used also w. 27 Judg. 6, 29. - In Ez.

18, 10 אָדָ may perh. be either for אָדָ or for אָדָ ---- The word is prob. primitive and mimetic, like אָדָ אָם, yet it is inflected partly as if from a r. אָדָ and partly as from a r. (Gram. § 96, 2), both perh. akin to אָרַד, יָרָה, meaning to join.

「「文 II (mimet. akin to r. 市浜 III) interj. ah! oh! alas! (cf. Keltic ach! och!) exclamation of grief, w. 埃 Ez. 6, 11.

TIN III (r. hīn I) f. prop. fire, then fire-stove, the fire-pot which in the East warms rooms in winter; only in Jer. 36, 22. 23. --- Akin to UK, Sans. ush (to burn), ἐστία, ἐσχάρα, L. vesta, ignis, us- tum.

ראָדין: Chald. (pl. w. suf. אָדִין: Ezr. 7, 18) m. brother = אָדי in Heb.

קארים (only pl. אחים) m. prop. howlings, then howlet, owl, Is. 13, 21, named after its doleful cry; akin to אָר מוֹן מּאוֹ אָרָד III. --- Comp. G. uhu, L. ulula, F. hibou.

그찾다於 pr. n. m. (father's brother) Ahab 1 K. 16, 28, king of Israel B. C. 918-897.

עָּדֶאָ pr. n. m. for אָדָאָ Jer. 29, 22.

קרבי pr. n. m. (perh. lovely, r. קבי with & prosth. and adj. ending ---) 1 Ch. 2, 29.

i. q. יתוד to unite, only in Hith. יתיאבור unite thyself Ez. 21, 21; see under אַתָּד

אַתוֹר

ידא, also אוד, for אול, brother in pr. names.

לורד (for אָרָד, r. אָרָד, pr. n. m. (union) 1 Ch. 8, 6, for which also אָרָד, in Gen. 46, 21.

ו אָרָדָר to tell, cf. דָרָד אַרָדָלָד i notimation or declaration, only Job 13, 17.

ו אָדָרָה II poet. (r. אָדָרָה to join) f. brotherhood, only Zech. 11, 14.

קארות pr. n. m. (perh. brotherhood, r. אָדָוֹת II = אָדָוֹת), interchanged w. אָדָיָה 1 Ch. 8, 4. 7. Patron. 23, 28.

לאָתוֹרָת Chald. (c. אָחָוֹיָת f. — Heb. אָחָוֹי I declaration or solution of a riddle Dan. 5, 12; r. הָוָא.

אָתוֹרַר (r. אָתוֹרַי, pl. w. suf. אָתוֹרַר; Ex. 33, 23) m. 1) hinder part, back-side, rear Is. 9, 11, pl. c. אחר Ex. 26, 12; as adv. behind, backward, back (opp. פָּרָם, פָּרָם in front), behind, or in reply to the question whither? backwards, back e.g. נסוג א', זר אַחוֹר, 'אָאָחוֹר, 'סָב אַ', שָׁב אַ', שָׁב אַ', backward Ps. 114, 3, w. averted face Jer. 7,24; מַאָחוֹר from behind 2 Sam. 10, 9; לאָרוֹר same as באָרוֹר in reply to the question where? Prov. 29, 11. 2) generally, the west, western quarter, which the Shemites spoke of as behind, as if they were looking to the rising sun (opp. gr the front, the east) hence also adv. bchind i. e. in the west Is. 9, 11. 3) after-time, future, e. g. לאָחוֹר *in the future* Is. 41, 23. opp. Jp the past. - Hence perh. as denom. Hith. ההאחר in Ez.21, 21 to turn oneself towards the west, as some would read for דותאתר.

τῶν σαββάτων Acts 20, 7); placed twice Ex. 17, 12 or thrice 1 Sam. 10, 3 it expresses a series (like L. unus, alter, tertius) first, second, third, where can stand in 2d member, שֵׁנָר זי תָבָר אָא but האחר – האחר the one – the other in 2 Sam. 14, 6 (cf. Gram. § 124, Bem.4); also a distribution one each Num. 13, 2; perh. like our a, an (= one) 1 K. 20, 13 נברא אחד (like προφήτης $\tau(\varsigma)$ a certain prophet. 2) anybody, some one, either in the absol. state as אָדָור מֵדַגּעָרִים אָדָור מַאָדָייז 1 Sam. 9, 3, or in constr. state אַרֵּוֹר דְעָם Gen. 26, 10 any one of the people, hence לא אָרָזר אָרן אָרָזר 1 K. 8, 56 nobody. 3) the numeral may single out an object as already known or unique, hence the same Gen. 40, 5, sole Ez. 7, 5, so also אַדָּדִרים same Gen. 11, 1. The pl. is also for individuals, some, a few. L. aliquot Gen. 27, 44, but seldom for the sing., e. g. דיי לאָדרים Ez. 37, 17 they become one i. e. united. באָקוד Ezr. 2, 64 as one i. e. together, so also בָּאִישׁ אָדַוֹר 1 Sam. 11, 7; לאַתַר אַדָּור Is. 27, 12, Ecc. 7, 27 one after the other, one by one. -- Hence perh. as denom. אָרָד, once in Hith. to unite oneself Ez. 21, 21. ---- אָתָד may be primitive but akin to דחד, Sans. ĉka, Exastos, W. ychydig (cf. G. einige).

געניס (obs.) to join, prob. denom. from א brother. Deriv. איז II.

ITN (Sept. ἄχει, ἄχι, Copt. pi-achi, in Heb. only collect. sing.) m. what grows by the water, marsh-grass, sedge, bulrushes, Nile-grass Gen. 41, 2, Job 8, 11. --- Perh. from Πηχ to join or bind, as L. juncus from jungo, G. binse from binden; cf. Targ. NPT reeds and rope, also σχοῖνος (prob. from ἕχω, σχήσω) rush, rope.

חוחא (c. אָחוֹת, w. suf. אָחוֹח, once אָדוֹרא Num. 6, 7; pl. prob. אָדוֹרא see Gram. § 96, 2, only w. suf. אָחוֹתִידָ Ez. 16, 55 as from אָרָות, also אָרָיוֹחָדָ Ez. 16, 52, אָדִירָקיד Job 42, 11 as fr. אָדִירָקיד) f.sister (with the same shades of meaning as The brother); fig. a female relation Job 42, 11, a woman of the same tribe or people Gen. 24, 60; an ally, of confederate cities or states Ez. 16, 55. It means other w. This preceding it (even for things), as in אַל־אָרוֹרָזה אַל־אָרוֹיָזה (see Gram. § 124, Bem. 4) the one to the other Ex. 26, 3, like איש אל אָדרי; also a female confidant or bosom friend Prov. 7, 4, Cant. 4, 9. --- ning (Aram. אָדָער, אָבָא) is prob. for אָדָער, or אָקוָת, as fem. of אָקוּנָת, just המיות as in

איזד (akin to אָדָד, Chald. אָדָד; fut. יאחז once יחוז 2 Sam. 20, 9, rarely יתוז, 1 K. 6, 10, Gram. §68, 1; fut. 1 pers.w. n--- cohort. אֹחַזָה Cant. 7, 9; imp. אָרָז, אָתוי Buth 3, 15), 1) to grasp, seize (opp. הנירה Ece. 7, 18) w. acc. of pers. or thing Ps. 56, 1; also w. 7 Gen. 25, 26; to hold fast, w. acc., as שָׁמָרוֹת the eyelids Ps. 77, 5, so that they cannot close in sleep; fig. to seize (of terror) Ex. 15, 14 (cf. φύβος μ' έχει Æsch. Agam. l. 1243), but also to take fright (as in Engl.) i. e. to be seized by terror Job 18, 20; also to catch, capture Cant. 2, 15, e. g. שַׁעָלִים דָּבְרִים צְשֵרִים; to hold tight, grasp, w. acc. or ב, e. g. אָחוּז חַרָב (cf. L. amplexus gladium) holding the sword Cant. 3, 8. 2) to join together, fasten in, e. g. בְּקִרד in the wall 1 Kings 6, 6, hence also to cover over i. e. to bind together with beams 1 Kings 6, 10 (cf. אָלָם, to shut fast e. g. דְּלָחוֹת Neh. 7, 3. 3) to take out (by lot) w. פן Num. 31, 30. -Niph. נאָדָד to be caught Ecc. 9, 12,

seized or held Gen. 22, 13, but ארדו Josh. 22, 9 to become possessed of may perh. be denom. from ארדו (a possession); to put oneself in possession Gen. 34, 10. — Pi. ארדו (a possession); to put oneself in possession Gen. 34, 10. — Pi. ארדו (a possession); to put oneself in possession Gen. 34, 10. — Pi. ארדו to shut up, only in Job 26, 9 ארדו shutting up (veiling) the face of his throne. — Hoph. (only part. בארדו (מארדורם, 18.

אָרָזָה Job 23, 9 for אָרָזָה, 1 pers. fut. Qal apoc. of r. דָוָדָה; cf. Gram. § 76, 2, c.

וֹתָאָ pr. n. m. (seizer or possessor) Ahaz, 2 K. 18, 1; Sept. Άχαζ, Josephus Άχάζης, king of Judah B. C. 744—728. See אַחוּרָה.

אָרָדָאָ (for אָרוּדָא) f. prop. a thing held, a holding, e. g. פָּבָר Gen. 23, 4, ישָׁרָד Num. 27, 7; then property, whether movable or immovable, Lev. 25,45. Perh. hence denom. Niph. ונארוו (for נארוו) to put oneself in possession, w. ב of the thing Josh. 22, 9. Hence

pr. n. m. (holder) Neh. 11, 13, in 1 Ch. 9, 12 יַחְזֵרֵה.

יִדָּהָן, אָרָווָיָהָ, pr. n. m. (יִדָּהָ) holds) Ahaziah, 1) king of Israel, B. C. 897 — 895, 2 K. 1, 2; Sept. 'Oxoζίας 1 K. 22, 40. 2) king of Judah, B. C. 884, 2 K. 9, 16; cf. יָרָאָרָיָ.

דָרָאָ pr. n. m. (perh. a holding, r. דָאָ w. endig ב_) 1 Ch. 4, 6.

חַדָּתְאַ pr. n. m. (possession) Gen. 26, 26.

المعالية I (obs.)intr. to burn, be on fire, hence الج III; akin to Arab. بالمعالية heat, and to شيئة I.

אָדָה II (obs.) perh. akin to אָדָה, kin to אָדָה brother, hence to join ; hence אָח

hence to groan, to howl. Hence to groan, to howl. Hence to groan, to howl. Hence אידוים.

ächzen, W. och ! ochain (moan), äyos, **ήχή, ήχέω.** אָדשַנָה Gen. 31, 39 for אָדשַנָה, 14, 50. 1 fut. Pi. of NUT (cf. Gram. § 74, Rem. 4), w. suf. 3 s. fem. אַהוֹת, see אַהוֹת. TN pr. n. m. (perh. brotherly; ---- adjective-ending) 1 Ch. 5, 15. אָדָה pr. n. m. (prob. union, r. אָדָה; cf. Zeũćic) Gen. 46, 21; see אַדוּד. אָדִראָם pr. n. m. (prob. for אָדִראָם father's brother) 2 Sam. 23, 33. אָדִירדָא Chald. (pl. אָדִירדָא) i. q. Heb. w. x prosth., a riddle, enigma Dan. 5, 12; r. 77. pr. n. m. (brother, i. e. friend, of =) 1 K. 11, 29, 2 Ch. 10, 15. pr. n. m. (prob. brother of renown) Num. 34, 27. pr. n. m. (brotherly, for ז (אַדריך) 2 Sam. 6, 3. אָדרות f. pl. sisters, see אָדרות pr. n. m. (perh. brother of union, r. רְדֵוֹד) 1 Ch. 8, 7. pr. n. m. (brother of goodness) 1 Sam. 14, 3. pr. n. m. (perh. brother by birth, r. רָלָד) 2 Sam. 8, 16. pr. n. m. (brother of death) 1 Ch. 6, 10 but in 6, 20 מָתָא, hence Maáð Luke 3, 26. pr. n. m. (brother of a king) Ahimelech 1 Sam. 21, 2. pr. n. m. (perh. brother of a gift) Num. 13, 22. pr. n. m. (perh. brother of anger) 1 Sam. 14, 50. TN pr. n. m. (brotherly) 1 Ch. 7, 19. pr. n. m. (liberal brother) 1 K. 4, 14.

C

pr. n. m. (perh. brother of pleasantness) Ahinoam 1 Sam. 14, 50.

تَبَتَّكَ pr. n. m. (brother of support) Ex. 31, 6.

אָדִרְעָזָר pr. n. m. (brother of help) Num. 1, 12.

DPTT, pr. n. m. (brother stands up) 2 K. 25, 22.

pr. n. m. (brother exalted) Num. 26, 38.

אדרע pr. n. m. (brother is bad) Num. 1, 15.

pr. n. m. (brother of the dawn) 1 Ch. 7, 10.

ערשר pr. n. m. (brother of song) 1 K. 4, 6.

pr. n. m. (perh. brother of folly) 2 Sam. 15, 12.

לעלי Ez. 39, 7 (w. Dagh. f. impl. from ג ו p. fut. Hiph. I will profane, but the form אָרָע Deut. 2, 25 is I will begin. See Gram. §. 67, 5, Bem.

אָקלָב pr. n. f. (fat) of a place in Asher, Judg. 1, 31; from אָקָנָר I, w. אָ prosth., like אַיָרָר, אַרְזָר, אַרְזָר, etc.

אָרָלָי Ps. 119, 5, also אָרָלָי 2 K. 5, 3 (prob. from אָ אוֹן אוֹן אָ אָרָ and אָ בּ 5 would that /) particle of wishing: ab that / Cf. לָּבָי .

אָרָלָד pr. n. m. (perh. sickly, r. I w. & prosth.) 1 Ch. 2, 31.

אַרְרְעָא (Achmethâ, hence Ecbatana) pr. n. f. of the chief city of Media (בִּרְרָא דִי בְּכָדַי מְדִינְאָא) Ezr. 6, 2; hence the names 'Αγβάτανα

(m and b interchanged) and later Hamadân, meaning according to Lassen (Ind. Bibl. III. p. 36) ίπποστασία place for horses.

אָבְרָאָבי pr. n. m. (perh. from אָבָיָרָא I will trust in רָיָה) 2 Sam. 23, 34.

below. אָתר see אָתר below.

אַדִר Chald. prep. after (by Hebraism for בָּתַר אַדָר; see אָדָר.

(w. Dagh. f. impl. = אָתַר, c. אַתר pl. אַמרים, Job 31, 10 אַמרים, c. אַחֵרָת , pl. אַחֵרָז, Gram. §22, 1)prop.tarrying, delaying, hence-A) adj. 1) following, next, second (cf. L. secundus from sequor) Gen. 17, 21. 2) another, other, different e.g. אַלֹחִים other Gods i. e. idols Ex. 20, 3, רדת אחרת a different spirit Num. 14, 24. - B) adv. 1) absol. אָחֵר elsewhere, in another way, perhaps in Ps. 16, 4. אַחֵר מָקָרוּ another way they hasten, i. e. after idols; but better as adj. to another (god). 2) constr. אַתר a) of place elsewhere (Gen. 22, 13); β) of time afterwards, then (Gen. 10, 18). This אָתַר appears very often as a particle. - C) prep. 1) const. sing. אָקור, like the adv. α) of place, behind, often w. verbs of motion, as, דלה גבא רָדָם אַתַר, also w. pref. as בְאָחֵר from after Ps. 78, 71; β) of time, after, as אַתר כן Lev. 14, 36 prop.

after so, hence thereupon. But far more frequently, 2)const.pl. אָחֶרֶי, w. suf. אָחֵרָין, אָחֵרָין, used as subst. in 2 Sam. 2, 23 באַחֵרָי נוחַוּנִית with the hinder part of the spear, cf. Ez. 41, 15; else only as prep. α) of place, behind, after, hence like אַנָזר w. verbs of motion, as דָּלָך ,דָלָד, אָרָדָא, אָדָרָא, אָבָא, עָלָה אָחֵרָי, also w. other verbs, as דָהָרִים Jer. 50, 21, אָזָרָה זָנָה, זְנָה Josh. 14, 8; β) of time, after, afterwards, w. inf. Gen. 5, 4; אַחַרִי כַן prop. after so i. e. thereafter, thereupon, for which later אָקרי זאיז Ezr. 9, 10; cf. Chald. אָחֵרָר רְנָה after this Dan. 2, 29. With other prepositions, as כַּאַחורי from behind (once in 1 Ch. 17, 7 יַאָקרי ל (מָן־אָהָרָי), כָאָקרי of place, behind 2 Sam. 20, 2; or of time, after Neh. 4, 7; אַל־אָחֵרָר 2 Sam. 3, 28; אַל־אָחֵרָר כַן behind 2 K. 9 18, where אל denotes the direction and 's the position; behind Ez. 41, 15 prop. upon על־א parts behind, like על־פוני before in Ps. 18, 43; בְּאַחֵרֵי in בְּאַחֵרֵי w. the spear hindwards 2 Sam. 2, 23, but see above under C, 2. - D) conj. mostly w. אַדֶרֵי אֲשֶׁר אַזַר אֲשֶׁר, אַדָר אַשֶׁר אַדַר אַדַר אַד after that; without The Lev. 25, 48; also אַחַרי־כֵן אָשָׁר after that Gen. 6, 4.

ר. א pr. n. Ancestor of the Hushim 1 Ch. 7, 12.

אָדֶורוּ Judg. 5, 28 for אַדְורוּ 3 perf. pl. Pi. of אָדָור; Gram. § 64, Rem. 3.

לון (from אָדָר behind) adj. m., אַדָרוֹן לוּ hinder, 1) latter, later (opp. ג אָדָרוֹטָ ג hinder, 1) latter, later day Prov. 31, 25, אַדָרוֹן הוֹ *a later day* Prov. 31, 25, אַדָרירם following generation Ps. 48, 14, ביום אָדָרירם i. e. posterity Job 18, 20; hence last as in Is. 44, 6. 2) western (see last see last as in Is. 44, 6. 2) western (see last see last as in Is. 44, 6. 2) western (see last see last as in Is. 44, 6. 2) western (see last see last as in Is. 44, 6. 2) western (see last see last see last as in Is. 44, 6. 2) western (see last see la

we find אַדְרֹנָה lastly Dan. 11, 29; also לאַדְרֹנָה , הָאָרָרֹנָה dt last Ecc. 1, 11.

דרה pr. n. m. (perh. an afterbrother, for אָרָרָאָד 1 Ch. 8, 1.

pr. n. m. (perh. behind a rampart) 1 Ch. 4, 8.

שָׁתָרָית (čck^orf) Chald. adj. m. but used for f. אַאָרָיר אָאָרָי קרָן 7, 5, קרָן 7, 20, prob. because in each of these cases a king was really meant, which prob. caused the adj. to be put in the masculine.

אָתר after, c. plur. of אָתר, see p. 26. — Also Chald. after Dan. 2, 29, w. suf. אָתריהוֹן Dan. 7, 24.

אָחוֹר Ex. 26, 12, see אָדוֹר.

(Q'ri אָחֲרָן) Chald. prob. for אָחֲרָון, Heb. אָחֲרָון, only in Dan. 4, 5 (prop. till afterwards) at last.

גוויית (also Chald. in Dan. 2, 28) 1. latter time, hence the future, the end (opp. אַדְירות דַּיָּכָיים) e. g. ביאָדית 15. 2, 2; then the uttermost part, as באַדְרית דַיָּכָים Ps. 139, 9. Fig. as concrete, those who come after i. e. posterity Ps. 109, 13.

אָדִוּדָן Chald. adj. m. i. q. Heb. אָקוֹרָין see אָקוֹרָין.

אָדוֹרַנָּית; cf. אָדוֹרַנָּית; cf. אָדוֹרַנָּית; adv. backwards Gen. 9, 23.

ראָני (c. אָרָשָׁרָדָפָרָשָׁרָ Persian) m. pl. only in Est. 8, 9; 9, 3, Ezr. 8, 36, where it signifies satraps or viceroys. The sing. is אַרְשָׁרָדָ 'a - chashdar - pan = chashadra - pan (hence old Gr. ἐξατράπης and the usual σατράπης) which Bohlen makes the satrap of the military force, but others better guardian of the province, from the old Persian kshetr (province) and pâwân = bân (guardian). Neither explanation, however, suits the Heb. orthography, as the

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first member of the compound is שלא (khsha), if we may judge from the words, אַרָשׁ-תִּרָן, אָבושׁ-וַרִשׁ, where kshatr cannot apply. The compound is rather from khsha (שָׁרָשׁ), old Persian ksahya for csaya, modern shah (king) and darpan, old Persian derbân (court - guardian), hence perh. it means king's court-guardian.

אַדְשָׁרָפָּנָיאָChald.(def.אַדְשָׁרָפָנָיאָChald.(def.אַדְשָׁרָפָנָאָ Dan. 3, 3) m. pl. same as the Heb. above.

אַדַושׁוֹרוֹשׁ (= אָדַשִׁ - שָׁדַשׁ) once in K'thibh שושיש Est. 10, 1, usual title of the Persian kings, as פּרַעה was of the Egyptian, hence used of Ξέρξης (Est. 1, 1), Καμβύσης (Ezr. 4, 6) and 'Αστυάγης (Dan. 9, 1). ----As to the etymology, the first part of the compound, as above in אֵדְשִׁרְפָרָשָּׁן, is khsha (אַדָּשׁ) = csaya, modern Pers. shah (king), which is also found in Apra-klac (great-king) a name of the Armenian princes; the other part שורש, K'thibh שרש, agrees in orthography with the name of Ξέρξης as deciphered in the cuneiform inscriptions, kshhershe (= kshehrshe)or kshwershe, where also, as here, the w (1) appears unstable; and as the ancient Persian khsh often appears in Greek as ξ and in Heb. as w, Ξέρξης is at least in the old style of writing ('Αρτα-) ξέρξης quite the same name.

שׁרשׁרשׁ (see אַתִּאָתִישׁוֹר) only in K'thibh Est. 10, 1.

ישְׁתְאָרָי pr. n. m. (Persian, perh. royal courier, adj. from אַרְשָׁתָאָ; see next word) 1 Ch. 4, 6.

ראָדָעָרָאָרָ (Pers.) m., only pl. אַדְשָׁאָדָנִים Est. 8, 10, some beast for riding (named in connection w. בֶּכָשׁ גוּפָשָׁא bon of the mare Est. and called בָּרִירַשָּׁרָ

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8, 10. According to the Rabbins, who render it dromedary, it might be from Pers. shutur a camel (cf. dromades cameli, Curt. 5, 2) and Unix (king), the 7-being the adjective-ending; it may be mule, from Pers. astêra = Sans. açvatara (mule) therefore regii muli; but the latest guess makes it mean provincial from kshatra (province). See 727.

אָדָר (for אָאָדָר אָזָר אָדָר אָזָר אָדָר אָדָר אָזָר אָזָר אָדָר אָזָר אַזָר אָזָר אַזָר אָזָר אַזָר אָזָר אַזָר אַזיר אַזין אַזיר אַזין אַזיר אַזין אַזיר אַזין אַזיין אַזיין אַזיין אַזיין אַזיין אַזיין אַזיין אַזיר אַזין אַזיין אַזיין אַזיין אַזיי גערו געזין אַזין אַגען אַזין אַגען אַזין אַזין אַזין אַזיין אַזין אַזין אַזין אַזין אַזין אַזין אַזין אַזין אַז געזין געזען געזען אַזין אַזין אַזין אַזין אַזין אַזין אַגען אַזין געזען אַין געזען אַין אַגען אַזין אַן אַזין א

נות Chald. imper. Aph. of וְדָרָת to descend Ezr. 5, 15.

(w. المجتربة 1 p. sing. fut. Niph. of المجتربة (w. المجتربة - cohort.) Jer. 17, 18; cf. Gram. § 67, Rem. 5.

ענש איזים (w. suf. אָשָר אָשָר, pl. אָשָר אָשָר, r. אָשָר akin to אָשָר אָשָר אָשָר, גלט, גלט, גלט, גלט, גו lateo, to hide) m. secrecy, concealment in speaking or moving, hence 1) אָשָר mutterings, sorcery, then sorcerer, necromancer Is. 19, 3. 2) often as adv. stealthily, secretly, softly, 1K. 21, 27, also w. א as in אָשָר אָטר, 1K. 21, 27, also w. א as in אָשָר אָטר, 1K. 21, 27, also w. א as in אָשָר אָטר, 1K. 21, 27, also w. א as in אָשָר אָטר, 1K. 21, 27, also w. א as in אָשָר אָטר, 1K. 21, 27, also w. א as in אָשָר אָטר, 18, 21, 27, also w. א as in אָשָר אָטר, 18, 21, 27, also w. א as in אָשָר אָטר, גער אָשָר i. e. slowly Gen. 33, 14; אַשָּר גער go gently, of the waters of Siloah Is. 8, 6; אָשָר לַבָּר לַבָּעָר for me to the youth 2 Sam. 18, 5; קום Job 15, 11 a word gently (spoken) with thee; but see verb

DN Job 23, 11 for العجر, 1 fut. apoc-Hiph. of البني; cf. Gram. § 76, 2, b.

(obs.) to penetrate, to stick in; akin to 7.

TON m. 1) buckthorn (rhamnus

paliurus Linn.) Judg. 9, 14. Ps. 58, 10. 2) pr. n. Atad Gen. 50, 10. 11.

לאכן, hence the --- not changeable, r. אָטָאָ, hence what is twisted, spun (linen or cotton), hence yarn, thread, only in Prov. 7, 16 Egyptian yarn. Cf. לאלטית.

רבי (obs.) to hide, conceal, akin to ני אָט . Deriv. אָט

ראיז (part. איז *to close* e. g. the mouth or ears so as not to speak or hear Prov. 17, 28; then of windows closed with lattices Ez. 40, 16. lliph. only in fut. apoc. איז *to* close Ps. 58, 5.

דָרָא (obs.) perh. akin to דָרָא אָטַדן to bind, to plait; hence אַטיין.

עניט לענין (fut. אָשַר) to close, shut up, w. אָדָר Ps. 69, 16. Cf. אָדָר, אָדָר Pl. (obs.) to bind or hamper. Hence קר. n. m. (perh. lame) Ezr. 2, 16,

אָשָר און. lame, prop. hampered, as אָשָר רַד רְבָינוֹ Judg. 3, 15 hampered i. e. disabled as to his right hand, hence left-handed.

אין (perh. a pronominal root) adv. interrog. where? correlative to און, but used in this form only w. suf. as און where (is) he? אין אין where (art) thou? where (is) he? אין אין (once in Zech. 1, 5 אין) where they? and in the forms אין More used in its construct form, as follows: —

אָר (c. form of אָר) adv. interrog. where? correlative to Chald. דָּא=דָּר there, as its lengthened form אָר (where! = not) is correl. to אָר (like + אָר) never stands w. suf., and like that also passes for no, not (only in Q'ri of Prov. 31, 4, but see under אָר). — Before pronouns and adverbs, it gives to them the force of inter-

rogatives; see under אַי־וֶח אַי־ןָּד, אַילָח אַיבֶכָה אָירָה אַיבָר, אַיבָ

א I (pron. root) interrog. adv. where? but implying a negative answer nowhere; hence in some compounds as a formal negative (cf. Gr. α΄- priv. or neg., L. in-, G. and E. un-) as קריב, Job 22, 30 not-innocent i.e.guilty; Job 22, 30 not-innocent job 20, 30 not-innocent i.e.guilty; Job 20, 30 not-innocent job 20, 30 not-innocent

אוד לקד (interj. woe! אוד בקד Ecc. 10, 16 woe! to thee, land; Ecc. 4, 10, if this reading is right) woe! to him.

אוד, דָּדָּי, see אוֹד, אוֹד, אוֹד, see אוֹד, אוֹד, see ווּ אָדָד, אוּד, איד, see אווּ אַיָד, אווּ אַיָד, אַדָּר so named from its nocturnal cry or wail; only in pl. אָרָים Is. 13, 22 jackals.

TV) m. אוד IV) m. pl. אָרָים, once אָרָין Ez. 26, 18, c. אָרָים; prob. abode, hence 1) coast i. e. a maritime settled country as Tyre, Sidon, Tarshish, Ashdod; in the pl. usually of the distant sea-board parts of Asia Minor, the east and the south coast of Arabia. 2) shore-land, i. e. dry, habitable ground in opp. to the sea and rivers, Is. 42, 15; hence the distant coast-lands, האיים הירחקים for the islands of the Mediterranean Ps. 72, 10, also for the islands and coasts of India Ez. 27, 15. 3) island, isle of Caphtor (Crete) אר כפהור אר isle of Caphtor (Crete) Jer. 47, 4. Cf. [1] I and see IV.

דאָב, אָבָח אָנה אָנה זאָב, אָבָד to be eager, then perh. wilful, hateful, found in perf. Qal only in Ex. 23,22 then I will hate thy haters, but very often found in the participle used as a noun, namely ארב איברו אי איברו איברו

אָרָבָה (c. אָיַבַה; r. אָיַבָה) *f. enmity,* hate Gen. 3, 15.

אֹרֶבֶת, see אֹרֶבֶת.

דאר m. a turn or fate (cf. הַּדָּהָ), hence calamity Ps. 18, 19, ruin Job 31, 23; r. אוד to turn or twist (like בָּרָה, cf. הַוֹדָוֹת.

לאָיָהָ (for אָיָהָא, akin to אָיָדוו; r. אָיָאָ III) f. 1) name of a clamorous bird of prey, unclean among the Israelites Lev. 11, 14, Sept. געזע, Vulg. vultur, perh. a falcon called by the Arabs yûyû (from its cry), but it may stand for the entire class of vultures. 2) pr. n. m. (falcon) Gen. 36, 24.

in Jer. 37, 19 the K'thibh אַרָּה דָּרָשָּרָאָר is perh. an old pl. form) adv. interrog. 1) where? where now? (correlative here). Like אָרָשָר it may imply a negative answer Jer. 13, 20. In Zech. 1, 5 אַרָּשָׁר דָּכָּר (are) they? 2) indef. anywhere Job 15, 23, where it concludes the sentence; cf. Nah. 8, 17.

אָרָים) m. prop. criers, howlers, hence jackals Is. 13, 22; see ווו. אי

איןבל pr. n. f. (unwedded, aλοχος L. Agnes) Jczebel name of the idola-

trous wife of Ahab king of Israel 1 K. 16, 31. Hence Isabella.

ו (for the usual אין 1) interrog. adv. where? where now? Job 88, 19. With אין it makes אין פון wherefrom? Gen. 16, 8. See הון.

לה (for אָר־כָּה adv. 1) how? The השיש implying comparison, and או having interrog. force. 2) without interrogation Ruth 3, 18 how. 3) as interj. how! oh how! Ps. 73, 19. 4) ironical, w. implied negation, hence like אי equal to a negative Ex. 6, 12.

קבוֹד pr. n. m. (ἄτιμος, inglorious, see אי I) 1 Sam. 4, 21.

איד (see איד) adv. 1) like איד how? Deut. 1, 12 and without interrogation how Deut. 12, 30; also as interj. how! Is. 1, 21. 2) like אי where? Cant. 1, 7, the איד pressing direction, where there? See אָרָ

אין from אין w. suff. אין where (art) thou? Gen. 3, 9.

הסרא (only in 2 K. 6, 13, Q'ri where, indirect interrogative.

ארקקה (for אר-קקה) adv. how? Cant. 5, 3.

לא = א ו (obs.) to turn, move round, Gr. ίλλω (sίλέω, sίλύω); cf. איז, אוד; fig. to be girded, strong or firm (cf. רובל, הובל, הובל

אָלָל (after the form אָשָר); אוּלָרם. אָרָאָלָרם, אוי אָדָל (after the form אָשָר); איר אָרָל אָרָאָי, prop. a strong ram or buck, but esp. stag, hart; Copt. FIOγλ. Except in Ps. 42, 2 (where אָאָלָר) fem.) אָאָלָר or אָאָלָר עום for a hind; r. אָרָא or אָאָג

אָלִים once, אֵילִים, pl. אֵילִים, once אַלִים Job 42, 8, c. אָרָלים אַילַי m.

prop. strong one, hence 1) a mighty or foremost man, e.g. אַיכִי דָאָרֶץ (Q'ri) the nobles of the land 2 K. 24, 15. 2) great or strong tree (δρῦς, L. robur), hence the oak, terebinth, palm (comp. אָלהן, אָלהן) especially in the plural אַלִים אָרָים Is. 57, 5. 8) ram, so named perh. for the strength of his horns Gen. 15, 9. 4) A term in architecture for pilaster or buttress, and so called either for its likeness to the ram's horn or for its firmness and strength 1 K. 6, 31, Ez. 40, 14, (Aquila xρίωμα, else xριός); hence sometimes pillar or post; sometimes frieze, ornamental framework for the door; in general, some prominent part on the front of a building or wall (akin to אולם, r. אול II to be in front), the nature of which must be fixed from the context.

אָרָל (r. אָדיל) m. power or force,only Ps. 88, 5.

אַלָּלוּת (c. אַיָּלוּת, pl. אַיָּלוּת, cant. 2, 7) f. hind, אַיָּלָת kind in the field Jer. 14, 5. Used as a term of endearment for a woman or wife Prov. 5, 19. See אַיָּלָת

cal city in Dan Josh. 19, 42, now Yâlo. 2) city in Zebulon. Judg. 12, 12.

γ pr. n. (oakland, see)
 γ in Dan Josh 19, 43; Sept.
 γ Ελών. 2) pr. n. m. Sept. Αἰλώμ,
 γ Ελώμ. Gen. 26, 34.

אילה, see אילות.

אָרָלה (r. אָיל) f. strength or force, then help, only Ps. 22, 20.

ליל 1 fut. Hiph. of לאוליל (Jer. 48, 81); see Gram. § 70, Bem.

אָלָכָה Mich. 1, 8 *I will go* for אַילָכָה (to sound more like the אַילָרָם) אַילָרָם before it) for אָלָה r. אָלָה.

(אַילַפּזּיח אָילַאָּרים אַילָשָּרים אַילַפּזיח אַילַפּרים m. usually w. אַילָפּרים אַרילים in architecture, perh. projection, moulding, but very obscure though prob. akin to אָאָלָם אויל, יד אָאָלָט or to אָרָר אַגע II), the מעיר in the latter case being a formative ending as in האָרָם.

שליש pr. n. (w. ד- loc. אַילָם trees, prob. palm-trees) of an encampment of the Israelites in the Wilderness, Ex. 15, 27.

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אָדָלָן M. tree (אַרָּנָא) m. tree Dan. 4, 7. 8; cf. Heb. אָדָל ; r. אָדָל

אַיָּלָת c. st. of אַיָּלָה a hind; fem. of אַיָּלָ

fig. for the rising sun, called gazelle by the Arabs) in title of Ps. 22, denoting the subject or the music.

Pael D'N or D'N (obs.) i. q. Chald. Pael v to alarm, akin to D'T (see D'N), to be noisy, to rage. Hence

שיא adj. m., העקיא 1., fearful, terrible Hab. 1, 7; i. q. איוֹני.

ראיבים m. only pl. איבים, i) terrors Ps. 88, 16. 2) idols, as objects of awe or terror, Jer. 50, 38; cf. רעלים from איבים, 8) דיטא pr. n. m. (giants, prop. frights), the original dwellers on the Arnon (now el-Môjeb), in the neighbourhood of Areopolis (now Rabba) Gen. 14, 5, who were driven ont by the Moabites Deut. 2, 10; r. EW. ארָבָה, שּרָבָא, שָּרָבָא, שָּרָבָא, פּבָר, וכ. אַרְפָאָד, pl. אַרְפָאָד, f. terror, fear, e. g. אַרְפָא אַרְפָא לה fear of a king, i. e. which he inspires Prov. 20, 2; r. אוס אים אות.

ו אָרן. אַרן אָרן not, only in 1 Sam. 21, אין-שט-פור is there not here? as if we had אַרן.

(from אי and אי where now!) 1) where? only w. pref. כָּאָרָן, as כָּאָרָן (Talm. מָנָרָן for מָנָרָן) whence? Josh. 9, 8; and also without a question from where Josh. 2, 4. Once in K'thibh 2 K. 5, 25. 2) perh. like the simple interrog. forms א, only more constantly implying a negative, where? = nowhere / or more prob. akin to yak to breathe, hence to be naught; hence nothingness, nonentity as in Is. 40, 23 דונהן רונים לארן who giveth (i. e. bringeth) princes to nothingness, Hag. 2, 3 הְאַרָן בְּעֵרנִיכָם as nothing in your eyes. Hence, not. if not Gen. 30, 1. It denotes the idea of negation or nonentity only w. nouns, after which it stands in its absolute form as in Gen. 2, 5 578 prob. man (was) a nonentity (i. e. there was no body) to till the ground (see אדן below). Only in Job 85, 15 it stands as a neg. before the perf.in אין פקד אפו prop. (as) nothingness his anger visited, i. e. his anger visited not with chastisement. -With pref. جهز (a) as nothing, like to nothing Is. 40, 23; β) about nothing i. e. next to nothing, almost Ps. 73, 2 (like בָּאָרָן). — כָּאָרָן). (see also under 1 above) a) without, Jer. 80, 7 קארן קבידע lit. from nothing as if, i. e. without its like; β) of nothing, worse (or less) than nothing Is. 41, 24. - Before particles אין בלתי not besides, אין אליד not apart from me.

above, אֵיָך above, as 'N of 'N; see its use w. suffixes in No. 8 below) adv. always negative, but perh. originally interrog. 1) as the absolute אין none Gen. 47, 13. 2) as construct before indefinite nouns, without, as אֵרן מִסְפָר without number Joel 1, 6, אָרן אָב without father; before the participle, nobody, nothing, אָרן נְסָהָר Ps. 19, 7 lit. nothing of hidden, i. e. nothing is hidden, or without a thing hidden; before the infinitive, without, אין הַברן without understanding Ps. 32, 9, or also w. before the inf. 2 Ch. 20, 6. 3) often as negative of to be (= שָׁי אָל Job 9, 33 there is not), ארן לי there is not to me, i. e. I have not (cf. odx Esti µoı, non est mihi), אַרן לָה וָלָד she had no child Gen. 11, 30, esp. w. suf. אַרַנָּר אָרַנָד, אַרַנָד, אַרַנָד, אַרַנָד, אַרַנָד, אַרַנָד he is not, אַרנְכָם אָרַנְכָּה, poet. ארנרמו Ps. 78, 5. - The negative notion may sometimes be rendered as nobody, none, sometimes 83 without; sometimes, nothing, hence אָרן אָרָש nobody, ארן אָרָש not one, none, אין פאומח ארן ארק nothing, אין פאוימ nothing at all. It always retains its force in union w. other particles, as ארן זולָתי none besides ארן ארן ארן איליתי me, ארן עמדר none w. me; after another negative, it strengthens the negation (as in Greek, see Gram. § 152, 2) as מַבְּלָי אָרן not at all 2 K. 1, 3. - With pref. אין is mostly = only it is placed before the noun, to which it gives the notion of negation as בארך חוֹמָה without wall Ez. 38, 11 (equal to לָאַרן אוֹנִים; לאַרן אוֹנִים; prop. to (one) without forces, i. e. to the powerless; באָרך רושב uninhabited, but בארן is also while - not, before; to whom - is not, i. e. w. the addition of the verb to be. ---- All these אין, אין, אין, אין, אין, אין, אין,

אדן, are pronominal stems, prob. having nothing in common w. a verb.

ארבייביי Ps. 73, 5 they are not, from אָרָיָמו and suf. אָרָיָמי, Gram. § 91, 2, Rem. 3.

אָרָעָזָד pr. n. m. i. q. אָרִיעָזָד which it stands Num. 26, 30; patron. אוּצָל, cf. אוּצָל.

אָשָּׁר אָשָּר (c. אַרַשָּר Ephah, a dry measure, accord. to Josephus a שְׁלָטוּעָס; or 48 צְסוֹעוֹצָבָ (about 1¹/₉ bush. Engl.) or a אַבָּר (L. amphora) in liquid measure = 10 הָבָר יון דיב אָר אָר אָר אָר יון ס ר הָבָר גער היב גער אָר גער היב דוון הארק היב Deut. 25, 15 full Ephah; היב אַר אָר אָר אָר Prov. 20, 10 two kinds of Ephah. ----Perh. from אָר אָר אות to Copt. (שוחו measure, Sept. olę.

ΠΞ^N (= 'M interrog. and ΠΞ here) adv.interrog. 1) where? (ποῦ) Is. 49, 21. 2) how? what sort? (ποῦς) Judg. 8, 18.

אושיא or אישא adv. demonst. so therefore (ouv), for אי פוא, where א, as often, has not interrog. but demon. force. See אישיא, זש, זש.

TN (perh. lengthened from th from שלא II, hence f. אָשָׁא, שא in pr. names, pl. (poet.) אָרשָׁים only Ps. 141, 4, Prov. 8, 4, Is. 53, 3, usual אָנָשׁים (for אַנוֹשִׁים from אַנוֹשׁים, r. אָנִשׁים II), c. בְּנֵי אִישׁ; poet. בְּנֵי אִישׁ Ps. 4,3, 49, 3) m. 1) a man, prop. a strong one (see note below); α) as to force, intellect and courage (L. vir akin to vis, cf. <u>גב</u>ר), 1 K. 2, 2, hence like our *gentle*man to express some eminence in opp. to אָדָם common man Is. 2, 9, Ps. 49, 3 (cf. ἀνήρ, ἄνθρωπος; L. vir, homo); β) as to vigorous age 1 Sam. 2, 33; γ) a male, as the stronger sex, hence even of male children Gen. 4, 1, beasts Gen. 7, 2, and of the male in marriage, a husband Gen. 2, 24:

אית

d) man, as individual, a person Ex. 4, 10, as collective, men Is. 21, 9, mankind as opp. to God Job 9, 32, to beasts Ex. 11, 7. - Hence also in cases where neither sex nor strength nor age is regarded, it stands for inhabitants Judg. 12, 5, citizens Gen. 24, 13, warriors or subjects 1 Sam. 23, 3, the being also used collectively for people Josh. 9, 6; perh. relations e.g. Ez. 24, 17 bread of men i. e. food sent to mourners by relations and friends; ε) implying origin, possession, use etc., in union w. nouns in the genitive, to supply the lack of qualifying adjectives (Gram. § 106, 2, a), as אָישׁ הָאָר 1 Sam. 16, 18 a man of form i. e. handsome (L. formosus), אִ' הְבָרִים Ex. 4, 10 a man of words i.e. fluent (L. facundus) and in like manner אָמאנור אָמָנים אָנָן stands before אָרש אַמאנור אַמינים אָ הַכֵּר , הָנָס , הַיָּר , הַעַת , הָמִים , אַמַת, שִׁיבָה ,רִיב ,מַתָּן ,מִלְחָמָה ,מִדְיָנִים ,לָשִׁיֹן, הִקרוּמוֹת הוֹכָחוֹת הִקְבָנוֹת שְׁשָׁחֵיָם שֵׁכֵל etc. - 2) w. gradual laying aside of its nature as substantive, it answers to an adj. pron., α) in opp. to דע געבירז אח, e. g. Lev. 25, 17 lit. ye shall לא תונו איש את־צַמִירתו lit. ye shall not oppress a man his fellow, i. e. one another (see Gram. § 124, Rem. 4) or one — the other; β) any one, somebody (Sept. rlc) Gen. 13, 16, so too אַנוש, אַנשׁים אַנוש 1 K. 20, 17; Num. 1, 4 איש איש אונ. a lit. a man a man to the tribe i. e. one to each tribe; γ) each, Gen. 15, 10 each part of אִישׁ בּחִרוֹ לִקרָאת רַפֵּהא it over against the other (lit. its friend).- From Mrin perh. we get in Is. 46, 8 the denom. verb in Hithpo'čl אושש show yourselves men i.e. be intelligent; cf. ανδρίζεσθε.

Note. שָׁיא may perh. be primitive, bat more prob. it comes from שׁעָאָ II (akin to 12% II) to be strong, perh. akin to [c, L. vis = vir, Sans. viras, Gael. fear, W. gwr (also wr, as dy wr thy man). With its other form 112% (for 12, 18, 19) from 12% II may be compared Sans. nar, dyp, L. nero (= nervus, viopov), W. ner (the Almighty), nerth (might).

רש שיש איש איש איש איש איש איש איש איש shame) Sept. 'Ιεβοσθέ, Josephus 'Ιέβοσθος, son of Saul, 2 Sam. chaps. 2-4, who is prob. also called אָשֶׁבְעָל in 1 Ch. 8, 33.

ישראר pr. n. m. (man of fame) 1 Ch. 7, 18.

יורעון איש (dimin. of אָרָשׁרָן, אָרָשׁרָן אַרָשָׁרָן m. 1) prop. a mannikin, then pupil of the eye (cf. צַּהָרון אַרָשָרן אָרָשָר, אסס קוון בַרו צָרָרון pilla; see on אָרָשון, but usually w. pilla; see on אָרָשון בַרו צָרָר Pout. 32, 10, once אָרשון Pout. 32, 10, once אָרשון אַרָשון בַרו צָרָר Pout. 32, 10, once קוון אַרָּשון בַרו צָרָר Pout. 32, 10, once קוון אַרָשון בַרו צָרָר Prov. 7, 9 eyeball of the night i. e. midnight; אָרָער Prov. 20, 20 (K'thibh) eye-ball (i. e. centre) of darkness, where the Q'ri has אָדָשון; cf. אָרָשון אַרָּדָרָן; cf. אָבָשָׁרָן;

אישרטוֹב pr. n. 2 Sam. 10, 6.8. ישר for ישי pr. n. m. (perh. manly) 1 Ch. 2, 13, Sept. 'Isooai.

חיא (from איז IV) m. being, existence.

ראיקא Chald. (= Heb. שָׁיִזָי, cf. oòsia), def. אַיְקא (Talm.), pl. אַיְקא (in ancient form) m. being or existence, perhaps possession, but always as a particle expressive of being, there is, there was, etc. In Bib. Chald. always in pl. אַיְקָי Dan. 5, 11, as אַיְקָי בָּרָ אָרְקָי בָרָ w. suf. אָיְקָי Dan. 2, 26 thou art, אָרְקִי בָּרָ Bon. 2, 26 thou art, אָרְקִי בָרָ beis, אַיְקָיָא we are, וי you are. Before participles it represents, like שָׁי, the substantive

3

ערארן (Q'ri after the form (ידערן) m. ingress, entrance, only Ez. 40, 15 שׁבָּר דָאָרְרוֹן לעָרָרוֹן שׁבָר דָאָרָרוֹן עַכָּר דָאָרוון שׁבָר דָאָרוון עראשון Zech. 14, 10. The K'thibh יארון prob. means the same and stands for יארון גארון דו אור ווו ארז.

ראית Chald. there is Dan. 5, 11; see אית above.

אָרָחָאָ pr. n. m. (adj. from אָאָרוּ existing, perh. mighty) 1 Ch. 11, 31; but אָקי in 2 Sam. 23, 29.

איתדאר pr. n. m. (God is existent, or perh. for אָאָדִי with me is God) Prov. 30, 1.

ער אָרָם Ps. 19, 14 for אַרָם 1 fut. Qal of אָרָש: see Gram. § 67, Rem. 3.

קקיר pr. n. m. (palm-coast or isle of palms) Ex. 6, 23.

(for אַרָקן, ai modified into ê, once אָקָן Job 33, 19), pl. אֵירָגרם, adj. very extended, lasting, hence ו) of time, constant, lasting, in רָרב ארה; continual strife Job 83, 19; w. water, rivers, etc. often used as subst. continuity, constancy, strength, as נהרות איתן streams of perpetuity Ps. 74, 15, הַשָּׁר בָּאַיחָן his bow shall abide in strength Gen. 49, 24, קוח איהן perennial pasture (others, abode of strength) i. e. Idumea Jer. 49, 19; נוס בוול ארחן never failing brook Deut. 21, 4; hence without נתל in 1 K. 8, 2 we have ירח דארוים the month of flowing brooks, i. e. השררי (Chald.) the 7th month of the Heb. year, from the Oct. new moon to that of November. 2) firm, durable, hence גור ארחן a strong people Jer. 5, 15; hence אַרְחָנִים, a) mighty ones or nobles Job 12, 19; β) poet. rocks, דָאֵרָקנים מוֹסְדֵר אֲרֵץ the rocks, earth's foundations Mic. 6, 2; so perh. also יְרָה אַיְתָן dwelling of rock; perh.rocky or hard in Prov. 13,15. ---- The r. יָתָן (whence w. אֹ prosth. , תָּבָר נָבַר (whence w. אֹ prosth. , תָבָר נָבַר נאבור (אַרָנָב Sans. tan = דנּוֹעש = L. tendo=G.

אָרָאָ pr. n. m. (persistent) a poet, singer and wise man in the time of David 1 K. 5, 11, Ps. 89 (title), Sept. Atdau.

dehnen=W. taenu, etc.

גדת, כד (pronom. root, akin to כד, כד, אָכֶן ,תֵן adv. 1) prop. perh. like אָכֶן ,תֵן relat. conj. ori, L. quod, that, hence dependent and governed before clauses, e. g. Gen. 44, 28 and I said that (אָך) he is surely torn in pieces, Zeph. 3,7 Isaid that (אָד) thou wouldst fear me; hence, like ס and סדו it is left untranslated before a direct quotation (oratio recta), or else like ק, it can in all these cases be turned into a particle of asseveration surcly, certainly, yea. 2) adversative term, hence = but, yet, however, as also ", e.g. Is. 63, 8 and he said, yet (TR) my people are they. Hence only w. notion of limitation, in its widest range of meaning, e. g. before the perf., to which it gives the force of a plup.; before nouns and adjectives where it must be translated just as the sense or context requires, e. g. only (35) this time Ex. 10, 17; only joyous, i. e. quite joyous Deut. 16, 15; only (nothing but) vanity Ps. 39, 12; only vainly אד Ps. 73, 13; before imperat. only hear thou Jer. 28, 7; before fut. אָר אָרדוָה האָכָלוּ *only this* may ye cat Lev. 11, 21. - דָק אָדָ PT only alone, an intensive only Num. 12, 2.

קקד (obs.) akin to אָלָד, אָלָד, to bind together, to fortify. Hence

Torne pr.n. (fortress, r. אָרָבָר) city in Mesopotamia, Sept. Άρχάδ (אָרְמָשָׁק בּיָבָאָרָ דְּשָׁשָׁק בּיָבָאָרָ קַמָּלָסָ Gen. 10, 10. which Bochart compares w. the river 'Αργάδης in the region of Σιτταχηνή. Ephraem Syrus read אָבָר (tillage) and explains it as Nisibis in Mesopotamia.

געור 1 fut. Qal of גָּרָאָד 1 fut. Qal of גָּרָאָד, Gram. § 67, Bem. 3.

בוֹכָאָ: (ר. בְּוָבָ: w. א prosth. as in the form אָבָוֹ: m. prop. deceit, falsehood, but always used as adj. (w. יבוי understood) deceitful, lying (opp. to יבויל, only Jer. 15, 18, Mic. 1, 14, where גַוֹר אָבְוָב stands for גַוֹר מָרָנוֹם a deceitful brook, disappointing the traveller. See יוֹס.

קוירב pr. n. 1) i. q. קוירב, city in Judah Josh. 15, 44. 2) sea-port in Galilee, on the coast of Asher between Acco and Tyre Josh.19, 29; Greek Έχδιππα (אָקרָירב), now Zib. See קויב and אבובא

The prop. subst. but used as adj. m. hard, firm; hence 1) hardy, courageous, bold Job 41, 2; in a bad sense, harsh, cruel Lam. 4, 3. 2) violent, deadly, of poison, Deut. 32, 33; r. d = T = T = T. Hence

112 adj. m. fierce, cruel Jer. 6, 23, Prov. 12, 10.

ו אַכְוְרָיּוּרָן f. fierceness, horribleness Prov. 27, 4; the abstract ending אז being attached to the adj. אָכְזָרָי, Gram. § 86, 6; cf. קרָירואר, 54.

ל, prop. an eating, hence a meal 1 Kings 19, 8; r. אָכָאָ.

שֹׁרָשׁ pr. n. m. (perh. serpent, r. אָרָשָׁ Philistine king in Gath 1 Sam. 21, 11.

אָכָל (inf. אָלָל, w. pref. אָלָל, w. suf. אָבָל, זאָבָלן, זאָבָל, in pause

יאבל for דאבל for דאבל אבל אבל Ez. 42, 5) perh. akin to TopII to end, hence prop. to bring to nothing, hence 1) to eat, w. ל, ב, א ס מין acc. of the food, w. unimportant shades of meaning; part. דאכל the eater Judg. 14, 14, i. e. the lion: cf. Arab. الأكل as an epithet of the lion. Often used of the sword, fire, hunger, pestilence which waste or destroy, of idols which consume victims; note the idioms, to eat the ground i. e. its fruits Gen. 3, 17; to eat bread, take food 1 K. 21, 7, also to take a meal Gen. 81, 54; w. the neg. $\dot{\forall} = to fast$ 1 Sam. 30, 12; to eat at anyone's table, i. e. to be fed by him Ps. 41, 10; to eat before God, i. e. to eat the sacrifices Deut. 12, 7; to eat ashes like bread, i. e. to be in sorrow, Ps. 102, 10; to eat one's own flesh, i.e. to pine away Ecc. 4, 5; to eat the flesh of anyone, i. e. to act cruelly towards him, esp. to backbite him Ps. 27, 2 (cf. Chald. אָכָל קַרָצָין to slander Dan. 3, 8); to eat words, i. e. to receive them gladly Jer. 15, 16, hence the vision of the roll given to be eaten in Ez. 2, 8 and Apoc. 10, 9; to eat a people i. e. to destroy them Deut. 7, 16; to eat from (דאכלי) upper rooms, i. e. to take away from their size Ez. 42, 5; אָכָל בְּטוֹבָה to taste of what is good Job 21, 25; אָאָכָלָדא t'okhle hu Job 20, 26 is prob. for האבלחו (so Ewald in Lehrb. d. Heb. Sprache, § 253; but Gesenius takes it for האכלהוי in Pi.; the sense either way being it shall consume him. — Niph. to be eaten Ex. 12, 46. - Pu. to be consumed, by fire Neh. 2, 3, by sword Is. 1, 20. - Hiph. for הַכִּרל fut. רָאַכִּיל, inf. once הַכִּרל Ez. 21, 33) to cause to consume, דְאָכִיל איביל Hos. 11, 4 give to eat.

31

אָל

Chald. (fut. באקל) same as Heb. אָבַל קַרְצִרן Dan. 4, 30. On קַרַץ אַבּן.

לכלי (w. suf. אָכָל m. 1) eating, the act itself, hence אָפָר אָכָל according to his eating Ex. 12, 4. 2) food, esp. of fruits or of corn, provision Gen. 14, 11, fig. food of fire or of beasts, prey Job 9, 26.

אָבָל or אָבָל pr. n. m. (perh. from גאנכל I am able, r. יכל, Prov. 30, 1.

אָכָל 'ökhlá (r. אָכָל f. for אָכָל 'okhlá (r. אָכָל food Gen. 1, 29.

קלָק Ex. 33, 3 for אָבָלָן 1 fut. Pi. of אָבָלָ ע w. suf.; Gram. § 27, Rem. 2, a.

אָרָק m. prob. what causes to bend, hence weight, fig. authority, pressure, only Job 33, 7 my burden (אָרָפָר) will not be heavy on him; in the Sept. $\dot{\eta}$ גנף μ ou as if for אָבָר identifying אָרָפָא ש. אָרָף; so too Kimchi.

קפָא Mic. 6, 6 for אָבָר 1 fut. Niph. of הַפָּר

(obs.) to dig, to plough; akin to נְקָרָה, קָרָה, קַרָה, עָמָל, אָמָט, χαράσσω, L. colo, caelo, Sans. hal; all of mimetic origin (see Prof.Key's able Paper on the sound kar, in Philological Society's Transactions for 1867, p. 375). Hence אַכָּר and

קאָרָ m. tillage, so taken by Ephraem Syrus for אָבָד Gen. 10, 10.

אָבָרִים, אָבָרָים, אָבָרָים, אָבָרָים, אָבָרָים, אַבָּרָים, אַבָּרָיכָם, אַבָּרָיכָם, אַבָּרָיכָם אָבָרָיכָם hence tiller of the land, husbandman Is. 61, 5. ---- Cf. אָבָר גָאָרָאָרָאָרָאָרָאָרָאָרָאָרָ G. Uder, E. acre; akin to כוון cultivated land, בָּיָם vineyard; Arab.), husbandman.

אָכְרֶהָ Hos.3,2 for אָכְרֶהָ 1 fut.Qal w. suf. from פָרָה II.

עבט (obs.) = אָכָט to roll or coil up, as a serpent. Hence perh. pr. n. אָכָרש

קשָר pr. n. f. (fascination, r. city in Asher Josh. 19, 25.

I or אָל old demon. pron. slightly pointing out a thing = אָל אָלָא דָאָל (weaker than דָּאָל, אָל yon, hence its gradual sinking into the article *the* in Arabic, but in Heb. only exceptionally in אָלָמּדָרָש אָלְמָדָרָשׁ perh. בָּלְקָרָש

58 II a word of negation, akin to אַליל thing of nought from אַליל II; hence prop. 1) subst., nothing, only in Job 24, 25. 2) a negative particle (cf. לא, לא, לא), adverb), adverb of dissuading or deprecating (not of direct or strict prohibition, where is usual) = $\mu \eta$, L. ne, lest, that not, nay! (I beg); α) always before the future of the verb (Gram. § 152, 1) in the apoc. form (where practicable), but w. n- cohort. in 1st person, e. g. Ex. 16, 29 אל רצא ארש may no man go forth, Job 20, 17 אַל דָרָא may he not see, Gen. 22, 12 אַל השׁלַח רָדָה stretch not forth thy hand, Ps. 25, 2 אבישה may I not be ashamed,

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1

אָל

always in the tone of entreaty, not of command or of direct denial; β) not before a verb, but denying a sentence or thought understood, e.g. אָל־נָא Gen. 19, 18 no, I pray! i. e. let it not be so (cf. μή for μή daughters Buth 1, 13; 50-34 no dcw (be!) 2 Sam. 1, 21; אל־ארוח no occasions/ 2 Sam. 13, 16. Perh. making a sort of negative noun in אל־פַוָת as) אַלִקוּם (as מַתָּאָם 12, 28, אַלָקוּם (as one word) irresistible Prov. 80, 31. $s = \mu \eta$ interrogative, where a negative answer is expected, only 1 Sam. 27, 10 ye made no incursion to-day? but see Gram. § 153, 1. 4) in Ez. 9, 5 אל stands for אל at times על at times stands for by in later books.

Chald. same as the Heb. above in No. 3 but only in Bib. Chald. as in Dan. 2, 24.

אל I (c. אָלָד , אָלָי in pr. names, w. suf. only אלים Ps. 18, 3, pl. אלים אלים Ex. 15, 11, c. אָלָי; r. אָאָל I) m. 1) i. q. ארל (c. אָרל)a strong or a mighty one, a hero, e. g. אל גוֹדָם the hero of the nations, spoken of Nebuchadnezzar Ez. 31, 11, אלר גבורים the strong ones (i. e. the mightiest) of the heroes Ez. 32, 21. 2) abstr. strength, power, hence in Gen. 31, 29 יש־לאל רָדר it is (i. e. belongs) to the power of my hand, also negatively Deut. 28, 32 *it is not* (i. e. pertains not) to the might of thy hand; cf. אָבָראָל 3) especially is אַבָראָל used in the meaning God, synonymous w. אַלדים, אַלדים mostly w. the qualifying words עולם, שַהַר גַבְרוֹן, דור, the living, most high, almighty, eternal God; cf. the mighty God or hero, the sector the Messiah Is. 9, 5 and 10, 21, but in poet. even without such words. Jehovah is also called דאל (w. the article), or אַל אַלדִד רְשָׂרָאָל, אָל אַלדִד אָלויָנים, אל אלים. Of gods of other nations merely is used, but mostly w. additions אָדֶר, נַכָר strange god, or לא־אָל Deut. 32, 21 a no-god, etc. - Herewith are connected the idioms mountains of God Ps. 36, 7, cedars of God Ps. 80, 11 i.e. the loftiest, the highest of their kind. The pl. אַלִים is also used for אַרוֹנֶר or hence poet. Ps. 89, 7 בְּרֵי אֵלִים sons of God i. e. angels, see Gram. § 108, 3. - In pr. names, 📩 appears sometimes unaltered, as in פּנראל, sometimes as in אָלִתָּנָן, in the latter case it interchanges w. יְדּוֹר, etc. --in Job 42, 8 is for אַלָּרם rams, see אול r. אול I.

אַלִיקָן אָצַיקָן אָצַיקן אַצַיקן אָצַיקן אַצַיקן אַציין אַציין אַציין אַציין אַציין אַציין אַציין אַצייקן אַציין אַצייע אַציין אַציין אַציין אַציין אַציין אַצייקן אַציין אַצייקן אַצייקן אַצייקן אַצייען אַצייען אוזאַ אוואַ אַין אַניען אואַנען אואַ

אל- is a preposition, always אל (followed by Maqqeph) except in 2 Sam. 8, 7, 1 K. 7, 34, hence in the construct form, and meaning, to, towards, unto, into; a) in local relations, πρός, είς, L. ad, versus, in, hence w. verbs of motion e.g. צַלָח Deut. 17, 8, עָרַן, גוא בוא Gen. 8, 9, עַרַן בוא Ex. 25, 16, עלח Wum. 24, 12, דוֹצָרא Gen. 19, 8; β) in intellectual relations as to the direction or reference of the mind (often implying also bodily movement) e. g. w. דורופלל Gen. 20, 17, זונה (Gen. 20, 17 Num. 25, 1, דָרַש Is. 8, 19, דָרַש, Gen. 6, 6, דעקתם Jer. 26, 3, דעקתם Gen. 6, 6, where the notion of local movement or tendency is always present; also against, w. hostility im-

plied Gen. 4, 8 דַיַקָם קַיָּד אַל־אָרָדי and Cain rose against his brother. -With verbs of speaking it indicates the person or object spoken to or of, e. g. w. אָבֶר Gen. 3, 16, Jer. 22, 18, קפר Gen. 37, 10, Ps. 2, 7, דְבֶר Gen. 8, 15, Job 42, 7, 111 Jer. 27, 4, Is. 23, 11; at times it stands for Times into, within, אל־הַבָּרָת into the house Gen. 19, 3, דְּשָׁהַפָּה נָפָשׁ אָל־דִיק Lam. 2,12 life is poured out into the bosom. -With verbs of likeness, to, according to, יָבָשָׁל Is. 14, 10, דְבָר דַבָּד Ez. 81, 8. -- With verbs implying addition, together ושא לבבני 10 th, besides, Lam. 3, 41 יקשא לבבני let us raise our אַל־כַּפַרם אַל־אַל let us heart (in addition) to (i. e. besides) the open-hand to God. - Before nouns, e. g. של־פר Josh. 17, 4, according to che mouth, i. e. at the command; אל־הַנָּחִרלות Ps. 5, 1 for the flutes; at the table 1 K. 13, 20; אל־קוצים among thorns Jer. 4, 3 for the fuller אל־בָּרָ Ez. 31, 10. -- Compounds, אל־אָדור to behind, after, w. verbs אליאשר ; דְסַב , סַב ,יַצָא where- to, whither Ex. 32, 34; אל - בֵּרְנוֹח Ez. 10, 2; to for-nothing Ez. 6, 10, different from אל־מברח; to within, inside; אל־מאל to over, against, etc.

אל III also אָאָל, dem. pron. pl. for דע, דאר, *these*, only in Pentateuch and 1 Ch. 20, 8; see אַלָּה

N?N pr. n. m. (strong) 1 K. 4, 18.

אָלְבָּרִיש m. hail, Ez. 13, 11 אָלְבָרִיש stones; from גָריש גָריש געוער געט געט געט געט געט and the old Heb. article; see או I.

אַלְהָנִים, see אַלְבּר**ְהַיִים**.

φιλος) Num. 11, 26. 27.

קרָעָר pr. n. m. (perh. God's acquaintance) Gen. 25, 4.

رَلَعَ (obs.) prob. akin to Arab. لَالَعَ (obs.)

to worship or adore, The II to swear and by god or might, see r. but I. Hence mike.

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דאיל I (obs.) i. q. איל I to be strong, muscular, fleshy, hence אַלְיָה; cf. אַלָּ body Ps. 73, 4.

עלאָרָזָיָ to will or wish; or perh. akin to אָזָ to will or wish; or perh. denom. from אַ God, prop. to invoke God, hence 1) to affirm or swear by God Judg. 17, 2. 2) to intreat God, sometimes for harm = to curse Hos. 4, 2, sometimes for pity = to bewail Joel 1, 8; but this use of אָלָאָ is very prob. mimetic, akin to אָלָאָ I, אָלָ. – Hiph. to cause to swear, to adjure 1 K. 8, 81; in 1 Sam. 14, 24 אָאָז from הָאָא for הָאָרָ Gram. § 76, 2, c.

אָלָח (w. suf. אָלָח w. firm -; pl. אָלָח (אַלוח, 1) oath, curse, pl. אָלָח (אַלוח, 1) oath, curse, גא רָאָלָח to come into an oath, i. e. to swear Neh. 10, 30, וברא רָאָל to cause to come into an oath, i. e. to make swear Ez. 17, 18; וברא רָאָל to be for a curse Jer. 42, 18; ובאָל oath of cursing Num. 5, 21. 2) a covenant or agreement, as being sworn to, Gen. 26, 28. --- Cf. W. Uw, Gaek la, le, oath.

שאָל (r. אוי I.) f. 1) oak i. q. דאָאָ but more usual, and meaning also terebinth, strong and hardy like the oak (cf. $\delta \rho \tilde{u} \zeta$) Gen. 35, 4; cf. $\gamma \tilde{\lambda} \tilde{\lambda}$, $\gamma \tilde{\lambda} \tilde{\lambda}$, 2) pr. n. m. (strength) 1 K. 16, 6.

אָלָדָא Chald. (def. אָלָדָא pl. אָלָדָא Theside (אַלָּדָא אָרָא) m. God, i. q. Heb. אָלָדָא Dan. 2, 20; also for idols, Dan. 3, 25 בּר אֵלָדִרן son of gods.

קאָלו . q. אָלו . oak, as being strong Josh. 24, 26. Either a modified form for אָלָ from r. אוא L, or from לע w. like meaning.

אָבָה pron. dem. pl. com., same as in אָבָ III w. dem. היום as in אל

It refers to what follows (Gen. 2, 4) or precedes (Gen. 9, 19); mostly placed after its noun, as in Gen. 15, 1 קקרים דאלין, rarely before it (לאנגדו-אמלין) as in Ps. 73, 12. Chald. אלין

אַלה , pl. אַלה , see אַלהים.

לא Chald. interjec. see! lo! Dan. 2, 31, same as ארי (ג = ד); akin to דאר ג, $\delta \rho \Delta \omega = \lambda \Delta \omega = \lambda s \delta \sigma \sigma \omega$, Sans. laks, E. lo! = look!, W. loch! (in loch acw! = $\lambda s \tilde{s} \sigma s s \tilde{s}$, look there!)

לא (later Heb.) conj. if Est. 7, 4; for אָכדע = Syr. בֹבן, uniting wish and condition.

Dan. 11, 38 לאלות (w. pref. לאלות Dan. 11, 38 and w. suf. לאלדו Hab. 1, 11) m. a god, God (esp. in the pl. אַלחרם for דָה the true God), Aram. 动义, 四山 (on which cf. Dr. Payne Smith's Thes. Byriacus); see r. הַבָּרא Job 12, 6 הַבָּרא Byriacus) אַלוּהַ בְּרָרוֹ he brings a god in his hand, i.e. his fist is his God; cf. dextra mihi deus in Virg. Æn. 10.773. - The use of the singular (as = דָאָלוה) for the one true God is more late or poetic (Neh. 9, 17, Deut. 32, 15, Job 3, 4), the more ancient and usual form being the Plur. אלדים (often called pluralis excellentia or majestaticus, see Gram. § 108, 2, b and the Note on Rem. 1; comp. ארֹנִים), perh. because God was conceived of as the sum and substance of infinite forces (see 58 3), cf. קדשרם הצלים. As implying oneness of essence, this pl. is mostly construed w. the sing., except w. adjectives which at times take the pl. (Gram. § 112, Rem. 3; § 146, 2); but the plur. is used also to designate a god Deut. 32, 39, and even a goddess 1 K. 11, 5. - Prob. used of rulers, priests (Ex. 21, 6; 22, 8; Ps. 82, 6) as representing power or God, cf. John 10, 35; but w. the article (דאלודים) onlyforthe Eternal. - Its most important constructions are a) before another noun, as אלדל God of Jacob Ps. 20, 2; β) after another noun, where various relations are expressed, as בְּנֵר אֵלֹדִעם sons of God i. e. angels Job 38, 7; איש אלדים man of God i. e. angel Judg. 13, 6, prophet 1 K. 13, 1, godly man Deut. 33, 1; נשיא אלדים prince of God i.e. Abraham Gen. 23, 6; but w. מָשׁרֶן or we find min nearly always for God; γ) expressing what is pre-eminent or superlative, as godlike or belonging to God, e. g. היד אלדים very great mountain Ps. 68, 16; עִרר בְּדוֹלָה לָאַלִדְרם a city great to God, i. e. in his eyes, hence very great, Jonah 3, 3; cf. Acts 20 ἀστεῖος τῷ θεῷ.

לאָלל I m. prop. ingathering, hence time of harvest, 6th Heb. month, from the September to the October new-moon, Neh. 6, 15; r. אָלָל gather in or glean; Chald. אָל קראנא

אלול II m. = אַלָּדע nought in the K'thibh of Jer. 14, 14.

אלון (w. --- firm, Gram. §25) m. 1) prop. strong one, hence oak Gen. 12, 6. Used in many names of places e. g. אלון קינוינים pr. n. (magicians' oak) Judg. 9, 37; אלון קינוינים mr. n. (magicians' oak) Judg. 9, 37; אלון קינוינים אי קבויר אלון אי קר. n. (oak of Tabor) 1 Sam. 10, 3; איקר pr. n. (Mamre's oaks) Gen. 13, 18. pr. n. (teacher's oaks) Deut. 11, 30. 2) pr. n. m. Gen. 46, 14; hence patron. אלני I.

אַלון אַ m. 1) oak Gen. 35, 8; a modified form of אָאָלון, אָאָל is of אָאָלין; r. אָאָל I or אָאָל IV. 2) pr. n. m. (strong one) 1 Ch. 4, 37.

ידה or אלידה pr. n. m. (אלידה is God) Hλlac, Elijah 2 K. 2, 6.

אָלִידאָ pr. n. m. (prob. אָלִידאָ is God) 1 Ch. 26, 7.

pr. n. m. (prob. He is God) Job chaps. 32 — 35, Elihu.

אָלְדוֹעִרוֹ pr. n. m. (towards דָּרוֹעִרוֹ my eyes, according to Ps. 123, 1), Ezra 8, 4.

אָלְיוֹצֵינַי pr. n. m. (to דָּד my eyes) 1 Ch. 3, 23.

אָלְרָחָבָא pr. n. m. (God hideth) 2 Sam. 23, 32.

אָלִידְרָרָ pr. n. m. (prob. God of harvest) 1 K. 4, 3.

אָלִיל (pl. אָלִילִים) adj. m. naught, of no value, akin to אָאָ, אָל, not; hence subst. 1) אָלִילִים idols Lev. 19, 4; יאָלי healers of nothingness, i. e. worthless physicians Job 13, 4. 2) vanity Zech. 11, 17.

Job 42, 8 rams, see אָלִים אַיל = אַיל.

אָלָיָגָלָ pr. n. m. (God is king) Buth 1, 2.

אָלָך, אָלָין, אָלָין, Chald. (akin to Heb. אָלָין demon. pron. these Dan. 2, 44; from the obsol. sing. אַל this, w. the pl. ending דָרַן, אָיַרן, רִזיַרן as in דָרַן,

קָרָזָאָ pr. n. m. (God increases) Num. 1, 14.

קליקוי, pr. n. m. (God is help) Gen. 15, 2.

אָלִרְעֵיבַי pr. n. m. 1 Ch. 8, 20, i. q. אֵלִיחוֹצֵיני

אָלִרְעָם pr. n. m. (perh. God of the people) 2 Sam. 11, 3; עַבִּיאָל 1 Ch. 3, 5.

ניס אָליפָן pr. n. m. (perh. God of purity) *Eliphaz* Gen. 36, 4; Job 2, 11. גָּלָיָאָ pr. n. m. (God is judge, r. גָלָשָׁ) 1 Ch. 11, 35.

same as אַר in verse 20. 2) attached, domesticated or tame, as גַּבְשׁ אַלוּק Jer. 11, 19 a tame lamb, much attached to its owner. 3) ox i. q. אָלָק (as being tame) of com. gend., אָלָק (as bein

שׁלָשָׁ, pr. n. f. (perh. wild beast's lair, akin to ליש *lion*, גוֹכ; but Talm. *turba hominum*) a station of the Israelites in the wilderness, Num. 33, 13; r. שֹׁלָש בולים ווו.

אָלָזָבָד pr. n. m. (God's gift, θεόδωρος) 1 Ch. 26, 7; cf. יוֹנָבָד.

ר (perh. akin to דָּלָח) prop. to be turbid, only Niph. אָכָאָלָ to become foul or corrupt, in a moral sense Ps. 14, 3; see בָּלָח

אָלָחָנָ pr. n. m. (god is gracious) 2 Sam. 21, 19.

for אל God in pr. names.

Job 3, 22, see - אָל to.

אליאָר pr. n. m. (God is father) Num. 1, 9.

אליאל pr. n. m. (God is mighty) 1 Ch. 11, 46.

אליאָרָד, pr. n. m. (perh. God cometh; cf. μαραναθά 1 Cor. 16, 22) 1 Ch. 25, 4.

אָלִיָד pr. n. m. (God is a friend) Num. 34, 21.

אָלְדָדָע pr. n. m. (i. q. אָלְדָדָע 2 Sam. 5, 16. For which also בְּצֶלְיָדָע 1 Ch. 14, 7.

לְלְרָה f. fat-tail, weighing 10 or 12 pounds on oriental sheep, which was burnt as sacrifice Ex. 29, 22; r. איליד I to be strong, bulky, cf. איליד body.

אָלִיפְלְדוֹ pr. n. m. (perh. God distinguishes him) 1 Ch. 15, 18.

עליפָלָט pr. n. m. (God is rescue) 1 Ch. 3, 6, but אָלְפָלָט 1 Ch. 14, 5.

אליצור pr. n. m. (God is a rock) Num. 1, 5.

کچې pr. n. m. (God hides) Num. 3, 30, but يېزېوم Ex. 6, 22.

אָלָיקָא pr. n. m. (perh. God loathes, r. איף; cf. Apoc. 3, 16) 2 Sam. 23, 25.

3

ד. n. m. (God sets up) 2 K. 18, 18; also יחוֹנְקִים 2 K. 23, 34.

אלישבע pr. n. f. (God of oath) Ex. 6, 23, Sept. Ἐλισαβέτ; cf. Luke 1, 7, Elisabeth.

(Samaritan جَنْ) pr. n. of a western race of men; hence also of their land on the coast of the Mediterranean sea, whence purple was fetched Ez. 27, 7; who are named (Gen. 10, 4) among the descendants of Javan (חָרָ = 'láoveç, "lωνες) along w. Tarshish, etc.; hence prob. Elis in the Peloponnesus or, in s wider sense, Hellas or Æolis, as the shell-fish, producing purple, was very plentiful on the Laconian coast, the gulf of Corinth and in the Archipelagus; see <u>11</u>.

עלישרע pr. n. m. (God is salvation) 2 Sam. 5, 15.

אַלְיָשׁיב pr. n. m. (God restores) 1 Ch. 3, 24.

אָלִישָׁרָע pr. n. m. (God hears) 2 Sam. 5, 16.

אָלָשָׁע pr. n. m. (God saves) Elishah, the Prophet who lived 896–825 B. C., 2 K. chaps 2–13.

שָׁלִישָׁשָם pr. n. m. (God judges). 2 Ch. 23, 1.

אַלְרָאָד 1 Ch. 25, 27; see אַלְרָאָד 1 Ch. 25, 27; see אַלָּרָאָד. אָלָד Chald. dem. pron. plur. these,

i. q. אָלָה = Heb. אָלָה, from אָלָה; the final ; is prob. an old demonst. ending גוואס ו (obs.) to lament; clearly a mimet. r. akin to לכל , קלל , קלל , קלל לגרגיי, מאמאלע, לאבאביי, ב alas! halloo, yell, howl, wail, G. hallen, gellen, L. ululo, W. wylo, Gael. ual-lam. Hence אללי:

אליל II (obs.) akin to אא אל not, hence to be of no account, whence אַלִיל

אבלל III (obs.) akin to אַכָל, to gather in, to harvest; hence אַלאַנ

זען ווע (obs.) to be strong, akin to אָלָח , אָלָה I; hence אָלָה, אָוֹאַ.

יאָלָל interj. alas! Job. 10, 15 אולָל לי alas! for me; see אַלָל לי I.

אַלָם, pl. אַלַמיר אָלַמיר, אָלַמין, אָלָד אָלָד אָלָד אָלָד אָלָד געיל דע. אָלָם Ex. 15, 11, see אַל I = אַל

ערבי, (poet.)m. 1) dumbness, silence; אַכָּם צָּדָס וּ. e. dumb justice; but אָכָם אָרָם אָרָס well mean binding, hence bond of justice. 2) prob. name of an old song or music Ps. 56 (title) יוֹנָת אָכָם רְדִסְרָם silent dove among those af ar off (perh. the Exiles, cf. אָכָם רָד, 19); r. באָגָם

אולם see אולם I.

(pl. אַלְמִים Is. 56, 10) adj. m.

ticd (i. e. tongue-tied), dumb, as a permanent bodily defect (Gram. § 84, 9), hence the Pⁱel form, Ps. 38, 14.

גען 1 K. 7, 7 (in some texts), another form of אולם porch.

Job 17, 10 (in some editions) for אולם but.

דאלָלָבָים m. pl. 1 K. 10, 11 (but by transp. לגוּבים 2 Ch. 2, 7) almug-trees, prob. red sandal-wood. ---- The name prob. consists of גים from Sans. mocha (sandal-wood) and the art. איז the.

לָבָּדָד (from אָלָם, דם ---, הים) f. something tied up, hence a bundle of corn, a sheaf (cf. גְּבָחִים) Ps. 126, 6; r. בָּבָחִים,

דר קלמודך pr. n. m. (perh. the tall, r. קלמוד) of a people and region in Southern Arabia, perh. the Allumæotæ of Ptolemy, Gen. 10, 26.

אַלָּקֶלָּה pr. n. f. (prob. = אַלַּקֶלָּה king's oak) city in Asher Josh. 19, 26.

אַלְכָנָד adj. m., אַלְכָנָד f., made solitary, widowed Jer. 51, 5; fem. as concr. a widow, Syr. אָלָכָל Gen. 38 11; fig. also a state deprived of its king Is. 47, 8; r. באָ

אָלָמ' m. widowhood, fig. of a state without its king, only Is. 47, 9.

אַלְעָנָד, w.suf.אַלְמָנוֹת, w.suf.אַלְמָנוֹת, w.suf. אַלְמָנוֹת, w.suf. אַלְמָנוֹת, w.suf. אַלְמָנוֹת, w.suf. אַלְמָנוֹת, w.suf. אַלְמָ

גלָעָעוֹת (.only pl.) cidatels, palaces Is. 13, 22. Perh. from אַלָם to bind, to arch, cf. אולָם hall; but prob. same asrow which some MSS give (ל=ס).

אַלְבְעוּרְזים (w. suf. אַלְבְעוּרְזים, pl. אַלְבְעוּרְזים f. widowhood Gen. 38, 14. Fig. of the captive Jewish people Is. 54, 4; from אַלְבָ

אָלָמֹלָי adj. m. (from אָלָמֹלָי, silence), only in union w. אָליָד, nameless one, whose name is passed over in silence. Hence pronominally a certain one, δ deiva, such a one (comp. our Mr. so and so) Buth 4, 1.

Thald. these.

אָלְנְעָם pr. n. m. (God is delight) 1 Ch. 11, 46.

אָלָנָת pr. n. m. (God is giver) 2 K. 24, 8.

שָלָאָאָיָאָיָדָאָ (perh. for אָאָאָאָיָ) pr. n. of an Assyrian-Babylonian region Gen. 14, 1, perh. same as אָלָאָי, which the Jerusalem Targ. gives for it (see אָאָר, אָרָ אָלָאָי, and which is mentioned Is. 87, 12, so that אול (oak), אָלָא (hill) are only additions to אָאָר, אָאָר, prob. for אַמָּדר Assyria.

קלָלָר pr. n. m. (God is witness) 1 Ch. 7, 21.

אָלָדָדָד pr. n. m. (God is adornment) 1 Ch. 7, 20.

יאַלְעוּדָ pr. n. m. (God is my praises) 1 Ch. 12, 5.

٦٢٢٠ pr. n.m. (God is helper) Ex. 6, 23; Sept. Ἐλεάζαρ, later Λάζαρος.

Rod is high) a city on the east of Jordan, so named perh. from the Moabite worship of אל עליון, in Reuben, and now called in Arab. EL'Âl, Num. 32, 3.

קֿעָטָד, pr. n. m. (God made) Jer. 29, 3.

אָלָמָרם 1) only pl. אָלָמָרם tame or

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domesticated (beasts), only of the ox and cow, com. gend. (like βοῦς, L. bos. E. beeve, Kelt. bu, bo, once pite in Ps. 144, 14. 2) prop. combination (of numbers), hence a multitude (cf. רְבָבָח), then one thousand 1000, dual 2000, pl. אלפרם thousands. The object numbered stands mostly in the singular after the numeral, later often the other way. - From this the denom. Hiph. part. כאלימות Ps. 144, 13 making thousands, i. e. bearing very many. 3) a union of a thousand, i. e. of a great number, hence sometimes (like משפחה) a family, a subdivision of a tribe Judg. 6, 15. 4) pr. n. f. of a city in Benjamin Josh. 18, 28.

קאָלָם Chald. a thousand (Heb. אָלָם) Dan. 5, 1.

פָלָט and אֵלִיפָלָט see אָלִיפָלָט and פַּלָט.

אָלָשְׁלֵל pr. n. m. (God of recompense) i Ch. 8, 11.

V איין (Qal obs.) akin to איין to press together; only in Pi. אַלַץ press hard, to urge strongly, Judg. 16,16; i.q. Samar. אַלָּל =) to force.

אליצק אפא אלצקן

שוף (perh. for א not, put exceptionally w. שיף in imper. rise thou not) m. only in Prov. 80, 31 א קר ישלן אלקרים (שיא as in Ps. 94, 16 and איש implied) whom rise thou not i. e., who is irresistible, or with whom the people is (as if שיף were Arab. סי people, w. the article א), but it may be with whom God is, the true reading having been prob. אלירים, see Gram. Note³ on § 35, Rem. 1.

קרָקָרָאָ pr. n. m. (God is maker) 1 Sam. 1, 1.

שָׁרְסָשָׁ pr. n. of a small town perh. in Galilee, birth-place of Nahum. Nah. 1, 1. gentilic אָלָקשָׁי. — Perh. the name means God of the bow; cf.

DN

W المربق (obs.) perh. i. q. شام III to be strong; hence perh. شامير.

קרובל pr. n. (perh. God of birth) a city in Simeon Josh. 19, 4 and Judah Josh. 15, 80; see התיבר

אָלָקאָ, אָלָק -, pr. n. (perh. God of consternation, see r. אָרָה) a city in Dan, Josh. 19, 44.

קרקן pr. n. (perh. God of restoration, r. בקר) a city in Judah, Josh. 15, 59.

DN (prim. and mimetic; w. suf. אָמָיה, pl. אָמָיה, properly the first lisping or lip-sound of a babe, em, am, ma, hence mother; אָב ואָם Est. 2,7 father and mother i. e. parents. By has the same shades of meaning as IN, Ps. 27, 10; being used also for step-mother Gen. 37, 10, grandmother 1 K. 15, 10, or any female ancestor Gen. 3, 20; fig. for a benefactress Judg. 5,7, owner Job 17, 14; then transferred to mother-earth Job 1, 21, to a people Jer. 50, 12, to a metropolis (i. q. 1728 mother-city) as the mother producing and sustaining the inhabitants, hence פַבָּר הָתוֹום אַיָא שָׁאוֹל עָם עִיר הָבָל אָרֵץ are usually thought of as feminine. ערר ואם 28am. 20, 19 acity and mother. i. e. metropolis; אם הַכָּרָה the mother way, i.e. the chief road from which another branches off as a cross-way Ez. is inflect-גאש דָרָה = פון is inflected as if derived from אַכְים (really a denom. from this noun), but is doubtless (like ⊐x) taken from infant lips, as most nurseries in the worldcan testify; cf.Sans. mâ, Gr. μαῖα, μάμμα, μή-τηρ, L. mam-ma, ma-ter, Kelt. mam, Ger. Amme, Ger. and Eng. ma-ma, mut-ter, mo-ther, Arab. 1 omm, Copt. mau, Esquimoam-ama, Maltese am, Slavon. ma-ti.

DN (perh. a pronom. root) akin to דָק, Syr. , , Chald. דֶק, Arab. in, Copt. an, Ethiop. čm; cf. Gr. av, hv, el, Lat. an, en, si, W. ai, os, also E. if, which answers very much to DN in sound and sense, perh. also in origin: all these particles prob. being originally demonstrative like הַל, הָא, אָדָל, אָד, Syr. on, on; hence prop. there! if now! But practically DN is an interrog. or conditional particle, like our if. 1) adv. interrog. (like 🖪, Gr. ħ, Lat. an? num?) if? whether? — a) in a simple or direct question (for) without being dependent on a foregoing clause 1 K. 1,27. — β) in an indirect or dependent question, el, if, whether, usually after verbs of asking, inquiring, doubting, looking 2 K. 1, 2, Cant. 7, 13. $-\gamma$) in a disjunctive question whether - or? the clauses of which are connected thus, דלמי אַהָד in Josh. 5,13 דלמי אַהָד אם-לצרינו whether for us art thou or for our foes? - I Gen. 17, 17 (L. sive -sive), DN - DN Job 6, 12, w. emphasis on 1st clause דאם Job 34, 17. If the question is continued further, with different subjects, then there maystand אם אם היא or more varied Ps. 94, 9. – 2) Here- ה_הלא אם ה with many connect a negative sense no, not (as if = \dot{a} , only in effect, not in reality, any more than our if is ever really no) especially in protesting and swearing, e. g. Ps. 95, 11 Isware אם־רְבָאוּך if they shall enter, Sept. el elsedeusovtai (cf. Heb. 3, 11), Vulg. si introibunt; where neither Ex nor el is strictly neg. any more than si and if, but the not is only inferred from the clause to be mentally supplied, thus if they shall enter then my oath will be in vain, which cannot be; cf. 78, 78, 78, 78, 78. --

3) conj. if, in conditional sentences,

אם לא *if not*, w. the fut. Judg. 4, 8, also w. perf. אם עטיחד Ps. 7, 4, Buth 2, 21 אָם כָּלָד אָם Sept. צשג מי דבאב געם גען, Sept. צע מי דבא געש גען, w. a participle Judg. 9, 15, w. infin. constr. Job 9, 27. - Here belong also those cases, where DN (like if) may be conveniently rendered by when, since (Gen. 47, 18 Am. 7, 2), comp. Ger. wenn (if) = wann (when), or other shades of meaning suited to the context; DX "D after a negative clause is *but*, else after an affirmative it is for if, that if; in wishing DN, at times united w. N), is if now! oh that! - In composition, הלא = האם, L.nonne? expecting answer Yes Num. 17, 28, Job 6, 13; אם לא ,a) is not? Is. 10, 9; β) if not Ps. 7, 13; γ) after a negative but Gen. 24, 38; cf. al µŋ, L. nisi, Chald. אָלא for אָם־לָא unless.

קאָסְאָרָאָ (Hos. 4, 6 in some texts) 1 fut. Qal of אָרָאָשָ w. suf. ק and א for ק cohort., perh. meant to be pronounced אָרָאָסָאָ

אַמָּדרן or אַמָּדר Chald. (pl. אַמִּדן) f. ell, cubit Dan. 8, 1; see Heb. אַזָּד.

געָם (obs.) perh. akin to אָרָאָ to join; hence perhaps

אָמָרְזָר אָמָרָז אָמָרָז (w. suf. אָמָרָז אָמָרָז אָמָרָז (w. suf. אָמָרָז אָמָד (אָמָרוֹז אַמָר (w. suf. אָמָרוֹז (אָמָרוֹז (אָמָרוֹז (אַד (אַמָרוֹז (אַמָר אָמָר (אַר אָמָרוֹז (אַר אָמָרוֹז (אַר אָמָרוֹז slave, hence (אָמָר אָז son of a female slave = slave Ex. 23, 12. אָמָרוּ was used for I even by free women in addressing a superior or master 1 Sam. 1,11; Chald. אַמָרוּ and size אַמָרוּ אַמָרוּ אַמָרוּ הַאַמָרוּ גוו אַמָא siso prob. mimet. and akin to אַכָּרוּ גוו used for a nurse.

אום זסאָרם *terror;* r. אום אום אים.

אַנָּרִים, dual אַנָּרִים, pl. מוּצָא; from אַ mother) f. 1) mother-city, a metropolis; thus in the phrase in 2 Sam.

8, 1 David took the bridle of the metropolis out of the hands of the Philistines, i. e. subdued the city. 2) a foundation, האמית דוסקים Is.6,4 foundations of the thresholds. 3) mother (perh. joint) of the arm, i.e. fore-arm below the elbow joint; hence, as a measure, cubit, ell, about=18 inches; fig. measure, as in דַבָּצַהָ Jer. 51, 13 the measure of thy robbery. 4) pr. n. of a hill (perh. mother-hill i.e. chief hill) 2 Sam. 2, 24.

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לאמין (from שֹּׁא, cf. שָּׁאָ) f. a people, a community or race; only pl. אַמָּדֹין Ps. 117, 1, אַמָּדֹין Gen. 25, 16. אַמָּדֹין Num. 25, 15 head of peoples; cf. Arab. ליין 'ummah a people. Prob. akin to אַ and so meaning those sprung from a common mother (cf. המדָּדִין); but see אַ

אָבָדָא, def. (אַבּיָא, def. אָבָיָא,) f. a people, tribe Dan. 3, 4.

אָמָה see אַבָּתהוֹת.

(1723) I m. 1) a builder, architect (= 75%); in Prov. 8, 30 used of wisdom, personified as a female artificer, but without the fem. form (Gram. § 107, 1, Rem.); but some take it here for supporter. 2) pr. n. m. of king of Judah, B. C. 644-642, 2K. 21, 18.

קרמון for הסמון *a multitude*, only in Jer. 52, 15 by a Chaldaism.

γίας III pr. n. of an Egyptian god, Amon, Άμμών, Jer. 46, 25, in the ancient Egyptian language, Aum, fully Aum-Re i. e. Amon-Sun. He was chiefly worshipped in Thebes (γίας Ναμ. 3, 8, Greek Διόσπολις). Amon signifies according to Champollion, elevation; cf. ἄμβων, L. umbo.

אָרָלרן (for אָמָדּוּרָם, pl. אָמָדּוּרָם) אָרָאָרָ c. אָמָרָנָים m. prop. a stay or prop, then trustiness, fidelity, Deut. 32, 20. The pl. designates, 1) as a collect. abstract, fidelity, Prov. 20, 6 איש אַמוּנִים a man of fidelity, i. e. trusty; 2) concrete, Ps. 12, 2 where אַמוּנִים as part. pass. of אַמּוֹנָים trusted ones, הוכדסו the faithful.

אָמוּלוח (from אָמוּלָדָה; pl. אָמוּלָדָה; Prov. 28, 20) f. 1) firmness, Ex. 17, 12 and his hands were firmness, i. e. firm. 2) security Is. 33, 6. 3) faithfulness, of God Deut. 82, 4; also of men towards God, hence faith, trust, Syr. באנרל, Sept. הלבדנ, Hab. 2,4 comp. Gen. 15, 6.

YTAN pr.n.m. (courageous) father of the prophet Isaiah, Is. 1, 1.

אָלָאָ pr. n. m. Ezr. 2, 57, but אָמוֹן in Neh. 7, 59.

אָמָת, see אָמָרם

אָרָיערן אָרָיירן אָרָיירן אַרָיירן אַרָיירן אַרָיירן אַרָיין אַרָיין אַרָיין צוא 28am.13, 20, as if from a form אַכִּין syr. אַכִּין true. See אָכִין.

אָבָיר (r. אָבָר II) m. high, hence a) perh. mountain-top Is. 17, 9; β) tree-top, אָבָיר אָבָיר on the head of the tree-top Is. 17, 6. Cf. אָבָר אָבָיר,

אָבָל or אָבָאָ akin to אָבָל (which see), to fall, to droop, to languish, only part. אָבְלָה לְבָחָ is thy heart languished (through passion) Ez. 16, 30. – Pulal אָבְלָל (so אָבְלָל , אָבְלָל , אָבְלָל (so שׁוֹא אָבְלָל , אָבְלָל (so שׁוֹא אָבְלָל , אָבְלָל (so שׁוֹא אָבָלָל , אָבָלָל (so שׁוֹא אָבָלָל , אָבָלָל (so שׁוֹא אָבָלָל , אָבָלָל (so שׁוֹא אָבָל , אָבָלָל (so שׁוֹא אָבָלָל , אָבָלָל , שָׁרָלָל (so שׁוֹא אָבָל , אָבָלָל , אָבָלָל (so שׁוֹא אָבָל , אָבָלָל , אָבָלָל , אָבָלָל , אָבָלָל , אָבָלָל (so שׁוֹא אָבָל , אָבָלָל , אָבָלָל , אָבָלָל , אָבָלָל , אָבָלָל , אָבָלָל , אַבָּלָל , אָבָלָל , אַבָּלָל , אָבָלָל , אָבָלָל , אָבָלָל , אַבָּלָל , אָבָלָל , אַבָלָל , אָבָלָל , אַבָּלָל , אַבָּלָל , אָבָלָל , אָבָלָל , אַבָּלָל , אַבָלָל , אַבָלָל , אַבָּלָל , אָבָלָל , אַבָּלָל , אַבָּלָל , אַבָּלָל , אָבָלָל , אַבָּלָל , אַבָּלָל , אָבָלָל , אָבָלָל , אָבָלָל , אָבָלָל , אַבָּלָל , אָבָלָל , אַבָּלָל , אָבָלָל , אַבָלָל , אָבָלָל , אַבָלָל , אַבָלָל , אָבָלָל , אָבָלָל , אָבָלָל , אַבָלָל , אַבָלָל , אָבָלָל , אַבָלָל , אַבָלָל , אָבָלָל , אַבָלָל , אַבָלָל , אַבָלָל , אַבָלָל , אַבָלָל , אַבָלָל , אַבָלַל , אַבָילָל , אַבָעָל

אָרָלָלים (pl. אַכַּלָלים) adj. m. languid, weak, only Neh. 3, 34. Redupl. from

> perh. the — has remained firm
 from the original intrans. notion; see
 > pg. Of. ἀμβλύς.

DAN (obs.) akin to by, by to join, to combine..... This root is prob. connected w. the primitive by mother, as the natural bond of union; also w. πορ, the same word modified and expressing dependence or subordination, hence a woman dependent on the family or bound to it, as also προψ means a woman tied to the family (cf. δούλη from δέω, L. famula from äµa = simul); hence a people as being a union (cf. δημος) was called πρω, by.

דעק pr. n. f. (a rendezvous) city in Judah Josh 15, 26; r. ניסאָ

אבן I akin to r. אָבָן, I, דְרָזָ, 1) trans. to make firm, to found, to prop up, to build, hence אָכָר pillar, אָכָן pillar, אָכָן and jink architect; to sustain, to nurse i. e. to carry Lam. 4, 5, hence the part. אֹמָן sustaining, hence nursing-father or guardian, παιδαγωγός, Num. 11, 12; f. אֹמֵינָה a nurse Ruth 4, 16. 2) intrans. to be firm, hence to be reliable, trusty, faithful; part. pass. אמונים prop. depended on, i. e. the faithful, πιστοί, Ps. 31, 24.- Niph. בא to be made firm, part. קקום נאפן a firm, sure place Is. 22, 23; לא האמנו ye shall not be established or secure Is. 7, 9; β) to be durable, lasting, sure Hos. 5, 9, בית נאפן an abiding house (posterity) 1 Sam. 2, 35, but also of a chronic sickness Deut. 28, 59, of an unfailing supply of water Is. 33,16; 7) to be nourished, carried, as a child, Is. 60, 4; δ) to be faithful, true, such as can be depended on, used of God Is. 49, 7, a servant Num. 12, 7, messenger Prov. 25, 13, a witness Is. 8, 2. - Hiph. to hold firmly, w. a on to something, hence to trust

in, to credit as true, absol. Is. 7, 9; to believe w. ם (בדיון Gen. 15, 6 in the Lord); oftener w. ל Gen. 45, 26, Ex. 4, 9; w. Job 9, 16; also w. infin. Job 15, 22; w. acc. Judg. 11, 20; perh. to halt, of the war-horse in Job 89, 24, where others prefer to believe.

זְיָמִדן II (Qal obs.) akin to יְמִדן right hand, hence denom. Hiph. (fut. יְאָמִדן) to turn to the right Is. 80, 21; cf. Gen. 13, 9.

ער לאבען Chald. Aph. דָּרָפָן Dan. 6, 24, i. q. Hiph. of אָצָן I, to trust; part. pass. קַדַעפן Dan. 2, 45 trusted, faithful.

المجرز m. prob. exercised, skilled, hence architect, artist, Cant. 7, 2; r. المجرز I.

72% adj. m. firm, faithful, hence a) subst. fidelity, γαν τον good of faithfulness Is. 65, 16, comp. Apoc. 3, 14; β) adv. truly Jer. 28, 6, certainly, chiefly as confirmation at the end of sayings Num. 5, 22, Ps. 41, 14. Hence ἀμήν often in Bib. Gr., Neh. 5, 13, but Sept. mostly γένοιτο so be it/ Ps. 72, 19; r. 72% I.

⁷², m. truth, faithfulness, Is. 25, 1; r. بچور I.

אָרָעָרָן (דאָבָין ד, 1) fixedness, hence allowance, i. e. wages Neh. 11, 23; firmness i. e. a compact Neh. 10, 1. 2) pr. n. of a mountain ridge of Antilibanus (Talm. אָרָעָרָן) Cant. 4, 8; hence also name of a river 2 K. 5, 12 (now אָרָבָר) Baradi, Greek Xpucoộboac) because it flowed down from 'Amana. The K'thibh in 2 K. 5, 12 has אָרָבָר) and a being often interchanged). — The name may refer to the mountain's firmness or the river's perennial flow.

(only pl. אֹכְעָרָה) f. columns, pillars 2 K. 18, 16; r. אַכָּו

('ŏmnā', from ٦٩,') f. 1) bringing up, fostering, Est. 2, 20. 2) for דָאָרָע ('ŏmnā'm) as adv. truly Josh. 7, 20.

TEAN 2K. 12, 16 for IT TOX fidelity.

קלנלך pr. n. m. (faithful) 2 Sam. 3, 2. Cf. אַכִינוֹך.

ي (from تجنه)adv. truly, certainly Job 34, 12, Gen. 18, 13.

געליד f. 1) perh. as sing. of אֹבָיעוֹי in 2 K. 18, 16 columns, posts. 2) fostermother Ruth. 4, 16; r. אָבָעוֹיד I.

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אמא (fut. אָמַר) prob. akin to דָםָק, הָבָס, prop. to be sharp, hence to be alert, strong; used of the feet, to be swift (comp. אָמֹץ); of the mind, to be dauntless 2 Ch. 13, 18; w. of to be stronger than, to prevail over, Gen. 25, 23. - Pi. 1) to make firm, i. e. stiff and unbending, e. g. לא תאמץ אתרלבבה thou shalt not make thy heart hard, i. e. obstinate Deut. 15, 7; to make strong, i.e. establish e.g. a house 2 Ch. 24, 13, heaven Prov. 8, 28; to make courageous, bold, through assistance given, Deut. 3, 28; to confirm, e. g. the sinking knees, Job 4, 4; 2) to set off or pick out, to select, e. g. בְּרָאָרָם the son of man (i. e. Israel) whom thou hast chosen (FIRE) for thyself Ps. 80, 18; w. 7 to select among Is. 44, 14. - Hiph. to act courageously Ps. 27, 14. - Hith. to shew oneself bold, alert, hence of alertness 1 K. 12, 18, of firm resolve Buth 1, 18. Hence אמרץ and

אָבאָדים (pl. אָבאָדים) adj. m. active, fleet, used of horses in Zech. 6, 3, 7; but others referit here to some strong colour, e. g. deep red (after the Sept. הטָלָסו in some texts), as if we had קיבין, which see under אָבין.

אַביץ, אַבּע, see אַבּע.

ראָרָאָ (r. אָמָאָ) f. strength, only in Zech. 12, 5.

"YAN pr. n. m. (brave) Neh. 11, 12.

אַרַאָרָא, דירָאָרָאָ pr. n. m. (strength of די,) king of Judah, B. C. 840—11, 2 K. 12, 22; 14, 1.

אמל I (prob. mimetic, see אקל I; cf. our mumble, murmur) fut. ראָטַר w. disjunct. accent and in pause, but with conjunct. accent and ז ואמר consec.,1 p. sing. אָמָר, inf. c. אָמֹר, (לאמר אמר always for לאמר (לאמר), 1) to say; differing from הבר to speak, אמר, being almost always followed by what is spoken, which handles not require, e. g. Lev. 1, 2 speak Ter to Israel and say רְאָמַרָת to them (here follows what is to be said). So the , lit. for to say i. e. saying = namely, is used as a formula of quotation, where then the very expression follows Ex. 6, 10 or the acc. of what is said Jer. 14, 17, which latter but rarely appears to be omitted, e. g. Gen. 4, 8 Cain said (it, namely what God had spoken to him in v. 7), where the Samar. adds دלכה nutricer let us go to the field and the Sept. διέλθωμεν είς τὸ πεδίον. — The person to whom one says a thing is put w. بلا or بخ Gen. 3, 16. 17; also of whom 2 K. 19, 32, Gen. 20, 13, Ps. 3, 3; or w. acc. as in Gen. 43, 27 your aged father אַטָר אַכְרָהָם whom ye said, i. e. ye spoke of; hence w. b to name or call Is. 5, 20, so named Mic. 2, 7; also as the context requires, it may be to admonish Job 36, 10; to promise 2 Ch. 32, 24; to praise Ps. 40, 11; to announce Ex. 19, 25. 2) to think Ex.

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2, 14, elliptically for the full expression אַכָּר בָּלָב to say in the heart i. e. meditate Gen. 17, 17, Ps. 4, 5 (cf. $\varphi\eta\mu i$ in Homer). 3) to command, chiefly in later Heb. as Est. 1, 17, in 1 K. 11, 18 להם אַמָר לו he ordered bread for him. - Niph. to be said, w. אָל to somebody נאַמָר to be said, w. נאַמָר Num. 23, 23, Ez. 13, 12; w. 5 also to be named Hos. 2, 1; קרוש יאמר-לו holy shall be said to him i. e. he shall be called Is. 4, 3. האמר (impersonally) it is said, esp. in quotation Gen. 10, 9, Num. 21, 14. - Hiph. to cause to say, w. the acc. e. g. דאמירך He has made thee say, i. e. has pledged thee, Deut. 26, 18. - Hith. דְּרָאָפֶּר to boast or lift up oneself Ps. 94, 4; but this might belong to אַכָּר II.

אָרָאָ II (obs. unless perh. in Ps. 94, 4) to be high; akin by metathesis to אָרָאָ (cf. אָאָרָ שָׁכָל) and אָרָאָ Hence אָאָלִד, אָאָרָר, אָאָרָר, it le *Emîr*, denoting *eminence*, used of princes.

לאמר Chald., 3 fem. אָמְרָח (גַּמְרָח (גַּמָרָ (גַשָּרָ (גַשָּרַ (גַשָּרָ (גַשָּרָ (גַשָּרַ (גַשַר (גַשָּרַ (גַשָר (גַשָּרַ (גַשָר (גַשָרַ (גַשָּרַ (גַשָּרַ (גַשָּרַ (גַשָּרַ (גַשָּרַ (גַשָּרַ (גַשָר (גַשָּרַ (גַשָר (גַשַר (גַשָר (גַשָר (גַשַר (גַשָר (גַשַר (גַשָר (גַשָר (גַשַר (גַשָר (גַשָר (גַשָר (גַשָר (גַשַר (גַשָר (גַשָר (גַשָר (גַשָר (גַשָר (גַשָר (גַשָר (גַשָר (גַשַר (גַשַר (גַשָר (גַשַר (גַשַר (גַשַר (גַשַר (גַשַר (גַשָר (גַשַר (גַר (גַשַ

אָרָיר אָמָרָים אָרָיר (in sing. only w. suf. אָרָיר Job 20, 29, pl. אָמָרָים, c. אָמָרָי אַרָר אָמָרָי גָאָ גָר גער מוני, אָמָרָי אָמָרי אָמָרָי אָמָרָי מוני, אָמָרָי אָמָר אָמָרָי אָמָרָי נון אַמָרי שָׁמָר אָמָרי שָׁמָר נון אַמָרי אָמָר אָמָר אָמָרָי אַמָר אָמָר אָמָר אָמָר גָעַת גָּרָיָה אָמָר גאַמָר אָמָר אָמָר אָמָר גאַמָר אָמָר אָמָר אָמָר גאַמָר אַמָר אָמָר אָמָר גאַמָר אַמָר אַמָר ג אַמָר אַמָר אַמָר ג אַמָר אַמָר אַמָר ג אַמָר אַמָר אַמָר ג אַמָר אַמָר גער אַמָר ג אָמָר אַמָר ג אַמָר אַמָר אַמָר ג אָמָר אַמָר ג אַמָר אַמָר ג אַמָר אַמָר ג אַמָר אַמָר אַמָר ג אַמָר אַמָר אַמָר אַמָר ג אַמָר אַמָר ג אַמָר אַמָר ג אַמָר אַמָר ג אַמָר אָמָר ג אַנ ג אַמָר אַמָר ג אַמָר אַמָר אַמָר ג אַמָר ג אַמָר ג אַמָר ג אַנ ג אַמָר ג אַנ

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אַבָּר (chald. (pl אָבָר ה. lamb, prop. for אָבָר wool-bearer, cf. L. laniger (from צָבֶר Heb. מָבָ wool), Ezr. 6, 9. Syr. זענין, Arab. געסן, lamb; prob. hence מעטלג.

אָמֵר pr. n. m. (perh. tall, r. אָמָר II) Jer. 20, 1.

לביר (poet.) m. 1) a word, poetic speech (cf. ξπος) Ps. 19, 4, song of victory (ἐπινίχιον) Hab. 3, 9. 2) promise Ps. 77, 9. 3) like קבר matter or thing Job 22, 28; r. אבר I.

קלל (obs., r. אָאָד I) m. height, mountain range, hence gentilic אָמֹרָי.

אָבְרָה. אַבְרוֹת. אַבְרָה. אַבְרָה. אַבְרָה. אָבְרָה. אַבָּר. אַבָּר. I) f. utterance Ps. 18, 81, poetic speech, a song Gen. 4, 23.

אָאָרָד, f. i. q. אִאָרָד, only Lam. 2, 17.

אָכָלָרָ pr. n. m. (mountaineer or highlander) Amorite, a Canaanitish race of people on what was subsequently the Mountains of Judah Gen. 48, 22. Sept. Άμοβάῖοι; their land is named in Josephus Άμωρῖτις, Άμορία. Prob. from אָכָר, r. אָכָר II.

אָרָרָ pr. n. m. (prob. eloquent, r. אָקַר I) Neh. 3, 2.

אַבַּיְרְדָה , אַבַיְרְדָה pr. n. m. (promise of דָיָ; cf. Θεόφραστος) 1 Ch. 5, 37; 2 Ch. 19, 11.

אָרָיָרָשָּל אָרָיָרָשָּל Shinar Gen. 14, 1; perh. for אָרָיָרָשָּל for אָרָשָר אָרָר אָרָרָא אָרָד for the Dagh. f., w. בּ inserted for the Dagh. f., w. בּ בּ dimin. ending; cf. 'Aβמָמממעוֹדיג, a region of northern Assyria, also אָרָשַ-קָשָׁר אָרָשָּר הָשָׁר

שבא (obs.) akin to שיש, to pass away. Hence

אַנַה אָזָא Jon. 1, 14) 'a'nnâ for NJTH, interj. of intreaty, ah now! ah I pray thee! at the beginning of a sentence Ex. 32, 31 where the merely enclitic x; cannot stand. In very pressing intreaties the N) can be repeated Gen. 50, 17.

> אָרָדַע Chald., see r. יִדַע. RIN pron. I, see NIN.

interrog. adv. whither? (prop. where-ward? from w. n--- local) in double questions, אַר־מַוָּח—וָאָנָח whence? — and whither? Gen. 16, 8, or אַנָח – וּמַאָרן whither? – and *whence?* Judg. 19, 17, or לִמִי — יְאֵנָח – יָאֵנָח to whom? — and whither? Gen. 32, 18; ער־אַנָח till when? how long? Ex. 16, 28. Some texts have for אנה In Ps. 139, 7. - Without interrog. אַנָה hither and thither 1 K. 2, 36. 42.

i. q. אָנָח , from אָנָ w. – for 77---- loc. 2 K. 5, 25.

דינן, אָנִד I mimet. akin to דְּנָן, אָנַד II, אָנָק, to sigh, to lament Is. 3, 26. Hence האניה, אניה; cf. avla.

TIN II (Qal obs.) akin to III, to bow or incline, דונה III, to bow or hence to meet or approach; hence perh. אנה with (for אנה). - Pi. אנה prop. to make something tend or incline some way, hence (said of God) to cause to occur Ex. 21, 13. - Pu. to be made to occur, to befall Prov. 12, 21; Ps. 91, 10. - Hith. to seek (for oneself) opportunity or occasion, w. > against somebody 2 K. 5, 7. — Hence האַנָה, האַנָה.

N III obsol. in Semitic but prob. akin to véw, to swim or float,

Wax m. prop. of time, by-gone, past, hence 1) yester-night, last night (cf. Arab. امس ems, yesterday) used as adv. Gen. 19, 34; yesterday in 2 K. 9, 26, opp. מָאָדֵר = מָדָר after-day i. e. to-morrow. 2) night in general, only Job 30, 3 nyi way the night of desolation, i. e. nightlike wastes, as Kimchi, Rashi and other Rabbis explain; r. wox.

ראַמָנָת (for אַמַנָת, w. suff. אָמָנָא; r. ו אָכָי I) f. firmness Ps. 19, 10, hence 1) certainty Josh. 2, 12. 2) faithfulness Is. 59, 14, truth Gen. 42, 16, truchcartedness Gen. 24, 49, usually in connection w. אָמָן See אָמָן I.

nin (only c. and w. suf. אַמָקוּתוּהוֹ, pl. c. אָמָקוּתוּהוֹ) f. a sack or bag Gen. 42, 27; perh. prop. cloth, from מְשָׁתָּה to spread out, like מְשָׁתָּה cloak from דעוד; cf. py.

TAK pr. n. m. (truthful, from w. adj. ending ----) Jon. 1, 1; where the Syr. has what datos, es if they took מַהֵּר for אַמָּתִי

אָמְתָּנִית Chald. adj. f. for אָרְיָתוֹי (r. 四页) strong, powerful, perh. wellhipped, from בְּחַנֵרָן hips, regarded as the seat of strength, Dan. 7, 7; on the use here of the masc. form for the fem. see on אדורי.

interrog. adv. where? whither? 1 Sam. 10, 14, in the Targ. for "X, shortened for הותרן (cf. היתר and היתר), hence כדיאן whence? 2 K. 5, 25; כדיאן until when? how long? Job 8, 2. Rarely for אנה which see below.

TX, see Tix.

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NN Chald. Dan. 2, 8, oftener pron. 1 pers. i. q. Heb. "X I. In Dan. 7, 15 רדהר אנה lit. my spirit I (i. e. even mine), the אַנָה used for emphasis; see Gram. § 121, 8.

L. no, Bret. neûi, W. novio, Sans. niv; perhaps akin to *fish*, i. e. swimmer; hence אַרָּיָה,

Jon. 1, 14; 4, 2; see NR.

לאל pers. pron. we, only in K'thibh of Jer. 42, 6, where the Q'ri has the common form אַרָאָרָא, but the former is better here; hence the suffixes $(1, 1)^{-1}$, $(1, 2)^{-1}$, and the afformative $(1, 2)^{-1}$, $(1, 2)^{-1}$, and the

להלך Chald. pers. pron. m., אַכָּרן f. i. q. Heb. הַן, הָנ they Dan. 2, 44; 7, 17; from הַדין, היק and the prefixed demonstrative particle הַדָּין אַ

שרוש (= Chald. אַנָשׁ, whence perh. pl. אַנשרם, c. אַנשרט; but see Note on WW m. 1) human being, like by, but only in poetry; rarely for man as individual as in Job 5, 17, usually collective (hence without a pl. form) for mankind Deut. 32, 26; poet. בן־אַנוֹש Ps. 144, 3. Often in poetry w. the accessory notions α) of the crowd (cf. $\delta\chi\lambda\alpha\varsigma = L.$ vulgus), hence בְּחֵרֶט אַנוֹש w. a vulgar stylus Is. 8, 1, i. e. in the popularly legible writing; β) base men Job 25, 6; Ps. 8, 5. But the meanings α and β do not necessarily belong to the proper sense of wing; see Ps. 8, 6. 2) pr. n. m. (a man) Enosh Gen. 4, 26.

(Qal obs.) akin to τιχε, μτ II, μτ, only Niph. το to lament, to moan, δδύρεσθαι, w. τη Ez. 9, 4 or w. τη Ex. 2, 23 of the object for which one mourns, also absolute Lam. 1, 4; said of animals Joel 1, 18.

(אָגָדְוֹת אָגָדָת (w. suf. אָגָדָת גו אָגָדָת) f. complaint Ps. 102, 6; sigh Ps. 31, 11. In Is. 21, 2 גַּל־אַנְקָתָה sighing i. e. caused by her, the suf. should have Mappiq, דָּיָדָ, זָיָדָ,

Chald. pers. pron. i. q.

Heb. אָדָיָדָא, we Dan. 3, 16; also אָדָיָדָא Ezr. 4, 16.

אָרָדְעָלָ pers. pron. 1 pl. com. we; once אָלָדָע Jer. 42, 6. As in all pers. pronouns, an (—א) is prob. a demonstr. prefix, and אָרָן is perh. equal to אָלָג, w. the prosthetic letter ד hardened for א, like the Chald. אָרָדָע The shortened form בָּרָע (Gen. 42, 11) occurs but 6 times.

pr. n. f. (perh. panting) a city in Issachar Josh. 19, 19; see נְחֵרָת.

קריז (pl. אויייה, once K'thibh אוייייז 2 Ch. 8, 18) f. a ship Jonah 1. 3; a noun of unity, therefore taking the plural Gen. 49, 13.

ל. sighing, lamentation Lam. 2, 5; cf. àvía; r. אַנָה I.

אַניק Chald. they; see אָניק.

קריקס pr. n. m. (the people's sighing) i Ch. 7, 19.

sharp. Hence perhaps

m. perh. some pointed tool or instrument used in building, an awd or graver, for marking and designing (comp. אָשָׁרָשׁ, hence in the Sept. and Symmachus ἀδάμας (steel point), used for engraving, cf. Chald אָאָבָאָא, אָעָנָ.



Only in Amos 7, 7 The rule wall of the graver, i. e. built by plan and measure; v. 8 I set the graver (so. of desolation) in the midst of my people, i. e. I will destroy utterly, as if by plan and measure. But most take The here for tin or lead (Sans. någa or vanga), and hence plummet, which suggests substantially the same meaning in this very obscure passage; comp. Is. 84, 11.

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تعليم (in pause بلاخت) personal pron. com. gend. I, the primary and fuller form belonging to the ancient period of the language, and hence oftener found in the Pentateuch, but in later writings e. g. Ezekiel, Chronicles, it gives place, w. few exceptions, to the shorter form بيز. — It is formed like the Coptic ANOK from the demonstrative particle an, and the wide spread pronom. form ôki, Sax. ic, Dutch ik, Ger. ich, έγώ, L. ego, E. I, Sans. aham; see Gram. § 32, Note on Bem. 1.

עָאָדָא i. q. דָּאָגָא, I, only Hith. דִּאָזאוֹן to bemoan oneself Lam. 3, 39; to murmur Num. 11, 1; Sept. γογγύζειν.

DIN akin to wiy, Syr. mij, prop. to press, to urge, hence to force, only in Est. 1, 8. Of. Syr. mmi, ἀνάσσω, ἀνωγα.

DIN Chald. i. q. Heb. 528, only in Dan. 4, 6 no secret presses thee, i. e. troubles.

(fut. אַבָּר prop. to breathe through the nose, to pant or snort through anger, hence to be angry, w. at somebody 1 K. 8, 46; Ps. 85, 6; absolutely Ps. 2, 12. — Hith. to be angry, w. a of person against whom, Deut. 1, 37. --- This root is mimet. akin to אָבָה הָשָׁה, הָשָׁה, שָׁבָי, שָׁבָי, πνέω, L. paveo, E. pant, blow, breathe, puff, snuff, G. schnauben, or some such sounds in all tongues, expressive of breathing and often also anger or temper; cf. ἐμπνέων ἀπειλῆς xal φόνου Acts 9, 1. — Hence <code>[M] II</code> nose, anger, Syr. [A] (pl. Li) face, Arab. Li).

Chald. (obs.) i. q. Heb. אַגָּאָ אַרָאָשָרָ Chald. (only pl. אָאָשָרָ, w. suf. אַאַשְּׁרָשָׁי, m. face, prop. the nostrils of man Dan. 2, 46; i. q. Heb. אַשָּׁרָם.

FDN f. name of an unclean bird Lev. 11, 19, Deut. 14, 18; so called from its hard breathing or hissing, when provoked, hence angry bird; according to the Sept. sandpiper (χαραδριός); others say the heron; others the parrot, as in the Arab. version; r. FDN.

(fut. PM) prop. to cry w. anguish, hence to groan, of the wounded Ez. 26, 15. — Niph. to sob, sigh Ez. 24, 17. — Mimet. and akin to MM, PM, PM, Cf. άγχω, L. ango, Dan. and Swed. anken, Ger. enge, W. yng, E. anguish. Hence

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עובא II (obs.) perh. akin to שַׁשָּׁא



to be strong. Hence, perhaps, אָנוֹשׁ, Chald. אָבָר, גַבָר,

על געשא Chald. (def. אַנָשָא Dan. 2, 38, also אַנִישָׁא Dan. 5, 21, אַנישָׁא Dan. 4, 13 K'thibh, pl אַנישָׁים Dan. 4, 14) human being, man, i. q. Heb. אַנישׁים See Note on אַנישׁ

שָׁנָשִׁים m. men; pl. of אָישׁים which see; also of Chald. אָיָשׁ in Dan. 4, 14.

געניז (obs.) perh. akin to אָנָה to incline to, to meet. Hence perh. אינוון prep. with for אַנָיז; cf. Arab. בَنَدَ to meet.

الإبتان Chald. (Q'ri بالإبتان) i. q. Heb. الجبي, pron. 2 p. s. m. thou, Dan. 2, 29 (from الب ج ; see الجبي), for which بالم in com. gend. is always put in the Masoretic Q'ri. Arab. ألكَ , Syr. 44, Maltese ynt, Ethiop. an-eta.

אָרָזּוּזָ Chald. (i. q. Heb. אַרָזּוּזָ 2 pers. pl. m. of אַנְקָדוּ אַנָקָד, ye Dan. 2, 8; in Targum אָבָרָא אַרָד, Syr. אַרָאָן, Arab.

NON (obs.) akin to πψχ, ψυχ to be strong, hence to heal. Chald. Νοχ, Syr.

NÇN pr. n. m. (healer or physician) king of Judah (B. C. 955-914) 1 K. 15, 8.

trouble, injure, hence بېتې; cf. Arab. to hurt, perh. xýôw to vex, L.

rædo, G. schaden, E. scathe. جتاب (r. بغوب:) m. unguent-flask,

only 2 K. 4, 2; cf. אָניּר from אָניּר אָני m. trouble, harm Gen. 42, 4;

г. пох п. точоге, латта Gen. 42, 4

אָסוּרִים (for אָסוּרִים, pl. אָסוּרִים Ecc. 7, 26) m. bond, fetter Judg. 15, 14; ברח דָאָסזר the fetter-house, prison Jer. 37, 15; r. אָסָר.

אָסוּר Chald. m. same as Heb. אָסוּר bond Dan. 4, 12; r. אָסַר.

קָּיָרָ (r. אָאָרָא) m. the in-gathering (offruit), harvest Ex. 23, 16; דע דע דע דע דע the feast of in-gathering, Ex. 34, 22. Cf. קַצִיר אָבִיב דָרָרָאַ.

דְּעָסָד (r. אָסָד) m. fettered one, prisoner Job 3, 18, Ps. 68, 7. It differs from אָסָאָ, which is more participial; see Gen. 39, 20.

לאָסָיר (intensive form for יאָסָיר) m. 1) captive Is. 10, 4. 2) pr. n. m. Ex. 6, 24.

געסאר (obs.) to pour out, to anoint; akin to נָכָן: (כָּרָ – אָנַר) סוּן: גָכָן: deriv. אָכוּן:

עסאר (obs.) akin to איש, fo set, to put by; fig. to heap together; cf. Chald. אָסָל, Syr. שוֹם. Hence

שָּׁכָּמִים (only pl. אָּכָמִים m. storehouses, granaries Deut. 28, 8 (cf. אוֹצָר, כֵּרְאָרָה).

קָרָק pr. n. m. (perh. thorny, from אָסְנָה) after the form אָרָנ

שְׁכָּכָאָ pr. n. m. of an Assyrian Satrap, said to be בָּא וְרַתְּיָרָא בַּוּ 4, 10. ---- Perb. from the Zend uhaina = osna great (i. e. בָּא) and par prince (i. e. רָבָא); but it may be Semitic, akin to Heb. שוּל דֹרָתְבָּל (w. בָּ, Gen. 48, 18); cf. בֿאותבסבוּע דועו.

הסכת pr. n. f. daughter of the Egyptian priest Potiphera, wife of Joseph, Gen. 41, 45; Sept. 'Aσενέθ, 'Aσεννέθ; Copt. AC-NEIT; hence ry is = ry Neit (Aθήνη, Minerva) and א (= \underline{w} =Sans. as, Kelt. ys, is) she is; i. e. she is of Minerva i. e. devoted to her.

אַסָעָרָם Zech. 7, 14 for אַסָעָרָם

LÓĐOK

1 fut. Pi. of אָשָׁד; see Gram. § 23, 3, Rem. 2.

ראָסָקַני , w. suf. אָסָקַני, w. suf. אַסָקַי, w. at dropped in Fox 1 Sam. 15, 6 for TONN for FONN Mic. 2, 12 (w. 17-, TEX Mic. 4, 6), 50 Ps. 104, 29 for TONE for DONE Ps. 26, 9; prop. to scrape or sweep together, hence 1) to gather (fruits) Ex. 23, 10, Ruth 2, 7; (money) 2 K. 22, 4; (wine) Deut. 16, 13; (people) i. e. to assemble Ex. 3, 16; w. يو 2 K. 22, 20 or w. يد Gen. 42, 17 of the place to which. 2) to gather or draw up, e. g. the feet Gen. 49, 33; to with-draw e.g. the hand 1 Sam. 14, 19, light or brightness Joel 2, 10. 3) to gather to oneself, to receive Deut. 22, 2, Josh. 20, 4. Hence to restore i. e. to heal a leprous person so as to be again received into society 2 K. 5, 3; to gather up or keep together (said of a marching army, cf. L. agmen claudere), i. e. to bring up the rear, Is. 58, 8. 4) to gather in or take away; thou gatherest or takest back their life Ps. 104, 29; God gathers my reproach, i. e. he takes away Gen. 30, 23. - Niph. נאסק 1) prop. to gather oneself, hence to be gathered, w. 5x (Lev. 26, 25), w. 5 (2 Ch. 30, 3), w. אָל (2 Sam. 17, 11) of the place to which; w. אַל also against somebody Gen. 34, 30. 2) to be taken away, in death e. g. Gen. 49, 29 נאסק אל־עמי he was gathered to his people, also אל־אָבוֹתָיד Judg. 2, 10 (comp. Num. 20, 26) i.e. to betake oneself to them (in Στακ, Sept. αδης, the realm of the departed), distinct from mere burial Gen. 25, 8; hence to vanish, to perish Is. 16, 10. 3) to be received back, i. e. restored, said of a healed leper Num. 12, 14, of exiles Is. 11, 12. 4) to be put back

of the sword Jer. 47, 6. — Pi. to gather diligently Is.62, 9; to take in or entertain hospitably Judg. 19, 18; to bring up the rear, to hold troops together Num. 10, 25. — Pu. to be gathered together Is. 33, 4; w. 52 against Hos. 10, 10; TEON they are gathered in crowds Is. 24, 22. — Hith. to gather themselves together, Deut. 83, 5. — FCN is prob. mimet. akin to FNO, FCN, TEON all expressive of shaving, sweeping, scraping together; cf. L. scabo, G. schaben.

IQN pr. n. m. (assembler) chief singer and poet in David's time (1 Ch. 6, 24) *Asaph*, whose descendants even in Nehemiah's days were still singers, Neh. 7, 44; r. **IQN**.

גע (only pl. אָסָפּר אָשָאָ, כּג אָסָפּר (געס אָשָ אָשָ אָשָ אָשָ אָשָ אָשָ אָשָ אַשָּ אַשָּ אַטא גע אַשָּאַ אַי stores, i. e. store-house 1 Ch. 26, 15; אָסָפּר דַאָּטָרָים stores of the gates Neh. 12, 25.

געני (pl. c. אָסָדָ Mic. 7, 1) m. leasing, in-gathering (of crops), harvest, Is. 32, 10, fig. אי קרוסיל 33, 4 the locust's harvest i. e. locust-eaten.

קבוא (r. 1993) f. gathering together, assemblage or crowd, Is. 24, 22, where it serves as adverb.

지루이지 Mic. 4, 6, see r. 키와.

לקרו (only in pl. האפור מאפאר) assemblies, האפור בעלי אספור masters i. e. (members) of assemblies i. e. of the wise (העכמים) Ecc. 12, 11, or perh. masters of collections, i. e. compilers or authors of books.

אָסק see אָסָפּים.

דָּבָּוֹשָׁאָ 1 Sam. 15, 6, 1 fut. Qal, but in 2 K. 22, 20 part. Qal, of אָסַאָ w. suf. 2 p. sing.

COPON m. prop. crowd of people of all sorts or from all quarters scraped together, hence used of a mixed

multitude, only in Num. 11, 4 אָקָטָקאָד (w. N quiescent) the rabble. Beduplicated form (cf. our riff-raff) like ער בר ג, cf. ער בג. 12, 38.

ΝΞΤΕΟΝ Chald. adv. diligently, carefully, speedily Ezr. 5, 8; Sept. έτοίμως, ἐπιμελῶς, ἐπιδέξιον..... Said to be of Persian origin us-parna (perfectly); but perh. it is Semitic, from τος in Aphel or Hiph. form, w. old adj. or adv. ending ΝΞ... (cf. ΜΞΓΥΞΥΝ); so also perh. from γράφω we may best derive ἀχριβῶς.

κηρογίας (Pers.) pr. n. m. Est. 9, 7 (of. 'Ασπαδάτης, 'Ασπάδης as a Persian name, Diod. Sic. II. 33) perh. from asp (horse) and $da = d\hat{a}ta$ (given), horse-given i. e. gift of the god Bramah who had the form of a horse.

סא (fut. יָאָסֹר or יָאָסֹר, w. suf. and pref. לאסר זין; inf. w. לאסר לאסר, לאסר, part. pass. לאסר בהסורים = הסורים Ecc. 4, 14) akin to אַזֶר, 1) to bind together, to fetter, to hold captive, though not bound 2 K. 17, 4; fig. bound by the fetters of love Cant. 7, 6; misoner Gen. 40, 3. 2) to fasten, e. g. the foal to (>) the vine Gen. 49, 11; to yoke fast or harness, e. g. the kine to the cart 1 Sam. 6, 7; hence to make ready or prepare (a carriage) Gen. 46, 29; אָסָר מָלָהַמָה to join battle 1 K. 20, 14; fig. to promise solemnly, in a vow of abstinence, e.g. לאָסר אָפָר עַל־נָמָשׁוֹ to bind a restraint on himself, i. e. to take on oneself a solemn engagement not to do (opp. נְרֵר to vow to do) Num. 30, 3. Cf. Chald. אָסָר (to bind) to forbid, אחרר (to loosen) to allow. --Niph. Judg.16, 6; to be fettered Judg.16, 6; to be held captive Gen. 42, 16. - Pu. to be taken captive in war Is. 22, 3.

רָאָָאָ (perh. restraint) found in Assyrian pr. names, as in אַלָאָסָר.

3

רשר אוסר אוס אוסר און אין אוסג 10, 10, 1 fut. Qal of גער, as if נכר, Gram. § 71.

געריא, pr. n. f. (Pers. שונא sitareh, Sans. stri, ἀστήρ, L. astrum, Ger. stern, E. star, Breton steren, W. seren; cf. שַּׁשָׁשָׁיָרָי) wife of Ahasuerus (Xerxes); she was before named שַּׁשָׁיָר (myrtle) Est. 2, 7; Sept. Ἐσθήρ, Esther.

N Chald. m.=Heb. y∑, wood Dan. 5, 4, Ezr. 5, 8; ℵ and ℑ, ℑ and ℑ being often interchanged, as shown under each of these letters.

אָאָ I conjunctive particle, same as Syr.), Chald. אָאָ Arab. J, also; denoting generally addition, accession (of something greater or more important), hence too, yea more, even, also (comp. אָא נוֹא נוֹא force). It adds emphasis e. g. אָאָר אָד yea truly Job 19, 4; it expresses augmentation e. g. to thee belongs the day אָל לְרָ לָיָלָ אָג מַל לָרָ לָיָלָ אָיָלָ אָג (added to that) to thee the night Ps. 74, 16; thou art beautiful, my beloved,

and (in addition to that) gracious Cant. 1, 16. — Compounds: Market States of the st

ראיין (for האָאָ, ד. האָאָ); w. suf. אפי, dual אפי, no pl.) m. prop. breathing, hence the member by which we breathe, the nose Num. 11, 20; also anger, אָאָ ראיד breath of the nose, i. e. the violent breathing of a passionate person, Job 4, 9; often in the dual Dren, 1) prop. the nostrils Gen. 2, 7, but mostly fig. anger, as in אָרָד אַפּרָם slow of anger, i. e. long-suffering Ex. 84, 6; קצר short (i. e. quick) of anger, impatient Prov. 14, 17. 2) the face (a part for the whole) Gen. 3, 19, e. g. אפרם ארים the face to the ground Gen. 19, 1; לאַפּר דָוד 1 Sam. 25, 23, before the face of David, for the usual פָּרִים. 3) two persons (like פָּרָים, πρόσωπον, L. persona), 1 Sam. 1, 5 one portion of two persons, i. e. a double portion. 4) pr. n. m. 1 Ch. 2, 30.

Dan. 6, 23.

تَبَرَّبُهُ Deut. 32, 26, 1 fut. Hiph. of الجنب w. suf. کترس-; see Gram. § 76, Bem. 19.

ראָאָדָי (fut. דאָאָד) to bind, to gird round, w. א of person and א of object, Lev. 8, 7. ---- Prob. akin to אָקָרָ נע (to bind). אפוד אפא, אפר אפא.

דָשָּרָהוֹ (כ. אַמָּרָהוּ, w. suf. דָשָּרָאָ r. אַמָּרָהוֹ 1) a girding or fastening on, e. g. ישָׁב אָמָרָהוֹ girdle of its fastening Ex. 28, 8. 2) a covering, coating Is. 30, 22.

עָאָדָדוֹ (w. suf. אָאָדָדוֹ) m. castle, palace, only in Dan. 11, 45; Syr. אָשָרָם. --- Perh. from אָשָׁלָם bind, to arch (ct. אָבָדָא, אָבָרָאָ, formed like אָבָדָים, See

(imp. the for the Ex. 16, 23, fut. right, once triping 1 Sam. 28, 24) trans. to bake Gen. 19, 3, in Lev. 24, 5, w. double acc. (see Gram. § 139, 2); right baker Gen. 40, 1, fem. pl. ribht 1 Sam. 8, 13; triping right chief-baker Gen. 40, 2. — Niph. ripes to be baked Lev. 6, 10. --- Cf. Equ. duráw, πέπτω, W. pobu, L. popina, Sans. paktas (πεπτός), G. backen, our bake; also L. coquo.

אַפָּה, see אַיּקּה...

TEN Ex. 16, 23 imp. Qal for NEX. from TRN, cf. Gram. § 23, 3, Bem. 2.

שא, א'שא (from אש, רש) demons. adv. 1) prop. here, but always of time (like ποτέ), now then, in animated discourse, e. g. do this then (א'שא), my son Prov. 6, 3; now then ('שא), who is he? Job 9, 24. 2) still w. the original meaning, similar to רב, thus, e. g. Job 24, 25 if not so ('שא); also affirmative w. ש אס אס אס אס אס if so now Gen. 43, 11.

TIEN, TEN, (c. TINN; r. TEN) m. 1) covering, used of the upper garment of the priests, an ephod, a cope Ex. 28, 4; of a king (acting as priest) 2 Sam. 6, 14; Sept. $\epsilon \pi \omega \mu i \zeta$ shouldergarment. 2) idol or image Judg. 8, 27. 3) pr. n. m. Num. 34, 23.

דבא (obs.) perh. i. q. Arab. ולי, to spring up, to be high; see אופן

קר (obs.) akin to איזם, דיסי, to puff, to pant. Hence

TPN pr.n.m. (panting) 1 Sam. 9, 1.

לאָשָל (r. אָשָל adj. m., דאָשָּל f. prop. drooping, hence bending down in the stalk, late, unripe, Ex. 9, 32.

DEN, see FX II.

ראָפָרק I adj. m. strong, powerful, hence subst. אַפּרקרם strong ones, fig. bars of copper Job 40, 18; r. אַפָּר

רָשָּרָי II adj. m. (c. אַפּרָי *fowing*, hence subst. stream Ps. 42, 2, a river-bed Is. 8, 7, sea-bottom 2 Sam. 22, 16, valley (cf. נַרָל) w. a stream Ez. 6, 3; perh. from אַפָּרָ II = אָפָר be deep; but see אָפָר

רָשָׁאָ pr. n. (fortress) of a city in Asher Judg. 1, 31; called also אָאָנ

ا بَعْرَى بَعْدَى akin to بَعْدَى المَعْلَى المَعْلَى المَعْلَى المَعْلَى المُعْلَى المُعْلَى المُعْلَى المُعْ prop. to fall or sink, as the sun, to set, hence to become dark; Arab. أَنَّنَ also said of plants, to be drooping or tender; hence

المَعْلَى adj. m. sunless, dark, e. g. the day Am. 5, 20.

DEN m. sunset, darkness, Job 3,6; fig. concealment Ps. 11, 2; mischance Job 23, 17.

אָפָלָה (r. אָפָל) f. darkness, gloom Ex. 10, 22 (cf. אָפָל), w. לְּקָל Prov. 7, 9; opp. אָדֶרָרָם Is. 58, 10; r. אָפָּג.

לָלָם pr. n. m. (prob. judgment) 1 Ch. 2, 37; r. לָפָל גע

ז אָנָד (obs.) akin to פּנָד I, to turn, to revolve; hence

אָפָניר די (pl. w. suf. אָפָניר אָפָניר הי ג a round, a turn (comp. π ερίοδος), season, דָבָר בָל אָפָנין a word spoken in its turns, i. e. in due season, only Prov. 25, 11.

אַדָּאָ, see אַדָּאַ.

סבי i. q. קסט to end, to fail, to vanish (cf. קסט Gen. 47, 15; hence

DEN (dual אַפְסָרָם, c. אָפָסָרָם) m. 1) end, אָקָסָר - אָרָט ends (extremities) of the earth, i. e. distant lands Deut. 33, 17; Monthe two ends i. e. the soles of the feet, Ez. 47, 3 שר אַפָּסָרם water that covers the soles, cf. מֵר מָחַנָיָם , בִּרְפֵּרָם. 2) adv. not, without, prop. subst. nothing, nobody, e.g. all her princes are nothing (XAD) Is. 34, 12; is there yet any one w. thee? and he said, no one (Kad) Am. 6, 10; not, e.g. not (אפט באותר) from with me i. e. not by my order Is. 54, 15; hence הַאָּקָס in nothing of = בְּאַפָּס הִקוָה without, e. g. בְּלֹא without hope Job 7, 6; דאפס עוד nobody more? 2 Sam. 9, 3; Opan of or from nothing i. e. as a nothing Is. 40, 17; אָפָט בָּר except that Am. 9, 8; hence only, however, yet Num. 18, 28. - אַנָּסָר Is. 47, 8 same as אָנָסָי Is. 47, 8 same as אָנָסָי formed as זוּלָהִד, Gram. § 90, 3, a.

דָּגִים סָשָּ pr. n. of a place in Judah 1 Sam. 17, 1; see אָפָס

ער (obs.) to breathe, to blow, to hiss; mimet. r. akin to אָשָׁר, אָאָד, דאס, אַבָּע, Arab. אָבָע to snort, E. to puff. Hence

לַבָּעָלָם אָאָדָ (in pause אָאָדָ) m. i. q. דְּבָל breath, hence אָאָדָ בְּאָפָע; only in i. e. of nothing, vain, only in Is. 41, 24, where others read אָאָקָט with the same idea.

ΔΔΛ (poet.) prop. to join on, hence to press or crowd, to surround w. acc. Ps. 18, 5; w. 57 Ps. 40, 13. Prob. akin to 7 hook, Sans. ap, ubh (join), άπτω, οἶφω, G. haften: deriv. Fys I.

דאָרָדָע I (obs.) perh. akin to אָטָדָ to be sunken, deep, hence perh. אָלָדיק II valley.

רביק II (obs.) perh. akin to און אין דער און אין דער גער און אין גערין אין גערין אין גערין גערי

ראביק, אביק, אביק, געביק, אביק, אב

DEX pr. n. (fortress) 1) city in Asher, Josh. 13, 4; called also **DEX** Judg. 1, 31. 2) city on the east of the sea of Galilee, 1 K. 20, 26. 3) city in Issachar, near Jezreel, 1 Sam. 4, 1.

Judah Josh. 15, 53; r. pex.

חסא דיר, פָרַר I (obs.) i. q. פָרַר, שויד to break, to crumble or pulverize; hence אַקר.

גע (בּקַר =) אָקָע (= בּקַר =) to cover, where ע is weakened into א; hence אָקַע.

אַפּרָיה III (obs.) = פָּרָה I to bear, to carry; hence אַפּרָיוֹן, אָפּרָיוֹן.

m. 1) ashes, prop. pulverizing, (ef. אָשָׁר dust, r. דָרָק to be pounded;) hence קַשָּׁלֵי אָשָׁר proverbs of ashes i. e. worthless Job 13, 12; קרן אַדָּרָן feeding on ashes, i. e. delighting in vain things Is. 44, 20, cf. יוָקר יָדָק יָקר רדּרָן (mark the paronomasia) dust and ashes Job 30, 19, fig. of worthlessness. 2) animal ashes, perh. in Num. 19, 9, for יָשָׁיָ which is the regular word for that idea; r. יָשָׁין I.

רפאיז m. cover, esp. head-cover, 1 K. 20, 38; r. אָאַר II.; cf. Chald. גער לעראין לעראסא, איז איז געראין, Arab. געראל.

קפרת (pl. דְּרָם) m. the young (of birds), a nestling Deut. 22, 6; from w. קרא א קרא

אָפִרְדוֹך m. litter, palanquin, popeïov, L. ferculum, only Cant. 3, 9; r. אָפַר III = אָפָר I.

ו אָפָרָיָם 1) pr. n. m. (fruitfulness; r. דָרָד I., w. & prosth.; cf. Gen. 41,52) name of the second son of Joseph, Ephraim, who was afterwards the head of a tribe, Gen. 41, 52. After the division of the kingdom, an Ephraimite dynasty was for a long time at the head, hence Ephraim - Israel, Is. 7, 2. 2) name of the territory of the tribe, so called after the founder Num. 1, 33. 3) mount of Ephraim (הר אַפְרֵיָם) extending from the plain of Jezreel to the mountains of Judah Josh. 17, 15. 4) forest of Ephraim, (רער אזרים), near Gilead 2 Sam. 18, 6. 5) pr. n. of a city in the wilderness of Judah 2 Sam. 13, 23 = עַמַרָד, the 'Eqpain of John 11, 54 and 'Εφρών in Eusebius.

שָּרָסָיָאָ Chald. (def. pl. אָמָרְסָיָאָ m. Ezr. 4, 9. Inhabitants of a state in Assyria, perh. for *Parrhasia* in the east of Media, or *Prusias* (Cellar. ad Plin. Ep. 10, 15), or better *Persia* (כָּשָ) w. & prosthetic.

אַפּרְסַרָה אַפּרְסָרָה pr. n. of a people (or perh. two tribes) in Assyria, concerning whom nothing is known Ezr. 4, 9.

אָפָרָחי local אָפָרָחי פּרָאָלָרָא (Gen. 48, 7, א. ד. וסכם) (ליגער אָפָרָחי ווא אָפּרָחי ווא אָפּרָחי ווא אָפָרָחי ווא אָפָרָחי ווא אָפָרָחי ווא אָפָרָחי ווא אָפָרָחי ווא אַפּרָחי אַפּרָחי אַפּרָחי אַפּרָחי אַפּרָחי אַנער אָן אַפּרָחי אַפּרָחי אָפּרָחי אַפּרָחי אַפּרָחי אַנער אָן אַרָר אָפָרָדי גַיָח אָפָרָחי גער אַנער אָן אַפָרָחי אַפּרָחיים אַפּרָחי גער גער גער אַנער Ruth 1, 2. 3) pr. n. f. of a wife of Caleb and hence perh. the name of a place, (דען אָבָרַ אַפְרָחין), 1 Ch. 2, 19.

TEX (obs.) Arab. أَنْتَ to avert; perh. the r. of a portent.

ר אָרָאָ Jer. 20, 7, 1 fut. Niph. apoc. for אַרָאָ, from וּאָרָשָ.

שֹׁהְשָּׁאָ Chald. adv. in the end, at last; prob. for האַקט from האָקט w. the adverbial ending ה, as in האָקט (but perh. i. q. Pers. היא end, at last), הַיָּאָרָים הְדַיָּנִין and at last thou causest damage to kings, only Ezr. 4, 13.

גרץ I (obs.) perh. for אָרָץ to shine, or for אָרָץ to fashion; hence perh. אָרָצָב

עברא II (obs.) perhaps akin to געבו to be willing; hence אַצָבו.

אָצְבוֹך pr. n. m. (perh. splendour, r. אַבִירוּד I) 1 Ch. 7, 7; אַבִירוּד 8, 3.

אָצָבן pr. n. m. (perh. willing, r. דו אָזָיָר II) Gen. 46, 16; אָזָי in Num. 26, 16.

אָאָבְעָיו (w. suf. אָאָבְעָי, pl. אָאָבָעון ד. אָאָבָע II w. א prosth.) f. finger Ex. 31, 18, forefinger Lev. 9, 9; אָעָבע Is. 58, 9 to stretch out the finger, by wayof mocking (cf. Persius 2, 33); fig. finger-breadth, i. e. measured across the 4 fingers Jer. 52, 21; אַלאָלאָד finger of God i. e. his power Ex. 8, 15; 81, 18; w. רְבָלָים, toe 2 Sam. 21, 20. ----From אבן II to catch, take, as in Ger. and E. finger is from fangen = O. E. feng to catch; cf. δάχτυλος, L. digitus, from δέχ-ομαι. Arab. أُصَبَع finger.

אָצָהַעָן Chald. (pl. אָאָרָקָן) f. finger Dan. 5, 5; toe Dan. 2, 41.

רָדָאָ Ps. 139, 8, 1 fut. Hiph. אָדָי, w. דע cohort.; Gram. § 71.

אָצרל (ד. אָאָצר) m. prop. leaning upon, hence 1) a noble, perh. as leaning on his ancestry Ex. 24, 11. 2) for אָצָרלָי קאָר אול side, on which something leans, אָצָרלָי קאָרָע the sides of the earth i. e. its extreme parts Is. 41, 9; like קצור

ידי Jer. 38, 12) m. prop. firmly supported, hence joint, e. g. of the hands Jer. 38, 12, i. e. the knuckles or perh. elbows Ez. 13, 18; r. אַצָּג

אצר (obs.) akin to אַצָּל, to lean on, hence אַצָּיל אָצָיל אָצָיל.

לאָדָלָ: (w. suf. אָבָלָ) m. prop. support, side, מַאָבָל from the side 1 Sam. 20, 41; as prep. beside, at, near Gen. 41, 3. Hence denom.

to put aside, to take away, separate (cf. 232, vosφlζω) Num. 11, 17, w. 10 of place; w. b of person for whom Gen. 27, 36 to select for one. — Niph. to be separated, of space Ez. 42, 6. — Hiph.(fut. bxx)) to take away, sever from Num. 11, 25. — Perh. bxx w. this meaning is akin to bx2.

1) pr. n. m. (noble) in pause, אָעָל 1 Ch. 8, 37. 2) pr. n. of a place (side) Zech. 14, 5; r. אַצָל.

pr. n. m. (perh. דָּיָל has selected) 2 Ch. 34, 8.

strong; hence

تَعْنَى pr. n. m. (i. q. تَعْنَى strength) 1 Ch. 2, 15.

ידָעָדָאָ (i. q. דְּעָדָ w. & prosth., r. דַעָזָ f. 1) step-chain, ankle-chain, prob. in Num. 31, 50. 2) arm-band, bracelet; perh. from its similarity to the ankle-band, 2 Sam. 1, 10.

[23, 1 fut. Qal of P또; Gram. § 71.

akin to גָּצָר, to heap together, store up 2 K. 20, 17. — Niph. to be stored up Is. 23, 18. — Hiph. cause to store up, i. e. appoint some one over the stores, Neh. 13, 13, fut. 1 pers. אוֹצָרָה Deriv. אוֹצָרָה.

TXX pr. n. m. (treasure) Gen. 86, 21.

יעָדָר זי נְצָר זי fut. Qal of גָצָר סי דָצָ II; Gram. § 66 or § 71.

귀꼬옷 Jer. 1, 5, 1 fut. Qal w. suf., r. 가지 II; but in Is. 42, 6, 1 fut. Qal w. suf., r. 그걸.

Ł,

קרַדו אָקרַדו אַרַין אָקרַדו אַרַדי אָקרַדו אַקרַדו אַקר

ألك only in Deut. 14, 5, epic. roe, roe-buck, Lat. caprea, capreolus; others, capra, she-goat; in either case من is the stem, w. ending i = 1..... Perh. from $p_{23} = p_{23}$, for its slender neck; more prob. like Arab. من ان she-goat it means beautiful; r. Arab. it o admire; cf. $-\frac{1}{23}$.

ΠΡΝ 1 fut. Qal of ΠΡζ; Gram. § 66, Rem. 2. אָרָאָאָ Is. 56, 12. 1 fut. Qal of רָאָרָאָ, w. ה- cohortative.

אָקָרָאָד; 1 Sam. 28, 15, for אָקָרָאָד; r. יָפָרָא 3, Bem.

אור see אור.

אָדָד I (obs.) perh. i. q. דָאָד to be strong, courageous; cf. אָרח-כ, the mighty one, Mars; מֹרְנוּכ brave. Hence perh. אָרָאָר pr. n. אָרָיָה, אָרָאָל, pr. n. אָרָיָה, perh.

ארָא II (obs.) perh. i. q. אָרָד III to burn, to glow; cf. אוֹר.

ארא pr. n. m. (might) 1 Ch. 7, 38. אראל (K'thibh) m. hearth, Ez.

43, 15, fr. אדיא II; Q'ri has איי איי.

אָרְאָל = אָרְאָל סווע in pr. n. אַרְאָל. אָרָאָל, see אָרָאָל.

אראל (only w. suf. באראל Is. 33, 7) m. the strong one, the mighty one, hero, and collect. heroes, formed perh. from אָדֶא (אַרָא) and the ending \rightarrow (acc. to the form אָדָר), to which also the doubling of the *l* points (בָּרָש). Others take it for אָדָר אל lion of God; but fail then to account for a) the shortening of the *l* in אָרָ אָל for אָל.

אָלָאָלָי pr. n. m. (heroic) Gen. 46, 16, Num. 26, 17: in the latter case it is patronymic for אָרָאָלָיָּר, from

אָרָאָל Is. 33, 7; see אָרָאָל

אָרָשָּא akin to רָאָדָי, to bind, stitch, weave, only fig. (as in weave plots, xaxà βάπτειν) to lie in ambush, to lurk, w. ל Deut. 19, 11; w. לי of pers. Judg. 9, 34; also w. acc. of object Prov. 12, 6; part. אֹרָב one who lies in wait Josh. 8, 2; collect. an ambush, liers-in-wait Judg.

20, 33. — Pi. only part. מְצְרְבִים *lurk*ers, liers-in-wait, w. על Judg. 9, 25. — Hiph. (only fut. יְרָבֶר, acc. to Kimchi = יַרָבָר) to lay wait, 1 Sam. 15, 5.

קר, pr. n. f. (ambush) of a city in Judah, Josh. 15, 52; gentilic אָרָבָּ 2 Sam. 23, 35.

באָאָר (m. 1) ambush, a lurking Job 88, 40. 2) lurking-place, covert Job 87, 8 (cf. אַאָר (אַרָר, אַרָאַר).

גר (w. suf. אָרָעָם אָרָעָם) m. plotting, laying plots Jer. 9, 7.

אָרָבָאל (fully, אָרָבָאל, q. v.) pr. n. of a hamlet in upper Galilee, *Arbêla* in Naphtali, Hos. 10, 14.

שר ה. locust Ex. 10, 4, esp. the kind appearing in large swarms (gryllus gregarius); r. יקר to be many, to swarm, hence prop. swarmer.

ואָרָבוּח collect. עּרָבוּח, only pl. c. אָרָבוּח f. collect. weavings, hence intrigues, only in Is. 25, 11 he i. e. God makes his (Moab's) pride fall down together w. the plots of his hands.

ואָרָבּרז (r. אָרָבּרז , prop. the latticed work, hence a window, being closed w. lattice and not glass Hos. 13, 3; dove-cote Is. 60, 8; chimney, for the smoke passed out through a latticed hole, Hos. 13, 3; אָרְבוֹת אָרְבוֹת windows of the heaven, perh. sluices, to let down the rain Gen. 7, 11.

pr. n. f. (dove-cotes) of a place in Judah 1 K. 4, 10.

 pr. n. of an Anakite giant after whom was named the city, קְרָיַח קְרָיַה (Gen. 23, 2.

אָרְבָּעָד and אָרְבָּעָד Chald. i. q. Heb. four Dan. 3, 25.

Judg. 16, 14. 2) weaver's shuttle Job 7, 6.

אַרְבָּרָ Chald. m. i. q. Heb. אַרְבָּרָ Perh. from אָרָג to weave, w. ז inserted (cf. בִרְדָשָׁרָן, בְרָדָשׁׁוָן), therefore, prop. web, perh. purple Dan. 5, 7.

לאָדָא m. box, chest 1 Sam. 6, 8. — Prob. from אָדָז = אָנָז to hold, w. ר inserted as in שִׁרָבָיט for שַבָּשַ.

על אָרָאָרָאָן (i. q. Chald. אָרָאָרָאָן) m. perh. prop. web or cloth (r. אָרָב); or from החובר, in general, purple (ארבי); or from pa, Vulg. purpura) Ex. 26, 1, a precious dye got from certain shell-fish found on the coasts of the Mediterranean; diff. from הפבר the cerulean purple.

Also fig. for purple cloth Prov. 31, 22. Better prob. from Sans. râgaman, dyed red or purple.

ל (obs.) prob. = יָרָד to descend, or rule. Hence

descender) אֱרָד pr.n. m. i. q. אֶרָד (descender or ruler) Num. 26, 40; hence gentil. n. Num. 26, 40.

pr. n. m. (descender or אַרָדרן ruler) 1 Ch. 2, 18.

TI (obs.)i.q. אָדָא to be strong, powerful. Hence perh. אַרְיָה, אַראַל אָדָאַל.

 Π (poet.) to pull or pluck Cant. 5, 1, Ps. 80, 13; to collect (see ארון); cf. מוֹסְש. Hence perh. ארון אַנָרָה אָרָיָה אָרָיָה.

דָרָד , II אָרָא i. q. אָדָא II, דָרָד to burn, Lat. are-o, ar-deo, uro. Hence אָרִי־אָל.

NIV (obs.) mimet. and akin to Sans. ru, rav, ârav, ἀρύω, W. rhŷo, L. rugio, rudo, E. roar; all obviously onomatopoetic. Hence ארידה, ארידה.

imp. ('ðrā) Num. 22, 6, for אֹר imp. Qal of קבה; cf. קבה from קבב.

TN Chald. (pronom. root) prop. there! hence see! lo! Dan. 7, 2, 7, 13. From דָל = אָל demonst. pron.; Coptic ro, or, la: perh. akin to The, δράω.

pr. n. m. (perh. descent, r. ארודד Num. 26, 17; gentil. ארודד Gen. 46, 16.

pr. n. f. (for ארי w. א prosth., place of refuge, r. Th) an island-city on the Phenician coast, north of Tripoli, 'Apados, Arvad Ez. 27, 8, now Ruwad, hence gentil. n. ארודי Gen. 10, 18.

c. אָרוֹח) f. manger, crib or rack, hence in general, stall or stable, 2 Ch. 32, 28. Syr. أرق Arab. أرق crib. A stall of horses, cf. G. gespann, E. span or pair, 1 K. 5, 6 אַרְבָּעִים אַלָם forty thousand stalls (spans) of horses.

(only pl. אָרָזים Ez. 27, 24) Ez. 27, 24 adj. m. prop. cedar-like, hence firm; denom. from ארן, r. ארז,

אָרָכָח see אַרוּכָה.

ארוביה pr. n. f. (height, r. ארוביה) city in the region of Shechem, Judg. 9, 41; perh. for רוּמָה 2 K. 23, 36; Eusebius makes it Remphin, not far from Diospolis.

K'thibh for ארוכים 2 K. 16, 6

1 fut. אקרומם 18. 33, 10 for ארומים 1 fut. Hithpol. of Dir; see Gram. § 54, 2, b.

(w. art. דָאָרוֹן, c. אָרוֹן; r. to collect) f. (m. in 2 Sam. 6, 6; but f. in 2 Ch. 8, 11) prop. receptacle, hence, box, chest, for money 2 K. 12, 10, for a mummy, i. e. a coffin, أَرَاسٌ and إِرَانٌ Gen. 50, 26; Arab. إِرَانٌ and wooden chest, esp. coffin. Chiefly used for the sacred chest of the tables of the law, the ark, called אַרוֹן הַצֶרוּת the ark of the law or testimony Ex. 25,22; ארון הַבְּרִית ark of the covenant Josh. 3, 6; אַרוֹן יְחוֹיָם 1 Sam. 5, 3.

pr. n. m. 2 Sam. 24, 20; אַרַנְיָה see אַרַנְיָה,

obs.) perh. akin to ۲ אָרָץ, prop. to be pressed together, hence hard, firm; Arab. 31 to be compact, firm. Hence perh. ארזים in Ez.27,24 cords firmly twisted. Hence perh. מרוח = מאריז; and certainly

TN m. 1)cedar (prop. firmness, r. (אָרָז | the cedar of Lebanon, a tall (אָרָז | אָרָז אָרָז II to pluck; pl. אָרָז אָרָז) the cedar of Lebanon, a tall

tree, Is. 2, 13, Am. 2, 9; wide-spreading Ez. 81, 8; formerly plentiful on Lebanon Ps. 29, 5, Is. 40, 16. 2) cedarwork i. e. wainscoting 1 K. 6, 18. Chald. N. N. Syr. |jj|, Arab. jj.

from (from الإير) f. (w. collect. force; cf. يوتد , يوتد, cedar-work, cedarwainscoting, Zeph. 2, 14.

די ב. 27, 24; see אָרָד Ez. 27, 24; see

I (no fut. Qal, the perf. only in Job 34, 8) to go, to travel or journey; part. אַרָּח אַרָאָרָאָרָ שמעל מיב ג אַרָח אַרָאָרָ שמעל אַרָחָים Deriv. אָרָח אָרָחָים This r. is akin to אָרָח, Sans. arch (to go), בָּרָ-סְעמו, בָּאָרָ: Sans. arch (to go), בָּרָ-סִעמו, בָאָרָ-בָּיָר, Sans. arch (to go), בָּרָ-סִעמו, בָאָרָ-בָּיָר, Sans. arch (to go), בָּרָ-סָעמו, בָאָרָ-בָּיר, Sans. arch (to go), בָּרָ-סָעמו, בָאָרָ-בָּירָ, Sans. arch (to go), בָּרָ-סָעמו, בָאָרָ-בָּרָאָ (to go), בָּרָ-סָעמו, בָאָרָ-בָּרָאָרָ-בָּרָאָרָ (to go), בָּרָ-סָעַרָּ בָאָרָ-בָאָרָרָ (cf. chart, marchand, E. march, merchant (cf. pedlar from to pad; L. ped-is).

איַרָהָ II (obs.) akin to אָרָהָ, to arrange, to appoint. Deriv. אַרְהָוּ.

אָרָת pr. n. m. (for אָרָה wanderer) Ezr. 2, 5.

אָרָהוֹתָיָ, אָרָהוֹתָי, אָרָהוֹתָי, אָרָהוֹתָי, אָרָהוֹתָי, (pl. אָרָהוֹתָיך, אָרָהוֹתָי, אָרָהוֹתָי, אָרָהוֹתָי, 1) way i. q. אָרָהוֹתַיך, אָרָהוֹתָי, manner of life Ps. 19, 101; lot or destiny Job 8, 13: also poet. for traveller Job 31, 32, in pl. Job 6, 19; cf. הָאָרָה 2) manner, course (of nature), אַרָח פַּשָּׁים אַרָח פַּשָּׁים, 18, 11 the course (i. e. monthly) like the women.

אָרָדָן, w. suf אָרָדָן, f. same as Heb. Dan. 4, 34..

(from Tix) f. prop. a journeying; then company of travellers, caravan, Gen. 37, 25.

ווארח (r. דרח II) f. the appointed measure (of food), portion; hence, allowance for support Jer. 40, 5; ארד אין אין אין אין אין אין אין אין אין קביד 2 K. 25, 80 constant support; a meal or mess Prov. 15, 17.

(pl. אָרָיָרָם 1 K. 10, 20; elsewhere אור אַרָיוֹת 1 K. 10, 19 m. *kion*, prop. the roarer, from r. אָרָיוֹת IV, or perh. the courageous beast, מָסָג-סג, from אָרָד אָרָיוֹת 1, after the form עָרָד לָרָד (cf. עָרָד אָרָיוֹת לָרָד אָרָיוֹת young lion Judg. 14, 5; דור אָרָיוֹת whelp Jer. 51, 38; fig. an emblem of strength and valour Num. 23, 24, of fierceness and cruelty Prov. 28, 15.

pr. n. m. (perh. Pers. worthy gift) Est. 9, 9.

pr. n. m. (Pers. worthy gift) Est. 9, 8.

אָרָיָדָא (for אָרָיָד, collect. for אָרָיָד). 1) m. *lion*, Gen. 49, 9. 2) pr. n. m. 2 K. 15, 25; cf. Cœur de Lion.

Dan. אִרְדָרָא Dan. אִרְדָרָא Dan. 7,4) m. same as Heb. lion, Dan. 6, 8.

אָרָנָת (pl. אָרָיוֹת) i. q. אָרָנָת.

זאריין: Is. 16, 9 prob. for אריין: 1 fut. Pi. of רָיָדָי.

אור see ארים.

perh. Sans. Aryûsûya sagitta Ariæ.

נסאבין (obs.) perh. akin to עריק, to be arranged, adjusted, hence perh. איבית.

in to stretch, hence to be long, of branches Ez. 31, 5; of time to wear on, Gen. 26, 8, Ez. 31, 5. — Hiph. to stretch (i. e. put) out, the tongue Is. 57, 4; to lengthen days Deut. 22, 7; to tarry long Ecc. 8, 12; fig. to put off, delay, e. g. anger (FN) Is. 48, 9; to be made long 1 K. 8, 8. — Akin to Syr. , opéyw, L. rego, G. reichen, E. reach, W. rhawg.

ארו (ארון: Chald. (= Heb. ארון), part. pass. ארין: adapted, fit w. בEzr. 4, 14.

אָרָאָד adj. m. אָרָקָד f. long Job 11, 9, enduring 2 Sam. 3, 1.

אָרָה (w. suf. בָּיָם) m. length Gen. 6, 15; w. בָּיָם Ps. 21, 5 length of days, great age; בְּיָם מָא הָאָרָה מָא long as life i.e. for life Ps. 23, 6; אַרָה אַרָּה patience Prov. 25, 15.

(אֶרֶהָ Chald(from אָרְפָר and אָרְפָר

f. a prolonging, continuance, Dan. 4, 24; 7, 12.

אָרְעָרָאָא Chald. (w. suf. אָרְעָרָאָל f. i. q. אָרְעָרָא (w. א prosth.) knee Dan. 5, 6; prob. by metathesis for ברוש גאוני, Syr. ברוש אוני

אָרְפָרַא Chald. (def. pl. אָרְפָרַא) adj. m. Ezr. 4, 9; gentilic from אֶרֶהָ, Gen. 10, 10.

אָרָאָ gentil. n. from אָרָאָ 3, Archite, Josh. 16, 2.

ר. n. (highland) ארָם (c. אָרָם) pr. n. Aramca, in its widest extent including Mesopotamia (אֵרָם נְדֻרְרָם Gen. 24, 10) but chiefly Syria, Judg. 3, 10, 1 K. 10, 29. Aram is mentioned as the son of Shem in the ethnological table in Gen. 10, 22; the Greeks called the people Apinoi, Apanaioi; among the Hebrews, however, the name stands only for Syrians, construed w. sing. 2 Sam. 10, 14, w. pl. 2 Sam. 10, 17. The several districts of Aramea were ארם הַפַּשָשֹׁק 2 Sam. 8, 5; ארם נהרים Gen. 24, 10; ארם נהרים אַרָם צוֹבָה 1 Ch. 19, 6; מַעָּכָה Ps. 60, 2; אָרָם בֵּית רָדוֹב 2 Sam. 10, 6; Gen. 25, 20.

D, pr. n. m. (high one) a) grandson of Nahor, Gen. 22, 21. β) an Asherite, 1 Ch. 7, 34.

(pl. c. אַרְעָלָד, as if from אָרָעָלָד) אר palace, fortress, citadel, Is. 25, 2, Am. 1, 4; usually com-

prehending many buildings, hence w. בית 1 K. 16, 18.

אָרָבְית i. q. אָרָבִית, fem. אָרָבָית, adv. in the Aramean or Syriac (tongue) Dan. 2, 4 ; вее אָרָם.

אָרָטֹלָי pr. n. m. (cf. L. Palatinus, from אַרְמוֹן) 2 Sam. 21, 8.

I (obs.) prob. akin to Arab. آلان i adhina and ترق ranna (prick up the ears), also أرق arina (to be alert), hence to be sharp-eared, alert; hence Syr. انتاز wild goat, خبريت hare.

דען (obs.) perh. for דְנַן to trill, to make a tremulous noise, of a tall tree when moved by the wind, hence perh. ארָנָה, אָרָנָה.

יר pr. n. m. (perh. wild goat; r. אָרָן I) Gen. 36, 28.

ארון see ארון ark.

ל, m. 1) the pine (tree) Is. 44, 14; cf. היק. Perh. from ארן II, because of its tremulous sound when shaken by the wind. 2) pr. n. m. (a pine) 1 Ch. 2, 25.

icom. gend., a hare Lev. 11, 6; Arab. أَنْدَ arnab, Syr. أَنْدَ arneb the same word, but without the fem. ending in of the Heb. form. ---- The word المرجة belongs to all the Sem. dialects, but as no obvious or satisfactory root has hitherto been found, one may venture to suggest that it is akin to j k, and comes from j k ear (= j k, cf. $p_{1,2} = p_{2,2}$, Arab. $y_{i,j} = y_{i,j}$, E. blaze = blare) and the adj. ending -ab or-eb, Sans.-bha or-va, Gr.- $\beta_{0\varsigma}$ (see on the letter \supseteq and on $\gamma_{i,j}$); so that it means eared, i. e. having long or sharp ears. This result is favoured by analogy in the L. auritus (of hare and of ass), in W. ysgyvarnog (hare) from ysgyvarn (ear); and it may also throw light on L. asinus, W. asyn, F. âne, Gr. $\delta_{VO;}$ (cf. L. pono for po-sino), It. asino, Sp. asno, Ger. esel, E. ass, all referring to the animal's long ears (see on $\gamma_{i,j}$).

אָרָלן (noisy or murmuring, perh. r. דָיָן אי א prosthetic) name of a torrent and valley (נְדֵוֹל) Num. 21, 13. Present name נער אלין el-Môjeb.

אַרַנְיָה; pr. n. m. (perh. joy of דָּיָ, r. נְיָםָ 2 Sam. 24, 18 K'thibh.

אָרָגָן pr. n. m. (perh. sharp-eared, r. אָרָן I) 1 Ch. 3, 21.

אָרָכָן אי אי pr. n. m. (perh. jubilant, r. אי אי prosth.) a Jebusite, on the site of whose threshing-floor Solomon built the temple, 1 Ch. 21, 15; אוֹרְכָּח אוֹר ג'thibh of 2 Sam. 24, 16. Elsewhere אַרַנָ

גער (obs.) perh. akin to אָרָד, to flee. Hence perh. דאריק.

גערע Chald. (obs.) i. q. Heb. אָרָץ, גערע Chald. (def. אַרָעָא m. 1) the earth, Dan. 2, 35, i. q. Heb. אָרָץ changing y into y, as often in Aramean. 2) the ground, and as adv. on the ground, hence low, below, w. אָרָאָ בָעָא בָעָה מַטָּר Lower than thou.

Chald. adj. m., f. אַרְעָרת as subst. the bottom (of a pit) Dan. 6, 25.

קר (obs.)i.q. ווּרָפָּה, 1) to stretch

out, lie extended, Arab. כּֿרָל, hence perh. אָרָפּרְשָׁד region, in גָרָפּרְשָׁד. 2) to knit, plait, Arab. לֹּלָל to knot; akin to אָרָפָּד I, מָמָא סָיָר, perh. hence אָרָפָּד

אָרָאָר m. region, prop. an expanse, only in אַרַפַּרְשָׁר

שֹׁרָפּרָשָׁרָשָׁר pr. n. of the third son of Shem; also of a people and region named after him Gen. 10, 22, prob. the province Ἀβαπαχίτις in north Assyria. The Chaldeans are said to be derived form this Semitic race; and the name comes perh. from א region and בְּשָׁר = בְּשָׁר or בָּשָׁר (which see) Chaldee; hence Chaldean's land.

Y (obs.) perh. akin to برجر (obs.) for be compact, آرز to be firm or hard; hence

אָרָצִי (w. suf. אַרְצִי, w. art. דָאָכֶץ, w. ה- loc. אָרָצוֹת, pl. אָרָצוֹת, c. אַרָצוֹת) f. (rarely m. as in Gen. 13, 6), 1) the earth, the land as hard and firm in opp. to the fluid and waving sea Gen. 1, 10; the earth or globe in opp. to the heavens Gen. 1, 1, in this sense including the sea. 2) earth, as a material Ps. 12, 7. 3) the ground, to the ground Gen. 33, 3; one's country, fatherland, esp. among the Hebrews Joel 1, 2; land or field, as property or estate Gen. 23, 15; territory Ruth 1, 7. 4) inhabitants of a land Gen.11, 1. The pl. הַאָרְצוֹת signifies lands Gen. 26, 3, esp. heathen lands 2 Ch. 13, 9. - Arab. أَنْخَا بِيرَتِي Aram. أَرْضُ

۲۲۳ pr. n. m. (perh. firmness) 1 K. 16, 9. ר לאבן להאום. (i. q. אָרָק לא changing into p; def. אָרָקא) f. the earth, only Jer. 10, 11; but often in Targums.

דָרָר pr. n. m. (for דְּדָרָי mountaneer) 2 Sam. 23, 33.

ער (Qal obs.) prob. akin to יָרָשָׁ to grasp or seize, to appropriate. — Pi. אָרָשׁ, usually w. acc. אָרָשׁ, to take to (5) oneself a wife (like אָרָשָׁ) Deut. 20, 7; without אָרָשָׁ, to espouse, marry 2 Sam. 3, 14. — Pu. 3. f. perf. אַרְשָׁה she is betrothed Ex. 22, 15; part. pass. קאוֹרְשָׁה betrothed Deut. 22, 23.

تَوَرَشَى (obs.) i. q. Arab. وَرَشَى to seek after something, to desire. Hence الألام f. desire, longing, only Ps.

21, 3, Sept. δέησις.

אורת see אורת.

(Persian) Ezr. 7, 1. 7, also אָרְתַּקשׁשָאָ Ezr. 4, 8, 4, 7, pr. n. m. Ἀρταξέρ-

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 $\xi\eta\zeta$, king Artaxerxes (named Pseudo-Smerdes) Ezr. 4, 7; Artaxerxes (Longimanus) Ezr. 7, 1. The spelling appears to be that of the inscriptions of Nakshi-Bustam, and of several Pehlevi medals, akin to Artashetr, i. e. mighty king.

עלאייניע (r. עלא I; w. suf. שאייניע Job 18, 5, אייעינע Is. 50, 11) f. (rarely m. as in Job 20, 26) fire Ps. 104, 4; the fire of God, i. e. lightning Job 1, 16; fig. anger, of God Deut. 32, 22; zea, ardor, of men Jer. 20, 9; war Num. 21, 28; איז to kindle a fire, excite war Is. 50, 11; destruction Job 15, 34; heat or scorching of sun Joel 1, 19; flashing of weapons Nah. 2, 4, of gems Ez. 28, 14. --- Akin to אות II.

تَكْبَر Chald. (def. مَعْنَبُه) i. q. Heb. تُعَمَّر, fire Dan. 7, 11.

UN (= $\underline{\psi}$) m. existence, being, hence there is 2 Sam.14,19, Mic. 6, 10; prop. part. of $\underline{\psi}$ = N IV to be. See N.

WN ('ðsh) Chald. (pl. def. ۲۳۵۲) m. foundation Ezr. 4, 12; r. تُعْلِيْ ال.

Cobs.) perh.i.q بَشِح, Arab. بَشَبَ, to think. Hence perh.

אָשָׁב אַ pr. n. m. (perh. for אַשְׁבָל God's thought) Gen. 46, 21; hence patron. אָשָׁבָלי Num. 26, 38.

ןֹבְעָאָ pr. n. m. (perh. thoughtful, r. אַשָּב) Gen. 36, 26.

אַשְׁבָע pr. n. m. (prob. swearing, r. אַשָּׁבָע w. א prosth.) 1 Ch. 4, 21.

אָשְׁוּבַעַל pr. n. probably i. q. איש מען קיש דעש q. v.

مَعْتِ (obs.) akin to المَعْتِ to shed, to pour out; i.q. Chald. بينية, Byr. مُعْتَر أَهُمْ , Arab. المَعْ to water. Deriv. بينية الم

TUN m. outpouring, hence a place where a brook pours down, ravine, water-gully; only in אַשָּׁר נְחָלָים ravine of torrents Num. 21, 15.

לעשריות (pl. אשריח) f. outpouring, hence the base of a mountain, gully or ravine Josh. 10, 40; העסור עולק the ravines of Pisgah, i. q. the foot of the mountain Deut. 3, 17.

אָשָרוֹר pr. n. (stronghold, r. אָשָרוֹר w. א prosth.) one of the five royal cities in Philistia Josh. 11, 22 (called אנשדט, Acts 8, 40), now a village, Esdûd; gentilic adj. אַשָׁרוֹרָיוֹש, Josh. 13, 3, fem. אַשְׁרוֹרָיוֹש, (pl. אַשְׁרוֹיִרָיוֹש,), as adv. in the Ashdod dialect Neh. 13, 23. 24.

אָשָׁרָת f. declivity, sloping descent אַשָּׁרָא, so some would read for אַשָּׁרָה Deut. 33, 2; but see אָשָׁרָה.

fem. of אָלָשָׁד fem. of אָרָשָׁד, c. THEN Gram. § 96, 2, w. suf. THEN, כשים . , once אשחק Ps. 128, 3; pl. כשים for געשים by aphæresis, c. לשי, once riven Ez. 23, 44) woman, of any age or condition, married or unmarried Gen. 2, 23; female of animals Gen. 7, 2; wife, opp. to husband Gen. 24, 3; אָשָׁר אָבָרָק wife of thy father, step-mother Lev. 18, 8, cf. 1 Cor. 5, 1. to take to oneself -- לאשה for a wife, i. e. to marry Gen. 4, 19; term of reproach for a weak, cowardly man Is. 19, 16; prob. pleonastic or in apposition, in אשׁה חונה harlot Josh. 2, 1, אשדו פרלגש concubine Judg. 19, 1, אַלָּמָנָה widow 1 K. 7, 14;

לעשר (from אריך fire w. old fem. or collect. ending ה- as in אריך גיבערה אריך as in אריך גיבערה אריך גיבערה אריך גיבערה אריך אריך אריך גיבערה אריך גיבערים אריך

(only pl. w. suf. אָשׁרֹרְרָה in K'thibh) *pillar, prop* Jer. 50, 15; r. אָשָׁת.

אשרך (נ. אָשָׁד, ד. אָשָׁד) m. darkness, gloom, only Q'ri of Prov. 20, 20; where the K'thibh has אָשׁוֹן, which see.

יאָשָׁרָי (only w. suf. אָשָׁרָי) אָשָׁרָי I) f. 1) step, going Ps. 40, 3, my foot took hold of his going i. e. I kept to the path he set me Job 23, 11; fig. conduct Prov. 14, 15. 2) i. q. אָשָׁרָי, a species of cedar, Arab. sherbîn; only in pl. אָשָרָי בַשׁרָ בָּרָי deck they have made of ivory (i. e. of ivory inlaid in the wood-work), daughter (i. e. a product) of the sherbincedars, Ez. 27, 6; r. אָשָׁרַ II.

Nimrod = אישדר Mic. 5, 5; originally only a small province (now Kurdistan) w. the chief city ויקוח, where also were the cities רְּהֹבוֹת עִיר ,כֵּלֵת , רֵמָן Gen 10, 11. 12; but afterwards Assyria in its widest extent (Is. 10, 9, 10) so that even its sections, Babylonia (2 K. 23, 29) and Persia (Ezr. 6, 22) bore the same name; Ptol. 'Assupla, Strabo'A toupía (איזדר Chald.). 3) perh. Syria Is. 19, 23, according to some. 4) אלאדרים pr. n. of an Arab tribe Gen. 25, 3. 5) perh. pr. n. of a city in Assyria Gen. 2, 14, later *Seleucia*. 6) pr. n. of a district in Asher, whence 2 Sam. 2, 9. בואטוררי

אַשְׁדוּר pr. n. m. (blackness, r. שָׁדָר) 1 Ch. 2, 24.

רָשְׁיָשָׁי ('ŏshyā') f. support, foundation, only in Q'ri אָשִׁיוֹתֵידָ Jer. 50, 15; r. אָשָׁיו

אֹטָיקאָ pr. n. (high or celestial) of a god in Hamath 2 K. 17, 30; prob. akin to אָשָׁיָד to be high (whence אַיָּדָשָׁ heavens).

אַטִירָה Mic. 5, 13, see אַטִירָה.

(pl. אַשִׁישׁוֹי Hos. 3, 1, אַשׁישׁוֹי Hos. 3, 1, אָשׁישׁישׁוֹי Cant. 2, 5; r. אָשׁישׁישׁוּי וו אָשׁישׁי Cant. 2, 5; r. אַשּׁישׁוּי געפרדרי (cf. אָשׁישׁי אָשָּׁישׁי, אָמּאַלאנג), hence אָשּׁישׁי אַשָּׁישׁי raisin-cakes, for idol sacrifice Hos. 3, 1, for a journey 2 Sam. 6, 19, for refreshment Cant. 2, 5.

קשר (obs.) perh. akin to דוסיקד) III, קבן: to bind, to knit together. Hence perh. אַשׁל אָבָוָ

testicle, only in Lev. 21, 20; but as it is used also of the female in the



Arab. السَعَلَى , the root may rather be akin to Arab. سَعَى (rigare, $\beta \rho \epsilon \chi \epsilon \iota \nu$), $\omega = 0$, ω

סק אָשְׁרָכ Jer. 25, 3 inf. absol. Hiph. of אָשָׁכָש; see Gram. § 53, 3, Rem. 2.

לְבָרָ 1) pr. n. of a son of den. 10, 3. 2) pr. n. of a Japhetic race and region named after him, אָשָׁרָבָן in the vicinity of Armenia Jer. 51, 27; the modern Jews fancifully take it for Germany.

דָשָׁשָׁלָ (r. שָׁכָר II, w. א prosth.) m. 1) traffic or wares Ez. 27, 15. 2) present or tribute Ps. 72, 10.

تَكَلَّبُ (obs.) to be firm, pressed together; akin to النَّلَ Arab. أَنَّلَ to be firmly rooted. Hence

אָשָׁאָ m. a tamarisk Gen. 21, 33. שַעָאָ Num. 5, 7, also שַעָאָ Lev. 4, 13 (fut. רָאָשָׁב, pl. אָרָאָשָר

שׁטָאָ (pl. אָשָׁרָים) m. 1) fault, guilt Gen. 26, 10. 2) an act incurring guilt, a trespass Num. 5, 7. 8. 3) the sacrifice whereby the guilt was expiated, a trespass-offering 1 Sam. 6, 3, Is. 53, 10; it differs from שַטָּר (see Lev. 5, 1-26); r. שַׁיָא.

ロ辺蘂 adj. m. guilty, i. e. either charged w. a fault Gen. 42, 21, 2 Sam. 14, 13, or under obligation to expiate a fault Ezr. 10, 19; r. ロビミ.

אַשְׁמִירָה (pl. השׁמָעָר א. suf. אָשָׁמָרָה Ps. 69, 6) f. prop. inf. Qal, hence לְאָשָׁה to trespass in it Lev. 5, 26, but mostly as a subst. 1) trespass Lev. 4, 3, trespass-offering Lev. 5, 24. 2) condemnation 2 Ch. 28, 13. 3) fig. idol, those who swear by the guilt (idol) of Samaria Am. 8, 14, where some take it for אָשִׁרָרָא goddess of S.; see אָשָׁרָרָא.

אַשָּרָיָם (r. אָשָׁבָיָן אושר, אושר, solitudes, wilderness, i. q. צַלְבְיָה region of shades, hence בּּלְבְיָה שָׁה the desolate places as the dead Is. 59, 10. The Rabbins render it darkness. Others taking it for שָׁבָיָר (Gen. 27, 28, ר. שָׁבָי) read in the fertile fields we were as the dead.

אַשְׁמָרֶה, אַשְׁמָרָד, (c. אַשְׁמָרָד, pl. אַשְׁמָרָד, יאַשְׁמָרָד, jr. ישָׁמַר, f. 1) a night-watch,

the third part of the night, קטאמאל, L. vigilia Ps. 63, 7; the first watch is called ראלם אליקריון Lam. 2, 19; the second ראלם אליקריון דאַשָּׁשְׁלָין וּשָׁרָער וּשָׁשְׁלָין וּשָׁמָר וּשׁמער אשָׁמָרֶח וַשְׁלָר בּג. 19; and the third אַשְׁמָרֶח וַשְׁלָר אשָׁמָרֶח בּעֹמָר בּג. 14, 24. In N. Test. age there were 4 watches, after the Boman custom, Mat. 14, 25.

אַשְׁעָרָה f. same as אַשְׁעָלָרָא, Judg. 7, 19.

Thald إلا i. q. إيني ; hence pr. n. ينبين .

ן (obs.) to be obscure, dark; hence perh. אַשׁאָ

مَعْتَلَمَةُ (w. suf. مَعْتَلَمَةُ) m. a window or lattice, prop. breathing or cooling place Judg. 5, 28. Windows in the east are latticed for coolness..... The r. is عَيْتُ (w. & prosth.), akin to عَنْتُي بَعْتُ to breathe.

דָשָׁשָׁ pr. n. (fortress, r. אָשָׁדָן I) of two cities in Judah Josh. 15, 33. 43.

אָשָׁעָאָ pr. n. (support, r. זַשָּׁשָׁ w. Reprosth.) of a city in Judah Josh. 15, 52.

ر (obs. akin to بریتر, پیتر, بریتر, all mimet. to express breathing, whispering, muttering; hence the mysterious noises or tokens of conjurers, to use magic, i. q. Syr. مد). Hence

קואל Chald. (prop. part. of קוא Chald. (prop. part. of קוא chald.) m. magician, enchanter Dan. 2, 27.

קשא Heb. and Chald (pl. Heb. דידילא) m. enchanter, magician (but different fr. جنوب) Dan. 1, 20; 2, 10.

العَلَيْنَ (w. suf. المَعْلَى: r. المَعْلَى I) 1. 1) a quiver, prop. grasper, holder (cf. our holster for a pistol-case) Is. 22, 6; ווּשָּׁשָׁא בּי sons of his quiver i. e. his arrows Lam. 3, 13. 2) perh. pl. אַשָּׁשָׁא (r. אָשָׁשָׁ II to heap) dunghills 1 Sam. 2, 8; but perh. better make אַשָּׁשָׁא a dunghill as m. sing. from אָשָׁשָׁ (w. א prosth.) to deposit.

DEPLY pr.n.m. (prob. horse's nose) of a chief eunuch Dan. 1, 3. ---- Rödiger takes the word from the Persian asp (horse) and nâsâ (nose).

שְׁשָׁלָאָ m. measure, portion (from r. שָׁשָׁלָט hold) 2 Bam. 6, 19; the ancient versions render it piece, as if from r. שַׁבָר I to break.

רשְׁשָׁשָּׁהוֹת (only pl. אָשָׁשָּהוֹת) f. dunghills, only Lam.4, 5; r. רשָטָ to set or deposit

אָשָׁשָּׁאַ (r. אָשָׁשָּׁש אַ אַ prosth.) m. prop. a deposit or dung, then dunghill Ps. 113, 7; אשער קאאָשר dung-gale Neh. 2, 13; cf. 3, 13.

ר אַשָּׁק 1 K. 19, 20, see r. אָשָׁן I.

pr. n. of one of the five royal pr. n. of one of the five royal cities of the Philistines, between Gaza and Jamnia (Sept. Άσχάλων, 1 Maccab. 'Ασχαλώνιον) Judg. 1, 18; gentil. adj. אַשָּׁקלוּזָי Josh. 13, 3; still called عسقلاس *Asqalân* by the Arabs. ---- Perh. the name comes from boy to weigh, hence a balance, as expressive of its traffic; cf. Tarentum, Τάρας = talentum, τάλαντον. As the district was said to be rich in onions, these were perh. called on that account, ascaloniæ, escalotes, our shallot, a kind of onion; but more likely this vegetable got its name from L. esculentus.

דער I akin to שור 1, to go Prov. 9, 6; hence איניר 1.

לער או או to be straight or even (cf. גאָדער, אָשָׁד גע געשור, אָשָׁד לו קאָפֿער); fig. of the straight-forward

אֶשֶׁר

course or progress of undertakings, hence to be prosperous; hence אָשָׁר – Pi. to make straight, to direct the steps Prov. 4, 14; to cause to step, to lead along Is. 3, 12; fig. to right or defend Is. 1, 17; to pronounce happy, to congratulate, Sept. μαχαρίζω, Gen. 30, 13. – Pu.

לעבא (obs.) perh. akin to אָקָאָ, to bind; hence perh. אָאָשְׁרָאַל and אָאָשְׂרָאַל.

TUN 1) rel. pron. for all genders and numbers, who, which, also that which, what (on its rather notable syntactical usage see the Gram. § 123). As the most important particle in dependent sentences, it stands at the head of clauses where it strongly marks relation, and is supplemented by a pron. or suffix according as the אשר may belong to the subject Deut. 20, 15 or the object Jer. 32, 3; e. g. he who lives (אַטָּר) Gen. 9, 3, where הוא forcibly adds the nominative idea to the merely rel. אָשֶׁר; whom he imprisoned (אָשֶׁר פָלָאוֹ) Jer. 32, 3, where the suf. i- adds the objective idea to not. This supplementing is necessary, if The refers to a subordinate notion e. g. אָטָר קצירו whose harvest Job 5, 5; לו *whom*, where אישר לו expresses neither the subject nor the object; but אַשָּׁר is sufficient alone if it refers (adverbially = where, when, why, how) to substantives of place Gen. 35, 13, time 2 Sam. 19, 25, manner, reason or way 1 K. 11, 27. -As אָשָׁר prop. expresses merely relation, it may express that idea in various constructions (see Gram. 🖇 123, 1) e. g. אַשָׁר שָׁם where, אַשָּׁר שָׁם אַשָּׁר ששי whence, ששי whither; even w. the pron. of the 1st and 2nd persons (אַשֶׁר הוֹצַאתֵיך, אַשֶׁר בְּרִיתִי); op the contrary, in most languages it is possible only w. the 3rd person. - When the context or the sense of a clause readily suggests the relative idea, the relative pronoun is very often omitted (as in Engl.) e. g. בארץ לא להם in a land (which is) not theirs Gen. 15, 13, a pit (which) he made Ps. 7, 18 (see Gram. § 123, 3). — الجينة is often (as in Engl.), esp. in poetry, used as involving its antecedent, i. e. a personal or demonst. pronoun (Gram. § 123, 2), e. g. אַטָּר הְבָרָת דָרָת Jer. 32, 24 (that) which (= what) thou spakest comes to pass, 1 K. 5, 22 שַׁמַעָּתִי אָת אַשָּׁר שָׁלֵחָת אָלי I have heard that which (= what) thou sentest to me. 2) rel. conj. (Gram. § 155, 1) that Ex. 11, 7, because Deut. 3, 24, as Ex. 14, 13, how Job 37, 17, when 1 K.8, 9; w. prep. בַּאֲשֵׁר in that, י אַשָּׁר פאַשָּר, מאַשָּׁר as, פאַשָּר since, דַל־אַשָּר for that. - On אלטר as prefix, see על.

للكجين pr. n. m. (prosperous; cf. Eddaluw, Felix) 1) a son of Jacob Gen. 30, 13; gentil. n. المجين Asherite Judg. 1, 32. 2) pr. n. (fortress) of a city Josh. 17, 7.

אָשָׁדי (pl. אָאָדיר (r. 1) i. g. אָשָׁדי (r. 1) step, going, fig. way Job 23, 11. 2) sherbin-cedar, בּת אָשָׁדים made of sherbin-cedars Ez. 27, 6; r. אַשָּׁד II.

אשריר (only in pl. c. אשריה and w. suf. אשריר אשריכ אשריק אשריק Prov. 29, 18) m. happiness, prosperity (prop. pl. felicities, blessednesses); used only before a noun or pronominal suf. as a sort of interj. אשריק אשרי Ps. 1, 1 happy the man! who --; קאיש אשרי happy (art) thou! Deut. 33, 29; r. אשר וו.

אָשָׁד (w. suf. אָשָׁדָי) m. happiness, only Gen. 30, 13; r. אָשָׁד II.

الله f. for المجرب step, only Job 31, 7.

אָשָראָל pr. n. m. (God binds, r. אַשָּרָאָל 1 Ch. 4, 16.

אָשָׁרָאָלָה pr. n. m. (God makes happy) 1 Ch. 25, 2.

Mic. 5, 13 (pl. אשרים, אשרים, אישרים, f. prop. happiness (cf. L. Fortuna), hence Ashera, name of the Phenician and Syrian goddess of blissfulness or fortune (Άφροδίτη, Venus) 1 K. 15, 13 (elsewhere (אַשָּׁיָלָת), united w. אָשָׁרָם the pl. for her images 1 K. 14, 23.

אָשָׂרָאָל pr. n. m. (i. q. אָשֶׂרָאָל) Num. 26, 31.

د. بالإير Chald. m. wall Ezr. 5, 8; cf. r. بالإير II to be upright; or perh. r. بالإير I to be strong.

UUN I (obs.) i. q. Chald. ΝΪΝ, ΓΓΝ to burn, to glow; hence τη Πάν, Πώτ. --- Cf. Sans. ush (to burn), L. uro (us.si), ačθω, L. æstas, G. heiss, our heat, W. odyn (a kiln).

לשטאוו (obs.) akin to Arab. أس to make firm i. q. אָשָׁד to be firm or strong. Deriv. אָשָׁד לo show oneself — Hithpo. אָשָׁד to show oneself manly or strong Is. 46, 8; but this may be a denom. from אַא

الله f. (c. of العَشِر, Gram. § 96, 2, but perh. the absol. state in Deut. 21, 11, 1 Sam. 28, 7, Ps. 58, 9, Jer. 13, 21) woman; see العَشِر.

r. ζωύ for ζυύ) of a city of Dan, Josh. 15, 33 (Sept Έσθαόλ, Άσταώλ, Euseb. Έσθαούλ).

ראות Chald. m. insurrection Ezr. 4, 15; r. שָׁרָר. אָשוראלן pr. n. m. (perh. uxorious, from אָשוראל) 1 Ch. 4, 11.

אשרור Chald. Dan. 5, 3, perf. 3 pl. for אישרור, r. שתוו אין.

Josh. 21, 14 pr. n. (perh. renowned, r. געוין) of a Levitical city in Judah, not far from Hebron.

ראָל Chald. m. i. q. Heb. אוֹה, sign, token, portent Dan. 3, 32; r. אוֹה I.

[M] (in pause المجرة, i. q. مجرة) pron. f. thou Gen. 24, 23, for an-ti, as المجرة for an-ta; الم may stand also for the masc. المجر, Num. 11, 15,Deut.5,27.

רָאָא i. q. אָאָד pers. pron. m. thou, 1 Sam. 24, 19.

אָקִדים אָקִדים אָקִדים אָקִדים אָקִדים אָקִדים אָקִדים אָקִדים אַקִדיק Joel. 4, 10) m. plow-share, coulter, hoe 1 Sam. 13, 20, prop. the cutting instrument, r. און I to cut in, to dig; but as the forms אַקִדים אָקִדים occur, some consider אַ as derived from און און און און I.

איז (before Maqqeph איז, w. most suffixes אֹת, but see below) emphat. pron. self (prob. akin to adtós, Gram. § 117, 2, Note) prob. from an old demonst. pronoun, e. g. Josh. 22, ארדעון is it a trifle for us ארדעון this very iniquity of Pe'or? It is generally a sign of the definite accusative, hence used 1) w. suffixes in order to express the acc. of the personal pronouns; e. g. Gen. 12, 12 דָרְגוּ אֹתִי וָאֹתָך נhey kill me and thee they will save, where the emphasis or antithesis requires the personal pronoun. So if the verb has two pers. pronouns as objects, where the suff. on the verb can express only one, the other is then put w. and the appropriate suf. as איתר me, איתר us, in him, איתר her,

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אָקד m. אָקד f. thee, איקד m. (איקבם), אָרָבָן f. you, ברא m. אידן f. them (rarely אוחהם Gen. 32, 1, אוחהם Ez. 23, 45, אותרך v. 47). 2) before substantives, mostly if they have the art. or a suffix, or are in c. state or are proper names or otherwise made definite (Gram. §117, 2) e. g. Gen. 1, 1 God created אח דשמרים ואח the heavens and the earth ; ארדבר the heavens and the earth whom? that which which ; this אַת־כּל all אַת־נָּת. On the rare cases where an instands before an indefinite acc. (e. g. Ex. 21, 28 אַז־אָרשׁ אד איז־אשה) see Gram. § 117, 2, Bem. - On the few cases where The seems to stand before a nominative, see Gram. § 143, 1, Rem. ---- Cf. Chald. אָר, Syr. ג'; perh. Heb. שֹׁי, Gr. oùσία, L. essentia, Sans. vasu, G. wesen, W. ŵydh (presence).

אָקד, אווו (יד, w. suf. אָקד, אָקד) (in p. אָקַכָם אָקַנוּ אָקווּ אָקָדָ, fem. אָקַדָ, DEN; but in Kings, Jerem. and Ezek. איִקד, see Gram. § 103, 1, Rem. 1) prep. at, by, with, toward Ps. 67, 2 (perh. for אנה approach or nearness, r. אָנָה II), דער שכב איזי to lie with Gen. 19, 33; יבָר אָח־ to stand with, to help Num. 1, 5; בָּרָת בָּרָית to make covenant with Ex. 34, 27. It is equal to by, the two hardly differing except perh. like μετά and σύν, the former perh. expressing accompaniment and the latter (עם) connection. In Gen. 4, 1 I have gotten a man (chield) אָח־יְהוֹיָם w. the Eternal i. e. with his presence and help (cf. Sept. extnodunv avθρωπον διὰ τοῦ θεοῦ, Vulg. per deum, Syr. (במנים). - קאת from with, i. e. away from Gen. 8, 8 (like כָּעָם, Fr. de chez quelqu'un), after verbs of departing, sending, receiving, buying, begging. באחד Is. 44, 24 **Q'ri (= dπ' έμαυτοῦ** in John 5, 30) but the K'thibh אָקר אָקר gives the best sense who (was) with me? ---- Prob. akin to μετὰ, μέσος, L. medius, Sans. mid (adapt), G. mit, O. Norsk vidh, E. with.

הא also הוא, sign of def. accusative, see איז II.

אָדָאָ, דראָאָ, inf. (= Heb. אָדָאָדָא 3. perš. pl. אָדָא, inf. אַדַט 3. perš. pl. אָדָא, inf. אָדַט אָדָא, imp. pl. אָדָא, to come Dan. 7, 22, Ezr. 4, 12. – Aph. דְרָרְדָ, inf. דְרָרְדָ, to bring Dan. 3, 13. – Hoph. (a sort of Hebraism for Ittaphel) to be brought, perf. 3 pers. f. דַרְרָדָר Dan. 6, 18, pl. דַרְרָדָר 3, 13.

אָרְהַצָל pr. n. m. (with-Baal) king of Sidon 1 K. 16,31; Joseph. 'Ιθόβαλος, Είθώβαλος (אָרָה צָקוֹ w. him Baal).

אנקאר (= אנקאר, as in Aram. and Arab.; in pause אנקאר, as in Aram. 2 pers. m. sing. thou, also written א and א. The real root-syllable is און, together w. an older form א (analogous to אר), as the fem א tě, together w. an older form א (analogous to אר), an being only a prefixed demonstrative particle as in אוכי an-oki. Cf. Sans. tvam, L. tu, sú, Dor. tú, W. ti, G. du, E. thou.

אָקְתְרָדַע 1 fut. Hith. of דְדָע, Gram. § 69, 2.

אָתַת

לארול (pl. ארול ארול) f. she-ass Gen. 32, 16, ארול son of his she-ass poet for his ass's colt Gen. 49, 11. -----Generally traced to ארן (an assumed root) to go slowly; but it may well come from אר Arab. לנט, ear; hence the long-eared, as in L. auritus, asinus, G. esel, etc.; see on אריבר.

(iFine) Chald. com. gend. furnace, oven Dan. 3, 6; prop. fire, akin to Ex. alθειν, Αίτνη, Ætna, W. odyn (a kiln), tān (fire).

ארון (K'thibh of Ez. 41, 15) m. a break or offset, in buildings, a gallery, Targ. יין, Sept. στοά, περίστυλον; r. בָּחַק.

آي (only K'thibh) i.e. אַדִּיּד 2 pers. pron. f. i. q. אָדָי thow, only Judg. 17, 2, 1 K. 14, 2, Jer. 4, 30.

אָדָרָא pr. n. m. (perh. for אָדָרָא with (הָדָ Sam. 15, 19, 22; אירַדי in 1 Ch. 11, 31.

אָרָד imp. pl. of אָרָד imp. pl. of אָרָד imp. gram. § 76, 2, c and § 23, 3, Rem. 2.

prico or gallery Ez. 42, 5; r. p.

ΔΥΧ pr. n. of a district in Egypt, Ex. 13, 20; Sept. Όθώμ, Copt. **ΔΤΙΟΜ** i. e. boundary of the sea.

אָקובולל Mic. 2, 8, אָקובולל 1 Sam. 4, 7, אָקובולל 1 Sam. 10, 11 (= אָקובולל, like אָקובולל) prop. before; hence adv. yesterday; but in Mic. 2, 8, Is. 80, 83, aforetime, of old. See אָקובול shortened from אָקובול.

גען (obs.) perh. to take short steps, like the ass; but see איזע above. אַרתן, see אַיָר.

קּתָר only Ez. 34, 31, i. q. אַתְּנָת דָרָרָה m. present, reward, esp. a harlot's hire Hos. 2, 14; r. דְּתָרָ w. prosthetic.

קקה Gen. 31, 6, אַקּרָא Ez. 13, 20, pron. 2 pl. f. ye.

אָקרנוּ = אָקאנוּ אַרָאני אָקרנוּ אַקרנוּ אַקרני we come; r. אָקד

אָרָזָדָ pr. n. m. (perh. munificent, r. תובנה I) 1 Ch. 6, 26.

אָרָנָז (w. suf. אָרָנַז פּון אָרָנָז אָרָנָז II = אָרָנַז ע אין אַרָז אָרָנז אין אַרָז אָרָז אַן אַרָן אָרָן 1) gift, present, esp. a harlot's hire Ez. 16, 34, Deut. 23, 19; fig. of fruits or produce, as if gifts to or from idols Hos. 9, 1; Is. 23, 17 אָרְנָזָר (for דַרָּזָרָנָז her gift. 2) pr. n. 1 Ch. 4, 7, one of the sons of Helah.

רביא (obs.) perh. akin to אָרָזע (obs.) perh. akin to אָרָזע, to remove, to shift forward; hence perh. אָאָדע, אָאָדע.

7]P.F.N. Jer. 22, 24, 1 fut. Qal of prp; see Gram. § 58, 4.

עסאני, אָשָׁר (obs.) akin to שׁוּר, אָשָׁר II, אָדָרָרים I, to go about; hence אָדָרָרים, cf. Syr, אָבָן place and

Chald. (def. אָהָרָא) m. place or room Dan. 2, 35, Ezr. 5, 15; אָהָר דִּד i. q. Heb. אָהָר בְּקוֹם אָשָׁר בָּאחַר where Ezr. 6, 3; hence אַהַר בָּאחַר after Dan. 7, 6; w. suf. בָּאַחַר after thee Dan. 2, 39, cf. בַּאַחַר

אָתָרִים pr. n. (places, r. אָתָרִים) a place in south Palestine Num. 21, 1.

ראות Chald. (obs.) prob. akin to Heb. שעק, מוֹטש, Sans. ush, to burn, hence אודע.

גְּתַח , דְּתַח (obs.) akin to תָּחָ, בְּתַח, בְּתַח, גָּתַח I, to cut or smite (cf. Sans. kat = L. quatio, in-cutio); hence אות I.

שלא, the 2d letter in the Heb. Alphabet; hence used also as the numeral for 2. Its early form on Phenician monuments and Heb. coins is \triangle or \triangle , whence the Greek \Im or \Im and B. Its name the Greek \Im or \Im and B. Its name \square (Rabbinic pl. ביחין, ביחין, (Rabbinic pl. ביחין, ביחין, (Babbinic pl. ביחין, ביחין, (Babbinic pl. ביחין, ביחין, (Babbinic pl. ביחין, ביחין, (Babbinic pl. ביחין, שלחים, (Babbinic pl. ביחין, which prob. its earliest shape rudely resembled; the form and name (whence Gr. Bŋ̃ta) suggesting by the initial sound the force of the letter, which is like our b (ב) or softer like bh or v (\square); see Gram. § 6, 3.

 under 2) and prob. adjectival, though the force is now lost; cf. the adj. endings $-\iota\mu \circ \varsigma$, $-\mu \omega v$ also $-\beta\eta \varsigma$, $-\beta\circ \varsigma$ (e. g. $\dot{\alpha} \times \rho \iota - \beta \dot{\eta} \varsigma$ from $\dot{\alpha} \times \rho \circ \varsigma$, $\times \alpha \wedge \delta \dot{\beta} \dot{\delta} \varsigma$ = $\times \dot{\alpha} \wedge \dot{\alpha} \varsigma$); Sans. -bha (A) in vali-bha (wrinkled) from vali (wrinkle), -va (A) in kêsa-va (fair-haired) from kêsa(hair); L.-bus in mor-bus, accr-bus.

📮 A) pref. prep. (Gram. § 102, 2 and § 154, 3, a) generally used to express in, within, among (Èv), but with differences of meaning, evolved perhaps in the following order: 1) the purely local, temporal, or circumstantial idea of being, resting or acting in or at any place, hence -a in, at (in answer to where?) as בַבֵּיָת in the house, בַּשֶׁבָים in the land, בַּשֶׁבָי in the heavens, בְּשָׁעָר in the gate, בְּשָׁעָר in the sanctuary, בַכָּן in or at the well; and in many idioms (where its proper force of in is not lost, though we have to render it differently to suit our usage); e. g. עַרָן בְּעָרָן eye to eye, רום בּיום , דְּוֹרֵשׁ בְּרְוֵשׁ, שָׁנָת בְשָׁנָת, הַשָּׁבָת בְּעַצָם בְעַצָם, In the sense of in, etc., many sorts of verbs are construed with it, especially verbs of believing, confiding, delighting in, or the contrary, e.g. בְּטַח, הַאֵמִרן, הָאַמִרן, בַּגַר מָעַל, פָשָׁע, חָטַא, בְּחָשׁ, מָרַד בָּ הָסָח; verbs of inquiring or choosing, etc. e. g. אָאָדַב, רָצָה, בַּתַר בָּ; שָׁאַל, דָרָשׁ בָ, אָתַב, קַם אַעַר אָעָר אָצָל, טָאַס אָנלץ אָרל אָיל, שָׁמַחַ; verbs of sense (bodily sensations or mental perceptions) e.g. דְאָה ב, to to listen to, דַרִרָה to listen to דָרָרָה to smell of, נאַש ב to call on, בּנָשׁ to approach to, to touch, בקק to cleave to, אחז ב , החזיר , to take hold of,

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to touch, אַנע to light on or נגע ב hit, הזברר, הנה to muse on, הזברר, הנח דְבָר ב , יכוז, in which cases it may be translated upon, over, concerning. With this notion of rest in, at, etc., is then connected $-\beta$) the idea of accompaniment, with, at, by, in the sense of nearness or of instrumentality, whether this accompaniment has the notion of helping, or attending on, serving as an instrument, or of ruling and effectuating, which we may have to render in Eng. by in, through, by means of, etc. as in בּּתִראַים, בַּנִצַתָּא, בּתִראַכה, בּתִאַים, בּתִצַיָא, בּתִראַכה, בּתִאַים, בּנִצַתָא, בּתִראַכה, בּתִאַים, בּנִצַתָא, בּתִראַכה, בּתִאַים, בּנִצַתָא, בּתִראַכה, בּתִאַים, בּנִצַתָּא, בּתִראַכה, בּתִאַים, בּנִצַתָּא, בּתַראַכה, בּתַאַים, בּנַצַתּא, בּתַראַכה, בּתַאַים, בּנַצַתּא, בּתַראַכה, בּתַאַים, בּנַצַתּא, בּתַראַכה, בּתַראַכה, בּתַראַכה, בּתַראַכה, בּתַאַים, בּנַצַתּא, בּתַראַכה, בּתַראַכה, בּתַראַכה, בּתַצַתּא, בּתַראַכה, Hence by prefixing 2 to substantives a great many adverbs and adjectives are in effect expressed, e. g. Edd with (prop. in) might, i. e. mightily; גּהבוינה גנאית גנשלי גנפרך גקרי 50 בלט, בראם. In this signif. it stands after the verb which by its help expresses the idea of accompaniment (by, through) e. g. קרָם, יָרָד, בָּא, נָבָּא ב, קרָם, נפקר נו do work through somebody; 🗅 🗝 to receive interest through somebody, i. e. to make a objects are spoken of, e.g. בְחַר upon (prop. in) the mount. 2) The idea of motion ($\epsilon l \varsigma$), as it were in to something, hence a) at, towards, but always implying nearness and so differing from by, in which motion towards, but without proximity, is expressed (in answer to whither?). In this way several verbs of motion are to give נַתּן בָּ e. g. נָתַן גָ to give in or into, הָרָך to tread in or on (see Gram. p. 325, Note³). So too verbs of *ruling* (cf. letter β above) רַרָה ב to keep in, to restrain; רַרָה ב, ביבל; verbs of contending or opposing in any way, e. g. הְּבֵּר, נְלְחֵם, קנא ,חרה ,קצח ,חהל ,צחק ,קלל (in such cases the Lat. too uses in,

with the acc. case in the same sense). - Fig. 5 is used for marking a rule: in (the manner), according to, e.g. in (according to) the manner, בררה according to the command of, according to the counsel; hence often according to (L. secundum), as, like as (like 🤉, for which perh. it is sometimes an error in writing). β) within, among, as a part in the whole, e. g. בַקשׁרים among the conspirators = a conspirator, בְּכַל among all, בכור among my helpers = my helper Ps. 118, 7; and in this signif. the 2 is used with verbs the action of which refers merely to a part of the whole, as ⊐ ⊓⊒⊓ to smite among (i. e. part), - דְּכָה to smite (i. e. all). So too אַכַל, שֶׁתָה, הָדֶרָג בָּ. γ) in regard to, as a brief way of including the whole, e.g. בְּכוֹת בַבּחֶמָה (among) in regard to fowl and cattle; used fig. e. g. Job 23, 13 God is בְּאַדֵּר in one, i. e. He is one or unique; also Is. 40, 10 יְבוֹא בְחָזָ He comes in a strong one, i. e. as mighty; cf. F. en in vivre en honnête homme. Its use in these last examples has given it the name Bêth essentiæ.

As to derivation, this prep. ק is prob. akin to אים סו ביא (so Gesenius and most) or בין (so Ewald, Lehrbuch, § 217, g) but Fürst and Dr. Payne Smith (Thes. Syriacus, col. 429) regard it as a primitive in the short form b^s, ascertained by a comparison of languages; the former labouring in vain to prove nearness to be its primary sense, but the latter accepting in as its original force. — With suff. גָּלָן, הַרָּ, אָבָ בָּלָן, הָבָן, הַרָּ אָבון, הָבָן, אָב מון, אָבָן, גַבָּלָן, הָבָן, הַרָּוֹלָן, אָב

B) א also appears — 1) as abbrev. f קנקהל in some proper names, as גּרָמָקל

A Chald. in, same as the Heb.

χ, see κin. Cf. Sans. vâ (go), βά-ω, βαί-νω, βά-δος, L. via, va-do, O. E. wade (go), W. bant (off).

1 K. 14, 12 inf. of אוֹם, but 1 K. 13, 7 is imperative.

Buth 1, 19 inf. of Niz, w. suf. 3 pl. f. and **n** demonstr. (see Gram. § 32, Rem. 7, § 91, 1, Rem. 2).

(for גִּרְאָד), f. entrance, only Ez. 8, 5 (cf. אָרחוֹן); r. בוֹא.

שאים Chald. adj. (only in fem. def. (קארשקא) evil Ezr. 4, 12; r. נגאים.

עבור (Qal obs.) i. q. בור, to bore, to dig, so in general many roots mid. א (א") are identical with verbs mid. (("); hence — Pi. אין 1) to carve in, to engrave on tables Hab. 2, 2. 2) to dig out (the sense), to explain Deut. 1, 5. --- Akin to אין, L. foro, G. bohren, E. bore, φρέαρ and βάραθρον.

(with ה- local בָּאָרָק, w. suf. בָּאָרָח . רָבָאָרָח . רָ בָּאָרָח . 1) pit, i. q. בַּאָרָח . דַאָרָח . 1) pit, i. q. בור . 26, 19 well, fully קאר מִים חַרָּרָם Gen. 26, 19 well of living waters. 3) pr. n. of encampment of the Israelites in the Wilderness Num. 21, 16, fully בַּעָלָם בָּאָר בָּרָם Is. 15, 8 (heroes'-well). 4) pr. n. of a place in the tribe of Judah Judg. 9, 21. 5) בַּעַלַח בָּאַר בָּאָר בָּרָם (mistress of a well) also merely בַעָל הַאָר 1 Ch. 4, 33, pr. n. of a place in the tribe of Simeon Josh. 19, 8. באר see הָבאָר אַלִים, גע

pr. n. (perh. well הַאָּר לַחֵל ראָר of the living looking one) of the well of Hagar Gen. 16, 14.

שָׁרָעָ דָיָאָר שָׁרָעָ pr. n. (well of oath or covenant) of a city on southern limit of Palestine, Βηρσαβεέ, Gen. 21, 31.

גאר (prop. גאד, K'thibh for גור 2 Sam. 23, 15) f. prop. pit, hence a cistern, reservoir, pl. בארוח Jer. 2, 13; r. באר בארוח.

אָרָאָ pr. n. m. (a well) 1 Ch. 7, 37.

pr. n. m. (a well) 1 Ch. 5, 6.

דארות pr. n. (wells) of a city in Benjamin Josh. 9, 17, Eus. Βηρώθ, now *el-Bîrch;* gentil. בְּאָרֹת 2 Sam. 4, 2 and בְּרֹת 1 Ch. 11, 39; cf. בְּאָרִי הָאָרָי

pr. n. of an בארת בני-יַעַקן encampment of the Israelites in the wilderness Deut. 10, 6, called also Num. 33, 31; see בני יַעַקן.

דָאָרָ pr. n. m. (L. fontanus) Hos. 1, 1.

ערבישט (fut. שביי) prop. to have a bad smell, to stink Ex. 7, 18; fig. to be bad, wicked (see Hiph.) i. q. Chald. שבי - Niph. שביי to shew oneself bad, to become hateful, w. ב, דיב, i. e. to be in ill odour with some one 1 Sam 13, 4. — Hiph. דיב, i. e. to be in ill odour with some one 1 Sam 13, 4. — Hiph. (ח, 1; fig. to make loathsome, w.] Gen. 34, 30; דיב, דיב, 21. 2) to stink Ex. 16, 24; fig. w.] to be hateful 1 Sam. 27, 12, Prov. 13, 5. — Hith. to make oneself hateful, only דיב, w. . w. 19, 6.

UNA Chald. to be evil, w. לעל to displease Dan. 6, 15 (opp. באל); see געל א.

נאס פֿיּגא (w. suf. זֹבאָבָ) m. bad smell, stench Am. 4, 10, Is. 34, 3 (cf. נַרַבָּאָ: r. גָאָבָ.

تَبَعَلَيْكَ f. a bad-smelling plant, a weed, only Job 31, 40.

שָּׁשָׁים m. pl. prop. adj. bad (e. g. בַּאָשִׁים), but as subst. bad grapes, wild grapes Is. 5, 2; r. בָּאַשׁ

באתר Chald., see באתר, אַבַיר, בָּאַתַר

inn) f. only בָרָת (only c. בָרָת w. – firm) f. only Zech. 2, 12 בְּבַה מַדָן apple of the eye, the pupil, perh. from בּרב (cf. בִּרב Talm. hole, pit, Chald. בָּבָא gate); but as the *pupil* is also called אישון בת עין Ps. 17, 8 lit. mannikin of the daughter of the eye (i. e. the little image one sees of himself when looking into another's pupil), and simply בֵּה עֵרָן Lam. 2, 18, it is likely that בָּבָה (prob. for באבאה, Arab. אין puellus, akin to 12) is a mimet. word, akin to L. pupa, pupilla, Syr. احْصَدْل (see Dr. Payne Smith's Thes. Syriacus), our babe, baby, boy, L. puer, $\pi a i \zeta$, N. Am. Indian pappoos, W. baban, F. poupon, which are all taken, like and and and, from infant lips; cf. xoon a girl, also the pupil of the eye.

pr. n. m. (perh. boyish, akin to בָּבָה Neh. 7, 16.

שלקל (ש. ה וסג. האָבָר (שַּבָּקָ) Babel, Babylon, pr. n. of the chief city of Babylonia Gen. 10, 10, also the kingdom of this name Is. 14, 4, which at the time of the Persian supremacy also meant Persia Neh. 13, 6. --- According to Gen. 11, 9 the name appears to stand for אָבָר לא הוא הוא גער לא נס שומא לא הוא הוא גער לא גער הבליל to mix, Arab. גער לא הוא לא to stammer, G. babbeln, E. babble, L. balbus, βάρβαρος (see 1 Cor. 14, 11), all suggestive of confused or unintelligible speech.

נבְּרְלָיֵא Chald. (pl. def. בְּרְלָיֵא) Babylonian, gentilic from בָּבָל Ezr. 4, 9.

לכ (only K'thibh) m. food Ez. 25, 7 (cf. φάγω); it should, however, be גָּגָ (cf. שְׁרְשָׁ), unless the Q'ri נַּרְשָׁר booty is correct, as in all the ancient versions.

לבבר רְרַבּד רְרָבֹד (fut. יְרָבַד רְרָבֹד (fut. יְרָבַד רְרָבֹד רָרָבַד (fut. יְרָבַד רָרָבַד רָבַד clothing. 2) fig. to cover, whence יַבָּר clothing. 2) fig. to conceal, hence to act covertly, to deceive (cf. יָבָשׁ), to cheat, abs. Job 6, 15, or w. א Mal. 2, 14, rarely w. יָש Jer. 3, 20, or acc. of the pers. whom one deceives or faithlessly forsakes, Ps. 73, 15; part. יְבָרָר הַרָּרָד faithless ones, revolters Is. 24, 16; יְבָרָר וּבָרָר וּשׁרָר (i. e. the drunkard) is treacherous Hab. 2, 5. Hence

בְּבָרִים, pl. בְּבָרִים, בְּבָרָים, כָּ קַבָּרִים, בְּבָרָים, pl. בְּבָרָים, c. בְּרָחׁ בְּבָרִים, בְּרָחׁ בְּרָים בְּרָחׁ בְּרָחָים, m. but f. Lev. 6, 20, covering, clothing; hence 1) esp. outer-garment (like בְּרָחָים) Gen. 39, 12, covering 1 K. 1, 1, a cloth Num. 4, 6. 2) concealment, treachery Jer. 12, 1; rapine Is. 24, 16.

f. pl. treacheries Zeph. 3, 4; perh. f. sing. like הְכָרוֹת.

(w. the — firm) adj. m., only f. נגוידה *ב*גוידה *faithless* Jer. 3, 7.

בְּלָרַ pr. n. m. (if not Persian Βαγαῖος Herod. 3, 138, perh. for בָּרָ אני בָּוַי a son of the people) Neh. 7, 19.

יבָלָל on account of, see אָבָל

אָבָנְאָא pr. n. m. (Pers.) Est. 1, 10; i. q. אָבָנָאָא which see.

בּוְחָלָא ,בּוְחָלָא pr. n. m. (Pers.) Est. 2, 21; 6, 2; prob. i. q. בּוְחָלָא.

I (w. suf. בָּדִים, pl. בַּדָּ) m. separation, isolation (r. בָּרָש, l), hence 1) a separated thing, part; pl. parts of the body, members, limbs Job 18, 13;

under בַּד מָבָר בָּבָר בָּבָר בָּבָר בָּבָר בָּבָר בָּבָר בָּבָר קַבָר קַבָר קַבָר וּלָבָר Job 17, 18 into the seclusions or solitudes of the grave they (hopes) descend.

ד בדר וו ה. prop. thread, yarn, cord (r. ד וו נס bind), a) coll. linen, white linen (cf. ד בד, (בדץ, בד, (בדץ, בד, שלה שניים בדרם שלה breeches Ex. 28, 42; pl. הים absol. linen clothes Ez. 9, 2; β) branches, so called from binding and interweaving, hence only pl. יב, β Ez. 17, 6 to put forth branches, inter י בים בד, 19, 14 staff of branches; then poles, staves Ex. 25, 13, prob. as being made of branches; γ) fig. nobles Hos. 11, 6, bearers or supports of the state.

ם ווו (only pl. בָּרָים) pratings Job 11, 3; then praters, liars Is. 44, 25; r. בָרָד.

ר אַבָּד ו akin to אַבָּע, זָזָא, אַבָּאָ Chald. אַזָא, to be cut off or severed, to be forlorn, part. בוֹדַר, Hos.8, 9 lonely. ---- The primary syllable בוֹדָ, אַבָּז in בָּעַר, בָּרָת, בָּרָא, קַבָּת, הָבָּעָ is prob. mimet. and suggestive of cutting, cleaving, then dividing, etc.

נס bind; hence געו וו.

, בְּטָא, בְּדָא III (obs.) akin to בָּדָ βαττο-λογεῖν, to prate; hence בּד

בָרָד m. separation, loneliness (r. בָרָד I), then adv. separately, alone Is. 27, 10; also לְבָרָד Ps. 4, 9.

בְּדַל pr. n. m. (part) Gen. 36, 35. בי see בוי.

לברָיָה pr. n. m. (perh. for בּרָדָה) Esr. 10, 35.

(pl. בִּדָל, r. בְּדָל) m. name

of a metal, by which a kind of *tin* is understood Num. 31, 22 (אמסנ-דבְּרַלִּים (אַמָּשִׁירָא); the pl. בַּרַיּלִים Is. 1, 25 signifies perh. the sorts or parts of *tin-alloy*, or the *dross* which had to be *separated* (r. בָרַל) from the pure metal.

フフユ (Qal. obs.) akin to בַּרַל, בָּרָד I, to separate; hence Niph. נבדל to separate oneself, to live alone, w. 9 Num. 16, 21; hence fig. to go away, generally, to be separated, shut out Ezr. 10, 8; w. 5, 5 to be separated to or on something 1 Ch. 23, 13, hence to be selected Ezr. 10, 16. -Hiph. to sever Lev. 1, 17, to divide or part (cf. דְּקָרִיד), fig. to distinguish w. ברן – וברן Gen. 1, 4, Lev. 10, 10, ברן-לברן Is. 59, 2, ברן-לברן Gen. 1, 6; but in the sense of severing from w. 7 Num. 8, 14, to shut out, w. ל Is. 56, 3; to separate to, w. ל 1 K. 8, 53; absol. Ez. 39, 14.

(c. בָּדָל) m. a part, only in ברל־און Am. 3, 12 piece of an ear. m. βδολ-χόν, βδέλλιον, bdellium, prop. sweet-smelling resin, or the gum-drops of an Indian tree; hence, from the granular form, pearls, with the whiteness of which the grains of manna are compared Num. 11, 7, mentioned Gen. 2, 12 along with the ruby (شبتاع) and gold, as valuable products of India (דורלה) as valuable products of India which the Targ. on 1 Ch. 1, 23 explains as אַתר מַרְגַלְיָתָא place אַתר מַקּקנוּת place of the production of pearls). ---- This word is prob. from r. בָּרָל to extract or select as precious; the ending - being diminutival or adjectival and akin to 1- in 1573, 7- in קרבה, p- in הַמֵּשֵׁש, and to -axóc (cf. φάρμαχον from φύρμα); see more under letter **n**, p. 191.

דָרָדָן pr. n. m. (perh. בָּרָדָ Danite, hence in Targ. for Samson; better for עַרְדּוֹן = עַרְדּוֹן in Israel 1 Sam. 12, 11.

ר (obs.) akin to דָבָ, 1) to break through, to make a breach; whence בָבָ, 2) as denom. to repair a breach, to rebuild 2 Ch. 34, 10.

רָשָׁרָ (w. suf. בְּרָקָ Ez. 27, 9) m. *a breach, a gap* 2 K. 12, 6; hence denom. אָבָ (only 2 Ch. 34, 10) to *repair* dilapidated buildings.

בְּרָשָר pr. n. m. perh. for בְּרָשָר (i. e. stabber) 2 K. 9, 25.

קור הבור Chald. (i. q. Heb. פּוּר בּוּד; Pa. בָּיַל to scatter Dan. 4, 11.

נסאברים (obs.) perh. akin to גבוים to be silent, still; hence to be empty, waste; hence

לברה (for ברה) m. wasteness, emptiness; akin to הורה and thrice used in assonance with it, Gen. 1, 2, Is. 34, 11, Jer. 4, 23.

obs.) prob. akin to عدر (obs.) prob. akin to عدر akine, gleam. Hence

m. marble (used for pavements), perh. alabaster, only Est. 1, 6; Sept. σμαραγδίτης.

לה ברולה Chald. (c. ברולה) f. eagerness, haste Ezr. 4, 23; r. ברול.

בְרָאר adj. m. *dazzling* Job 37, 21; ז. בְּרָא

בְדֵתְלָרָן 2 Ch. 1, 4 for בְדֵתְלָרָן, i. e. (see Gram. § 109, Rem. p. 245).

(Qal obs.) perh. akin to r. דְּתָשְׁ I to haste. — Niph. 1) to be alarmed, to tremble Ps. 6, 3. 4. 2) fig. to do something with alarm, hence to flee Judg. 20, 41, to hasten after something, w. ל Prov. 28, 22; hence the secondary notion of suddenness, to perish suddenly Ps. 104, 29; part. f. רְבָחָלָה ruin Zeph. 1, 18. — Pi. אַבָּהָל, fut. ירַבַחָל to make to fear, to alarm Ps. 2, 5; fig. to cause to hasten Est. 2, 9. — Pu. to be hastened Est. 8, 14, 9. — Pu. to be hastined Est. 8, 14, prov. 20, 21. — Hiph. to hurry Est. 6, 14; to frighten away 2 Ch. 26, 20.

תקול Chald. (same as Heb. (בָּדָוֹל Chald. (same as Heb. inf. as subst. דְּאָבְדָוֹל hastening, speed Dan. 2, 25. — Pa. to terrify Dan. 4, 2. — Ithpa. to be terrified Dan. 5, 9.

קָרָלָה f. terror Lev. 26, 16, sudden ruin Is. 65, 23; r. בְּדֵל.

גוון (obs.) to be dumb, mute, said of cattle, as devoid of articulate speech. Hence in later Heb. אַלָם is also used of beasts, as אָלָם is of men. ---- This root (in Ethiop. behm) is mimet. like דָרָם, דָרָם, דָרָם, געיָה, E. dumb, hum, mum, L. mu-tus, Sans. mûtas, μύδος, W. mud, all being taken from nature. Hence

ישָׁאַלַח אָבָדָשָׁר, אָבָדָשָׁר, אָבָדָשָׁר, אָבָדָשָׁר, אָבָדָשָׁר, אָבָדָשָׁר, אָבָדָשָׁר, אָבָדָשָׁר, אָב אָבָדָשְׁהָדָר, אָבָדָשָׁרָ, אָבָדָשָׁר, אָבָדָשָׁר, אָבָדָשָׁרָ, אָב אָבָדָשׁרָא, איש אָר, איש אָר, איש אָר, איש אָר, איש אָר then cattle, as collect., esp. tame beasts Gen. 1, 24, hence used of sheep, goats and oxen; beast of burden Gen. 34, 23; poet. also of wild beasts Hab. 2, 17; often w. איבר אָרָאָרָאָר גער גער אַרָקָר אָרָאָרָאָר אָרָאָר including both אָצָא and אָבָקר 47, 18.

but prob. used as a plur. excel. (Gram. § 108, 2, b) constr. w. sing. masc., behemoth, hippopotamus, the Nile-horse, only Job 40, 15; but

most now say it is Heb. only by adoption and slight adaptation from the Egyptian or Copt. Π -E2E-MODOYT *p-che-môout* (whence also came $i\pi\pi\sigma\pi\sigma\tau\alpha\mu\sigma\varsigma$) meaning the water-ox, as the hippopotamus is called also in Italian *bo-marino*.

together, to be thick; perh. hence

לְבָרָן (pl. בְּרוֹנוֹת Judg. 1, 6) f. the thumb (w. דָר), but also the great toe (w. בָרָג 29, 20.

pr. n. m. (thumb) from whom בכק pr. n. m. (thumb) from whom the name of a place אָבָן בֹה Josh. 15, 6.

المجتر (obs.) to shine, then to be white; Aram. المحتر بعديتار Hence

phi m. only Lev. 13, 39 a whitish, pale skin - cruption i. e. scurf or tetter; Sept. $a\lambda\phi\phi\zeta$ (= L. albus).

לעב (obs.) i. q. Syr. is to be bright, white; hence בְּדָוֹיה. This r. is akin to $\pi \tilde{o} \rho$, $\pi \rho \dot{\eta} \theta \omega$, Sans. prush (burn), L. fur-nus, G. feuer, E. fire, bright.

אָדָהָרָג Ez. 26, 15 for הְּהָעָרָג inf. Niph. of אָרָג w. prep. ק. Perh. the is owing to dagh. f. impl. in the ה (Gram. § 27, Rem. 2, b).

גָרָעָה, pl. גָּרָערֹש, white spots on the skin, Lev. 13, 2.39; r. גָרַע.

, בְּדָשַׁמָּה Lev. 26, 43 for בְּדָשַׁמָּה, inf. Hoph. of שָׁכֵּט w. suf. 3 f. and prep. ב (see Gram. § 58, 3, Rem. 1).

לאי, אָאָא, אָאָא, אָאָא, אָאָא, Jer. 27, 18, fut. אָאָ, אָן 1) to enter w. אָאָ, אָ of place Gen. 6, 18, or w. ד loc. Gen. 12, 11, poet. w. acc. Ps. 100, 4 (cf. L. ingredi urbem), also w. אָל of the pers. Gen. 6, 20; often w. ק to go within, to penetrate Ez. 2, 2. It occurs in various relations, as to go to a wooman בא אל (צַל) - אָשָרד Gen. 19, 31 (cf. L. coire spoken of sexual intercourse); to go in (spoken of a bride) Judg. 1, 14; to go out and in רְצָא וּכָא 1 Sam. 29, 6 i. e. to conduct oneself; w. לפני העם before the people i. e. to be their leader 2 Ch. 1, 10, also as in Josh. 14, 11; to enter (i. e. to become a party) in a covenant בבריה Ez. 16, 8; to enter upon an office 1 Ch. 27, 1; to enter into days, i. e. to be far advanced in years Gen. 18, 11; to set (of the sun), prop. to go in (oppos. to come out); to go to (אל) one's forefathers, i. e. to die Gen. 15, 15 (cf. 50%); to come in, spoken of produce Lev. 25, 22, revenue 1 K. 10, 14. But its first and oldest sense is to go, when the end to be arrived at is added and the goer is thought of as on the starting-point, e. g. whither am I going? Gen. 37, אנריבא 30; fig. to live i. e. go about, w. r. , by to associate with. 2) to come i. e. to arrive (oppos. דַל, w. עַל, אָל, אָל, עָל, or acc. of pers. or place (cf. and Epyopai, to go or to come), hence w. z to come with something, i. e. to bring Ps. 66, 13; fig. to bring forward, to mention, e. g. אָ⊂אַ בּנָבְרוֹת I will mention the mighty acts Ps. 71, 16 (cf. אוביר) i. e. I will praise them; w. אל, to equal 2 Sam. 23, 19; of things, to come to, to reach, w. לְּפְרָי to come before i. e. to be considered Gen. 6, 13, NJ by to come upon, to attack, of foes, also of poverty, which falls upon any one, in this sense poet. w. acc. or >; to surprise (see בָּצָא); to arrive, to be fulfilled (wish or petition) Prov. 13, 12. — These grammatical forms need to be noticed: 3 f. w. suf. הארוני, 2 f. בָּאָה and בָאָה, 3 pl. בָּאָה but עלא Jer. 50, 5, 1 pl. באר, זבני, inf. גבא, inf. באר

w. suf. באָרָה, באָרָה, in pause באַרָה, באָנָד, imp. אֹם, fut. תִבֹאָתָה, תִבֹאֵה, w. suf. תִבֹאָת, תָבֹא Job 22, 21. --- Hiph. דברא (fut. רביא, apoc. (TEN) causative of Qal in all its meanings, hence 1) to cause to come in, to bring in i. e. lead into Gen. 6, 19, hence to place the hand in the bosom Ex. 4, 6, to put into a grave 2 Ch. 28, 27; to lead in (the bride) into the house Judg. 12, 9. 2) to lead to w. b, be, to bring, bring forward; to offer Gen. 4, 4; to bring on (evil or good) w. אָל, אָ, to let come, to fulfil promises, wishes Is. 37, 26. 3) to bear, e. g. who bears (הַבְרא) his God in his hand Job 12, 6; to gain Ps. 90, 12; fig. w. לְמָכְלָה to ply upwards, to lift Ps. 74, 5. - Mark these Hiph. forms, הביא היה, w. suf. הַבְּרָאָתִין, 2 pl. הֵבְרָאָתִין; part. מֵבְרָא and לברא, inf. w. prep. לברא (for לְהָבִרא, imp. דָבִרא, דָבָא, דָבָר, fut. 1. sing. אבר Hoph. pass. of Hiph., 3 fem. דְרָבָאה Gen. 33, 11. ---- Cf. Sans. vâ (go), βάω, βαί-νω, βάδος, L. vado.

(obs.) akin to پرتر برتر (bob.) akin to پرتر, to hollow; hence Aram. אביר flute, Lat. ambubaia (flute-player), the m being inserted for Dagh. f. as the n in the Arabic form النبرب; cf. Syr. محمد , E. pipe, pump, W. pib, pibell (a tube).

(obs.) perh. akin to Syr. food, Sans. bhuj (eat), φαγ- είν, to eat, to feed; see جبقد بقد

(fut. אבלס (fut. אבלס (יברא ליבר)) akin to דוּבָּאָס (אבלס), prop. to tread or trample, hence 1) to despise, w. acc. Prov. 1, 7; but oftener w. >, to show contempt for some body Prov. 11, 12. 2) fig. to treat with impunity, w. > Prov. 6, 30; hence

m. 1) contempt Job 12, 21,

derision Prov. 12, 8. 2) pr. n. m. Gen. 22, 21. 3) pr. n. of an Arabian family Jer. 25, 23; gentilic בּוּיִי Job 32, 2.

jects of contempt, only Neh. 3, 36.

pr. n. m. (perh. Buzite) Ez. 1, 3.

הביבה, see הביםה.

pr. n. m. Neh. 3, 18, perh. i. q. בַרָּ Neh. 7, 16.

ידָרָן, אָבָן, אָבָן, דָבָר, דָבָר, דָבָר, דָבָר, דָבָר, דָבָר, דָבָר, דָבָר, דָבָר, ליב to tangle, hence to perplexed Est. 3, 15; part. pl. נְבוֹרָת Ex. 14, 3 entangled. Hence נְבוֹרָת.

(obs.) akin to יְבָל I, יְבַל I, גָבל, I יְבַל I, Arab. (אָנָע , אָע) flow, esp. urine, etc. 1) to spring up or issue forth, to flow; hence יו בדיל גבויל בויל. בדיל branches, cf. בבויל אבול, אָבל אָבל, יִשרים, שריים, mimet. akin to Sans. plu, βλύω, φλύω, L. bullio, fluo, pluo, E. flow, G. wallen, buhlen. Hence

שביל m. 1) a streaming, rain, hence probably the name יר ביל 1 K. 6, 38 rain-month, the 8th Heb. month, from the November to the December new-moon. יבל ביל ביל ביל הפר הפאיד ביל ביל ביל ביל ביל ביל ביל increase Job 40, 20, i. q. ביל ביל העבואה או או איז איז איז איז איז איז bough, prop. what is produced, hence i. e. a block or log of wood.

C(obs.) to be high, prop. to rise upwards, to tower; hence μ..... Prob. akin to βωμός, βουνός, Gael. ben (hill), L. mons (mineo), Breton menes, mané, W. myn-ydh, ban, pen (top), ponio (swell up), ponc (hillock), E. bank, bench, G. baum, Pers. bām (top), bān (tree).

רוך (2 sing. בּנְהָ, part. pl. 6 Digitized by Google ברד; inf. and fut. from בדן prop. to separate, distinguish, hence to mark, then 1) i. q. Arab. بان, to be clear, hence to discern, w. p, 5 and acc.; to notice by the senses, e.g. eyes, to see Prov. 7, 7; the ears, to hear Job 23, 5; the touch, to feel Ps. 58, 10. 2) to attend, w. M. Ps. 28, 5, 5 Ps. 73, 17, 57 Dan. 11, 30, 5 Dan. 9, 2 w. acc. Ps. 5, 2. 3) to perceive, w. קד 1 Sam. 3, 8; to know, w. acc. and 5 Ps. 139, 2 thou knowest my thought לרַעָר; to have insight Jer. 49, 7. -(נַבוֹן, part. נָבוֹן, נָבוֹן) (נַבוֹן גַבוֹן, part. נַבוֹן to show oneself knowing, intelligent, ccit, דָבָר knowing of speech, i. e. eloquent 1 Sam. 16, 18. - Pil. בוֹנָן (fut. 3. sing. w. suf. רְבוֹנְנָהוּ) to consider w. attention Deut. 32, 10. - Hiph. דַבְרָין (2 pl. הָרִרוֹתָם, part. מֵבִרן; fut. יָבִרן, apoc. הַבְּרִנָה, inf. הַבְרָן, w. suf. הַבְרָן, imp. ו (חבך) 1) to cause to understand, to teach w. 2 acc. (Gram. § 139, 1) or w. b of pers. and acc. of thing Job 6, 24; mostly however agreeing with Qal, hence — 2) to perceive Is. 28, 19, w. I to take notice of Neh. 8, 12, to be skilled in Dan. 1, 17, hence מברן knowing, wise, skilled Prov. 8, 9. - Out of the Hiphil form, by the rejection of the preformative **n** w. its pointing, as perh. in other verbs (בין, a new Qal (בין) was perh. made, but w. the same meaning as the Hiph.; thus הִרְנִוֹחָר (for הַבְרְנָוֹחָר), inf. דָרנוּ, בִרן), imp. בִרנוּ, פִרן; perhaps no verb "ע" can be taken as strictly radical. -- Hithpol. דְּעָזְבּוֹנֵן, prop. to make oneself attentive, hence to fix the attention w. אל Is. 14, 16, אל Ps. 37, 10, עד Job 32, 12, ד Jer. 30, 24 or acc. Job 37, 14, in general, to mark or consider Jer. 2, 10, to comprehend Job 26, 14, Ps. 119, 100.

pr. n. m. (insight) 1 Ch. 2, 25.

דר pr. n. m. (perh. wise, r. ברוך) Neh. 11, 15; also בוי in 9, 4.

(fut. יָבָס) i. q. יָבָס, דָבָּוּס) i. q. יָבָס, to tread, hence fig. 1) to tread to the ground, to trample on (enemies) Is 14, 25. 2) to despise e. g. food Prov. 27, 7; part. גָּסִים for בָּסָד Zech. 10, 5. - Pil. Dia (once dia Am. 5, 11) to trample on, of the hostile invasion of the Holy Land Jer. 12, 10. — Hoph. part. בוּבָס down-trodden Is. 14, 19. ---Hithpol. part. fem. in Ez. 16, 6, trodden down in thy blood, i. e. polluted and despised. ----Dia is a mimet. r. akin to na, nia, Sans. pad (foot), E. pad, path, foot, G. fuss, pfad, πάτος, ποδ-ός, L. ped-is, W. pedol (horse-shoe); all expressive of a treading sound or foot-fall; cf. our pit-pat.

ער אנה (obs.) to bubble up, akin to גָּבָע, אָבָע, Syr. גָּבַע, כֿע, גָּבַע, כָּג Chald. גַּבָע, to bubble forth, Copt. BEBE to boil up. Hence

לעבר (obs.) to be white, shining. ---- Akin to אָבָץ, אָבָץ, Chald. קביע קביע, קיביע קיביע קיביע, קיביע קיביע Ger. weiss, E. white. Hence קיבין and

אדריק m. βύσσος, byssus, fine white cloth, cotton or linen Ez. 27, 16 (cf. Luke 16, 19), so called for its whiteness (cf. נימר, איז); r. אביר, בדי

קרצי pr. n. of a rock (shining, glittering, r. אבו Sam. 14, 4.

to pour out; hence to make empty, to desolate; hence

리 f. emptiness, only Nah. 2, 11.

ה, ברקר m. prop. a denom. from הברקר hence a herdsman, but used in Am. 7, 14 for רבה shepherd.

לבוי (only inf. w. prep. לבוי 1) i. q. אָאָר, to bore (L. forare), to dig; hence fig. to investigate Ecc. 9, 1. 2) perh. to protect; akin to Sans. var (to defend), G. wehren, O. E. were (defend), Zend. vera (rampart), Pers. bara (castle); hence perh. אַרָּרָה, אָרָרָ גָּרָרָה, הָדָרָ, אָרָרָ גָרָרָ הָדָרָ, אָרָרָ גָרָרָ הָדָרָ, הַסַּגָ בַּרַשָּׁטָ, הַסַּנָּבָ Kelt. côs, וֹהָהָכָ ב L. equus. Hence

שום (שֹם, חשָׂם, הָשִׁם, יּהִשָּׁם, הַשָּׁש, גועי (cf. ברא אברא, בריש) Aram. אברא, בסבר (cf. L. pudeo) 1) i. q. 272, prop. to turn white, to pale, e.g. the sun Is. 24, 23. 2) perh. prop. to change colour, to turn pale or to blush (for shame) Ezr. 9,6 (some men turn pale, others turning red, when they feel ashamed; cf. מָן, Talm. הַלְבִּין), mostly w. מָן, מַן of the cause Ez. 36, 32. Fig. α) to be disappointed in hope Job 6, 20; to come to shame, to be deceived w. עָד־בּוֹש Jer. 2, 36, hence עֵד־בּוֹש 2 K. 2, 17 even to being ashamed i. e. till they felt embarrassed. β) of inanimate things e. g. Hos. 13, 15 his fountain will be ashamed, i. e. dried up. ---Pil. wint to delay, prop. to shame or disappoint expectation Ex. 32, 1 (cf. היביש and הביש . --- Hiph. היביש interchanging forms w. לְבַשׁ, fut. יוברש, 1) to put to shame, to deceive

3

(expectation) Ps. 14, 6; to disgrace Prov. 29, 15; 2) to act deceptively, basely, hence part. בַּרִישׁ shameful, wicked (opp. יַשָׁתָר Prov. 10, 5. — Hith. דָרְקְבוֹשָׁת take to oneself shame, hence to be ashamed Gen. 2, 25.

(obs.) perh. i. q. שָּאַש to be bad. — Pil. שוֹשָׁשִ perh. to bring evil on, perh. in בּוֹשָׁשִכֶם עָל-דֵל Am. 5, 11, but see בּרָם בּרָם שָּל-דָל act badly Prov. 14, 35. — Hiph. II to become bad or corrupt, to perish Joel 1, 12.

f. shame Ps. 89, 46.

בּושַקָּכָם Am. 5, 11 prob. for בוסקכם inf. Pil. of בוסקב; see בוּשׁאַם.

Chald. to pass the night, to lodge (cf. Heb. ללך) Dan. 6, 19; prop. to house, the verb being denom. from house.

The Zech. 4, 10 for the or the to despise.

לם (w. suf. בָּוָּה; r. זְבָוּ) m. spoil, plunder, mostly w. א חָרָה Is. 42, 22, or קורה Jer. 17, 3. ---- Cf. G. beute, E. booty, F. butin, It. bottino.

גָּדָאָא כְּוָדִיר (only in 3 p. pl. גָּדָא) perh. for וּזָאָ, to tread down, to destroy, only in ls. 18, 2 אָאָד כְּוָדִירם אַרְצוֹ whose land floods (perh. hosts of foes) tread down; others better take it for גַּדַע, Chald גָּדַע, Syr. גָ to cut up, divide, referring to Ethiopia as divided up by rivers.

וֹרָבָּדָ (part. בּוֹזָה; fut. apoc. וַרָּבָד) i. q. זב to tread, hence to despise, w. acc., ל, אב דַרָבָר בְּעַינָיו זָעַל he scorned w. his eyes, i. e. he looked disdain; בּוֹזֶה דְרָכָרי Spising his own ways, i. e. living recklessly. — Niph. only part. הָבָזָרם pl. בָבָזָה לַבָּאָרָטָן.

only inf. אַבְזוֹה to make contemptible Est. 1, 17. Hence

וּבָּוֹד (c. דוֹד) adj. m. despised, only Is. 49, 7 בָּוֹד despised of soul, i. e. of every man.

קָּדָרָ (r. יָזָם) f. i. q. יָבָ*prey* or booty Ezr. 9, 7, often w. שָׁלָל סַ אָיָל Dan. 11, 24.

I [] (pl. אָזָדָ , דָבָן דָרָ , imp. pl. אָלָ 3, 7, fut. דָבָ, inf. דָב, imp. pl. אָלָ 1) i. q. דָבָ *to despise* Zech. 4, 10. 2) i. q. דָבָ prop. to cut off, hence to plunder or spoil, to rob (same in Aram. and Arab.) w. acc. of the pers. or place which is plundered, Gen. 34, 29. — Niph. דָבָ (pl. אָבָ, inf. דָבָד, fut. דָבָ) to be plundered Am. 3, 11. — Pu. to be robbed Jer. 50, 37.

ת (r. בוֹת) m. contempt Est. 1, 18.

קדרוקיה (perh. for בִּוֹחְלָהָ of olives; וּיִה, וְיוֹח being perh. only another form of יִיָּה וְיָה pr. n. of district in the south of Judah, Josh. 15, 28.

רקבים (obs.) perh. to be hard, firm, cf. βασάλ-της iron-marble, of which Pliny says, quem vocant basalten, ferrei coloris atque duritiei, unde et nomen. — Hence perh. בְּרָטָל, the being inserted as in בָּרָטָל for

 $\Box \stackrel{\frown}{=} (obs.)$ i. q. $\Box \stackrel{\frown}{=} (i = 1)$ to break forth (of light), to be bright.

PJJ m. i. q. דָק brightness, lightning, only Ez. 1, 14; r. דַוּק.

PJ크 pr. n. (lightning) of a city not far from Scythopolis 1 Sam. 11,8, Sept. Backáx.

(fut. רְבְוֹד) to scatter Dan. 11, 24. — Pi. to disperse or rout Ps. 68, 31. — Akin to אָזַר, Aram. בَجْ, בְּרַר to scatter. a Persian eunuch Est. 1, 10.

דְּרָוֹךְ m. i. q. הַבּתוֹן *a trier* of metals, assayer Jer. 6, 27 (on the form see Gram. § 84, 3); r. הָרָן.

ערורן (w. Dagh. impl.) m. watchtower, only in Is. 23, 13 Q'rî; r. בְרַוּ

לורר שחור (for בחור א בחור א. Dagh. impl., hence pl. בחור ב, ברור ב, ר. בחור ב, r. ב וו בחור ב, r. בחור ב, r. ב וו בחור ב, בחור ב, and the set at man's estate, but unmarried, and liable to military service, hence often for young warriors Is. 9, 16.

הרות f. pl. i. q. בחוּרִים time of youth, youth Ecc. 11, 9.

בְּחוּרָים m. pl. young days, youth, Num. 11, 28 בְּהָרָיו from his youth; r. בָּחַר II.

נוס (for בּחוֹן) only in K'thibh of Is. 23, 13.

מן. m. chosen, בּחָרר (c. בְּחָרי adj. m. chosen, subst. choice one, בְּחִיר רְחוֶה e. g. Moses Ps. 106, 23, pious men Is. 65, 9, the Messiah Is. 42, 1; r. בְּחַר I.

קרביל prob. akin to אָדָע 2, Syr. loathing (Mod. Syr. בעל to envy), to loathe, to abhor, א. א בפרא. 11, 8. – Pu. only part. אידע 20, 21 גנתלה (in the K'thibh, קבהלה 20, 21 קרבהלה an inheritance envied or abhorred.

ל (fut. רְבְחַץ) i. q. דָבָזר, 1) to try (by heat), prop. perh. to make to glow, to melt (like אָרָק), to purify (through fire) e. g. Job 23, 10 he purifies me (from dross), I come forth as gold. 2) fig. to test or prove e. g. the heart Ps. 7, 10, God Mal. 3, 10. 3) fig. to watch, prop. to investigate; hence בָחֹק watch-tower. — Niph. to

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be tried Job 34, 36. — Pa. only Ez. 21, 18 Jin it is tested.

Is. 32, 14.

שבן אבן אבן אין m. trial, proof, אבן אבן Is. 28, 16 stone of proof i. e. a tried foundation-stone; prob. hence βάσανος.

וֹרָבְתַר I (fut. רְבָתַר) i. q. בָּתַן, 1) prop. to glow, to make hot, to melt e. g. metal by heat, hence fig. to try, I tried thee in the בכור ענר furnace of affliction Is. 48, 10; cf. Note. 2) to examine, hence 2 Ch. 34, 6 K'thibh בָּתַר הַמִּרְהָם he searched their (the idolaters') houses. 3) to approve (after trial), to choose, w. acc. Job 9, 14, ج Deut. 16, 7, کي Job 36, 21; to choose for oneself Gen. 13, 11; w. פן to prefer Ps. 84, 11; part. בחור (pl. c. בחור) picked, chosen Judg. 20, 15. 4) to delight in (cf. L. diligere, delectari) w. acc. Gen. 6, 2, 7 Is. 14, 1, 5 1 Sam. 20, 30, and 57 2 Sam. 19, 39 (cf. no 3 w. לבָבָת to be chosen, w. נבתר to be preferred Jer. 8, 3; part נבתר to be preferred Jer. 8, 3 chosen, w. choicer than Prov. 22, 1, w. 5 of the person, to be pleasant to some one Prov. 21, 3. - Pu. only in Ecc. 9, 4 K'thibh יְבְחֵר to be selected.

Note. אָרָעָ and אָרָע are the same (the Siquids r and n being often interchanged) and may be traced to the ultimate or monosyllabic root אָרָ בּין, perh. akin to אָרָע, אָרָע, bo burn, jo parch, xalw, aŋldw, xáppw, L. ardeo, caleo, candeo, carbo, G. glühen, kohie, E. glow, coal, char, W. gwres (heat), glo (coal).

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גְּכַר II (obs.) prob. i. q. גְּכַר, Chald. גְּנַ, to be ripe, mature; hence a youth.

pr. n. (perh. hot places, r. בְּחָרָים i) of a town in Benjamin, beyond the mount of Olives 2 Sam. 3, 16; gentil. בַּחֲרוּמִי 1 Ch. 11, 33, once בָּרְחָמִי 2 Sam. 23, 31.

אָשָׁשָׁ, דְשָׁשָׁ mimetic and akin to אָבָד בָּדָא װוּ, βαττο-λογεΐν, L. blatero, G. plaudern, to prate, to babble; hence Pl. אָטָא to talk idly or rashly Lev. 5, 4. Hence בְּבָא

קּשָׁה (only בְּשָׂה Prov. 12, 18) m. prob. *idle talk, prating*, opp. to לשון הַכָּרִים.

📔 I (fut. רְבְטָה) perh. akin to be open, hence 1) fig. to confide, w. ב Ps. 28, 7, על 2 K. 18, 20, 5x Ps. 4, 6, w. 5 Jer. 7, 4, part. Trusting (see Gram. § 50, 3, Rem. 2), w. I Is. 26, 3. 2) to feel confident, to be secure (cf. يَشِر) e. g. Prov. 11, 15 he who hates suretyship lives securely; hence to be unconcerned, in a good sense Is. 12, 2, and a bad sense Prov. 14, 16. -Hiph. רבטרן (fut. apoc. רבטר) to make secure Ps. 22, 10; to inspire with confidence, w. 3x Is. 36, 15, 3y Jer. 28, 15. ---- Perh. akin to Sans. pat (expand), πετάω, L. pateo, pando; cf. our openness in the sense of confidence.

וו (obs.) perh. to be bulging, thick; hence perh. אַבָּטִית melon.

תֹטַה (r. הְעָשָ I) m. 1) confidence, security Is. 32, 17; אָבָעָד s adv. securely (for which also בָּעָד stands Mic. 2, 8), especially א. בָּעָד Lev. 25, 18, שָׁבָ Deut. 33, 12. 2) pr. n. of a Syrian city 2 Sam. 8, 8, for which in 1 Ch. 18, 8 we find הָּקָת (perh. Thapsacus).

דָרָטָאָד, f. trust, security Is. 30, 15; r. בְּנַח I.

אָשָׁחוֹן m. strong confidence Is. 36, 4; hope Ecc. 9, 4; r. אָטָק I.

f. pl. lit. confidences, then tranquility Job 12, 6; r. בָּטָרוֹוֹת I.

אָרָהל , בְּרַל prob. akin to גְּרָל, to sever, hence to leave off e. g. work, to rest or cease, only Ecc. 12, 3.

ראבעל Chald. i. q. Heb. נְעָשָׁ. – Pa. לעַשָּ (pl. גָעָלָא, inf. גָעָשָׁ) prop. to separate, to hinder Ezr. 4, 21.

to stretch out; hence to distend (cf. (cj.), to expand either in length or in breadth. Hence

(w. suf. בְּטָרָ, f. 1) prop. belly (from expansion) Prov. 13, 25, often womb (generally w. DN) e. g. Ps. 22, 11 קבטן אמר from the womb of my mother; פרי בטן Gen. 30, 2 fruit of the womb, children; in Job 3, 10 בָּטָנָר (for בַּטָן אַבָּר) my (i. e. my mother's) womb, cf. Job 19, 17. 2) fig. the innermost part, the heart e. g. Prov. 18, 8 הַדְרֵר בַטָן chambers of the heart; בָּשָׁן שָׁאוֹל Jon. 2, 3 the belly (Sept. xoula, Vulg. venter) of the grave (Sheol); cf. קרב. 3) a term in architecture, a belly, on the pillars, a kind of protuberance 1 K. 7, 20. 4) pr. n. (perh. paunch) of a city in the tribe of Asher Josh. 19, 25. --- Cf. W. poten, E. pudding, paunch, G. bauch, all expressing the idea of bulging or protuberance.

(only pl. בְּשְׁלֶה) m. pistacianut Gen. 43, 11, so called from the bellied shape; r. בְּטַך.

pr. n. (prob. pistacias) of a city in the tribe of Gad, Josh. 13, 26.

קבי particle of entreaty (from קבי petition, r. קביל, cf. בל for גני, pray/ always united w. אליי e. g. Gen. 43, 20 דָר אֲדֹרָי *pray* (Sept. δεόμεθα) *my lord* i. e. by my lord's leave; cf. Aram. אָדָרָע, Syr.

בּרן see בְּרָן.

, see The to discriminate.

(c.from ברן:r.ברן) 1) m.separation, interval, dual ברנים the space between two hosts (rà μεταίγμια); 1 Sam. 17, 23 איש דַבּנים the man between the two hosts (Sept. & avyp & μεσαίος) i. e. the champion, Goliath. prep. (pl. בִּרְנָר c. בֵּרְנָה), w. suf. בִּרְנָה, בָרנָק (in p. בָּרנָד), בָרנֹד; also in pl. בַרנָק, ברנות and pl. f. ברניקש, ברנינט; and pl. f. ברנותרנו, ברנותרנו) between, among (if the limits are included) e. g. among breth- בֵּין־חָשֵׁנֵיָם בָּין־אָחִים ren, between the eyes, i. e. on the forehead. For between — and we find the idioms בּרן - וּבֵרן Gen. 1, 7, בָּרָ -- לְבֵרן, 6, Gen. 1, 6 בֵּרן -- לָ Joel 2, 17; hence ברן - דל Joel 2, 17; the verbs which express separation הַצַרִידָ, עָזֵר ,נָתַן אָבוּל ,חִפְלָח ,חִבְהִיל). רָאָח, הַבִּרן, דֹרָה, שָׁפַט, יָדַע (רָאָה, שָׁפַט, יָדַע) mostly take this prep. in one of these pleonastic ways; sometimes this pleonasm means whether - or (L. sive - sive) e. g. Lev. 27, 12, 2 Ch. 14, 10. are used בֵּרְנֵר הֶבֵּרְנוֹת are used esp. w. pl. suffixes. - Compounds: אַל־בֵּין אָל־בֵינוֹת *in between;* עַל־בֵּינוֹת up between Ez. 19, 11; מברן from between, hence Gen. 49, 10 כְּבֶּין רְגַלִים prop. from between his feet i. e. from his begetting; pleon. מְבֵּרן — מְבֵרן Ez. 47, 18 out from between; כְּבֵרנוֹת ל from among Ez. 10, 2 (cf. בַּדָל ל, Is. 44, 4 in between. בְּבֵרן ; (מְתָּחֵת ל

Chald. same as Heb. between, Dan. 7, 5.

f. discernment, understanding Is. 33, 19; יִדַע בִּרְנָח (= בִיּנָה)

to possess insight לְעָקּדם as to the times 1 Ch. 12, 32, cf. רְדֶעַר עָקִדם Est. 1, 13.

היקה for ביקה Chald. i. q. Heb. understanding Dan. 2, 21.

(only pl בַּיָּצָּד) f. egg, so called for its whiteness (r. נְרָצָד) בַּיָּצָד קובות forsaken eggs Is. 10, 14.

אָיִקְרוֹתֵרָה Ps. 45, 10 for אָיַקְרוֹתָרָ fr. יָקָר, f. יְקָרָה (Gram. § 20, 2, b).

חַבְּרָר m. well, only Jer. 6, 7 Q'ri for the K'thibh ובוֹד.

(late Heb.) f. 1) castle, citadel, palace; often in the phrase tadel, palace; often in the phrase is prob. meant, called also Bápıç and Antonia. 2) a chief city, e. g. Shushan Est. 9, 6. אַרָּיָד may well be Semitic (= אַרָיָד strong, hence strong-hold); but perh. it is akin to Sans. pwra (fort), Pers. baru (castle), βάρις, βόρσα (citadel of Carthage), πόργος, Syr.]

קרידה Chald. (def. גִּרְהָא) f. fortress, citadel, spoken of the chief city Ecbatana Ezr. 6, 2.

(און פּרֹרָנָיוֹת (only pl. בּרֹרָנָיוֹת) f. palaces, castles 2 Ch. 17, 12; formed from בּרָרָ and the fem. adj. ending ----.

ר. אַבְּיחָד, פּרַיחָד, אָבָיחָד, אָבָיחָד, אָביח, אַביח, אַביח, אָביח, אַביח, אָביח, אַביח, אָביח, אָביח, אָביח, אַביח, אָביח, אָביח, אָביח, אָביח, אָביח, אַביח, אַבייח, אַבייה, איייען, אַרייה, אַרייה, אַריח, אַבייח, אַרייה, אָבייה, אַריה, אַריה, אַרייה, אַריה, אַרייה, אַרייה, אַרייה, אַריה, איייה, איייה, איייה, אייע, אַרייה, איייה, איייי, איייי, איייי, איייי, אייי, איייי, אייייי, איייי, אייי, אייי,

i. e. grave. בַּרָה in later Heb. stood for a part of a house or palace, as Est. 7,8 ברה בשהה בדרו wine-drinking chamber i. e. banqueting-hall; בֵּרָת Est. 2, 3 the harem. 2) place in the widest sense: α) place of tarrying, for men, beasts, the dead; hence for nether-world Job 17, 13, haunt Job 29, 6, nest Ps. 84, 4, cobweb Job 8, 14; β) place where a thing is found or kept; hence receptacle, box, case, נקרי נקלי Is. 3, 20 scent - cases, smelling - bottles; בַּתִּרם בבהים Ex. 87, 14 places for the bars; 1 K. 18, 32 about the פבית סאתים ורע space of 2 seahs of seed; ביח אַכַנִים Job 8, 17 stony spot; בית־קברוֹת Neh. 2, 3 grave-yard; בית נתיבות Prov. 8, 2 place of streets i. e. where they meet; γ) in general the inside, what is within (opp. to TP) esp. so in the adverbial use e. g. בִּיָחָה towards the inside; מְבֵּרָח, מְבֵּרָח on the inside, within; לְמַבֵּרת לְ בֵּרח לְ אַנוּת, within something; אל מביח ל to within something. 3) house in figurative sense, or what in our mind belongs to a house, as wife, children, people, servants, who, taken together, make a family, race, people, hence for all these, e. g. house (people) of Israel; house (tribe) of Levi; house (family) of David; בֵּרה אָב father's house, ancestral family, sub-division of a tribe (diff. בִּיֹשְׁשָׁהָה); pl. בֵּיה אָבוֹיה); ancestral houses (Gram. § 108, 3, c), in which case however בָּרת is often left out, if עלה, ראש (chieftain) נערא (chieftain) precedes. Barely ברח appears to mean goods or property Gen. 15, 2. 4) ברח stands in the names of many cities and places, as ברחדאַון (idolhouse) a city in the tribe of Benjamin Josh. 7, 2; ביחדאל (God's-house, now Beitin) Gen. 35, 1, 775 Josh. 18, 13; gentil. ביח האלי the Bethelite 1 K.

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בּית

16, 84; ביחדעאבל (side-house) city in Samaria Mic. 1, 11; ביח־אָרְבָאל (God's covert-house) Hos. 10, 14, Arbela in Galilee 1 Macc. 9, 2; בָּרח קעל מְעוֹן Josh. 13, 17 city in Reuben; ברת בראר 1 Ch. 4, 31 city in the tribe of Simeon; בֵּרָת Judg. 7, 24 (for בֵּ עֲבָרָה passage-house, cf. Bηθαβαρά John 1, 28) city on the Jordan; ביה גָרָר (wall-house) 1 Ch. 2, 51 city in the tribe of Judah; place of rolling off) Neh. ביה גלגל 12, 29 city between Jericho and the Jordan; ביה גמול (camel-house) Jer. 48, 23 city in Moab; בית דְּבְלָחֵים Jer. 48, 22 (place of 2 fig-cakes) city in Moab; ביה דְּגוֹן (Dagon's temple) city in the tribes of Judah Josh. 15, 41 and Asher Josh. 19, 27; place of wastes) Num. בית דַאָשִׁימוֹת 33, 49 city in the tribe of Reuben; place of binding) 2 K. 10, 12 city not far from Samaria; (summit-house) Josh. 13, בית דַלָם 27 city in the tribe of Gad (Livias), called also ביה הָרָן (mountain-house) Num. 32, 36; 🖬 (partridge-house) 🗹 Josh. 15, 6 a Benjaminite city ; בית grace-house) 1 K. 4, 9 city in the tribe of Judah or Dan; " (hollow-place) name of two cities in the tribe of Ephraim Josh. 16, 3, 5; pasture-place) 1 Sam. 7, 11 a 🕻 🦕 Philistine spot in the tribe of Judah; the vineyard-house) Jer. 6, 1 city in the tribe of Judah; place of lionesses) city in בֵ' לָבָאוֹת the tribe of Simeon Josh. 19, 6; bread-house) *Bethlehem* ביה לחם Buth 1, 1 city in the tribe of Judah now Beit Lahm, gentilic adj. ביח ו דַעַרָזָמָי 1 Sam. 16, 1 Bethlehemite; ב' לְצָמְרָה (place for a gazelle) Mic. 1, 10 city in the tribe of Benjamin; garrison-place) Judg. 9, 20 בֵ מְלוֹא name of a castle in Shechem;

ב׳ מְעוֹך (place of abiding) Jer. 48, 23 city in Moab; בֹּ מַכֵּכָה (perh. dingle-house) 2 Sam. 20, 14 city at the foot of Hermon; בַּ מָרָעָבוֹת ((chariots'-house) Josh. 19, 5 city in the tribe of Simeon; ב'נַכָּרָה' (leopardhouse) Num. 32, 36 city in Moab; ב' עַרָן (pleasure-house) Am. 1, 5 a royal city of Syria; בַּ עַזְמָוָת (perh. strong-as-death place) Neh. 7, 28 city in the tribe of Judah; עמק (valley-house) Josh. 19, 27 city in the tribe of Asher; ב' עַנוֹת (perh. echo-house) Josh. 15, 59 in the tribe of Judah; עַנָּת ਂਡੁ (echo-house) in the tribe of Naphtali Josh. 19, 38; בַּ שָׁקָד דָרֹעָים (shepherds' binding-house) 2 K. 10, 12, v. 14 בֵ צֶקֵר ; עֶקָד (deserthouse) Josh. 15, 6 a border-town between Judah and Benjamin; cescape-house) Josh. 15, 27 (escape-house) in the south of Judah; בַ מְעוֹר (ב (Peor - house) Deut. 3, 29 city in Moab; YED 'D (scatter - house) Josh. 19, 21 place in Issachar; ק' צור (rock-house) Josh. 15, 58 city of Judah; ב׳רָחוֹב (street-house) Judg. 18, 28 city of Asher; ב׳ רְפָא (house of the giant) 1 Ch. 4, 12; 👾 🖄 (quiet-house) Josh. 17, 11 also يَجْ نُعْرَ 1 Sam. 31, 10, שֵׁ 2 Sam. 21, 12 city in the tribe of Manasseh, later Σχυθόπολις, now Beisân; Πυψ 'Ξ (acacia-house) Judg. 7, 22 city on the Jordan; שֶׁמֶשֵׁ 'בֵ (sun-house) Josh. 21, 16 a city in Judah, gentil. בַ מַפּוּה 1 Sam. 6, 14; בַ מַשּׁרָטי (apple-tree-house) Josh. 15, 53 in the tribe of Judah. ---- Perh. ביה comes from Int to lodge, but more prob. from בָּנָה to build (so Gesenius) or being Lto enter (so Dietrich), Ling really a denominative verb derived from it, as G. hausen from Haus. Possibly may be akin to Ger:

bau, bude, E. bye, booth, Polish buda, Gaelic both, W. bwth.

רָּיָהָא לפּל Chald. (כ. דָּיָה, def. אָרָיָה, בָּיָהָא, w. suf. דְיָהָד, pl. בְּיָהָד, w. suf. בְּיָהָד, pl. בָּיָהָד בָּרָה גְּנְזָיָא, w. suf. בַּיָהָד, pl. בַּיָהָד בַּרָה גְּנְזָיָא, treasure-house Ezr. 5, 17, בַּיָהָד house of the records, the archives Ezr. 6, 1.

ביָתָן (c. בִּיתַן) m. palace Est. 1, 5, akin to בִּיָת

גָבָה (obs.) = גָבָה, to drop or trickle, to flow scantily; hence

(pl. בְּכָאִים m. prop. trickling, weeping, hence pr. n. of a tree similar to the balsam-shrub (prop. dripper or weeper i. e. of gum or resin) 2 Sam. 5, 23; אקבין דַכָּק pr. n. of a valley Ps. 84, 7, where perh. the balsam-tree grew, with a play on הַכָּה weeping, or where perh.

they had scanty supply of water.

ָבָּכָת m. weeping Ezr. 10, 1; r. בָּבָק.

נכור (pl. בכור הסאני הסאני) הכור המיים אין הסאני הסאני הסאני הסאני הסאני הסאני הסאני היי הסאני הסאני היי הסאני *opening* i. e. of the matrix (see Ex. 13, 12), hence *first offspring* (whether of men or of beasts) Neh. 10, 37, then *the first-born*, *firstling* Gen. 25, 13, the eldest son on the father's side Gen. 49, 3; also fig. *foremost* or *chief* (since the first-born son had many privileges, cf. בכור (בכור, e. g. Job 18, 13 בכור פון, e. g. Job 18, 13 קכור פון *chief one of death*, i. e. a most deadly disease; בכור פון *first-born of the poor* i. e. the very poorest Is. 14, 30. Hence perh. denom. Pi. קכור של to make a בכו poor i. e. to give one the birth-right or the first-born's share Deut. 21, 16, but see

קבלורה, הבלורה (ד. 1) first offspring (pl. הבלורה) Gen. 4, 4. 2) seniority Gen. 43, 33, birth-right Gen. 25, 31; הבלרה the right of primogeniture Deut. 21, 17.

, בפורָדה, i. q. בְּפַוּרְדָה, only in Jer. 24, 2 הְצֵיֵר הַשֵּׁרָדה, *הְצֵיר הַשָּׁרָדה figs of the first-ripe* ones i. e. the best figs; r. בָּבַר.

f. early-fig Mic. 7, 1; prob. also in Is. 28, 4, where אנגליק stands in some texts. The Moors call it beccore and the Spaniards albacora.

דכורַת pr.n.m.(first-birth) 1 Sam. 9, 1.

f. weeping, only Gen. 35, 8; r. בָּכָה

יָבְרָי (in pause בָּכָי, w. suf. יָבָרָ דָבָרָ m. prop. trickling, hence 1) dripping of water in a mine Job 28, 11 (cf. δάχρυον and רְּבָרָ בָרוֹל e. g. 2 Sam. 13, 86 (רְבָרָ בָרוֹל weep a great weeping i. e. make a very great mourning.

דרם pr. n. (weepers) of a place Judg. 2, 1.

קביר from בְּבָיר, for מָבָין, adj. f. first born or eldest (daughter) Gen. 19, 31, opp. צְּצָירָה youngest.

קברת f. i. q. דָברא weeping, only Gen. 50, 4.

(only in pl. c. בְּכְרֵי) m. young בְּכָר (amel Is. 60 6, cf. בְּכָר for any camel.

בָּכָר pr. n. m. (perh. firstling), gentil. בְּכָרי Num. 26, 35.

בְרָרָה (from בָּרָרָה) f. young shecamel, only Jer. 2, 23.

בורה see בכרה.

בְּרָרוּ pr. n. m. (prob. for בְּרָרוּ youth) 1 Ch. 8, 38.

בְּכָר pr. n. m. (adj. from בְּכָר youthful) 2 Sam. 20, 1.

I (also אם in compounds) m. prop. i. q. בל (r. בל *nothing* Ps. 17, 3; hence adv. not (only poet. for אל), before verbs in the perf. Ps. 10, 11, but chiefly in the fut. Ps. 10, 4; then it may mean (like או that not, lest Ps. 10, 18; rarely not yet i. e. scarcely Is. 40, 24. The following forms also appear אָלִהָּד, בְּלִהִד, בָּלִהָד, בָּלִישָׁד,

בל II perh. for בַּזַל but prob. for , only in בַּלְאָדָן (which see).

לבל Chald. m. heart Dan. 6, 15, prop. purpose, resolve; Syr. μ. Prob. akin to אם or juge; bo discern or judge; perh. to Sans. val (to choose), L. volo, βουλή, G. wollen, E. will, W. ewyllys.

i (akin to בָּעָל = בְּעָל אוֹש perh. begetter, a male, r. בול m. Bel, Belus, Is. 46, 1, the Babylonian god (answering to the planet Jupiter, hence Jupiter Belus, with the Sabeans the planet Jupiter); see אין, קין.

Chald. (i. q. Heb. בָּלָה), only in Pa. fut. יְרָלַא Dan. 7, 25 to vex or hurt, in Targum for הַרָּלָ

דְלָאָדָן pr. n. m. (prob. strong-will or stout-hearted, from גָּ and (אָדָן father of king Merodach-baladan Is. 39, 1.

בלשאש Dan. 7, 1 for בלאשצ.

לספר (obs.) akin to אָבָק and אָבָּק to break forth, as water or as light; hence Hiph. אַבְּלִיג, fut. אָבְלִיג, part. אָבְלִיג, 1) to cause to break forth, to spread abroad, e. g. שש devastation w. אָס of the pers. Am. 5, 9. 2) to make bright, to cheer up, i. e. put on a bright face Ps. 39, 14, Job 9, 27.

רָלְבָּה pr. n. m. (perh. brightness) Neh. 12, 5; r. גַלָ

דְלָתַ pr. n. m. (perh. bright) Neh. 10, 9; r. אַלַג.

בָּן לְדַד pr. n. m. (perh. for בָּן לְדַד son of strife) Job 2, 11.

אנות to לקר (fut רְבָלָה) akin to אָבָל, (fut רְבָלָה) to fail away, to fail, to be worn out,

of clothes (perh. akin to $\pi \alpha \lambda \alpha i \delta \zeta$), w. >yy from upon i. e. from off the back Deut. 8, 4; fig. of the wearing out and falling to ruin of the heavens and the earth Is. 50, 9, like used up clothes. 2) to fall off, to waste away, as the body through age Gen. 18, 12, troubles or illness Job 13, 28. — Pi. to cause to waste away Lam. 3, 4; to bring to an end, to spend, Job 21, 13 Livy for an end, to spend, Job 21, 13 good fortune; fig. to harass (a people), only in 1 Ch. 17, 9 up23, where up23 is perh. to be read.

בלרות Josh. 19, 3, see בלה and בלרו

הֹשֶׁם adj. m., הֹשָ f., worn out, of clothes Josh. 9, 4, of nature Ez. 23, 43; r. הֹשָׁם.

i. q. בָּחַל Job 24, 17 to be timid; only in Pi. הַאָּק (K'thibh of Ezr. 4, 4) to terrify, to scare. Hence

לַרָאָד (sing. only in Is. 17, 14, pl. הוֹחָשָׁב (sing. only in Is. 17, 14, pl. הוֹחָשָב, c. הוֹשָב, r. הוֹשָ f. i. q. בּלְרוֹח (shade, sudden ruin, גַרְאָרָ shade; Job 24, 17 terrors of deathshade; Job 18, 14. הוֹשָר בַּלָר גַּעָר of terrors; Ps. 73, 19 הוֹשָר בָּר they perish from sudden terrors.

סל אָרָאָרָאָ 1) pr. n. f. (perh. timid) of the mother of the tribes of Dan and Naphtali Gen. 30, 3. 2) a district in Simeon 1 Ch. 4, 29, also אָבָּק Josh. 15, 29 and אָבָא Josh. 19, 3.

קלָדָא pr. n. m. (timorous) Gen. 36, 27; r. הלָדָ

ללו Ezr. 4, 13, prob. consumption, as a tax on articles consumed or as a consuming of the people's substance (cf. ניס), excise.

בְּלוֹא (only pl. c. בְּלוֹא and בְּלוֹא b'lôvô) m. old clothes, rags, only Jer. 38, 11. 12 (cf. Syr. (כאבן); r. בָּלַה); אַנָּק בּ Dan. 1, 7 pr. n. m. given to Daniel in the Babylonian Court; see בַּלָשָׁאשָר

(r. בָּלָה) m. 1) destruction, only in Is. 38, 17 הַשָּׁתַת בָּלָי 17 thou didst hug my soul from the pit of ruin i. e. didst tenderly save me. 2) lack, nought, nothing; hence as adv. of negation i. q. לא, joined w. nouns or verbs, a) no, un-, without, as Job 30, 8 בְּלָר־שָׁם no-name, without fame i. e. infamy; בכלי =) בלי קים (= *in lack*. in the parallel clause) without water Job 8, 11; אַלִי־מָקוֹם without (a vacant or clean) place Is. 28, 8; בלי־בשיה unanointed 2 Sam. 1, 21; בלרדהםויבה unturned Hos. 7, 8. β) not, before verbs perf. Is. 14, 6 Job בּלִר תַקוּם and fut. בּלִר תַשָּה 41, 18. - With prepositions, בְּבְלִי in not = without, e. g. Job 35, 16 without knowledge i. e. unawares Job 36, 12; לְבָלָי after verbs of motion Job 38, 41 לְבְלָר אָבֶל, or of result לְבָלִי דּוֹק Is. 5, 14; בְּבָלִי־דָוֹת *fearless* Job 41, 25; בְּבָלִי because not Deut. 9, 28, so that not Job 18, 15; עַר־בָּלָי till lack or failure Mal. 3, 10; על־בְּלִי because not Gen. 31, 20. See לא בל.

יירל א דָּלָיל (ג בָּלָג 2) mixed fodder, provender (כָּרָשָּלָא Job 6, 5; hence the denom. fut. יַרָּבָל in Judg. 19, 21 and he gave fodder.

קליטָה (for דְּלִישָה) subst. i. q. לא מאוּטָה prop. not-anything, i. e. nothing, merely poet. in Job 26, 7.

וּרָעָל (from בָּלִי not and בָּלִי in Hiph. to profit) m. prop. no-profit, hence 1) worthlessness, wickedness, as איד בָּלִיעַל worthless or abandoned man 1 Sam. 25, 25, so also w. בָּרָיע 1 Sam. 25, 17, w. בָּן 1 Sam. 1, 16 a wicked woman, w. בָּרָיך Ps. 41, 9 an

evil thing. 2) destruction Ps. 18, 5; also destroyer Nah. 2, 1; hence in later usage and in N. T. $B \epsilon \lambda (a \lambda)$ or $B \epsilon \lambda (a p 2 Cor. 6, 15 for <math>\delta \pi 0 \nu \eta \rho \delta \zeta$, Satan.

רָבַל , בּוּל akin to יְבַל, אָבָל, אָבָל 1) to well up, flow, to pour over, part. pass. Ex. 29, 40 535 overflowed, i. e. poured over; hence to be anointed Ps. 92, 11. 2) fig. to pour together i. e. to mix (cf. L. confundo, συγγέω), to confound (of language), Gen. 11, 7 נָבְלָה (1 pl. fut. Qal w. ה--cohort. for נְכַלָּה, see Gram. § 67, Rem. 11) let us confuse witheir speech; hence בְּבֵל. 3) denom. from בליל, to mix food, to fodder (beasts) Judg. 19, 21. 4) perh. to mingle in sexual connexion, to defile; hence rerh. הַבָּל, cf. הַבָּל. — Hithpo. דְּרְבֵּוֹלָל, to mix oneself, w. 2 Hos. 7, 8.

prob. akin to אָרָס, only inf. אָרָס Ps. 32, 9 to check or restrain, w. a bridle; Syr. באֹס.

לקלע (fut. רְבָל אוֹים) mimet. akin to גָיָשׁ, Syr. בָּב אוֹים, 1) to eat greedily, to swallow down, said of men Is. 28, 4, beasts Ex. 7, 12; fig. to destroy utterly Prov. 1, 12. 2) fig. to destroy utterly Prov. 1, 12. 2) fig. דַבְלָע רְקָר אָנָע גער בָלָע רְקָר ווווו א swallow down my spittle i. e. for a moment; ellipt. Num. 4, 20 בְּבָע (inf. Pi.) like a swallowing down (of spittle) i. e. for a moment. - Niph. נבלע to be swallowed up (by foes). i. e. to be overcome Hos. 8, 8; by wine (פן־דַרָּרָן) i. e. to be intoxicated Is. 28, 7 (cf. הלומר רדן Is. 28, 1). ---Pi. בלעד (in pause בלעד Is. 3, 12, inf. בַלַע Num. 4, 20, fut. אָבַלָּע, יָבַלָּע) 1) utterly to swallow down, but only fig. to swallow down iniquity i. e. to practise it freely Prov. 19, 28. 2) as in Qal, to destroy Job 2, 3, annihilate Ps. 35, 25. - Pu. to be destroyed, exterminated Is. 9, 15; 2 Sam. 17, 16 it be ruined (i. e. lest there be ruin) to the king and his troops. - Hith. lit. to swallow up oneself, hence to vanish away Ps. 107, 27.

רָבָלָעָ (w. suf. בְּלַעָ בָּלָעָ (w. suf. בָּלָעָ (ש. 1) prop. a swallowing up, then what is swallowed Jer. 51, 44. 2) destruction Ps. 52, 6. 3) pr. n. of a pers. Gen. 46,21 (patron. בַּלָעָד Num. 26, 38), also of a town, called also בָּלָעָד Gen. 14, 2.

דבל Num. 4, 20, see r. דַכַּל 2.

ו בלָלָם 1) pr. n. m. (destroyer, from בְלַל w. ending ב----------; cf. Arab. *יוֹם swallower*) a heathen prophet, Sept. Baλadµ, Num. 22, 5. 2) pr. n. of a place 1 Ch. 6, 55.

(Qal only in part. w. suff. קבל (Qal only in part. w. suff. out or pour forth, hence to devastate Is. 24, 1. — Pu. to be laid waste, only in part. הקבלקרו Nah. 2, 11.

[2] pr. n. m. (devastator, r. p)국) Num. 22, 2.

בּלְשָׁאַדֵּ Dan. 5, 1, once בָּלְשָׁאַד Dan. 7, 1 (Babyl.) pr. n. m. of the last king of the Chaldeans. ---- The name perh. means "Bel who (is) prince" from $j_{\pm} = j_{\pm} \lambda_{\pm} = j_{\pm} \lambda_{\pm}$ (as sign of relative or genitive) and $j_{\pm} = j_{\pm} \lambda_{\pm}$.

בּלְשָׁך pr. n. m. (searcher, from Chald. to search) Ezr. 2, 2.

נְכָּסָת .r. בְּכָּת (r. בְּלָה; cf. בְּלָת) i. q. בְּלָר בְּל בָּל, אָבָל prop. lack, nothing; hence

(בְּלִה , לֹא =) adv. not (= בְּלָתִי 1 Sam. 20, 26. 2) prep. (for גְּבְלָהִי i. q. without Gen. 43, 8, besides Gen. 21, 26; w. suf. בְּלָחִי besides me Hos. 13, 4, but also without me in Is. 10, 4. 3) conj. (for בְּלָחִר אֲשֶׁר) besides that Dan. 11, 18; בלחי אם Am. 3, 4 unless. Before nouns (like בלא, בלי, גבלי) not, without, un-, as 1 Sam. 20, 26 בְּלְתִי not-clean, unclean, בְּלְתִי טַחוֹר Is. 14, 6 without cessation, unremitting; before inf. w. > of purpose or result for not, lest Lev. 26, 15 for not to do i. e. so as לְבָלָחִר עֵשׁוֹת not to do, Dan. 9, 11 לבלחי שמוע 80 as not to hear; more rarely before the finite verb. in perf. Ez. 13, 3, in fut. Dan. 11, 18. - With prepositions לבלחד (once לבלחר ל K. 23, 10) before inf. to not, so that not Ex. 9, 17, before the finite verb so that not Jer. 23, 14; מְבָלְחָר because not, w. suf. Num. 14, 16; עַר־בָּלָחִי until not, w. perf. Num. 21, 35. - The form is from בכח w. the old genitiveending ---- (Gram. § 90, 3, a), like זוּכַרור אַפסי.

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קַבָּעָדה, w. הָבָעָדה, pl. קבעות, c. קבעות, K'thibh קבעות, w. – firm (see Gram. § 25), but Q'ri קבעות Is. 58, 14 as if from בָּעָתי (Gram. § 87, 5, Rem. 1), w. suf. בָּעוֹת,

בּמוֹתֵיך, בָּמוֹתֵיך (r. בּים) f. prop. an elevation (cf. $\beta \omega \mu - \delta \varsigma$), hence 1) a height 2 Sam. 1, 19; esp. a sacred or altar - height 1 Sam. 9, 12; the shrines or chapels built on eminences were called בַּתִּר הַבָּמוֹת 1 K. 13, 32, the priests בֹחַנִי חַבַּמוֹת 1 K. 12, 32; sometimes בַּרָת is for בַּרָת the hill-shrine to signify the fill-shrine to signify the places of unlawful worship on eminences in or near the cities 1 K. 11, 7, on the hills of Judah 1 K. 14, 23, and in the valley of Hinnom Jer. 7, 31. Some of them were only a sort of curtain-tents, called acia בלאות Ez. 16, 16. 2) strong-hold, fastness, hence fig. Ps. 18, 34 he sets me צל־בָּמוֹהַי on my high places, i. e. in safety; Am. 4, 13 (of God) treading על-בָּמֵתֵי אָרֵץ on the citadels or fastnesses of the earth, i. e. possessing it as its lord and king; so too in Job 9, 8 and Is. 14, 14. 3) a grave-mound, sepulchre (cf. βωμός, L. tumulus) in Ez. 43, 7 and perh. also in Is. 53, 9, where this sense in the parallel קברו in the parallel clause. See the r. Diz.

בְּרְעָדָל pr. n. m. (= בְּרְעָדָל of circumcision, i. e. a Hebrew) 1 Ch. 7, 33.

פי see הבמר, see ים.

דְבְעוֹת pr. n. of district Num. 21, 19, fully בְּכוֹת בַּלַ (heights of Baal) Josh. 13, 17.

אָקָמָד bom^othê' c. pl. of בְּכָר (as if from בְּכָוֹתִי (Gram. § 87, 5, Rem. 1).

קָרָים (pl. דָּוֹם) m. a sage Jer. 49, 7 prop. part. r. בון.

r. בָּרְזָכָר m. 1) son (cf. בָּנָה), fully בַּרְזָכָר man-child Jer. 20, 15 (cf. viòc ǎppyv Apoc. 12, 5); a king's son, a prince Is. 9, 5, fully בֵּן־מֵלָדְ Ps. 72, 1; pl. sons at times for children בנים Gen. 3, 16 (cf. τέχνα).—Fig. sons of my father Gen. 49, 8 or of my mother Gen. 43, 29, i. e. my brothers; Joel 4, 6 sons of Javan (cf. vies Άχαιῶν) i. e. Greeks; sons of the poor Ps. 72, 4, i. e. the poor.-The word אָד, like אָד father, אָד brother, is very manifold in its applications. Hence a) as to age, boy, a youth (like $\pi a \hat{i}$;) Prov. 7, 7. β) grand-son Gen. 29, 5 (so] in Ezr. 5, 1), esp. בָּנָר בָּנָרם Gen. 32, 1, fully בְּנָרם Ex. 32,7. γ) descendants, posterity, hence in the names of peoples, as בְּנֵר עֲמַלֹן, ב׳ רְשִׂרָצֵל, Ammonites, Israelites, children of Judah i. e. Jews; for inhabitants of any city or place, e. g. Ps. 149, 2 בִיר צִיוֹך sons of Zion i. e. its people, בני המדרנה Neh. 7, 6; for a community, hence e. g. Am. 9, 7 בְּנֵר כְשִׁיִרם Ethiopians. δ) a fosterson or a ward, pupil, disciple, protégé or favourite (cf. παις, filius), e. g. 1 K. 20, 35 sons of the prophets, i. e. their disciples; children of the living God i. e. those whom He cherishes Hos. 2, 1; also for angels and rulers, see under אלקים; Gen. 15, 3 son of the house, i.e. a slave born and bred in the house (L. verna); sons of Bashan i.e. rams reared in its pastures Deut. 32, 14; sons of the quiver, i. e. arrows Lam. 3, 13; sons of the East i. e. dwellers there Gen. 29, 1; Job 1, 3; Judg. 6, 3. c) of beasts, a young one, as young pigeon בן־רוֹיָה Lev. 12, 6, בן־אָרוֹנו *his foal* Gen. 49, 11; moreover of plants Gen. 49, 22 בן־שרת young branch. ζ) purely fig. expressing a certain dependence, e. g. of time, in stating age, e. g. Ex. 12, 5

בר שנח ane year old, Gen. 5, 32 ברשנח בר בר שנח שלה שלה 500 years old; Jon. 4, 10 son of a night, i. e. produced in one night, but Gen. 37, 3 son of old age means a son born when his father was old; or of property or quality, as son of wickedness בן-בליעל 1 Sam. 25, 17 i. e. a wicked man, ברארם Is. 56, 2 a human being (Sept. άνθρωπο;), בַּן־חַיָל a valiant 2 Sam. 2, 7 (comp. τέχνα ὑπαχοῆς 1 Pet. 1, 14); but בּן דַעַוֹר in Deut. 25, 2 worthy of a smiling, בן־בַרָח 1 Sam. 20, 31 worthy of death (cf. υίὸς τῆς àπωλείας John 17, 12). 2) g pr. n. m. 1 Ch. 15, 18; perh. also in der Ps. 9, 1.---From בן or is got perh. a denom. $\exists; \exists$ in Niph. (only in fut. אבנה) to obtain sons Gen. 16, 2; but see בן to build. --- This noun ביה or is prob. primitive like אם, את את, אם את and is the same as The liquids n and r often interchanging), see on which is akin; but nearly all regard בּנָה as the root.

, בִּיָרן Chald. son, but only in pl. בָּוָ c. בָּוֹ (in sing. בָּר) סמוע is used) Dan. 2, 25; Syr. مُعَن , pl. حَمَّد.

דָרָנָדָ⊂ pr. n. m. 1 K. 4, 11, see אַרִינָיָב.

קראוני pr. n. m. (son of my sorrow) Gen. 35, 18.

דר אָרָר אָרָ pr. n. m. (son of a hero) 1 K. 4, 13.

דר קר pr. n. m. (son of a dagger) 1 K. 4, 9.

דָרָדָוָד pr. n. m. (son of דָרָדָוָד) or אָדָד אָדָד a Syrian idol) of 3 kings of Damascus, 1 K. 15, 19; 20, 1; 2 K. 13, 3.

pr. n. m. (perh. son of wailing) Jer. 7, 31.

דרותת pr. n. m. (perh. son of strength) 1 Ch. 4, 20.

- דר pr. n. m. (son of liberty) 1 K. 4, 8.
- דול pr. n. m. (son of valour). 2 Ch. 17, 7.
- קר קר, pr. n. m. (son of pity) 1 Ch. 4, 20.

דר pr. n. m. (son of kindness) 1 K. 4, 10.

דָרָרָיָרָן pr. n. m. (son of the right-hand, i.e. of good luck) 1 Sam. 9, 1 in some texts for בָּנְיָכָין.

pr. n. m. (son of my people or confederacy) Gen. 19, 38.

בְּנָה see בְּנָא.

נַיָּבְנָח (fut. וַיִּבֶן, רִבְנָח, rarely וַיִּבָן, הגנות , inf. abs. בנה, const. האבנה, w. suf. בנותרה Ez. 16, 31) 1) to build Gen. 8, 20; w. acc. of the thing Gen. 10, 11 (rarely w. >) and of the material 1 K. 18, 32 (rarely w. z); to lay a foundation 1 K. 6, 1 cf. 2 Ch. 3, 1; w. acc. of the place, to build upon 1 K. 6, 15; w. 2 Neh. 4, 4 to build up in something; w. אָד Lam. 3, 5 to build against. — Fig. to form, w. 5 Gen. 2, 22. 2) of places in ruin or out of condition, to rebuild, to restore Am. 9, 14, Ps. 122, 3 Jerusalem הבנרבה the rebuilt, Mal. 1, 4 we will restore ningthe waste-places. 3) fig. to grant family prosperity i. e. deścendants 1 Sam. 2, 35; to make prosperous, of peoples Jer. 24, 6. - Niph. to be built Num. 13, 22, of persons in Mal. 3, 15 to be promoted; Is. 44, 28 to be rebuilt; fig. in Gen. 16, 2 הפנה אולי אבנה perhaps I shall be built up (i. e. have sons) from her. , בּנְרָח , בּנְרָן , תַּבְנִית , מִבְנָח Hence בר, בּת and perh. בָּר, בָּת, בַּר

Chald. (i. q. Heb.

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(בָּנָיז to build Dan. 4, 27; part. pass. Ezr. 5, 11; inf. בַּרָאָרָקָרָא, קּבְנָא Ezr. 5, 9. — Ithpe. to be built Ezr. 4, 13.

בוא ז Sam. 25, 8 for באני, r. גבוא.

pr. n. m. (perh. building) Neh. 7, 15.

בֿת daughters, see בַּנוֹת.

דְּכוֹתְרָיָהָ Ez. 16, 31 for דְכוֹתְרָיָהָ, w. suf. 2 fem., see Gram. § 78, Bem. 2.

(obs.) to bind; akin to Sans. vant (to surround), G. winden, binden, E. wind, bind; L. vincio, W. banad (= banal) the broom plant, so much used for binding; cf. $\sigma\pi a \rho \tau o \varsigma$. Hence

בְרָי pr. n. m. (built) 2 Sam. 23, 86. בוני, see בוני.

Pר בריקר pr. n. (sons of lightning) of a city in Dan, Josh. 19, 45.

בָּאַרוֹת ב׳ ר׳ see, בְּרֵר־רָעָקן,

דְרָרָד pr. n. m. (perh. דְרָרָד) built up) 1 Ch. 4, 36 i. q. בְּרָרָד.

בּרְרָה f. (i. q. בְּרָדָ) building Ez. 41, 13; r. בְּנַה.

בינים 1 Sam. 17, 4 for בינים, גבין see גבין.

sons, see בָּרָם; Gram. § 96.

בְּרָבְרָרָן pr. n. m. (son of righthand, i. e. good luck) the patriarch *Benjamin*, founder of one of the 12 tribes Gen. 35, 18; gentil. בָּרְרְמִינִי Ps. 7, 1, plur. בָּרְ רְמִינָי Judg. 19, 16.

בּרָרָן m. (i. q. בּיָרָה) building Ez. 41, 12 after the form קַרָן; r. בָּנָה.

Chald. i. q. Heb. building Ezr. 5, 4.

הְרָרָלה pr. n. m. (prob. our son) Neh. 10, 14.

קר pr. n. Jer. 49, 28. Ez. 25, 4. 10 (LXX. Κεδέμ).

 Chald. to be angry Dan.

 2, 12; akin to يجت عنه (cf. ويزم (cf. ويزم)).

נְבְעָה pr. n. m. (perh. for נְבְעָה bubbling) 1 Ch. 8, 37, בּוְעָה 1 Ch. 9, 43.

דסוריה pr. n. m. (in council of Neh. 3, 6.

רָכָה pr.n.m. (perh.i.q. בְּצַיּ bright) Ezr. 2, 49.

בוס see, בנס

וסך (obs.) prob. akin to Aram. דָּקָרָ (obs.) prob. akin to Aram. גקר to contemn, hence of fruit contemned as unripe, to be sour, to be unripe; hence מַהָ

רָּסֶר m. collect. sour or unripe grapes Is.18,5 (but הַאָּשִׁים wild grapes).

בְּטֶר = ... בְּטֶר, only Job 15, 83. בְּדָא, see בְּזָר.

obs.) perh. akin to גָרָד to be separated, removed. Hence perhaps

בַּעֲרָי, and בַּעֲרָי, w. suf. בַּעֲרָי, בַּעָרָה ,בַּעָרָה ,בַּעֵרוֹ ,בַּעֵרָך ,בַּעֵרָה ,בַּעַרָה ,בַּעָרָה and הַכַּדֶרָם, הַבַּדַרְכֵם, Am. 9, 10, הַכֵּרָכוּ (הַכֵּרָם, perh. prop. subst. m. removal, hence behind; early considered as a prep. made up of ב and כ. The meanings in use show the following wide diversities: 1) near something, by the side of (perh. like L. apud), as 1 Sam. 4, 18 בּצָר יַר הַשָּׁצָר at the side of the place (רַר) of the gate, for which אַל־רַר stands in 2 Sam. 18, 4. 2) behind (close to), differing from אָחָר which expresses behind at a distance, esp. thus in the expression סַנָר בְּדֶר to shut behind (close to) an object, e. g. Judg. 3, 23 he shut the door izer behind him on going out; Gen. 7, 16 מַצָרוֹ after him (i. e. at his heels) after he got in; סַגַר בִּצַר רֲחֵם 1 Sam. |

1, 6 to close behind (or about) the womb i. e. to render it barren; Job 1, 10 hast thou not fenced בַּכָרוֹ behind (or around) him? Judg. 3, 22 and behind בְּעֵר הַלְהַב up בְּעָר הַלָּהַב behind the blade, i. e. so that the hilt also penetrated; Job 22, 13 בְּעָר עֵרְמֵל behind the darkness, i. e. wrapped in gloom. 3) nearness (implying motion) away among, amidst, as Is. 32, 14 בּצֵר מִעַרוֹת away among caves; Joel 2, 8, בְּצֵר הַשָּׁלַח among the missiles; hence it may at times be rendered through, out of, e. g. Gen. 26, 8 בער הַתַלון through the window 2 Sam. 20, 21 בער בוחומה through the wall, i. e. by some opening in it, as in Acts 9, 25 διὰ τοῦ $\tau \epsilon (\chi o \upsilon \varsigma. 4)$ nearness (motion or rest), all round something (cf. No. 2), hence around Ps. 3, 4, differing from סַבִּרב round about, without implying nearness; esp. with verbs that denote placing round, fencing in, closing up, covering over (דָתַם , פָּדַר , שוּהָ , גָּדַר , סָגַר), hence for, equivalent to about, esp. with verbs of interceding, asking, satisfying, (or compensating), covering, standing up for in conflict (זְצָק בָּפָר רְדְהִפַּלָל, עַמַר בַּפָּרֵץ, נָשָׂא, דָּרַשׁ, דָּתִחַזֵּק); Job 2, 4 עור בער צור skin for skin, i. e. is given to satisfy or as equivalent. With pref. prep. הַבַּעָר from behind, w. אָבַעָר לְצַמָּחָדָ forth קבער לאַמָּחָדָ forth from behind thy veil.

עור see בּער.

וּהָבְעָרוּן (fut הְבָעָרוּן, 2 pl. הְבְעָרוּן Is. 21, 12, imp. pl. הְבָעָרוּ Gram. § 75, Rem. 4) i. q. הָבָע הוּע גוּע גוּע גוּע hence to boil, Is. 64, 1 הָבְעָר אַלוּ fire boils water; fig. to boil over w. strong desire, hence to long for, to seek, Is. 21, 12. — Niph. to be swollen, then to swell out, to project

בַּצַל

Is. 30, 13; fig. to be sought out Obad. 6; hence דָר, בְעָר.

Dan. 6, 14 הניקד, Chald. to pray, prayer, w. אַנאָז he prayed his prayer, w. אָרָ אָיָ and אָרָ 2) to seek Dan. 2, 13. – Pa. יקן to pray earnestly Dan. 4, 83.

עדי Chald. (w. suf. דּרָשָּׁשָ: r. אָבָאָ) f. prayer, petition Dan. 6, 8.

רָעלָרָק (married r. בְּעֹלָרָק) pr.n.Is.62,4. בִּעֹן, see בָּעֹרָ.

קבעור pr. n. m. (perh. torch, r. קבעור Beor Num. 22, 5, Sept. Bewp, but in 2 Pet. 2, 15 Βοσόρ, y for x.

(w. suf. בְּעַּהְזָיך) m. pl. terrors Ps. 88, 17, Job 6, 4; r. בַּעַת.

עבו (obs.) perh. for בָּעָן (cf. בָּלָא) as denom. from גָּעָן (r. גָּעָן), hence to be strong, firm; hence

ו) pr. n. (perh. firmness) the pillar on the left hand in front of the Temple 1 K. 7, 21; cf. יְכָרָ, the name of the other. 2) pr. n. m. Ruth's husband, Ruth 2, 1.

נירְעָם (fut. יְרְעָם) prob. mimet. akin to בּרָס (which see), Chald. בָּרָס, to beat or strike (w. the foot), hence 1) to kick Deut. 32, 15. 2) w. בְ, to tread or trample on, fig. to despise or spurn 1 Sam. 2, 29

אַבּעָל m. prayer, only Job 30, 24 הַעָּל הַכָּדָה nought is prayer; r. הַכָּד.

בּרָם Is. 11, 15, see בּרָם.

דאיר Ps. 73, 20 for בייק; r. דגיר].

בּצָיר m. collect. cattle Ex. 22, 4 (like הקיק, L. pecus,-coris) prop. fieldcattle, from נג to browse.

גְעָל גְעָל (in prop. names גָעָל גָעָל גַעָּל, אָיָע (גָּל אַיָע אָיָע אָיָע גַעָר אָיָע גַעָר גַעָר גַעָּלָי (at times for sing.,

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cf. Gram. § 108, 2, b), c. בַּכָל, w. suf., בַּעַלִיהָ אַנאַי m. lord, possessor, prop. a begetter (see below). It denotes: 1) possession and control, e. g. בַּכָל הַבַּרָת Judg. 19, 22 master of the house, אשרה בעל אבד Ex. 21, 3 husband; הַכָּל נְעוּרִים Joel 1, 8 husband married in youth; Is. 16, 8 בַּכָלר גוֹרָם masters (warriors) of the nations; hence in union w. nouns (see Gram. § 106, 2, a) to mark property, as 2 K. 1,8 lord of hair, i. e. hairy, Gen. 37, 19 the dreamer, i. e. the one having dreams; בַעָל דְבָרִים Ex. 24, 14 one having a lawsuit or controversy, as to what any one ought to have, but has not Prov. 3, 27. 2) before the names of cities, inhabitants or citizens Judg. 9, 2. 3) דְּבָּעָל pr. n. of a Phenician deity (Belus), prob. the planet Jupiter, which however the Greeks always called 'Hpaxlig; see 52. The pl. בְּעָלִים means images of Baal Judg. 2, 11. - בְּכָל is frequently found in Punic inscriptions and in pr. names, as in Hannibal (הַוּרְבַעָל) favour of Baal), Hasdrubal (עורובעל help of B.), Adherbal (אָדירָבַּעַל hero of B.), Abibal father of B.), and we find הַכָּל הַרִיה in Heb. names, as הַכָּל Judg. 8, 33 also אל בריח Judg. 9, 46 covenant-god, cf. Zeùs öpxios or Deus fidius; אַכּל זבוב fly Baal (see זבוב); בעל־פעור, see פעור. 4) also place, as possessing what it contains (cf. בָּרָת), in union w. names, e. g. with דָּמֹד, רוצת, דורמין, דואים, אין אָרָאָים, דוימין, דואיין, דוצור קמָר. 5) pr. n. m. 1 Ch. 5, 5. – Hence אַכָּלָים בַּעָלים בַּעָלים גַבַעָלים as גַבָּעָלים בַּעַלים אַ denominative. ---- The root being very uncertain, בל = בַּעָל is given here as a primitive, which is common to the Semit. tongues, Syr. Syr. Arab. بعل, Ethiop. bal; but perh. it is akin to to flow (of seminal flow in sex-

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ual connexion), hence to marry, to be husband. — Hence perh. >2.

בְּלֵל Chald. Ezr. 4, 8 i. q. Heb. בַּל also בַּל.

ליב (fut. ליב אָשָׁר) perh. denom. from לאב, or rather akin to איש, 1) to be husband or master, to rule Is. 26, 13, w. לי 1 Ch. 4, 22; w. ק Jer. 3, 14 to marry; אַשָּׁר לים become husband of a wife, to marry Mal. 2, 11; part. act. pl. (for sing.) קיב אלין husband Is. 54, 5, part. pass. fem. אושל איש האניין ואיש ער ליב איש האניין איש אושל איש האניין איש ליב איש האניין איש מארי איש האניין איש ליב איש האניין איש ליב איש ליב איש האניין איש ליב איש לים איש לים איש ליב איש לים איש ליש לים איש ליש ליש לים איש ליש ליש איש ליש ליש ליש ליש ליש איש ליש ליש ליש ליש לי

ה בַּכָּלָה f. 1) a mistress or possessor, e. g. בְּכָלה בְּכָלה בַּכָּל mistress of the house 1 K. 17, 17, בי אוב ב אוב מינול אוב 28, 7, comp. the use of the masc. ב. 2) fig. for a region or city, in pr. names, α) city in the N. of Judah Josh. 15, 9, otherwise בְּכָר קרָיַת בְּכָל jin the S. of this tribe Josh. 15, 29, otherwise בָּלָה בָּלָה

pr. n. (prob. mistresses) of a city in the S. of Judah Josh. 15, 24.

pr. n. (perh. Baals קבעלה בבלות of heights) of a district Num. 21, 28, called also בְּמִוֹח בַּעָל Josh. 13, 17.

דְעַל־דָעָן pr. n. m. (a gracious lord) Gen. 36, 38.

דְּעָלְיָדָע pr. n. m. (whom the lord knows) 1 Ch. 14, 7, also אָלְיָדָע 2 Sam. 5, 16.

ידעליה pr. n. m. (דְּעַלְרָה is lord) 1 Ch. 12, 5.

בְּכַלִיס pr. n. m. (perh. for בְּכַלִיס lordly, from בְּכָל cf. בְּכָל and see on ש — as a formative ending) Jer. 40, 14; but some texts have בְּעָלִים, so too Josephus in Antiq. 10, 9, 2.

(בַּעָל for בַּעָלָה, fem. of בַּעָלָה) pr. n. (mistress) of a city in Dan (Josephus Βαλέθ), Josh. 19, 44.

דְעֹלן pr. n. of a place (Sept. Βαιάν) Num. 32, 3, perh. for בָּצַל בָּ (Ξ בָּצַל בָּ (כִּעֹן).

קבערה, בַעָרָה, דַרָעָרָא pr. n. m. (perh. for גָן־עָנָא i. e. sorrowful, see on ק on p. 75) 1 K. 4, 12; 2 Sam. 4, 2.

אָרָשָר (fut. יִבְעַר) akin to בָּרָש, בָּרָש, בָּרָש II (see below), 1) to browse, to feed upon; prob. hence בערר cattle and בער cattle and (which see). See Pi. and Hiph. 2) to consume w. fire, to burn up, Ps. 83, וז as fire הְבְעָר kindles up a forest; mostly w. > Job 1, 16 God's fire fell from heaven and burnt up the flocks and the servants. 3) intrans. to burn (esp. of combustible materials burning up of themselves), זַפָּת בֹעָרָה Is. 34, 9 burning pitch; hence to be kindled Is. 1, 31, Hos. 7, 4. 4) as denom. of בְּעָר or בְּעָר, to be brutish Jer. 10, 8, see under בַּעָר. ---Niph. to become or make oneself ألا صَحَيْزَة brutish Jer. 51, 17; cf. Syr. to be fierce. - Pi. בער (fut. רְבָעָר, inf. בדר) 1) to feed on, to consume, e. g. field or vineyard Is. 5, 5, w. E Ex. 22, 4. 2) to set fire to (wood) Lev. 6, 5, to light (a fire) Ex. 35, 3, to burn up or consume Is. 44, 3) to destroy or sweep away, 15. w. כן from somewhere 1 K. 22, 47, w. אָקרי after somebody 1 K. 14, 10, i. e. to make a clean riddance; ורה בצר Is. 4, 4 a spirit of destroying (extermination). — Pu. to be kindled e. g. a stove Jer. 36, 22. -Hiph. (causative) like Pi. in all its

three meanings. ---- This r. is prob. mimetic, found in Semitic (as above) and in Gr. βορά (βι-βρώ-σχω), W. pawr, poru, bara, L. voro, E. forage, browse, bread, G. brod.

אַדָּעָר m. prob. akin to אָדָעָר brutishness, stupidity; איש בַּעַר of brutishness Ps. 92, 7, but else only as adj. stupid, brutish, Ps. 49, 11. Hence the denom. אָדע (fut. דָבָר) to be brutish Jer. 10, 8; part. אָבָע 94, 8 brutish. – Niph. אָבָע brutish Is. 19, 11.

דְעָרָא pr. n. m. (perh. a brand) 1 Ch. 8, 8.

ל. *a burning*, esp. of crops in the field Ex. 22, 5; r. בְּעָר 2.

נסא:) perh. akin to Chald. אָבָעָ (obs.) perh. akin to Chald. אָבָע Heb. אָבָע, to tread down, hence to be valiant; hence

of Israel (953-930 B. C.) 1 K. 15, 16.

קבעויר pr. n.m. (perh. for בְּעַשִׁיךה work of ידָה) 1 Ch. 6, 25; see under letter ב, p. 74.

נבית שָּׁשְׁתָרָח pr. n. (for בְּעָשְׁתְרָד, of a Levitical city Josh. 21, 27, but in 1 Ch. 6, 56 בַּשָׁתְרוֹח.

עבע (Qal obs.) akin to Syr. גָּבְעָהִי) נְבְעָה (Qal obs.) akin to Syr. גָּבְעָהִי) נָבְעָה (עָבָעָהָוֹתָי גָרָאָ Dan. 8, 17 for יָבָעָהוּ, 30 and יָבָעָה ד גַּעָרָהָי גָרָאָ ד גָּעָרָהָי גָּעָרָהָי גָּעָרָהָא גָעָרָהָי גָּעָרַהָי גָּעָרָהָי גָעָרָהָי גָּעָרַהָי גָעָרָהָי גָעָרָהָי גָּעָרַהָי גָעָרָהָי גָעָרָהָי גָּעָרַהָי גָעָרָהָי גָּעָרַהָי גָעָרָהָי גָּעָרַהָי גָעָרָהָי גָּעָרַהָי גָעָרָהָי גָּעָרַהָי גָעָרָיָרָאַי גָּעָרַהָי גָעָרָהָי גָּעָרָהָי גָעָרָי גָּעָרָהָי גָעָרָי גָּעָרָהָי גָעָרָי גָּעָרָהָי גָעָרָי גָּעָרָהָי גָעָרָי גָּעָרָיָרָי גַעָרָי גָּעָרָיָיָי גָּעָרָיָי גָעָרָיָי גָּעָרָיי גָעָרָי גָעָרָעָי גָעָרָי גַעָרָי גָעָרָעָי גַעָרָי גָעָרָיי גָּגָרָיי גָעָרָיי גָעָרָעָיי געָרָיי גָעָרָעָין געריי גערי געריי געריי געריי געריי געריי געריי געריי געריי געריי געיי גערי געריי געריי געיי

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דָּעָרָה f. fcar or terror Jer. 8, 15. 7고 m. slime or mire Jer. 38, 22;
r. γΣ₂.

בְּצוֹתְיו Ez. 47, 11 for בְּצוֹתְיו from בְּצָה.

קאָרָז (pl. w. suf. בְּצָאֹרָדי, Ez. 47, 11) f. a swamp or marsh Job 8, 11; r. בְצָבָ, in Talm. בְּצָבָ.

קצר: (r. בָּצָר) adj. m. inaccessible, steep, only K'thibh of Zech. 11, 2.

m. perh. in Job 22, 24 for בצור גור ore, but see גור.

רַצָּר pr. n. m. (bright) Neh. 7, 23; see בָּסַי

דייר ח. 1) prop. cutting off, hence grape-gathering, vintage Is. 24, 13, like קַצָּרָר cropping off (cf. קַצָּרָר גָּצָרָר אָאָרָר, 2) adj. m. in Zech. 11, 2 Q'rî where the K'thibh is הָצָר, inaccessible, lofty; r. בָּצָר.

obs.) to be peely, to have coatings, akin to معتود to strip. Hence

(only pl. בְּצָלִים) m. prop. peelings off, hence onions Num. 11, 5.

pr. n. m. (in God's shadow i. e. protection) Ex. 31, 2.

באַלוּת pr. n. m. (stripping off) Ezr. 2, 52; but in Neh. 7, 54 בּאַלית, see בּאַלית.

עברי, imp. אַבָּאָ שָּרָ, w. suf. אַבָּאָשָ Am. 9, 1 for אַבָּאָשָ akin to אַבָּאָשָ Am. 9, 1 for אַבָּאָשָ akin to אַבָּאָ אָבָאָ זון prop. to cut up (Talm. to break bread); intr. to be wounded Joel 2, 8; אָבָא וּבָאָ אַבָּא זון אַבָּא לוּא end cometh, the ell of thy cutting off, i. e. when thou shalt be cut off as a web according to a fixed measure; in Am. 9, 1 בַּאַבָּא break them in pieces (for בַּאָבָא). 2) to rend in pieces, to spoil or plunder Job 27, 8; esp. in Prov. 1,19 אַבָּא בָּאַב (cf. G. geld - schneider, a money-sharper)

gaining lucre, extortioner or fraudulent dealer. — Pi. The full of the second off Job 6, 9, to rob Ez. 22, 12; fig. to finish, to complete Zech. 4, 9, hence to fulfil something Is. 10, 12, Lam. 2, 17.

(in pause אָבָאָ , w. suf. בְּצָאָ) m. prop. a cutting off or seizing, hence fig. 1) gain, Gen. 37, 26 מָד בּצַע what profit? 2) esp. unjust gain, fitthy lucre Is. 33, 15, Ex. 18, 21. 3) plunder, robbery Mic. 4, 13, Jer. 51, 13.

עצק (obs.) i. q. ppp to gush out, Aram. אַבָּד to bubble out; hence yh, אדָת, — The x and P are interchanged in sundry words, e. g. אָרָאָ = Chald. אַרָאָ.

to swell up, to blister or to have tumours, to gall (of the feet) Deut. 8, 4, where Sept. has έτυλώθησαν, but in Neh. 9, 21 διεββάγησαν.

prin m. dough Ex. 12, 34, as swelling or rising by fermentation Hos. 7, 4.

np², pr. n. (perh. a swelling) of a district Josh. 15, 39.

עניין (fut. רְבָער) 1) to cut out or off e. g. grapes (hence βότρυς) Lev. 25, 5, to gather in (the vintage) w. acc. of the vineyard Deut, 24, 21; hence איז ק grape-cutting (cf. איז ק corn or fruit cutting), איז vintager Jer. 6, 9; fig. of a destructive foe Jer. 49, 9. 2) to restrain, to separate off on all sides, hence to fortify (of walls, cities), in part. pass. איז (K'thibh איז עבר, 11, 2), fortified, strong Deut. 3, 5, Is. 2, 15; fig. Ps. 76, 13 he restrains or cuts off רבעין the spirit of princes; Jer. 83, 3 איז secluded i. e. things cut off

from view or knowledge. — Niph. (pass. of no. 2 but only fig.) to be restrained or debarred, Job 42, 2 אל קר הַאָּר הָאָר הָאָר הָאָר from thee, i. e. too difficult for thee. — Pi. הָבָאַר (fut. הָבָאַר, inf. הָבָאַר) to fortify Jer. 51, 53. Prob. hence

(only in Job 86, 19 אָצָר) for בְּצָר; perh. hence μέταλλον, metal.

(in p. בָּצָר ח. וּרָאָר (הַצָּר ח. 1) ore or precious metal, i. e. gold or silver Job 22, 24 (as being mined or dug out, r. בָּצָר ג. 2) pr. n. (a mine) of a Levitical city of refuge in Reuben (Sept. Bocop) Deut. 4, 43.

(ר. בער (ר. באר) f. prop. inclosure, hence Mic. 2, 12 sheep-fold (cf. אבי). 2) pr. n. (prob. fortress, i. q. הבי). of a city in Edom, prob. the present Busaireh, south-east of the Dead Sea Is. 63, 1; but in Jer. 48, 24 it appears as a Moabitish city, having prob. changed masters.

קַבָּרוֹך (r. בָּצָר) m. citadel or fortress Zech. 9, 12.

קאָליך (pl. באָרוֹת) f. prop. a cutting off (of rain), hence drought (Sept. מֹאָסָעָלָמ) Jer. 17, 8; r. בָּצָ

PIPI, PIPI m. 1) skin bottle, flask 1 K. 14, 3, so named for its bubbling or gurgling when emptied; r. PID or PPI; cf. Syr. Logic, also βόμβυλος. 2) pr. n. m. (emptying) Neh. 7, 53.

קרקקר, pr. n. m. (prob. emptying by דָיָ) Neh. 11, 17.

דַקְבַקָר pr. n. m. (perh. emptier, r. pp w. ---- as formative ending; see on the letter ---- ו Ch. 9, 15.

רָקָבָקיָד, pr. n. m. (prob. i. q. בְּקָבָקָזָ) Num. 34, 22.

דָקָרָאָ pr. n. m. (same as בָּקָרָאָ) 1 Ch. 25, 4.

בקריבים (only pl. בקריבים) m. fissure, cleft, esp. breach in a wall Am. 6, 11, Is. 22, 9; r. בקב.

רְבְקַע (fut. יְבְקַע, inf. w. suf. or cleave asunder, hence to wound Ez. 29, 7, to split (wood) Ecc. 10, 9, to divide (the sea) Ex. 14, 16, hence to rip up Am. 1, 13, to open up (a spring) Ps. 74, 15; to hatch Is. 34, 15; fig. to break into (a camp or a city) 2 Sam. 23, 16, to invade 2 Ch. 21, 17. - Niph. וּבְקַע to split oneself, hence fig. to be rent 1 K. 1, 40, to open up (of the ground) Num. 16, 31, to break forth, of water Prov. 3, 20, light Is. 58, 8; fig. to be stormed (of a city) Jer. 52, 7, to be hatched Is. .59, 5. - Pi. בָּקַד (fut. רְבָקַע) to split or rend Gen. 22, 3, Hab. 3, 9, to hatch Is. 59, 5. — Pu. to be rent or ripped Josh. 9, 4, Hos. 14, 1, Ez. 26, 10 איר מבקבה a city broken into, i. e. taken. - Hiph. to cause to open up i. e. to storm (a city) Is. 7, 6; w. 3 to break through to, 2 K. 3, 26. -Hoph. to be stormed (a city) Jer. 39, 2. — Hith. to be rent or cleft Mic. 1, 4, Josh. 9, 13.

P m. prop. a split, hence part,
 half, but only of the half-shekel Gen.
 24, 22, Sept. δραχμή.

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NPA f. Chald. valley Dan. 3, 1.

לקעה, אָקעה, אָקעה, דיקעה, דיקעה, ידיקעה, יד

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ר בקר Chald. i. q. Heb. הַקָּר Pa. הַקָּהַ to search, to investigate Ezr. 4, 15. — Ithpa. to be searched Ezr. 5, 17.

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young ox Num. 29, 2, יַנָל בָּן־בָּקָר, 29, 2; constr. as fem. pl. cows in Gen. 33, 13 בְּקָר עָלוּח milch kine; hence הַקָר עָלוּח Am. 7, 14. ---- Ewald prefers to trace קרָק to דָבָק to cleave i. e. the hoof; hence cloven-hoofed beast.

(pl. בְּקָרִים) m. prop. breaking (of the morning-light), day-break, morning, r. בָּקַר (but בָּקַר as r. of to glow); בקר may be akin to בקר to glow); בָר עַד עָרָב Ex. 18, 14 from dawn till dark; אָשָׁמְרֵת הַבְּקָר the morning watch Ex. 14, 24; hence בקר is esp. the next morning Ex. 29, 34. As adv. in the morning, early, Jph Ps. 5, 4, (poet.) Ps. 30, 6; distributively morning by morning, each morning, לַבְּקר בַבָּקר לָבָּקר, אַיָּבָקר, לְבְקָרִים , לַבְּקָרִים Job 7, 18; in Ps. 90, 14 בַּבָּק has perh. the sense stands in Ps. 49, 15.

נַקָּרָת (c. בַּקָּרָת) f. a searching or inspection, only in Ez. 34, 12; r. דָקַ.

רקרת f.scrutiny or animadversion, chastisement, only Lev. 19, 20; r. רקב.

Eq. (Qal obs.) akin to بچq. Chald. End, to search for, to seek after, wish for, to choose; only in Pi. בְּקַשָׁ (fut. רְבַקַשׁ) 1) to seek earnestly, abs. 2 K. 2, 17 and w. acc. Gen. 37, 15; hence 1 K. 10, 24 to seek the countenance of the king, i. e. to visit him in order to obtain his favour; to seek God (בַּקַשׁ אָת־רָר) Ex. 33, 7 is to apply oneself to him, to worship him Ps. 40, 17. 2) to strive after, to aim at, e. g. 'ם רַעָּז some one's hurt Ps. 71, 13, 'B the some one's life (either to take it Ex. 4, 19 or to preserve it Prov. 29, 10), w. 5 Job 10, 6, Prov. 18, 1. 3) to demand, w. 19, Is. 1, 12. 4) to entreat, w. מלפנר, מלפנר,

from somebody Dan. 1, 8, w. על for somebody Est. 4, 8. 5) to inquire about, w. א ב Dan. 1, 20. — Pu. to be sought Jer. 50, 20.

רָשָׁבְשָׁרָ (w. suf. גַשְׁשָׁת) f. entreaty Est. 5, 8; r. שָׁבָשָ.

I (poet. in Ps. 2, 12, w. suf. Frov. 31, 2) m. son, only in these two passages in Heb. for אַרָּ, but usual in Aram. ב, ב. In Ps. 2, 12 ב, but *kiss the son* (see v. 7 and comp. Is. 9, 5), some take for *purely* or *sincerely*, as in the Vulg. *adorate pure*, cf. ב II. בר *adorate pure*, cf. ב וו בר *adorate pure*, cf. ב וו בר *adorate pure*, cf. ב וו בר *adorate pure*, cf. ב ב וו בר

בר (בר ישל) adj. m., בּר f. 1) approved, chosen Cant. 6, 9. 2) pure, clear Cant. 6, 10; בי מער בר לבב Pure of heart Ps. 73, 1. 3) clean i.e. empty Prov. 14, 4.

בר III m. for בּר III m. for בּר , only Am. 5, 11, 8, 6, Ps. 72, 16.

בר Chald. I. m., w. suf. בָּרָש, pl. בָּר אֶלָתִין (see בֵּן son Dan. 6, 1, בָּר אֶלָתִין a son of the gods Dan. 3, 25; also grandson or descendant Ezr. 5, 1.

Chald. II. m., def. בָּרָא, field, country Dan. 2, 38. Arab. , Syr. בָּרָ, Heb. בָּרָ.

, once בו בור (בּרָר. בּרָשָׁ) m. 1) cleanness, purity, בּר בָּרָדָים Ps. 18, 21 purity of the hands, fig. for innocence.

2) for בְּרָיה, prop. what cleanses, hence salt of lye, alkali (for soap) Job 9, 30.

לער (fut. איביי) 1) prop. to cut or carve; hence to form, to create, esp. of God's making or creating the world Gen. 1, 1; דעשיל Gen. 2, 3 he made creatively, i. e. perh. by making it anew out of chaos, cf. העריל לעלויו - Niph. to be created Gen. 2, 4; to be made or done Ex. 34, 10; איבריל to be born) Ps. 102, 19. - Pi. אים to cut or fell (a forest) Josh. 17, 18; to cut down, to kill Ez. 23, 47; to carve, to fashion Ez. 21, 24. Cf. Arab.

ly to cut or create.

Qal obs.) akin to דָּרָה II, בָּרָה (Qal obs.) גָּרָא נָרָא U, בָּרָא גָיָרָא, to feed; hence Hiph. to cause to feed, to fatten 1 Sam. 2, 29; hence בָּרָא.

קריקה, קראנקה same as הראנקה (which see, the ב and ם often interchanging) 2 K. 20, 12.

דרא דר pr. n. (perh. my planning) of a place 1 Ch. 4, 31; see under ברת p. 88.

דָרָאָרָד pr. n. m. (דָּרָארָד) 1 Ch. 8, 21.

בְרָבָר (like תַּרְאָר, only pl. בַּרְבָר 1 K. 5, 3) m. name of an uncertain fowl; perh. geese, since they cackle or babble so much; for the word is mimetic like our babble, Arab. אָבָר barbara, L. murmuro, βάρβαρος; see under בָבָל.

i. q. פּרָד to scatter, hence to hail Is. 32, 19; hence

בָרָד m. hail Ex. 9, 18; also אֶכָן hail-stone Is. 30, 30.

נְבָרֹד (r. בְּרָהים; pl. בְּרָהים) adj. m. bestrewed or besprinkled (of colour), spotted or piebald Gen. 31, 10, Zech. 6, 9. --- Hence $\pi \dot{a}\rho \delta o\varsigma$, L. pardus; also (r = n) $\pi \dot{a} \nu \partial \eta \rho$, L. panthera; cf. Syr. Lio; beopard, W. brith (spotted), Arab. Scattering darment.

דָרָד pr. n. (perh. hail) of a place Gen. 16, 14; r. בָרָ

I (obs.) i. q. דָּרָעָ to cut; hence בִּרָא.

עָדָר, בְּרֵא II akin to בְּדָר, בְּרֵא (which see), דָרָן III, to feed, to eat, 2 Sam. 12, 17 בְּרָה לְהָם to eat bread, cf. 13, 6. – Pi. to devour, only inf. דָרָרָה Lam. 4, 10. – Hiph. דְרָרָה to cause to eat, w. two acc., 2 Sam. 3, 35.

דָּרַר III akin to דָּרָד, to separate or select 1 Sam. 17, 8.

בְרוֹדְ: Josh. 24, 10 inf. Pi. for בַּרוֹדָ: from r. בַּרוֹדָ

pr. n. m. (blessed) Jer. 32, 12.

(only pl. ברוֹשִׁרוֹם) m. variegated cloths, only Ez. 27, 24 ברוֹשָׁר גרִוֹשָׁר treasure - chests of partycoloured stuffs, prob. damask; r. בָּבָ

m. 1) tree of the fir class, cypress or pine Is. 55, 13, the wood of which was applied to many uses, e. g. for floors, musical instruments, lances, etc. Hence 2) a spear Nah. 2, 4. 3) musical instrument 2 Sam. 6, 5. ---- Prob. from r. ברי w. old formative ending שי, see under letter w; but cf. בי, זבע

קרות (pl. ברות: ארות) m. cypress or pine Cant. 1, 17, i. q. אום מושים, שמות often changing, esp. in Aramean. Cf. βράθυ.

דרות f. perh. in Lam. 4, 10 for בָרוֹת גָרָאָת nourishment, but see r. בָרָאָת

דרות f. food, nourishment, only Ps. 69, 22; r. ברח II.

ארוֹתָה pr. n. (perh. for בּרוֹתָה wells) of a city in Aram Zobah Ez.47, 16; some take it for Βηρυτός, now *Beirût*, the well known Syrian port.

(obs.) perh. akin to גָּרָשׁ I, גָּרָשׁ, *to cut* or *pierce*; perh. hence בָּרָזוֹת pr. n. m. 1 Ch. 7, 31

K'thibh, גרויה Q'ri (perh. from ד ק son and דין היו olive, hence glistening; or perh. wounds, from קרו.

pr. n. m. (steely, cf. L. ferreus) 2 Sam. 17, 27.

____ (fut. רְבְרֵח) prob. akin to גָרָח I, דָרָם, פָרַם, פָרַם all mimetic of sound of breaking; hence 1) to break through or away, to flee with haste, w. מִפּנֵי Gen. 35 7, כִּלְפְנֵי Jon. 1, 3, בִּרָ Is. 48, 20 of the pers. from whom one hastens, or flees away, w. כָּלָ from the power of somebody Job 27, 22, קאָ*ז from near* 1 K. 11, 23; w. אָל Num. 24, 11, 5 Neh. 13, 10 or acc. of the place whither one flees 1 Sam. 27, 4; w. of the place whence one flees 1 Sam. 20, 1; w. אדורי to flee after, to follow 1 Sam. 22, 20. 2) fig. w. בחוֹה Ex. 36, 33 to push through something = to bolt through, perh. prop. denom. from ברית. -Hiph. דָבְרָרָהַ 1) to put to flight Job 41, 20, to drive away Neh. 13, 28. 2) denom. from בררק to bolt or bar Ex. 26, 28.

בּוֹית see, בּוֹת

ברחמי gentil. n. Barchumite 2 Sam. 23, 81, see בחרים.

m. perh. serenity, only Job 37, 11, from בָּרָח III like אָרָר rather as explained under בָּרָח and ג.

דָלָד pr. n. m. (for בָּאָר , L. fontanus) 1 Ch. 7, 36.

לָרָיאָז (r. בָּרָאָז, m., דְּרָיאָז f. fed, fattened of beasts Gen. 41, 2, men Dan. 1, 15, fat or rich (food) Hab. 1, 16, דְּבָרָיאָז the fatling Zech. 11, 16. Cf. L. adeps, akin to daps, δάπτω.

בְרָדָן, בְרָדָן, (for בָּרָדָן) 1) adj. m. fleeing or fugitive Is. 43, 14; fleet, quickly gliding (of a serpent) Is. 27, 1. Job 26, 13. 2) pr. n. 1 Ch. 3, 22.

for בְּאַרִים wells) pr. n.of a place 2 Sam. 20, 14.

(בְּרַיעָר, pr. n. m. (gift, r. בְרִיעָר) Gen. 46, 17, patron. בְּרִיעָר 26, 44.

ו בָּרָית (r. בְּרָא I) f. prop. cutting up (of beasts in sacrifice, see נְבָה); hence fig. contract or covenant Gen.

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לנה

21, 27; perh. the custom was for the covenanting parties to pass between the parts of the cut up victim (Gen. 15,10). גריה is used for any covenant (between peoples Josh. 9, 6, friends 1 Sam. 18, 3, persons marrying Mal. 2, 14), but preeminently the covenant God made with the patriarchs, later with Israel, hence sometimes used for promise, law, or parts of the covenant; Ez. 30, 5 אַרץ דָבָרִית the covenant-land, i. e. Palestine; Mal. 3, 1 the messenger of the covenant, i. e. Messiah; Deut. 9, 9 the law-tables. More rarely is taken elliptically for mediator of the covenant Is. 42, 6, token of the covenant, i. e. circumcision Gen. 17, 10, people of the covenant Dan. 11, 28. To conclude an agreement or covenant is expressed שם, נֶתֶן, דֵּלְקִים, Gen. 15, 18 כָּרָת by בָּרָת, נֶתֶן, שָׁם עַבָר בָּבְרִית Deut.29, 11, בָא בְּרָית; to break it, by הקרר , הפר , הפל In form and sense, בריח may well come from Ito eat, hence prop. not a cutting ברה II to eat up (of the sacrifice), but an eating of it together, or a feast, as a token of the agreement made between the parties (see Gen. 31, 54), which is also implied in בְּרָית מֵלֵח Num. 18, 19 covenant of salt. This derivation, first given in Lee's Heb. Lexicon, was received with some favour by Gesenius and others. (from בית fem. ending....)

f. prop. what *cleanses* (r. רָשָׁ, hence vegetable *alkali*, *salt of lye*, for wsshing Jer. 2, 22 or refining Mal. 3, 2, named together w. אין איורסטע, which was a mineral alkali; but the former was obtained from various alkaline or saltish plants. Cf. borax, come prob. through the Arabic.

פָּרַק fut. פָּרַק prob.akin to שָּׁרַן) to break, hence to break down, thence

1) to bend, 2 Ch. 6, 13 בַרָה על - בִּרְבֵּיִם lit. to bend on the knees, hence to kneel, comp. Dan. 6, 11; Ps. 95, 6 Oh come, נְבְרְכָה let us kneel (before God) i. e. worship or pray; hence 2) to bless (often in Piel) but in Qal only part. pass. ברון blessed, esp. in the style of greeting, Ruth 2, 20 ברוך יחות Gen. 24, 31 ברוך ליחות. -- Niph. אָבְרָדָ to bless oneself or to be blessed Gen. 12, 3, see Hith. ---Pi. בָרָה מוח only in Num. 23, 20, בָּרוֹדָ, בָּרַדָ, inf. יָבָרָדָ; fut. בָּרוֹדָ Josh. 24, 10), 1) to adore, to worship (by praising, invoking) on bended knees, w. acc. of the obj. (cf. Mat. 17, 14 γονυπετῶν αὐτόν) Ps. 104, 1; sometimes w. the addition Deut. 10, 8 in or at the name i. e. to worship the divine name by invoking it in prayer. 2) to supplicate something (of God), either a blessing, hence said of priests Num. 6, 23, of prophets, Deut. 33, 1, of dying parents Gen. 27,4; or sometimes a curse, hence to curse 1 K. 21, 10, Job 1, 5; 2, 5 (cf. L. sacer in good or bad sense); in general to bless w. acc. Gen. 27, 27, rarely > Neh. 11, 2, w. 2 accusatives to bless w. something Deut. 12, 7, also w. Z of the thing Gen. 24, 1; in the same way God is said to bless, to prosper (men) by his word of blessing Gen. 1, 22 and giving it effect Gen. 12, 2; to greet or salute (at meeting) 1 Sam. 15, 13, to wish well (at parting) 1 K. 10, 66, to bid farewell; hence to part with or renounce, perh. euphemistically to בַרָדָ אֵלהים וְמַת curse in Job 2, 9 בַרָדָ curse God and die! - Pu. z., part. קבֹרָה, to be blessed Job 1, 21. - Hiph. הבריה to make to kneel down, e.g. camels for resting and drinking, Gen. 24, 11. --- Hith. to bless oneself Deut. 29, 18, w. z of

the God whom one invokes Jer. 4, 2, or the person whose prosperity one invokes for himself Gen. 22, 18, where the pass. *shall be blessed* suits well, as seen in the Sept. (comp. Gal. 3, 8) and Targum, and as proposed by Gesenius and most. — Deriv. בָּרָרֶה , בְּרָרֶה, prob. . אַרְרָה.

לה לא בין לא Chald. i. q. Heb. בין to kneel Dan. 6, 11. – Pa. הין i. q. Heb. בָרָד to bless, w. ל Dan. 2, 19.

וְבָרְכֵּים (dual בִּרְכֵים, c. בְּרְכֵים; sing. only in Is. 45, 23) f. a knee, prop. a break or bend; Ez. 7, 17 בָּרְכֵּים all knees, dual w. plur. sense (Gram. § 88, 2, Rem.); r. בָרַךָ.

ברך: Chald. f. i. q. Heb. ברך, a knee Dan. 6, 11.

ברְרָאָל pr. n. m. (God blesses) Job 32, 2.

נְבָרְבָרָה (w. \sqcap interrog. נְבָרְבָרָה, c. דְבָרָבָר, pl. 27, 38, w. suf. בְּרָבָר, c. בְרָבָרָ, pl. 27, 38, w. suf. בְרָבָרָח, c. בְרָבָרָח, pl. 27, 28, w. suf. בְרָבָרָח, c. בְרָבָר, pl. 28, c. בְרָבָרָח, c. בָרָבָר, pl. 28, c. בַרְבָרָח, c. בַרְבָרָר, c. בָרָבָר, pl. 28, c. a desire or supplication for blessing Gen. 27, 12; in Prov. 11, 25 בְרָבָה the soul of blessing, i. e. a person of beneficence or liberality; בְרָבָר בְרָבָרָה צַרָרָר, i. e. peace, regarded as good fortune. 2) concr. happy or blessed man Gen. 12, 2. 3) pr. n. f. of a valley by Tekoa, perh. for בָרָבָר, 20, 26. 4) pr. n. m. 1 Ch. 12, 3.

יָבָרְלָרָה, בָּרְלְרָה, pr. n. m. (blessing of דָיָ) 1 Ch. 3, 20, Zech. 1, 7, Sept. Βαραχίας.

בָרָם Ecc. 8, 18 inf. Qal of אָבָר w. suf. ם----.

נס (obs.) perh. akin to לבָדָ to bind, to interweave; hence perh. בָרוֹם.

Chald. disj. conj. but, yet Dan. 2, 28. Prob. akin to קרם to sunder.

דָרָכָּצָ pr. n. (perh. field of settlement, בָּרָגָע of a place near א קרַש Num. 32, 8.

present, said to be akin to Arabic e. Hence perh.

ברל pr. n. m. (perh. gift) Gen. 14, 2.

ל, בְּרָשָׁה f. perh. a present in 1 Ch. 7, 23; but others prefer making it in evil, i. e. a misfortune.

ףקרקרם (pl. הָרָקרם m. 1) lightning, prop. flash (r. הָרָקרם;); קרקרם flash of the sword, i. e. gleaming sword Deut. 32, 41; poet. also simply קרק Job 20, 25. 2) pr. n. m. (thunder-bolt, Punic Barcas, cf. L. belli fulmen for Scipio) Barak Judg. 5, 1.

דָרָקוס pr. n. m. (perh. breaker, r. דָרָקוֹס w. old format. ending bilike הַיָּשָׁ and אַרָּק in נּקרָנָש and אָרָה in אָרָקָאָ Neh. 7, 55.

only pl. בּרְקוים) m. prop. what breaks in pieces hence crushers

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or threshers (noun of the form [5%] Judg. 8, 7, said to be sledges or rollers set with iron or flint teeth; according to others they were certain thorny plants; r. PJ2.

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רבים f. emerald Ex. 28, 17, so called for its brilliance; r. רַשָּ --- Cf. μάραγδος, σμάραγδος, L. smaragdus, whence our emerald, F. émeraude, G. smaragd.

גָרָקָת f. a later form for בְּרָשָ, Ez. 28, 13.

(1 pers. perf. בְּרְוֹתִי, inf. w. from שֶׁרָם Ecc. 3, 18, like שֶׁרָם from שבה (שבה) akin to ברא 1) prop. to sever, e. g. Ez. 20, 38 ברותר המרדים I separate the rebels; part. ברור chosen, selected 1 Ch. 9, 22. 2) to be clean in a physical sense, polished Is. 49, 2; in a moral sense, pure, הַרּרָה pure speech Zeph. 3, 9. 3) to prove or test, Eco. 3, 18 לברם for to prove them (cf. לבאר in Ecc. 9, 1). - Niph. נְבַר (imp. דְּתֵרא Is. 52, 11, part. נְבָר to make oneself pure (in a moral sense) **Ps.** 18, 27. — **Pi.** to purify or cleanse Dan. 11, 35. - Hiph. to clean (corn) Jer. 4, 11, to cleanse (arrows from rust) i. e. to polish or sharpen Jer. 51, 11. — Hith. to purify oneself Dan. 12, 10; to shew oneself pure Ps. 18, 27. In 2 Sam. 22, 27 התבר is used for התברר in Ps. 18, 27. Hence בר II, בֹּרִית, perh. בּרוש .---- Cf. L. purus, putus, W. pur, pêr, E. pure.

נס (obs.) perh. akin to גָּרָז (obs.) perh. akin to גָּרָז (obs.) to cut, to pierce; hence perh. גָּרְזֹת

בְּרָשָׁל pr. n. m. (perh. son of wickedness, i. e. wicked, from בָּן שָׁן Gen. 14, 2.

(obs.) perh. i. q. בָּרַשׁ to cut or hew; hence בְּרוֹת. ברֹתָד pr. n. (perh. same as בּרֹתָד) of a city 2 Sam. 8, 8.

ת (always דְּבְשׁוֹר w. art.) pr. n. (perh. sedgy, r. בְּשָׁר II) of a brook near Gaza 1 Sam. 30, 9; Sept. Bócop, Josephus Báczloc, now esh-Sheria.

נוערדה also בשרדה f. 1) glad tidings, good news (O. E. gospel) 2 Sam. 18, 22. 2) reward for good news 2 Sam. 4, 10; r. בַּשָּׁר I.

אָשָּׁלָם adj. m. boiled Ex. 12, 9; fem. דְּשָׁלָה, as subst. something boiled or sodden Num. 6, 19.

של see בְּשֵׁלָי.

קָּלָם pr. n. m. (for בְּוֹשְׁלָם son of peace) Ezr. 4 7.

עשים (obs.) to smell sweet, to be fragrant; Aram. במכל, במכל, akin to בס sweet smell, Arab. אישים, βάλσαμ-ος, our balsam, balm, F. baume. Hence נקש, בעש, בעש, קנשים, בעש, בעש,

שָּשָׁ (w. suf. בְּשָׁמָ) the balsam, balsam-tree, only in Cant. 5, 1; r. בַשָׂמ.

בְּשָׁם and בְּשָׁם (pl. בְּשָׁם m. 1) balsam-scent, fragrance Is. 3, 24. 2) spice, spicery רְשָׁבִי chief spices Cant. 4, 14; מָנָכֶן בַּעֵּכֵן Ex. 30,

23 spice - cinnamon (קנמון, גלעאםט) ביז קנמון the sweet cane Ex. 30, 23; ביאש כל-בשט Ez. 27, 22 the best of all spicery. 3) the balsam-tree, Cant. 6, 2 צוגות הַבָּשַׂם the beds of balsam- plants.

קַשְׁבָׁ pr. n. f. (fragrance) Gen. 26, 34.

בְּשׂוֹרָה see בְּשֹׁרָה.

to چَتِرَ (obs.) prob. akin to پَتِرَ to be expanded, level; hence بَجْضَا and

רְשָׁשָׁ pr. n. (in prose דְשָׁשׁ, the champaign country) of a region east of Jordan Num. 21, 33, famous for oak forests Is. 2, 13 and meadows Deut. 32, 14; Samaritan בְּרָיָרָ Basa'ı, Eusebius Basavĩtı; Josephus Batavala, Batanea, now el-Bottin. --- Perh. the name is akin to שִׁשָׁ, referring to the fragrant vegetation.

ן לפטן (only w. ד- loc. or parag. גָּשְׁזָה, from r. גוש w. the ending גַרָן, perh. as in גַרָן, which see) disgrace, only Hos. 10, 6.

גָשְׁנָה shame, only Hos. 10, 6; see

لا to tread down Am. 5, 11; see معتد

I (Qal obs.) prob. akin פַּתַר, בַּתַר, Chald. פַּתַר, to ר פשר Syr. : to lay open; hence in Pi. עביי Jer. 20, 15 (fut. רְבַשֵּׁר), 1) to announce, to tell out, mostly what is pleasant, at times what is unpleasant; hence w. the addition of it in the acc. as in 1 K. 1, 42 נוב חבשר thou wilt announce good; בשר החולה to announce praise Is. 60, 6, השוקר help 1 Ch. 16, 23; in 1 Sam. 4, 17 it is used where even a defeat is announced. 2) to tell good tidings, to bring good news, w. acc. of the pers. 2 Sam. 18, 19; cf. εύηγγελίζετο του

λαόν Luke 3, 18. — Hith. only in 2 Sam. 18, 31 let the king יִתְּבְּשֵׁי be openly told; cf. הָתַרָם.

סי בער II (obs.) perh. to be fresk or cool, Arab. יייע grassy; hence perh. אַמָשוֹר

לעיבן III (obs.) perh. to swell out, to be plump, akin to שָׁאָר II; hence possibly

בָּשָׂר (c. בְּשָׂר, w. suf. בְּשָׂר, pl. בְּשָׂרִים Prov. 14, 30; cf. σάρχες) m. 1) flesh opp. to bone (in the bodies of men and of beasts) Gen. 2, 21; hence body (opp. נמש) Is. 10, 18; רְגָשָׁה בָּשָׂר bodily fatigue Ecc. 12, 12; perh. for skin (as the Arab. بشر) in Ps. 102, 6. 2) fig. α = $\sigma \dot{\alpha} \rho \xi$, for a human being, a mortal, זְרוֹעַ בַּשֵׂר 2 Ch. 32, 8 human arm (i. e. mortal, weak). β) for all men, mankind Gen. 6, 12; as opp. to God or spiritual existences Is. 31, 3, implying frailty and sin Gen. 6, 3. γ) for all living creatures, men and animals, Gen. 6, 13. δ) blood-relation Gen. 29, 14 (cf. מָשָאֶר). In Gen. 17, 11 perh. for בְּשֵׂר). the parts of shame, L. pudenda, grind Ex. 28, 42; r. בָּשָׂד III.

רְשָׁר Chald. (def. בְּשִׂרָא) i. q. Heb. בָּשָׂר, flesh Dan. 7, 5.

עשׁם Ex. 32, 1, see Pil. of r. שוֹם. השׁם (w. suf. הָשָׁתָן; r. שוֹם) f. 1) shame Ps. 40, 16 (perh. prop. change of colour), fully פּיָים Dan. 9, 7 colouring of face; disgrace, dishonour Is. 54, 4, 'ב שֹם, יש נס be covered w. shame. 2) a contemptuous word for idols Jer. 3, 24.

רַרְבָשֶׁת i. q. בשָׁת only in רַרָבָשָׁת.

בר ו (fem. of בָּ; contract. from בָּוֹז Syr. בָּגָר זסבְּנָת syr. בָּגָר זסבְּנָת pl. מַשָּלָר, c. בְּנָר ז (בְּנוֹת, בַּנוֹת) f. daughter Gen. 11, 29;

also like 12 used in many senses: hence grand-daughter, female descendent Gen. 6, 2, adopted daughter Est. 2, 7, young woman Gen. 30, 13, disciple Mal. 2, 11, inhabitant of a city Is. 3, 16, just as also is used. ng is used not only w. names of cities and lands or by for inhabitants, but for designating age in the female sex, daughter of 1, 2, 10 years, i. e. a female of that age; and in poetic imagery, e. g. Gen. 49, 22 daughter of a tree, i. e. branch; Ecc. 12, 4 daughter of song, i. e. singer; Ps. 17, 8 daughter of the eye, i. e. the pupil; daughter of the city, i. e. the suburbs or adjacent district Num. 21, 25. See 12.

ח בו (pl. דרם) m. in Ez. 45, 10 but f. in Is. 5, 10, bath, measure for liquids about $8\frac{1}{2}$ gallons; hence $\beta \acute{a}$ τος Luke 16, 6, and perh. Ger. butte, bottich, Eng. butt; r. בָּרָח

בת Chald., pl. בָּתִין Ezr. 7, 22, bath (measure); i. q. Heb. בו II.

pr. n. (daughter of many) of a gate Cant. 7, 5.

סביי אָשָׁרָע pr. n. f. (daughter of oath) mother of Solomon 1 K. 1, 15; called also

pr. n. f. (daughter of בַרא-טֿשוּלָ oath, שָׁבָע softened from (שֶׁבַע) 1 Ch. 3, 5.

קרח (obs.) perh. akin to קרח (obs.) perh. akin to קרח (obs.) perh. akin to track up or destroy; hence

निग्रेने f. desolation i. q. नम्ब, only Is. 5, 6.

(only pl. הַבָּאָוֹת) f. desolation, פַּרָאוֹת (only Is. 7, 19 נַתְלָר הַבָּאוֹת) the valleys of desolations; ר. הַרָּאַ.

God) of a place in Simeon 1 Ch. 4, 30, but in Josh 19; 4 جبات pr. n. m. perh. for קרזואל (man of God) Gen. 22, 22.

ינתוליק (pl. אולה, r. הקון ל virgin Gen. 24, 16, prop. secluded, chaste ($\pi a \rho \theta \epsilon v o \varsigma$); also used of a betrothed virgin (not yet married) Joel 1, 8, Sept. vóµ $q\eta$. Fig. of cities Is. 23, 12 and countries Lam. 1, 15, perh. as not having been conquered. — Perh. איזה is little or young daughter, from איזה being a diminutival ending, as in איזה.

m.pl.virginstate,virginity בתולים (קפרים, זְקָנִים, בְּלוּמִים, 13 (cf. בְּלוּמִים, 13); fig. tokens of virginity Deut. 22, 14.

지기고 pr. n. f. (daughter of 주) 1 Ch. 4, 18.

בית houses, see בתים.

קריל, to separate, to seclude; prob. hence בְּרוּלָה virgin.

and Pi. (בְּהֵר) to cut to pieces, split, only Gen. 15, 10; hence בַּהָר.

נו. q. בָּאָרֵר (i. q. בָּאָרֵר) הַשָּׁרָד in place of), hence after, בָּרְרָדָ after thee Dan. 2, 39.

קרו (w. suf. בְּחָר (הַקוֹר (w. suf. בָּחָר) m. piece, part Gen. 15, 10; also asplit, קרַי בְחָר Cant. 2, 17 mountains of splitting i.e. mountains cut up by gorges or defiles.

דָרָרְרֹן m. *a ravine*, only in 2 Sam. 2, 29 בַּרְרֹוֹן as pr. n. of a ravine on the eastern bank of the Jordan: perh. for בֵּרָת דָרָן Num. 32, 36.

גָּהָה , בָּהָה , בָּהָה (obs.) akin to הַהַ, בָּהָה and הַהָּשָ, to cut or mark out, hence 1) to measure; hence הַוּבָּה בַּוּה off, to destroy; hence בָּהָה

J Gimël, the 3d letter in the Heb. Alphabet; hence used also for 3. Its early form on Phen. monuments and Heb. coins is \land , whence the Greek **7** or \sqcap , the Boman C and G; see Table of Ancient Alphabets. Its name by a, by a is from by *camel*, the head and neck of which it rudely pictured; the form and name (whence Gr. $\Gamma \acute{a}\mu\mu a$) suggesting by the first sound the force of the letter, which as in Greek was our g hard (as in god, get), but with a slight difference between $\exists gh$ and $\exists g$ (see Gram. § 6, 3).

ג seems to be a formative ending (akin to - - - and - - -) in אַקַלָג from דּוֹנָג אָקַל

(for القبرة: r. القبرة) adj. m. elated, proud Is. 16, 6. The c. pl. only in the Q'ri of Ps. 123, 4 proud oppressors, but see לואר רובים געניין אנא אנא (יְבָאָה) akin to אָשָׁר אַנָּר to sprout, to grow up, of plants Job 8, 11; to rise, of swelling water Ez. 47, 5; prob. to be high, of the head Job 10, 16. Fig. to be exalted, majestic, of God Ex. 15, 21; also to be haughty, see אין, האָן. Cf. Syr.

קאָד f. pride, only in Prov. 8, 13; r. אָאָד I.

igh, lofty Is. 2, 12; in a bad sense, haughty Jer. 48, 29; often for ungodly (opp. גָאָר 18, 19, Sept. טֹקָר גון, ד. דאָאָן I.

אראָל pr. n. m. (God's majesty) Num. 13, 15.

sense, highness, majesty Deut. 33, 26; in a bad sense, pride, haughtiness Ps. 73, 6, fig. of the raging sea Ps. 46, 4; excellency, splendour Ps. 68, 35.

only in Is. 63, 4 גָּארָלָים *my redemption*, the pl. being used here perh. as abstract (see Gram. § 108, 2, a); but it may well be the pass. part. of אַזָּ *my redeemed ones*.

(גאוירים (ר. גאוין, c. גאוין, pl. גאוירים) m. prop. mounting, swelling, fig. 1) excellency Is. 4, 2; majesty, גאוין בעקב, the Majesty of Jacob, i. e. Jacob's

God Am. 8, 7 (cf. אָדָר דְשָׁרָאַל 1 Sam. 15, 29), but the Holy Land in Ps. 47, 5; און דַרַיָּרָק *ite glory* or pride of Jordan, i.e. its green and wooded banks Jer. 12, 5, Zech. 11, 3. 2) pride, haughtiness Prov. 16, 18, Is. 16, 6; pride of waves Job 38, 11; pl. only Ez. 16, 56 אויבין thy arrogances (cf. L. superbiæ, F. hauteurs, our high airs).

שארח (w. firm —) f. 1) rising, mounting up, Is. 9, 17 אורח ששון a mounting up of smoke, Ps. 89, 10 בושל בנארח דדם swelling (or pride) of the sea, of God. 2) loftiness, vaunting, רבערון בנארח speak in haughtiness Ps. 17, 10. 3) ornament, splendor Is. 28, 3; r. און I.

לאָרוֹיָרָם (only pl. אַאָרוֹיָרָם) adj. m. proud, only in K'thibh of Ps. 123, 4; but the Q'ri reads אָאָר רוֹיָרָם proud ones of oppressors i. e. proud oppressors (Gram. § 112, Rem. 1); r. אָאָר I.

הָאָרות f. pl. valleys Ez. 7, 6; see א.

(fut. רְּבָאַל) 1) trans. to release, to set free what was bound or fettered; hence α) to deliver, to save from enemies Ps. 107, 2, bondage Ex. 6, 6, captivity Is. 43, 1, dangers Gen. 48, 16, w. acc. of the obj. and of the person or פיד (Hos. 13, 14) מיד thing from which, Jer. 31, 11; to redeem what is devoted, holy, i. e. to release the restraints on its use, Lev. 27, 13; to ransom what is sold, i. e. to buy it back from its possessor, Lev. 25, 25; hence Job 3, 5 let darkness and death-shade רבאלדור redeem if i. e. may they recover possession of the day, alluding to Gen. 1, 2. β) With β to demand back the blood of the slain, i. e. to avenge it on the

slayer, only in part. אוֹאַ אוֹאַ לעָדָ אָאָז גע avenger of blood Deut. 19, 6, without שַּעָד in Num. 35, 12. γ) As the right of redemption and duty of bloodrevenge belonged only to the next of kin, hence אָזָי stands for a bloodrelative Lev. 25, 25, Ruth 3, 12; בּאַבָּאָ (one) of our kinsmen Ruth 2, 20. b) The אָזָי had to marry the childless widow of his kinsman, hence אָזָי (denom.) to act a kinsman's part, i. e. to marry the widow, Ruth 3, 13.

2) intrans. (perh. akin to געל and וו חַכַל II) to be loose, free, i. e. to be unrestricted, hence profane, for the Hebrew considered what was holy as debarred and inaccessible to the unclean; but this sense is obsolete in Qal (cf. the Rabbinic מְתֵר set free, i. e. lawful, opp. to Mound, i. e. forbidden; comp. Ps. 146, 7); hence in general, to be desecrated; comp. נגאל (II, also געל . — Niph. 1 נגעל to be redeemed, released Lev. 27, 33, Is. 52, 3; to ransom oneself Lev. 25, 49. 2) נָנאָל (Gram. § 51, 2, Rem.) to be profaned, polluted, e.g. by blood Is. 59, 3; Lam. 4, 14. - Pi. 58 to defile Mal. 1, 7. - Pu. الفيخ to be defiled, part. מנאל polluted (food) Mal. 17, 12, to be made unconsecrate, i. e. to be degraded from sacred office Ezr. 2, 62. - Hiph. to soil, to make unclean, with blood Is. 63, 3 (only perf. 1 pers. אנאלקד by Aramaism for הגאלחר). --- Hith. to defile oneself w. unclean food Dan. 1, 8.

לאָל (only c. pl. אָאָלָ (only c. pl. גָאָלָ) m. profanations, only Neh. 13, 29; r. גָאַל 2.

ראָאָלָ f. 1) redemption, esp. repurchase of a field that had been sold, Lev. 25, 24; hence right of redemption Jer. 32, 8, comp. v. 7 w. שבשט expressed; אַלָּת עוֹלָם perpetual right of redemption Lev. 25, 32; price of

redemption Lev. 25, 26. 2) relationship, which involved the right of redemption, جغرية Ez. 11, 15 men of thy kinship, i. e. thy relatives; r. يور

עָבָר (r. גָּבָר ; w. suf. גָּבָר, pl. גַּבָּר, m. something gibbous, bulging up, arched, convex; hence 1) ridge, e. g. of the altar, i. e. its top (Sept. το ύψος) Ez. 43, 13; hence the back, of men Ps. 129, 3, of animals Ez. 10, 12; of a shield, its bosses Job 15, 26; bulwarks, ramparts in Job 13, 12. 2) a vault, hence brothel (cf. L. fornix), because prostitutes often sat in such arched cells or booths Ez. 16, 31; the rim of a wheel 1 K. 7, 33; אַבּוֹת עֵרְכָרו lit. arches of his eyes, i. e. his arched eye-brows Lev. 14, 9, only the fem. pl. being used in this sense. ---- Cf. xũφος, L. gibbus, W. cefn, G. giebel, E. gable.

בָּבָרם (part. of אָדָר), only in pl. אָבָר ploughers 2 K. 25, 12, in K'thibh; see אָדָר

ב, בוֹם pr. n. (a pit, r. נאב ס) of a place 2 Sam. 21, 19, but אַזֶר in 1 Ch. 20, 4.

בֹם Chald. (def. אָבָא, pl. גָּבָר; r. אָבָרן, m. pit, den, of lions Dan. 6, 8. NŢŢ (obs.) akin to ⊐13, to cut out, excavate; hence

(pl. אָרָאָים) m. cistern Is, 30, 14; pool Ez. 47, 11,

נפלק, אָבַע, אָבַע, אָבַע, akin to נְעָבָע, אָבַע, נוס נוס to be curved, rising as a hill or sinking as a hollow; hence to be crooked, bent. Deriv. אַבָּחוֹן, פָר געהדע.

Chald. (obs.) akin to Heb. 1, 1) to dig; hence $\exists i$. 2) to be convex, high; hence $\exists i$.

지국과 (only pl. 지수, cf. 14, 9; felloe or brow of the eye Lev. 14, 9; felloe (of a wheel) Ez. 1, 18.

נקרהא (3 perf. f. הברהא Ez. 31, 5; inf. גבהה Zeph. 3, 11; fut. גבהה, 3 pl. fem. הגבורינה Ez. 16, 50 for קובהיה) akin to אבר (קובה: 1) to be high or tall, a tree Ez. 19, 11, the heavens Ps. 103, 11, a man 1 Sam. 10, 23. 2) fig. to be exalted Job 36, 7; אַבָּה לֵב *heart is high*, i. e. takes courage 2 Ch. 17, 6, in a bad sense, to be haughty Ps. 131, 1; said of a person, to be proud Jer. 13, 15. - Hiph. הנביה to make high, exalt Ez. 17, 24. Adverbially w. inf. יַנְבָּרדוּ they make high to fly, i. e. they soar on high Job 5, 7, but without in Job 39, 27 to fly high (see Gram. § 142, 4, Rem. 1), comp. Is. 7, 11, Ps. 113, 5. Hence

adj. m. high (i.q. אָבָה), only in constr. as in אַבָּה קוֹמָה tall of stature Ez. 31, 3; אַבָה לַב גוון haughty of heart Prov. 16, 5.

קבר (c. הָשָׁם) adj. m., הּשָּׁם f. 1) high or tall, of stature 1 Sam. 9, 2, a tower Is. 2, 15, mountain 57, 7, gate Jer. 51, 58, wall Deut. 3, 5, horn Dan. 8, 3, gallows Est. 5, 14; fig. high-minded,

גבויים the proud Is. 5, 15. 2) subst. height 1 Sam. 16, 7; גבוָוּת pride 1 Sam. 2, 3.

נְבָרָה (w. suf. יָבָרָה; pl. c. נְבָרָה) m. 1) height 1 Sam. 17, 4; Job 11, 8. 2) highness, majesty Job 40, 10. 3) pride, בה בה pride of heart 2 Ch. 32, 26; בה רדה arrogance Prov. 16, 18; בה אבר ארד lit. loftiness of nose, i. e. disdain Ps. 10, 4.

(obs.) = Syr. المثر, to gather or collect; hence مردد

לָבְרוּלוֹז f. haughtiness Is. 2, 11; r. בְּבָא

וְבָרָלָה) f. border Is. 28, 25; margin of the land, seashore, Ps. 74, 17; *limit* Num. 34, 2; then a bounded district Deut. 32, 8.

של אברי (ר. הווי) א. 1) as adj. strong or mighty Gen. 10, 8; הוויד (God, as in Is. 10, 21, comp. Deut. 10, 17. 2) subst. mighty one, hero Jer. 51, 30, Is. 3, 2; in bad sense, tyrant Ps. 52, 3. — אברי הוויד mighty one of strength, i. e. a) mighty warrior Judge 6, 12, or simply warrior Josh. 1, 14; β) mighty one in wealth, i. e. very rich man Buth 2, 1 comp. 2 K. 15, 20; γ) mighty one of worth, i. e. an energetic successful man 1 K. 11, 28.

גְּבָרְרָא Chald. (def. גְּבַרְרָא; r. נְגָרָרָא) f. might Dan. 2, 20, 23.

קבה (obs.) akin to גנה, to be high, of the forehead; hence

בבח adj. m. prob. high of forehead, i. e. forehead-bald, only Lev. 13, 41, while היף (lit. smooth) means bald behind Lev. 13, 40; hence

לברות f. bald forchead Lev. 13, 42; fig. baldness or bare place on the outer or right side of cloth, Lev. 13, 55; opp. קרָדָת.

נְבָר pr. n. m. (collector, r. נְבָר) Neh. 11, 8.

קרים pr. n. (cisterns Jer. 14, 3, or locusts Is. 33, 4) of a place not far from Jerusalem Is. 10, 31.

לְבְרַלָה f. curdled milk, cheese, only in Job 10, 10; r. אַבָן.

לְבְרָילַ m. akin to אָבְרָילָ, איז אָבָרָילָ chalice or goblet Gen. 44, 2, comp. Jer. 35, 5; fig. the cup of flowers, calix Ex. 25, 31; ר. אַבָּגָ.

אַבְּרָיָה adj. m., אַבְּרָיָה f. mighty, ruling, leading, but used only as a subst. lord, master, only in Gen. 27, 29. 37; fem. mistress, but used only for a queen, i. e. king's wife 1 K. 11, 19 or king's mother 1 K. 15, 13.

אָבִיר אַבִרָרָז, אַבִירָדָז,

שרק m. something stiffened, frozen, hence prop. ice; fig. crystal, so

called from its similarity to ice, only Job 28, 18: r. 动具.

prob. akin to אָבָלאָבָר, דָרָבלאָבָר, 1) to turn, to plat or combine, to twist together, as a cord or rope, hence together, as a cord or rope, hence kigh, hence אָבָלאָד, בָּלאָד, 2) as denom. of אָבָל (fut: אָבָלאָד, 2), to bound or limit, as in Josh. 18, 20; to set as a boundary Deut. 19, 14; w. p to border upon, as in Zech. 9, 2. — Hiph. to enclose around Ex. 19, 12, 23. Hence

קבל pr. n. (Arab. קנס jebel mountain) of a Phenician city, now Jebeil, the little mountain; in Greek Βύβλος ($\gamma = \beta$, cf. $\gamma\lambda\eta\chi\omega\nu = \beta\lambda\eta\chi\omega\nu$) Ez. 27, 9; gentil. n. אָבְלָים Josh. 13, 5; pl. פָּבָלים Giblites 1 K. 5, 32.

לבָּבָל (r. גְּבָל) pr. n. of a mountainous region South of the Dead Sea, Ps. 83, 8; still called Jebâl (hills).

גבול see, בָּבָל.

נְבְלָת (for נְבְלּא f. wreathen work, hence something laced together, wreath-like chains Ex. 28, 22; r. בָּבָ

נסא, to be פָּקַן ,וָּבָר (obs.) i. q. דְּקָן, to be gibbous, to curve, hence גַּבּן hunch-backed, אָבָרוָק peaky mountain, knolly ridge, גְּרִינָה cheese, prob. from the bulging form.

로그 adj. m. hump-backed Lev. 21, 20.

אָבִרנַה Job 10, 10, see אָבִרנַה.

נְבְרָלָן (only pl. נְבְרָנִים) m. back, ridge, דער נְבְרָנִים mountain of ridges Ps. 68, 16, in v. 17 דְרָרָם בְּבְרָנִים in apposition; cf. Homer's πολυδειράς Ούλυμπος, Π. 1, 499.

לבע (obs.) akin to אָבָב , קּבַע, קָבַע, נס be vaulted, curved, bowl-shaped; hence to be arched, hilly; hence קָרָע pr. n. (hill) of a Levitical city in Benjamin, about a mile north of Jerusalem Josh. 18, 24; also called גְּבַע בְּרָבָין 1 Sam. 13, 16.

جَجِرَة pr. n. m. (prob. hill) 1 Ch. 2, 49.

בְרְעוֹץ pr. n. (of or on a hill) of a city of the Hivites Josh. 10, 2, in Benjamin Josh. 18, 25; gentil. n. 2 Sam. 21, 1.

לָרְעָל m. small cup, hence the calix or corolla of flowers, e. g. the flax (was) blossom, i. e. was in flower, Ex. 9, 31. — From אָרָע w. the dimin. ending -, akin to xύπ-ελλον.

Josh. 24, 38.

(hill of Phinehas) a city in Ephraim as if from לְּבֵר) i. q. Heb. גבר, a man Dan. 2, 25.

hence 3 pl. in pause דְבָר 2 Sam. 1, 23; fut. רְנְבֵר) akin to גְּבָר, גָּבָל, prop. to bind or twist together, hence to be strong or mighty Gen. 7, 18; also to prevail, overcome Ex. 17, 11, גבר היל to be mighty in means, i. e. rich and dominant Job 21, 7; w. 2 over Ps.117, 2; w. אָברוּ מזי, they are stronger than I, i. e. too mighty for me Ps. 65,4 (cf. Gen. 4, 13); w.] among 1 Ch. 5, 2; w. > according to Jer. 9, 2. - Pi. to make strong, to help, w. acc. Zech. 10, 6, 12; ווכלים 'a to strengthen forces i. e. put forth more strength Ecc. 10, 10. - Hiph. to make valid or confirm (בריח) Dan. 9, 27; to exert strength, prevail Ps. 12, 5 (see Gram. § 53, 2, Bem.). - Hith. to shew oneself strong, w. אַ over the enemy Is. 42, 13, i. e. to conquer him; to be defiant, w. by against Job 15, 25; to grow insolent Job 36, 9.

(pl. גָבָרים) m. 1)strong one, a man (chiefly poet. for שיש) Ps. 34, 9; a warrior Judg. 5, 30, Deut. 22, 5; but also like זָכָר, it is used for male, hence a husband Prov. 6, 34, and also for a man-child Job 3, 3; when used in opposition to God, it is a human being, a mortal Job 4, 17, as woman in the East is scarcely taken into account; כְּגְבֵרְים man by man Josh. 7, 14. 2) pronom. like www. (Gram. 124, 2, Rem. 1), each, every one Joel 2, 8. 3) pr. n. m. (a brave) 1 K. 4, 19.

archaic or crude form of Gram. § 84, Nos. 10, 11 and Note²) m. a man Ps. 18, 26, comp. 2 Sam. 22, 26.

אָבְרַיָּא def. אָבְרַין Chald. (pl. אָבְרַיָא, def.

pr. n. (fort, r. נְבַר) of a place Ezr. 2, 20; prob. for גרעון, cf. Neh. 7,25.

Chald. (c. pl. נְּבֶר) m. hero, mighty man Dan. 3, 20.

נִבוֹר see, נְבֹר.

אבר Chald., see הבריא

pr. n. (mighty one of בבריאל God) of an angel Dan. 8, 16; cf. Γαβριήλ Luke 1, 19.

גבירָת (for גְּבֵירָת, גְּבֵירָת, fem. of וְבְרָתִי w. suf. גְבְרָתִי, f. lady, mistress גַּבַרֶת מַמָלַכוֹת ; 30, 23 Gen. 16, 4, Prov. 30, 23 mistress of kingdoms Is. 47, 5.

(obs.) to freeze, i. q. Arab. tef. ; but prob. akin to الجَبَسَ (cf. Chald. אָבָשׁ = אָבָל to collect) in the primary notion, to draw or gather together, hence to be compact; hence ײַנְגִּדשׁ, אָלְגָּבִישׁ, גַּבִישׁ.

pr. n. (elevation, r. נְבָרַת) of a נְבָב city in Dan Josh. 19, 44; comp. Chald. אָקָרָא. γαββαθα in John 19, 13.

גַנָה (w. ד local אַנָה, w. suf. אַנָּר, pl. m. roof, prop. covering Josh. 2, 6, 8; fig. cover of altar, i. e. the top Ex. 30, 3. ---- Perh. from I, redup. אָאָד w. the meaning ta be high (cf. טיט); but prob. from נַנַן); to cover, whence גַּנְגָן, hence גַנָג = גָּב (like אָר from גָרָבֶר, r. כְּרָבָ, r. כְּרָב Cf. L. tectum from tego, W. tŷ, tâ, fr. toi, Gael. teagh fr. tuighim, G. dach fr. decken, E. thatch fr. deck, στέγη (= τέγος) fr. στέγω, Sans. tvatch.

ק (r. אָדָד I) m. 1) coriander, prob. because the grains have on them little furrows Ex. 16, 31. 2) fortune, prop. a deciding, apportioning, w. the art. דאָך the (god of) destiny, i. e. Baal Is. 65, 11.

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לְרָבָר Chald. (only def. pl. אָרָבָר treasurers Dan. 3, 2, 3; same as אַזְבָּר (ז = ז), which see.

לקָרָקָ in pr. n. אָרְהָאָד (cavern of the defile, r. גְרָד I) Num. 33, 32, station of the Israelites in the Wildernes, same as הְלְרָה Deut. 10, 7.

קדפר (w. ד loc. דָּרָפָּר) pr. n. (a defile, r. גָּרְנָד I) of a place in the wilderness Deut. 10, 7, i. q. דֹר רַגּרְנָד Num. 33, 32.

ו (Qal obs.) akin to זְשָׁר , דָשָר , דַשָּר , דַשָי , דַשָר , דַשָי , דַשָי , דַשָי , דַשָי , דַשָי , דַשָּר , דַשָי , דַשָיי , דַשָּי , דַשָי , דַשָּי , דַשָּי , דַשָי , דַשָי , דַשָּי , דַשָי , דַשָי , דַשַי , דַשָי , דַשָי , דַשָי , דַשָי , דַשָי , דַשָּי , דַשָי , דַשָּי , דַשָּי , דַשָּי , דַשָּי , דַשָּי , דַשָ , דַשָּי , דַשָּי , דַשָ , דַשָי , דַשָּי , דַשָי , דַשָּי , דַשַי , דַשָּי , דַשַ , , דַשַ , דַשַ , דַשַי , דַשַי , דַשַי , דַשַי , דַשָּי , דַשַי , דַשַי , דַשַי , דַשַי , דַשַ , דַשַי , דַשַ , דַשַי , דַ

Chald. (imp. ***) to hew or cut down Dan. 4, 11, 20, cf. Heb. 738 I.

(obs.) akin to אָדַד I, to cut מָדַד קֿיָד (, kir to גַּדָר גָּדָיָה, גָּדִיָּה, גָּדִיָּה, גָּדִיָּה, גַּדִיָּה,

וֹדָבָוֹ (only pl. w. suf. אָרוֹאָדי (banks of a river, prop. cutting or tearing away of the earth, Josh. 3, 15, Is. 8, 7. ---- Cf. Arab. ב coast, L. litus from lædo, מאדא fr. מארטע, also E. shore from shear.

לבָרָד f. prop. fortune, then epithet of the star Venus as the sign of good fortune. Only in pr. n. קצר בָּרָד (court of fortune) Josh. 15, 27.

קרדרות (pl. ברדרים ארדרים פרדרים שלא. 48, 37) m. 1) a cut or gash Jer. 48, 37; a furrow Ps. 65, 11; r. דַבָּר 2) prob. from r. דַבָּר וּבָיר 3, 11, a troop or band Gen. 49, 19; אבר בַּרָאָר 6, 12, 13; poet. בַרָּר בָרָאָר 1, e. soldiers Mic. 4, 14; בָרָר 1, a soldiers Mic. 4, 14; בָרָרָ 1, הוֹב בַרָּרָר 25, 3, his inflictions Job 19, 12. Cf. W. cād (army), Irish catha, L. cædes, Chald. אַרָּרָרָ

ועריק, אָרָז'ל (c. אָרָז'ל, אָרָז'ל, בָרוֹל in Q'ri Nah. 1, 3; r. גָּרָז'ל, אָרָז'ק f. great in the most various senses, e. g. in size and extent, vast Nun. 34, 6; mighty Gen. 39, 9; ארלוח הילוח אָרָז'ק fer. 39, 9; ארלוח ג, אין אין אין אין אין solent things Ps. 12, 4; distinguished Ex. 11, 3; mighty things Job 5, 9; ארלוח דערול אוואס 5, 9; ארלוח דערול אוואס 5, 9; ארלוח דערול קריב אוואס 5, 9; ארלוח דערול ג, 1, 1; the day is still great, i. e. it is yet high day Gen. 29, 7. Of age, older Gen. 10, 21, oldest Gen. 27, 1 (see Gram. § 119); of stature, tall Josh. 14, 15. — As. subst. in קרל וילק a greatness of thine arm Ex. 15, 16.

לקר, קרולה, קרולה, ורולה, נרולה, ברולה, ברולה, ברולה, ברולה, ב. greatness, majesty of God Ps. 145, 8, of a king Est. 1, 4, of a courtier Est. 10, 2; renown 2 Sam. 7, 23; mighty acts ברולות Ps. 145, 6.

(only in pl. יפרח, רפרה; r. (גָרָדָן) m. reproaches or revilings Is. 43, 28; 51, 7.

지말기구 f. scorn, only in Ez. 5, 15; s. 키관

דור pr. n. Josh. 15, 58, see הְדָי

pr. n. m. (fortunate) 2 K. 15, 14; also a Gadite Deut. 3, 12.

(pl. אָדָיִים 1 Sam. 10, 3, c. קּדָיים Gen. 27, 9; r. גָּדָים m. a kid Gen. 38, 23; mostly w. אָדָיים as, 23; as אָדָיים אָלָדִיים kids of the goats Gen. 27, 16.

pr. n. m. (fortunate, from ي أي 2) Num. 13, 11.

pr. n. m. (God's good luck, i. e. from him) Num. 13, 10.

גְּדְיָהָיָר (only pl. גְּדְיָהָי K'thibh for Q'ri גְּדִיהָיו f. banks, only 1 Ch. 12, 15; see גָּדָה.

גְּדָרָהָן (only pl. גְּדָרָהָן; from גְּדָרָה) 1. a she-kid, only Cant. 1, 8.

in. (only pl. בָּדָלים) m. prop. twisted or wreathed things; hence, 1) fringes, tassels Deut. 22, 12. 2) fig. wreaths, festoons on the capitals of columns 1 K. 7, 17.

שָׁרָשָׁשָ (r. שָׁרָשָׁ) m. heap, hence 1) a shock or stack of sheaves Ex. 22, 5, Job 5, 26; 2) a mound over a grave, a tomb Job 21, 32. Cf. נקביו.

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then gen. to be or become great (full grown) Gen. 88, 14, high or extolled Ps. 35, 27, mighty Jer. 5, 27, rich Gen. 26, 13, important Gen. 41, 40, precious 2 Sam. 26, 24; to grow up Job 81, 18. - Pi. 574 (at end of a clause see Gram. § 52, Rem. 1) to cause to grow, let grow (hair) Num. 6, 5, (plants) Is. 44, 14; to magnify Josh. 3, 7; to bring up (children) Is. 1, 2; fig. to extol or praise, w. > Ps. 34, 4, or w. acc. Ps. 69, 31. - Pu. to be brought up (of children) Ps. 144, 12. - Hiph. to make great or large (favour) Gen. 19, 19; to make high, to lift up Ps. 41, 10; דּוֹנְהִיל w. or without مزيرة (cf. Gram. § 142, Rem. 1) to do great things Ps. 126, 2, Joel 2, 21, to act proudly Ps. 38, 17, Joel 2, 20; to make great the mouth (w. Th and על) i. e. to speak insolently Obad. 12, w. Hith. to shew oneself great Ez. 38, 23; to behave proudly Is. 10, 15, Dan. 11, 86.

(pl. c. גְּדְלָי,) adj. m. growing Gen. 26, 13, 1 Sam. 2, 26; strong, lusty w. בָּעָי Ez. 16, 26.

נרול see בדל.

לדָל (w. suf. דָרָל, once דְרָל Ps. 150, 2) m. greatness Ez. 31, 7; fig. honour, majesty, of God Deut. 3, 24, of a king Ez. 31, 2; בָּכָב ג greatness of heart, i. e. pride Is. 9, 8.

Ezr. 2, 47. Pr. n. m. (huge) Ezr. 2, 47.

אָרַלְרָדָּרָ, אָרַלְרָדָרָ pr. n. m. (great is א 25, 22, Jer. 39, 14.

קרל pr. n. m. (I magnify, viz. God) son of Heman 1 Ch. 25, 4.

(fut. אָדַע) akin to גָּדַע (fut. אָדַע) אוו נען (which see), אָדַע גָּדַע (אָדַע, גָּדַע, II, אַדַע, to cut off (beard) Is. 15, 2, to hew

down or fell Is. 10, 33, fig. to destroy (a city) Lam. 2, 3; break asunder Zech. 11, 10, 14; to cut off (arm or horn), i. e. to destroy power 1 Sam. 2, 31, Lam. 2, 3. — Niph. to be cut down Is. 14, 12; to be extirpated (of a people) Judg. 21, 6; to be cut off Am. 3, 14, Ez. 6, 6. — Pi. YTA, but YTA w. distinct. accent, to smash Deut. 12, 3; break to pieces (bars) Is. 45, 2; break off (horns) Ps. 75, 11. — Pu. to be felled Is. 9, 9. Hence

קרָעוֹן pr. n. m. (prob. feller i. e. mighty warrior, r. גָּרָע) Judg. chs. 6-8; Sept. Γεδεών.

דרעם pr. n. m. (a cutting down, perh. of trees) of a place in Benjamin Judg. 20, 45; r. אָרָע, w. ending ב--, like אָרָע.

דְעֹרָל pr.n. m. (prob. feller, r. אָדָעֹרָ (רִדְעֹרָי Num. 1, 11.

لمجتر (Qal obs.) akin to جدف, Arab. جدف, to cut off, hence fig. to use cutting words. — Pi. جدف proach (cf. جدف); esp. to blaspheme 2 K. 19, 6, 22.

גדרה see אדר.

גִּדּוּקָת, see גִּדָּפָת.

קדר (fut. אָדָר, קאָר, אָרָאָר, אָרָאָר, אָרָאָר, אָרָאָר, קאָר, אָרָאָר, אַרָאָר, אַרָאָר, אַרָאָר, אַרָאָר, אַרָאָר, אַרָאָר, אָרָאָר, אָרָאָר, אָרָאָר, אָרָאָר, אָרָאָר, אָרָאָר, אָרָאָר, אָרָאָר, אָרָאָר, אַרָאָר, אַרָא, אָר, אַר

 of a vineyard Num. 22, 24, of a court Ez. 42, 10, of a city Mic. 7, 11; a fence Ps. 62, 4. 2) a walled place Ezr. 9, 9; אַרָר פָרָר to breach a wall Is. 5, 5, 5, 5 build a wall Mic. 7, 11. 3) pr. n. (enclosure) of a city in Judah 1 Ch. 2, 51; gent. בָּרָר 1 Ch. 27, 28.

1) pr. n. m. (wall) 1 Ch. 8, 31. 2) pr. n. (fortress) of a city in Judah Josh. 15, 58, now Jedur.

קר pr. n. (fortress) of a city of Canaan Josh. 12, 13. — Also the construct form of גָּרָר

נְדָרָה (pl. הַרָּרָה בָּרָרֹח הַבָּרָה, w. suf. (בָּרָר ז, יאָ גָּרָרָז f. 1) wall, of a city Ps. 89, 41, of a vineyard Jer. 49, 3; comp. (בָּרָה בָּיָש גָרָה בַּ) an enclosure, fold or pen, בּרְרוֹח בַּאָן Mum. 32, 16. 3) pr. n. (wall) of a city in Judah, Josh. 15, 36; gentiln. הַרָּרָח 12, 4.

אָדֵרוֹת pr. n. (folds) of a city in Judah, Josh. 15, 41; r. אָדֵר.

דְרָרוֹתָים pr. n. (two-folds or pens; cf. בְּדָרוֹתָיִם) of a city in Judah Josh. 15, 36.

אָדֵר see אָדֵרָי.

f. i. q. אְדֵרָה a wall, only in Ez. 42, 12; r. דָבָר.

لل قَبَرَة (obs.) akin to بقَرَة II, Chald. المَبْرَمُ Syr. مُوَمَّر , to heap up; hence مُتَرَعَة.

דו Ez. 47, 13 wrong reading for ווָן; but perh. it is an interchange of 1 for 1, as in בן for 1 Ez. 25, 7.

(fut. רְגָתָה) perh. akin to גאָד (fut. רְגָתָה) perh. akin to to be high, hence to hift up, fig. to remove (cf. Syr.) ניגע to escape), only in Hos. 5, 13 ניגע

nor will the hurt remove from you i. e. heal; hence

ي (w. suf. إيزم , يزم , يزم) m. i. q. ארי דְשְׁבְּקָ אֵחֲרֵי בֵּלֶך me hast thou cast behind thy back 1 K. 14, 9.

לב Chald. (c. is, אוֹם, w. suf. אָזַרָ , שָׁרָ הָאָ אוֹם, i. q. Heb. אַרָ *the back, body* in general; but used only fig. for the middle, midst, הוֹם בְּרָוֹי, in the midst of Dan. 3, 25; בְּגוֹא into the midst of Dan. 3, 6; בִּרָאָרָ בַּרָרוֹדָר from the midst of Dan. 3, 26.

לָּהָי (for וּגָרָא w. suf. יָאַרָא יָאַיָדָ r. אָרָאָן m. 1) the back, body in general Prov. 10, 13, comp. Is. 38, 17. 2) the middle, midst, קר גַרְעָרָא from the midst (of men) are they driven forth Job 30, 5. Cf. Chald. אוֹא-דָקָ.

NIA, see 1 Chald.

(obs.) akin to ,, to cleave, to dig, hence till or plough; also to cut off; hence

שלב m. 1) i. q. בו *locusts*, prob. so called for its cutting and devouring (r. נגיב, Nah. 3, 17 ניב, *locust*, *locusts*, i. e. nothing but locusts (see Gram. § 108, 4). 2) pr. n. (cistern) of a place 2 Sam. 21, 18.

Dis m. (pl. or collect.) swarm

of locusts Nah. 3, 17. — The ending is perh. adjectival, as also in (see Gram. § 87, 1, c).

ללב pr. n. m. 1) prince of the land of Magog אַרֶץ הַמְגוֹג Ez. 38, 2, comp. Γώγ in Apoc. 20, 8. 2) son of Shemaiah 1 Ch. 5, 4. See אָרָע קאָגָג קָבּגוֹג be high, redupl. אָבָג קָבָגוֹג perh. from אָבָג קָנוֹג perh. to be gigantic; akin to אָבָג קָנוֹג קָנוֹג Γύγης and Καύχασος.

1) i. q. אָדַד I, to (יְגָרָ 1) i. q. אָדַד I, to cut or wound Gen. 49, 19, Hab. 3, 18. גָּדְ גָּד (Fig.to decide or destine, hence גָּד

הוו (obs.) to bind, join, akin to גָּרָד װ, אָגָד אָגָד , hence גָּרָד.

אָבָה and אָבָר (obs.) i. q. אָבָה to be curved (either concave or convex), arched, hence אַבָּג גויד אָגָי אָר אָר

וֹשָׁלָה f. 1) for אַ (r. הֹשָׁלָה) body, prop. ridge, back Job 20, 25. 2) for אַאָרָה = אַאָרָה (r. אַאָרָה) a lifting up Job 22, 29; pride Job 33, 17.

Chald. f. pride Dan. 4, 34.

אוֹים (only in pl. אוֹים, w. suf. דָרָא). m. prop. body, hence person, only in K'thibh of Ez. 36, 13–15.

גָּנָת, see גָּנָת.

to flee, to אות אנרז akin to דולט, שלה to flee, to hasten away Ps. 90, 10; perh. hence

רום m. refuge, perh. in Ps. 71, 6 is my refuge i. e. whom I hasten to; but see אוַם.

الله (w. suf. pl. المُنْزِعْة) m. young bird, esp. young dove Gen. 15, 9; eaglet Deut. 32, 11; r. اية II. Cf. Arab. المُوْتِ = Syr. المُرْوَا. --- Prob. mimetic of the sound made by young birds in the nest, a sort of whiz, wheeze or whistle, as the Kamus suggests. Comp. E. goose, G. gans,

L. anser, χήν, W. gŵydh, called so for its hissing or blowing.

קרו איז) a region, according to the Talm. אַנָּאָ a region, according to the Talm. אָנָאָ the ancient Gazaca, summer residence of the Median kings 2 K. 19, 12, Is. 37, 12; אָרָר פֿוּרָן דיין river of Gozan 1 Oh. 5, 26. Cf. Γαυζανίτις.

Job 38, 8, imp. אָבָּראָד (inf. w. suf. אָבָּראָד Job 38, 8, imp. אָבָּראָד for אָאָד Mic. 4, 10) 1) intrans. to break forth, burst forth, of water Job 38, 8, hence אָבָראָד 2, 2) trans. to bear a child Mic. 4, 10; to deliver, Ps. 22, 10 for thou אָבָרָאָד art my bringer forth from the womb, where אָבָרָאָד is a rare form of the part. (see Gram. § 72, Rem. 1). — Hiph. אָבָרָאָד (part. אָבָרָא, fut. אָבָרָאָד, apoc. אָבָרָאָד) to break forth, of an army Judg. 20, 33, comp. Ez. 32, 2; to rush אָבָ into something Job 40, 23. ---- אָבָאָד is prob. mimet. and akin to שׁאָב, אַבָּאָד

only Aph. אנה to rush forth, of the wind Dan. 7, 2.

לבים (w. suf. אוֹם Zeph. 2, 9, pl. אוֹים אָרָאָרָם Ps. 79, 10, c. אוֹים קוֹם, K'thibh אָרָים Ps. 79, 10, c. אוֹים גָּרָים, אָרָים Ps. 79, 10, c. אָרָים גָּרָים, גָּרָים אָרָש, גָּרָים Ps. 79, 10, c. אַרָּים גָרָים, גָרָים גָרָים, גָרָיָם, גָרָיָם גָרָים, גָרָיָם, גָרָיָם גָרָים, גָרָיָם, גָרָיָם, גָרָיָם גָרָיים, גָרָיָם, גָרָיָם גָרָים, גָרָיָרָים, גָרָיָם, גָרָיָים גָרָים, גָרָיָרָים, גָרָיָה גָרָיָים, גָרָיָרָים גָרָיָרָים, גָרָיָרָים גָרָיָה, גָרָיָה גָרָיָרָים, גָרָיָה גָרָיָה גָרָיָה, גָרָיָרָים, גָרָיָרָיָה גָרָין גָרָין גָרָין גָרָין גָרָיָה, גָרָיָרָין גָרָין גָרָין

(r. إلا f. body, living Gen. 47, 18, or dead, a corpse Nah. 3, 3, celestial Ez. 1, 11; of beasts Judg. 14, 8.

people in Gilgal Josh. 12, 23, Galilee Is. 8, 23, Asia Minor Gen. 14, 1.

וֹלָן, also וּלָשָׁ (ד. דּאָאָ II) f. exile, captivity 1 Ch. 5, 22, יבָרָ יָדָאָ דָבָּי, יָדָאָ to go into banishment Jer. 29, 16; 49, 3; יבָר פַגַי פַגַי דָאָ for exile Ez. 12, 7. וּלָז stands also for exiles Jer. 28, 6, even when returned from banishment Ezr. 10, 8.

المجالح pr. n. (perh. circuit, r. باعة) of a Levitical city in Batanea, afterwards in Manasseh Deut. 4, 43, which gave name to the province Gaulanitis.

لَحِيْر (r. مَعْنَا) m. pit Ecc. 10, 8. 175 (obs.) perh. i. q. يوم to protect,

shelter; hence

קרי pr. n. m. (perh. protected) Gen. 46, 24; the patron. is of the same form Num. 26, 48.

ער (inf. אַוֹע and אָוָר, fut. רְּבְוֹע (inf. אָוֹע III, אָוָר, fut. אָוָד, to bind or twist, hence to writhe or to be in contortions; hence fig. of dying, to expire Ps. 104, 29; frequently in union w. אָרָה Gen. 25, 8. — Perh. better to breathe out, taking אָרָה as = אָרָה I, אָרָה.

גָּבָר I (obs.) prob. akin to גָּבָר I (obs.) prob. akin to גַּבָר, to be gibbous, bulging; hence אָנָב אַנּבָּר...

קרק II (Qal obs.) akin to דוק I, to enclose; only Hiph. דוניק to shut, doors Neh. 7, 3.

רּפָּק f. body, corpse 1 Ch. 10, 12, comp. 1 Sam. 31, 12 (later Heb. קויָה, akin to אַוְיָה,

אָגַר ז (fut. רָגוּר) skin to אָגַר, Chald. רְנֵר, to collect, gather together, Ps. 59, 4 גארד גלר they join together against me; hence fig. like 7, to meet together, to sojourn or dwell Gen. 12, 10, of a whole people Ex. 6, 4; part. גָּר בֵיתָר גָּר sojourners of my house Job 19, 15, f. 17 בירוד Ex. 3, 22 (Sept. σύσχηνος). - The place where is put w. 2 Judg. 19, 16; the person with whom, w. ج Gen. 32, 5, or ج Is. 16, 4, or TX Ex. 12, 48; poet. w. acc. of the person Ps. 120, 5, and of the place Judg. 5, 17. - Hithpol. to gather oneself together for Hos. 7, 14, to sojourn 1 K. 17, 20. Cf. dyelpw.

רו ו. q. לל to be afraid, w. דיס of obj. in Ps. 22, 24, Job 41, 17, Num. 22, 3, poet. also w. acc. Deut. 32, 27; w. 5 of that for which one fears Hos. 10, 5.

עור (obs.) i. q. עור VI and VI and to drink, suck; hence אנר.

FI IV (obs.) perh. akin to Arab. if to boil up, to seethe, to effervesce, hence بجار; perh. trans. to excite, provoke Ps. 140, 3. --- Cf. G. gähren, E. yearn.

דר: ע (obs.) perh. i. q. גָרַר, to roll, of round things; cf. גָרָה, זַנָּרָה, L. gyrus.

לור (pl. c. גוֹרַי, w. suf. גוֹרַי, r. אוו חוון m. i. q. גוי prop. a suckling, hence a whelp, e. g. of a lion, Jer. 51, 38 גוֹרֵי אָרָיוֹת lions' whelps, גוֹרַי אָגָריות Nah. 2, 13 his whelps.

אור (pl. גוריות, גורים) m. i. q. אור 1) a young animal that still sucks, a whelp Ez. 19, 2; fully אר אריין whelp Gen. 49, 9; young jackal Lam. 4, 3; see קפר 2) pr. n. 2 K. 9, 27,

of a place in Arabia 2 Ch. 26, 7.

(c. יָעַל , pl. אוֹרָלוֹת; r. יָעַל, יַע, m. a rounded stone or pebble used in casting lots (comp. ψηφος and κλῆρος). 1) a lot Lev. 16, 8. To cast lots is expressed by the following verbs, w. לורל in acc., קרח Josh. 18, 6, דְּשָׁלִיך Joel 4, 3, דְשָׁלִיך Josh. 18, 8, נָתַן Lev. 16, 8, דופרל Is. 34, 17, דָּטָיל Prov. 16, 33; the lot falls, i. e. is cast, נְקַל הַזֹ Jon. 1, 7; the lot comes up or out (from the shaken urn) upon or for some one, עָלָה ג' עַלָ Lev. 16, 9, or > '1 XY Josh. 19, 1; but the object affected by the lot is put w. אָד Ps. 22, 19 or אָל Joel 4, 3. 2) allotment, what falls to one as a portion, esp. an inheritance Judg. 1, 3, Ps. 16, 5.

קרך m. throat, only in K'thibh of Jer. 2, 25 for גַּרוֹק.

لاتاج (obs.) prob. akin to اتله. بَعْشَ I, to pour forth (cf. Arab. مَشَرَ to shed tears), to heap up; hence

UTE m. mound (cf. χῶσις), lump, esp. clod of earth; hence Job. 7, 5 my body is clothed w. worms and clods of earth, i. e. w. clotted dust; UTE in K'thibh.

ן (pl. c. אָאָד ד, גּאָד) m. a shearing, a fleece Deut. 18, 4, cf. ראָד, a moun field Ps. 72, 6; אָרָי דָשָלָך mowings Am. 7, 1, prob. the earliest in the season.

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לָּלָבָרין (pl. יָּבָרי 1, as though the sing. were יָּבָרי, in the later Heb., however, the pl. is יָּבָרי Heb. and Chald. m. receiver of the revenues, treasurer Ezr. 1, 8. ----The word is said to be Persian, but is treasure (whence יְמֹגָם, our gazette, i. e. a store of news, also magazine) is really the Heb. יָם, though יָם stands for the Pers. יָן vār (cf. יָם לָר, nachbar, E. -bour in neighbour, L. -ber in mulciber, -fer in lucifer and Sans. -vala in dantâvala (elephant, prop. tooth-bearer).

(obs.) i. q. זַוָּאָ, to cut out, hew, hence אָזָיה – In Ps. 71,6 גַּוֹיָה is perh. part. גוֹיָה w. suf. my deliverer from my mother's bowels; but see ria.

קוון pr. n. (quarry, r. קוון; cf. שָׁילה) of a place, whence gentil. n. גַּוּוֹנְי *Gizonite* 1 Ch. 11, 34.

(ד. בָּדָר (r. בָּדָר (r. בָּדָר (r. בָּדָר בָּצָר (r. בָּדָר בַּצָר (r. בַּצָר בַּצָר (r. cutting of the wool in v. 37.

1 Ch. 11, 34, see דּוֹרָר 1 Ch. 11, אַ זוֹר

לובי, apoc. ובי, inf. ti, tia) to shear off (wool) 1 Sam. 25, 4; to crop off (hair) Job 1, 20; but also w. the general notion to cut off, sever Num. 11, 31. — Niph. only Nah. 1, 12 און, (Gram. § 61, Rem. 5) they are cut off, extirpated. ----Akin to אותן, אומר See.

112 pr. n. m. (shearer) 1 Ch. 2, 46.

אָבְרָי ל. cutting or hewing, אָבְרָי ל. hewn stones i. e. squared 1 Ch. 22, 2; also אָדָיה alone Ex. 20, 25.

רְבְוֹל I (fut. רְבְוֹל) prob. akin to בַוֹן I (fut. רְבָוֹל, זְבָוֹל, זָבוֹן, הָחַטָל, ז) to cut or strip off

(the skin), to flay Mic. 3, 2. 2) to tear or snatch away 2 Sam. 23, 21, Gen. 31, 31; to seize Job 24, 9. 3) fig. to rob, e. g. a house Job 20, 19, fields Mic. 2, 2; to steal a right Is. 10, 2; to plunder a person Prov. 22, 22; fig. to evaporate water Job 24, 19. — Niph. to be taken away (of sleep, 7,20) Prov. 4, 16.

peep, twitter, as a young bird; prob. hence byis, which see.

cut off, hence to devour; hence

DJJ m. locust (prop. devourer) not yet winged Joel 1, 4.

DJJ pr. n. m. (devourer) Ezr. 2, 48.

עדע (obs.) i. q. אָרָדַע, to cut off or hew down; hence

לדע: (w. suf. אוען) m. stem, trunk of a felled tree, the stump, Job 14, 8; then stem in general Is. 11, 1; a sapling, even of a young tree Is. 40, 24, perh. as springing up from a stump (comp. שוש in Is. 53, 2, Sept. $\dot{\rho}(\zeta \alpha;$ cf. Apoc. 5, 5).

ו בוור and cut off i. e. I perish Lam. 3, 54; to be decreed Est. 2, 1.

(only part. pl. גַּוְרִין), to determine, גַּוְרִין deciders of fate, those who cast nativities, Dan. 2, 27. — Ithpe. גַּוְרָדָ to be cut off or out, 3. fem. דְּהְגַּוְרָהָ Dan. 2, 34.

[] (pl. אָוָרָים (pl. אָוָרָים) m. 1) piece, part, of a victim Gen. 15, 17, of the sea Ps. 136, 13. 2) pr. n. (perh. precipice) of a city in the western border of Ephraim Josh. 10, 33; Га́ζηρα in 1 Maccab. 7, 45.

לאור (גורח Chald. (c. אורח) f. decree, decision Dan. 4, 14; r. אור

קורה (r. בורה) f. prop. a cutting off, hence prob. desolation, only in Lev. 16, 22 אָלאָרָץ בְּוָרָה sclusion i. e. a desert, Sept. elc קאָע מֿאָמדסט.

fgure, form Lam. 4, 7 (cf. عَلِيْرَا). 2) a part cut off in the temple, i. e. a hall or court Ez. 41, 12; r. ٦٩.

קֿוָרָ pr. n. (Gezrite, inhabitant of a people 1 Sam. 27, 8 K'thibh בְּרָיָ

תְּבָוּרְדּ (w. suf. יֹתָוֹ perh. = יְבָוּרָד) m. issuing forth, birth Ps. 22, 10; but see above under בוּדָ 2.

(obs.) perh. akin to אָדָרָן (obs.) perh. akin to אַדָּרָן (obs.) to gush, to burst forth (cf. אָדָרָ = בְּכָר hence perh. גָרִין גואר גואר גערין גע

נְעָרוֹן (c. גָרוֹן) m. perh. prop. evacwation, hence belly, only of creepping animals Gen. 3, 14, Lev. 11, 42; r. גָרָן or perh. גָרָן.

2 K. 4, 31 also בְּחֲדָר 2 K. 5, 20 pr.n.m. (prob. valley of vision) servant of the prophet Elisha. Ps. 22, 10, see 173.

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prob. אָקָע (obs.) akin to אָקָע and prob. אָקָע I, to glow, burn; hence

בָּרְלָם בָּוֹל (after the form בָּרָשָׁ, only in pl. בָּרָלָם גָ c. בָּרָלָ coals Ez. 24, 11 (black coal being coals Ez. 24, 11 (black coal being high, see Prov. 26, 21); fig. for the lightning Ps. 18, 9; בָּרָלָם בָּל קרָרָם בַּל 18, 9; הַרָּלָם בָּל to hurry burning coals on his head, i. e. to vex one sorely Prov. 25, 22, comp. Rom. 12, 20. ---- Akin to xήλεος, L. caleo (whence carbo), G. kohle, W. glô, E. coal, Gaelic gual.

הקול (w. suf. און (אראָלאָד) f. same as הקול (w. suf. to put out a coal 2 Sam. 14, 7 i. e. to destroy the last hope or scion of a family (cf. $\zeta \omega \pi u \rho o \nu$).

ame as Arab. بَعْتَمْ to flame; hence

며그 마구 pr. n. m. (perh. live coal) Gen. 22, 24.

(which see), or to Aram. إبتار (which see), or to Aram. مقتار to incline or bend.

i (obs.) perh. i. q. جَعَر to burn, or i. q. Arab. جَعَر to sink down, to lurk; hence

기기크 pr. n. m. (burning or a lurking place) Ezr. 2, 47.

ים K'thibh Gen. 25, 23, see אלי

N 1 Sam. 17, 52, see 1.

N 3 Zech. 14, 4, see 3.

N Is. 40, 4, see I.

(r. גּדר בָּרְזָל עָרְפָרָ (r. גּדר II) m. thew, sinew or tendon, Gen. 32, 33; גּרר בָרְזָל עָרְפָרָ (c. 32, 33; a sinew of iron is thy neck Is. 48, 4, i. e. thou art stiff-necked. ---- Cf. W. gwythi (muscles).

, see 편A.

Chald., see 1743.

דָרָ pr. n. (gushing forth, a spring) of a place near Gibeon 2 Sam. 2, 24.

pr. n. (a stream, r. جمتار cf. Arab. جمتحرس used before the names of several large rivers, as the Ganges) of a river in Paradise, perh. the Ethiopian Nile Gen. 2, 13; also of a stream near Jerusalem 1 K. 1, 33.

אַתויר see בּרְדַוֹי.

73 to roll, see 513; hence

ליל m. prop. a revolving, hence 1) age (cf. דוד) Dan. 1, 10. 2) exultation, joy Jer. 48, 33, Job 3, 22.

i. q. גרל (exultation) but only

in the pr. n. f. אָרְינֵיל 1 Sam. 25, 8, also shortened into אָרָינֶל.

וּרְלָה f. exultation, Is. 35, 2 וּרְלָה joy and shouting (see Gram. § 115, 4).

גלה see בּרלֹנִי.

וּילָת Is. 85, 2, see וּילָת.

דינת pr. n. m. (protection, r. 1 K. 16, 21.

די to boil up, see או IV; hence ליד יי גיר הווה, as effervescing when slacked Is. 27, 9.

ליך Chald. (def. גִּירָא) m. lime, plaster Dan. 5, 5.

2 Ch. 2, 16 sojourner, see אַר שֹׁשָ m. dust, clod, only K'thibh of Job 7, 5, see שׁש.

קשר pr. n. m. (perh. cloddy) 1 Ch. 2, 47.

נָאַרִינָל (exultation, in אַרִינָל); see גַּרַל);

לק (pl. אָלָל r. אָלָד I) m. 1) heap of stones Job 8, 17, fully w. אָלָרָם Josh. 7, 26; אַלָּר *ruins Jer. 51, 37.* 2) *a fountain, a well*, so called for the rolling or welling up of its water, Cant. 4, 12; in pl. *billows*, rolling waves Ps. 42, 8.

فَرْ for 1) فَعْ in Ps. 119, 23, imp. Qal of بَعْرُة 2) for المَعْ Ps. 119, 18 imp. apoc. Pi el of أَعْمَ

A (w. suf. πb) m. bowl for oil
Zech. 4, 2; r. by II to be hollow. ---Prob. akin to γαυλός, L. gaulus, W. cawell, E. galley, yawl, G. iolle.

ברב (obs.) prob. skin to אָרַב

קאַר II, to shear away, shave off (the beard); hence

222 m. barber, only Ez. 5, 1.

דָלָבֹעָ pr. n. (perh. fountain of bubbling; א and אוס) of a mountain in Issachar 1 Sam. 28, 4.

wheel, of a chariot Is. 5, 28, of a well Ecc. 12, 6. 2) a whirlwind Ps. 77, 19. 3) chaff or stubble, as whirling before the wind Ps. 83, 14, Is. 17, 13.

أَجْ اللَّعْ Chald. m. a wheel Dan. 7, 9.

לָבָל (c. בְּלָבָ (c. בְּלָב אָ m. 1) wheel, of a threshing-wain Is. 28, 28. 2) אַבְלָב pr. n. (the circuit, or the rolling away Josh. 5, 9) of a place near Jericho Josh. 4, 19; perh. בְּרָה בָּלָב in Neh. 12, 29 is the same. In Josh. 12, 23 גָּלָב is perh. to be read for בָּבָּל so the Sept., Maurer, Winer, etc.

רֹאָלָלָן (w. suf. אָלָאָלָא, pl. w. suf. בּגָלָגלָש, f. skull or head Judg. 9, 53; fig. (like our head) for individual, Ex. 16, 16 an omer בּגָלָאָלָע kead, i. e. for each one. So called from the round shape of the head (r. גָלָאָלָא, Γολγοθά Mat. 27, 33.

ו קלך (obs.)akin to קלך I, to cover over, enclose; hence

(w. suf. جلجة) m. prop. a covering, then skin Job 16, 15; cf. Arab.

גרָלָד I (fut. רְּבָּלָה, apoc. בָּרָלָד akin to דְּלָשָ, perh. לָאָן, to make bare, to strip or uncover (in Piel); fig. to disclose, to reveal, esp. in the phrase ש אָוָל דֹשָׁם to uncover somebody's ear 1 Sam. 20, 2, i. e. to lay it open for whispering something into it; to uncover a secret Am. 3, 7, i. e. to disclose it; to uncover a book Jer. 32, 11, i. e. to lay open a roll. - Niph. to be discovered, laid bare Ez. 13, 14; fig. to be revealed, laid open Job 38, 17. - Pi. The (fut. apoc. by) to uncover (w. The the sexual parts for cohabiting) Lev. 20, 11; to open (the eyes) Num. 22, 31; to reveal Job 20, 27; to betray Is. 16, 3; to remove the covering (w. by upon) Lam. 2, 14. -Pu. to be stript Nah. 2, 8. - Hith. 1) to uncover oneself Gen. 9, 21. 2) to disclose itself, e. g. the heart Prov. 18, 2.

(fut. apoc. جير) perh. akin to you I, to fling away; hence to drive into exile (cf. טַלְטָל, late Heb. שלטדל exile). But esp. intrans. the joy of the land is chased away, i. e. banished Is. 24, 11, comp. Am. 1, 5; ער־גלות until the carrying away of Jerusalem, i. e. until the captivity Jer. 1, 3. - Niph. to be removed Is. 38, 12. - Pi. to roll along Jer. 33, 6; to drive forth Ps. 119, 22. -Pu. to be banished Nah. 2, 8. - Hiph. to drive into exile 2K. 25, 11. - Hoph. to be banished Jer. 13, 19. ---- Very probably אַלָה I and II are etymologically one and the same, as most Lexicons assume.

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גולָת, see גֹּלָה.

רָשָּׁ, a well Josh. 15, 19. 2) i. q. אָל, bowl-shaped capital, of a pillar 1 K. 7, 41. 3) oil-bowl, i. q. אָל, Zech. 4, 3; cf. γαῦλος, E. yawl.

לל Chald. (c. גָּלָא, r. גָּלָא, fem. exile, בְּנַי גָלוּחָא בּנֵי בּנוֹניס Dan. 2, 25.

sons of Hinnom 2 K. 23, 10, also called אין דאמן Josh. 15, 8 (hence γέεννα in N. Test.), אין Jer. 2, 23; אין (valley of salt) near the Dead sea, 2 K. 14, 7; אין (valley of craftsmen), place near Jerusalem, Neh. 11, 35; א רַשָּׁלָשָׁים (perh. hyena-dell) a valley in Benjamin 1 Sam. 13, 18; also several others. — א a hollow differs from א בָחַלָ a dell w. a brook or torrent, and from א בַחָּשָ which denote a more open and extended plain.

ים K'thibh Gen. 25, 23, see אוֹי.

N 1 Sam. 17, 52, see 1.

X73 Zech. 14, 4, see 7.

Is. 40, 4, see 1.

ליד (r. גדר ברול פרפו, m. thew, sinew or tendon, Gen. 32, 33; גדר ברול פרפו, a sinew of iron is thy neck Is. 48, 4, i. e. thou art stiff-necked. ---- Cf. W. gwythi (muscles).

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ל (exultation, in אַרָרגָל); see אַרָרגָל); אַרָרגָל

(pl. אָלָים (pl. גָּלָים (pl. גָרָנָא (pl. גָרָנא (pl. גָרָא (pl. גַרָא (pl. גָרָא (pl. גָרָא (pl. גָרָא (pl. גַרָא (pl. גָרָא (pl. גַר

لَّهُ for 1) مَعْ in Ps. 119, 23, imp. Qal of مَعْدِد 2) for مَعْد 119, 18 imp. apoc. Pi'el of مَعْد الم

5 (w. suf. π53) m. bowl for oil
Zech. 4, 2; r. 55 II to be hollow. ---Prob. akin to γαυλός, L. gaulus, W. cawell, E. galley, yawl, G. iolle.

גען סר דרין Chald. (part. act. גען ה. אלא ה...; part. pass. אלא open up, reveal Dan. 2, 19. — Aph. גען ו. q. Heb. Hiph. דגלי cause to migrate, to lead away captive Ezr. 4, 10; see

קרב (obs.) prob. akin to אָרַב,

קאַר II, to shear away, shave off (the beard); hence

그う크 m. barber, only Ez. 5, 1.

호구, pr. n. (perh. fountain of bubbling; 날 and 맛in) of a mountain in Issachar 1 Sam. 28, 4.

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לָבָּלָם (c. בְּלָבָּל) m. 1) wheel, of a threshing-wain Is. 28, 28. 2) דְּלָבָל pr. n. (the circuit, or the rolling away Josh. 5, 9) of a place near Jericho Josh. 4, 19; perh. בְּרָה בָּלָבָל in Neh. 12, 29 is the same. In Josh. 12, 23 גָלָבָל is perh. to be read for בָּלָבָל so the Sept., Maurer, Winer, etc.

רֹאָלָק (w. suf. הֹאָבְאָא, pl. w. suf. בּגְלָאָלָן (w. suf. הֹאָבָאָא, pl. w. suf. בּגָלָאָלָן (like our head) for *individual*, Ex. 16, 16 an omer בּגָלָאָל to the head, i. e. for each one. So called from the round shape of the head (r. גָאָלָקָא, Γολγοθά Mat. 27, 33.

קלד (obs.)akin to דְּלָד I, to cover over, enclose; hence

(w. suf. المراجة) m. prop. a covering, then skin Job 16, 15; cf. Arab. , Syr. المراجع a hide.

גרָלָד I (fut. רְּבָּל, apoc. יְרָבָל, akin to רְבָל, perh. אָאָן, to make bare, to strip or uncover (in Piel); fig. to disclose, to reveal, esp. in the phrase שוון ראָן to uncover somebody's ear 1 Sam. 20, 2, i. e. to lay it open for whispering something into it, to uncover a secret Am. 3, 7, i. e. to disclose it; to uncover a book Jer. 32, 11, i. e. to lay open a roll. - Niph. to be discovered, laid bare Ez. 13, 14; fig. to be revealed, laid open Job 38, 17. - Pi. The (fut. apoc. b_{27}) to uncover (w. The fut. apoc. b_{27}) to uncover (w. The fut. apoc. b_{27}) to uncover (w. The fut. 20, 11; to open (the eyes) Num. 22, 31; to reveal Job 20, 27; to betray Is. 16, 3; to remove the covering (w. b_2 upon) Lam. 2, 14. -Pu. to be stript Nah. 2, 8. - Hith. 1) to uncover oneself Gen. 9, 21. 2) to disclose itself, e. g. the heart Prov. 18, 2.

דר (fut. apoc. יַבָּל) perh. akin to sta I, to fling away; hence to drive into exile (cf. נלניל, late Heb. שלטול exile). But esp. intrans. the joy of the land is chased away, i. e. banished Is. 24, 11, comp. Am. 1, 5; עד-גלות until the carrying away of Jerusalem, i. e. until the captivity Jer. 1, 3. - Niph. to be removed Is. 38, 12. - Pi. to roll along Jer. 33, 6; to drive forth Ps. 119, 22. ---Pu. to be banished Nah. 2, 8. - Hiph. to drive into exile 2K. 25, 11. - Hoph. to be banished Jer. 13, 19. ---- Very probably אלה I and II are etymologically one and the same, as most Lexicons assume.

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גולה see בלוו.

12, f. 1) i. q. 3, a well Josh. 15, 19. 2) i. q. 3, bowl-shaped capital, of a pillar 1 K. 7, 41. 3) oil-bowl, i. q. 3, Zech. 4, 3; cf. γαῦλος, E. yawl.

ללף Chald. (c. גְּלָא r. גְּלָא) fem. exile, גָלָאָדָא בְּיַר גָלוּקָא exiles Dan. 2, 25.

ים in K'thibh Gen. 25, 23, see אוֹי

N 2 1 Sam. 17, 52, see 1.

X] Zech. 14, 4, see].

N 1 Is. 40, 4, see 1.

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ЛГЭ, вее дяя.

Chald., see TH.

דָרָה pr. n. (gushing forth, a spring) of a place near Gibeon 2 Sam. 2, 24.

cf. Arab. بيتون used before the names of several large rivers, as the Ganges) of a river in Paradise, perh. the Ethiopian Nile Gen. 2, 13; also of a stream near Jerusalem 1 K. 1, 33.

נַתוֹי see בּרַחוֹי.

to roll, see 513; hence

ליל m. prop. a revolving, hence 1) age (cf. רוד) Dan. 1, 10. 2) exultation, joy Jer. 48, 33, Job 3, 22.

i. q. אדל (exultation) but only

in the pr. n. f. אָרִינְיָל 1 Sam. 25, 8, also shortened into אָרִיגָל

וְלָרָה f. exultation, Is. 35, 2 וּרְלָן joy and shouting (see Gram. § 115, 4).

גלה see גרלני.

גּילָת Is. 85, 2, see גִּילָת.

קרבת pr. n. m. (protection, r. 1 K. 16, 21.

דל to boil up, see אוי IV; hence די היי היי חיגיר m. lime, as effervescing when slacked Is. 27, 9.

ליך Chald. (def. נִירָא) m. lime, plaster Dan. 5, 5.

2 Ch. 2, 16 sojourner, see אַר 2. שָׁשָ m. dust, clod, only K'thibh of Job 7, 5, see אָר

קשר pr. n. m. (perh. cloddy) 1 Ch. 2, 47.

נָל (exultation, in אַרָל); see גַּרַל); see גַּרַל

לבָל (pl. הָבָל r. בָּלָר (pl. m. 1) heap of stones Job 8, 17, fully w. אָבָרָים Josh. 7, 26; אַבָּרָים *ruins Jer. 51, 37.* 2) *a fountain, a well*, so called for the rolling or welling up of its water, Cant. 4, 12; in pl. billows, rolling waves Ps. 42, 8.

לא in Ps. 119, 23, imp. Qal of לאָג 2) for אַל Ps. 119, 18 imp. apoc. Piel of האָג

> (w. suf. πb) m. bowl for oil
Zech. 4, 2; r. >> II to be hollow. --Prob. akin to γαυλός, L. gaulus, W. cawell, E. galley, yawl, G. iolle.

אָלָא הי דור אָבָּר האָלָי (גָּלָי , גָּלָי , בָּלָי , גָּלָי) to open up, reveal Dan. 2, 19. — Aph. גָּלָי ווּ ק. Heb. Hiph. דְּגָלִי II, to cause to migrate, to lead away captive Ezr. 4, 10; see גָּלָי

בקב (obs.) prob. akin to אָרָב,

קאַק II, to shear away, shave off (the beard); hence

222 m. barber, only Ez. 5, 1.

דָלְבָשָׁ pr. n. (perh. fountain of bubbling; אַ and אָזֹב) of a mountain in Issachar 1 Sam. 28, 4.

wheel, of a chariot Is. 5, 28, of a well Ecc. 12, 6. 2) a whirlwind Ps. 77, 19. 3) chaff or stubble, as whirling before the wind Ps. 83, 14, Is. 17, 13.

그 그 그 Chald. m. a wheel Dan. 7, 9.

לָבָּלָם (c. אָלָאַ) m. 1) wheel, of a threshing-wain Is. 28, 28. 2) דְּלָבָל pr. n. (the circuit, or the rolling away Josh. 5, 9) of a place near Jericho Josh. 4, 19; perh. אָבָּל הוו Neh. 12, 29 is the same. In Josh. 12, 23 בְּלָכ is perh. to be read for בָּלָבָל so the Sept., Maurer, Winer, etc.

רֹאָלָק (w. suf. וֹהְיָאָבָּא, pl. w. suf. הַלָּאָלָא (א. suf. וֹהָיָאָבָא, pl. w. suf. הַלָּאָלָא (ג. skull or head Judg. 9, 53; fig. (like our head) for *individual*, Ex. 16, 16 an omer בַּבְּלָאָלָא kead, i. e. for each one. So called from the round shape of the head (r. גָאָבָאָא, Γολγοθά Mat. 27, 33.

קבר (obs.)akin to דְלַך I, to cover over, enclose; hence

אָלָדִי (w. suf. אָלָדָא) m. prop. *a covering*, then *skin* Job 16, 15; cf. Arab. אָלָג, Syr. אָלָג, *a hide*.

גרָלָד I (fut. רְּבָּל, apoc. יְרָבָל, apoc. יְרָבָל, akin to דְּלָם, perh. אָאָ to make bare, to strip or uncover (in Piel); fig. to disclose, to reveal, esp. in the phrase שוון לא דָלָם to uncover somebody's ear 1 Sam. 20, 2, i. e. to lay it open for whispering something into it, to uncover a secret Am. 3, 7, i. e. to disclose it; to uncover a book

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Jer. 32, 11, i. e. to lay open a roll. — Niph. to be discovered, laid bare Ez. 13, 14; fig. to be revealed, laid open Job 38, 17. — Pi. The (fut. apoc. by) to uncover (w. The the sexual parts for cohabiting) Lev. 20, 11; to open (the eyes) Num. 22, 31; to reveal Job 20, 27; to betray Is. 16, 3; to remove the covering (w. by upon) Lam. 2, 14. — Pu. to be stript Nah. 2, 8. — Hith. 1) to uncover oneself Gen. 9, 21. 2) to disclose itself, e. g. the heart Prov. 18, 2.

דבו (fut. apoc. יכָל) perh. akin to is I, to fling away; hence to drive into exile (cf. טלטל, late Heb. שלטול exile). But esp. intrans. the joy of the land is chased away, i. e. banished Is. 24, 11, comp. Am. 1, 5; ער-גלות until the carrying away of Jerusalem, i. e. until the captivity Jer. 1, 3. - Niph. to be removed Is. 38, 12. - Pi. to roll along Jer. 33, 6; to drive forth Ps. 119, 22. -Pu. to be banished Nah. 2, 8. - Hiph. to drive into exile 2K. 25, 11. - Hoph. to be banished Jer. 13, 19. ---- Very probably אַלָה I and II are etymologically one and the same, as most Lexicons assume.

קבלדו pr. n. (circuit) of a city in the mountain range of Judah Josh. 15, 51; gentil. n. גרלני *Gilonite* 2 Sam. 15, 12.

גוּלָה see גּּוֹלָה.

1) 1, 1, 1, 2, 3, a well Josh. 15, 19. 2) i. q. 3, bowl-shaped capital, of a pillar 1 K. 7, 41. 3) oil-bowl, i. q. 3, Zech. 4, 3; cf. γαῦλος, E. yawl.

בָלד Chald. (c. גְּלָא ד. גְּלָא, fem. exile, בְּנַי גָלוּחָא בַנַי גַלוּחָא exiles Dan. 2, 25.

לפרל (only pl. דפרל) m. prop. round blocks, logs; hence in derision idols Ez. 8, 10.

נכום (c. pl. גלומי, r. גָּלוֹם) m. covering, mantle Ez. 27, 24.---- Perh. akin to χλαμύς.

Josh. 21, 27 K'thibh, see גוֹלָן.

רָבָליּת, גָּלָשָ Obad. 20 (w. — firm, c. גָּלוּת, w. suf. גָּלוּת; ד. גָּלוּת, ing away, caplivity or exile Ez. 1, 2; fig. exiles or captives Jer. 24, 5, cf. Is. 45, 13.

يرد Chald., see بغة.

[12] (Qal obs.) akin to nੈੈੈª I, perh. prop. to be smooth, then to be bare, bald. Hence Pi. nੈੈª to make bald, to shear or shave (head, beard) Deut. 21, 12, 1 Ch. 19, 4; fig. to devastate (a land) Is. 7, 20. — Pu. to be shorn Judg. 16, 17. — Hith. 1) to shave oneself Lev. 13, 33. 2) to cut off the hair from oneself (w. double acc., see Gram. § 54, 3, c) Num. 6, 19. — Akin to Syr.

קלא Chald., see אָלָא.

גָלָיוֹך (cf. דְּבָּליוֹן); pl. דְּבָירָם;; r. דָבָ I) m. 1) table or tablet (for writing), made of smooth or polished material (wood, stone or metal), Is. 8, 1. 2) metal plate, mirror Is. 3, 23.

לָבָליל (pl. אָלִילָים, adj. m., אָלִילָים, f. (pl. אָלִילָים, *turning, rolling*, of a door 1 K. 6, 34; but used most as subst. 2) prob. *a ring* in Cant. 5, 14, Est. 1, 6. 3) *circuit, region* Josh. 13, 2. 4) pr. n. (circle, r. גָאָלָיל I) Galilee Is. 8, 23; אַלָיל Josh. 20, 7, Sept. ή Γαλιλαία; cf. אָדָאָ.

לְרָלָה f. circuit, district Ez. 47, 8; see אַלִרל.

place north of Jerusalem 1 Sam. 25,44.

קליה pr. n. m. (perh. revealer, r. דָּלָאָ I) 1 Sam. 17, 4.

I (1 pers. perf. wibs, 3 pl. den. 29, 3; imp. 54, 513, also 54 فرطه in Ps. 119, 22) to roll, cause to turn, w. acc. i g. i to roll away (e. g. shame) from upon Josh. 5, 9; אל אל אל א by, to roll (from oneself) to or upon (another) Prov. 16, 3, Ps. 37, 5. -Niph. גָּגָל pl. גָּגָל fut. גָּגָל, 1) to be rolled together (as a scroll or volume), Is. 34, 4. 2) to roll oneself along, as billows Am. 5, 24. - Po'al אוֹלָל to be rolled Is. 9, 4. - Hithpo. דְּיָהְגֹּלָל to roll oneself down (w. 5) upon some one, i. e. to attack him Gen. 43, 18. - Pilp. 54 to roll, w. acc. Jer. 51, 25. - Hithpalp. by to roll oneself along, Job 30, 14. -Hiph. דַרָּל to roll, a stone Gen. 29, 10. --- Prob. mimet. akin to Ita, אָרֵר II, אָרָל I, אַלַל IV, xulíw, W. chwylo, E. wheel.

לבל II (obs.) perh. akin to אָקל I, to hollow out, excavate; hence perh. לא, רואָ 2.

לָלָל Chald. m. prop. a rolling, hence fully אָבֶן בְּלָל stone of rolling, i. e. great and heavy stone that had to be rolled along Ezr. 5, 8.

לאָבָ (c. לאָבָ ; r. לאָב I) m. 1) dung, ordure, as of rounded or globular form 1 K. 14, 10. 2) turn, circumstance, occasion, but only in union w. ב and used as prep., אָבָלָב Gen. 39, 5 (w. suf. בְּלָלָב Gen. 30, 27; בּלָלָב קָ Deut. 1, 37) on account of, for the sake of, like אָרוֹיז 3) pr. n. m. (perh. roller) 1 Ch. 9, 15.

בָּלָל (w. suf. גָּלָל Job 20, 7, pl. גָּלָלִים Zeph. 1, 17; c. גָּלָלִים Ez. 4, 12) m. i. q. גָלַג 1, dung, ordure (of men);

plur. balls or stools of dung (of men) Ez. 4, 15; r. גָּלָל I.

אַלָל see אַנָללו.

דְלַלָּ pr. n. m. (perh. dungy, cf. 1) Neh. 12, 36.

גען (fut. רְּגְלֹם) akin to גָּלַל I, to roll or fold together, only in 2 K. 2, 8; hence

םלא (w. suf. גבלקיי) m. a wrapping together, a mass; hence unformed substance, foctus, embryo, only in Ps. 139, 16.

The serie; hence perhaps

סלים adj.m., אַלַמּרָיז, prop. hard, of stony ground (akin to בָּלָמרָיז, cf. סדבּאָאָלָ, L.sterilis); fig. unfruitful, of a wife Is. 49, 21, of a night without births Job 3, 7; shrivelled, famished Job 15, 34. ---- The ווא prob. a formative ending, as in אָדָי, see p. 135.

I (Qal obs.) akin to yhp, to fling or hurl. — Hith. to fling oneself about, fig. to quarrel or fight Prov. 17, 14; to be violently excited Prov. 20, 3.

גלפן II (obs.) perh. to be stiff, hard; cf. Sans. jalas (frozen), L. gelu, glacies, callum. Hence אַלְפָר, perh.

cf. Arab. بالجزير (obs.) to be hard or rough;

גלע II, w. א as format. ending; see p. 135.

לקר 1) pr. n. m. (hard or rough) Gilead Num. 26, 29; patron. בּלְכָּר Gileadite Judg. 11, 1. 2) pr. n. (hard or rough country, or for נקבי 81, 47) of a city and region between the Jabbok and the Arnon Gen. 31, 21, Hos. 6, 8.

בְּלָגֵד pr. n. (hill of witness) of a hill Gen. 31, 47.

لالكي (only in Cant. 4, 1; 6, 5) prob. akin to Arab. جَلَسَ, to sit, lie down; thy locks are as a flock of goats بناية والله والله والله والله الم which lie down upon mount Gilead, i.e. as if hanging from its side or brow, cf. xaðŋcðau ix πáywv in Soph. Antig. 411.

גָלוּת see בָּלָת.

עם (r. אָם) conj. akin to אָם, prop. accumulation, junction, addition; hence the following meanings, 1) together, e. g. אַם שִׁנַרָם (L. ambo) both together Gen. 27, 45. 2) also, even, in the way of accession, e.g. ום בְּכַעֵלַלִיו יְתְנָבָר־נַעֵר also by his works is a youth known Prov. 20, 11 comp.14, 20; in this sense, it stands w. the pronoun repeated for the sake of emphasis e. g. דיא נם she even she, i. e. also she herself Gen. 20, 5, בָרֵכֵנִי גַם אָנִי bless me, also me Gen. 27, 34 (Gram. § 121, 3); w. neg. not even, not so much as, Ps. 14, 3; also yea, intensifying the verb, האָה גם ראָה see, yea, see i. e. only just look 1 Sam. 24, 12; or in union w. בָם כָּר as נַם *even when*, although Is. 1, 15; or adversative, even then, even so, i. e. yet Ez. 16, 28. ---- Di and Dy are akin to L. con, cum, cumulus, Gr. ξύν, χοινός, γάμος, W. gan, cym (= cyd); Sans. sam, Gr. ắμα, όμοῦ, L. simul, G. sammt, E. same, Sax. sam.

Chald. to absorb, drink up. — Pi. to swallow Job 39, 24. — Hiph. to cause to drink Gen. 24, 17. Hence

NO3 m. bulrush, prop. absorbent

of moisture (r. NDA), esp. Egyptian papyrus, paper-reed (papyrus Nilotica), from which also vessels and boats were made Ex. 2, 3, Is. 18, 2.

קבר I (obs.)i. q. Arab. אָבָע , prob. Aram. אָדָם, to cut off, divide, hence to measure. Hence אָדָם, perh. דָשָ

رقی ال (obs.) perh. akin to لیت (to join) w. ending من (as in برچت), Arab. جمد and Chald. جمد to bind together; hence to be strong, valiant (comp. میت); hence prob. میت.

קלק m. prop. a dividing; hence a measure, prob. an ell or cubit (r. גַּמַד I; comp. קשוֹרָה, only in Judg. 8, 16; cf. Syr. בסבת cubit.

לפָרָד (only pl. נַאָדָדם) m. mighty men, warriors (comp. נְמַדָּד, see Rödiger's note in App. to Gesen. Thesaurus, p. 79), only Ez. 27, 11 (r. נְמַד II); perh. dwarfs (r. נְמַד

אָבָּקָל or אָבָּקָל m. 1) prop. part. pass. a weaned child Ps. 131, 2. 2) pr. n. m. (weaned) 1 Oh. 24, 17; r. אַבָּגָ II.

ולתול (w. suf, הָטָלָה, pl. בְּכֵוּלֹים (w. suf, הָטָלָה, pl. בָּכַוּלֹים (a. series, deportment or desert (good or bad); fully ה' ה behaviour or desert of the hands Judg. 9, 16; in a good sense, benefit Ps. 103, 2; in a bad sense, punishment Is. 35, 4; to return or repay to one his desert הַטָּלָל הָ Ps. 94, 2; w. בָּכָוּל לָ בָּוּשָׁר בָּוּה אָ Joel 4, 4; also הָ בָּעָל גָ וּ. לַשָּׁר גָ אָ Joel 4, 4; r. בָּעָאָ I.

קבוולה (pl. גְּמְלוּח) f. benefit 2 Sam. 19, 37; punishment Jer. 51, 56.

(by transposition), to be hard, firm;

hence in Talm. Mai sycamore, and the following.

זֹלְבָן pr. n. (for זְוֹשָׁא, prob. sycamore plantation; perh. only a transposition for אָשָׁקָם sycamore) of a city in Judah 2 Ch. 28, 18.

אָרָאָל I (fut. אָשָל) akin to אָשָא, אַשָּל II (fut. ג'יין akin to אַשָא, אַשָּל II, 1) to bear (a burden), hence אָשָא. 2) to bear or behave oneself towards any one, to requite, mostly construed w. אַשָ Ps. 13, 6 or אַ Deut. 32, 6 of the person; hence fig. to reward, recompense; in a good sense, to benefit, w. acc. of pers. Is. 63, 7, also w. אַר Prov. 31, 12, w. אָשָׁר I Sam. 24, 18, or in a bad sense, to ill treat, w. addition of אַר Ps. 7, 7, or אָשָר Prov. 3, 30.

לאָרָר (fut. אָרָאָי) prob. akin to אַרָאָר (fut. אָרָאָר) prob. akin to fruits) Is. 18, 5. 2) trans. to make mature or ripe (fruits) Num. 17, 23; to wean 1 K. 11, 20 (i. e. to treat as mature, or fit to be taken from the breast), more fully in Is. 28, 9 אָרָר עָרָלָר fully in Is. 28, 9 געלָר (fram. s) 116, 1). - Niph. to be weaned Gen. 21, 8.

لَيَخَبَرُ (r. عَبَّهُ I; pl. تَعَبَّرُهُمْ , see Gram. § 93, 8, Parad. VIII) com, gend. bearer, carrier i. e. the beast of burden, a camel, male or female, Gen. 32, 16. ---- Same as عَبَّهُ, Syr. إيْحَارُ, Arab. جَعَلْ ; hence xduŋλoc, yduµa, Irish caval, F. chameau, Copt. OAMOYA, Sans. kramêla.

אַמַילָה, see אַבָּאַלָה.

דְּבֵלָי pr. n. m. (camel - man) Num. 13, 12.

אָלָאָלָ pr. n. m. (God is my recompense) Num. 1, 10; Sept. and N. Test. Γαμαλιήλ.

DZP I (obs.) akin to by to join, gather together, combine, hence by and perh. Typy, Akin to by I, $\gamma \dot{\alpha} \mu o \zeta$, Sans. yaman (a couple), L. cum, E. chum, W. cym (as in cymdaith companion).

TI (obs.) perh. akin to Arab. جام, to strive after, long for; hence, according to some, جام.

ערבין (obs.) prob. akin to Chald. קיבין to dig, but perh. i. q. אָבָין to gather; hence אַבּין Ecc. 10, 8 perh. may be a pit or a gathering-place, receptacle (comp. בְּקָוָה).

קבל (fut. אָפָל (fut. גָּבָל)) akin to אָפָאָ 1) intrans. to come to an end, to cease, to fail Ps. 7, 10. 2) trans. to bring to an end, to complete, w. אַרָא Ps. 57, 3, w. קבע Ps. 138, 8, where to finish a matter for (גַּבָר, בָּעָר) somebody, is to carry on his cause.

Chald. to perfect, only in part. pass. אָמָר Ezr. 7, 12 finished.

של בָּעָר (completion) Hos. 1, 3. 2) pr. n. f. (completion) Hos. 1, 3. 2) pr. n. of a people prob. the Commerians Gen. 10, 2. ---- This דעם is akin to Kuµµέριou, W. Cymri, L. Cimbri, Crimea and Krim; the root perh. being נו לעבר to be dark (whence קרורים darkness), as they anciently lived in the dark or northern parts of Asia, comp. Hom. Odyss. XI, 14, 15 ένθα δε Kuµµερίων ἀνδρῶν δῆμός τε πόλις τε, ἡέρι xal νεφέλη xεxaλοµµένοι.

יָה), דְּמַרְיָדָה pr. n. m. (דְּמַרְיָדָה) pr. n. m. (דְּמַרְיָדָה) completes) Jer. 29, 8; 36, 10.

נָאָרָ (w. suf. גָּגָי (m. נָאָר), בָּרָ 18; r. נָגָע) com. gend. prop. a place hedged or walled around, hence an enclosure, a garden, orchard, park, Gen. 2, 8, comp. Is. 39, 4. נְזְ מַנָּזָ Gen. 3, 24 pleasure garden, Paradise, called also נְזְ יְחוֹדָה Gen. 13, 10, נְזָ חַלָּדָם ker. 28, 13; but בָּגָ מָלָדָם herb garden, kitchen-garden Deut. 11, 10.

נְבָנֹב (fut. רְבָנֹב) akin to אַב back, Arab. جنب side, prop. to put behind or aside, to secrete (cf. vospisastat in Acts 5, 3), hence to steal, w. acc. of thing Gen. 31, 19; to rob, w. acc. of pers. 2 Sam. 19, 42; part. f. pass. נכחר רום Gen. 31, 39 stolen by day (see Gram. § 90, 3, a); fig. to deceive (cf. L. to فرق to den. 31, 27; esp. w. to steal i. e. to deceive the heart i. e. to evade notice Gen. 31, 20: cf. xλέπτειν νόον Hom. Il. 14. 217. - Niph. to be stolen Ex. 22, 11. — Pi. to steal often (see Gram. § 52, 2, Note 3), to pilfer, Jer. 23, 30; to deceive (w. 22) 2 Sam. 15, 6. — Pu. (inf. abs. IN Gen. 40, 15) to be stolen Ex. 22, 6; w. אֵלַי דָבָר Job 4, 12 אַלַי דָבָר to me a word was stolen, i. e. imparted to me as if by stealth. --Hith. to steal oneself away, i. e. to slink off 2 Sam. 19, 4. Hence

(pl. נַּנָּבִים) m. thief Ex. 22, 1; bands of thieves Is. 1, 23. בַּנָבִים

לְנָבְהוֹ f. (w. suf. וְנְנָבְהוֹ) a theft, thing stolen Ex. 22, 3.

pr. n. m. (perh. Copt., cf. Kvoūqu; prob. theft) 1 K. 11, 20.

נְגְרָבְתָּ Gen. 31, 39 (for נְגָרָתָ) part. pass. fem. constr. st. w. – parag. from r. גָּנָב (Gram. § 90, 3, a).

קקן (r. אָן) f. garden, park Job 8, 16; pl. נְנוֹח groves Am. 4, 9.

TDA f. garden, chiefly in later Heb., Est. 1, 5; r. 22.

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(obs.) akin to يَعْرَى Chald. بريع, syr. بني, to gather together; hence to store up or hide; hence

(only c. pl. (41)) 1) prop. things collected or hidden; hence treasures Est. 3, 9. 2) chests for heeping valuables, treasure-chest Ez. 27, 24, where some render it coverings.

לְלַזָ Chald. (only pl. c. אָנְיַדָּ, def. בָּרָח m. treasures Ezr. 6, 1; בָּרָא גְּנְרָא house of the treasures, treasury Ezr. 5, 17.

נְנְזָרָה (only pl. נְלָזָה) m. treasuries, only 1 Ch. 28, 11; from r. זַאַ w. old format. ending --; see under letter כ.

(1 perf. אָנוֹיִד 2 K. 20, 6, inf. abs. אָנָן Is. 31, 5) akin to אָנָן, perh. אָנָן, דָעָן, דָעָן, to cover, guard, w. גע 2 K. 20, 6 I will cover over this city, i. e. will defend it as w. a covering; w. גע 2 K. 19, 34. — Hiph. (fut. גע ג. 31, 5) to defend, w. גע Zech. 9, 15, w. גע 2 Zech. 12, 8; hence בע

רבנית Chald. (obs.) akin to Heb. גענון, קוז, to cover over, hide, hence און wing, for גנון גנון, as עום is for גנין.

קרור, pr. n. m. (gardener) Neh. 10, 7, written אַרָּהוֹי in 12, 4.

12.---Mimet. like Ar. ž, Syr. to call, cry (of men or cattle), γόη, Sans. ghu (to mutter), L. ceva, Ger. kuh, E. cow (cf. coo and caw, of birds). Hence

pr. n. (lowing) of a place near Jerusalem Jer. 81, 89 העלו לבעל (fut. ירָעָל) akin to אָבָּגָ 2, אָרָאָדָ, to profane, hence to defile; fig. to abhor or reject, to cast away Lev. 26, 44, w. א Jer. 14, 19. — Niph. to be cast away (in disgust or dishonour) 2 Sam. 1, 21. — Hiph. to reject; his bull (אורר), or his cow) casteth not away or refuseth not (the impregnating seed) Job 21, 10.

) 기구 pr. n. m. (loathing) Judg. 9, 26.

לאל m. loathing, only Ez. 16, 5.

(fut. יוָשָר) mimet. akin to Syr. יש to roar, אין דער, אין דער perh. יוַשָּל, to cry out, hence to call out at, to scold, w. אָ of the pers. Gen. 37, 10; to rebuke w. the acc. or w. אָ Ps. 9, 6, Is. 54, 9; אָשָׁאָ 'אָ to rebuke (i. e. to check) the devourer Mal. 3, 11; אָדָרָי 'אָ to chide the seed, i. e. stop it from growing Mal. 2, 3; 'אָ יש to rebuke the sea, i. e. make it quiet Ps. 106, 9 (cf. Mat. 8, 26 בֿרָגָר דוָשְרָפ דָק טּאַלמַכּק).--- This mimet. r. is akin to Sans. gri (to cry), אָרָאָרָי, L. garrio, Ger. girren, W. crio. Deriv. דַּיָאָרָי

נְּעֲרָה (c. נְאֲרָה) f. rebuke Prov. 13, 1.

ליבע (fut. שבי) perh. akin to שבי, to be tossed about, to be shaken, of the earth Ps. 18, 8. — Pu. שיל, to be violently shaken or dismayed Job 34, 20. — Hith. to be shaken, of earth-quake 2 Sam. 22, 8 Q'ri, of the waves of the sea Jer. 5, 22. — Hithpo. שביידי to be shaken, to stagger or reed, as one drunken Jer. 25, 16. Hence

נקעש pr. n. (perh. earthquake) of a part of mount Ephraim Josh. 24, 30; יבולי געש valleys of Gaash 2 Sam. 23, 30.

Qal of يَعْتِي to touch.

קקם pr. n. m. (perh. their smiting or touch, r. נְנָל

[] (pl. c. "Di, r. spi) m. i. q. i the back or ridge; Prov. 9, 3 on the ridges of the heights; fig. body, person, "Di in his own person, by himself alone Ex. 21, 3.

קפין Chald. (pl. אָפָין; r. אָנָאָן) m. soing Dan. 7, 4.

נְקַםָּן, נְגַבָן (obs.) akin to גָּמַרָן, נָּקַם, to be bent, curved, winding. Hence

לְשָׁרָם (w. suf. אָשָׁרָם, pl. שָׁשָרָם) com. gend. (m. only in Hos. 10, 1, 2 K. 4, 39) a vine Is. 7, 23; fully הַשָּׁר יה Num. 6, 4; הָשָׁרָה a field vine, i. e. a wild vine-like plant 2 K. 4, 39, bearing wild cucumber. --- Comp. $\ddot{a}\mu\pi\epsilon\lambda oc$ (perh. = $\dot{a}\mu\varphi$ and $\epsilon\lambda \omega$ or $\epsilon i\lambda(\sigma\sigma\omega)$, L. vitis (= vimen) from vice; but see בַּעַכ

קבב (obs.) akin to אָבַב, to be gibbous, curved; hence אָב, akin to אַנפּרב.

קבר (obs.) akin to גבר, גבר (obs.) akin to גבר, גבר II, נקבר II, to bind, hence to be hard, strong, esp. of a tree; hence

שָּׁם m. prob. cypress, gopher-tree a hard tree, used for ship-building, yielding a kind of resin or pitch, only in Gen. 6, 14 אָרָ קער timbers.--- Akin to געד מָסָר, xuπάρισσος, L. cupressus.

קריית (from גְּשָׁר f. prop. resin of the gopher-tree, pitch; then transferred to sulphur or brimstone Gen. 19, 24.

קר (part. of אוי I) m., אין f., prop. dwelling or sojourning Ex. 12, 49; then w. בִּרָה, a sojourner Ex. 8, 22; inhabitant in general Job 28, 4.

ואָר Is. 27, 9, see ארר lime.

של Jer. 51, 38 i. q. אוי a whelp.

גָרָא pr. n. m. (perh. i. q. גָּרָא grain) Gen. 46, 21.

ברבן (obs.) mimet. akin to באָר אָרָם, perh. אָרָאָ, to scrape, scratch, to tear off. ---- Cf. the mimet. γράφω, L. scribo, W. crafu, ysgrafu, E. grave, scrape, Ger. graben. Hence

273 m. scab or scurvy Deut. 28, 27; as adj. scabbed Lev. 21, 20.

בְרָבָש pr. n. m. (scabby) 2 Sam. 23, 38; but אָרָעָד אָרָב אָרָ pr. n. (hill of the leper) of a hill near Jerusalem, Jer. 31, 39.

נְרָבָר (pl. אָלָרָד (קרָרָים)) m. berry Is. 17, 6; ר. אָלָר ד (ח בָּלָב I to be round. גָרָרָרָדָן (only in pl. w. suff. שָׁרָ גָר יוּ בָרָבָרָדָן (only in pl. w. suff. but always of the external throat, gullet, but always of the external throat, the neck Prov. 1, 9. ---- Akin to אָרָדן אָרָדָן גָר מָטַרָּפָרָאָר, L. gurgulio, Ger. gurgel, E. gurgle, all taken from the rough, rolling sound in the throat.

to cast forth i. e. mud (said of the sea in Is. 57, 20); hence to be slimy, miry, hence

נְקְבָּעָשׁ pr. n. (perh. clay soil) of a region in Canaan; gentil. n. גּרְאָשׁי *Girgashite* Gen. 10, 16.

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general. — Hith. to scratch oneself, w. Ξ of instrument Job 2, 8. --- Cf. the mimetic χαράττω, Ital. grattare, L. radere, E. grate, scratch, W. carthu, Ger. kratsen; cf. Σ<u>Σ</u>.

I (Qal obs.) perh. akin to דָּרָרָ , דָּרָרָ , דָּרָרָ , דָרָרָ , דַרָרָ , דַרָרָה , דַרָרָ , דַרָר , דַרָרָ , דַרָרָ , דַרָר , דַרָרָ , דַרָרָ , דַרָרָ , דַרָרָ , דַרָרָ , דַרָר , דַרָרָ , דַרָר , דַרָר , דַרָר , דַרָרָ , דַרָר , דַרָרָ , דַרָר , דַרָרָ , דַרָר , דַרָרָ , קַרָרָר , דַרָרָ , דַרָרָ , דַרָרָ , דַרָרָ , דַרָר , דַרָרָ , דַרָר , דַרָרָ , דַרָרָ , דַרַי , דַרַי , אַרָר , דַרָר , דַרי , דַרי , דַרָר , דַרָר , דַרָר , דַרי , דַרי , דַרי , דַרי , דַר , הַיין , דַי, , דַר , דַר , הַ ,

דָרָד II (obs.) i. q. גָרַד III, to swallow, gurgle; hence גָרָז, גָרָז,

לקרה (formed like קרה) f. 1) something swallowed down(r. הקון), esp. the cud, הקון לי גרָה to bring up the cud Lev. 11, 3, הקבר בר גרָה to swallow the cud Lev. 11, 7, both used for chewing the cud. 2) i. q. ברבר, a grain, kernel, used as the smallest weight and coin, a gerah, the twentieth part of a shekel Ex. 30, 13; r. הקב to be round.

נְרָרָן, i, בְּרָוֹן, i, דָּרָד, וּ שָּרָרָ, i, throat, as the organ of speech Is. 58, 1, of swallowing Ps. 69, 4; to cry w. the throat, i. e. aloud Is. 58, 1; neck Is. 3, 16; akin to נָרָרָרָי, which see.

f. place of sojourn, an inn, only Jer. 41, 17; r. אור I.

נעם (Qal obs.) i. q. אָרָד, to cut off, sever. — Niph. only in Ps. 31, 23 נְבְרַאָהָי I am cut off. Deriv. אַרָּעָן אָר

דָרָן pr. n. (a waste) of an unknown region, hence gentil. גְּרְוֹי, Deut. 11, 29; 1 Sam. 27, 8 (Q'ri גְּרְרֹי) Girzite, or Gerizite.

pr. n. (always w. דע, mount | m. bone Dan. 6, 25.

of the Gerizites) of a mountain opposite to Mt. Ebal on its south side Josh. 8, 33.

קרָלָם, an axe Deut. 19, 5; r. יַשָּׁר i. q. אַרָּד (Gram. § 82, 1, Note²).

נסא.) i. q. דָרָיָט, to carve or hollow out (a vessel to hold something), hence אַגַרְשָל.

I (obs.) akin to גָרָר II (as גָרָ to יָדָר, mod. Syr. גָרָל (Stoddard's Gram. p. 12) to roll; hence prob. גָרָג a pebble used as a lot.

ער (obs.) akin to אָרָר II (obs.) akin to דָרָר II, to be rough, sharp; hence

אָלל adj. m. sharp, only as c. אָלל in K'thibh of Prov. 19, 19 אָרָל-חַמָּד stern of anger; perh. for אָרָל-חַמָּד as in Q'ri, cf. μεγαλόθυμος.

גורל see ברָל.

קרם ז'(obs.) akin to קרם, to overlay, to cover over; hence

גָרָם (pl. בּרָבים) m. prop. crust, skin (cf. Talm. אָרָם); fig. body (comp. body in Job 18, 13), Gen. 49, 14 grown, stout; bone Prov. 17, 22; like אָרָבּרָם רָשָׁצָלוית in self, very, 2 K. 9, 13 קער האָרָם האָרָא אָר אָרָם upon the steps themselves i. e. the very steps, the bare steps. Hence

בְרַם Chald. (pl. w. suf. בְרַם, m. bone Dan. 6, 25.

דָרָלָד pr. n. m. (bony or strong) 1 Ch. 4, 19.

נסא (obs.) perh. akin to גָרָד II, גָרָד I, to roll, hence to level, make smooth. Hence

לינו (w. suf. אָרָעוֹד Is. 21, 10, w. Joel 2, 24, c. אָרָעוֹד Is. 9, 1.) m. (f. in Jer. 51, 33) 1) prop. a rolling, hence level place, area, before the gate of a city 1 K. 22, 10. 2) threshingfloor Buth 3, 2; אָרָעָר Son of my threshing-floor Is. 21, 10, i. e. my poor people crushed as corn in the threshing; fig. for grain Job 39, 12.

די וון (Qal obs.) akin to געד III, Arab. איל איל, to swallow (water). - Pi. (fut. געד), to drink up Job 86, 27.

קרַב perh. akin to דָרָב, פָּרָב, to grasp (hence בָּרָשָׁה, אָגְרוֹק), only in Judg. 5, 21 to snatch away. ---- Comp. G. greifen, E. gripe, grab, grapple, grip.

ן (fut. יָלָרָתוּ; w. suf. ורָלַרָתוּ)

akin to אָגָר, Chald. רְנָר, to collect Hab. 1, 15; to snatch away Prov. 21, 7.

קנר II (Qal obs.) to saw, hence קנר II. (Qal obs.) to sawed asunder 1 K. 7,9. ---- Mimet. akin to χράω, xείρω, Sans. châr (hew), E. shear.

יער III only in fut. Qal יער (which may be Niph.), mimet. akin to אָרָאָדָ II, γαργαρίζω, gurgle; hence to chew the cud, only Lev. 11, 7; hence גַּרְאָדָר

וע (Qal obs.) akin to אַבָּל ג גער אָבָרָאָ גער (whence perh. אָבָרָא, akin to אָבָרָא, what is rolled or folded up, a letter), to roll; hence - Hithpo el רידוריך to roll itself, to whirl, of a tempest Jer. 80,23 (רידוביר, to whirl, of a tempest Jer. 80,23 (רידוביר, to whirl, of a tempest Jer. 80,23 (רידוביר, to whirl, of a tempest Jer. 80,23 (רידוביר) in 1 K. 17, 20, and Hos. 7, 14, belongs to רידוביר). Akin to Sans. char (to stir), L. curro, W. gyrru.

קר pr. n. (circle, r. אָרָר IV) of a city in Philistia Gen. 20, 1.

or pound, esp. grains; hence

שָׁרָשָׁה (w. suf. אָרָשָׁה) m. a crushing, esp.crushedorpoundedgrain Lev.2,16.

m. a putting forth (of fruit), hence a yield, product, only

in Deut. 33, 14 אָרָשׁ produce of the months ; r. אָרָשׁ, whence also

קרשרו (pl. רְשָׁשׁרוּ) f. driving out, ejectment or expulsion, only in Ez. 45, 9; Sept. xataδυνastela oppression.

קישוך pr. n. m. (expulsion, r. قَرْصَال gen. 46, 11; gentil. גַּרְשָׁר *Ger-shonite* Num. 3, 23.

שוֹם pr.n.m. (expulsion, or perh. stranger there, as if = של זוָ א son of Moses Ex. 2, 22.

זרשור, see גרשור.

עַשָּׁד, -שָׁאַ Gen. 19, 9, דעָשָׁז, see שָׁזַי.

imp. pl. of پرينې; but الغ in Josh. 3, 9 and بنې: 2 fem. in Ruth 12, 14 (Gram. § 66, 1).

קטור pr. n. (bridge, r. קטור קטור district in Syria 2 Sam. 3, 3; gentil. קשור *Geshurite*, a people at the foot of Hermon Deut. 3, 14; also a people in the South of Palestine 1 Sam. 27, 8.

ר (Qal obs.) akin to ניזא, ריקא, to gush out, to rain. — Pu. ששָׁא to be rained upon Ez. 22, 24, where ריקשָאָ is prob. for ריקשָאָ; but see ששָא. — Hiph. to cause to rain Jer. 14, 22. Perh. denom. from ששָׁאַ.

الإلال (obs.) perh. akin to تغير (نون), to touch; hence to be tangible; hence perh. منبع II.

נְשָׁשֶׁבָי I. (אָנָשְׁבִי, כּ. בְּשָׁשָׁבִי) m. an out-pouring, gushing rain, heavy shower 1 K. 18, 41; רְשָׁש Zech. 10, 1; רְשָׁש Job 37, 6; r. בַּשָׁש I.

שלא II pr. n. m. (perh. tangibleness, firmness) Neh. 2, 19, also אין in 3, 6.

ם אָשָׁם i. q. שָּׁשָׁ *rain*, perb. in אָשָׁם Ez. 22, 24 *her rain*; but see נָשָׁם I.

Dup Chald. (w. suf. השָׁשָׁא, זְוֹהשָׁשָׁא)

m. body Dan. 4, 30; prob. akin to Heb. Dup II.

קשטין pr. n. m. (perh. tangibleness) i. q. שַשָּׁא, Neh. 6, 6 ; r. שַשָּׁא II.

 $[U]_3$ pr. n. 1) of a region in Egypt Gen. 45, 10. 2) a city and district in the mountains of Judah Josh. 10, 41. ---- If Semitic, the name prob. means cloddy, fertile (r. UNE), cf. Homer's $\hat{\epsilon}$ pi- $\beta \tilde{\omega} \lambda \alpha \xi$; perh. well-watered (akin to bugs I).

Nộu pr. n. m. (perh. a caressing) Neh. 11, 21.

קַשָּׁר, to bind; hence to build a bridge, whence קַשָּׁר, Arab. אָבָּעָיל to bridge, Syr. אָבָעָי, כּר זָבָּעָיסָטָע גָבּטַגָּמו Herod. 1, 205; פּבּפּ II.

עניש akin to אָנָשָ II, only in Pi. to touch or feel, to grope for, w. acc., only Is. 59, 10.

רַשָּׁא, inf. Qal of נְנַשׁא,

קרות (pl. הוויה) f. 1) wine-press, trough, in wh. the grapes were pressed, from which the juice flowed into the ארב (שׁתאֹין (שׁתאֹין) Joel 4, 13; הווים (שׁתאֹין שׁתאָין) Joel 4, 13; היין נס tread the wine-press Neh. 13, 15; r. הקר, or perh. better from ארב, hence הקר, 2) pr. n. of a Philistine city 1 Sam. 17, 4; gentil. האר Gathite, Gittite Josh. 13, 3. pr. n. (wine-press of the excavation) of a city in Zebulon Josh. 19, 13; of a city in Dan Josh. 19, 45.

pr. n. (two winepresses) of a city of Benjamin Neh. 11, 33.

(prop. adj. f. from) f. name

of a tune or musical instrument Ps. 8, 1, either brought from *Gath* or perh. popular among the *vintagers*; or from קנן.

pr. n. (perh. akin to שָׁוָא |

bridge) of a district in Chaldea Gen. 10, 23.

קר (obs.) perh. akin to קר (obs.) perh. akin to cut in, to scoop or hollow out, hence perh. אַן see גָוָן.

ר Dailetth, the 4th letter in the Heb. Alphabet; hence used also as the numeral for 4. Its form on early Phenician and Heb. inscriptions is Δ or ∇ , whence the Greek Δ and the Boman D. Its name גַּלָח (Babbinic pl. דָלָח) is the same as גָּלָח door; and its primitive triangular form was prob.intended to represent a tent-door. The form and name (whence the Gr. $\Delta \epsilon \lambda \tau \alpha$) served to suggest by the initial sound the force of the letter, which is either d (\neg) or softer as dh(γ) = our th in thou; Gram. § 7, 3.

ן interchanges — 1 with its kindred linguals and dentals (or sibilants) ז, ט, א, ט, א, א, ש, א (see under each), e. g. אָבָל = דָבָל, אָבָם = דָרָבָ שָּבָל = דָרָבָל, אָבָם דָרָבָ, לוֹש = דָרָבָ (cf. δάχρυον = L. lacrima, odor = olor = δίη), אָבָל = דָרָבָ (cf. also בָרָבָ דָרָ, אָבָרָ = דָרָבָ הַבָּבָל = בָרַבָּר, אָבָרָ = בָרַבָּר (cf. גאָלָש = L. curo, גאָלָבָם = בָּרָבָ (cf. גאָלָש = L. curo, גאָלָבָם = בָּרָבָ (cf. גאָלָש = L. curo, גאָלָבָם = בָּרָבָ (cf. גאָלָש = L. curo, גאָלָבָם = בָרָבָר (cf. גאָלָש = ב. curo, גאָלָבָם = בָרָבָר (cf. גאָלָב = בָרַבָר (cf. גאָלָב = בָרַבָר (cf. גאָלָב = בַרָרָ בָרָרָ (cf. גאָלָב = בַרַבָר (cf. גאָלָב = בַרַבָר (cf. גאָלָב = בַרַבָר (cf. גאָלָב = בַרַרָרָ בָרַבָר (cf. גאָלָב = בַרַבָר גאָלָג = בַרַבָר גאָבָר = בַרַבָר

Γ seems to be a formative ending (peh. akin to $\lambda \epsilon \mu \pi - \dot{\alpha} \delta - o \zeta$ from λάμπω) in עָּקָדָ from סָרְפָּד in עָּקָד, אָקָדָ from עָּקָדָי זעָקָר from עָּקָד לאָלָג, אָרָמָל גָאָגאָג, אָרָאָר גוּ אָרָ גער גער גער גַרְפָס אוּ גַּלָמוּר גער גַרָפַס skin to גַּלָמוּר גָעָס גַלָּמוּר גער גַּרָשָׁר גָפָרָשׁר גָפַרָשָׁר גָעַרַ

Chald. pron. demon. f. (יש m.), akin to Heb. יא, וא, this Dan. 7, 8; used as a neuter this thing (else יוָד, י, לרָא לרָא . (רְנָק this to that, i. e. together Dan. 5, 6; א כָרָי, this from that Dan. 7, 8, i. e. from one another.

באָרָד (inf. אָדָר Jer. 31, 12, Gram. § 45, 1, b) akin to אָדָר אָדָר, וּדָר, וּדָ אָדָר דָּרָא, to melt or flow away, to languish, esp. of the pining of the eye for grief Ps. 88, 10; of the spirit (מָשׁ) Jer. 31, 25; of a person Jer. 31, 12. Hence

דאָבָה f. a melting away for anxiety, fig. dread, only Job 41, 14.

דָאָבוֹן (r. דָּאָבוֹן: c. דָּאָבוֹן) m. apining away, of the soul Deut. 28, 65.

JNJ i. q. JJ a fish Neh. 13, 16.

רדין: (fut. אָרין) prob. akin to לידי, prop. to be crushed; hence fig. to be depressed, anxious or despondent Jer. 17, 8, w. acc. Is. 57, 11, w. קי Jer. 42, 16, w. > of the pers. for whom one is anxious 1 Sam. 9, 5; w. p of that from or on account of

which one fears Ps. 38, 19, cf. Jer. 42, 16; hence

Not 1 Sam. 21, 8.

דָאָבָר (דָאָג.) f. anxiety, depression Ez. 4, 16; agitation (of the sea) Jer. 49, 23; cf. דָאָבָר

(fut. דְּאָח, apoc. אד Ps. 18, 11) akin to דְּדָא II, to dart, to fly swiftly (poet. for עלק of birds of prey Deut. 28, 49; of God, Ps. 18, 11 and He did fly ישר on wings of the wind; hence ישר and יאנא .--- Cf. Sans. dhu, dhav (to haste), θέ-ειν.

in, 14; Sept. γόψ, vulture; Vulg. milvus, kite or glede, this last name being quite analogous, since it comes from glide and refers to the bird's darting, rapid flight.

to be tottering, to be poor. Hence

דאר, see האר 4.

קברם דוב זיס דוב (pl. דְּבָרָם) epic. bear or she-bear 1 Sam. 17, 34; הד שַׁבּוּל bear bereaved of her young Hos. 13, 8; pl. דְבָר she-bears 2 K. 2, 24; r. דְבָר II.

□7 Chald. a bear (masc. or fem.) Dan. 7, 5.

(obs.) perh. akin to גָּאָב (obs.) perh. akin to גָּאָב, אָדָאָ

m. affluence, fulness; only in Deut. 33, 25 as thy days, so דָבָא thy affluence (Sept. ή logic gou), i. e. let thy prosperity be as long as life.

געבון I (Qal obs.) perh. mimet. and akin to יקר I, W. *Uavar*, Bret. lavaret, Irish lavra ($\neg = 1$), whence perh. palaver, to speak. — Pi. (obs.) ذَابَ (akin to Syr. مُحْثَ , Arab. جَقِد to noise, to scold), to tattle or blab, to slander, whence جَقِد . — Po. جَقِد cause to speak, to make talkative, of wine Cant. 7, 10.

ד ו (obs.) akin to Arab. גָּיָן, to be hairy, shaggy; hence perh. בק.

נסאב (obs.) akin to הָאָב to flow out, to evacuate (the body); cf. יַבְרוֹן

רְבָרוֹ f. tattle or talk Jer. 20, 10; esp. report or rumour Gen. 37, 2; akin to Syr. בבן במסיי: r. בבד I.

ירבוידה (pl. דְבוֹיָה Ps. 118, 12) f. 1) a bee Is. 7, 18; perh. from דָבָ = דָבָר sting (hence a stinger). 2) pr. n. f. of Bebekah's nurse Gen. 35,8; of the prophetess Judg. 4, 4 (of. Mé- $\lambda (\sigma \sigma a)$. ---- Most derive this noun from $\tau \in T$, hence swarmer; but perh. it comes from דָבָר to trill or hum = G. summen, hence a buzzer.

לבת Chald. i. q. Heb. אָבָה, דבק, to sacrifice Ezr. 6, 3.

הַבָּחֹין Chald. (pl. הְבָחִין) m. a sacrifice Ezr. 6, 3; i. q. Heb. זַבַר, הַנַבָּח, הַנַבַ

נְכָּבָז (only pl. דְּבְרוֹיָז; r. וּבָּרוֹיָן m. discharges (of the body), dung 2 K. 6, 25 (in Q'ri), for יְחַרֵי וֹנְים (in K'thibh) excrements of doves; cf. הָצַנְּעָמ אַמַבָּדָאָכָ.

ידָרָר m. 1) the inner or hinder sanctuary (of the temple), else called קוש קַדָשָׁים, the west chamber, prob. from קָשָׁים, the west chamber, p

6, 5. 2) pr. n. (pasture, r.); II) of a city in Judah Josh. 12, 13; also in Gad Josh. 18, 26; also near Jericho Josh. 15, 7. 3) pr. n. m. (perh. oracle) Josh. 10, 3.

להביק, to Chald. (obs.) i. q. הַבָּק, to stick or join together, hence נִיְהָהָ

יבל (obs.) prob. akin to אָבָל, to press together, hence

רְבָלָת pl. וְדְבָלָת ג מָ (c. דְבָלָת, pl. וְדְבָלָת solid mass, a cake 1 Sam. 25,18,2 K. 20, 7.

דָּבָלָד, pr. n. (perh. a cake) of a city, only Ez. 6, 14 prob. from the (Arabian) desert to Diblah (in Byriac, בסייי is the name of Antioch); but Gesenius and others consider בילי a corruption of הבָלָי.

רְבְלָיָם pr. n. m. (perh. doublecake) Hos. 1, 8.

(דְּבְלָחֲדְם (ש. ה- וסב. וּדְבָלָחְדָם (w. ה- וסב. וּדְבָלָחָדָם) pr. n. (perh. double-cake) of a city of Moab Num. 33, 46; also w. אַדָּד קרת 48, 22.

and P. . . (pz; 2 K. 3, 3, דָבַקָד Job 29, 10, דְבַקָד 41, 15; fut. רְרָבָקה, inf. דְרָקָה dobhqā' Deut. 11, 22) akin to דְּבָה, perh. סָבַה, to cleave to, as the tongue to palate, w. אָל Lam. 4, 4, w. > Ps. 137, 6; to adhere to a person, w. v Ruth 2, 8, w. p v. 23, w. ל (לארץ) Ps. 44, 26; to cling or press after, w. אַדער Ps. 63, 9; hence fig. to chase, to pursue, so as to hold fast the object of pursuit, w. acc. Gen. 19, 19, w. 7 Deut. 28, 60, w. Jer. 42, 16. Also absolutely to cleave together Job 41, 15. — **Pu.** to be firmly stuck together Job 38, 38, w. ج Job 41, 9. --- Hiph. to cause to cleave, w. 5x Jer. 13, 11, w. ק Deut. 28, 21; to chase after, pursue, w. אָחָר Judg. 20, 45, w. acc. Gen. 31, 23, w. ק Deut. 28, 21, and then as in Qal, to overtake 2 Sam. 1, 6. — Hoph. to be made to cleave, i. e. to stick fast, w. acc. Ps. 22, 16. Hence

רָבְקָר adj. m. (pl. רְבָקָר , רְבָקָר f., cleaving to, w. ב Deut. 4, 4; w. ל 2 Ch. 3, 12; attached or steadfast, Prov. 18, 24 הָבָק מַאָד more attached than a brother.

ףקד m. 1) soldering or welding of metals Is. 41, 7. 2) joints, only pl. קרקים, in coat of mail 1 K. 22, 34, or perh. armpits; r. p⊒ק.

רָבְקִין Chald. (part. pl. דְבָקי) to cleave together (i. q. דְבָק, רְבָהָ Dan. 2, 43.

I perh. mimet. and akin to تَحَتَّ I, Arab. ذَأَبَ Syr. حَمَّرٌ, to speak, in which sense it occurs in Qal part. act. הֹבֵר speaking Ex. 6, 29 (usually in Pi el), part. pass. דֶבֶר spoken Prov. 25, 11; inf. w. suf. דָרְרָהָ thy speaking Ps. 51,6. — Niph. נְרָבֵר to speak to one another, to converse Mal. 3, 16; w. אַל of person against whom Mal. 3, 13; w. p about whom Ez. 33, 30, cf. Ps. 119, 24. - Pi. דְבָר (in pause רְבֵר) 1) to speak, where what is spoken needs not follow (as it usually does after אָמָד to say, cf. גמגני and λέγειν, Ger. reden and sagen, L. loqui and *dicere*) hence it may stand absolutely as in Is. 1, 2. The person addressed may stand w. مجل Gen. 12, 4, w. 5 Judg. 14, 7, w. Dy Deut. 5, 4, w. אָח Num. 26, 3, perh. w. אָח Jer. 6, 10. But the meaning may be modified acc. to the prep. e.g. speaking to is construed w. 5% Gen. 8, 15, w. Judg. 14, 7, w. דְ (of an inward im-

pression or revelation) Zech. 1, 9, Hab. 2, 1, seldom w. acc. Gen. 37, 4; speaking of, w. acc. Ruth 4, 1, w. 드 1 Sam. 19, 3, w. על K. 2, 19, w. אל (אָלָי) Job 42, 7; speaking against, w. Deut. 13, 6, w. א Num. 21, 7. 2) to promise Deut. 19, 8, or to threaten Ex. 32, 14; to command, w. 5x Ex. 1, 17; to warn 1 Sam. 25, 17; to sing (a song) Judg. 5, 12; these and other shades of the meaning to speak arise as the context may suggest. To speak to a woman (w. ₽ 1 Sam. 25, 39, w. 5 Judg. 14, 7) i. e. to woo her; דבר על לב to speak (so as to lay) on the heart, i. e. to comfort (π apaμυθείσθαι) Gen. 34, 3; but when 2 occurs w. the suf. of the person who speaks, it means to speak to oneself, to soliloquise, מִדְבֵרֶת צָל־לְבָה 1 Sam. 1, 13; of God, דְבָר טוֹב עַל to speak good about some one i. e. to promise it to him Num. 10, 29; דְּבֶר רַעָח על to threaten evil concerning some one 1 K. 22, 23; הבר טובות to speak good things i. e. kindly, w. by Jer. 12, 6, w. דְבָר שָלום K. 25, 28; דָבָר שָלום to speak peaceably, w. vith some one Ps. 28, 3, w. אָל to promise peace to, Ps. 85, 9, also w. rx Jer. 9, 7; w. z to bespeak peace in, Ps. 122, 8; w. > to speak for, on behalf of Est. 10, 3; ה' מִשָׁפָט אָת to speak judgment with i. e. pass sentence on Jer. 39, 5. -Pu. to be spoken, promised Ps. 87, 3; w. 5 to be bespoken, i. e. asked for in marriage Cant. 8, 8. - Hith. to converse, part. בְּדָבֶר (see Gram. § 54, 2, b) Num. 7, 89, part. fem. קהַבְּרֹחֵיק perh. thy things spoken (in converse) Deut. 38, 3; but see הַבְּרָת.

נכאד II (Qal obs.) to drive (cattle to pasture), hence הְּבֶר perh. also to drive or snatch away (of the plague), hence perh. הַבָּר -- Pi.to destroy Ps. 127,5, 2 Ch. 22, 10 (דאָבָיר in parall. 2 K. 12,11). -- Hiph. דְּרְבָיר to drive or lead, w. דְרָבָיר to subjugate Ps. 47, 4; 18, 48 (parall. in 2 Sam. 22, 48 בֹרָרָד from בָּיָ).

אין דער (obs.) perh. akin to Arab. גֿאָ to be behind; hence perh. ג דְבָר

דע (Qal obs.) perh. akin to ק. Arab. גני, to be sharp, to sting; hence perh. אָבֶר (which see), and also — Pi. to destroy in Ps. 127, 5, 2 Ch. 22, 10, but see דען II. Comp. alguh, L. acies for sharp point and battle.

רְבָרִים .pl הְכָרִי .w. suf הְבַר .c) לָבָר, c. דְּבְרָד; r. דְּבָר I) m. 1) speaking, speech, word, hence גבון הָבָר skilled in speech 1 Sam. 16, 18 i. e. eloquent; the same meaning w. the pl. e.g. איש הכרים Ex. 4, 10; also a word Job 2, 13, Gen. 44, 18. Fig. command Josh. 1, 13; precept. of God Num. 23, 5, of a king Est. 1, 19, as their words are commands; the ten commandments, צַטֶּרֶת הַהְבָרִים i. e. the decalogue Ex. 34, 28; promise 1 K. 2, 4; oracle Jer. 1, 4; revelation Is. 9, 7; a saying Prov. 4, 4; counsel 2 Sam. 17, 6; proposal 1 K. 1, 7; report 1 K. 10, 6; הַרָה דְבָר the word of הה was upon some one 1 Ch. 22, 8; w. אל to some one Jer. 1, 4. -- 2) the purport of a word, i.e. what it is the sign of, hence a thing or matter in general (so too, πέρ2, cf. λόγος, ἔπος, ῥῆμα, Ger. sache from sagen), when it means an event or occurrence, e. g. הדֶבַר חַוֶּה Gen. 20, 10 this matter, also pl. זַהְבַרִים קאלה Gen. 15, 1 these things i. e. events; so the matters, acts (הְבְרֵי) of Solomon 1 K. 11, 41; the events of the days 1 Ch. 27, 24, i. e. chro-

nicles; the history of the tribute הְבָר 1 K. 9, 15; the account of God's mighty deeds Job 41, 4; the matters (הברר) of sins Ps. 65, 4; הברר) a day's business in its day, i. e. regular daily task Ex. 5, 13; a cause (in law) Ex. 18, 16, fully בר משפט 2Ch.19,6; a reason Josh.5,4; עַל הָבָרים a litigant Ex. 24, 14; עַל יבר on account of Gen. 12, 17 or דָבר דְבְרַר Deut. 4, 21; דְבָר אֲשֶׁר because that, before verb Deut. 22, 24. -Also something, any thing Gen. 18, 14; אָרן דָבָר there is nothing Judg. 18, 7; בל-הַבָר every thing Num. 31, 23.

(pl. דְבָרִים Hos. 13, 14; perh. r. דְבָר II) m. a leading or driving, hence destruction, plague (cf. Arab. death) Lev. 26, 25; murrain دبر among beasts, cattle-plague Ex. 9, 3. The pl. signifies the different kinds of death, the most terrible of which is בכור ביות Job 18, 18 the first-born of death. Often w. the art. (like דְּעֵרָה) Deut. 28, 21, see Gram. § 109, Rem. 1, b. - Perh. the r. is דָבָר IV to be sharp (akin to Arab. i to be incurable), hence a sting (הָרָבוֹן), whence perh. the quotation from Hos. 13, 14 in 1 Cor. 15, 55 ποῦ σου, θάνατε, τὸ χέντρον;

יה speaker, perh. in Jer. 5, 13 הַהָּבָר *the speaker* i. e. the Spirit of God which speaks in the prophets; but most take it for הַבָּר (so Sept., Syr., Vulg.) or for הַבָּר *he that* speaketh; see Gram. § 109, Rem.

שלקר (w. suf. יָדָרָן, דְּדָרָן), דְּבָר m. i. q. מְדְבָר pasture or range, where cattle are lead (cf. our sheep walk) Mic. 2, 12; פְּדָרָן perh. for קדָרְרָן as in their own range or pasture Is. 5, 17. יקר only in pr. n. לא יְכֶר (no pasture) 2 Sam. 17, 27.

אָבָר pr. n. Josh. 12, 13; see אָבָר אָבָרָאָ Chald. (only c. הְבָרָא) f. i. q. Heb. אָבָרָא, cause or reason, עַ ל to the end that Dan. 2, 30.

נַבָּרָיח (only pl. בַּבָרָיח) f. utterance, word; אַ בִּבַּרְיחָיף he receives of thy utterances (God's) Deut. 33, 3, Sept. ἐδέξατο ἀπὸ τῶν λόγων αὐτοῦ; but comp. Hithp. of בָּבָר

יְבוֹרָת, see הְבֹרָת.

pr. n. m. (perh. pastoral דְּבְרָי or eloquent, r. דְּבָר I or II) Lev. 24, 11.

דְרָרָת pr. n. (perh. pasture-land, r. דָרָע II) of a Levitical city of Issachar Josh. 21, 28.

וֹקְרָרָז (only pl. הְרָרָז; r. דְּבָרוּ) f. prop. a drift, a float, hence rafts, only in 1 K. 5, 23.

קבק (obs.) perh. akin to דָבַק, Syr. איס, to stick or glue; hence הָבָשׁח perh. also

עָרָשָׁ, w. suf. דָרָשׁ, r. יה. perh. what is soft and sticky, hence 1) honey of bees Lev. 2. 11; יסגר דְרָשׁ אַשְׂרְעָ, Ps. 81, 17 from a rock with honey will I satisfy thee, or perh. from the rock of honey. 2) honey of grapes, syrup or must Gen. 43, 11. Among the Arabs this syrup or must is largely used (as our sugar or treacle), and is called cym. dibs.

רשת f. 1) lump of fat, fig. hump of a camel, which is a mass of fat Is. 30, 6. 2) pr. n. of a place (camel's hump) Josh. 19, 11.

כָּגָר (pl. דְּגָר, c. יְדְגַר; r. דְּגָר) m. a fish Gen. 9, 2.

(fut. רְדָאָד) perh. akin to (רְדָאָד) to increase, to multiply abundantly (like fish or grain), only Gen. 48, 16; hence אָדָג, דָג, perh. אָדָגן.

דָרָה (c. דְּנָח; r. נְדָנָח) f. a fish Deut. 4, 18; mostly collect. fish Gen. 1, 26.

לְעָרָד pr. n. (fish-like or prolific, r. (גָרָ) of an idol in form of a fish (גָרָ) 1 Sam. 5, 2. In the mythology of the country it has the feminine ending, whence אָרָאָ בּרָא inserted, as often), a fish-deity having the form of a woman, a mermaid.

גָּקָל I (obs.) perh. akin to אָקָל, לקל, Chald. אַקָר, to suspend, hence perh. to float or flutter; hence הַגָּג Comp. נָמָט (בָּשָׁא ב נָמָד ב

קָלָלים (w. suf. דְּלָל , pl. דְּלָל ; יָבָלָים, c. דְּלָל) וו שָׁבָל (דְבָל ז : דְּלָלָים) וו שָׁנוּ שָׁנוּ ד (prop. a pendant) Num. 1, 52; 2, 2; cf. אורו I, 2. Hence

לְבָנָאל II (fut. אָדָאָ, part. pass. דְבָל) denom. from דְבָל, to set up or display a banner Ps. 20, 6, hence fig. אָדָעָד נקובע distinguished, conspicuous Cant. 5, 10. — Niph. כְּבָאלית furnished w. banners, דְבָלָלים terrible as the bannered hosts Cant. 6, 4.

קינה (obs.) prob. akin to דְּנָה, to grow, to increase; hence

נְדָבָן (c. דְבָן) m. grain or corn | gleam; hence בַּדְהַבָּה.

Gen. 27, 28; but also bread Lam. 2, 12, made from דָבָן.

יָדָד (friend), only in pr. n. אָלְדָּד. דיז, see דיד.

ל (dual. הַבָּרָ, כּ. הַבָּיָ) f. breast of the female for suckling Prov. 5, 19.--- Prob. = דשׁ (which see), Chald. הַבָּו כָּו דֹנדּטָ, E. teat, W. tēth.

(w. البترة) 1) pr. n. (perh. low country) of a people and region on the Persian gulf, Gen. 10, 7. 2) pr. n. of a people and region in the north of Arabia Gen. 25, 3.

דָרָן Ez. 25, 13, see הְרָבָר

דְרָלָים pr. n. of a people descended from Javan (i. e. Greeks), perh. Dodoneans Gen. 10, 4; see ירָיָרָים.

קרב (obs.) i. q. זְדָר, to shine, gleam; hence מַרְהָבָה.

DIT Chald. (obs.) to glitter;

יבָרו , הַרָּבָא , לעבו (def. יבָרו , דַרָּג) m. gold Dan. 2, 32; i. q. Heb. זָרָנ.

ידע (gentilic n. from דָּדָלָ def. pl. דָּלָלָא), in K'thibh דָּלָלָא) m. inhabitants of Dahistan, or from Pers. גש deh (a village) and so it may mean the colony of villagers Ezr. 4, 9, prob. the Adot on the Caspian sea.

עקבו (Qal obs.) mimet. akin to and הוא קריין, Ger. dumm, our dumb. — Niph. וידים to be dumb-foundered or astounded Jer. 14, 9.

וָהַדָּלָדָוֹ (pl. הַהַרוֹת) f. a run, a race Judg. 5, 22.

דב see דוב.

קאב ,זוּב סאוֹה (Qal obs.) akin to אָדָב, אָדָב, to flow or pine away. — Hiph. ו קיבון i. q. קאַדָיב to consume, part. הִיבוֹן Lev. 26, 16; hence הִיבוֹן.

and ייי (Qal obs.) denom. of וְדָינוּם, to fish, Jer. 16, 16 וְדָינוּם thy shall fish them; hence

지] m. a fisher Jer. 16, 16 in K'thibh, for 맛 in Q'ri.

קירות f. a fishing, fishery, קירות fishing hooks Am. 4, 2.

לי יו (obs.) akin to דאד, 1) to boil, hence אד a pot. 2) fig. of the heart, to be warmed, moved, hence (like Syr. 202) to love (i. q. יְרָד), hence

הודים (w. suf. הידי, pl. הודים) m. 1) love (between the sexes), esp. in the pl., e. g. רְנָה הוֹדִים to be intoxicated w. embraces Prov. 7, 18; עו הדים time of loves i. e the tender passions Ez. 16, 8. 2) concr. an object of love, a beloved Cant. 1, 13; a friend Is. 5, 1 (cf. Syr. 1,29), esp. uncle, father's brother, Lev. 10, 4; but in Jer. 32, 12 stands perh. for בן היד a nephew; r. הדי, whence also

דור m. 1) a boiler or pot Job 41, 12, pl. אָלָרָד 2 Ch. 35, 18; cf. Syr. אָלָר kettle. 2) a basket (compare Eng. pottle, for fruit) Jer. 24, 2, pl. דורים גערים 2K. 10, 7.

יַן דָרָד, דָרָדָ (in later books, as Chr., Ezr., Neh., Zech., rarely elsewhere, as in Hos. 3, 5, Am. 6, 5) pr. n. m. (verbal adj. from דָּד, beloved) David, 1 Sam. 16, 13. Perh. for קָּרָד i. e. the Messiah, in Ez. 34, 24.--- Cf. the proper names Διδώ (דָּרָד וסער), Φιλήτης, Φιλήμων, Έραστος, Carus בדָרָ אָרָם, see

לוודר) aunt, father's sister Ex. 6, 20; or uncle's wife Lev. 18, 14; prop. female friend.

דרדן pr. n. m. (for דרדן loving) 1 Ch. 11, 12, for which דורי in 2 Sam. 33, 9 K'thibh.

ודוֹדָרָוֹא pr. n. m. (for הוֹדָרָוֹא love of קוֹד 2 Oh. 20, 37.

. آرآ pr. n. m. (prob. loving) 2 Sam. 23, 9.

לוֹדָר (only in pl. דוֹדָאָרָאָים) (only in pl. דוֹדָר); ד. דוֹדָ,
cf. לוֹדָל, pl. לוֹדָל) adj. m. prop. pot-like, basket-shaped, then as subst.
1) baskets Jer. 24, 1. 2) prop. amatory, pl. love-apples Gen. 80, 14, the apples of the Atropa mandragora, which fruit the orientals still regard as a φ(λτρον to excite love.

דר ו (inf. c. דְּרָא) prob. akin to דָּרָא, ד דָרָא, ד ו to be sick, unwell, esp. of the monthly flux of woman, Lev. 12, 2 נְרַח דְּוֹתָה

of her sickening, i. e. her courses. 2) to be sad, to languish, see דָוֶח.

שָׁרָה II (obs.) perh. akin to שָׁרָה to spin, hence (cf. Arab. طَرَى to hide) to clothe, hence 2.

וּלָדָרָח, adj.m., אָדָרָח, l) sickly, weakly, namely of a woman in her courses Lev. 15, 33; Is. 30, 22 גָּרָח menstruous cloth i. e. defiled w. menstrual blood. 2) sick at heart, sad Lam. 5, 17; wretched Lam. 1, 13.

to drive or push away, hence Hiph. to thrust away, cast out Jer. 51, 34; fig. to rinse, cleanse, an altar 2 Ch. 4, 6, blood-guiltiness Is. 4, 4.

יקר (c. דְּרָנָה; r. 1) בו (J) m. 1) languor, illness, hence Ps. 41, 4 עָרָש שׁרָש bed of sickness. 2) what is sickening, hence loathsomeness, יבר לַחְמָר Joathsomenesses of my bread, i.e. my loathsome food Job 6, 7.

קר (intens. of דְּרָ, like קּטָל) adj. faint, sick at heart Is. 1, 5; r. דָּרָה I.

זיך in 1 Sam. 22, 18 K'thibh for which see.

ײַּוֹר see , **וְּוֹוֹר**

i. q. דָּכַך *to pound, to bruise* (in a mortar) Num. 11, 8; hence הִּרֹכָוּ

לוכרפת f. name of a bird, the hoopoe (acc. to the Sept.), but more likely the rock or mountain cock, a kind of grouse Lev. 11, 19, Deut. 14, 18. — The name comes from 14, 18. — The name comes from א. נבנג הבוג אראך, אראך, בכיפת cock; or perh. better from r. (דְרָהָ = בִּרְפָּת (דְרָהָ = הַרָהָ בַּרָהָ בַרָהָ הַרָּהָ בַרָּהָ און די מַרָהָ הַרָהָ הַרָּהָ הַרָּהָ אַרָרָהָ הַרָּהָ און די מַרָּהָ הַרָּהָ הַרָּהָ הַרָּהָ (which וּבָּתַם ,דְּדָהַם, (which see) to be dumb, fig. to rest; hence

기각가 f. 1) stillness, hence fig. the grave, the land of silence Ps. 94, 17. 2) pr. n. of a place in Arabia Is. 21, 11. 3) pr. n. of a tribe of Ishmaelites Gen. 25, 14.

דּרְּרָיָד adj. f. (from דּוּבִי an obs. masc.) 1) still or silent, Ps. 62, 2 my soul is silent to God, i. e. looks to Him in quiet confidence. 2) subst. silence, as adv. silently Ps. 39, 3; rest, ease from pain Ps. 22, 3; devotion in. Ps. 65, 2. — It may perh. be from הָבוֹכְרָה מוֹנ אַ: the i changing into 3.

רָהָבֶשָׁש pr.n. (for דָּהָבֶשָׁשֵׁ or אָדָרָבָשָׁשָׁ), only in 2 K. 16, 10.

ירין, fut. דָרָן (perf. דָרָן, fut. = דדון, only Gen. 6, 3) akin to אדן, אָדָד, 1) to tread or press down (like בָבשׁ), to subdue, hence to have power, to rule, thus prob. in Gen. 6, 3 לא־יִרוֹן רוּהִי בָאָרָם לְעוֹלַם my spirit shall not rule for ever in (or over) man, i. e. the divine and controling principle of life must be abridged in men (comp. Gen. 2, 7); but the Sept. (ού μή χαταμείνη) and the Syr. and Vulg. render shall not remain or dwell, as if they read retries others prefer shall not be humbled or debased. 2) To rule, w. acc. 1 Sam. 2, 10; to contend (at law), w. by Ecc. 6, 10; hence to judge (in the East always connected w. ruling), but in this sense only in the form דָרָן (perf. דָרָ, fut. רָרָדן); used of God Is. 3, 13; of men Gen. 49, 16; in various shades of

ּרָדָא

meaning, e. g. to vindicate or defend, w. acc. Gen. 30, 6; to punish, w. acc. Gen. 15, 14, w. ב of obj. Ps. 110, 6. — Niph. i to contend w. one another (before a judge) i. e. to litigate 2 Sam. 19, 10 (cf. שמט).

ראול. Chald. to rule or judge, only (part. pl. דְאָרָין) in Ezr. 7, 25 in K'thibh, but דָרָיָין in Q'ri.

דרך m. judgment, only Q'ri of Job 19, 29, where the K'thibh has דָּיָדן; see אָדָרָן.

דונג (in pause דונג Ps. 22, 15) m. אינג Ps. 68, 3; r. דונג, which see.

ערוץ (fut. ירוץ) prob. akin to דולט, דולס, to leap, skip, dance; hence fig. to rejoice Job 41, 14.

קריק prob. i. q. pp., perh. in — Hiph. אַדִיק to bruise or crush 2 Sam. 22, 43, but see pp.

Chald. (obs.) to look out or around, hence $P_{\overline{\gamma}}^{-}$. Akin to Sans. lauch (to see), $\lambda \dot{\nu} x \eta$ ($\lambda \epsilon \dot{\nu} \sigma \sigma \omega$), L. inc, E. look, W. dyma (see here) - Uyma (d = 1); see on $\overline{\gamma}$, p. 185.

דרי I (obs.) akin to סור III, to pierce (of thorns); hence perh. יַרְדָרָ.

FII, to move round or turn about, fig. to turn oneself round (L. versari), to continue, hence to dwell Ps. 84, 11. --- Akin to געיד, אנו נו, II, Syr. ביייי.

קיבר III (obs.) perh. akin to אָדָר III (obs.) perh. akin to געדריד, to arrange; hence גִרוּרָד, 1, גָרוּרָד.

רולין Chald. i. q. Heb. דּוּד II, to לעפון Dan. 4, 9, part. pl. דָּאָרָדן, Q'ri מְדוֹר , מְדָר Dan. 2, 38; hence מְדוֹר , מְדָר

דאר , הרות , הודים (pl. דאר דור דור II) m. 1) prop. a revolution or round

of time, a period; then of man's life, an age, a generation, Sept. γενεά (Ecc. 1, 4) i. e. prob. a period of some 30 or 40 years (comp. Job 42, 16), but of about 100 in the patriarchs' times (comp. Gen. 15, 13, 16 and Ex. 12, 40); הור ורו generation and generation i. e. every generation, forever Ps. 61, 7, also לרור היד Ex. 3, 15, מהר הר Ps. 10, 6, לדר ודר Ex. 17, 16. For ages, future generations הורים is used, as in Lev. 23, 43; דורים is only used in היר ודרים signifying eternity, perpetuity, as in Ps. 72, 5. 2) a race or class of men, e.g. of the godly Ps. 14, 5, of the wicked Deut. 32, 5. 3) dwelling, hence דור Muelling of ancestors, i. e. the grave Is. 38, 12, Ps. 49, 20; cf. Arab. J.J. 4) also דאר Josh. 17, 11, pr. n. of a city not far from Carmel Judg. 1,

27; perh. in the sense of a circle, cf.
L. wrbs = orbis.

דוח. 1) pile of wood (r. דוח), prop. something arranged or set in order Ez. 24, 5; cf. בְּדִרְדָן, 2) r. דוּד, a ball Is. 22, 18; a circle Is. 29, 3.

NJNT Chald. pr. n. (circle) of a plain in Babel Dan. 3, 1.

ل (ין-י) I, יין אונ. 4, 13, יין Deut. 25, 4 (fut. יין) akin to יין to tread out (grain by oxen), to thresh Deut. 25, 4, cf. Hos. 10, 11; to crush enemies Mic. 4, 13. — Niph. יין יוה. c. יין Is. 25, 10, to be trodden out. — Hoph. יין Is. 28, 27. Hence

עריין II (obs.) perh. akin to דירין, to spring, hence דיישון.

Heb., to trample to pieces Dan. 7, 23.

akin to , כשו, אידע, אידע, אראם, געדע, אראם, גערע, to pound (in obscene sense); cf. שטאאש, L. molo (whence mulicr), E. to mill, to mall; hence אידען.

לתון; prob. concubine Dan. 6, 19; perh. a table, as if akin to the Heb. r. אין to spread out, then fig. food; the Rabbins prefer instruments of music.

i. q. דָּדָדָה, Arab. בָּ, to thrust; only in fut. Niph. יְבָּדוּ Jer. 28, 12.

(in pause הָרָז) m. a thrust, push, hence a fall Ps. 56, 14; r. הָרָז.

דעל Chald. (part. דְּדָעָל, pass. קרָתוֹל, to slink away, hence to be afraid Dan. 5, 19; part. fearful, terrible Dan. 7, 7. – Pa. אָבָתוֹל to terrify Dan. 4, 2.

נסא דָּנַן (obs.) perh. akin to דָנַן to grow (grain), or to דָרָע to grind. Hence

m. prob. grain, millet Ez. 4, 9; Syr. المُعَمَّرُ

וידָדוֹס (fut. רְדָדוֹס) perh. akin to (יִדְדָוֹס), to thrust or push, to press upon,

Joel 2, 8; part. تتا oppressor Judg. 2,18; Arab. دَحَقَ, Syr. دُمَع, to repulse.

(c. הָדָּר, w. suf. הָדָּר) m. 1) perh. akin to Sans. di (to lack), Ev-Seiawant, need, Mal. 3, 10 ער בלי די until (there be) no lack. 2) fig. sufficiency, enough, prop. what meets the want (comp. Gen. 42, 19 בחרכם the supply (lit. famine) of your houses; also xpela both need and use, Ger. bedarf both want and supply) as adv. enough; w. suf. TT enough for thee, thy sufficiency Prov. 25, 16; meeting their want, sufficient for them Ex. 36, 7. Hence according to need of, i. e. as much as the case demands, injugation in the ended of the state of the 26; כָּרָב אָרָבָּה לָרָב *as* (the abundance of) the locust for multitude Judg. 6, 5; fig. perh. proportion, בְּרֵי in the supply of i. e. for, e. g. בְּדֵי אֲשׁ for the fire Hab. 2, 18; בְּדֵי רִיק for nothing, in vain Jer. 51, 58; but also בְּדֵי שׁוֹפָר, so often as, בְּדֵי מּ often as the trumpet (is heard) Job 39, 25; so too מָהֵר צָארֵזם מָהָר as often as they went out 1 Sam. 18, 30; w. finite verb, מָהֵי אָרַבָּר as often as I speak Jer. 20, 8. --- The r. is perh. akin to Arab. 55 desertum.

77 Chald. particle, originally a demonst. pron., like Heb. mj, of which it is an altered form (7 = 1); but used only as 1) rel. pron. serving for masc. and fem. and for sing. and plur. who, which, that the palm of the hand do the hand that wrote Dan. 5, 5; but also w. a very slight force of the relative (where in Heb. the mere genitive would stand) as in נְקַר הי נוּר stream which was (of) fire Dan. 7, 10; the temple which הֵיכְלָא דִי בִירוּשָׁלָם (was) in Jerusalem Dan. 5,2. It hence

רים

stands as a sign of the genitive in all its uses, שליטא די מלקא the king's captain Dan. 2, 15; שַׁמָה הַי אַלָהַא God's name Dan. 2, 20, lit. his name who (is) God; or in general, like the Heb. אָשָׁד (Gram. § 123), only more frequently employed to express any relation; די הַשָּר שׁם where (= אַשׁר שׁם) Ezr. 6, 1; הר מָרָרָהוֹן whose dwelling Dan. 2, 11. In Dan. 2, 9 77 (if) is inserted between the relative and the noun, אין הלמא which dream, if -. 2) relat. conj. that Dan. 2, 23; because that Dan. 4, 15; in this way used quite like אָשֶׁר and כד, sometimes even when an entire relative sentence is introduced, הר זמן רנתן למ that he should give him time Dan. 2, 16; in introducing a quotation, or the very words of the speaker (like אַמָר־לֵה הִי־דֲשִׁבֵּתֵת וְּבָר (δτι, כִּר said to him (that) 'I have found a man' Dan. 2, 25. With prefixes: כָּדָר (= כאשר) as, as soon as, when, Dan. 3, 7; הדרלא after Dan. 4, 23. -- הדרלא Ezr. 6, 9 prob. without, cf. 1.

in gold, Sept. Kataxpúsea) pr. n. of a place near Sinai, Deut. 1, 1.

דרבון, pr. n. (pining or wasting, r. ביימון, of a city of Moab (now Dibân) Num. 32, 34, for which also (כדב) מון ביימון, ביימון ון ביימון, ביימון playing on the word ב. Also of a city in Judah Neh. 11, 25; written also בימונה 15, 22.

דיג see דיג.

(r. ۲۶۴ m. *fisher* Is. 19, 8; also in Q'ri of Jer. 16, 16, for which in K'thibh stands <u>مجت</u>د

עס אנו אין דיין (obs.) akin to דָּדָד I, Sans. ud, δεύω, L. undo, W. ton (wave), to wet, to flow, fig. to dye; hence דִרָּיוֹ, דְרָשָׁ, וֹיתָר i.q. דָּאָד (which see) f. Deut. 14, 13, pl. Is. 34, 15, a bird of prey inhabiting ruins, prob. the kite or glede; r. דְּאָד to fly fast.

(for וְדָּרָה I) f. prop. a fluid or dye, hence ink Jer. 36, 18; not necessarily black, for Josephus says the Hebrews made use of various colours for writing.

הייבוֹן, see הייבוֹן. היהן verb, see היהן. Chald. verb, see היהן.

m. judgment Ps. 76, 9, in general, place of judgment, tribunal, perh. in Is. 10, 2; cause for judgment Deut. 17, 8; wrong or guilt, what is judged, Job 36, 17; right, justice, Est. 1, 13; controversy, dispute Prov. 22, 10; r. דין.

ידר Chald.(def. דִינָה, דְירָנָה) judgment, right Dan. 4, 34; tribunal (the Arab.

ويزان dîwân) Dan. 7, 10; sentence or punishment Ezr. 7, 26.

וּהַלן (c. <u>וּהַל</u>) m. *a judge* 1 Sam. 24, 16; r. וָהָרן.

Chald. m. a judge Ezr. 7, 25.

וְדְרָלָה pr. n. f. (prob. strife, r. הִדָּן) Gen. 30, 21.

Chald. pr. n. (only def. pl.) Dinaites, an Assyrian population removed to Samaria, Ezr. 4, 9.

ז רופת 1 Ch. 1, 6 in some texts ריפת ז

רָדָרָ (ancient participial form from ו דוֹם m. a look-out or watch-tower used by besiegers, 2 K. 25, 1; בָּיָר דָבָּ עָרָו דָרַיָּר (Jer. 52, 4), כָרַן דָרַק עַל to rear a siege-tower against a place.

. דרש see , see I.

שרים m. prop. threshing, hence threshing-time Lev. 26, 5; r. שיים L.

(r. تحق (r. التحق (r. التحق) (r. التحق) (r. التحق) (r. التحق) (r. التحق) (r. n. n. n. springing Deut. 14, 5. 2) pr. n. m. (antelope or leaper) Gen. 36, 25.

קדישן pr. n. m. (antelope, r. דישן II) Gen. 36, 21.

דָדָ Ezr. 4, 15 this, fem. of דָדָ which see.

ידר Chald. demonst. pron. m. Ezr. 5, 16, דָדָד f. Ezr. 4, 15, this, from and אָד (Heb. ידָן) w. demonst. ending אַב as in אַלַד; cf. L. illi-c, hi-c, F. ce-ci.

דָּכָּדו (in pause דָּכָּד, pl. w. suf. דַּכָּד Prov. 26, 28; r. (דְּכָדָ, adj. m. crushed, oppressed, wretched Ps. 9, 10; but prob. as subst. victim in Prov. 26, 28 prob. as subst. victim in Prov. 26, 28 dif שֵׁכָר רְשָׁנָא דַבָּרו a lying tongue hateth its victims, or perh. its confounders.

אָסָ (pl. c. רָּהָאָד) adj. m. prop. crushed, hence small, broken in spirit, contrite Is. 57, 15; as subst. dust Ps. 90, 3.

קרע (fut. דְעָק Q'ri of Ps. 10, 10) i. q. דְכָן דָכָן, to crush or break, intrans. in Ps. 10, 10 K'thibh וְדָכָם and he breaks down, he sinks. -- Niph. to be crushed Ps. 38, 9; fig. of the heart, to be contrite, Ps. 51, 19. - Pi. to break, e. g. bones עַבָּמוֹת Ps. 51, 10.

ל, crushing, Deut. 23, 2 f. crushing, Deut. 23, 2 קרו קבוב mutilated by crushing (of the testicles) ; ד. קבק.

לָּכָר (only w. suf. נְּכְּרָם) m. a dashing to pieces, hence collect. breakers, only in Ps. 93, 3 יְיָשָׁא נְדָרוֹת *the floods lift up their breakers*, i. e. scatter them against the rocks or on the beach ; r. יְּבָה.

(obs.) i. q. דָּדָד, דְדָק, דְדָק, מוֹם, דְדָם, רְדָק, all mimetic (Gram. § 30, 2, Rem.) to crush, fig. to be wretched; hence בָּק, הַבָּ

וְבָּרָ Chald. demonst. pron. (prop. pl. of דָהָ and (רְהָה) *these*, but construed w. the sing. *this* Dan. 2, 31, 7, 20.

רָבָר Chald. (obs.) akin to Heb. יָּבָר, זְבַר, to pierce, to penetrate (as the male, cf. רְבָר); fig. to impress (on the memory), to remember, hence יָּבָרָרוֹן

רְבָר Chald. (only pl. רְּבְרָרן) m. prop. i. q. Heb. דְרָבָר, *a male*, but esp. the male of sheep, *a ram* Ezr. 6, 9.

רְכְרֹנָה (def. הְכְרֹנָה) m. record, register Ezr. 6, 2.

נְּקֹרְנָהָּא Chald. (only def. pl.) m. i. q. אָקרן the records, יקבר אָ book of the records Ezr. 4, 15.

לים (in pause דָל , pl. דָּלָים, r. לָשָׁרָט adj. m. 1) moving or swaying to and fro, tottering; hence weak 2 Sam. 3, 1; poor, lowly Ex. 23, 3; thin, lean 2 Sam. 13, 4. 2) as subst. i. q. דָלָ door, only in Ps. 141, 3 בָּלָר שָׁרָדָ שָׁרָד פָּל-דָל thou over the door of my lips (Sept. θύρα), comp. Mic. 7, 5.

---- Cf. τάλ-ας, τλή-μων, W. tlawd (poor).

to leap or spring, w. by to leap over Zeph. 1, 9. — Pi. المجتر to leap high, to bound Is. 35, 6; also to leap over, w. acc. of obj. 2 Sam. 22, 30; w. by Cant. 2, 8.

(fut. דְּלָל) akin to דָּלָ, שוּל (fut. דְּלָה) (which see), to move to and fro, to swing, wave; to draw (in a swinging way) water from a well, Ex. 2, 16; fig. to draw out what is in the heart or mind Prov. 20, 5. - Pi. דְּלָה to draw out, i. e. to save Ps. 30, 2; cf. מֿν-τλέω (= מֿνατλάω).

לקין (r. דְּבָּרֹ) f. prop. something hanging down or pendulous; hence 1) threadwork, the weaver's thrum, from the hanging down of the threads, Is. 38, 12; locks of hair Cant. 7, 6 (cf. Arab. לועל the tuft of the palm-branch that hangs at the top). 2) poverty, 2 K. 24, 14 בילות נילית עם people's poverty, prob. for the poor people; also in pl. בעלות הארץ Jer. 52, 15; דעלות הארץ the poor of the land Jer. 52, 16.

לעל (fut. רְּשָׁה) to trouble, make turbid (water w. the feet) Ez. 32, 2; i. q. Syr. יַלָּש: perh. akin to אָלָת:

יְּלָל (r. דְּלָה) m. bucket, for drawing water Is. 40, 15.

יּדָּל מִים (r. דְּלָה) m. bucket; יְדָּל מִים waters stream from his buckets i. e. his posterity shall flow on as the water from the buckets at the well, only Num. 24, 7, where קלרים dol'yāw is prob. in dual דָלָר couple of buckets (so often used in pairs), perh. alluding to the two testicles.

יָדָלָןד, הְּלָרָד, pr. n. m. (דְּלָרָד, hath saved) Neh. 6, 10, Jer. 36, 12.

בְּלָרה Prov. 26, 7 for בְּלָרה, from בָּלָרה בָּלִרת Jer. 11, 16, see בְּלָתוֹרָזָין.

דלילָה pr. n. f. (weak or wavering) Judg. 16, 4; r. דְּלָל.

(only in pl. דָּלָיּוֹת, w. – immovable) f. branches, boughs, as waving to and fro, Jer. 11, 16; Syr. יָבָאָל branches; r. דָּלָה

רל (1 pers. רַלוֹחָר Ps. 116, 6, 3 pers. דָּלָל Is. 19, 6, קָלָל Job 28, 4, in Prov. 26, 7 is perh. for הַלִרא akin to jet = jet I, 1) to move to and fro, to be pendulous, to wave, hence to totter, hang loose, w. To, e.g. the 2 legs hang loose הַלִרה שוֹקרם מפפח from a lame man, i. e. as useless they דַלּר מַאַנוֹש די 26, 7; נאַר מַאַנוֹש they (miners) hang down from men i. e. away in the pit Job 28, 4. 2) to be slack or weak, to languish, fig. of shallow water Is. 19, 6; of the eye, to fail Is. 38, 14; of persons, to be poor Ps. 79, 8. - Niph. to be brought low Judg. 6, 6. Deriv. דָל, הַלֵת הָלִילָח הַלָּח.

עבלי (obs.) perh. to be thick, whence Chald. דְלָמָ gourd. Hence

기깃기 pr. n. (gourd-field) of a city in Judah Josh. 15, 38.

of a house Ecc. 10, 18; to shed tears, w. مجني Job 16, 20; to flow away, as it were in drops, of the soul Ps. 119, 28. --- Prob. mimet. akin to جائيا, Syr. مجني, G. tropfen, triefen, E. drop, drip, dribble, W. diveru.

הָלָת (r. דְּלָת) m. a dropping or dripping (from a roof) Prov. 19, 13. דְלָפּוֹן pr. n. m. (prob. i. q.

Chald. = דּוּלְסָן blear-eyed) Est. 9, 7; r. דָּלָק.

רבק (fut. יִדְלַם) akin to אַלַד II, to burn, to flame, דלקים burning, arrows Ps. 7, 14; w. 7 to set on fire, to kindle Obad. 18; שפתרם הלקים burning lips, i. e. expressing ardent affection Prov. 26, 23; fig. of anxiety, which seems to burn up the soul, רדלק עני the poor doth burn, i. e. is deeply anxious Ps. 10, 2; of hot pursuit, persecution, דַלָקָת אָתַרָי thou didst hotly pursue after me Gen. 31, 36; w. acc. על־הַדְרָרִם הְלַקַנוּ on the mountains did they hotly pursue us Lam. 4, 19 (comp. G. nachfeuern). -Hiph. to kindle (fire) Ez. 24, 10; to inflame, as wine Is. 5, 11.

R2· Chald. to burn Dan. 7, 9.

disease, only Deut. 28, 22; r. בָּלַק. (w. suf. דָּלָקִי, dual דָּלָקוֹ, w. suf. דָּלָקִי, pl. דְּלָקוֹ, c. דְּלְחוֹת זָ, see Gram. § 94, 2, Rem. 2) f. door Prov. 26, 14; the dual signifies folding-doors or gates Deut. 3, 5; the plural דָּלָקוֹת the leaves of a folding-door or gate, 1 K. 6, 34; door Judg. 3, 23; pages or columns of the roll or scroll of a manuscript, which resembled the opening leaves of a folding-door, Jer. 36, 23. The radical meaning refers to the fact, that doors hang and swing on their hinges.----Hence

קים , קים , קים , קים , קים Gen. 9, 5, pl. וְּקָרָי , c. יְקָרָי m. 1) blood Ex. 7, 19; אָכָל עָל־יְדָם w. the blood 1 Sam. 14, 32; דָם נְקָר נָקר נָקר innocent blood 2 K. 21, 16; also blood ּדָמָה

guiltiness, murder, esp. in this sense the pl. דְּמָרם Gen. 4, 10, Ps. 51, 16; ארש דָמִים a man of bloods i. e. a murderer Ps. 5, 7; אָרר דָ, בִרת דָמִים, *house* or city infamous for murders, 2 Sam. 21, 1; דַמָּדוֹ בּוֹ Lev. 20, 9 his blood is on himself, i. e. he forfeits his life. 2) fig. sap or juice of the grape (red in Palestine), hence wine Gen. 49, 11; perh. in Ez. 19, 10 אַמָּך כְגַפָן בְּרָכְה thy mother is like the vine in thy sap, i.e. of the same sap as thine; but others prob. better take הָרָמָה here for הָרָמוּהָה *in thy likeness.* , is prob. akin to אָרֶם to be red, יים but some refer it to דְּכָּח I to flow; cf. G. blut, E. blood, akin to βλύω, φλύω, L. *fluo*.

וֹכָבָי I (obs.) perh. akin to גָּבָרָ, to flow, hence perh. זיָ blood.

זְּבֶּח .imp וְדָמֶה II (fut וְדָּמֶה, imp Cant. 2, 17) to be similar or like Ps. 102, 7; always construed w. > Ps. 144, 4, or אל Ez. 31, 8; w. pleonastic be thow הְמֵח־לָה Cant. 2, 17; 8, 14 ל like (for thee), see Gram. § 154, 3, e. — Niph. to become like, to resemble, w. acc. Ez. 32, 2; w. > Ps. 49, 13.- Pi. דְּמָה to liken, compare, w. ל Is. 46, 5; w. אל Is. 40, 18; to use similitudes (like bog) Hos. 12, 11; to liken in one's mind, hence to think or deem Ps. 50, 21; to meditate Num. 33, 56; w. > to purpose against some one 2 Sam. 21, 5; to remember, w. acc. Ps. 48, 10. - Hith. Treat (Gram. § 54, 2, b) to make oneself like, w. אָ Is. 14, 14. Deriv. הְמָרוֹן, הְמָהֹת.

לא דָּבָם, to be dumb, silent; fig. to rest, Lam. 3, 49 my eye weeps ילא הַדְבָה and rests not; hence trans. to make silent, to destroy Jer. 6, 2, Hos. 4, 5. - Niph.

to be destroyed, of individuals Hos. 10, 15; Is. 6, 5; of nations Zeph. 1, 11; of cities and lands Is. 15, 1.

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기격핏 (r. 민기) f. silence, i. e. state of death-like stillness, utter desolation Ez. 27, 32.

(r. تَوَتَّرُ II) f. resemblance, likeness Gen. 1, 26; image 2 Ch. 4, 3; Is. 40, 18; model 2 K. 16, 10; shape, form Ez. 1, 16; as adv. like, as, Is. 13, 4; w. p Ps. 58, 5.

דָּבָר and דְּבָר (r. דְּבָר III) m. stillsness, rest, בְּרְמָר רְמָר in the quiet of my days, i. e. quiet time of life Is. 38, 10, אַל דְבָר לָה Let there be no rest to thee Ps. 83, 2, i. e. bestir thyself.

בכ see הַבָּר

דְּכָלֹן m. i. q. דְּכָאָז, *a likeness*, only Ps. 17, 12; r. דְּכָה II.

ן רְדֵם רְדֵם, fut. רְדֵמָ, pl. ידבר, זה, imp. בוֹם mimet. akin to דבת , ההם , III, 1) to be dumb, silent Lev. 10, 3; w. 5 to be silent, for any one, i. e. to listen attentively to him Job 29, 21; to be struck dumb, to be amazed Ex. 15, 16; to rest, leave off, of the weeping eye Lam. 2, 18, of the bowels Job 30, 27; to stand still Josh. 10, 12. — Niph. ההמר , רהם Jer. 25, 37; fut. נרמר) ורהמר Jer. 48, 2) to become silent, hence to be destroyed, of persons 1 Sam. 2, 9; of a region Jer. 48, 2. - Po. riga to make silent, to quiet Ps. 131, 2. -Hiph. <u>Tree to make silent</u>, to destroy Jer. 8, 14. --- Cf. θάμβος, G. dumm, stumm, E. dumb, W. taw; also µυττό;, L. mutus, W. mud, E. mute, mutter: all taken from nature, like hum, G. hummen, DJ. Hence

f. silence, stillness (of the

winds), a calm Ps. 107, 29; אַקָּקָרָן sound of a gentle murmur 1K. 19, 12; אַשְׁכָּל אָשְׁכָּל and a voice I hear, i. e. a slight whisper (Job 4, 16), or prob. better silence (there is), and a voice I hear.

(obs.) to dung or manure (so Arab. دمن); but this word is prob. a denom. from דָּבָץ; perh. akin to בָּכָא, זָהַם, to be foul.

רְבָלך m. dung, manure 2 K. 9, 37, see אָכָין.

דְּבְלָדָה pr. n. (dung-heap; cf. W. tomen dung-hill) of a city in Zebulon Josh. 21, 35; r. בְּקַר.

דָרָכָּל (fut. יְרָכָּל, perh. akin to דָרָכָד (fut. דְרָכָר) perh. akin to to flow, hence to shed tears Jer. 13, 17 (Chald., Syr. and Arab. the same); hence

י אָרָעָלָד (w. suf. רְּמְלָה) m. tear, collect. tears; only fig. tears of grapes and olives, i. e. the expressed juices, only in Ex. 22, 28. Cf. δάχρυον τῶν δένδρων, Theophr., L. arborum lachrymae, Plin. 11, 6.

דְּבְעָרוֹ (r. דְּבְעָרוֹ Ps. 80, 6) f. tear, collect. tears Ps. 6, 7; my eye flows down tears Jer. 13, 17; see Gram. § 138, 1, Rem. 2.

זְמַר (obs.) perhaps akin to זְמַר to trill or whir, hence perh. תַּדְמֹר.

نَصِنَ (obs.) prob. akin to Arab. *aequalis mollisque fuit* (locus); hence prob. مَعْتَرَيْ (which see), though gen. supposed to come from

تَمْشَنَى (obs.) Arab. تَمْشَنَى (prob. only a denom. of دِمَشْنَى to be quiel:, active.

DU27 pr. n. (perh. activity, w. ref. to its traffic; but see below) of the city Damascus Gen. 14, 15, the capital of Syria, situated in a plain so fruitful and fair as to be often called Paradise. In order to play on the word בְשָׁש (in Gen. 15, 2), בְשָׁש (in Gen. 15, 2), בַּשָּׁש stands for דְּנְשָׁשָׁק, that is Damascus for Damascene. In 1 Ch. 18, 5 דְרָמָשָׁק stands for דְרָמָשָׁק; the Daghesh forte being resolved by a Syriasm into הומשק in 2 K. 16, 10 הומשק occurs; this is the usual Syriac form, and appears to have sprung from דַרַבְּשָׁש by softening ן into ז (comp. דרש = דְרָשָש . ---- Prob. from obs. r. דְרָש (= Arab. دَمتُ to be level and soft i. e. fruitful and fair, cf. مَعَلَ = بِيْحْ), w. the old adj. ending p_{--} (comp. p כָּשָלָ often in Arab. e. g. נָאָנָל from j; see on letter =); hence the prob. meaning level and lovely spot, so well suited to that charming place.

רְבֶּבֶשְׁ (some Mss have בְּבֶשָׁ m. damask Amos 3, 12, a kind of silk stuff, so named from נְבַעֲשָׁ, where it was manufactured.

ין 1) pr. n. m. (judge) of a son of Jacob Gen. 30, 6; of the tribe descended from him Josh. 19, 40; hence patron. דָרָ *Danite* Judg. 18, 1. 2) pr. n. of a city, otherwise לָרָ לָרָ חָרָ אָרָ אוֹר לָרָ אָרָ אָרָ אוֹר אָרָ אָרָ אָרָ אוֹר הַרָּ רָרָ shortened for דָרָן in Ez. 27, 20.

הְנָח Chald. demonst. pron., הְנָח def., com. gend. (Heb. דָּר) this Dan. פַרְנָח כְּתִיב (, e. g. בָּוֹאָ וּ, a. פָרְנָה לָה, thus it was written Ezr. 5, 7; יֵל הְנָה (Heb. עָל זאָת) on this account, therefore Dan. 3, 16; אַהְרַי רְנָה after this, afterwards Dan. 2, 29.

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דַניַאל see דָרָאָל.

(obs.) perh. akin to דדן t (= אָקַלָּג ee ..., see גָקָר, to be yielding, impressible; hence דּוֹנַג wax.

דְּכָּה pr. n. (perh. whisper) of a city in Judah, Josh. 15, 49; r. נק.

Judg. 18, 1; see 17.

דְרָהָאל pr. n. m. (God is judge) Dan. 1, 6; Ez. 14, 14 דָרָאָל.

(obs.) perh. i. q. Arab. رَضِ , to whisper, murmur. Hence الجوام.

ידָע (prop. inf. of יָדָע; pl. הָעָם) m. knowledge, opinion Job 32, 10; pl. קבים הַעָּרם perfect in sciences, i. e. all branches of knowledge Job 37, 16.

ידע imper. Qal of דדע.

in pr. names. יָדָע m. i. q. יָדָע in pr. names.

וּדָעָה (inf. of יְדָע) לא (יְדָע) (inf. of יְדָע). 73, 11; w. acc. דָעריהוָה prop. to know דָעריהוָה, i. e. the knowledge of the Eternal, Is. 11, 9; pl. הַבָּרם בּדַרוּם 1 Sam. 2, 3, see

רָעָרוֹ Prov. 24, 14 for דְעָרוֹ imp. of רְעָרוֹ, w. ਰ cohort. (see Gram. § 48, 3, Rem.).

דעואל pr. n. m. (prob. knowledge of God) Num. 1, 14; but in Num. 2, 14 we find it ר = ר).

(fut. דְּבָהָ) akin to זְּצָהָ, Syr. יבֿע, perh. tc דָרָהָ, prob. to tread or stamp out, hence fig. to quench, to go

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out, of a light, בר רְשָׁצְרם רְדְעָן the lamp of the wicked shall go out Prov. 13, 9, i. e. their welfare shall come to an end; hence to be destroyed Is. 43, 17. — Niph. to become extinct, of the drying up of water Job 6, 17. Cf. extinguere aquam, Liv. 5, 16. — Pu. דְעָק fig. to be extinguished, destroyed, of enemies Ps. 118, 12.

(obs.) i. q. הְדָתָל, to fear; hence אָקָדָעָל.

שנא (prop. inf. of דָעָר sometimes used w. acc., see Gram. § 133, 1) f. a knowing, knowledge, קער אלדרם knowledge of God Hos. 4, 1, דעי ערי אלדר 22, 16 the knowing me, i. e. knowledge of me (God); perception Prov. 19, 2; design, provention Prov. 19, 2; design, cuthout design, unawares Deut. 4, 42; insight, wisdom Prov. 1, 4; intelligence Prov. 1, 7; דע קער 13, 16; Prov. 17, 27; wisely Prov. 13, 16; דער א בדער 10, 25.

رفا, دفی, cost, i. q. Arab. دفی, to strike or push against; hence

יפן (in pause רְשָׁר m. stumblingblock, offence, only Ps. 50, 20, Sept. σχανδαλον.

רפון לא אוו to push, thrust, to press, i. e. to drive on, a flock Gen. 33, 13; to knock at a door, w. איז Cant. 5, 2. — Hith. to push oneself (against a door), w. איז Judg. 19, 22.

of a station in the wilderness Num. 83, 12; now *el-Tobbacha*.

PJadj.m., דְּכָּק (akin to בָּן) beaten small, pulverised, hence fine, of dust Is. 29, 5; of spices Lev. 16, 12; also as subst. particle of dust, atom Ex. 16, 14, Is. 40, 15; fig. lank, of hair Lev. 13, 30; thin Gen. 41, 8; shrivelled, withered Gen. 41, 6; slight, of voice 1 K. 19, 12, of a person, shrunken, dwarfed Lev. 21, 20; r. PP7.

PT m. (prop. inf. of PPJ) fineness, hence fine cloth, only in Is. 40, 22.

تَوَلَّ (obs.) prob. akin to بَجَرَا دَفَلٌ to wave, of a tree; hence Arab. دَفَلٌ Syr. لَعَنَ *a palm-tree* (for its waving); perh. also δάχτυλος (*palm-fruit*) whence our *date*, F. *datte*, Span. *datil*. Hence

of a district in Arabia Gen. 10, 27.

לות (fut. דְּבָן: 1, q. דְבָן: 1) to beat to pieces, to pound or crush to powder Is. 41, 15; of grain Is. 28, 28. 2) to be pulverised, to become as powder Ex. 32, 20. — Hiph. דָדָן to break to pieces (fut. ap. דָדָן) 2 K. 23, 6; inf. דְדָן, adv. very small, fine, Ex. 30, 36; fig. of utter destruction, thou shalt break in pieces many nations Mic. 4, 13; inf. דָדַן (for דָדָן) 2 Ch. 34, 7; fut. w. suf. דָדָן 2 Sam. 22, 43. — Hoph. to be beaten out, דָדָן, בא. 28. Deriv. דָד, דָד.

ליך (fut. רְדָכִר) akin to וְדָכִר, and אַכָּד, to bore through, pierce, stab Num. 25, 8; fig. to curse, contemn Zech. 12, 10 (cf. לא לֹבָּבּגֹּא-דקסמי John 19, 37). — Niph. to be thrust through Is. 13, 15. — Pu. דָכָר stabbed (slain), by hunger Lam. 4, 9.

--- Perh. akin to our *dagger*, Swed. *daggert*, G. *degen*; these may however be akin to our *dig*.

אָקָר pr. n. m. (perh. for בֶּקֶר swordsman) 1 K. 4, 9; cf. בִּדְקַר.

יש m. a pearl, only Est. 1, 6, so named for its radiance; r. א דָרַר I.

ריך Chald. m. i. q. Heb. דור, age, generation Dan. 3, 33.

הור see הור.

גר (obs.) i. q. דאר I, fig. to pierce the mind, or i. q. Arab. ג. ג.

to reject, refuse. Hence

וּדָרָאוֹן (for וּדָרָאוֹן) m. abhorrence אַלְרְאוֹן נוּלָם to everlasting abhorrence Dan. 12, 2; object of horror Is. 66, 24.

ענקי (obs.) perh. akin to דָּבָר IV, Arab. געי, to be sharp, pointed. Hence

לדָרָבוֹן dờr'bhô'n (only in pl. dờr'bhônô'th) goads, ox-goads, Bept. βούχεντρα, Ecc. 12, 11.

קָרָבָן dờr bhā'n (i. q. דְּרָבָן) a goad, 1 Sam. 13, 21.

(obs.) i. q. הָרַדָ, to step, tread; hence מִדְרַנָה.

דָרְדָרָדָ pr. n. m. (perh. pearl of knowledge, as if דָרַ דָּלָ) 1 K. 5, 11; for which also the contraction דָרַע occurs in 1 Ch. 2, 6; but perh. for ccurs in 2 בְרַבָר = קרָקַע.

דְרָבָר (r. דָּוּר I) m. a prickly or thorny plant, caltrop, thistle Gen. 3, 18.

קרום (r. הָרָם) m. the south (as bright, in opp. to אָבָּפוֹן the dark north) Ez. 40, 24; poet. south wind Job 37, 17.

וד קרור (r. דְרוֹר II) m. prop. wheeling about in swift circling flight, hence 1) a swift or swallow (fem.) Ps. 84, 4. 2) freeness, spontaneousness, myrrh flowing spontaneously
i. e. pure Ex. 30, 23. 3) release, freedom, קרור ל proclaim liberty to any one Is. 61, 1; ושנרור ל the year of freedom, i. e. the jubilee Ez. 46, 17.

שׁרָיָה pr. n. m. Darius, Dan. 6, 1. Ancient Persian forms were Daryawes, Darayavush, said to mean preserver, Herod. śρξείης.

Ezr. 10, 16, see דָּרָרוֹש in Pi el. : (fut. יִדְרֹךְ) mimet. and akin to דָרָג, Arab. נוס, Sans. trag (go), τρέχω, E. track, tread, tramp, G. treten, W. troedio, Irish troigh foot (Gram. § 30, 2), to step, tread, walk, w. acc. of the way Job 22, 15; w. > to walk through, in, Deut. 1, 36; w. yo to come forth Num. 24, 17; w. by to walk over, on, 1 Sam. 5, 5; to tread upon Ps. 91, 13. To tread the bow rup Ps. 7, 13, i. e. to place the foot on it in order to bend it for stringing; דָרָדָ to bend the arrows, perh. to set them against the string for shooting Ps. 58, 8. — To tread the wine-press is expressed as follows, Job 24, 11; דָּלָת Neh. 13, 15; דָּלָת אָר אָר בָּוָת Is. 63, 2; דָרָן בָּיקָבִים , 63, 8; בּ׳ פַּרָּה Is. 16, 10; also , rr, alone Judg. 9, 27; to treadoutolives, ד'זַרח Mic. 6, 15. - Fig. to trample on, to treat w. contempt, Is. 63, 3, perh. Ps. 58, 8; w. 2 Hab. 3, 15. - Hiph. דרריה 1) to cause to walk Is. 11, 15; w. 2 to cause to walk in a way, to guide Ps. 107, 7; also to walk, w. acc. of way Job 28, 8; to make a treading, to tread a threshing-floor Jer. 51, 33; to bend the tongue, i. e. get it ready (as a bow) for sending hurtful words Jer. 9, 2. 2) Arab. أَدَرَكَ , Syr. إَبِزَب , to tread upon, i. e.

overtake w. acc. Judg. 20, 43. Hence מיילה and

הְרָכַיִם dual ,הֵרָבִי .w. suf (שָרָבִי, Prov. 28, 6; pl. הָרָבָים, c. הִרְבַר) com. gend. (m. 1 Sam. 21, 6, fem. Ezr. 8, 21) a going, way (as action) הַלָּה to go in one's way Prov. 7, 19; one's journey Judg. 17, 8; also way or road which one walks in, e. g. דרה the king's way, the public highway Num. 20, 17. To go the way of all the earth i. e. to die, Josh. 23, 14. Fig. 1) manner Gen. 19, 31; mode of life Prov. 12, 15; comp. 1 K. 16, 26; ways of God, i. e. his methods of manifesting himself Job 26, 14. 2) lot or destiny Ps. 10, 5; בְּרֵרָה מָצָרְיָם after the fate of Egypt Is. 10, 24.

(only in pl. הַרְּמָשֹׁן) m. (מַרְמָמִים) m. (מַרְמָמִים) a daric, a Persian gold coin, Ezr. 2, 69; same as אָדּרְמוֹן, which see.

קרבר (obs.) akin to דָרָן I, to shinc, to be bright; hence אַרָרוֹם.

דְרָבְשָׁשְׁ 1 Ch. 18, 5, the resolved form of דְּבָשָׁשָׁ, the serving for the Daghesh forte.

(obs.) = אָרָע to scatter, to sow; hence אָרָעָר

דָרַע Chald. (obs.) i. q. דָרַע;

וְּהָרֶעָוֹדִא Chald. (pl. w. suf. וְּהָרֶעוֹדִא com. gend. (i. q. Heb. זְרוֹש) arm Dan. 2, 32; see אָדְרָע

הָרָע pr. n. m. perh. a false form for בָרָבָע 1 Ch. 2, 6.

بَדָרַן (obs.) perh. akin to بَדָרַן, Arab. جَدَل *to hasten;* hence

דָרְקוֹך pr. n. m. (perh. hastener) Ezr. 2, 56. גָיָדַער , זָיָד I (obs.) akin to גָיָדַער, to gleam, glitter; hence ד.

הָדָער II (obs.) perh. akin to הָדָער, to turn or drive about, sweep along; hence הָרוֹר

יִדָרשׁ akin to רָדָרשׁ), דָרָדָ, Chald. דְּרָדָ, Syr. לא., prop. to tread or beat out, hence 1) to lay open, to search for, to seek Ez. 34, 6; to investigate Deut. 13, 15 (comp. חקר). 2) in general, to be intent on something, hence to seek often, make inquiries about the welfare of any one Deut. 23, 7, Ps. 38, 13. ---The constructions are various, according to shades of meaning, UT by to seek for a place Deut. 12, 6; to inquire of God Job 5, 8, of oracles and idols Is. 8, 19; ל ני to seek or go to some one, w. a request Deut. 12, 30; to search out 2 Sam. 11, 3; to seek, visit, the Lord דָרָשׁ אָרו־ 2 Ch. 16, 12; to care for, Deut. 11, 12; דָרָשׁ אָדֶר to seek after Job 39,8; to inquire concerning 2 Ch. 31, 9; to investigate, Ecc. 1, 13; בַעָם ק to inquire or ask from some one 1 K. 14, 5; נאָמ 2K. 3, 11; also w. גַ 2Ch. 16, 12. - Niph. מִדְרָשׁ to be sought out, i. q. קפקד, 1 Ch. 26, 31; to be required, of blood Gen. 42, 22; to allow oneself to be sought or visited, to grant access, w. 5 Ez. 14, 3, Is. 65, 1. Inf. abs. אדרש for דוברש in Ez. 14, 8. --the י perh. בַּהוֹשׁ for בָּרִיוֹשׁ (the י perh. serving for Daghesh forte) to investigate Ezr. 10, 16, but the reading is very doubtful.

אָשָׁיָשָׁ perh. akin to אָשָׁשָ, אָשָרָש, אָדָשָ, אָדָשָ, אָדָש, prop. to sprout, to be fresh and green Joel 2, 22. — Hiph. אידעיאיז to cause to sprout, to produce herbage (גָּשָׁא) Gen. 1, 11. Hence

(Sept. χλόη) Is. 66, 14; דְּשָׁא greenness of herbage i. e. green herbage Ps. 37, 2. Diff. from קַּצְרָר for moving Prov. 27, 25, and fr. בָּעָרָר herb running into seed Gen. 1, 11. 12.

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(קשׁנָים, כר (קשׁנָים, dj. m. fat, fertile, of a soil Is. 30, 23; full of sap, of a tree Ps. 92, 15; rich, affluent, mighty Ps. 22, 30.

עניין (w. suf. דְּשָׁר) m. 1) fatness Judg. 9, 9; nourishing food Job 36, 16; fig. fertility, Ps. 65, 12. 2) fat ashes of sacrificed animals Lev. 1, 16; of burnt corpses Jer. 31, 40; diff. from אשר vegetable ashes; r. הישר.

רָשָׁת (c. הַשָּׁר ס הַשָּׁר, pl. הַשָּׁת כ, דָשָׁת) f. mandate, edict Est. 1, 8, Ezr. 8, 36; law, statute Est. 1, 19; בי לַשׁוֹ בָּח לַשׁוֹ מַרְמָרָנוֹ אֲשׁ בָּה לַשׁוֹ his right hand was fire, a law (statute) to them i. e. the pillar of fire that guided them; or perh. a fire of law, referring to the burning mount Deut.33,2.... The r. is rar =raw to set; and rar = is equal to the Pers. dâta, $\theta \in \tau \circ \vee$, $\delta \circ \tau \circ \vee$, L. datum, E. set, something appointed, and therefore in the Persian age used for pir; but others take it for rir, from rir; to lay down, to set, hence a law.

רק Chald. (def. נְדָא) f. an edict, a law Dan. 2, 9; collect. law Dan. 6, 9; in the law (i. e. worship) of his God Dan. 6, 6.

קָּקָאָ Chald. (def. דְּקָאָא) i. q. Heb. דְּקָשָׁא, tender grass Dan. 4, 12; cf. Syr. ווֹיָב.

רָּתְבְרָאָ Chald. (only def. pl. דְּתְבָרָאָ m. one skilled in the law, a judge Dan. 3, 2; prob. from דָּת, w. the formativesyllable בוכן (כוּ בָּרָאָר). In Pehlvi datuber is a judge; Pers. נוכן נוט נומינים

דּרְרָיָן pr. n. (two cisterns, dual of Talm. דּרְרָיָן cistern, w. ד loc. דָרָרָיָן r. דְרָרָין of a place in the North of Samaria Gen. 37, 17; in 2 K. 6, 13 דָרָן

קֿקֿן pr. n. m. (perh. given, cf. Heb. דָּיָק, or like L. fontanus) Num. 16, 1.

דְתָן Gen. 37, 17 and 2 K. 6, 13, see דֹתֵון.

I He, the 5th Heb. letter; hence used also for the numeral 5. Its oldest form as discovered in Phenician and Heb. inscriptions is 3 or **ヨ**, whence the early Greek え or F and the common E. Its name comes prob. from To breathe and means vent-hole (i. e. אֶרֶבָּה a lattice window, which its form rudely pictured); the initial sound and the shape suggesting the power of the letter, which is h (as in hiss), except after a vowel, where it generally quiesces (Gram. § 8, 3, Note 1) unless it is marked 🛱 (with Măppiq, see Gram. § 14, 1).

ה appears as a formative prefix in some words, e. g. דְּבָרָ (= דְּבָרָ שָׁבָרָ , דְּבָרָ אָבָרָ from דְּבָרָ, prob. akin to the Hiph. forms. But as a formative ending it is most familiar, namely as דָּ-ָר, 1) accented and marking the fem. gender, see Gram. § 44, 1 and § 80, 2, *a* (cf. the fem. ending -*â*, - η , -*a* in Sans., Gr. and Lat.); — 2) unaccented, after nouns (called $\sqcap - local$, Gram. § 90, 2), or accented after verbs ($\sqcap - co$ hortative, Gram. § 48, 3). — This final \sqcap appears as $\sqcap - in a very few$ $cases. — In the pronouns <math>\sqcap = in a$, <footnote> = in a, <footnote> = in a, $\vdash = in a$, $\vdash = in a$, $\vdash = in a$, <footnote> = in a, $\vdash = in a$, $\vdash = in a$,

as הל short forms of הי, הי, הי closely prefixed to a noun, see Gram. § 35) originally a demonst. (or relative) pronoun, like our that (see Gram. § 109, Rem. p. 245) but commonly called the article, since it answers to the Gr. δ, ή, τό and our the (never to a or an, see Gram. § 109, Rem. 1). The original > very seldom appears (see דופל), but is incorporated into the first letter of the noun, which is then doubled as shown by daghesh forte, e. g. הַאַרָבָּר, הַאַיָדָ, which however is often omitted if the first letter has no full vowel, e.g. דְּכְבָקָשׁ, הצפרהי, and always if it is a guttural, e. g. דַוֹתַיל, דָוֹצָרָט. Before א, הוצרים, usually also before \Im , \sqcap the Pa thach $(-, \check{a})$ is lengthened into Qā'měş (----, \bar{a}), e. g. דָאָרָד, וּדָרָגַל, (דָאָרָץ, הַדָּרָ, דָאָרָץ, דָאָרָץ, ה is used for ה before ה is used for הַהַלִּר הָהָדָשׁ הָהָדָג ch^o e.g. הַהָּלָר הָהָדָשׁ and before y and m when the accent is not on them, e. g. הַכָּנָן, הַתָּרֵים, הַכָּנָן, but see more in Gram. § 35, 2). The syntax of the Heb. article is essentially like that of the Greek or the German (der); and its use may be seen fully in the Gram. \$§ 109-111. - דרים (comp. Scotch the day, Lat. hodie) means mostly this day, to-day, as in Gen. 4, 14;

דַעָלָרָי Is. 7, 14 (Sept. ή παρθένος, cf. Mat. 1, 23) the virgin, prob. pointing to the class (see Gram. § 109, 3, Bem. 1, b), or perh. for אַלָּרָיוּי (the art. as in Gr. serving for possess. pron.; cf. 2 Sam. 19, 27 קרָכוֹירִי for הַרָּכוֹירִי in Josh. 10, 24 is for אָלָרָוּא זָיָרָרוּא זָיָגָע that went (the art. as often in Gr. used for relat. pron.).

1, 1, 1, 1, i interrog. particle (Gram. § 100, 4) introduces question (cf. $\tilde{\eta}$), whether it is direct (Job 2, 3), or indirect (Ex. 16, 4); whether the answer is wholly uncertain, cf. Lat.-ne? 2 Sam. 18, 32, or an affirmative is expected, cf. Lat. nonne? 1 Sam. 2, 27, or a negative, cf. Lat. num? (Gen. 4, 9). In a disjunctive question whether - or? we find DN - T (L. utrum - an?) Job 4, 17, at times 1 - 1 1 Sam. 23, 11. - Before gutturals it is Te.g. דאלה Ex. 2, 7, or האלה e. g. האלה Num. 13, 18, דאַנכר; before א, also ד, as דארים Num. 16, 22, הארים Judg. 6, 31; but before " like the article Lev. 10, 19, also before simple sh'wa, as דַלְבָן Gen. 17, 17; on its syntax, see more under DX and in Gram. § 153, 2.

, , prefixed, see n, n.

K Chald. interj. lo! behold! Dan.

3, 25; Heb. T, Syr.]o, Arab. 16.

אדן interj. 10! Gen. 47, 23; akin to דָא, דָרָא, גָרָא, L. en.

נא כְּדֵי Chald. lo! הא כְּדֵי lo! as, for just as Dan. 2, 43, where it is pleonastic.

אַזְיָרוֹל Is. 19, 6, Hiph. of אַזְיָרוֹל a: denom. verb, or for הוניתר, r. הוניתו, r. הוניתו

interj. aha! exclamation of joy Is. 44, 16; esp. at the defeat of an enemy Ps. 35, 21. ---- Minnet. like our haha! W. oho! L. eia! ɛla, Amer. Indian 'minne-haha' (laughing water). רָבָאָסַאָדָ Num. 11, 4, for אָסַקּסָאַ w. article.

דָבָר , דָבָר, fem. דָבָי, pl. דָבָר, imper. of הָדָבי.

שֹׁרָבִישׁ Is. 30, 5 for הּבְאָישׁ, Hiph. of שוֹם.

(יְהַב : יִבְּקָבִים (only pl. יְדָבְחַב) (יְהַב : יָבָחַב) m. gifis, offerings, only in Hos. 8, 13.

אָדְבוּ דֵבוּ Hos, 4, 18, see הָבוּ

ברק Is. 24, 3 inf. Niph. of אָבָרן דָרָבִי Buth 3, 15 (r. דָרָבִי), Gram. § 69, Rem. 2.

עום אום אום אום. 32, 17 (r. ג'ב), Gram. § 76, 2, *f*.

אָתָר Num. 16, 14, see Gram. § 76, 2, f.

לבר (fut. אָדָר) akin to דָאָרָד, אָדָר אָיָדר, to breathe, to blow (Talm. to exhale), hence דְדָבָל; fig. to be vain, 2 K. 17, 15; to act or speak vainly Job 27, 12; to have a vain hope Ps. 62, 11. — Hiph. to make vain, to seduce to idolatry, to befool Jer. 23, 16. Hence

אָרָעָלים (כ. 1, 2 like אָרָעָלים Ecc. 1, 2 like אָרָעָלים Num. 11, 7, w. suf. אָרָעָלים, pl. דְעָעָלים, c. דְעָעָלים pl. 1) a breath of air, a gentle breeze Is. 57, 13; breath of the mouth Ps. 144, 4, and hence fig. as an image of evanescence, vanity, emptiness Lam. 4, 17; as adv. in vain Job 9,29; idols, as vain or worthless Deut. 32, 21 (cf. 1 Cor. 8, 4); idolatry 2 K. 17, 15; pl. דְעָלִים vanities Jer. 10, 8; esp. idols Ps. 31, 7. 3) exhalation, mist Ecc. 6, 4; 11, 8. 3) pr. n. m. (evanescence) of Adam's 2d son Gen. 4, 2; Sept. Aβελ.

עמחונע הַבָּל הַבָּלִים Ecc. 1, 2, הַבָּל vanity of vanities i. e. veriest vanity (Gram. § 119, 2 Rem.); see הַבָּל.

(obs.) perh. akin to Arab. پچز , to be hard, perh. henca

ر (only pl. דָּבְרָים) m. perh. stone - wood, ebony - wood (usually black), so called perh. for its hardness, only in Ex. 27, 15, in K'thibh ness, and the following the following (cf. 2, pespoc).

קר Jer. 4, 11, inf. Hiph. of בָּרַר

גער איז אָרָדָן I, Arab. אָאָ, to divide, to partition out, only in Is. 47, 13 דְּבְרֵי שֶׁמֵים dividers of the heavens, i. e. astrologers, who partition the heavens for augury. The K'thibh is אָלָרָי שָׁרָן, Sept. מֹסַדְסָטֹסָט דָסָטָ טַעָּמָטַ.

קו א קר. n. m. (perh. exile, r. וו הנה II) Est. 2, 3, also הַנָּר v. 8, 15.

לעל (obs.) i. q. דְּגָה (which see) to speak softly, whisper, then also of the silent speech or murmur of the heart; hence הְּגָרָג.

T . I (fut. רְדָגָּה) prob. mimet. akin to يترد, تبدد, Syr. Lon, Arab. καθ, ήχέω, Sans. vach (to utter), L. vagio; 1) to murmur, to have a deep tone, as harp or lyre hence , , , to coo, murmur, as a dove Is. 38, 14; to sigh, moan Is. 16, 7; to mutter, as enchanters (see Hiph.); to rumble, mutter, as low thunder, see הַנָה Job 37, 2; to growl Is. 31, 4. 2) to speak, absol. Ps. 115, 7; w. acc. Job 27, 4; to sing, w. acc. of subj. Ps. 35, 28; in this sense of the verb, clear and distinct utterance is implied. 3) of the silent tones of the heart, w. z to meditate on Josh. 1, 8; w. ל and inf. רהוה לצנית he meditates (what) to answer Prov. 15, 28; w. acc. to think upon Is. 33, 18 (cf. ἡγέομαι); also in a bad sense, to devise, plot Ps. 2, 1, Sept. ἐμελέτησαν, cf. Acts 4, 25. — Po'el אָם וֹם (Gram. § 65, 1, only inf. יבוֹם to imagine Is. 59, 13, but perh. inf. of קנה II or Hiph. of אָבָה. — Hiph. to mutter, only part. pl. בַּנָה Is. 8, 19 whisperers, i. e. enchanters. Cf. שָׁרָש.

i.q. אָלָן II (inf. יֹשָׁה Prov. 25, 4) i.q. אָרָאָ II, to separate, remove (dross) Prov. 25, 5; to take away, as a violent wind Is. 27, 8. — Po'el (Gram. § 65, 1) perh. יושי Is. 59, 13 to remove or banish; cf. άγω, L. ago.

שלקה (r. הְנָה I) m. murmuring, whispering, then sighing, moaning Ez. 2, 10; muttering (of thunder) Job 37, 2; meditation (perh. a kind of soliloquy) or a sound Ps. 90, 9.

Is. 59, 13 inf. absol. Po'el (Gram. §65, 1; 75, Rem. 2), r. דְּנֵה, Ior II.

f. meditation, thought Ps. 49, 4; r. הָנָה I.

דגא Est. 2, 8, see דול.

, הֶגָּרָז (w. suf. הָרָרָזָי) m. i. q. הָגָרָז sighing, moaning Ps. 5, 2; complaint Ps. 39, 4; r. הָלָג.

קְּרְוֹדָרָ (c. דְּבָרוֹן, w. suf. דָּבָרוֹן (c. דָּבָרוֹן, w. suf. דָּבָרוֹן (c. דָּבָרוֹן), איין (c. דָבָרוֹן), איין (c. דַבָּרוֹן), איין (c. דַבָּרוֹן), איין (c. דָבָרוֹן), איין (c. דַבָּרוֹן), איין (c. דָבָרוֹן), איין (c. דַבָּרוֹן), איין (c. דַבָּרַוֹן), איין (c. דַבָּרַוֹן), איין (c. דַבָּרוֹן), איין (c. דַבָּרוֹן), איין (c. דַבָּרַוֹן), איין (c. דַבָּרַוֹן), איין (c. דַבָּרוֹן), איין (c. דָבָרוֹן), איין (c. דַבָּרוֹן), איין (c. דַבָּרוֹן), איין (c. דָבָרוֹן), איין (c. דַבָּרָרוֹן), איין (c. דַבָּרוֹן), איין (c. דברון), איי

קוּבָרָרָה (r. הְבָרָאָ adj. m., הְבָרָעָ f., perh. covered, enclosed (הְבָרָה), only in Ez. 42, 12, which is very obscure.

קַלְלָת Jer. 13, 19 for דְּלָלָת Jer. 13, 19 for דְּלָלָת II. קנן אָנן אָנן (obs.) perh. akin to גָעָן, גָען גָען גער surround, to cover.

مذوع . prob. akin to Syr. حذوب . Arab. فعَجَر to flee, whence Hejrah (Mahomet's flight). Hence

1) pr. n. f. (flight) Gen 16, 1. 2) pr. n. of a country on the Persian Gulf, hence gent. חַגְרִיא 1 Ch. 11, 38; pl. הַגְרִיא Ps. 83, 7, הַגְרִים 1 Ch. 5, 10 – הַגְרִייִים Hagarenes, the people of the country. The place is now called *Bahrein*.

ה. i. q. הַיּרָד, shout or cry of joy Ez. 7, 7; r. הָדָר I.

תְּדְרָין. Chald. (only pl. הַדְרָרָן, def. אַהָּרְרָין m. prob. a guide, counsellor, vizier Dan. 3, 24; הַאָרָרָי מַלְבָּא king's ministers Dan. 3, 27. --- Perh. from הָדָר (akin to ὑδός, L. vado, Sans. vad go) w. old ending בָּרָ (as in בָּרָ which see).

ן (obs.) mimetic, akin to וּ עָּוֹן (סָשָׁג, הוּד, הוּבָּל, לָשָׁג, to shout, כִּשָ, roar, sing i. q. Arab. אָבָל to roar, crash. Hence הִרָד, הַדָּד.

ער דער איז איז דער איז אָדָד in some pr. names.

דָּוָרָד pr. n. (perh. mighty, r. דָּוָרָד II) of a Syrian deity (see בָּן רְהַרָד); also of men Gen. 36, 35, 1 Chr. 1, 30.

pr. n. m. (Hadad is help) 2 Sam. 8, 3.

pr. n. (perh. Hadad is high, see רבין) of a place Zech.12,11.

الا برت III, to stretch out (the hand), only Is. 11, 8; to point out or lead (the way), guide, i. q. Syr. مَتْرَى, Arab. هُدَى ; akin to ٥δός, L. vado, πατέω. Deriv.

סל דור pr. n. (for קנהו pr. n. (for הנהו) of the

Hindoo country, India, Est. 1, 1; Syr. موتر, Arab. هند, in Sans. Sindhavas (i. e. seven rivers), Scinde.

pr.n. of an Arabian people, the Atramites, between the Himyarites and the Sachalites Gen. 10, 27; perh. for הַרוֹר כָם (Ador is exalted); see אֵרוֹר

Is. 25, 10, Niph. from נות נות.

דור pr. n. m. (perh. mighty, r. ווּדָרָ קרָד II) 2 Sam. 23, 30; in 1 Ch. 11, 32 הוּרָר

ו לען דער, דְכָהָ אוֹח אוֹז לען דער, דְכָהָ II, to tread to pieces, tread down (the wicked), w. הערח Job 40, 12; cf. Arab. לענע to tear down (a house), to destroy.

נסא אָדָם, (obs.) akin to אָדָם, אָדָם to stamp hard, to tread or beat upon; hence

(הזרם, דרום, הזרם, הדרם, הדרם m. prop. something trodden on, hence foot-stool, a hassock; הדרם is stamped hard by the feet i. e. footstool, Ps. 110, 1. Cf. Chald גרבם footstool, from בבכל to tread or trample.

νω, to cut into parts; hence

ר (בּוֶּהֶסִין Chald. (only pl. בָּרָשִׁם) m. piece, portion, אַבָר הַרָּמָרן to make pieces, i. e. cut to pieces Dan. 2, 5. Akin to τόμος, Kelt. tam (morsel), Syr. אוֹהָסָ part or member; cf. μέλη (= μέρη, $\lambda = \rho$) ποιείν 2 Mac. 1, 16.

cobs.) akin to بَتَنْ to be green, to sprout, Arab. وَدَسَ to be green. Hence

רובסים (pl. הַדָּפִים) m. *myrtle* Is. 41, 19; pl. Zech. 1, 8.

ish name of Esther, Est. 2, 7.

(fut. רְּרָשׁהָ, inf. c. אָרָשָּׁת, w. suf. דְּרָשָׁה) akin to רְרָשָׁ, to thrust, push Num. 35, 20; w. אָר from and אָ into Job 18, 18; to overthrow Jer. 48, 15; to repulse 2 K. 4, 27; to drive out, expel, w. בָּשָּׁבֵר, בְּשָּׁבֵר, הָיָשָּׁבַר, 19; 9, 4.

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ער (fut. דְּדָרָר) prob. akin to I, prop. to shine, gleam, to be conspicuous, hence אָדָרָר מַ a mountain Is. 45, 2; then fig. to be splendid, glorious, ידָרָר בְּלְבוּשׁו splendid in his apparel Is. 63, 1; to honour or favour Lev. 19, 32, Ex. 23, 3. — Niph. to be honoured Lam. 5, 12. — Hith. to make oneself glorious, to boast oneself Prov. 25, 6.

ראדר Chald. same as Heb. רְּאָרֵר, only-Pa. דהדר to honour Dan. 4, 31. 34.

(הַדְרֵי ... הֲדְרָים .! הַדְרָי ... הָדְרָים . m. ornament, splendour, pomp Ps. 45, 4, הַדְרֵי מְדָרֵי מְדָרֵי מָדָט adornments of the Sanctuary, i. e. holy ornaments Ps. 110, 3, see on הַדְרָי הָדָרָד ful trees Lev. 23, 40; majesty, of God Ps. 104, 1; honour, dignity Ps. 149, 9; r. הָדָר.

(הָרָר (r. הָדָר) m. adornment, splendour; הְדָר מַלְכָרָה ornament of the kingdom, i. e. Palestine Dan. 11, 20; cf. אָרָך הָאָרָר in v. 16 the land of adornment, also Zech. 9, 16.

רָדָרָ Chald. m. i. q. Heb. דָּדָרָ w. suf. דְדָרָר Dan. 4, 33 my majesty.

pr. n. m. (splendour) perh. name of the Syrian fire-god; see אָדָר.

דרירם, see דאר

יָדָרָה (c. דָּדָרַת, r. יָדָרָה) f. i. q. דָדָרָה, ornament, glory Prov. 14, 28; Ps. 96, 9 holy adorning i. e. holy-day or festive dress.

הרורם, see הרורם.

דְוֹדֵרְאָוָר pr. n. m. (only another reading for הְאָרֵדְאָוָר, which see) 2 Sam. 10, 16.

דָרָשְׁרָה Is. 34, 6 Hothpa. of דָיַשָּׁרָ.

interj. ha! ah! oh! of grief, Ex. 30, 2; akin to אָהָא אָהָא. אוֹר, הוֹי, הוֹי, אָהָ

2 Ch. 29,36,see Hiph. ofr.] .

interj. of grief, i. q. "in, oh! wo! Am. 5, 16.

m., הַמָּה, הֵם f. (pl. הָדָא m., הנה , הנה f.) he, she, it; personal pron. of the third pers., but orig. a demonstrative (akin to δ , η , W. o (ev) he, hi she) making the subject prominent; without the א in pr. n. אלירהוי (for אלרדורא God is he or that one. With the art. Timeans that, e. g. that man Job 1, 1, דארש החוא בַּעֵּח הַהִיא , those days הַיָּמָים הַהָם in that time Mic. 3, 4. After a noun or pronoun it may be like αὐτός, L. ipse, self, לַכֵן רְתֵּן אֲדֹנָי הוּא לַכֵם אוֹת therefore the Lord himself (Sept. Κύριος αὐτός) shall give you a sign Is. 7, 14; אתה הוא thou art the same (Sept. & autos) Ps. 102, 28, but in Ps. 44, 5 thou art He, my king מִר־דוּא יַרְשִׁיעֵנִי (Gram. §121, 2), comp. who is he that shall condemn me? Is. 50, 9; cf. Gen. 20, 5. Often it may appear to serve for the 3d pers. perf. of meaning is, was (but see Gram. §121, 2) e. g. פר אלחרם שפט הוא for God is judge Ps. 50, 6, בי צַקָרָח for she was barren Gen. 25, 21; or at least it includes in itself the verb הוא ארֹני e.g. היה *he is my* master Gen. 24, 65, in which case

it stands for the logical copula (Gram. § 144. 1); clearly emphatic in such constructions as הַלא הוא אַכָּר did not he say to me? Gen. 20, 5; the Eternal יְהוֹה מֵלְכֵנוּ הוּא יוֹשִׁיעֵנוּ our king, He shall save us Is. 33, 22. -The pl. or m. seems to be shortened from הום (cf. Chald. suf. הון, Arab. אָקום , as אָקוֹם from אָקוֹם. -- In the Pentateuch Stands for the fem. as well as the masc. e. g. אווהב דארץ and the gold of that land Gen. 2, 12, where the punctators pointed it (and expected it to be sounded) as דרא, but it should always be pronounced like the masc. hu (see Gram. § 32, Rem. 6). The form rarely occurs except in the Pentateuch, see 1 K. 17, 15; Job 31, 11; Is. 30, 33.

kii Chald. m., **k**ii f. i. q. Heb. *he, she, it,* Dan. 2, 22; w. substantive verb implied *he is, she is,* etc. Dan. 2, 9; for the subst. verb., Dan. 4, 27.

לְהָוֹעָז, הוֹ Chald. (fut. לְהָוֹא, Dan. 2, 28 for הָהָוֹן, pl. לְהָוֹן, m. לָהָוֹן, f.) to be, i. q. Heb. דְּיָה. Often employed w. participle of principal verb, e. g. אָדָר הַפְרְנָיָא *a gart the horns*, i. e. I considered Dan. 7, 8. — The לֵ as preformative of the 3 person in the future (as above) is akin to the Syriac preform. J, e. g. לָבוֹר מְדֹרָה מִדֹרָה be Dan. 4, 22, Syr. לָבוֹר מִדֹרָה, the l and n being often interchanged, e. g. נְדָל = לָתָץ and the y and n also, e. g. נְצָב = רָצָב, see Gram. § 71.

רהבר Chald. to be destroyed Dan. 7, 11, Hoph. of אָבָר after the Heb.

אָבָר Chald. inf. Aph. of אָבָר, in the Biblical or Hebraistic Chaldee, to destroy Dan. 7, 26.

דוֹנְהָת Lam.1, 5 Hiph. of דְּיָה w. suf. דִּ-ָ.

עליד (obs.) 1) akin to אוֹיד ג (which see), addaw, to sound forth, to sing, hence to make famous, to praise. 2) akin to אָקל, to shine, hence to bloom.

שלה m. 1) akin to aùdi, utterance, sound, as אוד קול the sounding of his voice i. e. peal of thunder Is. 30, 30. 2) renown or splendour of God Ps. 21, 6, of a king 1 Ch. 29, 25, of a war-horse Zech. 10, 3; bloom (of manhood) Prov. 5, 9. 3) pr. n. m. (perh. renown) 1 Ch. 7, 37; cf.

I. רָדָה Hiph. of רּוֹדָדוֹ

דּוֹדַוְיְדָאָ, דּוֹדַוְיְדָאָ, pr. n. m. (perh. for הוֹדוּ בָּה praise ye דָרָ) 1 Ch. 5, 24; 3, 24.

(part. הוָה Neh. 6, 6, imp. אָלָה , דָרָה Sen. 27, 29) i. q. הוָה, אָלָה , דָרָה , דָרָה , קוָה אָלָה , דָרָה , דָרָה , קוָה) fig. to live, be or exist Ecc. 2, 22; imp. אָבָה , דָרָה Is. 16, 4. 2) to breathe after something, to desire; hence after. 3) to expire, die; hence קיר ruin.

ווּהָ f. i. q. דְעָד 2, rwin, Is. 47, 11.

הָרָה Chald. to be, see הָרָה.

(pl. דַאוֹת f. 1) desire, cupidity, ביית רְשָׁצִים בָּדָהֹת he_thrusteth

away the desire of the wicked Prov. 10, 3 (r. קור 2). 2) ruin (only in pl.), calamities Ps. 57, 2; הקר קבר structive pestilence Ps. 91, 3; mischievousness Ps. 5, 10; היוח tongue of mischiefs i. e. mischievous tongue Prov. 17, 4.

דורה pr. n. m. (perh. for רורה He will ruin them, r. און אין אין אין king of Hebron Josh. 10, 3.

לוֹד interj. i. q. אוֹא, אוֹד, סטׁמוֹ, סוֹ. 1) of grief, oh! woo! alas, אוֹד, שׁוֹד oh! my brother 1 K. 13, 30. 2) of threatening, ho! woe! Is. 1, 4, w. אָאָ Jer. 48, 1, w. אָד Jer. 50, 27, w. אָ Ez. 13, 18 woe to! 3) of exhortation, ho! Is. 55, 1.

ירָקָדָ Chald. (only fut. יְרָקָדָ Ezr. 5, 5; inf. בְּדָקָדָ Ezr. 7, 13) i. q. Hebr. יבָקָדָ (comp. אָלַץ = ארץ, to go. ---- Cf. olyopat, fixw.

אנה לואל (obs.) akin to א דול (obs.) akin to be bright, to gleam; hence אַבִרקר in אַבִרקר.

דּלְלָדָה Ez. 16, 4 inf. Hoph. of דָלָרָ for הּלָרָה (comp. Gram. § 27, Rem. 1).

(הוֹלְלָוֹת (ר. דְּוֹלָלָה; only pl. דּוֹלָלָה f. folly Ecc. 1, 17; wickedness Ecc. 9,3.— The ending ה'- may perh. be a form of היל הי, and so הוֹלָלוּה be singular, in the same way as הַכָּמוֹת.

דוללף Ps. 78, 63 in Pu. of הוללף.

הוֹלַלאָה f. i. q. הוֹלֵל הוֹל folly Ecc. 10, 13.

דָּוֹלָם m. Is. 41, 7; see הָּלָם.

2

לין חווחפר, גאוה אוח דער, to roar, to be noisy (in turnult, confusion); hence to agitate, Deut. 7, 23 בקד he confounds them w. great confusion. — Nipb. (fut. און to be in a hubbub or agitated Ruth 1, 19. - Hiph. to cause confusion, to make a hubbub Mic. 2, 12, fig. to sigh aloud Ps. 55, 3.

דּוֹטָכם pr. n. m. (confusion, r. דּוֹטָכם) 1 Ch. 1, 39; דַיּכָם in Gen. 36, 22.

(Qal obs.) 1) i. q. און, to breathe; hence fig. as in דְּבָל to be vain, light; hence perh. דִין, cf. Hiph. 2) i. q. דָאין 2 to toil, to earn or get by labour; hence דָּוֹי. — Hiph. and ye acted lightly to go up i. e. went up heedlessly Deut. 1, 41.

רוֹרָם (pl. דאוֹרָם Ez. 27, 33) m. i. q. wealth, riches (prop. earnings) Prov. 1, 13; hence worth, value, e. g. prov. 1, 13; hence worth, value, e. g. without a price, i. e. for nought Ps. 44, 13; as adv. enough Prov. 30, 15; Sept. apxei.

רסד 2 Ch. 3, 3, see רהיסד.

obs.) perh. i. q. الآر, to cut, to wound, hence perh. التقار

דאבר, see האבר pr. n.

לה" or הלד (pl. c. הלד m. 1) i. q. mountain, hence (acc. to best reading) אריין *the eternal mountains* Gen. 49, 26, like אריין in the other member of the parallelism; cf. in Deut. 33, 15, Hab. 3, 6; but the Massoretic text has by *parents, as far as* – (cf. Eng. Version, after the Lat. Vulgate). 2) pr. n. of a mountain where Aaron died Num. 20, 22, hence called by the Arabs Jebel Neby Hârûn, Mount of the Prophet Aaron. 3) pr. n. of a point or spur of Lebanon Num. 34, 7.

קבא Gen. 8, 17 imper. Hiph. of דּוֹבָא, in Q'ri דִרְצָא, the K'thibh being דּוֹבָא,

Zech. 10, 6 Hiph. of

יָשָׁב, w. suf.; a mingling of דוֹשָׁבְחִים and בדָשִׁיבוֹתִים.

יָרוֹשָׁבָע pr. n. m. (for רּוֹשָׁבָע hears) 1 Ch. 3, 18.

דוֹמָשָׁל pr. n. m. (deliverance) 1) Joshua's early name Num. 13, 8. 2) king of Israel 2 K. 15, 30. 3) a prophet Hos. 1, 1.

דּוֹשַׁלְרָה pr. n. m. (דּוֹשַׁלְרָה saves) Neh. 12, 32.

(Qal obs.) perh. akin to the haste; cf. ώθέω, θέω, W. gwthio. — Pi. πήπ to make haste, to rush upon, only Ps. 62, 4.

דוֹתִרך pr. n. m. (perh. survivor) 1 Ch. 25, 4 ; r. דְרָת

וא דוי על Is. 44, 20, see דוי על וו הלל II.

ל ווֹדָן Chald. Dan. 5, 20, inf. Aph. of דין.

רוֹדַבִּרִקרוֹך Chald. Dan. 2, 9 Q'ri, Ithpa. of וְפָו

(a dream), hence to dream, only Is. 56, 10, Sept. ἐνυπνιαζόμενοι; cf. Arab. هذى to talk at random, esp. of one delirious.

לה במו גם Lam. 1, 8, Hiph. of אב, see Gram. § 72, Rem. %

אוֹדָער In 1, 16 for דּעָזוּט Hith. of דָּעָזוּג Gram. § 54, 2, b.

דּוֹרוֹתַרְכָם Ez. 6, 8 inf. Niph. of הִגְרוֹתְכָם.

ן ארוד, Josh. 6, 17, 3 f. Hiph. of היקבאה, for היקבאה, see Gram. § 75, Rem. 21, a.

קור אָקוּדָלָת: Judg. 9, 9, either irreg. Qal w. the interrog. הָ, or for הַּגַּוּהָדַלָּתָּר Hiph. of הַיָּהָדָ, אי הַ interrog.

עוון 2 K. 13, 6, and גוון Jer. געטא 5, for גרטי, Hiph. of געטי.

דָרָת Ez. 20, 9 inf. Niph. of דָרָת Ez. 53, 10, Hiph. 3 pers. perf. of הָלָי

DF Ps. 144, 5 imp. Hiph. apoc. of נעדון, for וענדו (see Gram. § 76, 2, b).

אַשְׁטָרָ Deut. 24, 4, Hothp. of gram. § 54, 3, Bem.

רושרור Prov. 7, 21, 3 f. sing. Hiph. of אָנָאָה, w. suf.

או interj. like או הור, דו, but used as subst. sighing, lamentation Ez. 2, 10; it may be a shortening of הדל, as קרבול זם בול

(pl. הָרָּדָן הָרָדָן) pers. pron. f. 3 pers. sing. she Ruth 1, 3; as subst. verb, she is, was, e. g. הָרָאָר הַיּרָם הָרָא because she was beautiful of appearance Est. 1, 11; sometimes for the neuter, it Ecc. 5, 18. It is used as widely as הדר, which see. The pl. הרך prob. was orig. הרך

(only pl. דָּשְׁרָוֹת, Neh. 12, 8) f. choirs. The form is perh. corrupted for הורנות, as 1 Ch. 25, 3 may indicate; r. דָרָה = הדָר I.

בימון

- Niph. האַרָּיָרָה to be done, made to be Mic. 2, 4; האָרָה a desire accomplished Prov. 13, 19; so also prob. Dan. 2, 1 השַרָּירָה עַלָּיר and his sleep was finished upon him, i. e. left him; w. b to become something Deut. 27, 9; w. דעָרָה the author 1 K. 12, 24; to come to pass, happen Judg. 19, 30, so also prob. קרַרְיָרָה עָרָרָה נָרָרָרָה I happened that I was sick Dan. 8, 27.

(Q'ri for תַּוָּה) f. ruin, calamity Job 6, 2; r. דְּיָה i. q. תָּוָ 3.

ארה אלן. (i. q. ארה in Chald. form how? 1 Ch. 13, 12.

ליקל (c. דָּיְכָלִי m., f. only in Is. 44, 28; pl. דְּיְכָלִים, c. דְּיִכָלִים only in Hos. 8, 14.) 1) prop. capacious building, hence a palace Am. 8, 3. 2) דָיכָל *Eternal's palace* i. e. the temple of the Lord 2 K. 24, 13; used even of the tabernacle before the temple in Jerusalem was built 1 Sam. 1, 9; poet. of heaven as the palace of the universe Ps. 29, 9. 3) the sanctuary (δ va $\delta \varsigma$), between the porch and holy of holies 1 K. 6, 5; r. בָּכָל = בָּדָל

לובל Chald. (def. בּזּרְכָלָא) 1) palace of a king Dan. 4, 1. 2) the temple, בּזרְכָלָא הָי בִירוּשְׁלָם in Jerusalem Dan. 5, 2.

דרליכי Ex. 2, 9, Hiph. 2 pers. imp. of , for assonance w. יָלָה.

שלילל m. brightness, then bright star, morning star, i. e. Lucifer bright star, son of the morning Is. 14, 12; r. דָּלָל הַרְלָל בָּן-שָׁתִר is the imp. Hiph. of לָלַ which see.

דיים, see דיים. דָּבָּרָאָר Hiph. of דָרָבָר

be, as the logical copula between subj. and predicate, e. g. יְדָאָרֶץ and the earth was desolation and emptiness Gen. 1, 2. Construed w. 5 of the pers. to be to, e. g. ירקר גאן ובקר and there was to him sheep and oxen, i. e. he had or possessed them Gen. 12, 16 (see Gram. p. 351); to be for something e. g. ידרו למארות and they shall be (serve) for lights Gen. 1, 15; to prove, turn out to be, e. g. התחזקו והרו turn לאנשרם shew yourselves strong and be for (i. e. become) men 1 Sam. 4, 9. With my, to be of the party of 1 K. 1, 8; to lie with a woman Gen. 39, 10; to be in the mind 1 K. 11, 11; w. 57 to be over for protection 1 Sam. 25, 16. In union w. the inf. of another verb, it expresses, to be appointed, e. g. וְתָרָה לְבָצֵר and it shall be for burning Is. 5, 5; to be about to, e.g. וַרָדָי דַשַּׁמֵשׁ לָבוֹא and the sun was about to set Gen. 15, 12; to be necessary to be done, as of duty, e. g. וַיָּדָער לְסִגֹר and the gate must (or had to) be shut Josh. 2, 5 (see Gram. § 132, Rem. 1). 2) to come into existence, וַרְהָר אוֹר and there was light Gen. 1, 3; to become something w. 5 Gen. 2, 7; w. acc. and she became a ותהרי נציב מלה pillar of salt Gen. 19, 26. דְּיָה לָאָרשׁ means sometimes to behave oneself 's a man i. e. to become a man, as •bove in 1 Sam. 4, 9; sometimes to belong to a man, as a wife whom he marries Deut. 21, 15. 3) to come to לא יְדֵענוּ מֵה הַיָה לו pase, occur, e. g. לא יְדֵענוּ מֵה we know not what has happened to him Ex. 32, 1; very frequent in the form ורהי אַזורי הַהְבָרִים, e. g. ורהי and it came to pass after these things Gen. 22, 1; also w. fut. and it shall come to pass Is. 7, 18.

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דִרְעָרָם pr. n. m. (confusion) Gen. 86, 22; i. q. דוֹמָם 1 Ch. 1, 39.

דידָרָן pr. n. m. (prob. faithful, trustful, i. q. Aram. אָכָוּ; ר. אָכָן I) 1 K. 5, 11; perh. same as אָכָן artist, workman.

אַמָן Chald. Aph. of הַרָּבְי

m. a hin, Sept. iv, name of measure for liquids, equal to 6th part of a ב, about 5 English quarts Num. 15, 4. ---- If Hebrew, it comes perh. frem r. את.

אָזא Chald. Aph. of אָאָזא

היתד Chald. pass. of היתד; r. אָזָא.

imp. Hiph. of נְכָה, see Gram. § 76, 5, b.

עבס Lev. 13, 55 inf. c. of Hothp. of קבס, see Gram. § 54, 3.

2 Sam. 9, 1; Job 6, 22; see [יוֹכָר 1] נוֹגָד 1] ג.

דָרָכָיל Ez. 21, 33 inf. Hiph. acc. to some for אָבָל, r. אָבָל; but perh. from בוּל which see.

Hiph. of יָּכָר w. suf. ק-.

fig. to be strong, firm, i. q. גָּבָל; גּבּוּל; hence הָדָרַד, of. דַיִרָד from הָדַרָבָּ.

עבה Hiph. of הכם, w. suf. ם___.

2 Ch. 29, 19,1 p. perf. Hiph. of ידעני

ישני אווא נכה Hiph. of הפרי w. suf. ישני

i. q. דְבָר, to hurt, הַשְׁרָה, to hurt, הַשְׁרָה, only in fut. Qal הַדְּקֹרָי, w. אָ Job 19, 3. But perh. for נַדְּוֹקְרָיּ from הַבָּוֹיְכָרי, which see.

יַנְכָרָה f. (c. הַכָּרָה w. firm) a regarding, ascertaining, e. g. הַבָּרָה הַבְּרָש the discerning of their faces, i. e. prob. the expression of their looks, only in Is. 3, 9; ר. בָּבָר.

1) Demonstrative - particle, which forms the basis of אָלָא and the Heb. article, also אָדָלָא, w. its denominative verb נְדָלָא, w. its denominative verb בָּרָלָא and the adv. בָּרָלָא its *there, yonder.* 2) The Heb. article, on wh. see under כָּרָא particle, which passes into the prefixed בָּל בְרָהָיָה as some read, but most prefer בַּלָרָהָיָה

ארדין II only in Niph. f. part. she that had been removed far off Mic. 4, 7.

אָדָל hā'- le'ā, see under דָלָאָדו

אָרָאָר 3 pers. f. perf. Hiph. of דָּוֹלָאָר. דֶּוֹלְאָיָת Ez. 24, 12, for דֶּוֹלָאָיָת.

אָלָל Job 29, 3 inf. Qal of דָּלָּל, w. suf. i—.

(only pl. הלפילים, r. הלפילים) m. rejoicings, feast of thanksgiving (at the vintage) Lev. 19, 24.

הלם, see הלום.

לפָל demons. pron. m. and f. this; m. הַפָּלַצ הַלָּז this reck Judg. 6, 20; f. הַשֹּרְמָרח הַלָּז this Shunamitess 2 K. 4, 25. The form seems apoc. from הוב עלוה, הַלָּזָה who

is this man? Gen. 24, 65. It is formed of סו and הַל

דופוד ד. סר דיפור, this, only in Ez. 36, 35 דאָרָץ הַפַּוּד הַפְשָׁרָה this land that is desolated.

(דָּלָךְ or דָּלָרָים; r. דְּלָרָדָ; r. דְּלָרָדָ m. a going, step, only in Job 29, 6.

חָלִיכוֹת (דָּלְדָרָה) f. only pl. הַלִיכָה 1) goings, progress Nah. 2, 6; processions Ps. 68, 25. 2) ways, Hab. 3, 6 his ways are as of old, cf. Heb. 13, 8; הַלְיכוֹת בַּרָח the ways of the house, i. e. domestic affairs Prov. 31, 27. 3) caravans, companies of travellers Job. 6, 19.

ידילה or יובר (fut. ידילה usually בלה as if from הָבָּדָ, inf. abs. הָלוֹדָ, c. לבת, w. suf. לְכָתִי, imp. לָכִי, w. ד-ָד. Jer. 51, 50; part. Tin, see Gram. § 69, Rem. 8) probab. akin to אָרַח, לָאָך, ארַרו, פֿאָרָאָ, פֿאַגעסאַ, פֿאַגעסעמג, Byr. وَلَقَ , Arab. وَلَقَ to go fast, E. walk. 1) to go, in the most varied senses, as a messenger Is. 6, 8; before inf. w. 5 Gen. 3, 19; to be going to die, i. e. to be near death, w. 5 Gen. 25, 32: w. another finite verb, דָּלָכוּ thy went and made a ועשור משחר feast Job 1, 4: applied to inanimate objects, e. g. to spread, of a name, 2 Ch. 26, 8; to extend, of a border Josh. 16, 8; to float, יַהֵּכָּה דַהַתָּכָה and the ark floated on בל-פני המים the surface of the water Gen. 7, 18; to flow, of water 1 K. 18, 35. But it also expresses the continuance of the action, hence to continue, keep on; in this sense הַלָּה is mostly so used that it is combined w. the principal verb of the continued action (see Gram. § 131, 3, Rem. 3), either w. inf. obs. and adj., as in וַיּלָדָ הַלידָ וברל and he went to go and growing, רַלַד

i. e. continued growing Gen. 26, 13: or w. two inff. abs. as in וישבו דלוה and they returned to go and to return, i. e. continued to recede more and more Gen. 8, 3; or with part. and adj. as in וילה וקרב and he went going and approaching i. e. kept drawing nearer and nearer 1 Sam. 17, 41: the same idea of continuance is expressed by the verbs כַּלָה, צָּאַ, כָּלָה, אַנָּלָה, אַנָּאַ in union w. another verb, 2 Sam. 15, 30; 16, 5. - In the following instances the verb may perh. have an intensive meaning, Ex. 9, 23 (תרבלך), Ps. 73, 9 (הִדֵּוֹלָדָ), Ps. 91, 6 (הִדֵּוֹלָדָ), and may be rendered to go fast, to rush; and the unusual form of fut. (,, for the usual (יַלָדָ may have something to dow. this increased force. - Often w. > pleonastic (Gram. § 154, 3, e) e. g. אַלָּדְ לי *I will go for* me, i. e. will betake me Cant. 4, 6. 2) Fig. either a) to walk, i. e. to live, pursue a way of life, w.] of the way wherein Deut. 19, 9; of the rule whereby Ps. 89, 31, one walks, or w. acc. Is. 33, 15 הלה walking righteous ways, i. e. living rightly; also w. adj. קמים Ps. 15, 2 used as adv. uprightly; or β) to go away 1 Sam. 15, 27; w. מָדָם 1 K. 2, 41; w. מָדָם 1 Sam. 10, 2; משנר Jer. 3, 1; בשמר Ecc. 8, 3; w. בַיכֵרנָ Judg. 6, 21; to disappear, of a cloud Job 7, 9; to be gone, of the breath Ps. 78, 39; to depart, to die 2 Chr. 21, 20 (comp. Arab. هلك to perish). The following usages w. prepp. should be noted: >>> of pers. to whom Num. 22, 37, against whom 1 Sam. 17, 33; also of place to which of place whither ع Gen. 22, 2; w. of place whither Judg. 19, 9; w. n- local Gen. 28, 2; w. acc. of place whither Judg. 19, 18; but w. acc. also to walk, to go through Deut. 1, 19; w. ד up to, on to Judg. 19, 18; w. על אַשָׁר whither 2 Sam. 15, 20; w. 7 to go in (about in) Josh. 5, 6; to enter, go into Is. 38, 10; to go among, with Ex. 10, 9; w. אָז Gen. 14, 24, w. כם Gen. 24, 58 to go with, accompany; also, to keep company with Job 34, 8; w. לִבַרָ to go before, to lead Ex. 13, 21; w. אָדֵרָר to follow Gen. 24, 5. - Niph. prop. to make oneself go, hence נהלך to be gone, disappear Ps. 109, 23. ---Pi. דופך to go about, walk Ps. 115, 7; w. > to walk in, i.e. meddle with, Ps. 131, 1; to walk, live, w. a of rule whereby Ps. 86, 11; to go, flow, as streams Ps. 104, 10; to glide, as ships Ps. 104, 26; intensive of Qal to go swiftly, to speed, of arrows, Hab. 3, 11; of God Ps. 104, 3; to rove, to ravage, of foxes Lam. 5, 18. Part. קדעה rover, ravager Prov. 6, 11. – Hiph. הוליה בדליה Ex. 2, 9; part. מָדָלְכִרם leaders Zech. 3, 7; prop. causative, hence to cause to go, to lead Deut. 8, 2; of things, to lead off, carry Zech. 5, 10; to make flow, of a river, Ez. 32, 14; to cause to recede, of the sea Ex. 14, 21; to cause to go away, i. e. to destroy Ps. 125, 5. - Hith. Trans to walk oneself, to take a walk (περιπατείν) Gen. 3, 8; to go about Ex. 21, 19; also w. acc. of place Job 22, 14. Fig. as in Qal, to walk, to live, w. p of the rule whereby Ps. 26, 3; to behave Ps. 35, 14; esp. to walk w. or before God Gen. 5, 22, 17, 1 (comp. Heb. 11, 5, 6); to flow, of wine Prov. 23, 31; part. מְחָדְלָך roving, ravaging, Prov. 24, 34. Deriv. הליכה, הליכה, תַּדַלּיכָח, מַדַלָּד

לב] Chald. akin to הוה in Pa. to go, walk Dan. 4, 26. — Aph. אַקלָן to go, part. pl. מַהָּלָבִין Dan. 3, 25.

m. 1) a way, course, then,

concr. i. q. אָלָש הַלָּדָ Sam. 12, 4. 2) course, stream, דַלָּד קַלָּד the flow of honey 1 Sam. 14, 26.

Ezr. 4, 13.

, w. suff, הַל (fut. יָרָהֹל, inf. וֹ לַלָּק ע ו (רובו) 1) to be bright, to shine (cf. Arab. هن, haul sun, Ger. hell); in its shining, his lamp בְּדָּפֹוֹ נֵרוֹ (suf. repeated for emphasis, see Gram. § 121, 6, Rem. 3) Job 29, 3: fig. to make display, אַל־תָּדְעֹל do not make a display, i. e. boast Ps. 75, 5, part. הוללים boasters, fools, Ps. 73, 3; perh. this part. may stand for כהוכל and therefore belong to the Po'el. 2) to give a clear sound (mimet. akin to G. hallen, gellen, E. halloo), akin to send forth .-- Pi. יַלָל ו) to send forth tones, to sing, esp. to sing praises, to praise w. acc. דַּלָלוּ - יָהַ praise ye the Lord Ps. 104, 36; w. 5 to sing praise to 1 Ch. 16, 35; w. > of the obj. in whom the theme of praise is found Ps. 44, 9; w. 5x to commend to somebody Gen. 12, 15. 2) to diffuse brightness, i. e. to be celebrated, in pr. nn.: intrans. to glory, w. 2 and acc. Ps. 56, 5; w. y upon, because of Ps. 10, 3. - Po'el bin to make foolish or mad Ecc. 7, 7; to make appear foolish, to put to shame Job 12, 17. - Pu. to be praised, to be celebrated (in song) Ez. 26, 17; part. praised one, i. e. who is alone جرمؤط worthy of praise, of God Ps. 18, 4. - Po'al. part. מְהוֹלָל made foolish, i. e. mad, raging, בחוללי those mad against me Ps. 102, 9. - Hiph. (fut. to cause to shine Is. 13, 10; to give light, i. e. to shine Job 31, 26. - Hith. to make oneself praiseworthy, to win applause, Prov. 31, 30; to make a display of oneself, to boast Prov.

20, 14; w. \overline{p} , of the theme Ps. 34, 3; w. \overline{p} to boast in company with Ps. 106, 5. — Hithpo. to shew oneself mad i. e. to rage Jer. 25, 16; to be mad, to drive on furiously, of chariots Nah. 2, 5; w. \overline{p} of the thing in or on which one is mad Jer. 50, 38; to feign oneself mad 1 Sam. 21, 14.

לאָל pr. n. m. (praiseworthy) Judg. 12, 13.

ם בון (obs.) perh. akin to בון (cf. בָּבָל בָּבָל), to shine or sparkle; hence הָבָל, which see.

שלש (from אי תי w. the ending ה-) adv. of place, *kither* Ex. 3, 5; *hitherto, thus far* 2 Sam. 7, 18; *here*, in this place Gen. 16, 13.

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D, **pr. n. m. (a smiting) 1 Ch. 7**, 35.

הקלבוות f. prop. a smiting, hence hammer, mallet Judg. 5, 26.

 where the words אָקָמוֹנָם, הָמָדָם make a paronomasia; cf. הָמָדָם.

🗖 🛛 (w. ד - parag. דַּשָּׁד, see Gram. § 33, Rem. 7) m. pers. pron. pl. of who (w. the same manifold usage as אזה, which see) they, without emphasis Gen. 37, 16; emphatic, as marking a class, they, such as they Ps. 37, 9; demonst. pron. בימים וחות in those days Gen. 6, 4; expressive of subst. verb, הלא לנו הם *are they not ours?* Gen. 34, 23; sometimes for the fem., as in Ruth 1, 22 (Gram. § 121, 6, Rem. 1), and prob. even for the 2nd person, as in Zeph.2, 12. - With pref. such בַהַפָּה by them Hab. 1, 16; בַהַפָּה such as they, 2 Sam. 24, 3; לְהַשָּׁח for them Jer. 14, 16; מֵחֶפָּח from them Jer. 10, 2; מָה דָם in Ez. 8, 6 is for מָהָם.

λητρή pr. n. m. (Pers. hamdata = ἕμα δοτός) Est. 3, 1.

הוֹמָה, part. f. רְיָהֶמָה, מוֹמָה) and הוכיה) mimet. akin to הוכיה), הכם G. hummen, to hum, to make a murmuring or confused sound or noise e. g. to growl, as a bear Is. 59, 11; to snarl, as a dog Ps. 59, 7; to coo, as a dove Ez. 7, 16; to groan Ps. 77, 4; to sound, as an instrument Jer. 48, 36; to roar, as the waves Jer. 5, 22; to splash, as the rain (see ן א ד 1 K. 18, 41); to make a din, as a crowd 1 K. 1, 41; to be internally stirred, to be agitated Ps. 42, 6; part. עיר הימיה a noisy city, Is. 22, 2; הוֹמִיוֹת noisy places or streets Prov. 1, 21; הֹמָה שָׁכָר strong drink is raging, i. e. produces noisy mirth Prov. 20, 1; to buzz about i. e. to behave in a noisy and disorderly manner Prov. 7, 11. Deriv. הַמְיָח הָמוֹן הֵם.

וו הַם see והַבּרה II.

Ez. 7, 11, see DT I.

הַמִּרוֹתָם

Chald. Ezr. 4, 23, them, used chiefly as acc. of القلاب; comp. Syr. (م) mostly acc. of ألم

שָׁנְכָּם (c. הָמָיָ , w. suf. once הָמָיָן w. short δ Ez. 5, 7; pl. יַדָּרָלָן r. הָמָיָם m., f. only Job 31, 34; noise, sound of rain 1 K. 18, 41, of singers Am. 5, 23, of a crowd Job 39, 7; fig. a multitude Is. 13, 4; a crowd e.g. of women 2 Ch. 11, 23; a troop, Judg. 4, 7; confluence of waters, Jer. 10, 13; abundance, wealth Ps. 37, 16; concr. the rich Is. 5, 13; 7, 16; concr. the rich Is. 5, 13; 7 noise of thy bowels, i. e. stirrings of thy sympathy Is. 63, 15.

לובני Ezr. 5, 11) Tchald. (also דובני Ezr. 5, 11) pers. pron. m. pl. *they*, Dan. 2, 34; same as the Heb. רָּכ

קסָק דָרָאָרָדָר, pr. n. (multitude, r. דָרָאָרָדָר) of a city, which is to be near גַּר in the prophet's vision Ez. 39, 16.

ן וְיִרְיָרָה f. sound (of a harp) Is. 14, 11; r. הְמָה.

דַיּמִין 2 Sam. 14, 19 for דַּיּמִין, Hiph. of denom. verb יָמֵן.

הְבְּרָת (perh. r. הְבָתָה, like הְבָרָת from הְבָתָה) f. sighing, הְבָתָה moaning Prov. 19, 18; but better his killing, prop. to cause him to die.

1 Sam. 17, 35, Hiph. 1 sing. of גולה, w. suf. 3 sing. masc.

דְרָאָכר Job 24, 24, for דָרְאָכר, Hoph. of דָכָן, Gram. § 67, Bem. 8.

ر (obs.) perh. akin to بيتي to be full, hence plenteous, numerous, cf. Arab. هَمَلَ to rain continually. Hence

f. abundance, force, of the wind Jer. 11, 16; multitude, of a host Ez. 1, 24; cf. אלוא. (perf. Qal contracted only in המשר Ex. 23, 27; fut. בדיקי, mimet. akin to הקרי (which see), prop. to make a noise, to ratile, hence to set in commotion, discomfit Josh. 10, 10; to impel, urge forward, the wheels of a car Is. 28, 28; to scatter, destroy utterly, Deut. 2, 15. — Niph. fut. בדי to be moved, prop. to be in a stir, as a city Buth 1 19.

רְּכּוֹן perh. denom. from רְּכָּוֹן, hence to make a noise or commotion, only in Ez. 5, 7 because of בְּכָּכָ your making uproar (i. e. rebellion) more than the heathen; but see under בְּכָּנֹון

of a Persian Est. 3, 1.

ישניק: Chald. (K'thibh הַאָרָרָיָך) m. necklace, perh. chain of pearls for the neck or wrist Dan. 5, 7. ----Akin to μάνος, μανιάχης, L. monile, said to be from Sans. mani (pearl), but perh. Semitic from אַפָּר I לש support (cf. מְשָׁטִש), w. old adj. ending ---- (cf. כָּר שׁׁטַע).

עָרָהָ (obs.) perh. akin to נְכָסָ II (cf. דְרָהָ = רְדָרָה), Sans. mash (hew) L. messis, G. meiss (a copse), to break or cut off; perh. hence

(חַמָּכִים (only pl. הַבְּרָט) m. broken twigs or sticks, brushwood, only in Is. 64, 1.

تَكْتُرُكُمْ 2 Sam. 17, 10 inf. Niph. of مَعْتُرُكُمْ

קליליד Josh. 14, 8, a Chaldaism for יְּבְּסָר, Hiph. of יָבְסָר, Gram. § 75, Rem. 17.

נסא: (obs.) perh. akin to שָּרָב I, to flow, Arab. אָעָל to flow, pour, טָּגָקָאר אָרוּ אָרוּ גוּ imber; perh. hence הַקַרוֹתָם Job 17, 2 inf. Hiph. of

אָרָדָ w. suf. and euphonic Daghesh (see Gram. § 20, 2, b).

ישל (prop. inf. Hiph. of כְּשָׁל) m. dominion, might Job 25, 2.

ו pers. or demonst. pron. fem. (pl. of דָּוֹן) they, but this original form occurs only in connexion with prefixes, אָבָען Gen. 19, 29; אָבָען 18, 14; בַּעַרָן therefore Ruth 1, 13; לָבָען therefore Job 30, 24; בָּעַר Ez. 16, 47. Otherwise only בָּעָר is used, which see.

H (w. Maqqeph $\neg \eta$, Job 8, 19) perh. a demonst. particle yon, this, that, but used as, 1) interj. lo! behold! Gen. 8, 22; more frequently $\eta \eta$ which see. Cf. $\eta \eta$, L. en! 2) a cond. particle, if Is. 54, 15, for which $\eta \eta$ (a kindred word) is more usual. Cf. $\eta \eta$, Syr. $(\hat{\eta}, \check{\eta} \nu, 3)$ an interrog. particle, whether? Jer. 2, 10.

7. Chald. like **7**. II in Heb. but only w. the meanings 1 and 2, e. g. lo! Dan. 3, 17; if Dan. 2, 5; repeated, if -if, whether-or Ezra 7, 26.

עד ד. ד. ד. ד. parag., Gram. \$ 33, Bem. 7), 1) pl. of דריא, they (fem.) Gen. 41, 19; themselves (autai, L. ipsae) Gen. 33, 6; הַהַנָּה w. article those 1 Sam. 17, 28. Like the other pers. pronouns, it includes the subst. verb Gen. 6, 2, and serves for it Gen. 21, 29. Like 77 it is united w. prefixes, e. g. בְהַנָּח Num. 13, 19; מַהוּנָה Num. 13, 19 as פָהַנָּה (, 5 בָהַנָה Ez. 1, 5 בָהַנָה as they, such Job 23, 14; בַהַנָּח וְכַהַנָּח such and such things 2 Sam. 12, 8. 2) adv. of place, hither, to this place, Gen. 45, 8, this sense coming from the original demonst. meaning w. this way and הַנָּח וְהַנָּח ioc.; הַנָּח הַ this way and that way Josh. 8, 20; ממָך וָהַנָּה from thee and hither, i. e. on this side of thee 1 Sam. 20, 21, opp. to

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אַד־הַנָּה ; מִמְדָּה וְהָלָאָה hitherto, thus far, Num. 14, 19; here Gen. 21, 23; repeated הַנָּה וְהָרָה here and there 1 K. 20, 40.

Gen. 19, 2) i.q. توت (rarely آوا ח, interj. lo! see! (pointing out) Gen. 12, 19. With suf. it may seem to imply the verb to be (but really the suf. is in the acc., see Gram. \$ 100, 5), e. g. דְּנָר בְרָדָה behold us! (i. e. lo! we are) in thy hand Josh. 9, 25; דונני (in pause דונני Gen. 22, 1, 22, 7) behold me! i. e. here I am; lo! thou art Gen. 20, 3, fem. הפך Gen. 16, 11; הפך behold him! Num. 23, 17; דְּגָנָש or אַנָּש Josh. 9, 25 see ws! (in pause Tob 38, 35), 해외 Gen. 44, 16; Deut. 1, 10; Gen. 47, 1. In union with the participle, mostly indicates the future, e. g. הִדְיָרָ pchold! I (vill) send Jer. 8, 17; sometimes the past, Gen. 37, 7, or the present Ex. 34, 11.

Hos. 4, 17, imp. Hiph. of fin, Gram. § 72, Bem. 9.

(prop. inf. Hiph. of נאהן) f. rest, remission of tribute Est. 2, 18.

נוחם Ez. 5, 13, see r. גְּדַשׁ.

נות Hiph. of הנית

נות Hoph. of הבית

(obs.) perh. to lament, whine, akin to אָנָדו אָנָדו , Arab. فَسْ Deriv. דיים

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to sink, to be low; Arab. هَنَة : hence

(perh. low land) pr. n. of a city of Mesopotamia, perh. Ana on the Euphrates 2 K. 18, 34.

נקלל Chald. Aph. of גלל

רוֹנְעָלָוֹה Chald. inf. Aph. of לאַלָּוֹי

Ci] (perh. apoc. imper. Pi. of المجار) interj. hush! silence! Hab. 2, 20. Adv. silently Am. 8, 3. --- Akin to our hist! whist! W. hust! L. st!

ر (Qal obs.) mimet. akin to المَسَرَّ, حَالَ هُ (Qal obs.) mimet. akin to right, silent.—Pi. (only imper. المَا المَحْدَةِ المَحْدَةِ المَحَدَّةُ (only imper. المَا المَحْدَةُ المَحْدَةُ المَحْدَةُ المَحْدَةُ المَحْدَةُ keep still, to be silent; see مَا عَلَى above.— Hiph. (fut. apoc. أوران hush, to still, only Num. 13, 30.

אָסַר .Ecc. 4, 14, see r. אָסַר,

Hiph. of האס, after the Chald. form (Gram. § 72, Rem. 9).

י קיאָד, pr. n. Neh. 3, 3; perh. i. q. קנאַרז ק. v.

אָרָאָר pr.n. 1 Ch. 9, 7; see אָרָאָר 2 sing. perf. Hiph. of אָרָאָר 2 prov. 7, 13 for אָבָעָר, Hiph. סויד (Gram. § 67, Rem. 11).

בילל Ex. 33, 12 imper. apoc. Hiph. of אָבָלָח for בַּדַּלַם.

קובלה Hab. 1, 15, for הְצָלָה Hiph. of שַלָח (Gram. 63, Rem. 4).

(only pl.) f. prop. slackness (r. 130), interval Lam. 3, 49.

يېتىغان (fut. بېتىغان 1 p. بېتىغان Zeph. 3, 9) akin to بېتىخ , بېتىغان , to turn, the hand 1 K. 22, 34, the neck or back Josh. 7, 8; also to turn about (intrans.) 2 K. 5, 26; to turn back, to flee, Judg. 20, 39; to turn, to change Ps. 105, 25; change into, w. acc. Ps. 114, 8, w. > Ps. 66, 6; to turn (intrans.), to be changed to, w. acc. Lev. 13, 3. — Fig. to overturn, destroy Gen. 19, 21, w. 📮 Am. 4, 11; to turn away, pervert (words) Jer. 23, 36; also of a moral perverting, e.g. שַׁתְּכָבם your perverseness / Is. 29, 16. - Niph. כָּדְשָּׁרָ (inf. abs. נָרָשוֹך) to turn oneself about Ez. 4, 8; נְהְפָהָ בְּלְשׁנוֹ turning himself about with his tongue, i. e. using a versatile or false tongue Prov. 17, 20; with > to turn against Job 19, 19; w. אָל Is. 60, 5, אָל Josh. 8, 20, Lam. 5, 2 to turn to. 1 Sam. 4, 19 נהתכו צריה her pains turned themselves upon her, i. e. came upon her. To be overturned, destroyed Jon. 3, 4; to be changed to, w. acc. Lev. 13, 25; w. 5 Ex. 7, 15. -Hoph. דְּהָפָּך to be turned against, w. אָל Job 30, 15. -- Hith. to turn oneself, of a brandished sword Gen. 3, 24, of a moving cloud Job 37, 12; to be changed Job 38, 14; to overturn oneself, to tumble Judg. 7, 13.

קָבָּוֹ or בָּבָּוֹ m. the reverse, contrary, only Ez. 16, 34; r. דְּבָּוּ

קקקבן m. perverseness, only Is. 29, 16 קקקבן your perverseness; butperh. inf. of קקקן.

חַבָּכָר f. overthrow, destruction, only in Gen. 19, 29: i. q. מַדְשָׁכָר i. q.

רָפָרָשָן: (redupl. from דָפָרָשָן:) adj. m. very crooked, perverse, tortuous Prov. 21, 8, opp. to יָשָׁר; cf. פַּעַלָּפַל.

דְּקָרְכָם Lev. 26, 15 for דְּקָרְכָם inf. Hiph. of פָרָד I.

고호규 perh. pr. n. f. (brilliant) of an Assyrian queen Nah. 2, 8. ----Prob. better taken as Hoph. of 그같.

Josh. 9, 12 Hith. denom. from דיד Gram. § 54, 2, a.

וֹשְׁבָּעָן f. deliverance Est. 4, 14; r. לאַזָ.

(obs.) perh. akin to إبتر, to defend, also to إبتر; hence

12 m. armour Ez. 23, 24; r. 157.

לעפר Ex. 2, 3 Hiph. of דּעָצָין Ex. 2, 3 Hiph. of דּעָצָיע Daghesh euphon. in the x, Gram. § 20, 2, b.

עוקר pr. n. 1 Ch. 24, 10; perh. i. q. איף Ezr. 2, 61.

קר pr. n. Ezr. 8, 12; see אָרָאָ

DP. 2 Sam. 23, 1, see Gram. § 72, Rem. 9.

loc. ד (w. article הָּתָּר; w. ד loc. הרה Gen. 14, 10; w. article and ה loc. הַרְרָר Gen. 12, 8; w. suf. הַרְרָר, דָּרָרָם, poet. דָּרָרָם, poet. דַרָרֵיה, w. suf. דָרָרָיה, דָרָרָיה, Deut. 8, 9) m. a mountain (cf. Gr. opoc) Is. 30, 25; collect. mountains, mountainous region Josh. 14, 12. With the article דאול, a) the mountainous tract of central Palestine Gen. 12, 8; β) the mountains of Judah Deut. 1, 24 (the hill country, $\dot{\eta}$ doeivý Luke 1, 39); γ) the mountains east of the Dead Sea, Moab, Gen. 14, 10. In Ex. 19, 2 = Sinai, in Deut. 33, 19 = Zion. זה is often found in pr. n., as, e. g. סרני Mount Sinai Ex. 19, 11; הַר הבור Mount Tabor Judg. 4, 6; הבור Mount Lebanon Judg. 3, 3; r. דר to be high.

דור see דור.

to 'Apla, for Media magna, Great Media, Erania, called الجبال el-Jebâl, the mountains 1 Ch. 5, 26 (in the parallel passage 2 K. 17, 6, it is ب(بتر), but it is esp. the mountainous part of Media. אדָן (obs.) perh.akin to אָדָע (obs.) perh.akin to glow, burn; hence דּאָדאָד.

בּרָאָרוֹ Est. 2, 9 part. pass. pl. f. Qal of רָאָד w. article.

אָדָיאַל אָצִרְאָל (which see), prob. hearth of God Ez. 43, 15.

imper. הַרְבַה Judg. 20, 38 for הַרְבַה imper. apoc. Hiph. of הָבָה.

לקב (fut. ישרא אווי אווי) akin to Arab. (fut. ישרא) akin to Arab. (fut. smite down, hence to kill, murder Gen. 4, 8; to slaughter, beasts Is. 22, 13; to destroy, plants Ps. 78, 47; poet. to kill, of grief Job 5, 2. In general w. acc., but also w. ל 2 Sam. 3, 30; w. ד to slay among Ps. 78, 31. — Niph. ישרא 10 be killed or slain Ez. 26, 6. — Pu. דרג m. a slaughter Est. 9, 5, Is. 27, 7; ד.

לו צאן תחרבה f. slaughter, גאן תחרבה flock of slaughter Zech. 11, 4; ארא גרא הראבי the valley of slaughter Jer. 19, 6.

(part. הורה mother Cant. 3, 4; perh. הורה 49, 26, but see הורה 5, 1) to conceive, to become pregnant Gen. 4, 1, w. 5 of the father Gen. 38, 18. 2) fig. for a mental conception, to meditate, purpose Ps. 7, 15. 3) to have increase, posterity, only part. pl. הורה parents, perh. in Gen. 49, 26; part. f. הורה Moster Hos. 2, 7. — Pu. הורה Inf. abs. 3; to conceive in the mind, to purpose Is. 59, 13.

קוֹרָרָ adj., only in f. (כ. רְרָרָ adj., only in f. רְרָרָ adj., pregnant Gen. 16, 11; הְרָה לָלַת pregnant for to bear, i. e. near her

confinement 1 Sam. 4, 19; הַרָּח עוֹלָם ever pregnant Jer. 20, 17. Pl. הָרוֹח Am. 1, 13, הָרִיּח Hos. 14, 1; w. לָ of man to or by whom Gen. 38, 25.

קר Gen. 14, 10, see היר .

Chald. (obs.) redupl.

Pael-form of דְרָרָח, Heb. דְרָרָח, to conceive in the mind, to think; hence

thought; pl. fancics Dan. 4, 2.

דרר Is. 59, 13, see הרו

Is. 33, 10 Hithpolal for דָּלרוֹטֵם, r. אום גפו קרוּמַם, see Gram. § 54, 2, b.

וֹערוֹן (w. firm ----) m. conception, only Gen. 3, 16 בַּרוֹנַה thy pregnancy; r. הָעָה.

הרורי m. perh. mountaineer, highlander 1 Ch. 11, 27 ; r. ברר

דָרָיוֹת Hos. 14, 1; see דָּרָיּוֹת.

שליון (w. firm ----) m. conception, pregnancy Ruth 4, 13; r. הַרָה.

Ps. 75, 7 prob. exaltation, prop. inf. Hiph. of r. רדם.

Dan. 8, 11 K'thibh, Hoph. of קרים , perh. like הקרים Dan. 7, 4.

דָרָיָסָר; f. a tearing down, a ruin, only Am. 9, 11; r. הָדָרָס.

f. a tearing down, destruction, only Is. 49, 19; r. הַרָס

רום, אָרַם (obs.) akin to רום, רום, וון (obs.) געים (obs.) געים, וון דעים (נוגע נוגע, וון לעים), וון געים (נוגע

(high בית דָרָם m. in pr. n. דָּרָם (high place) Josh. 13, 27.

סקר pr. n. m. (exaltation) of a Canaanitish king Josh. 10, 33.

pr. n. m. (exalted) 1 Ch. 4, 8.

לילון m. only in Am. 4, 8, prob. for זָרָם a fortress, castle; r. דָרָם.

יַדָּאָרַבּים 2 Ch. 22, 5 for דָּרָבָים.

to be high; hence

קר, pr. n. m. (high) of Abraham's ברת דָרָן siso in בַּרת בָּרָן Num. 32, 36, for בַ חָרָם Josh. 13, 27.

(fut. ידָעָלָם Is. 22, 19; בג. 15, 7) to tear, to break or pull down, a wall Ez. 13, 14, cities Is. 14, 17; to tear or pull out teeth Ps. 58, 7; to tear down Is. 22, 19. Fig. to destroy a people Ex. 15, 7. Intrans. to break in, w. کې Ex. 19, 21. - Niph. to be torn down, destroyed Ps. 11, 3; to be overthrown, of mountains Ez. 38, 20. - Pi. to devastate or destroy Ex. 23, 24; to extirpate, Is. 49, 17. --- Mimet. akin to Arab. جَرَى جَرَى f. יָדָץ, àpácson

ρήσσω, G. reissen, O. E. ritte.

ערי־יַזְּעָהָ m.only in Is. 19, 18 אָרי־יַזְעָהָ perh. lion-city, Λεοντόπολις, a city in Egypt (taking דְרָס prop. destruction for lion because he is the destroyer). But prob. the true reading is דָרָס sun, or דָרָס may be simply a softer form of הַדָּרָס, which see.

רָקָת Ps. 37, 8 imp. apoc. Hiph. of הָוָרָ

הִרְצְהָה Lev. 26, 34 for הִרְצְהָ Hiph. of דְצָה, see Gram. §75, Rem. 1.

תר see, דַלְרַרָם.

הָרָה (obs.) prob. akin to הָרָה, סָרָיסָע (obs.) boo, akin to rise, to swell, to be high; hence and

(only w. suf. הַיָּרָר (m. mountain, only in Jer. 17, 3 הַרָר my mountain, i. e. Zion.

דר Ps. 30, 8 my mountain, see דַוּרָרָי.

m. mountaineer 2 Sam. 23, בירָרָי in v. 11.

עַשַבן Is. 42, 22 imp. Hiph. for שוּב, from שוּב; Gram. § 29, 4, *c*.

קייים pr. n. m. (perh. rich, i. q. דיים, in the parallel place 2 Sam. 23, 32.

רוּשָׁם, also דּוֹשָׁם hösham, for רוּשָׁם Hoph. of שָׁמֵם.

אַמָעבר Job 21, 5, see שַׁמָשָׁל

קשְׁעָלוּת (prop. inf. Hiph.) f. a causing to hear, announcement, Ez. 24, 26.

imp. apoc. Hiph. of שָׁשָׁע in Ps. 39, 14, but of אַשָּׁע in Is. 6, 10.

רָאָשָׁפוֹת Neh. 3, 13 for דָּאָשָׁפּוֹת from אַשָּׁפָה

DP. (prop. inf. Hiph.) m. a keeping quiet, resting Is. 32, 17.

אָשְׁרָדָן Hith. of אָשְׁרָדָן, see Gram. § 75, Rem. 18.

prostration in worship 2 K. 5, 18.

אַנאַער Hithpalpal of אַנאַר

ראבר (הוג Chald. Dan. 3, 16 inf. Aph. of האב w. suf. קֹוְנָדָה Hith. of דָּוֹאָוֹנָדָה; Gram. § 69, 2.

י חיזרן: m. a melling Ez. 22, 22; r. נַחָד.

prop. inf. Hith.) f. a befriending, affection Dan. 11, 23.

ל (a secondary root, formed from the Hiph. of אָלָל II), only Pi. קלל (fut. יִדְאָק *to mock*, *deride* w. ק of person 1 K. 18, 27; Sept. μυχτηρίζειν; see II.

דּתַלָם, דָּתַלָם Hiph. of אַלַע ,דותל II.

(only pl. הַרָּאָלים) m. mockings, derision, poet. mockers, only Job 17, 2. שָׁהָשָם Job 22, 3, fut. Hiph. of הַאָּשַם הַסַר היס מָרַהּ, see הַאָרַאַרָאַרָ

ו קקנבות 1 Sam. 10, 13, inf. Hith. of נָבָה as if from נָבָא.

עם אוח (Qal obs.) prob. akin to האה, שיח. – Po'el הויתיה to rush against, w. איז, only Ps. 62, 4; but see גלא.

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Waw, the sixth Heb. letter; hence used as the numeral for 6. Its form in oldest examples appears variously, e. g. $\langle, \rangle, \langle, \rangle, \langle, \rangle, \gamma, \rangle$, prob. representing a hook, a holdfast, which its name $\langle \rangle$ denotes: hence the old Greek Baū, known as the Digamma (**F**, Lat. **F**) and the numeral (ς) for 6; see the Table of Ancient Alphabets and Schröder's Phöniz. Sprache, Taf.

A. Its sound is w, a semi-consonant, hence easily passing over into a vowel d or ô (see Gram. § 8, 3, 5, § 24, 1), and seldom used w. its consonant force, as in יָלַר, קעֹן אָלָן, and mostly becoming 'a t the beginning of a root; as in יָלָר for יָלָד, Arab. valada (Gram. § 69).

1 interchanges — 1 w. the other

feeble letters א, ה, ה, י (Gram. § 7, 2, Note ⁵), e. g. שָּׁשָׁ דּוּ בּדְּשָׁ דָבָּרָ, בָּבָּרָ בַּבָּרָ, בָּבָרָ בַּרָרָ, בַּבָּרָ בַּרָרָ, בַּרָרָ בַּרָרָ הָרָכָרָ בַּרָרָ, בַרָּרָ, בַרָּרָ בַרָּרָ e. g. דָבָרָ בַרָּרָ, בַרָּרָ בַרָּרָ = Chald. הָרָבָרָ בוֹנְכֵעָר הָוֹרָ בָרָבָרָ 3 w. liquids, e. g. דָרָרָש בּרָרָ בָרָרָ בַּרָלָדָ בַרָּרָש בּרָדָרָ בָרָרָ = בָּרָלָדָ בַרָּרָש בָּרָרָ בָרָרָ = בַּרָלָדָ בַרָּרָש בַּרָרָש בַּרָלָ הַכָּבָר בַרָּרָש בַּרָרָש בַרָּלָ הַכָּבָר בַרָּרָש בַּרָרָש בַרָּלָ הַכָּבָר בַרָּרָש בַרָּלָ הַכָּבָר בַרָּרָש בַבָּל הַכָּבָר בַרָּרָש בַרָּרָש פַרָּרָש בַרָּרָש בַרָּל הַכָּבָר בַרָּרָש בַרָּרָש בַרָּל הַכָּבָר בַרָּשָׁ בַרָּרָש פַרָּל הַרָּשָ בַרָּרָש בַרָּרָש בַרָּרָש

קרַיַּלָּג is old adj. ending in דָּרָאָ, akin to ב- וארָנָבָת in ארָנָבָר in קרַבָּרָאָ see on letter ב, p. 74.

] (before simple Sh'wa and the labials \neg , \neg , \neg , \neg , it generally takes the form 3; before an accented syllable and monosyllables, generally 1; but see the details in Gram. § 104, 2, Rem. a-e) cop. conj. and, xal, uniting words Gen. 1, 1, and clauses or sentences Gen. 1, 2. The following usages are to be noted, but see Gram. § 155, 1, Rem. a - e = 1) it serves to connect a species w. its genus (or a part w. its whole) e. g. רהודה וירושלם Is. 1, 1, where the latter is a part under the former. 2) it denotes apposition (w. more or less of emphasis) and may be rendered even, e. g. עדר ושדיש a watcher even a holy one Dan. 4, 10; נַחַלָּחָה וְנָלָאָח thy inheritance, even wearied Ps. 68, 10. 3) at times it seems to be used rather to make a word emphatic than to unite it, e.g. דְּבְבַוּל - הְבָבוּל and the border - even for a border Josh. 15, 12. 4) it sometimes connects two words so as to express one complex notion (Ev διά δυοΐν, Gram. § 155. 1, a); e. g. two nouns, לאתות ולמוצרים prop. for signs and for seasons, i. e. for signs of seasons; two verbs, ארכבה how can I endure to see?

Est. 8, 6; Gram. § 142, 3, a. 5) with a noun repeated it helps to denote diversity or doubling (Gram. § 108, 4) בלב נלב with a double heart (cf. δίψυχος) in Ps. 12, 3, or distribution (Gram. § 124, 2, Rem. 1) זקני עיר פרר elders of each city Ezr. 10, 14. 6) וְרַכֵּב both — and, וְרַכֵּב הַיָּרָם וְרַכֵּב both chariot and horse are stunned Ps. 76, 7; also disjunctively, whether — or, וּמָכָרוֹ וְנִמְצָא בְרָדוֹ whether he sell him or he be found in his hand Ex. 21, 16. 7) it connects two imperatives, and makes the latter express a promise or threat, the fulfilment of which depends on compliance w. the former (Gram. § 130, 2), e. g. Gen. 42, 18. 8) it introduces the apodosis (Gram. § 128, 2, c) e. g. if or when he slew אם הרגם הררשוהו them, then they sought him Ps.78,34. 9) at times, owing to difference of idiom in Heb. and Eng., it may seem to stand for but, introducing adversative clauses, e. g. שחורה ינאנה Iam black and (but) comely Cant. 1, 5; or for, introducing the cause, e.g. הבביתר אין לחם and (for) in my house there is no bread, Is. 3, 7; or therefore, introducing the inference e. g. and (therefore) I will cast him away Ps. 81, 13; or that, introducing the aim or result, e. g. אַנְקַמָה and (that) I may be avenged Judg. 16, 28; or introducing clauses as in and if thou knowest אם-ידעת ויש-בם and (that) there are among them Gen. 47, 6.

called Waw consecutive of the Perfect is simply the cop. conj. and, so joining the past as to seem to turn it into the future, when the verb in the perf. follows another verb in the future tense, or in the imperative or as participle w. fut. force; see Gram. § 126. 6.

i,

•] w. Daghesh forte, or ; before gutturals, *Waw consecutive of the Future*, the conj. *and* prefixed to the future and seemingly turning it into the past or present; see Gram. § 129.

T pr. n. of a region or city in Arabia Ez. 27, 19; perh. *Aden* on the Red Sea.

קדב pr. n. (perh. a gift, r. (יִדִּע pr. n. (perh. a gift, r. (יִדָּע of a district in the country of Moab Num. 21, 14.

(pi. יָּוָים, c. יָוָיָש, frm ----) m. prop. a holdfast, hence a nail or hook Ex. 26, 32. ---- Perh. akin to אָקָאָ, Sans. vai to bind, L. vico, vimen, άφή.

(obs.) prob. akin to אור (obs.) prob. akin to bind, Arab. אור to carry, bear a burden; hence

J] m. bound or laden (w. guilt), guilty, only in Prov. 21, 8.

born) Est. 9, 9.

לבר 1. q. ולבי to bear, bring forth; i. q. Arab. (ינו hence

ולָלָד m. child, offspring, only in Gen. 11, 30.

וְלָר (in pause יְלָל) m. *child*, only in 2 Sam. 6, 23 Q'ri, for the K'thibh יַלַר.

וֹלָרָה pr. n. m. (perh. distress, r. (יָבָה) Ezr. 10, 36.

רָפְָּסָ" pr. n. m. (perh. for רָפְסָ expansion, r. פָּסָה) Num. 13, 14,

ן לְשָׁלָד 1 Ch. 6, 13, perh. a pr. n. (strong, r. אָשָׁר), but prob. for דְשָׁלָד, cf. 1 Sam. 8, 2.

م pr.n.f. (Pers. وشتی a beauty) Est. 1, 9.

T

Zá yin, the seventh Heb. letter; hence used also as the numeral for 7. Its name $\gamma perh.$ means a weapon (Syr. 1 ± 1 weapon, prop. ornament), and its oldest form Z, and γ in some early examples, may perh. rudely picture a sword or spear, and its sound z was suggested by the first sound in the name; its form and name appear also in the Greek Z, ζ ($Z\bar{\eta}\tau \alpha$) and our Z. See the Table of Ancient Alphabets.

ו interchanges — 1 w. other sibilants, e. g. דו I = 1 סיר סיר דו דו = 1, גָּיַנָע = דּגָ גַיָּנַע = דָיָר, סיר זיך, דו גע. linguals, e. g. יָקָר = זָבָח , דָבָר = זָבַר ; - 3 w. א. א. פ. g. g. ק.

ז seems at times to be a format. prefix, e. g. in וְלָכֵר , cf. Syr. אָלָ (perh. Shaph'el of בָּר, Aph. בֹּל to harm), prob. of Hiph'il force and akin to ש in שַלָּת which see; cf. זְבָו.

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ס סי סאון (obs.) prob. akin to סין, to be angry, fierce; hence

ראת לפש. pron. f. this 2 Sam. 23, 17; דאת לאחייי the one — the other 1 K. 3, 23; see the masc. זָה, also fem. הי.

אלן this, only in Jer. 26, 6 K'thibh, where the Q'ri is الغربة.

נסא.) prob. mimet. akin to זְקָיַם, G. summen, E. hum, buzz; hence וכוב.

w. acc. of pers. and thing, only in Gen. 30, 20; hence the 6 following words —

7, pr. n. m. (endower) 1 Ch. 2, 36.

721 m. gift, dowry Gen. 30, 20.

זַבְרָדָי pr. n. m. (perh. for זַבְרָדָ gift of כָּה Josh. 7, 1; cf. Ζεβεδαίος in Mat. 4, 21.

וְדָרָדָאָל pr. n. m. (God's present) Neh. 11, 14.

יָהָן pr. n. m. (דְּבַרְיָהוּ, וְבַרְיָהוּ presents) 1 Ch. 8, 15; 26, 2.

דריבן (r. בובר) m. prop. a buzzer, a fly, a musquito Is. 7, 18; דביבר ביו death's flies, i. e. poisonous, Ecc. 10, 1; בַעַל זְבוּב (Ba'al Zebub) lord of flies, i. e. able to control and avert their swarms, the name of a Philistine god 2 K. 1, 2.

77고፤ pr. n. m. (endowed) 1 K. 4, 5.

Ezr. 8, 14.

[pr. n. f. (dowered) 2 느낌 23, 36, where K'thibh זְבָר, r. זְבַר, , also וְדָרָל 1 K. 8, 13 (w. ה--- loc. זבלה Hab. 3, 11) m. 1) prop. a surrounded or inclosed place (cf. our home from hem), hence a habitation Ps. 49, 15; the habitation of God, heaven Is. 63, 15; בית i. e. the Temple מ dwelling-house, i. e. the Temple as God's dwelling 1 K. 8, 13; Hab. 3, 11 אַמָש זָרָחַ צָפַר זְבַלָּח sun, moon stands homeward, i. e. stays at home, not coming forth to shine. 2) pr. n. m. (home) Judg. 9, 28. ---- The pr. n. בַבַל זְבוּל, Βεελζεβούλ Matt. 10, 25, prob. means lord of dung, jere being here akin to Chald. jung; this slight change from 1127 serving perh. to express contempt for the Philistine god, and perh. alluding to the connection between flies and dung or putrid things.

זְבַלּוּך see זְבַרּלֹרָך.

אָבָח (fut. אָבָח) akin to אָבָח, Syr. (fut. אָבָח) akin to אָרָבָ, to slaughter (cf. σφαγή), to kill animals, for food Deut. 12, 15; also for sacrifice 1 Sam. 1, 4; w. b 1 K. 8, 63, w. אָדָ 1 K. 8, 62. This verb seems to be used of sacrificial slaughtering not by the priests, but by a private person at his own cost Num. 22, 40, Deut. 27, 7. — Pi. אָבָח (fut. רְוַבָּרִ) to sacrifice 1 K. 12, 32; to sacrifice largely, to slay many victims, 1 K. 8, 5; to sacrifice repeatedly Hos. 4, 14. Hence

זְבָתִים (w. suf. זְבָחִים; pl. זְבָחִים; c. m. 1) a slaughtering, of men Is. 34, 6, of beasts for food, hence a meal or repast Gen. 31, 54; זְבְחִירִיִר quarrelsome feasts Prov. 17, 1; a sacrificing Lev. 19, 6; a sacrifice, the slaughtered victim Is. 1, 11:

opp. to בָּוֹלָה 1 Sam. 2, 29, to עֹלָה Ex. 10, 25; יבָה שָׁלָמִים sacrifice of thanksgiving, or the peace offering Lev. 3, 1; יבח בַּיָבָים the yearly sacrifice 1 Sam. 1, 21; יבח בַיָּבָים the family sacrificial meal 1 Sam. 20, 29. 2) pr. n. m. (slaughter) of a Midianitish prince Judg. 8, 5.

וְבָרָתוֹ f. a sacrifice only in pl. w. suf. יַבְרוֹת Hos. 4, 19 ; r. יַבְרוֹתם.

דָבָּר pr. n. m. (perh. buzzing) Ezr. 10, 28; prob. a mistake for זְזָי as in Ezr. 2, 9; r. בָּבָ

זבונה, see זֹבִינָדוּ.

إجترة pr. n. m. (gained) Ezr. 10, 43.

דבל (fut. דְּבָל) prob. akin to דְבָל, 1) to roll, to be round, cf. Chald. דְּבָל dung in balls, as of goats, etc. 2) to dwell (cf. דָּדָר); w. acc. of pers. to cohabit with Gen. 30, 20. Hence

זברלרן, זברלך, זברלך, דבלרן דר. n. m. (prob. habitation, see Gen. 30, 20) of the tenth son of Jacob Gen. 35, 23; the tribe of Zebulun Num. 1, 9. Gent. n. דברלר Num. 26, 27, as if from זברלן.

לבָנָא Chald. to gain, to buy, אָרָאָן זְבַנִיך ye are gaining the time, i. e. making delay Dan. 2, 8; hence גברנא.

Num. 6, 4; r. 247 to surround.

ען (pl. דָדָים; r. דָדָי) m. proud Prov. 21, 24; impudent Is. 13, 11; wanton Mal. 3, 19; impious Ps. 119, 21.

וְדָרָן (c. דְרֹזָן, as if from דְדָרָן) (c. דְרָזָן, as if from דָדָרָן) (c. suf. suf. דְרָקָ א suf. דְרָקָ 1 Sam. 17, 28) m. pride, haughtiness Prov. 11, 2; דְרָקָ pride of thy heart Jer. 49, 16.

1) dem. pron. m. (as fem. only

in Josh. 2, 17, perh. Judg. 16, 28; the reg. fem. being riv, rarely Hi, ii, com. ii, Gram. § 34) this, (pl. 1758) these, which see) pointing to what is present, while NNT refers to what is fore-mentioned (Gram. § 122, 1, Rem.). It stands after the noun it defines, and as an adj. takes the art. if the noun be definite (see Gram. בַּיּוֹם הַוָּה (111, 2, Bem. b), e. g. בַּיּוֹם הַוּח on this day Gen. 7, 11; האמשה הואית this woman. When it stands before the noun, it implies the subst. verb, e. g. הוֹה יִהוֹת נָשָ*ה* יִהוֹה *this* (is) *the* day the Lord hath made Ps. 118, 24. It stands by itself, absol. this, this one, cf. סטדסג, e.g. עוד מדל this one (was) yet speaking Job 1, 17; עני קרא this, an afflicted one, cried Ps. 34, 7. Repeated 17 1 = this that, the one — the other 1 K. 22, 20; קרא זה אל־וח one cried to the other Is. 6, 3. -- אָר זֶח בָא who (is) this coming? Is. 63, 1; פיר הוא וַה who is this one? Jer. 30, 21. 2) relat. pron. just as our Eng. that, both a demonst. and a relat. e. g. אל מקום unto the place that זה יסרה לחם (= which) thou hast founded for them Ps. 104, 8. This use of I, oftener W, is confined to the poetical books. 3) as adverb of place (prop. this spot, cf. ພ້ຽຣ) here Gen. 28, 17; ອານຸ hence Ex. 11, 1; מזה ומידה on this side and on that side Num. 22, 24; lo here! Cant. 2, 8; also of time now (cf. ôή), עַתָּה זָה now just Ruth 2, 7; עַהָּה זָה רָדְעָהָר (just) now I know 1 K. 17, 24, שַׁנִים I know 1 K. 17, 24 now so many years Zech. 7, 3; וה פעמים now twice Gen. 27, 36; this use frequently occurs w. particles of interrogation e. g. נח בה what (now) then? Gen. 27, 20; why then? 4) In union w. prefixes it expresses many demonst.

relations, e. g. דָּדָ here Gen. 38, 21, then Est. 2, 13; דָדָ such a one, Gen. 41, 38; דְדָדָ דָרָ thus and thus Judg. 18, 4; דאר וְדָדָאר וְדָ bo and so 2 Sam. 17, 15; דאר therefore; אַד שוֹי wherefore? Jer. 5, 7. — The various usages and constructions of the fem. דאר correspond to those of the masc. דָדָ. ---- דָ is akin to Arab. 15, Aram. וֹזָש, דִי, י, דָ, דָא, יָד, גָלָא se, sa; Sans. sas, sâ, tat, G. der, die, das, E. the, this, that, then, -õe, -ðl (in δ-õe, δ-ðl), L. -ce, F. ce, ci.

דע m. (only 1 Sam. 17, 34 in some texts) a corrupted form of ניס *a lamb.*

יוֹז (perh. the original form אֹז, whence אז; cf. ז', ז') dem. pron. f. *this;* used by itself in later writings Ecc. 2, 2; elsewhere always in union w. some pref. e. g. אין *thus* and thus Judg. 18, 4.

גַּרָזֶר (obs.) akin to גָּרָזֶר, to shine, glitter, as gold, hence to be bright yellow; hence

לָּהָר (c. זְּהָר but הְּוָח in Gen. 2, 12, Gram. § 10, 2, Rem.) m. gold Ex. 3, 22. When a numeral precedes, שָׁרָש is to be supplied, e. g. קָּרָע קָּרָע is to be supplied, e. g. קָּרָע שָׁרָש is to be supplied, e. g. קָּרָע קָרָע is to be supplied, e. g. קָרָע קָרָע וּשָׁרָע וּשָׁרָע וּשָׁרָע וּשָׁרָע וּשָׁרָע וּשָׁרָע קָרָע וּשָׁרָע וּשָׁרָע וּשָׁרָע וּשָׁרָע וּשָׁרָע וּשָרָע וּשָׁרָע וּשָּרָע וּשָׁרָע וּשָׁרָע וּשָׁרָע וּשָׁרָע וּשָׁרָע וּשָרָע וּשָׁרָע וּשָׁרָע וּשָׁרָע וּשָע וּשָרָע וּשָרָע וּשָרָע וּשָרָע וּשָרָע וּשָרָע וּשָע וּשָרָע וּשָרָע וּשָרָע וּשָרָע וּשָרָע וּשָּרָע וּשָרָע וּשָר

עֹמָז (Qal obs.) to be foul, rancid, Arab. כָּמָז perh. akin to שָׁכָּא to be unclean. — Pi. to make loathsome, only in און הַרָּחוֹן לָקום life makes it, the food, loathsome Job 33, 20 (see Gram. § 121, Rem. 3).

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D, pr. n. m. (loathing) 2 Ch. 11, 19.

(Qal obs.) akin to אָרָר , אַרָר , אַר , אַ

אָרַדע, pass. part. אָרַא admonished, wary Ezr.4, 22. א א דער m. brightness, of the sky Dan. 12, 3; ר. אָרָא.

זָר (also וְדָה ה. brightness, bloom, hence, the name of the month of bloom, Ziw, the second Hebrew month from the new-moon of May to the new-moon of June 1 K. 6, 1; fully in Chald. אַרְרָה זְרָוֹ וֹדְצָבָרָא month of the brightness of flowers.

T f. a form of דוז and rive, this Hos. 7, 16, relat. that Ps. 132, 12, i. q. بنيد.

יז dem. pron. masc. or fem., sing. or pl. Ps. 10, 2; 17, 9 (only poet. for דו, ואיז, this Hab. 1, 11; as a relative, יברי ביכיל in the net which they hid Ps. 9, 16; Is. 42, 24 which they hid Ps. 9, 16; Is. 42, 24 א against whom we have sinned.

☐ [(fut. באד,) akin to האד, האצ II, הדרב, Chald. כן, to flow, as water Is. 48, 21: used of menstruation Lev. 15, 25, of seminal discharge (gonorrhæa benigna) in men Lev. 15, 2. To flow with, to have abundance of, w. acc. (Gram. § 138, Bem. 2), ארבל א בר הקבש ג מול מחל honey Ex. 3, 8. Absol. כן ווסיבי thy valley flows (w. blood)

זוב Jer. 49, 4. Fig. to pine away, to die Lam. 4, 9. Hence

> IT m. fux, menstrual Lev. 15, 19; seminal in the male Lev. 15, 2.

> to II, שורך, to געורך, akin to או סדג, to inclose, envelope; hence 2].

11 prob. mimet. and akin to TAT, L'éw, L. æstus, G. sieden, E. seethe, stew, all expressive of the hissing or sizzling ($\sigma(\zeta \omega, W. sio)$ of boiling water; to boil up (with pride), to act proudly towards, w. by Jer. 50, 29, or w. by against Ex. 18, 11. -- Niph. only in part. נויד for נויד sodden, boiled, as subst. pottage Gen. 25, 29. - Hiph. דורד (fut. רורד) to seethe, prepare by boiling Gen. 25, 29; to act insolently, wickedly, as if to boil over with passion Deut. 1, 43; איטר רויד לדבר who shall be so presumptuous as to speak Deut. 18, 20; w. אָל of pers. against whom Ex. 21, 14.

1.11 Chald. only in Apl. inf. (like Heb. הַזָּרָה) to act proudly Dan. 5, 20.

£

(obs.) prob. akin to الإيتار (obs.) prob. akin to الإيت to shine, gleam; deriv. זָדַר, to shine, gleam; deriv. וויים,

I (obs.) akin to yrs, to sprout or spurt, to shoot forth (as milk from a full breast), to flourish, to abound, esp. of the fruits of the field; perh. a reduplication of it bloom, r. Tit. Deriv. Tr 1.

II (obs.) perh. akin to דוי II, TH I, to move to and fro, to range about; hence TT 2.

pr. n. of an aboriginal דין דים people, perh. same as the וַכְּזְנָדִים, on the borders of Palestine Gen. 14, 5; the name is perh. rightly rendered in the Sept. EOvy logupá, as if from 141 L.

pr. n. m. (perh. strong, r. יָשָׁתַז = דָּתַוֹז (שָׁתַז = דָתַוֹז) 1 Ch. 4, 20.

ייות only pl. זְוָיָה w. firm -; r. Tit) f. corners of an altar Zech. 9, 15; corner columns of a palace (cf. מַנָּה from נְּנָבָה), Ps. 144, 12 let our daughters be min as corner pillars, מְהָשָׁבוֹת הַבְנִית דַוּכַל sculptured in the style of a palace, i. e. may they have the gracefulness and strength of palatial columns, representing female figures, which were well known in Egyptian and Grecian architecture and called xaρυάτιδες (from xápa head), because they bear burdens on their heads.

אנה to shake or זולל אול akin to אולל pour out Is. 46, 6; to put aside, remove, hence הדילה. -- Hiph. (Gram. § 72, Rem. 9) to throw away, despise Lam. 1, 8. Hence

f. removal, a putting aside, used only as a prep. besides, except, in c. דְּלָח (also דְּלָח, Gram. § 90, 3, a) and w. suf. الجربية Ruth 4, 4 besides thee, red besides me Is. 45, 5; דאלחד except 2 K. 24, 14; דרלחד (old c. st. of אלח) used often for זוּלַת פ. g. זוּלָתר קול except a voice Deut. 4, 12.

I (Qal obs.) i. q. יָדַיָ, to nourish, to pamper. - Hoph. They to be nourished, pampered, e. g. סוקרם מדונרם well-fed horses, only in Jer. 5, 8 in K'thibh, where Q'ri has מִרְנָים weighted, i. e. having heavy testicles. Hence Tito.

I (obs.) to point, sharpen; then to shape, form; hence], perh. זוֹנָה 2. Cf. אַנָר, זעָן, שָׁנָן 2.

زان III (obs.) akin to Arab. زان to deck, is ornament, hence to deck Digitizize Google



out, adorn; hence perh. זיֹנָה 1, and pr. n. יוֹנָה

ריקויק Chald. only in - Ithpe. fut.

i f. 1) harlot, prostitute (part. f. of דוקן, or perh. אין III referring to meretricious ornaments, cf. Ez. 23, 40) Lev. 21, 14. 2) perh. i, q. Chald. יש weapon, prop. something pointed (r. אין II), דולוין, the lances 1 K. 22, 38, where others render it the harlots, after the Sept. al πόρναι.

דְּכָה Ez. 16, 34 for דְּזָן Pu. of דְּזָן, see Gram. § 52, Bem. 4.

ער (fut. אָאָר) perh. akin to אָרָי, to move, shake Est. 5, 9; to tremble Ecc. 12, 3. — Pilp. אָרָי to agitate, disquiet, part. אָרָייָ those who harass thee Hab. 2, 7. --- Akin to Syr. אָרָש to seek eagerly, Sans. sû to throw, σείω, σεύω, W. siglo shake; hence אָרָיָי and perh. אָרָיַ.

לי להאנין in Ghald. (part. pl. זאַדין in Q'ri, in Q'ri, in K'thibh) i. q. Heb. זיד in K'thibh) i. q. Heb. זיד זיד in G'ri, to be agitated, Dan. 5, 19 יר גאַדין דָרוֹין גאָדין they were trembling before him.

וְדָרָעָה f. a shaking, disquicting Jer. 15, 4, where Q'ri is וַדָּעָה; a quaking, terror Is. 28, 19.

קראו ביה, קוב וו, ליה (obs.) 1) i. q. אוב וו, to flow, flow out; hence ווקר and וויק I.
 2) perh. as in Chald. to lend, borrow; hence ויק 2.

רו ו. i. q. סור ו. to be turned away, estranged Ps. 58, 4 (דו ור זיד, Gram. § 72, Rem. 1), or to go away, hence part. יד strange Is. 28, 21, hence stranger, foreigner Ex. 30, 33; fig. heathen, barbarian, hence אל זיד strange god, i. e. idol Ps. 44, 21; strange woman (i. e. wife of anothier), an adulteress Prov. 5, 8 (cf. בישור רב Prov. 6, 29); *enemies* Is. 1, 7, those not natives of the country being looked upon as hostile (cf. ξεῖνος, L. hostis, prop. outsider, from ix, ex). L. hostis, prop. outsider, from ix, ex). my breath is strange to my wife, i. e. offensive Job 19, 17. — Niph. only Is. 1, 4 היור ביר לאמר have turned themselves away backward. — Heph. to be estranged, part. D. S. 69, 9. On Is. 1, 7, see

ון וו or וו נְיָדָר (fut. אָדָר אָדָר אָזָר וו גָיַד גָאָ to press together Judg. 6, 38; to bind, to gird, to bandage, perh. in Is. 1, 6 לא זרי (Gram. § 72, Bem. 1) they are not bound up or they are not pressed out, but see under וו גָיד וו 2) to crush an egg (גַּדָד) Job 39, 15; וו גָיד part. pass. for גָדָר (Gram. § 80, Bem. 2, d) crushed egg Is. 59, 5; to squeeze, to press out, to squeeze out, as a fleece (גָּדָר) Judg. 6, 38; hence ווּ גָיד, גָרָיָרי

II. זוּר Is. I, 6, see זוּרֶדוֹ II.

דר צ K. 4, 35, see זון I.

N17 (projection) pr. n. 1 Ch. 2, 33.

וון (Qal obs.) prob. akin to דָּשָׁרָ to remove, hence – Niph. (fut. ישָׁרָ) displaced, w. אָשָ בּג. 28, 28.

עויק II (obs.) i. q. אָדָן to bind, knit; hence אַנוּמ and געויק.

רוחל (part. לוחל) akin to Chald. קרול, to creep, glide, קרול crawlers of the dust, i. e. serpents Deut. 32, 24; fig. to slink away, to be timid Job 32, 6; hence

the snake אַבָּן תַּוֹתְעָה pr. n. אָבָן תַוֹּתְעָה stone) of a stone near Jerusalem 1 K. 1, 9.

(obs.) i. q. שָׁדַז to be dense, thick, strong; hence ווֹדַעו

זַבות

T dem. pron. akin to דן, only in يرج which see.

TT, see 'TH.

עדר from עדר (r. דרון; cf. עדר from עדר (r. seething, boiling up, raging, of waves Ps. 124, 5.

(for יִדָּדָּר, r. יָדָאָר) Chald. m. brightness Dan. 2, 31; cheerfulness (prop. brightness of face) Dan. 5, 6.

דין m. 1) fulness, exuberance, in a glorious abundance, i. e. her full breasts (comp. הַכָּוֹק מָבָּרָ מָרָ in 1st clause) Is. 66, 11; cf. לַבָּרָ 60, 16. But perh. יו is here only a softer form of אָבָר, r. דין I. 2) (acc. to Kimchi and Abulwalid) an animal, wild beast (r. דין II) Ps. 50, 11; but the Sept. שׁׁהַמוֹסָרָ, and Vulg. pulchritudo favour fertility.

NTI pr. n. m. (perh. abundance) 1 Ch. 4, 37.

דין pr. n. m. (fulness) 1 Ch. 23, 11. See וינא.

דְרָאָ pr. n. m. (for וִיּרָא) 1 Ch. 23, 10.

די pr. n. m. (agitation, r. דיד) 1 Ch. 5, 13.

 []] 1) pr. n. (perh. flowing, melting, r. []] 1) of a place in Judah

 Josh. 15, 55; gentil. pl. []] 1 Sam.

 28, 19. 2) pr. n. m. (perh. lent sc.

 by God, r. []] 2) 1 Ch. 4. 16.

, pr. n. 1 Ch. 4, 16.

TIP Is. 50, 11 fiery darts, and

ו זיקים pl. of pi burning arrow, in Prov. 26, 18 (in many MSS) for וַקָּרָם.

זָרָת (c. זַירְזִים, pl. זַירְזִים, prob. from נִירְזִים, c. זַרָּת זָו m. prob. shining or

brightness (cf. אָרָע from אָרָט), hence olive-tree Gen. 8, 11, Judg. 9, 9, fully Hag. 2, 19; its fruit the olive Is. 17, 6; אָרָה דָרָה to tread olives, in order to press out the oil Mic. 6, 15; order to press out the oil Mic. 6, 15; אָרָה שָׁכָן דָרָה olive-oil Ex. 27, 20; אָרָה פָרָרָת oil-olive Deut. 8, 8. — Hence the pr. n. אָרָה אָרָה פּרָרָם the Mount of Olives, near Jerusalem Zech. 14, 4, cf. τờ δρος τῶν ἐλαιῶν Mat. 26, 30.

آبراً pr. n. m. (olive-tree, Arab. (زیترو) 1 Ch. 7, 10.

أَنْتُوْلَ (in pause (أَلَّ: adj. m., أَنْوَا f., transparent, clear, of oil Ex. 27, 20; pure, of frankincense Ex. 30, 34. Fig. in a moral sense, clear or pure, free from fault, blameless Job 8, 6, Prov.

יַכָּך r. זְכַדָ.

גוָכָה Chald. (obs.)i. q. Heb. וְנָכָה, to be clear, transparent; fig. to be pure, in a moral sense; hence אָיָן.

לקען (fut. אָשָׁרָשָׁר) akin to אָדָוּ, קרָאָ אָדָן (fut. קרָאָר) akin to אָדָוּ to be faultless Job 15, 14; then to gain or win in a law-suit Ps. 51, 6. – Pi. אדין to cleanse, make pure, the heart Ps. 73, 13, the way Ps. 119, 9. – Hith. אדין (for דְּבָאָרָא Ps. 119, 9. – Hith. אין (for אין אראר) קראר, אין אין אין ג, b) to cleanse oneself, make oneself pure Is. 1, 16.

לכן Chald. (כ. דְּבָרָא, def. אָרָאָס) f. purity, cleanness in a moral sense Dan. 6, 23.

רָרָרָת (יִבָּרָ, וּיָבָרָ, f. prop. transparency, clearness, esp. glass or crystal Job 28, 17; cf. Arab. (נְבָּוֹשָ glass, crystal.

וְכָרָהָ (w. suf. וְכַרְּךָה) m. i. q. זְכָר, only coll. males Ex. 23, 17; r. זָבַר.

Num. 13, 4.

<u>ו</u> pr. n. m. (pure) Ezr. 2, 9; r. זָבָוָ.

(3. pl. perf. זְכָח) i.q. זְכָח to be clean, pure, bright, of the skies Job 15, 15, of stars Job 25, 5, of snow Lam. 4, 7. — Hiph. דְוֹן to make clean, to cleanse, יקפר קפר and should I cleanse my hands w. alkali Job 9, 30.

הֲקַר akin to רִיְזָּלֹר. אָ מּאַ in to הָּקַר prop. to prick or pierce, to penetrate (cf. זְכָר a male); hence of impressing on the memory, to remember, w. acc. Deut. 8, 2; w. 5 Ex. 32, 13; w. 7 Jer. 3, 16; to keep in mind, w. > of pers. and acc. of thing Jer. 2, 2; to recollect Jer. 44, 21; to mention (cf. Hiph. רהוָבָּרר) Jer. 20, 9. --- Niph. to be remembered Job 24, 20; w. > of pers. for or against whom Ez. 18, 22; w. לְּתָנֵי to Ps. 109, 14; also w. לְתָנֵי Num. 10, 9; to be mentioned Job 28, 18; but in Ex. 34, 19 to be born a male (denom. of דְזִכְּר . – Hiph. דְזְכְּר (w. suf. הזפרכם Ez. 21, 29) to bring to remembrance 2 Sam. 18, 18; to make mention of, w. acc. of the thing Is. 49, 1; w. אל Is. 19, 17 or w. ל of pers. to whom Ps. 87, 4; to praise, celebrate Ps. 71, 16; to offer a memorial sacrifice Is. 66, 3; to call to mind Gen. 41, 9.

II (Qal obs.) prop. denom. from זְכָר a male, hence to bear a male; i. q. Arab. נע. — Niph. (fut. הובב) to be born a male, only in Ex. 34, 19.

זָכָר (r. זָבָר I) m. *a male* (opp. (לְקַבָּד), of men Gen. 1, 27, of animals Gen, 7, 3. Pl. זְכָרָים Ezr. 8, 4.

וֹכָר and וְכָר (r. זְכָר I) m. remembrance Ps. 9, 7; memorial, i. e. name Ex. 3, 15, Ps. 30, 5 זַבֶר מָרְשׁׁוֹ his holy name; praise, laud Ps. 102, 13.

קר ח. son of Jehiel 1 Ch. 8, 31 נכר pr. n. son of Jehiel 1 Ch. 8, 31 (called יְכָרְיָה in 1 Ch. 9, 37).

אָבָרוֹן זָבָרוֹן, אָברוֹנִים גַּרָרוֹיָז, אָברוֹנִים גַּרָרוֹיָז, memorial, w. זְכָרוֹן m. i. q. זְכָרוֹן, memorial, w. זְכָר of pers. for whom, e. g. גָּרָיַר יִשְׂרָאָ as a memorial for the sons of Israel Josh. 4, 7; אַבְרֵי יִשְׁרָאָ אַבְנֵי זִשְׁרוֹן גָרוֹן אַבְנֵי זַשְׁרוֹן גָרוֹן שָׁרָרוֹן memorial offering, i. e. not to explate but to bring to remembrance Num. 5, 15; a record or account (טֹתטָעַזעָם) Ex. 17, 14; וְטָבָרוֹן book of record Mal. 3, 16; גָרוֹן יַקָּרְיָרִם גָרוֹן book of chronicles Est. 6, 1; שָׁרָרוֹן memorable sayings (cf. זָבָרוֹן ג a celebration Lev. 23, 24.

pr. n. m. (memorable) Ex. 6, 21.

זְכֵרְיָהוֹ and זְכֵרְיָהוֹ pr. n. m. (דָּרָ is mindful) Sept. Zaxapíaç 2 K. 14, 29, 2 K. 15, 8, Zech. 1, 1.

אָלָר or האָן (obs.) akin to דָלָה to lift or draw (water), hence perh. רַוּלָראָה

אָלָרָת (r. אָלָרָע f. baseness, abjectness, only Ps. 12,9 קרס זְלָרָת לְרְנֵי אָרָם when baseness is exalted for (i. e. among) the sons of men.

וְלָזַל (only pl. זְלְזַלִי; r. זְלְזַלִים) m. i. q. הַלְהַל, הַלְהַל, הַלְהַל, *shoot, twig* of a vine, only in Is. 18, 5.

ר (part. אָלָד) prop. to move to and fro; hence to wave, of a twig (cf. לקל, hence אולן; hence fig. to shake or scatter about, to squander; אולים

squanderer, prodigal Deut. 21, 20; ווללי בשר squanderers of flesh, i. e. gluttons or debauchees Prov. 23, 20. Since what is squandered is apt to be considered mean or bad, by came to signify to be mean, bad, vile Jer. 15, 19. - Niph. 51 (Gram. § 67, Rem. 5) to be shaken, to quake Is. 64, 2; also in Judg. 5, 5 (נְזֹעה = נָזָלה), Gram. § 67, Rem. 11), unless perh. in this place it be from 52. - Hiph. to despise Lam. 1, 8 (Gram. § 72, Rem. 9), cf. 51. ---- Prob. mimet. akin to סַלָל, דַלָל II, הַלָּג 1,2, Sans. sal, σάλος, ζάλη, L. salio, Bret. sala (to bound), W. silio (to clean grain by shaking).

אָרָב (obs.) perh. akin to זְדָג (w. j inserted), or better akin to אָרָב (w. formative ז, cf. שָׁלָם), to glow, to burn; hence

זַלְצָאָד (pl. יוֹלְצָאוֹית, c. יוֹלָצָאָד (pl. קוֹדָאַיַן) f. glow, heat, of the hot wind (ווערער אות פּ-Simūm) Ps. 11, 6; of famine (comp. געטֹכ מוֹלָסע in Hesiod. Op. 361) Lam. 5, 10; of anger, wrath Ps. 119, 53.

קלק (obs.) akin to אָלָק, to drop, trickle; hence

אָרָשָּרָן pr. n. f. (dropping, perh. myrrh) Gen. 29, 24.

 ألكا:
 (بوت 1.)
 f. 1) thought, plan

 or plot Prov. 21, 27; counsel Job

 17, 11. 2) mischief, crime Ps. 119, 150;

 then esp. lewdness, incest Lev. 18, 17.

 3) revolt, apostasy Hos. 6, 9.

 17, 10. (planning) 1 Ch. 6, 5.

זַמַּוֹתִי see זַמַּת, נַמַר, see זַמַּוֹת.

זְבֵּרְרָדָ (r. זְנָבָר, c. זְיָבָר, pl. w. suf. אַ זְּבָרָדָם Nah. 2, 3) f. prop. what has a tremulous motion or trilling sound (see on רְבַרָד), hence a vineshoot Is. 17, 10; a twig, branch Ez. 15, 2. יאָמָוֹחִד Ps. 17, 3 for אַמָּלוֹתָי I have purposed (r. נְמָר (י, נְמָר (י, מַר זי), or for איז ישטע thoughts, from נְמָר ו נָמָר ו נָמָר (see Gram. § 91, 3, Rem.).

רוּדם (obs.) mimet. akin to דּוֹם, וְדָרָם, קוֹפָם, קוֹפָם, קוֹפָם, קוֹפָם, קוֹפָם, קוֹפָם, קוֹפָם, קוֹפָם, קוֹפָם, *to hum, buz, murmur*, expressive of din or noise as of a crowd; perh. hence

חביקובים pr. n. (only pl. הַכְּאָבים, perh. noisy throngs) of a race of giants who formerly dwelt in the eastern part of Palestine Deut. 2, 20; cf. דּוּוֹיִם.

זְבָליר (c. זְבָר זְבָרוֹח, pl. זְבָירוֹח, r. בָּוָ m. a song Ps. 119, 54; song of praise Is. 24, 16; poem, hymn 2 Sam. 23, 1; song of triumph Is. 25, 5; ייקוּקיר the singing time (either of birds or vinedressers, i. e. spring) Cant. 2, 12.

דָאָירָה pr. n. m. (song) 1 Ch. 7, 8.

עמרתי (1 pers. perf. זְמַרְתָּר זְמָרָ and יְזְמָר Ps. 17, 3; fut. דְזָר זָר זְזָר זָר זָר זָר זָר יָזָמו אָ see Gram. § 67, Rem. 11) prob. akin to יִזְמָד to hum, mutter, hence to meditate (cf. רְדָר אָר אָר אָר אָר אָר consider or propose Prov. 31, 16, with inf. e. g. רְזָמוּ לְעַמוֹּר זָר אָר they purpose to do Gen. 11, 6; absol. to form a plan, to resolve Jer. 51, 12; to plot Ps. 31, 14; hence

קָשָׁם m. i. q. וְשָׁה *a plan, purpose,* only in Ps. 140, 9.

עם (Qal obs.) to number, measure out, hence to arrange, to determine, only in — Pu. pass. part. pl. שַּוֹתָיוֹם Ezr. 10, 14 appointed times.

לבן Chald. same as Heb. יָטָן. — Ithp. יָטָן to settle, determine together Dan. 2, 9 Q'ri, but in K'thibh קוןטן in Aph., w. the same meaning.

(fut. רְזָמֹר) i. q. Arab. נֹסּע, Ethiop. zamara, Aram. וְמָר, זְמָר, prop. mimetic and expressive of a quick or sharp movement or sound, to vibrate (as trees when lopped, or shaken by wind, cf. זמר), to twang or whir (as tight strings when struck or sharply touched, cf. מִזְמוֹר, זְמְרָה), comp. ψαίρω, ψάλλω (see more below): hence it means 1) to touch or strike musical chords, to harp or sing (obs. in Qal), hence זְמָר (Aram.), זְמָרָח, קומור. 2) to clip or prune (a vine) Lev. 25, 3, hence זְמוֹרָה, מַזְמֵרָה, מַזְמֵרָה, - Niph. to be cut or pruned Is. 5, 6. --- Pi. זְשֵר (fut. רְוַמֵּר) intens. of Qal 1, to play or harp on chords Ps. 33, 2; then to sing or chant as accompaniment to the instrument Ps. 9, 12, hence to praise, celebrate, w. > Judg. 5, 3, w. 59. 78. 59, 18, and w. acc. Ps. 47, 7; w. > of the instrument Ps. 98, 5. — On this very difficult root, see Hupfeld in Zeitschrift für die Kunde des Morgenlandes, III. p. 394, IV. p. 139. - As kindred mimetic roots, comp. דְּכָום, זְכָת, E. simmer (the sound of gently boiling liquid),

L. susurro, Ger. surren, schwirren, σίζω, W. sio, sisial, Gael. siansan.

קר (לפר נְשָׁרָא) m. music, playing of instruments Dan. 3, 5; Syr. ומבן.

קאר (pl. יְשָׁרַין) m. singer Ezr. 7, 24; Arab. נֿשֿר.

יובין m. prob. a species of gazelle or antelope, only Deut. 14, 5; so called perh. for its quick motion (r. יבין); cf. Arab. יבין to escape (as a wild goat).

לקת Chald. (obs.) i. q. Heb. זְמָר, to make music, to sing; hence זְמָר.

(קַּמְרֵיהָשָׁ (r. זְאָרָ; only pl.w. suf. אָשָׁר) m. prop. vine-branch, fig. familybranch or member Nah. 2, 3; cf. קורה, ז

וְמוֹרָה, see וְמֹרָה.

אָלָרָד f. sound, of musical strings Am. 5, 23; song, of the voice Ps. 81, 3; fig. זְמָרָח דָאָרָק land's celebrity i. e. its most famous or choicest fruits.

וְּבְיָרָ pr. n. m. (sung or celebrated) 1 K. 16, 9: perh. also for וְכָרָי as patron. of וְכָרָ Jer. 25, 25.

דָרָרָן pr. n. m. (celebrated) Gen. 25, 2.

וְעָרָת f. i. q. וְעָרָת (see Gram. § 80, Rem. 2, *b*) *song*, i. e. the subject of song Ex. 15, 2.

(נְנָן בּוֹן זְרָיָם וּדָן דְּרָיָם וּשָׁוּ m. what is formed or shaped (Syr. , וֹבּּוֹן, וּבּוֹן, hence sort, kind, יַנָן אָל־זַן from sort to sort, i. e. of every kind Ps. 144, 13, 2 Ch. 16, 14.

ן<u>ו</u> Chald. (only pl. c. יְנֵי) m. sort Dan. 3, 5.

קעקיר (Qal obs.) prob. akin to קעקיר (Qal obs.) prob. akin to קעקיר, in אָנָמָיר, to be pendulous, to wave, wabble (as a tail), hence גַנָב - Pi.

בון:, denom. of בון, to hurt or cut off the tail; fig. to smite the rear of an army Josh. 10, 19; cf. obpá, obpayía rear-guard.

(pl. זְּנְבוֹח, c. וְנָבוֹח) m. tail of an animal (Syr. בסנסי); cf. מסנסע a hanging on, Chald. קסנסע Ex. 4, 4; end, stump, Is. 7, 4: also fig. for what is posterior, mean (opp. to געלים) Deut. 28, 44; cf. Arab. ווש nose and tail, i. e. high and low. Hence the denom. נגב

קוד, ap. (קון, perh.akin) דָרָן (fut. רִיְנָה, ap. יְזֶנָ) perh.akin to יְרָשָׁ, יְבָת אַרָא ב זְרָה, יָרָנָה, (נְנָׁש I. serere, to scatter, sow, hence 1) to beget, cohabit; then to commit fornication, of men w. > of the woman Num. 25, 1; of a married woman, to commit adultery Jer. 3, 1; of an unmarried woman, to play the harlot; w. acc. Ez. 16, 28 (perh. also Is. 23, 17, w. 🕬 perh. with); w. 📮 Ez. 16, 17; w. אַרָר Ez. 16, 26; w. אַרֵר אַ Deut. 31, 16 of the paramour. The husband from whom the woman whorishly departs is put w. 9 Ps. 73, 27; מַאָּחָרָי Hos. 1, 2; הַתָּרָר Hos. 4, 12; TTT Ez. 23, 5 (cf. Num. 5, 19); נעל Hos. 9, 1; על (against) Judg. 19, מַעַל 2; על (upon i. e. presuming on) Ez. 16, 15. Part. f. Trit a whore, harlot Gen. 38, 15; more fully אַשָּׁה זוֹנָה Josh. 2, 1. Pl. Tit Hos. 4, 14. -2) fig. a) used of religious apostasy, or unfaithfulness to God, regarded as whoredom or adultery, since the covenant between the Eternal and his people Israel was compared to a marriage union (cf. Jer. 3, 14), to go a whoring, w. אחרי of the idols Lev. 17, 7; w. מקדת of the true God Hos. 4, 12. β) Of idolatrous superstitions, to go a whoring after Lev. 20, 6. γ) Of intercourse and traffic among the nations, to commit fornication Is. 23, 17. — Pu. דָּדָד (Gram. § 52, Rem. 4) to be gone a whoring, דַדָּדָר לא דֹּדָד Ez. 16, 84 they go not a whoring after thee. — Hiph. דָדָרָדָר (fut. apoc. דָדָר) to seduce to whoredom Ex. 34, 16; to cause to commit fornication, Lev. 19, 29; also as in Qal, to commit fornication Hos. 4, 10.

זָלוֹת pr. n. (perh. marsh or bog, r. נָלָרָת) of dwo districts in Judah, one in the plain Josh. 15, 34; the other in the mountains Josh. 15, 56.

ונורָר (perh. from וְנָר דּיַן) m. pl. whoredoms (i. e. habit of fornication, Gram. § 108, 2, a) Gen. 38, 24; and bastard children Hos. 1, 2: fig. unfaithfulness to God, apostasy, idolatry 2 K. 9, 22; intercourse between nations, foreign commerce Nah. 3, 4,

לידת (pl. וְנָהָיוֹד, r. וְנָאָיִדים) f. whoredom, only fig. idolatry Jer. 3, 2; unfaithfulness or rebellion (against God) Num. 14, 33.

(fut. יְּדָרָת prob. akin to יְדָרָה זָרָה, to scatter, hence 1) trans. to cast away, reject Lam. 2, 7; w. acc. and יָדָרָת בָּקָשָׁרוֹם לַמָּשָׁר, קיָ and thou hast cast off my soul from peace Lam. 3, 17. 2) intrans. perh. to dissipate, evaporate (of stagnant water), hence יָדָרָת, יָדָרָת, (which see). — Hiph. יָדָרָת, לָדָרָת (which see). — Hiph. יָדָרָת, to cast away, to profane 2 Ch. 29, 19; to dismiss (w. cp) from a sacred function 2 Ch. 11, 14; to reject 1 Ch. 28, 9. The form dry or stagnant is a denom. Hiph. from Tipi.

(obs.) perh. = זְנָהוֹ, hence perh.

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רבון (Qal obs.) prob. akin to רבון, to cast or throw, to hurl, hence to spring or leap forth (cf. רַוֶרָן). — Pi. רָשָׁן to spring forth (as the lion) Deut. 33, 22.

 العال: (obs.) perh. akin to Arab.

 العال: (b compress, hence perh. P! 2; cf. Pp! III.

גדו אפרה גערה גערה גערה גערה גערה גערה גערה f. sweat of thy face Gen. 3, 19; perh. prop. agitation, r. איז; cf. כוב

נצילה for זעלו (cf. <u>וצרה</u> agitation, terror, as Q'ri in Jer. i5, 4, as K'thibh in Deut. 28, 25; r. איז.

إ<u>تر</u> pr. n. m. (agitated) Gen. 36, 27.

דְלָרָה m. a little Is. 28, 10; adv. a little while Job 36, 2; r. דָזָ. Cf. נַצָּה.

אַרָרָה Chald. adj. m. זְעֵירָה f. little, small Dan. 7, 8 (Heb. אָעֵיר, דָעָיר); ד. זְעַר.

ענופן (Qal obs.) i. q. דָעָדָ to quench, extinguish; fig. to bring to an end. - Niph. נְזְעָרָ, Job 17, 1 רָזָעָדָ my days are extinguished i. e. brought to an end, where many MSS have דָעָעָרָ.

רַיָּבָר Num. 23, 8, יַדְּבָר Prov. 24, 24; imp. יַדְבָר for אַבָּר Num. 23, 7) prob. mimet. akin to אָדָ יז, also, to אָרָ *ז be agilated*, to rage, fig. to be angry, esp. to show anger against one by punishing him; w. acc. e. g. יַדְבָר יְדָנָם יְדָיָר *ite* people against whom the Elernal is angry Mal. 1, 4; w. יָדָ Dan. 11, 30; part. קיר מושר Prov. 22, 14: hence to curse Num. 23, 7. — Niph. to be made angry, vexed; יַבָּרָים נִדְבָרָים vexed countenance Prov. 25, 23 (cf. יַבָּרָים in Gen. 40, 6); hence لَكِتَا (w. suf. الإلكان) m. raging, of the tongue Hos. 7, 16; wrath, anger Is. 30, 27; esp. of God's anger as shown by punishment Ez. 22, 24.

דָרָאָד, Num. 23, 7, see r. זְעָם.

אני (fut. אָעָם) akin to אָעָם, to boil or bubble up (perh. by heat, cf. אָעָם), to effervesce, hence to be angry w. אָד Prov. 19, 3, w. בעם 2 Ch. 26, 19; to be troubled Gen. 40, 6; to be haggard, from long fasting Dan. 1, 10; hence

지핏 adj. m. angry, excited 1 K. 20, 43.

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(iut. $p_2 r_1$, inf. $p_3 r_1$, $p_3 r_1$) i. q. the older $p_2 r_3$, to cry out, w. p_2 Jer. 30, 15, p_1 Is. 15, 5, $p_2 p_2 p_1$ I Sam. 8, 18, w. acc. Hab. 1, 2; to cry out to some one, w. p_3 Ps. 22, 6, p_1 1 Ch. 5, 20, acc. Judg. 12, 2. — Niph. to be called, convoked Judg. 18, 22; hence to assemble, as by a public crier 1 Sam. 14, 20. — Hiph. to make an outcry Job 35, 9; to make proclamation Jon. 3, 7; to cry out to Zech. 6, 8; to convoke 2 Sam. 20, 4.

Dan. 6, 21.

וַכָּקָד m. outcry Is. 30, 19 זְנַק; usually

קרָזָרָזָ f. i. q. דְּבָק, outcry, complaint Is. 15, 5; cry for help Prov. 21, 13; boisterous shout, of a tyrant Ecc. 9, 17; w. gen. of obj. cry against Gen. 18, 20; r. בָּבָו

(obs.) i. q. the older אַצַר (obs.) i. q. the older אַצַ, perh. akin to אַדָר prop. to be pressed

together, hence to be small, little: | old man hence יזַרָת, perh. זַרָר. | old wom

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مَنْفَرَ (obs.) akin to Arab. ذَفَرَ , to be fragrant; hence

in north Palestine Num. 34, 9.

קשת (from ווּק 1, as ווּהָ from דָּרָן) f. prop. a fluid or resinous substance, hence pitch Ex. 2, 3.

P. (only pl. יַדְקוֹת זְקִרָם Is. 50, 11)
m. 1) flame, i. e. burning arrow, flery dart Prov. 26, 18; r. pp; II.
2) fetter, bond Is. 45, 14; r. pp; III.

¹D₁ (c. p) the chin (bearded) Lev. 13, 29; the beard 2 Sam. 20, 9 (cf. γένειον, also L. mentum, both used for chin and for beard). ---- Perh. traceable to <u>1</u> (format. pref., see p. 175) and <u>1</u>P (17P II) to be pointed, prominent, akin to Arab. ²⁰²/₂₀₂ cacumen montis (cf. L. mentum from mineo to jut out), whence perh. γένυς, χόννος, W. gēn, Pers. jāna, G. kinn, E. chin; hence prob. the denominative

קר: (fut. קריי) prob. denom. of קריין, perh. to have the chin sharp or hanging down, hence to be old Gen. 18, 12 (used only of persons, קריין) of things). — Hiph. יוֹשְלָין (cf. קריין) to grow old, become aged Prov. 22, 6; poet. of plants Job 14, 8.

וְשָׁרָים (c. זְצָי Gen. 24, 2, pl. דְשָׁרָי c. בָּשָׁרָ pl. f. דְשָׁרָי Zech. 8, 4) m. an old man Gen. 19, 4; also used as adj. דָשָׁרָשׁ הַאָּדִשׁ הַיָּשָ 19, 17; w. polder than Job 32, 4: also elder, w. the notion of magisterial dignity (cf. our alderman, F. seigneur = L. senior), e. g. דְשָׁרָשׁ relders of Israel, i. e. the chief men, rulers, etc. (cf. Arab. בָּשָׁרָשׁ sheikh,

old man, also a chief); pl. f. nip; old women Zech. 8, 4.

[P.] m. old age, only in Gen. 48, 10; r.]P.

קָרָה f. old age Gen. 24, 36, Is. 46, 4.

אַרָרָים m. pl. old age, Gen. 21, 2; son of old age, i. e. born when the father is old (cf. τηλύγετος in Homer) Gen. 37, 3; r. זָקָרָ On this plur. see Gram. § 108, 2, a.

ה ק בי i. q. Chald. קרן, perh. akin to בזק, to raise or lift up Ps. 145, 14.

קרי האול. to raise up, hang up, only in און אַלָּדָע hung up he (the criminal) shall be fastened thereon Ezr. 6, 11; i. q. Syr. (סב) to crucify.

I (fut. pi, 1) prob. akin to ppw, to run, distil or trickle as the rain Job 36, 27; to refine, to percolate or filter, of wine (see the Pu. and Arab. 3; wine newly strained); hence to refine, of metals, Job 28, 1. — Pi. ppt to refine (metals), fig. of the purifying of God's servants, only in Mal. 3, 3. — Pu. to be strained, fined, of wine Is. 25, 6; to be refined, of metals Ps. 12, 7.

ד (obs.) prob. akin to גַּתַּה to burn, flame, glow; hence אַ 1.

 III (obs.) prob. akin to

 عَلَم , to compress,

 to tie; fig. (Talm.) to bind, oblige;

 hence pi 2.

T. m. stranger Is. 1, 7; see אדר I.

Tim. prop. what binds or hems, hence rim of an altar Ex. 30, 3; border of the ark of the covenant

Ex. 25, 11; edge, of a table Ex. 25, 24; r. דר II or וַרָר II.

לך f. for וְדָה (r. זוּר I) something strange, loathsome, hence הָרָה לְנָרָא to become a loathsome thing Num. 11, 20, Vulg. nausea.

ןבוּזַרְאָדַך, see ןבוּזָרָאַדַך.

(Qal obs.) i. q. זְרָם to flow, stream; akin to זְרָם in זְרָה; cf. Arab. גָרָירָם to flow. — Pu. גָרָירָם to be fluid, דְרָבָד בְּרָבָה בָּצָח they are made to flow (after the frost), they fail, i. e. in summer they are dried up Job 6, 17.

זָרְבָּבָל pr. n. m. (prob. for דָּרָבָּבָל Babel-born) Hag. 1, 1; Sept. Zοροβάβελ.

ן שָׂרַד (obs.) prob. akin to שָּׁרַד I, Syr. אָלָן, to grow tangled or luxuriant; hence

pr. n. (luxuriant growth) of a valley Num. 21, 12; of a brook Deut. 2, 13, which is now called Wady-el-Ahsy.

ן (דָוֶר .apoc רְזֶרֶה I(fut. רְזֶרֶה, apoc) i. q. Ex. 32, 20; to winnow, by scattering or throwing up and down before the wind Is. 30, 24; to rout, an enemy Is. 41, 16. - Niph. to be scattered Ez. 6, 8. — Pi. In to scatter, strew Prov. 15, 7; to scatter abroad, disperse Lev. 26, 33; fig. to winnow, to scrutinise i. e. to examine or test as if by winnowing Ps. 139, 3. - Pu. irri to be strewn Job 18, 15; part. pass. קוורה spread out Prov. 1, 17. For in Ps. 58, 4 see זרע I.---- Mimet. akin to זרע, זרע, ורך and זרך I, Sans. srî, strî, L. sero, sterno, στορέω, στόρνυμι, G. streuen,

E. strew, straw, W. sarnu, ystrad.

וו זאר II (Qal obs.) i.q. זאר II (which see), only in Pu. וֹרָה to be pressedout in Is. 1, 6.

זרוּצַ, see זרוּצַ.

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קיין (perh. r. אָדָן w. t inserted) m. i. q. Syr. אָבָר אָבאָן *a heavy shower*, only Ps. 72, 6. --- Prob. from Aram. דון, i) (*to urge* or *impel*) w. old format. ending אָביל אוו לא היין, akin to אָביל אוו און אווי (see on letter D), hence prop. a driving shower; cf. הַבְּרַשָּת.

ון זיר (prob. redupl. from זיר II i. q. אָד m. girded, e. g. אָד m. girded, e. g. זַרְזִיר one girt about the loins (prob. war-horse or a wrestler) Prov. 30, 31.

(fut. רְיָרָה) akin to יְּרָה, אָלָה דְּרָה, Aram. גֹנן, Arab. גֹנן, prob. to scatter (e. g. rays of light) hence to shine forth, of the sun in the morning, to rise Gen. 32, 32; to break forth, of light Is. 58, 10, of the glory of God Is. 60, 1; fig. to break out, of leprosy in the skin 2 Ch. 26, 19; to come forth, of a birth, cf. בַוֹרָה 2; to sprout, of a plant, hence

דרח m. 1) scattering out or breaking forth, of light, hence sun-rise, only Is. 60, 3 נְנָה דְרָחָדָ brightness of thy dawning. 2) pr. n. m. (offspring or dawn) Gen. 38, 30; patron. יַדָּרָחָד Num. 26, 13: cf. צָרָד

2. זרחר, see זרחר 2.

interpretation in the interpretation i

נְכָרם זָרָרם (after the form נְכָרם (בָרָם בָּרָם) m. perh. inundation, inundation Is. 1, 7; but better w. Sept., Vulg. and most critics to take בירם אורים בירים as the pl. of זן, strangers, foes.

וְדַר זְדָר זְדָר זְדָר i. q. זְדָר זָדָר to flow, hence
 to flood or wash away Ps. 90, 5. —
 Po. סוון (Gram. § 55, 1) to pour out,
 e. g. קרם עבוח ערם לורמו קרם עבוח עבוח the clouds poured
 out waters Ps. 77, 18; hence

וֹתָם m. a pouring rain, a storm Is.4,6; גָרָם בָרָד a hail-storm Is. 28,2; a storm of a wall Is. 25,4.

וֹרְבָּרוֹ, f. a gushing or emission (of seed), spoken of lustful stallions, only in Ez. 23, 20.

(fut. רָזָרָע) akin to זָרָה) (which see), ir, to scatter, pread out (hence prob. זרוֹע arm), disperse Zech. 10, 9; as in Arab. ¿;, Syr. 1, to sow (seed) Job 81, 8; w. acc. of the seed Lev. 26, 16, w. acc. of the field Gen. 47, 23; w. double acc. Deut. 22, 9; to scatter or shed (seed), as a plant or tree when the seed is ripe Gen. 1, 29. Fig. of moral actions (comp. Gal. 6, 8), e.g. to sow, righteousness Prov. 11, 18, iniquity Prov. 22, 8, mischief Job 4, 8, the wind Hos. 8, 7, light Ps. 97, 11. To sow a people, i. e. to multiply it Jer. 31, 27. Also to plant a tree, w. two acc. Is. 17, 10. ---Niph. (fut. רַּרָרָע) to be sown, as a field Ez. 36, 9; to be scattered, sown, as seed Lev. 11, 37; to be propagated, as a race, Nah. 1, 14; to be made pregnant, of a woman Num. 5, 28. - Pu. irto be sown, only Is. 40, 24. - Hiph. to yield seed, w. ורד, of plants Gen. 1, 11; absol. to conceive seed, of a pregnant woman Lev. 12, 2. Hence

ליב (in p. זְרַע , יָרַע , זְרַע , אַרַע , Num. 11, 7; w. suf. זְרַע, pl. only in וַרְבָיב 1 Sam. 8, 15) m. 1) sowing Gen. 47, 24; hence also the time of sowing, seed-time Gen. 8, 22. 2) what is sown, seed, of plants Gen. 1, 11; of corn Gen. 47, 23, of men Lev. 15, 16: also what springs from what is sown, a plantation Is. 17, 11; a crop, of grain 1 Sam. 8, 15; grain, produce Is. 23, 3; posterity, of men Gen. 12, 7; family, race 2 K. 11, 1.

וְרַע Chald. i. q. Heb. זְרַע, seed Dan. 2, 43.

יויעות זויעים (pl. זויעות, זויעוז; r. זרע) f., rarely m. as in Is. 17, 5, the arm Is. 40, 11; esp. the fore-arm (diff. from כַּנָה) Job 31, 22, βραγίων, L. brachium; also the shoulder or fore-leg of animals Num. 6, 19. Fig. strength, force, might, e. g. זרוע בשר arm of flesh, human might 2 Ch. 32, 8; זרוֹעֵר יָדָרו arms (i. e. forces) of his hands Gen. 49, 24; ארש זרוע man of arm, i. e. powerful man Job 22, 8. שַׁבַר זָרוֹעַ Ps. 10, 15, יקא ז' Job הקא ז' I Sam. 2, 31, ין Job 22, 9, all mean to destroy power, resources, ability, etc. זרוֹק in good sense for help Ps. 83, 9, or in a bad sense for violence Job 25, 9: see אורוע. ---- Perh. the r. is an obs. ורע, akin to Chald. דָרָא (to bear, carry), Sans. dhri, Pers. dâr, L. traho, G. tragen, E. draw.

וֹרֹעַ Dan. 1, 12; also גרוּעים Lev. 11, 37, pl. גרוּע Is. 61, 11) m. seed, things sown, vegetables; r. אַרַג.

וִדְעֹרָם (only pl. ווִדְעֹרָם) m. seedherbs, pulse, vegetables Dan. 1, 16; r. ווָרַע

i. q. Arab. زَرَفَ to flow, pour, of water; perh. hence זַרַיָר.

ניוֹר (fut. רְיָרֹס) akin to וְיָרַח, perh. to א זָנַר to scatter, hence to sprinkle,

dust Job 2, 12, cinders or ashes Ex. 9, 8, coals Ez. 10, 2, water Num. 19, 13, blood Lev. 1, 5; w. אָל to sprinkle upon Ex. 24, 6. Intrans. to be sprinkled or scattered, אָרָק בוּיָרָק also grey hairs are here and there on him Hos. 7, 9. — Pu. אָרָ דָיָל to be sprinkled Num. 19, 13.

I (Qal obs.) prob. mimet. and akin to L. sternuo, Breton strevia, W. treuou (to sneeze). — Po. אוֹיר (Gram. § 55, 1) to sneeze, only 2K. 4, 85.

ון (obs.) i. q. זוּר II, Arab. , to bind, to gird up, hence to be active, nimble; hence ד. זַרַן. تر pr. n. f. (Pers. golden) Est. 5, 10.

וֹדָרָת f. the little finger, perh. for וֹדָר (see גער). Then perh. the space from the thumb to the little finger, a span Ex. 28, 16; but others perh. better derive it from וָדָר to spread, hence a stretch, a span.

(obs.) perh. akin to Arab.

Ezr. 2, 8.

דָרָם pr. n. m. (i. q. זֵיהָן, an olivetree) 1 Ch. 23, 8.

וָתָר pr. n. m. (Pers. perh. i. q. אָסָתָר star, cf. אָאָסָתָר) Est. 1, 10.

П

 \Box Child, the eighth letter of the Heb. alphabet; hence used as the numeral for 8. Its form on Phenic. monuments is \exists or \exists , and on Heb. coins \Box , whence the Sam. \exists and the Greek H. The name $\exists \forall \exists$ prob. means a barrier or fence, from r. $\exists \Box_{a}$, d = to enclose or surround, and is the same as HTC.

The sound of this letter, the harshest of the gutturals (see Gram., p. 25), seems anciently to have been sometimes softer, like a double h, sometimes rougher or stronger, kh; afterwards marked in Arabic by different characters, viz. - kh, and i = kh. Hence the same Heb. root appears in two forms in Arabic, as $i \neq to \ kill$, Arab. $i \neq to$ break or dash in pieces; but oftener the various senses of one Heb. root are indicated in Arab. by this double pronunciation, as p = -1 to be smooth, Arab. d = -1 to make smooth or bare, to shear; -2 to smooth, to shape, Arab. d = -2 to smooth, to shape, Arab. d = -2 to form, create.

Π interchanges — 1 with the other gutturals א, Π, J, but specially the σ (see under each); — 2 with the palatals (because somewhat alike in sound), specially w. J, as in דיד, קרל = דִדֹר , אָרָד = דָדָר , גָּבָר = דָבָר , גָּבָר = דְבָר also w. P, as in רִדָר = דְדָר also w. P, as in רִדָר = דָדָר בָּבָר = דָבָר , גָּבָר also w. P, as the sun, שָבָש chald. צָבָר = בָּבָר = דָבָר to seek; — 3 w. labials, e g. דָבָר = בָּבָר ג w. dentals, e. g. קַדָר אָבָר = דָדָר (cf. δρνι-χος = δρνι-θος); — 5 with si-

ביה (r. הַדְבָּא; w. suf. הָּבָּר) m. bosom, so named from hiding or cherishing, only in Job 31, 33; Chald. הַדָּבָא הַבָּא, הדּבָא, הַדָּבָא הוֹרָא, אַדָּבָא, אַדָּבָא Chald. בָּבָא, Syr. בָּבָא; whence through the Arabic came Ital. alcovo = our alcove and (by insertion of the liquid) χόλπος = Ital. golfo = our gulf; comp. L. sinus, also G. busen, for both bosom and bay.

 v. 10 אָל נְגִרדִים נֶחְבָאוּ the voice of the princes was hid i. e. checked (Gram. § 148, 1). With infin. it may serve as adverb (Gram. § 142, Rem. 1, like λανθάνειν with part.), Gen. 31, 27, why hast thou se- לָפָרֹח מָהָבָאה לָפָרֹח cretly fled? - Pu. to be made to hide oneself, i. e. to slink or skulk away Job 24, 4. - Hiph. דיקביא (3 perf. f. הַרְעָבָאָתָה Josh. 6, 25 for הַרְעָבָאָתָה, Gram. § 75, Rem. 21, a) to hide or secrete Josh. 6, 25. --- Hoph. بتربية عليه المعامة معامة المعامة معامة معامة م to be hidden Is. 42, 22. — Hith. i. q. Niph. (but intens.) to secrete oneself or to lie concealed Gen. 8, 8; Job 38, 30 פאבן ביים יחתבאו as in the stone the waters lie hid, i. e. are frozen hard, or perh. better as the stone the waters are wrapped (i. e. compacted) together, favoured by the Vulg. durantur, Syr. حَمْمُهُم Chald. יְרְזַלְבֶרוּ and by יִרְזַלְבֶרוּ they are held fast together, in the parallel clause.

קרא אין, prob. to fold, cover up (whence שה, bosom); then to embrace, to love, only in Deut. 33, 3, where the part. שהיה perh. be a denom. of שה, hence to imbosom, to caress, to cherish; but most take it as akin to באר אין לארא. אים ארא היה, to love.

another name of Jethro, father-in-law of Moses Num. 10, 29.

(אבר (אבר (אבר העבר)) in Qal only in imp. אָרָר hide (thee) Is. 26, 20, and in the deriv. דְרְרוֹן, -- Niph. און (וחל הבר העברי, נקר העברי, to conceal oneself Jer. 49, 10; אָרָאָבָר ניבְּאָרָא העבר העבר העברי, היי gone forth from the camp to conceal themselves 2 K. 7, 12.

רולה Chald. f. wrong, harm Dan. 6, 23; r. דְרַל

דבור pr. n. (junction or confluence, r. דְרָר I) of a river (Arab.) in Mesopotamia, which flows into the Euphrates 2 K. 17, 6. See קרָר.

וּ חֲבּרֹרְה *a stripe, weal*, i. e. mark of a stroke or wound in the skin, only in 18. 53, 5; ר. אָבָר II.

ו תבוּרָה f. a wound, cut Gen. 4, 23; r. הָבָר II.

رجمين (fut. حَبَيْن) prob. akin to تَجَبَّنَ , to beat off, leaves or fruits w. a stick Deut. 24, 20; to beat out, grain w. a flail, to thresh Ruth 2, 17. — Niph. to be beaten out, threshed Is. 28, 27.

Is. 26, 20, see דבר Is. 26, 20

יָדָרָן pr. n. m. (דְּבַלָּה hides) Ezr. 2, 61 [in Neh. 7, 63, וְדַכָּיָה].

חָרָיון m. a hiding, concealing, only in Hab. 3, 4; r. הָבָה.

Ex. 22, דער I (fut. בידי Ex. 22, 25, יחבל Deut. 24, 6) 1) to wrap together, twist, bind (akin to חבר I, הֹכֵל ,*cord* חֵבֵל ,hence הֹבָל ,דְבָשׁ binder, rope (cf. $\exists \exists \exists = x \dot{a} \mu i \lambda o \varsigma =$ cable). 2) fig. to bind, to pledge an exchange or security for something loaned, w. acc. of pers. Job 22, 6, w. acc. of thing Ex. 22, 25 (comp. עבוט, (עָרָבוֹד, bence to twist, hence to act tortuously, w. acc. Job 34, 31, w. > Neh. 1, 7. - Niph. ל נחבל to be pledged, perh. in Prov. 13, 13 (but see דובל II). -- Pi. to twist, to writhe for pain, hence to bring forth a child Cant. 8, 5; cf. 547.

דעבר II (Qal obs.) i. q. קבר II, to wound, hurt. — Niph. to be hurt, destroyed, perh. Prov. 13, 13 (see **I.** — Pi. to destroy, to devastate Is. 13, 5. — Pu. to be broken, of a yoke Is. 10, 27; to be short or gasping, of the breath Job 17, 1.

לבר Chald. (Pe. obs.) i. q. Heb. אָקָדָ II, Pa. אָקָדָ to overthrow, destroy Dan. 4, 20; to hurt Dan. 6, 23. — Ithpa. to be overthrown, destroyed Dan. 2, 44.

ער (sing. only in Is. 66, 7, pl. דְרָכָלים, c. דְרָכָלים, I) m. prop. writhing, mostly in pl. for pains of a woman in labour (שמוע כע שלוי גן, 13, 21; pangs in general Job 21, 17; גן, pangs in general Job 21, 17; pangs i. e. painfully to bring forth offspring.

, הַבְּלִים .pl הַבְלִים, c. Josh. 17, 5; and דבלי Ps. 18, 5) m., but f. Zeph. 2, 6, 1) r. דָּבָל I, cord, rope Josh. 2, 15; a measuring-ל מה בל מה Ine Am. 7, 17 (fully הבל מה Zech. 2, 5), or what is marked out by such a line, a portion Ps. 16, 6, an estate Josh. 17, 5; then a district. region, ישׁבָי חבל הַיָּם inhabitants of the maritime district Zeph. 2, 5. 2) a snare, a toil Ps. 140, 6; net rect דבלי מוח Ps. 18, 6, הבלי מאול Ps. 116, 3 snares or meshes of Sheôl (death) i. e. things that threaten and destroy life. 3) a band, troop 1 Sam. 10, 5. 4) r. דְבָל II, destruction, desolation Mic. 2, 10. - All the significations may come perh. from the meaning to bind.

Chald. (def. הַרָּכָל m. hurt, harm, וַדְכַל לָא־אִרחֵר בָּרוֹן and there is no hurt on them Dan. 3, 27; damage or loss Ezr. 4, 22.

הבל לא השרב, m. 1) pledge הבל לא השרב, he returneth not the pledge Ez. 18, 12; he taketh not a pledge v. 16. 2) perverseness, perh. in Neh. 1,

7, but prob. for דְּבֹל inf. abs. of דָבָל I.

שבל m. prop. a rope-man, a denom. from הַכָּל rope, hence a shipman, sailor Ez. 27, 8; collect. in יַרַבָּל master of the sailors, the shipcaptain Jonah 1, 6.

חובל m. only in Prov. 23, 34, strengthened form of א הספר *rope*, hence a cable, ship's cable; perh. more likely a mast or helm, as fastened or worked by means of ropetackling; r. גער ג

דְבֹלָה f. i. q. דְבֹל, a pledge or pawn Ez. 18, 7; r. דְבָל I.

لاتي (obs.) i. q. بتيت, to be sharp, either of smell, to have a strong smell, hence بتيتات a kind of onion (Talm.); or of colour, to be bright, reddish (Arab. نَعْتَ); hence

האַבָּאָר בּסוטיד לובע ג. a bright - coloured flower, a sort of *lily*, also the *bright meadow-saffron* Cant. 2, 1. — From a masc. form הבצל came the fem. by adding ה_ (see on here the fem. by adding the dimin. ending attached to the root הבצל (see on letter b).

קבְצָּלְרָה, pr. n. m. (perh. lily of קבּגָּלָיָה, for הָבַצָּלָיָה, r. אָבַצָּלָיָה, Jer. 35, 3.

רָבָרָ (inf. רְבָלָ) akin to רְבָרָ, אָרָמָל (inf. רְבָלָ) akin to גָרָבָן, בכ. 4, 5; to embrace, w. acc. 2 K. 4, 16, absol. Ecc. 3, 5. — Pi. to clasp, hug, the rock Job 24, 8, the dunghill Lam. 4, 5; to embrace, w. acc. of pers. Gen. 33, 4, w. 5 of pers. Gen. 29, 13; hence

רָבָרָ m. folding of the hands, w. דָבָרָם Prov. 6, 10.

דָבָקוֹס pr. n. m. (embrace, perh. redupl. from r. דָבָק; cf. וָשָׁבָרוּ Habakkuk, one of the minor prophets Hab. 1, 1 ; but see אַנְבָּרָם

I akin to בַּפָר I, דַבָל II, to bind or string together, to unite, e. g. of nations, to be allied Gen. 14, 3; part. pass. דבור עַצָּבִים joined to idols Hos. 4, 17; to adjoin, to attach, w. x. 26, 3. Fig. to charm, fascinate, i. e. to make spellbound Ps. 58, 6. - Pi. הְבָר to join together, connect, w. אל, e. g. וְהַבַּרְתָּ and thou אַת־הַיִרִיעֹת אָשָׁה אָל־אָרוֹתָה and thou shalt fasten the curtains the one to the other Ex. 26, 6; to form a league with (אָם) 2 Ch. 20, 36. - Pu. דְבַר (once perh. דְּבָר Ps. 94, 20) to be joined together Ex. 28, 7; to be compacted, of a city compactly built, w. רְדָהָר Ps. 122, 3; to be allied, w. acc. (for dat., see Gram. § 121, 4), דַּרְהָבְרָהָ shall the throne of mischiefs בְּפָא דֵוּוֹת be confederated w. thee? Ps. 94, 20. stands prob. for קובר Q'ri, to be joined. — Hiph. דֵוֹתְבֵּיר to combine or compose, Job 16, 4 אַהְבֵּירָה עֵלֵיכֵם בְּמָלָרם I would join together against you with words (Gram. §138, Rem. 3, Note²). — Hith. to ally oneself with (CD) 2 Ch. 20, 35; inf. (in Syriac style) Dan. 11, 23. דְתְחַבְּרוּת

ון (obs.)i.q. קבל II, to hurt. יקבל (pl. וְהָבָרִים) m. perh. conjuror Is. 47, 9; r. הָבָר I.

קברים (pl. הָבָרִים) adj. m., אָבָרָק (c. הָבָרָה) f. associate Judg. 20, 11, used as subst. a companion, friend Cant. 1, 7; r. דָבָר] I.

חַבָר Chald. m. companion Dan. 2, 13, same as Heb. קבר.

ו (pl. דְּבָר י. דְבָרִים (pl. 1) מָבָר I) m. 1) מ society or company, of priests Hos. 6,9; ביח הַבָּר ahouse in common Prov. 25, 24. 2) a spell or charm Deut. 18, 11;

in Is. 47, 9 הְרָרְרָהָ is thy spells or thy magicians (see תְּבְרָה, 3) pr. n. m. (association) Gen. 46, 17, also קבר Num. 26, 45, patron. תְבָר 26, 45.

קבר m. i. q. הַבָּר, an associate or partner, only in Job 40, 30, where the pl. הַנְקָרָים means partners in business (fishing), as shown by קַנְקָרָים in next clause of the verse.

תְּבְרָאָש Chald. (pl. w. suf. תְּבְרָא f. an associate, companion, then (like הַבְרָאז fellow Dan. 7, 20; see הַבָּר.

רוֹת (pl. רוֹת) f. stripes or streaks (prop. bands) of the tiger, only in Jer. 13, 23; ר. אַנָּבָר

קבָרָה f. society, company, only in Job 34, 8; r. קבר, I.

ו דָרָרָוֹן 1) pr. n. (alliance) Hebron, a city in Judah Gen. 13, 18, now el-Khalil. 2) pr. n. m. Ex. 6, 18; patron. הַרָרָיָ Num. 3, 27.

דְשָׁרָתָ, **בּ** f. junction i. q. דְשָׁרָת, **a** place where something is united Ex. 26, 4; r. דְשָׁרָר.

וְדָבֶרְחָהָ (w. suf. דְבָרְחָהָ) f. companion, wife Mal. 2, 14; r. חַבָר I.

ער (fut. דָּרָעָשׁר, once שָׁרָשָׁר, Job 5, 18) prob. akin to דָּרָשָׁר, (cf. בָּבָשָׁר בָּבָשָׁר, to bind on a turban אָשָּר בַּגַיָאָר בַּיָבָאָר דָאַר גַיָּשָׁר בַּבָּבָא sea-weed Jon. 2, 6; to bind up a wound Is. 30, 26, w. אָ Is. 61, 1, w. by of pers. Ez. 24, 17; w. acc. of pers. and p of thing Ez. 16, 10; part. בָּגָיָל a binder wp, a healer Is. 3, 7; to saddle an animal, w. acc. Gen. 22, 3; to shut up Job 40, 13; to restrain, i. e. rule Job 34, 17 (cf. רַבָּצָ). — Pi. to bind up a wound, to heal, w. > Ps. 147, 3; to check, restrain Job 28, 11. — Pu. to be bound up as a wound Is. 1, 6.

m. pl. perh. yarns or threads (r. דָרָשָׁים to bind), sold by the Tyrians at Carrse, Ctesiphon, Aden, Saba and elsewhere Ez. 27, 24.

hollow out (cf. Arab. בֿוָבֿ to be low, hollow, of ground); hence מַוְבָה cooking-pan, also

(only pl. הָבָתים m. things cooked or baked in a pan, only in 1 Ch. 9, 31.

אָבָּה (for הָנָה, r. הְנָה) f. vertigo, dizziness or trepidation Is. 19, 17.

קבל (obs.) perh. akin to אָקָגָל, jobs.) perh. akin to גק,

קָרָבָרָם .m. 1) locust, perh. so named from its hopping or springing (ר, קובר) Lev. 11, 22. The Samaritan name קַרְנָבָה is the same w. ד inserted (see Gram. § 30, 3, Rem.). 2) pr. n. m. (locust) Ezr. 2, 46.

pr. n. m. (locust) Neh. 7, 48, Ezr. 2, 45.

to move in a circle, hence to dance, prop. in a circle 1 Sam. 80, 16; to reel, of drunkards Ps. 107, 27. Fig.

נֿעַד

to celebrate a festival or holiday w. processions and dances Ps. 42, 5.

(obs.) prob. akin to المجتربة, Arab. عنه to cut into, to cleave; hence

תְּבְיָר בְּחַבְיָר הַשָּׁכָל (like בְּדָר ; only in pl. c. תְּבָי m. cleft, fissure; דּיָרָד בְּחַבְיָר הַשָּׁכָל my dove is in the clefts of the rock Cant. 2, 14; excavation for dwelling in, as still seen in the rock-homes of Idumea, e.g. מַרָר בְּחַבְיָר בְחַבְיָר בָחַבָּל babiting in the excavations of the rock Jer. 49, 16 (Gram. § 90, 3, a); r. תָרָה.

לגור (only in c. pl. חָגוֹרָי) adj. m. קוֹנירָי – אָזוֹר (in Ez. 23, 15 הַגוֹרָי – קוֹנירָי girded w. the girdle; r. הָנָר.

קור (r. דְעָרָר) m. a girdle 1 Sam. 18, 4; hence

f. a girdle 2 Sam. 18, 11; apron or kilt Gen. 3, 7.

기기 pr. n. m. (festive) a son of Gad, Num. 26, 15.

יָרָאָרָ pr. n. m. (festival of דְּבָּרָה) 1 Ch. 6, 15.

pr. n. f. (festive) a wife of king David 2 Sam. 3, 4.

, (obs.) perh. akin to جيد[, Arab. مَجَعَل , to hop about, leap or spring, like a magpie, etc.; hence

بَلَكِلَ pr. n. f. (partridge; Arab. مَجَلٌ, Syr. المُمَيُ

(fut. יַרְשָׁר) perh. akin to קבר, 1) to bind around, gird, w. acc. of the part 2 K. 4, 29; w. h of the girdle Prov. 31, 17; to gird on, w. acc. of the thing put on Ps. 45, 4, fig. Ps. 65, 13; so איז קוגר אָקָשָׁר ש, a new sword 2 Sam. 21, 16; w. gen. איז girded w. sackcloth Joel 1, 8; w. acc. both of pers. and of girdle Ex. 29, 9; w. גע of part Ps. 45, 4; absol. to gird oneself Ez. 44, 18; w. גע of place (prob. elliptical) in 2 Sam. 22, 46 ביי מעסגרוירום and they gird themselves (coming out) from their strongholds, but perh. better they limp or hobble out, i. e. come forth w. trembling, for איז here stands for איז in the parallel passage Ps. 18, 46 (comp. Mic. 7, 17).

עָרָד Chald. (once Heb. for אָבָד Ez. 33, 30) numeral adj. m., אָדָד קרָד, f. one, same as the Heb. אָדָד and אָבָד (which see). Used perh. for our indefinite art. a, an (better for τ(ג indef.), e. g. אָרָל first (placed after the subst. in c. state) אָרָד Joan. 2, 31; f. אָרָד first (placed after the subst. in c. state) אָרָד year of one, i. e. first year, or year one Ezr. 5, 13; before numerals קרָד שָׁרָדָי צָל דָי is adverbial (multiplicative), times, times more than Dan. 3, 19; בַּרָדָי as one, i. e. at once Dan. 2, 35.

(r. דְּשָׁר) adj. m., דַשָּׁר f. sharp, of a sword Ez. 5, 1.

Chald. f. num. adj. one; see דון Chald.

I Chald. (obs.) i. q. Heb. יְדָרָה, to rejoice; hence וְדָרָה.

א דו Chald. (obs.) perh. akin to Heb. אָדָר, to split, cleave; hence perh. דָדָר.

אייר (fut. יַרַדּר for יַרַדּר, like) akin ניקַד, פָּרָד, to be sharp, pointed Prov. 27, 17; to be eager, quick, fierce Hab. 1, 8. — Hiph. (fut. יקד for יַרָדָר) to sharpen, point (iron);

13*

fig. to sharpen, brighten, Prov. 27, 17 בַּרְזֵל בְּבַרְזֶל הְבָדִד וְאָרשׁ הַדָּד פְּנֵי-רַיָּשָׁח iron becomes sharp by iron (בַּרְזֹל הַבָּדָד fut. Qal), and a man sharpens the face of his friend (בַּדָד for fut. Hiph., see Gram. § 67, Rem. 8). — Hoph. to be sharpened (of the sword) Ez. 21, 14; hence

pr. n. m. (sharpness) a son of Ishmael Gen. 25, 15, but הַדָּרַ in some texts.

Job 3, 6) to rejoice or be glad Ex. 18, 9. — Pi. to gladden Ps. 21, 7. — Perh. mimet. akin to بيت Ι, بتيت Ι, φδω, γηθέω, L. gaudeo, also χαίρω (ק = ρ).

ידי pr. n. (sharp-flowing, r. (קרבי of a city in Issachar Josh. 19, 21; see אַכָּרָ

לודור m. sharpness, point, only in בודור m. sharp points of potsherd Job 41, 22; ר. דָרָר.

ל, *joy, gladness* 1 Ch. 16, 27; also Chald. in Ezr. 6, 16, w. the same meaning; r. דָּרָה.

(הַרְיֹהִיּ Chald. (only pl. w. suf. הָרָיֹהִיּ m. breast Dan. 2, 32, i. q. Heb. הָנָה.

pr. n. (sharp-peak) of a city in Benjamin Ezr. 2, 33.

 (acc. to some) to cause to cease Judg. 9, 9. 11. 13 הַדְּרָכְאָד for הַדְרָכָאָד (Hiph. w. ה interrog.), but better to abandon for הָדָרָכָאָד interrog.). Hence

לעובל (c. דְּבָל) adj. m. 1) failing, frail Ps. 39, 5; forbearing Ez. 3, 27; destitute, forsaken, דְּבַּל אָּשְׁים forsaken of men Is. 53, 3; cf. Job 19, 14.

קדל (pause הדגל) m. resting-place; fig. the grave, only in Is. 38, 11: cf. הדביה.

Judg. 5, 7 in some texts for ידעלו, see Gram. § 20, 2, c.

pr. n. m. (forbearing) 2 Ch. 28, 12.

זָדַלָקאָ Judg. 9, 9, see אָדָדַלְקאָ under דְדַלַקאָ

אָדָרָ (obs.) akin to דָּדָרָ, to be sharp, to pierce or scratch; Arab. בנו to be sharp-eyed; hence

PTOV. I. Mic. 7, 4, and Trov. 15, 19 a prickly thorn, Arab. حَدَدُ melongena spinosa.

יוּהָקָל pr. n. of the river Tigris (prob. sharp or swift-flowing, from r. דַרָקָל w. ending ל_, as in יָדַר, hence Aram. יָסַלָּא, אָרָגָל, and Gr. T(יְסָנָ) Gen. 2, 14.

קרַת אָדָר אָדָר prob.akin to פָּרָד, אָדָד, Syr. , to surround, inclose; then to beset, of the sword, only in דְרָכ הַרְכָ לְהָם a sword that hems them in Ez. 21, 19; hence

15, 1; a store-room Prov. 24, 4; recesses or inmost parts Prov. 18, 8; chambers of the south Job 9, 9, i. e. the farthest south, or perh. the storehouses of the south-wind; [מור מות מות מות chambers of death Prov. 7, 27.

חִדָּרָן pr. n. Gen. 36, 30; see חַדָּרָן יוֹדָן pr. n. (perh. circuit, r. יוֹדָן w. ending הָּדָר, as in דְּדָרָן of a Syrian deity, then perh. of a Syrian king, after whom Syria is called יֵדָי נחמל land of Hadrach Zech. 9, 1.

(Qal obs.) perh. akin to شریخ (Qal obs.) perh. akin to شریخ (Qal obs.) perh. akin to شریخ (Qal obs.) perh. akin to to renew 1. akin to be bright, fresh, see or sharp, cf. الترخ 1. — Pi. to renew 1 Sam. 11, 14; to restore, of destroyed cities Is. 61, 4, of altars 2 Ch. 15, 8, of daily life Lam. 5, 21, of the spirit Ps. 51, 12. — Hith. to renew oneself Ps. 103, 5; hence

עוֹדָשָׁן adj. m. דְּשָׁרָשָ f. 1) new, of a cart 1 Sam. 6, 7, a house Deut. 20, 5, a wife Deut. 24, 5; fresh, of grain, etc. Lev. 26, 10; דְשָׁרָשׁוֹת something new Jer. 31, 22; pl. דְשָׁרָשׁוֹת new things Is. 42, 9.

ו in 2 Sam. 21, 16 a sharp or new sword, for הַרָּב הַרָשָׁר. 2) pr. n. (new-built) of a city in Judah Josh. 15, 87.

pr. n. (new) of a city beyond Jordan 2 Sam. 24, 6.

Chald. (obs.) same as Heb.

or להווי Chald. (Pe. obs.) i. q. Heb. הוויד, prop. to breathe, then to speak; akin to הוויד, הוויד, Sans. va, abw = àtw = L. aio. — Pa. אוויד, to shew, declare, w. acc. of thing and הוויד, of pers. before whom Dan. 2, 11; w. b of pers. to whom Dan. 2, 24. — Aph. אוויד, (infin. הוויד, to shew or declare, w. acc. Dan. 2, 6, w. b of pers. Dan. 2, 16.

רוב (Qal obs.) perh. akin to קוב (to involve), to be bound, indebted, whether in money or goods, or in moral responsibility or penalty. Cf. Arab. בו, Syr. בי, used of debt and of guilt. — Pi. אין to incriminate, inculpate, only in בי ye make my head guilty i. e. cause me to forfeit it Dan. 1, 10; hence

akin to بعد , الإذ , to make a circle, to mark out w. a compass, only in Job 26, 10; hence

חהב m. circle, vault or arch, ההב

שׁמַיִם the arch of heaven Job 22, 14; דוג האָרָאָר the compass of the earth Is. 40, 22.

(fut. ΥΠΓ) to tie knots, to make intricate, hence (cf. Arab.) conj. II to tie knots); w. (cf. Arab.) conj. II to tie knots); w. (cf. Arab.) for propound a knotty question, to put forth a riddle Judg. 14, 12, Ez. 17, 2. --- Prob. akin to γμ, ΥΡ, ΥΠΧ, cf. Gr. ἐμπλέχειν αἰνίγματα; but perh. akin to ΥΓ, to be sharp or witty, hence to propose witty or sharp points.

קנא see הַוֹנָא.

i. q. הָּהָ, to breathe, to live; see the kindred roots דְּהָה and הָהָ. — Pi. הַהָה to utter, tell, w. acc. of thing Job 32, 10, w. acc. or b of pers. to whom Job 15, 17, Ps. 19, 8; see Chald. אָהָ

געיק II (obs.) perh. akin to קיח, קיח, to wind, coil (cf. Chald. serpent), hence to encircle.

וּתָּרָה f. 1) r. דְרָרָה I, life; hence pr. n. of the first woman, Chăwwa, Eve Gen. 8, 20, as the mother of all living (אָם כָּל-חַי). 2) r. דָרָה II, a round tent or encampment, a hamlet or village Num. 32, 41.

יוֹרָי pr. n. (prob. villager, from בו דעיבו 2) Hivite, Sept. Edaioc, a Canaanite tribe Josh. 11, 8.

(obs.) prob. akin to דוס, to cover, to shelter; hence דיקה a haven.

pr.n.m.(see r. תוֹנָה) 2Ch. 33, 19.

רוס (obs.) perh. to cut into, to hook fast; perh. akin to הקקה, הקקה, Arab. בי to rend; hence (pl. הוּתִים Cant. 2, 2, 2, זּעָּתָים 18am.13,6) m. 1) hook Job 40, 6; cf. קון 2) a thorn, thornbush Job 31,40.

The to bind, to see. — Aph. to patch up, repair, only in المتجد (they repair the foundations, only Ezr. 4, 12; hence

חורש m. thread or string Judg. 16, 12; קרוה קראר from a thread even to a shoe-latchet, i. e. the merest trifle Gen. 14, 23.

יוֹרָיָלָין pr. n. (perh. sandy, from שור (persian Gulf, as the eastern limit of the Ishmaelites Gen. 25, 18. 2) a land of the Cushites in the south of Arabia or on the coast of Abyssinia Gen. 10, 7. 3) perh. India and Arabia Gen. 2, 11. — Perh. the אין סיק Gen. 2, 11, famous for its gold, took its name from איז sand, and may point to the region where, as Herodotus relates (B. III. 102), the sand (ψάμμος) was so rich in gold.

זה בחול (fut. זה and אי דָתָל, apoc. דָרָזל Jer. 51, 29, דָרָזל Ps. 97, 4, 5mm 1 Sam. 31, 3, inf. absol. for דול Ez. 30, 16) akin to אול דול and Ara and to move in a circle, to dance Judg. 21, 21. 2) to turn or twist oneself, to writhe in pain, esp. of the pains of parturition Is. 13, 8; hence to bear a child Is. 45, 10; nin a travailing woman Jer. 4, 31; also to tremble, to be afraid, w. Deut. 2, 25 or מפני 1 Sam. 31, 3, מפני Deut. 2, 25 or Ps. 114, 6 of the cause. 3) to whirl or hurl down upon some one, of a storm, w. by Jer. 23, 19; of a sword, brandished for destruction, w. Hos. 11, 6; fig. of retribution, w. על 2 Sam. 3, 29, of the hands violently laid on, w. 7 Lam. 4, 6. 4) to

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be firm, strong, mighty (cf. עַשָׁר, קוח), hence fig. of a man's ways Ps. 10, 5, of prosperity Job 20, 21. -Hence we get the meaning to be in (mental) strain or intentness about something, i. e. to wait Gen. 8, 10. 5) trans. to surround, enclose; hence דַּוֹתִיל, etc. — Hiph. דֵּוֹתִיל (fut. , apoc. יְחָדיל) to cause to tremble or quake Ps. 29, 8. - Hoph. דורחל to be born Is. 66, 8. - Pil. 571, intensive of Qal in all its meanings; to dance in a circle Judg. 21, 23; to bring forth, bear Job 39, 1; to create, form Ps. 90, 2; to tremble Job 26, 5; to wait or hope for, expect, w. 5 Job 35, 14. - Another to pierce) Is. 51, 9 belongs to חוֹלָל 557. - Pul. to be born Job 15, 7. - Hithpol. Jinnit to twist oneself, to writhe w. pain Job 15, 20; to whirl, of a storm Jer. 23, 19; to wait for, w. 5 Ps. 37, 7. — Hithpalp. וַמְחָדוֹלְהֵל to be pained, e. g. הַתְּהוֹלְהֵל and the queen was greatly התלפה מאר pained Est. 4, 4. --- Prob. akin to δη, της V, γῦρος, χόρος, χάλως, xullo, E. coil, L. gyrus, gurges, G. krcis, W. chwyl, chwyrn. Hence

bill (r. ۲۰۰۰) m. sand Ex. 2, 12; so called for its whirling and rolling.

pr. n. (circuit) of a Syrian region near the source of the Jordan Gen. 10, 23, now called ارض 'Ard-el-Halch.

סיד (obs.) to burn, to be scorched; akin to הָשָה, הָשָה, גָּהַם, גָּהַם, Arab. בָּ, to be black; hence

Gen. 30, 82.

לובָדר וומיים (c. חוֹנָת, dual. דוֹבְּדר, Jar. 89, 4; pl. דוֹמוֹת Is. 26, 1) f. wall Ex. 14, 22; toron-wall Is. 22, 10; r. דוְמָד I. סיין, ווס (fut. אָרָאָס) prob. akin to אָסָא, אָסָא, to cover, protect or hide; hence to pity, to have compassion on, w. אַ Ps. 72, 13; to be concerned for, w. אַ Jon. 4, 10; to spare, w. אַ Joel 2, 17.

(obs.) akin to بتور , to enclose, shelter; hence

[קוק] (r. קוק I) m. coast, shore Deut. 1, 7; haven Gen. 49, 13; cf. בה.

רוּקָם pr. n. m. (harboured, r. רוּקָם) Num. 26, 39; patron. רוּקָמָי.

עיד (obs.) to sever, divide (cf. הויציץ to sever, in the Talmud) i. q. הויצין to divide; hence

(pl. דויצוֹה) m. 1) party-wall, wall of separation, i. q. Tr; in general that which is divided and separated from us, the outside; hence whatever is outside of our place, a street (as being outside the house) Jer. 37, 21, pl. nixin streets Is. 5, 25; bazaars (streets of shops) 1 K. 20, 34; the country, fields, pasture (as being outside the city) Job 5, 10. 2) adv. without, abroad Deut. 23, 14; w. ד loc. 1 K. 6, 6; w. art. דְּוֹחוּץ Judg. 19, 25; w. prep. בַּרוּץ in the street, without Gen. 9, 22, in the fields Gen. 24, 31; להור abroad Ps. 41, 7, and בהדר 2 Ch. 32, 5; כהוצה on the outside Gen. 6, 14 (opp. קברת), also מַתַּארי Ez. 41, 25; מַתַּאריץ Ez. 41 Gen. 19, 16 or בתוקצה Ez. 40, 40 without; אל-מָדורץ ל to without, w. verb of motion Num. 5, 3; דדי besides, perh. more than, only in Ecc. 2, 25.

ריק, Arab. הָבָק, to wrap up, enclose, surround. Cf. הַבָּע. Hence

phi, m. (K'thibh for דוֹים) breast, or bosom, only Ps. 74, 11.

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וֹדְשָׁת Prov. 8, 29 for וֹדְשָׁת, inf. Qal of r. הַדְשָׁת w. suf.; cf. Gram. § 67.

. PPT pr. n. 1 Ch. 6, 60; see ppr.

ערקור (fut. יְהֵוֹנָי) to become gray, white; hence to turn pale, w. פָּנִים Is. 29, 22. --- Akin to עַפָּני to be whitish in יפָרָר kad; cf. Arab. לעֹרָר to be fulled white, of a garment; hence אור 2.

רבל Chald. (obs.) same as Heb. הונר ; הניר ; hence הונר.

לוד m. 1) r. אור. a hole, in the lid of a box 2 K. 12, 10; socket of the eye Zech. 14, 12; opening, for a window Cant. 5, 4; cave, cavern Job 80, 6; den Nah. 2, 13. 2) r. אולע שלה, white linen, only pl. poet. אולע Is. 19, 9 (see Gram. § 87, 1, c).

(pl. הודרים m. 1) r. ישוּלע שּׁגּוּג החר (Sept. βύσσος) Est. 1, 6; cf. Arab. בَכָבَ white silk. 2) r. אוד, hole of a serpent Is. 11, 8; dungeon Is. 42, 22 (cf. χαΐαρ, χῶς, L. caverna). 8) pr. n. m. (free or noble, r. ישוּר) Ex. 17, 10.

רְדָרָ Chald. adj. m. white Dan. 7, 9; r. הַוֹרַ.

Tm. pl. ushite linen, byssusclothes (Sept. βύσσος) Is. 19, 9; see Gram. § 87, 1, c.

הירי see, הוררי

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pr. n. m. (nobleman) 1 Ch. 11, 32.

pr. n. m. (perh. linen-weaver) 1 Ch. 5, 14.

דורים Ecc. 10, 17, see הורים.

דוּרָם pr. n. m. (noble-born, r. דוּרָם) ו Ch. 14, 1; also ו קירָם 1 K. 7,40.

אָרָדָם אָרָד pr. n. m. (perh. freeborn is my father) 2 Ch. 2, 12.

קרוך pr. n. (cavernous, r. דרד pr. n. (cavernous, r. דרד a Syrian region east of Bashan Ez. 47, 16, Aupavitus, now called בֹּרָוֹש Hawrân.

(fut. whip, 8 f. with for with Job 31, 5, Gram. § 72, Rem. 9) 1) to flee, to make haste 1 Sam. 20, 38, cf. Job 31, 5; to make haste to do, w. > and inf. Ps. 119, 60; to make haste for, w. > and subst. Ps. 22, 20. Part. pass. w. active meaning, Built hasty; quick; hence ready for action Num. 32, 17. 2) of the emotion or stirring up of the mind, to be eager, excited, inf. w. suf. Job 20, 2; to be addicted e. g. to feeding Ecc. 2, 25. — Hiph. 1) to expedite, speed on Is. 5, 19. 2) i. q. Qal, to haste Ps. 55, 9; to flee in haste Is. 28, 16; hence

דורשר pr. n. m. (haste) 1 Ch. 4, 4; patron. דוישריזי 2 Sam. 21, 18.

של pr. n. m. (hasty) friend and councillor of David 2 Sam. 15, 32.

דרטים pr. n. m. (perh. alertness, רשים) Gen. 46, 23.

pr. n. m. (alert) 1 Ch. 1, 45; also بالإيلام Gen. 36, 34.

ליך I (Qal obs.) akin to דָּרָת to be afraid, terrified. — Pi. דָרָת destroy, whence perh. דָרָת 19, but see דָרָת ש. — Hiph. דָרָת w. suf. דָרָת see Gram. § 21, 3, Bem.) to terrify Hab. 2, 17, but see

II (obs.) to surround, encircle; akin to Syr. אילה, Arab. לש to fence in, hence prob. the name of the letter הַרָּרָת = הַרָּת

קום (r. דוֹן (ח. 1) signet-ring Gen. 38, 18, Ex. 28, 11; wornsuspended

upon the breast, as among the modern Persians, Cant. 8, 6. 2) pr. n. m. (seal) 1 Ch. 7, 32.

אַ**דְ**וֹת, see דְּעָדָא.

אוח pr. n. (God sees) of a king of Syria 1 K. 19, 15; hence ברח אוח house of Hazael i. e. Damascus Am. 1, 4.

(fut. $\neg \eta \eta \eta$, apoc. $\neg \eta \eta$ Mic. 4, 11, in pause $\neg \eta \eta$, Job 23, 9), prob. akin to $\eta \eta$, $\neg \eta \eta$, prop. to divide, to sunder, whence perh. $\neg \eta \eta = \neg \eta \eta$; fig. to discern (cf. $x \rho (v \omega = L.$ cerno), to select Ex. 18, 21, hence $\neg \eta \eta 2$, $\neg \eta \eta 2$; used (mostly in poetry) for $\neg \eta \eta$, to see, to look or gaze at Ex. 24, 11; to behold a vision from God Hab. 1, 1; w. $\frac{1}{2}$ to see for, i. e. on behalf of Lam. 2, 14; to contemplate, w. η Is. 47, 13; to perceive Job 8, 17; fig. to prophesy Ez. 13, 8.

דער Chald. i. q. Heb. דער, to see Dan. 5, 5; inf. אין Ezr. 4, 14; absol. to behold, look on Dan. 2, 34.

דער ה. 1) part. of העד, seer, prophet 1 Ch. 21, 9. 2) for קוורה 2, covenant Is. 28, 15; but in this sense perh. akin to הָדָרָה. הָדָרָה.

pr. n. m. (sight) Gen. 22, 22.

שוֹם Chald. (def. אָזְוָה, pl. c. (קוֹני, a vision Dan. 2, 28; appearance Dan. 7, 20; ר. הַוַה.

וֹתוֹן (כ. דְחוֹת) m. a vision, e. g. גענים נוון לילים נחור ליגע גענים איז גענים גענ גענים גענ גענים געני f. a vision or revelation, only 2 Ch. 9, 29; r. הָוָה.

Chald. sight, view Dan. 4, 8.

(w. — firm; r. דָוּדָּהָ f. 1) conspicuousness, היסא קַרָן הָוּדּת visibleness, i. e. conspicuous Dan. 8, 5; a vision Is. 21, 2. 2) covenant Is. 28, 18, see הַוָּד

(obs.) akin to $\neg \eta \eta$, $\eta \eta \eta$, to cut into, Arab. \overleftarrow{z} to pierce through, transfix; hence $\neg \eta \eta$ Perh. mimet. akin to Sans. chid, $\sigma \chi | \zeta w$, L. scindo, cædo, G. schneiden, scheiden, E. cut, O. E. shide, W. cnwd, cnaiv, Gael. cneadhe.

דור אל pr. n. m. (seen of God) 1 Ch. 23, 9.

pr. n. m. (דָּוָדָה beholds) Neh. 11, 5.

קוֹדְרֹן pr. n. m. (vision) 1 K. 15, 18. (קוֹדְרֹוֹת I. בָּוֹדָרָן, pl. דְּוֹדָרֹן) m. a vision Job 4, 13; hence a revelation 2 Sam. 7, 17; יענור געריין of vision Is. 22, 5, i. e. Jerusalem, situated on the head of a valley, the seat and centre of divine revelations, comp. Is. 2, 3, Mic. 4, 2, Luke 13, 33. 34.

תוריזים, pl. [תוריזים m. prob. arrow, hence lightning Zech. 10, 1; fully הווא קורי ללוח flash of voices, thunder-flash Job 28, 26; r. מַנו

די ביבין m. a boar, swine Prov. 11, 22; די ביבין a boar out of the wood, i. e. a wild boar Ps. 80, 14. --- Prob. from דון to turn, because swine attack w. a wheeling or sideling motion (cf. verris obliquum meditantis ictum, Hor. Carm. III. 22), which perh. explains also the origin of χοῖρος as perh. akin to χόρος, γῦρος.

pr. n. m. (boar) Neh. 10, 21.

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prob. akin to (fut. דָתַוֹיָם) prob. pur, perh. נסעש, prop. to bind fast, also intrans. to be bound fast Is. 28, 22; to hold fast or cleave to, w. 2 2 Sam. 18, 9; to be firm, persist, in doing anything Deut. 12, 23. Trans. to strengthen Ez. 30, 21; to help 2 Ch. 28, 20; intrans. to be strong, of a people Judg. 1, 28; to be severe, of a famine Gen. 41, 56; to be pressing, of a command 2 Sam. 24, 4; to be stronger than, w. ק 1 2 על Sam. 17, 50; prevail over, w. צל 2 Ch. 8, 3, w. acc. 1 K. 16, 22; to get strong or well, to recover Is. 39, 1; be strong and resolute הוק ואמץ Deut. 31, 23; to be established, of a kingdom 2 K. 14, 5; to be obstinate, hard, of the heart Ex. 7, 13; to press upon any one, to urge, w. א Ex. 12, Ex. 12, 33, w. acc. Jer. 20, 7. - Pi. pin to qird, w. two acc. e. g. אָרְנָטָה אָרוּכָנוי w. thy girdle I will gird him Is. 22, 21, w. acc. of part Nah. 2, 2; to make strong, fortify, a city 2 Ch. 11, 11; to repair, ruins 2 K. 12, 3; to heal Ez. 34, 4; to assist, lit. to strengthen the hands Judg. 9, 24, also without Is. 41, 7; w. 25, to harden the heart, make obstinate Ex. 4, 21; w. פָּרָים, to harden the face, i. e. to be bold, impudent Jer. 5, 3; יְדֵוּקוּ לַמוֹ הַבֶר רַע they confirm for themselves an evil matter, i. e. persist in it Ps. 64, 6. - Hiph. החוזים to bind fast, to fasten on; w. T and A, to make fast the hand on, to seize, w. the hand Gen. 21, 18, also without TEx. 4, 4, Deut. 22, 25, w. 5 2 Sam. 15, 5, w. 5 Job 18, 9; w. acc. (poet.) Is. 41, 9. Also to retain Ex. 9, 2; to contain 2 Ch. 4, 5; to obtain Dan. 11, 21; to maintain, w. 7 of thing Job 2, 3; to cleave to, w. y Neh. 10, 30; to make strong, w. acc. Ez. 30, 25, also intrans. (see Gram. § 53, 2, Rem. 1) to become strong Dan. 11, 32; to repair a building Nah. 3, 14; to help, w. Ξ Lev. 25, 35, w. acc. Dan. 11, 6. — Hith. to be strengthened, confirmed, of a new king 2 Ch. 1, 1; to strengthen oneself Gen. 48, 2; to take courage 2 Ch. 15. 8; to show oneself brave 2 Sam. 10, 12; w. Ξ^2 Bam. 3, 6 or w. Ξ^2 Dan. 10, 21 for some one. Hence

PII (pl. הוֹקִים, c. דְוֹקִים adj. m., הוֹקִים f. firm, e. g. הוֹקִים firm of heart, i. e. obstinate Ez. 2, 4; strong 1 K. 19, 11; w. ק: stronger Ps. 35, 10; violent, of a wind Ex. 10, 19; severe, of disease 1 K. 17, 17, of a famine 1 K. 18, 2.

 pini adj. strong or powerful Ex.

 19, 19, 2 Sam. 3, 1; r. pin.

רָקָרָ (w. suf. הָזָקר) m. strength, assistance, only Ps. 18, 2; r. אַזָרָ

PIT m. strength, might Ex. 13, 3.

וֹחָלָין, f. prop. infin. of אַוּרָוּ (Gram. § 45, i, b), the being strong, e. g. וויין when he was strong 2 Ch. 12, 1; יויין when the hand was strong, overcoming Is. 8, 11; וויין אוֹנ שָׁרָוֹין while he is strong in his wealth Dan. 11, 2.

אָדָוּדָשָׁ f. strength, force, הַדָּוּשָׁשָ by force, violently 1 Sam. 2, 16; strengthening, repairing, of a building 2 K. 12, 13; r. אָדַתָ.

P.**I**. pr. n. m. (my strength) 1 Ch. 8, 17.

דוֹקרָה, הוֹקרָה pr. n. m. (הַיָּקרָה strengthens) 2 K. 18, 1. 9.

קער (obs.) akin to אָדָר, Chald. קער, Syr. און , to turn round, hence prob. יבְעוֹרָה , בַעוֹרָה, בַעוֹרָה.

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שַרָּרָם , pl. הַדָּרָם w. Dagh. impl.) i. q. הַדָּרָ 1, a hook or ring, which was put into some animals' nostrils, and to which a string was fastened for leading or taming them 2 K. 19, 28; a hook or brooch, part of female toilet Ex. 35, 22.

m. i. q. דָּוֹת hook, ring, only pl. בַּוֹתִים Ez. 29, 4 in K'thibh.

אםה (fut. אַהָּהָ; inf. אָהָטּוֹא, only in Gen. 20, 6) prop. to fail or miss, not to hit the mark, cf. άμαρτάνω (see Hiph. Judg. 20, 16); of the feet, to miss, i. e. make a false step, e. g. אַץ בְּרָגָלִים הוֹשָא *he who* hurries w. his feet misses (comp. our adage 'the more haste the worse speed') Prov. 19, 2; to miss, not to find Prov. 8, 36 (opp. to styp in v. 35); גאַמַןרָם נָיָך וָלא מַתַשָא and thou shalt inspect thy pasture (flock) and shalt not miss (anything) Job 5, 24; to sin, to fail in one's duty Job 1, 22; w. rater to sin a sin Lev. 4, 3; w. > against any one Gen. 20, 6; w. F of that wherein one sins, whether a pers. Gen. 42, 22 or a thing Neh. 9, 29; w. y of the thing respecting which one sins Lev. 5, 5, also w. כָּר Lev. 5, 16; to miss (by sinning), to forfeit Prov. 20, 2, comp. Hab. 2, 10; אָת - קָרָבָנוֹ אֲשֶׁר דְשָׁא his oblation which he hath forfeited Lev. 5, 11, cf. v. 7. - Pi. non to bear penalty for sin, to atone, w. acc. Gen. 31, 39; to make a sin-offering of Lev. 6, 19; to free or cleanse from sin, of men Num. 19, 19, Ps. 51, 9, of a dwelling Lev. 14, 49; w. >> of that respecting which atonement is made Ex. 29, or failure, i. e. not to hit the mark, of a slinger Judg. 20, 16; to cause to sin Ex. 23, 33; to make sinful, guilty Deut. 24, 4; to condemn as sinful Is. 29, 21. — Hith. to lose oneself, to disappear, i. e. to miss one's way or be lost through terror Job 41, 17; to purify oneself by a sacred rite Num. 19, 12.

אָקָאָא הָטָאָד (for אָקָאָד w. suf. קוּאָא קו. קוֹטָא הַ for קוֹטָא אָ קוֹע w. firm ----) m. 1) sin, fault Lev. 19, 17; אָקָר קוֹטָא ק it is a sin in anyone, i. e. such a one is guilty Deut. 15, 9. 2) punishment of sin, penalty Lam. 3, 39 (cf. באָק); r. אָקָה.

אָשָאָים, w. suf. קישָאָים, w. firm -) m. a sinner (the form implies a habit of sinning, Gram. § 84, 6) Gen. 13, 13; or a guilty one 1 K. 1, 21; r. אָשָא.

THOM Heb. and Chald. f. 1) a sin Ps. 32, 1. 2) a sin-offering Ps. 40, 7.

אָסָאָן f. 1) adj. sinful Am. 9, 8. 2) as subst. i. q. אָטָאָר *a sin* Ex. 34, 7.

3) penalty for sin Is. 5, 18; r. דְשָׁא.

האָטָר Chald. f. sin-offering Ezr. 6, 17 Q'ri.

רוטה Ez. 33, 12, see וטח.

בעבר (fut. בְּחָשׁב) akin to אייר (fut. בְּחָשׁב) akin to Deut. 29, 10; to fell trees Jer. 46, 22. 2) intrans. to be cut, marked w. cuts, hence to be party-coloured,

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striped, of bed-coverings; part. pass. דְשָׁבוֹח striped - cloths or coverings Prov. 7, 16. — Pu. to be hewn, sculptured Ps. 144, 12, comp. on נורח.

קָשָׁבְוֹח (only pl. הָשָׁבָוֹח) f. tapestry, prop. party-coloured fabrics, only Prov. 7, 16; see קעב 2.

קטר (pl. דוטר, also דוטר Ez. 4, 9; cf. Chald. (הערך) f. wheat Ex. 9, 32; העב העוד fat of wheat Ps. 81, 17; העב כליות השה fat of kidneys of wheat Deut. 32, 14 i. e. the rich flour or farina of wheat. The sing. is gen. wheat as growing in דוטָד the field, the pl. קשרם as in the grains (Gram. §108, 4, Rem. 1) Jer. 12, 13; r. II. ---- Prob. akin to סוֹדסע, Slavonic zito (corn). The r. may be upn, akin to TI referring (as most fancy) to the bright colour of the grain and its white meal (so in the Teutonic and Keltic tongues, e.g. Ger. weizen, E. wheat, W. gwenith, Breton gwiniz), or perh. akin to rush to crush or pound, Arab. Le to maul, hence analogous to L. triticum from tero (to bruise or grind); cf. שבר).

לטק Gen. 20, 6, רעטאן Ez. 33, 12, inf. c. Qal of אָטָאָ; cf. Gram. § 74, Bem. 2 and § 75, Bem. 21, c.

שושר pr. n. m. (perh. warrior, r. דוטרש) 1 Ch. 3, 22.

נסא (obs.) akin to הרָאָר, הרָשָ, גָרָר (obs.) גווו to cut or dig, fig. to explore; Arab. בא to cut in; hence pr. ח. הַשָּׁרָשָ

קָרָן Chald. m. a sin, w. suff. הַטָא Dan. 4, 24; r. הַטָא i.q. Heb. הַטָּרָדָ

א"טָרָ Chald. same as Heb. אָטָרָ, a sin-offering Ezr. 6, 17 (K'thibh).

אָרָטָרָטָ pr. n. m. (perh. exploation, r. הַטָט Ezr. 2, 42. לקטי pr. n. m. (waverer, r. דְּוֹטָל) Ezr. 2, 57.

אָשָׁרָאָ pr. n. m. (captive, r. דְשָׁרָ) Ezr. 2, 54.

بَتِيْتُرْ بَتِيْتَ (obs.) akin to بَتَيْتَرْ, Arab. خَطِلَ , to be shaky, to waver; hence pr. n. بَتِيْتَرْ.

שנים אוח לישר (fut. דְּחָשׁם) akin to דְחָדָ, אָבָּחָשָׁ, Arab. בֹּשֹׁם, to muzzle an animal, to close up, hence to restrain, only in אָבָּרְשָׁם-בָּךָ I restrain (myself or my anger) towards thee Is. 48, 9.

קרישת (fut. רְדָשׁת) to seize, capture Judg. 21, 21, Ps. 10, 9; hence pr. n. בְדָשׁקא.

الم (obs.) akin to بتين (dos.) منظر, Arab.

"D" m. shoot or twig Is. 11, 1; switch, rod Prov. 14, 3.

שטרן (obs.) i. q. שרש, to beat or pound i. q. Chald. שרש to crush, to smite in war; hence pr. n. שושי.

תַּשָּאַת Num. 15, 24, see תַּשָּׁאַת.

(דָּדָּה = חֵיִי r. חֵיּים, pl, חֵי (c. תָּי adj. m., הייה (pl. הייה) f. alive, living Josh. 8, 23, opp. np; very often of God as אל די everliving God Josh. 8, 10 (cf. Ps. 106, 28); also אַלדִדים 3, 10 Jer. 10, 10 (cf. 1 Thess. 1, 9); quickening or reviving, prob. in קצח היה at quickening time, i. e. either nature's reviving in the spring, or a child's quickening in the womb Gen. 18, 10 and 2 K. 4, 16; fresh, uncooked, of flesh 1 Sam. 2, 15, raw Lev. 13, 14; living i. e. fresh, of a plant Ps. 58, 10; living i. e. running, of water Gen. 26, 19 (cf. Arab. الهاء الميت dead water, i. e.

עניר

stagnant); pl. The living, men Ecc. 4, 2; ארץ היים land of the living, opp. שאול Ps. 27, 13, also w. art. א' הדדים Ps. 142, 6. 2) subst. life, Lev. 25, 36 דוי אחיק life of thy brother, but in this sense mostly in the plur. דרים (Gram. § 108, 2, a) Gen. 2, 7; לְחֵי *for life* a form of salutation like our long life to you! = L. salve / 1 Sam. 25, 6. 3) concr. he who lives or remains; e. g. בָּאָר well to (or of) the living one Gen. 16, 14. 4) before the noun (for emphasis) in words of an oath, as living is God, i. e. as God דר אלדרם living liveth / 2 Sam. 2, 27; יאַרֹנָר as the Lord liveth! Jer. 44, 26; also T Judg. 8, 19; sometimes it occurs thus in the c. state, דֵי אַלֹדֵיך by the life of thy God i. e. as thy God liveth! Am. 8, 14; where הי ברה means as the worship or way (cf. bbbs Acts 9, 2) lives! i. e. by its sanction.

דן II Gen. 3, 22 perf. 8 sing. of ד. דָרָדָ Gram. § 76, 2, g.

לה Chald. (def. אָדָי, pl. רְחַיָּה) adj. m. alive, living Dan. 4, 31; pl. רַדָּין the living Dan. 2, 30; also as subst. life Dan. 7, 12.

אל pr. n. m. (God liveth) 1 K. 16, 84.

intrigue Dan. 8, 23; a riddle 1 K. 10, 1; poetic saying, song Ps. 49, 5, Hab. 2, 6; like بيني, a proverb, maxim Prov. 1, 6; a parable Ez. 17, 2; oracle, vision Num. 12, 8.

ון (for which דין occurs in Gen. 5, 5; and דיין stands for 3 fem. קיין in Ex. 1, 16) i. q. דיין *to live,* be, exist, akin to דיין; w. acc. of time Gen. 5, 5; w. א of place (געלין) Lam. 4, 20, of the means 2 K. 4, 7; w. גע of what supports life Gen.

27, 40; to live again Job 14, 14; to live afresh, get well Gen. 20, 7; w. of what one recovers from 2 K. 1, 2; to revive Gen. 45, 27, also Judg. 15, 19. - Pi. n. to cause to live, to make alive Job 33, 4; w. in acc. and פָר of the male, to וַרָע quicken seed, i. e. to become pregnant Gen. 19, 32, comp. Gen. 7, 3; to quicken, of corn Hos. 14, 8; to make lively or prosperous Hab. 3, 2; to save alive, let live Gen. 12, 12; to bring to life again 1 Sam. 2, 6; to refresh Ps. 85, 7; fig. to revive i.e. to rebuild, repair a city 1 Ch. 11, 8. -- Hiph. התרה nearly as in Pi'el, to keep alive Gen. 6, 19; to save life Gen. 47, 25; לְהַחֵיוֹת לָהַם for to save life for you Gen. 45, 7.

דון (obs.) i. q. דון, to coil up, to enclose, collect; hence perh. היה 4.

קרות (pl. קרות) f., נְעָרָה adj. m., גָּרָיָה (pl. קרות) f., lively, vigorous Ex. 1, 19; r. קריה.

לידהו (כ. הייה היהה), שלא Gram. § 90, 3, b, an old form chiefly used in poetry Ps. 50, 10; w. suf. ליהה), f. 1) vitality, hence life = שיים, and like it applied to natural appetite, e. g. הייה לא הייה to satisfy animal craving Job 28, 39; הייה the life (i. e. vigour) of thy hand Is. 57, 10. 2) animal, beast Lev. 11, 47; prop. living thing (cf. ζῶον); hence, collect. animals in the widest sense, animal kingdom Lev. 11, 46; quadrupeds, opp. to birds, reptiles Gen. 1, 80; wild beasts, opp. to tame animals Gen. 1, 25, more fully

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וויית wild beasts Ex. 23, 11; השור ווייים np beast of the reeds, i. e. crocodile Ps. 68, 31; היה רעה ravenous beast Gen. 37, 20. 3) living creature, an angelic being Ez. 1, 5 (cf. ζωα, Rev. 4, 6). 4) a band of men, a troop 2 in מַחָּנָה = (II הֵרֶה see מַחָּנָה = וו v. 16; a people, only in הַיָּשָבוּ־בָּה Ps. 68, 11 thy people have dwelt therein; Ps. 74, 19 אַל־הָהָן לְחַיָּת נַפָּשׁ give not thy turtle-dove to the troop of eagerness i. e. to the eager or violent troop, or perh. better deliver not to a wild beast the life of thy turtle-dove, השיה standing for (see Gram. § 80, Rem. 2, a); r. I.

גִדִינָה . בִדרָיָהָא וּדִירָיָה גָדִירָיָה . כ. בִדרָיָה פּוּרָיָה, def. אָדִירָה בָּירָיָה . animal, a beast (i. q. Heb. בִדּיָה, Dan. 4, 12; בִדּיָה בָּרָא (— Heb. בִדּיָה בָּרָא בִדּיַרָה כווויר בָּרָא בָרָא בָרָא בווירָה בָרָא בירַיָה בווירָה בירָה בירָיָה כווויר בירָא בירָא בירָה כווויר בירָא בירָא בירָא בירָא גאָדרָס, L. cetus, catus, catulus, perh. G. katze, W. cath, E. cat, are all akin.

ו דריד (r. דריד I) f. life, only in widowhood of life i. e. widowed-life 2 Sam. 20, 3.

akin to דָּדְיָה I to live, but only in הַדָּיה Gen. 3, 22, and f. הַדָּי Ex. 1, 16; see הַד II. Hence

חַרָּיִרם m. pl. (see Gram. § 108, 2, a) life, as a state Gen. 3, 14, as duration Ps. 63, 5; fig. livelihood Prov. 27, 27; see ב.

אדל, see אדו, hence

דרל 2K. 18, 17, Job 20, 18, דריל Is. 36, 2 (c. דרי, pl. דריל, w. suf. דריל m. 1) power or might Zech. 4, 6; then like הם applied poet. to the vigor of vegetable life, strength, produce, of a tree Joel 2. 22, cf. הם Job 31, 39; שנה דריל to make i. e. put forth (Gram. p. 124, Note³) power, do mightily Ps. 60, 14; אַלָּשָׁר חַוּל mighty men, heroes 2 Sam. 11, 16, also בַּרַ חַרָּל riches, wealth Gen. 34, 29; אַשָּׁר חַדָּל to make wealth, get riches Deut. 8, 17, Buth 4, 11. 3) force for war, hence an army 1 K. 20, 25; יוּדָ בַרָ מַדָּרָל מַרָ בַּרָ הַרָל hence an army 1 K. 20, 25; יוּדָ captain of the host 2 Sam. 24, 2; יוּרָל honest men Ex. 18, 21; יוּרָל honest men Ex. 18, 21; יוּרָל honest men Ex. 18, 21; יוּרָל the woman of worth Buth 3, 11, Prov. 31, 10; יוּרָל ג פָרָרוָרָל a person of integrity 1 K. 1, 52; r. אָרָאָר

רובל Chald. (c. דָרָל, w. suf. הַדְלָת) m. strength Dan. 3, 4; force for war, host or army Dan. 3, 20.

דרל m. pain, pang, esp. of parturition, always w. יוֹלְרָה Ps. 48, 7; trembling, terror Ex. 15, 14; r. דור

ודילָד: (r. דרלָד) f. a writhing, pain, only Job 6, 10.

א דריל ז. ק. ז. ק. דיל ג. ק. ליד ג. ק. strength, bulwark Ps. 48, 14, where many prefer to read דילה her bulwark.

ודּלָאָם pr. n. (perh. for בּוֹלָאָם people's fort) of a city near the Euphrates 2 Sam. 10, 16, 17.

רדבן pr. n. (perh. fortress) of a Levitical city in Judah 1 Ch. 6, 43; called ולד in Josh. 21, 15.

(another form for דָּלָן, or perh. for נְכָנָס = כְּרָס אָצַנָשׁ = אָישׁ אָנ

m. grace, beauty, only in Job 41, 4; r. UJ.

עדר m. i. q. א הדר, a wall, partywall Ez. 13, 10. Hence

נות adj. m., היצונה f. outer Ez. 10, 5; civil as opp. to sacred, as not being within the precincts of the Temple 1 Ch. 26, 29. the outside 1 K. 6, 29.

[77], rarely [77] Prov. 17, 23 (w. suf. דֵוֹקִי Ps. 35, 13, also דֵוֹיקִי Job 19, 27) m. bosom, of a person Lam. 2, 12; שַׁכָב בְּדֵרק to lie in the bosom, as a wife in her husband's 1 K. 1, 2, as a child in its mother's 1 K. 3, 20; אַשָׁת דִיקָד the wife of thy bosom, i. e. thy loved wife Deut. 13, 7; וַשִּׁיב אָל חֵיק Jer. 32, 18, אַל חֵיק Ps. 79, 12, to repay or return into the bosom i. e. to requite. Fig. breast, mind Job 19, 27. 2) bosom, of a garment Ex. 4, 6; שָׁתַר בַּחַק a present in the bosom, i. e. given secretly Prov. 21, 14. 3) bosom, of a chariot, i. e. the inside or the enclosed part 1K. 22,35, of an altar i. e. the hollow where the fire burnt Ez. 43, 13.

ידר pr. n. m. (nobility) Gen. 38, 1; r. קור 2.

דררום (דרוב 1 K. 7, 40, see דררום.

קררום pr. n. m. (also הדרום and הדרום, prob. noble) Hiram, king of Tyre, friend of Solomon 1 K. 7, 40.

יד i. q. שלח, to hasten, only imper. הקיקה in K'thibh of Ps. 71, 12; hence

brin m. haste, used only as adv. hastily, speedily, only Ps. 90, 10.

וו הוה see הוה II.

ל f. perh. for תַּיָּה a wild beast (cf. צק̃τος) in Ps. 74, 19; but see תַּיָּה.

תִּיָהוֹ Gen. 1, 24 c. state of תַּיָּהוֹ w. i— parag. (Gram. § 90, 3, *b*). [וְשָׁבָּן: r. וְדָבָן: m. perh. a man-trap, to catch one by the foot, only in Hos. 6, 9, as some take it; but see הָבָר.

השבי לי געמוד לי גע

וְתָּבָדְ, prop. i. q. דָּרָבָדָ, prop. tasting, hence a bait, a hook or angle w. a bait, דְּשָׁלָדְ תַּבָּה the hook Is. 19, 8; בְּשָׁרָ בְּחַבָּה out w. a hook Job 40, 25.

אָרָקָ Hos. 6, 9 inf. Pi. of רְּכָּה, for קבוח, Gram. § 75, Rem. 17.

חברליה pr. n. (dusky) of a hill near the desert of Ziph 1 Sam. 23, 19; ר. בְרָבָ

רובים Chald. adj. m. wise Dan. 2, 21; esp. a wise man, a magian or magician Dan. 2, 12; r. בקר.

to seize; hence perh. akin to par,

לבר (obs.) perh. akin to גָּתַל,

, to be black or dark; fig. to sadden; cf. דָּלָך. Hence

חָבַלְרָה pr. n. m. (דְּבָלְרָה has saddened) Neh. 1, 1.

שר איז (c. דְּבְלָילָי, w. – parag. Gram. § 90, 3, a) adj. m. prob. darkling, of the eyes as affected by drinking, only in Gen. 49, 12; r. דָבָל

ללהת f. prob. a troubling, darkening, of the eyes as affected by drink, only Prov. 23, 29; r. דְרַכָּל

שברים) to be wise, to gain wisdom Prov. 6, 6; to gain by wisdom, w. acc. Ecc. 2, 19. — Pi. to make wise, teach Job 35, 11. — Pu. to be made wise Prov. 30, 24; to be well trained, of a magician Ps. 58, 6. — Hiph. שקבים to make wise, part. f. Ps. 19, 8. — Hith. to think oneself wise Ecc. 7, 16; to shew oneself wise, w. > Ex. 1, 10. — Prob. akin to make use; comp. בעב

ם Chald. (obs.) i. q. Heb. to be wise, whence

שְׁכָבִים (כ. הַכָּבִים, pl. הַכָּבִים adj. m., הַכָּבִים (pl. הַכָּבִים) f. wise (סַסְסָכָ), intelligent Is. 3, 3; גיא מיש הַכָּם-לַב אָבָרין עובים-לַב (discreet 2 Sam. 13, 3; cunning Job 5, 13. Often coupled w. נְבִוּן Deut. 4, 6; opp. to נְבָל Deut. 32, 6, אַיִרל Prov. 10, 14, אַירל Prov. 10, 14, 8.

קרָבָּרָה (pl. רְּבָּמָא Prov. 24, 7) f. wisdom (כּסִמָּוֹם), as skill in an art Ex. 28, 3; as proficiency in learning Dan. 1, 17; as the principle of true religion, piety Job 28, 28; or as an attribute of God Job 12, 13; in later usage, science or knowledge Dan. 1, 17; r. בְּבָר

רָכָלד, Chald. (def. הָכָמָד, f.

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wisdom, of God Dan. 2, 20, of man Dan. 2, 30.

יַרְבָּגוֹנְי pr. n. m. (wise) 1 Ch. 11, 11.

קרְבָּלָרָן pl. f. of אָרָבָאוֹת (as plur. in Prov. 24, 7, but sing. in Prov. 9, 1) wisdom Ps. 49, 4, prop. wisdoms to match the הכולוין in parallel clause; wisdom being in these passages personified, the usage may be poetic, like the plur. excellentize, Gram. § 108, 2.

קבוח f. wisdom, only Prov. 14, 1; prob. pl. like הָכָמוֹת, which see.

i. q. حَمَّرَ, Arab. حَمَّرَ, to injure, only in Job 19, 3 in some texts.

ידיל 2 Sam. 20, 15, see היל.

שלל m. unconsecration, unholiness, as opp. to דוֹם Lev. 10, 10; common use, as opp. to private Ez. 48, 15; r. בַלָּל II.

גאָר I (obs.) perh. akin to II, to be sullied or rusty; hence הַלָּאָר.

א דָרָלָד I, to be sick, only in 2 Ch. 16, 12 וּדָלָד and he (Ass) became diseased in his feet, see Gram. § 75, Rem. 22.

וֹלָאָה f. 1) *a soiling* or rust, on a copper pot Ez. 24, 6. 2) pr. n. f. (sickly) 1 Ch. 4, 5.

חַלָאָדם m. pl. necklaces Can. 7, 2; see אָרָי.

ברלם 2 Sam. 10, 17, see הַלָאָם.

גר ו (obs.) perh. to stick on or smear over, hence to be sticky, greasy, fat; perh. akin to אָלַבָר (מֹאנֹקש, אוֹהסג), hence perh. הַלָּבְרָ,

י בון II (obs.) perh. akin to גבן I, to be white; hence

עָלָב (w. suf. דְוַלָּב, c. בַזָּה בַצ. 23, 19, Gram. § 93, 4) m. milk, fresh milk, Gen. 18, 8, opp. to דְרָאָדָן sour thickened milk; r. דָלַב II.

באָק c. of באָק, seeGram.§ 93, 4, Bem.

עלבי 18. 34, 6 (w. suf. ג'ב', pl. אָלָר ג. אָלָר ג. 16. (קלבי, pl. הַלָּר אין, קלבי, c. יַלָּר אין, הוון, אין, אי

בַּלָב Is. 34, 6, see בַּלָב.

אָרָבָרוֹ pr. n. (fatness) a city in Asher Judg. 1, 31.

קלבון pr. n. (prob. fruitful) of a city of Syria Ez. 27, 18, Aleppo; or else the village Chelbôn, about 9 miles north of Damascus, still noted for its vintage; r. רַלָ

קרָבְרָה f. galbanum, χαλβάνη, Syr. באם, a gum of strong odor Ex. 30, 34. — Perh. from וקלב I.

ערכן I (obs.) perh. to hide (like דַכָּרָ I (cf. Talm. דָרָלָד, Cf. Talm. גָּיָלָם, נְעָלָם, גָּיָלָם, גָּיָלָם,

וו (obs.) akin to Syr. דְּלָהָה הְלָהָ החַלָּרָה, יוֹלָה, ווֹלָה.

קלד pr. n. m. (perh. concealment, ד. קלד I) 1 Ch. 11, 30; but קלד in 1 Ch. 27, 15, דיב in 2 Sam. 23, 29.

וְדָלָד (w. suf. דְלָרָד, r. דְלָד I) m. perh. prop. hidden or indefinite time, hence 1) duration, life, age (גלשׁי) Ps. 89, 48. 2) the world, השבר דַלָּר inhabitants of the world Ps. 49, 2, comp. דַלָּרָ Ecc. 3, 11 and גלשי Heb. 11, 3; Ps. 17, 14 בַּרָלָר men of the world i. e. worldly men, comp. the use of צל בעס (in John 15, 19.

קלָד m. *mole*, prop. digger (r. הַפַּרְפָרָת II) Lev. 11, 29: cf. הָפַרָםָרָת.

קלָדָה pr. n. f. (mole, r. דְלָדָה II; cf. Talm. דּוּלָדָה weasel) Huldah, a prophetess 2 K. 22, 14.

דְלָהַ" pr. n. m. (long-lived or worldly) 1 Ch. 27, 15.

I I (fut. apoc. 2 K. 1. 2, inf. הַלוח) i. q. הַלָּא II, perh. akin to Ξζ. χαλάω, to slacken, relax; hence to be weak or feeble Judg. 16, 7; to be sick or ill Gen. 48, 1; w. acc. of the part affected, נגלרו (Sept. ἐπόνησε τοὺς πύδας αὐτοῦ)he suffered in his feet 1 K. 15, 23; w. acc. of the disease (cf. voseiv vósov) 2 K. 13, 14, comp. Cant. 2, 5; הוכח מ sore or painful evil Ecc. 5, 12; to feel pain, from a blow Prov. 23, 35; hence fig. to feel hurt or grieved for, w. to נחלח Sam. 22, 8. - Niph. לל to become weak, exhausted Jer. 12, 13; to become sick Dan. 8, 27; part. f. קבה נחלח grievous wound Jer. 14, בכבה נחלח 17, pl. נְחָלוֹת the diseased Ez. 34, 4; to be pained, grieved, w. לא Am. 6, Am. 6 6. - Pi. to make sick or ill Deut. 29, 21, prob. Ps. 77, 11 דולותר דרא to sicken me is this i. e. this is my grief. - Pu. to be made weak Is. 14, 10. -- Hiph. ההלי (but ההלי in Is. 53, 10, see Gram. § 75, Rem. 17) to make ill, to afflict Is. 53, 10; used adverbially (Gram. § 142, Rem. 1), e. g. I have made painful החליהי הכוחה to smile thee i. e. have smitten thee

grievously Mic. 6, 13; to become sick (prop. to contract or show sickness, Gram. § 53, 2, Rem.) Hos. 7, 5; fig. to sicken, make sad Prov. 13, 12. — Hoph. معلم to be hurt, wounded, 1 K. 22, 34. — Hith. to make oneself ill 2 Sam. 13, 2; to give oneself out to be ill, to pretend illness 2 Sam. 13, 5 (Gram. § 54, 3).

דרק II (Qal obs.) perh. akin
 to קלק, κηλέω, to smoothe, to stroke.
 Pi. (imper. apoc. ד ו K. 13, 6)
 to flatter or court, always w. קלף of
 the pers. Job 11, 19; to supplicate
 Ex. 32, 11.

بلکتر III (obs.) akin to Syr. بلکت, Arab. بلکت, to be siceet, comely, fig. to adorn; hence الجار.

תַּלָּה (תַּזֹּח בּוֹ, pl. תַּזָּה) f. a cake 2 Sam. 6, 19; esp. sacrificial cake Lev. 8, 26; so called prob. for the round form (comp. גָּבָר; r. בָּוֹן דַע

(pl. חַלָּמָי וּ, r. דְּלָנוֹם I) m. a dream Gen. 20, 3; fig. a fancy or folly, trifle Ecc. 5, 6.

דלון pr. n. (perh. strong-hold, r. 4) of a city in Moab Jer. 48, 21; of a Levitical city in Judah Josh. 15, 51; called also דילן 1 Ch. 6, 43.

קלנית (pl. הַלֹּרָים Joel 2, 9, הַלֹּרָים Ez. 40, 16) com. gend. prop. hole (for light), a window Josh. 2, 18; קבר הַרַזְלוּך through (i. e. out of) the window Gen. 26, 8; r. בַּלָל.

pr. n. Helon father of Eliab, Num. 1, 9.

חַלּוֹרַ m. perh. window-work Jer. 22, 14, an old plur. for דַלֹיָרָם windows (see Gram. § 87, 1, c); ד. בַּלָּגָ

קולק m. a passing by or forsaking, only in Prov. 31, 8 בַי חַלות children of desertion i. e. orphans; r. קבן I. דרקשה f. overthrow or defeat Ex. 32, 18; r. הָשָׁשָׁ.

דעלות Ps. 77, 11 prob. inf. Pi. of I, w. 1 p. sing. suffix.

קלחול pr. n. (perh. full of holes, r. דולחול סו ה city in Judah, now Hulhûl, near Hebron Josh. 15, 58.

לקרולה f. trembling Nah. 2, 11; anguish Is. 21, 3; reduplicated or Pilp. form from r. דורל, comp. Hithpalp. ההחלול.

עבוליט (Qal obs.) perh. akin to press for information; used only in - Hiph. to ascertain, only in 1 K. 20, 33 (where the Vulg. has rapuerunt verbum), where און ובוקלטי is for ובּרְבָּרָלָי ג וּבּרְבָּרָלָי in 1 Sam. 14, 22, see Gram. § 52, Rem. 4.

תְּלָרִים for הְלָאָרָם, Gram. § 93, Rem. 6) m. 1) ornament, necklace Cant. 7, 2; r. תְלָה III. 2) pr. n. (ornament) of a city in Asher Josh. 19, 25.

קליז (in pause דְּלָר w. suf. קלי, pl. מָלָי m. prostration, suffering or sickness Deut. 7, 15; grief Ecc. 5, 16, where וְקָלָי is perh. for ז הַלָּר נוּ נוּשָׁי וּג perh. for נוּשָׁי וּג בוווויזע בכ. 6, 2; ר. מָלָי וּ.

קלָרָה, f. i. q. הַלָּיָה, trinket, ornament, only Hos. 2, 15.

ון (דְּלָלים I (ר. דְּלָלים I; pl. דְּלָלים m. fute or pipe Is. 5, 12 (כּרָ הָלָהים); hence the denom. verb. דְּלָל V to pipe, play on the flute.

ון דָלָל II (r. דָלַל II) adj. m. uncon-

secrated, open, common or profane; also subst. desecration, hence w. - loc. (Mil'él) to or for profanation or abhorrence (Gram. § 90, 2) as exclamation of aversion (Sept. μή γένοιτο, Vulg. absit /) God forbid ! far be #/ e. g. הַלָּרַלָח לא הַמאז abomination! thou shalt not die 1 Sam. 20, 2; w. 5 of pers. and y w. inf. as in הַלָּלָח לָך מַעָשׂת כַּרְבָר חָזָח far be it for thee to act like this thing Gen. 18, 25; also w. DN and finite verb, e. g. abhorrence to הלילח לי אם אבהיק mel if I justify, Job 27, 5; used absolutely 1 Sam. 14, 45; w. 70 of pers. because of whom the dread or aversion is felt, e. g. הַלָּרַלָּה לָּר מֵרָהוֹת profanation (i. e. a curse) to me from the Lord if I do 1 Sam. 24, 7. In 1 Sam. 20, 9, the meaning is somewhat modified a profanation (i.e. for me) to thee (i.e. for thy sake) that if I knew — I would not tell.

ליפרז f. 1) a change i. e. a suit of clothes (בְּנִידם) 2 K. 5, 5; also without בְּנָדִים Judg. 14, 19. 2) change of life, amendment Ps. 55, 20. 3) a military term, exchange of soldiers, חַלִּיפוֹין my relief Job 14, 14; יבָרָא בְּבָי יחָלִיפוֹין changes and a host are with me, i. e. a host constantly relieved or renewed, one foe taking another's place in succession Job 10, 17; יום as adv. by changes or relays, alternately 1 K. 5, 28; r. בָּלָן I.

f. prop. a stripping off, from the bodies of the slain, spoil or booty Judg. 14, 19; r. יַלַיָּעָ II.

تاكار (obs.) i. q. Arab. خلك, to be black, gloomy, fig. to be unhappy, wretched; hence

קר (found only w. דער) ווער דאביד Ps. 10, 8, in pause ווער Ps. 10, 14) m. wretchedness, Ps. 10, 8, אַפּגָרו דְאָבָרו לְחַלְכָרו הְאָבָרו הָאָנוּ bis eyes secretly look out for wretchedness, i. e. for an opportunity to oppress the poor; as concr. wretched one (Sept. δ πτωχός) Ps. 10, 14.

בַּלָּך see בּיָּבָר.

י דָּלְבָּר prob. for דָּלְבָּר (from דְּלָבָּ w. adj. ending -, Gram. § 86, 2, 5) adj. m. only in pl. ידָלָבָאים the poor, the toiling ones (Sept. of πένητες), only Ps. 10, 10 in K'thibh, see דָרָר

I akin to کمات, to turn or المال م move round, hence to bore through, to perforate (w. a revolving motion, cf. הַלָּל הַשּׂוּן הַלִיל IV), cf. הַלָּל הַשּׂוּן, הַלָּל 1, right; fig. to writhe, to be pained (cf. (2) e. g. לָבָר דֵולָל my heart writhes or aches Ps. 109, 22. - Pi. 507 to stab Ez. 28, 9. - Po. הֹלָל to pierce or wound Job 26, 13, part. מָחוֹבְלָה Is. 51, 9. — Pu. הפל to be stabbed Ez. 32, 26. - Po'al. (Gram. § 55, 1) part. מָחֹלָל *pierced* Is. 53, 5. ---- As some think, this root I is really one w. >== (which see and the 4 here following), since the various senses may be all unfolded from the idea of turning round (as a borer), then to pierce, then to open, then to begin; comp. Gesenii Thesaurus Ling. Heb.

ר (Qal obs.) to be loose (of what was bound), to be free, then to be common, unconsecrated or profane. — Niph. אָרָז (for אָרָז, cf. Gram. § 67, Rem. 5; inf. אָרָזר, like (אָרָז, fut. אָרָז, to be unhallowed, defiled Lev. 21, 4. — Pi. to undo, dissolve a covenant Ps. 55, 21; to make common, of a vineyard (before held to be hallowed) Deut. 20, 6; to make public, i. e. to prostitute, of a daughter Lev. 19, 29; to profane or descerate the

priests Is. 43, 28, the temple Mal. 2, 11, the sabbath Ex. 31, 14, the divine name Lev. 19, 12; to pollute Tar the marriage-bed Gen. 49, 4; הַלָּל לָאָרֶץ to undo (i.e. overthrow) to the ground Ps. 74, 7. --- הַלִיל , 2 הַלָּל , הֹל . Pu. to be desecrated, Ez. 36, 22. -Hiph. (fut. אָהֵל, יְהָאָ) to loose, undo or break (one's word) Num. 30, 3; to profane (the divine name) Ez. 39, 7.

III (Qal obs.) prob. i. q. II, prop. to set loose or free, to open up (cf. Chald. wry to loose, to begin). - Hiph. רְחֵהל, apoc. רָחָל) to begin, Gen. 9, 20, also w. inf. Gen. 10, 8 ההרל להרוח he began to be etc. In Hos. 8, 10 stands perh. for frint that they may wait (i. e. cease) from the burden (בְּמַשָׁא); Lev. 21, 9 is for man she begins. - Hoph. The be begun Gen. 4, 26. Deriv. הַתְּלָה.

IV (obs.) i. q. 5417, to turn round, to revolve; hence The.

I a הַלִיל V denom. from הַלָר flute, hence part. Hence part. Hence part. 87, 7. - Pi. (part. 521) to pipe. to play on the דולרל 1 K. 1, 40.

(c. דַלָלִים (c. דַלָלִים) m. 1) subst. one thrust through Job 24, 12; in general, dispatched, slain, Deut. 21, 1; r. דוללה I. 2) adj. m. דולל f. unclean, unholy Ez. 21, 30, then defiled. a prostitute, Lev. 21, 7; r. jp II.

דללים Ps. 87, 7, see r. דללים V.

דרם I (fut. רַהַלם) prob. akin to שלה (ח = ש, p. 191), שלם II, to be safe and sound, hence 1) to be strong Job 39,4. 2) to be at ease or rest, hence to sleep, esp. to dream Gen. 37, 5; opp. to דַקרץ. -- Hiph. 1) to make well or strong Is. 38, 16. 2) to cause to dream

Jer. 29, 8. ---- Cf. Sans. svap (to rest or sleep), ὕπνος (akin to ὕπτιος), ἐνύπνιον, L. somnus (= sompnus), somnium.

II (obs.) perh. akin to הלמות, to be white; hence perh. הלמות, to be white; hence perh.

מ (הַלְמִין Dhald. (def. הַלְמָא, pl. הַלָם) מ dream Dan. 2,4. Also a Heb. pr. n. m. (strength) Zech. 6, 14, but דולהי in v. 10.

f. white of egg, albumen (r. דָּלָם II), or perh. purslain (so the Syriac), only in Job 6, 6 ריר הַלַמאת Syriac) slime of albumen, or perh. purslainbroth, said to be very insipid.

Deut. 32, 13) m. בולמיש (c. בולמיש hard stone, flint Job 28, 9; fully 743 the flint-rock, perh. guartz בתולמיש Deut. 8, 15. --- Prob. from an obs. r. הלם = הלם I (to strike) w. format. ending where (see on letter w); cf. our flint, prob. akin to πλήττω, L. plango, fligo.

(דורל pr. n. m. (strong, r. דולן) Num. 1, 9.

I (fut. דלק) 1) to glide or move along Job 4, 15; to pass away, of rain Cant. 2, 11; to pass on, נחלפת משם and thou shalt pass on from there 1 Sam. 10, 3; to pass away, perish Is. 2, 18, perh. of flowers, to change or wither Ps. 90, 5; to pass beyond (a law) i. e. to transgress Is. 24, 5. 2) to pass through, hence to transfix or pierce Judg. 5, 26, comp. Job 20, 24; to sprout forth as a plant, prob. in Ps. 90, 5; to move or rush on, of the wind Is. 21, 1, of a stream Is. 8, 8; to march on, assail Job 11, 10, to alter Hab.1.11, Ps. 102, 27. — Pi. to put away, to change, as garments Gen. 41, 14. -Hiph. to change, clothes Gen. 35, 2; to substitute Is. 9, 9; to revive, of a tree Job 14, 7; w. n. to renew strength

Is. 40, 31; also without לח Job 29, 20 to recover elasticity, of a bow. Hence הַכָּוּק הָרָלִה הָלַוּם.

ער אוח דער (obs.) perh. akin to דעלב, to plait hair; hence perh. ביהלפת

גע ווו (obs.) perh. skin to בּלָב iii (obs.) perh. skin to בּלָב, to cut off, to shear; hence perh.

Chald. to pass away, of time Dan. 4, 13.

קָלָק (r. קָּלָק ווּשָׁרָ ווּ 1) exchange, only as prep. instead of, for Num. 18, 21; cf. Syr. באביי. 2) pr. n. (change) of a city in Naphtali Josh. 19, 33.

עלין (only dual דְּלָצְיָם; r. דְלָץ] (only dual דְּלָצְיָם; r. דְלָץ] f. the girded or strong parts, the two

hips or loins (cf. מְדְּבָרָם) Job 38, 3; to come forth from the loins of any one i. e. to be begotten by him Gen. 35, 11; to have the hands on the loins i. e. to have pangs as of child-birth Jer. 30, 6. Cf. Chald. דְּבְּצִרָ, Syr.

עָלָעָ or עָלָד (1 Ch. 2, 39) pr. n. m. (strength) 2 Sam. 23, 26, but קלין in 1 Ch. 11, 27.

perh. akin (יְתַלֹק) perh. to לכק (which see), prop. to lick, then 1) to be smooth (cf. ndd, 1), whence 2) to lick off or consume, hence to plunder 2 Ch. 28, 21; to cut up, to share 1 Sam. 30, 24; to distribute or divide Josh. 18, 2, w. Dy of the pers. sharing Prov. 29, 24, w. > of pers. and > of thing, Job 39, 17, לא הַלָּק לָה בַּבִּינָה he gave not to her a share in understanding; w. y to distribute or appoint (in classes) over 2 Ch. 23, 18. - Niph. grd to divide or distribute oneself, to be parted, of light Job 38, 24, of a whole troop formed into divisions Gen. 14, 15; to be distributed or allotted of land Num. 26, 53; in 1 Chr. 23, 6, 24, 3 the Pi'el-form (found in some texts) seems to be intended. - Pi. to divide, booty Gen. 49, 27, Is. 53, 12, a land for exploration 1 K. 18, 6; w. > of pers. to divide or apportion to Job 21, 17; w. I of persons among whom Is. 53, 12; to scatter Gen. 49, 7. ---Pu. to be divided out or shared Is. 33, 23. - Hiph. דחלים 1) to make smooth, mechanically Is. 41, 7; to make smooth the words or the tongue i. e. to flatter Prov. 2, 16, Ps. 5, 10; also w. or ve of the pers. Ps. 36, 3, Prov. 29, 5, to offer flattery to any one. 2) to obtain one's inheritance

or share Jer. 37, 12.—Hilb. to divide among themselves, to share Josh. 18, 5. Hence אַלָּקָרָ, הְדָלְקָרָ and

בוֹלָבוֹת adj. m., ודְטָלָח (pl. ווֹלָלָוֹת) f.

 smooth, not hairy Gen. 27, 11;
 bare or bald, דְּשָׁרָר דְּשָׁרָל feb bare
 mountain Josh. 11, 17. 2) fig.
 flattering, of the mouth (רְםָ) Prov.
 28, of the palate (רְחָד) Prov. 5, 3;
 deceitful, false Ez. 12, 24. The pl.
 הַשְׁלָבָוֹת is perh. used as subst. flatteries
 in Is. 30, 10, Ps. 12, 3; see הַשָּׁלַה.

רָלָקָה Chald. (w. suf. רְּלָקָה) i. q. Heb. אָקָל, lot or portion Ezr. 4, 16, Dan. 4, 12.

עלקים .pl (w. suf. הַלָּקִי, pl. הַלָּקִי, c. once דולקי w. Dagh. euphonic Is. 57, 6) m. 1) baldness, bareness, of a woodless district, Is. 57, 6 בְּחַלַקִר in the bare (open) places נוחל הלקה of the valley is thy lot, i. e. thou carriest on undisguised idolatry (w. a play on por in its 2 diverse senses in this place); fig. flattery Prov. 7, 21. 2) portion, share Josh. 18, in like portions הלק החלק 5, Deut. 18, 8; spoil Job 17, 5; what is apportioned, property Josh. 14, 4; hence field, land (i. q. Syr. 🛰 🕰 field, cf. Άχελδαμά i. e. χωρίον αίματος Acts 1, 19) as property 2 K. 9, 10; also the dry land as opp. to the sea (תרום) Am. 7, 4. 3) lot, Sept. μερίς, Ecc. 2, 10 (cf. לקוב); share or interest, אין־לָכֵם חֵלֵק בִּיחוָה you have no interest in the Eternal Josh. 22, 25. 4) pr. n. m. (portion) Josh. 17, 2; patron. הַלָקי Num. 26, 30; r. הַלָקי.

P לַקַר (only c. pl. קַקַר) adj. m. smooth, only in הַלָּקַר אָבְרָים five smooth stones, prop. five smooth ones of stones 1 Sam. 17, 40; see Gram. § 112, Rem. 1; r. בַּקַר. קֹקות (only pl. הַלָּקוֹת) f. flatteries Ps. 12, 3; see אָלָקָת, הָלָקָת.

קלקון (pl. דְּשָׁקוּ ד. דָשָׁקוּ) f. 1) smoothness, the smooth of the neck Gen. 27, 16; pl. slippery place: Ps. 73, 18; fattery Prov. 6, 24; pl. קלקויח fatteries, Is. 30, 10; דְשָׁקוֹיח קלקויח (מַשָּׁתִי דָי 12, 3 (v. 4 'דְשָׁקוֹיח קוֹסָרָי Ps. 12, 3 (v. 4 'דָשָׁקוֹיח (מַשָּׁתִי דָי 12, 3 (v. 4 'דָשָׁקוֹיח קלקוי פּאַרָים fattering lips. 2) portion of a field, w. דָשָׁקוֹי Gen. 33, 19, also without דָשָׁקוֹי Gen. 33, 19, also without אין מון 25 אין Gen. 33, 19, also without אין מון 25; written קרָקוֹי form) Josh. 21, 31. 4) pr. n. (דְשָׁקוֹי קוֹמָר הַשָּׁרָים field of the swords) of a place near Gibeon 2 Sam. 2, 16.

חלקות (only pl. חַלַקוֹת) f. flatteries, only Dan. 11, 32; r. הַלָּק.

ראָקָר f. portioning, division 2 Ch. 35, 5; r. דְלַק.

דַוְלְקֵר Is. 57, 6 for דַוֹלְקַר, see Gram. § 20, 2 b.

, הָלְקָרָה pr. n. m. (perh. for הָלְקָרָה portion of רָה Neh. 12, 15.

וְלָקְדָה and וְלָקְדָה pr. n. m. (portion or lot of רָה) Hilkiah 2 K. 22, 8.

רָאַקלק (r. דְּלַקלָ , see Gram. § 84, 23) adj. m., דְלַקלָק (only in pl. דְלַקלָקוֹת) f. smooth, used only as subst. 1) slippery places Ps. 35, 6. 2) flatteries Dan. 11, 21.

הַלַקְלַק אָפּפּ אָדַלָק אָדָלָקוּת. דְּלָקָת , דֶּלְקָת 3. היי

עם (fut. שבי) perh. akin to ד, χαλάω, 1) to enfeeble, relax or prostrate, to overthrow Ex. 17, 13; w. by to triumph over Is. 14, 12. 2) intrans. (fut. שבי) to be prostrate, to succumb Job 14, 10.

Den m. a nerveless or feeble man,

opp. to גבור, Joel 4, 10; i. q. Syr.

עָרָיָדָ, קָרְמָיָדָ, Gram. **§** 96) m. *a father-in-law* Gen. 38, 13; fem. דְּבָרָה. Prob. r. דְבָרָה I, akin to אָרָבָרָ (which see), γαμβρός, Copt. **(J)OM** shom father-in-law, see Ewald's Heb. Lehrbuch, § 149, 1, *h*, Note.

שֹׁהָ II (r. בְּשָׁה , pl. הַשָּׁה) adj. m. warm, hot, as bread just backed Josh. 9, 12, as garments Job 37, 17. Also as subst. 1) pr. n. m. (swarthy) of a son of Noah, whose descendants are enumerated in Gen. 10, 6–20. 2) pr. n. of Egypt among the natives (i. q. Copt. XHME blackland) Ps. 78, 51.

שר (w. suf. ישר; r. בעק, Syr. אראב, Arab. אראב, to heat) m. heat, opp. to *p cold*, Gen. 8, 22. ---- From this Semitic source (the same root being also found in Coptic) came, through the Arabic, our alchymy, chymist, having reference to heat as the dissolvent, or means of analysing substances, hence chymistry is fitly said to be the science of heat.

אָקָאָ (obs.) prob. akin to אָקָא, •• wrap together, to thicken or curdle;

i. q. Arab. בֿאן; hence דְּיָאָד,

Chald. (obs.) i. q. Heb.

אַקָה, אֹבְהָ Chald. f. i. q. Heb.

אֹטָת anger or wrath Dan. 11, 44; או הַכָּה.

הְכָאוֹת (ר. אָרָאָה; perh. pl. הְכָאוֹת eoft curds Ps. 55, 22, see (נְהְכָאוֹת) f. curdled milk Gen. 18,8; milk, slightly curdled or still liquid, נְדֵרָד הָרָאָא rivers of milk (Sept. βούτυρον) Job 20, 17.

נְקְמֵר ,רַחְמֵר (fut. יַרְחָמֵר ,רַחְמָר Is. 53, 2) perh. akin to דְקָרָם, 1) to be warm or eager, to strive after something, to desire or covet Ex. 20, 17. 2) to take pleasure or delight in something Ps. 68, 17, w. לְחֵם pleon. לְהָשׁ (Gram. §. 154, 3, e) Prov. 1, 22, w. acc. Is. 53, 2. Part. pass. Tar desired or chosen; hence a delight Ps. 39, 12; their delights, i. e. idols המודיהם Is. 44, 9. — Niph. to be desired, only part. נְחָקָד desirable Gen. 2, 9, precious Prov. 21, 20. - Pi. only in his shade בצלו המרחר וישבחי I greatly delighted and sat i. e. sat w. great delight (Gram. § 142, 3, a) Cant. 2, 3; hence

דְּבָּעָת m. attractiveness, pleasantness, בחוּרָר חֵעָּד בַּחוּרָר חֵעָד Ez. 23, 6; שְׂרֵר־חֵטֶר pleasant fields Is. 32, 12.

אָרָעָדָרוֹ f. 1) desire or longing, אָלא without a longing after, unregretted 2 Ch. 21, 20. 2) delight, אַרָּשְׁרָה גָּרָשְׁרָה גָרָשָׁרָה גָרָשָׁרָה גָרָשָׁרָה גָרָשָׁרָה גָרָשָרָה גָרָדָה

ר. pl. (cf. L. deliciæ), pleasant things, delights Dan. 11, 38; pleasant ness, לפוקלד goodly garments Gen. 27, 15, קלי קי precious articles 2 Ch. 20, 25, לקי dainty food Dan. 10, 3. איש קימרדות a man greatly beloved, a favorite Dan. 10, 11, without איש גערידות אָקָה 9, 23 הַקָּרָד, אַקָּה

קרָדָן pr. n. m. (pleasant) Gen. 86, 26; also דַמְרָן 1 Ch. 1, 41.

גער אוח דער אוח דער (obs.) prob. akin to גענים, to bind or join, to hold, enclose; hence perh. הַנָּח, הוֹנֶּח, הוֹנֶח, יַחְצָי

דיק דיק II (obs.) i. q. דְּעָכָם, to be hot, to glow; hence הַכָּם.

וֹתְשָׁת (כ. הְשָׁת, pl. הְשָׁת) f. 1) heat, excitement, through wine Hos. 7, 5; hence wine, as heating Hab. 2, 15; heat, anger Gen. 27, 44; הַשָּׁל הַשָּׁר Prov. 15, 18 or בָּשֹׁ בָּכַל הַשָּׁר הַיָּר אָרש הַשָּׁר (Prov. 29, 22), a man of hot temper. הַשָּׁל הַשָּׁר בָּשָׁר בַּיָר (Prov. 29, 22), a man of hot temper. הַשָּׁל הַשָּׁר בַּיָר (Prov. 16, 19, Job 21, 20. Fig. poison, on account of its inflaming effect Deut. 32, 24. 2) i. q. הַשָּׁהָ, milk, only in Job 29, 6.

קברה f. warmth, heat of the sun Ps. 19, 7; poet. the sun Cant. 6, 10; r. הָבָם.

לתואל pr. n. m. (perh. God's anger) 1 Ch. 4, 26; r. דְּנַתַ

קבורד (pl. הַמוּדִים) prop. part. pass. of הַקר, which see.

דַמָּדוֹת see דַנגוּדוֹת.

pr. n. f. (perh. the dew is father-in-law) 2 K. 23, 31.

קרלל pr. n. m. (spared; r. דְּקָבָלוּל I) Gen. 46, 12; patron. קמולי Num. 26, 21.

pr. n. (warm or sunny) of a city in Asher Josh. 19, 28; also in Naphtali 1 Ch. 6, 61; see קובלון.

עבריך (r. דְבָין 3) m. a violent man, robber, אַשָּׁרָר דְּמִין correct ye the oppressor, only in Is. 1, 17; where others prefer to read vindicate ye the oppressed (Sept. dóixoúµevoç), as if המרץ.

(r. דְשָׁרָק) m. compassing, hence prob. girdle, Cant. 7, 2 דְשַרֵּק the girdlings of thy hips.

קרים (pl. קרים ; r. קרים ווון ה., fem. 2 Sam. 19, 27, 1) ass Gen. 12, 16; so called for its strength (r. קרים ווו) in carrying, or perh. for the reddish (r. קרים I) colour of its skin in southern lands; קרים *ass of* body, i. e. stout ass Gen. 49, 14. 2) prob. i. q. קרים 3, a heap or load Judg. 15, 16. 3) pr. n. m. (ass) Gen. 33, 19.

דְּשָׁרְרָה f. i. q. בְּשֹׁר 2 and דְּשָׁרְרָה heap or load, but only in dual דְּשֹׁרְרָה two heaps, only in Judg. 15, 16, where it forms part of a paranomasia.

(like אָרָאָר) f. of הָדָן (like הָאָהָאָ) f. of הָדָן, mother-in-law Buth 1, 14; r. הָבָּה I.

נאס (obs.) perh. akin to Chald. דָרָכָם, to crouch; hence

(Sept. saúpa, Vulg. lacerta), only in Lev. 11, 30.

וֹעָטָה pr. n. (perh. place of lizards) of a city in Judah Josh. 15, 54.

קרָרָיך adj. m. salted or seasoned, קליל קרָריץ salted fodder i. e. provender sprinkled w. salt, to make it more relishing to the cattle, only in Is. 30, 24; perh. same as נַעלים.

הַכִּשָּׁר see הַ**וֹּבְרְשָׁר**

דְּמְלָה , inf. הְמָלָה Ez. 16, 5) perh. akin to מִעמוֹל , to be mild, tender; hence w. אָד, to pity Ex. 2, 6 or to spare 1 Sam. 15, 3, Mal 3, 17, also w. אָל Is. 9, 18; also of things, to spare in using, w. אָד

Job 20, 13, w. אָל Jer. 50, 14, w. ל and inf. 2 Sam. 12, 4; hence הְקַלָּה.

کک II (obs.) akin to کیت I, Arab. مَعَرَّ الله بت الله, کیت به الله بت بعض الله to carry, then to toil, tire; hence خصري.

אָדָאָלָה: f. pity Gen. 19, 16; הָאָלָה in his compassion Is. 63, 9; r. אָמַי.

םאבותי (perf. 1 pers. דַעַלוֹתִי; inf. יהם, once (לָחָמָם ,ל (w. לָחָמָם) Is. 47, 14, w. suf. and pref. Egg Jer. 51, 39; fut. רְהָם, apoc. רְהָם, also the more intrans. form Tout. 19, 6, Teut. 19, 6, 1 K. 1, 1, pl. דחמר Hos. 7, 7) akin to مَعَمَى , حَمّ Arab, جَبَع , البَقِت , to be warm, hot, of the day Ex. 16, 21; to get warm Is. 44, 16; impers. w. 5 of subj. e. g. דֵם לָהֵם it is warm to them, they feel warm Ecc. 4, 11; the inf. w. pref. 57 in Is. 47, 14 may be for to be warm (Gram. § 67, Rem. 10) or perh. for for their warming (Gram. § 67, Rem. 11); fig. to be heated, of the mind Ps. 39, 4, by wine Jer. 51, 39, by lust Hos. 7, 7, of cattle to be in heat (sexually) Gen. 30, 38, see - Niph. In to be heated, to burn, w. lust, הַיָּהַמִים נָאָלִים those toho are inflamed among the terebinth-trees Is. 57, 5. - Pi. nake warm, to hatch eggs Job 39, 14. — Hith. to warm oneself Job 31, 20. Hence Din (which see) and

(only pl. תַּאָנִים m. suns or sun-images (consecrated to בַּכַל תַאָן the Phenician sun-god) Lev. 26, 30; r. הָעָם.

גרִבְּקָעָס (fut. רְּבְּקָעָס) akin to אָרָעָ, prop. 1) to be sharp, fig. to be bold, oppressive, trans. to use w. violence, to hurt Jer. 22, 3; to violate a law Zeph. 3, 4; w. אס of pers. to use violence against Job 21, 27. 2) to cast down (w. violence) Lam. 2, 6; to shake off (w. violence) Job 15, 33. — Niph. קובט to be violently treated, to be exposed or disgraced Jer. 13, 22. Hence בוקה and

לעָקָיסָרם, pl. דְעָקָים m. 1) violence, wrong Gen. 6, 11, ענָק קר קר a witness of wrong, i. e. wrongful or false Ex. 23, 1. 2) fig. wealth wrongfully obtained, ill-gotten gain Am. 3, 10.

רָקָעָד, inf. הַמָּאָ (fut. דְהָמַץ, inf. דְ Hos. 7, 4) akin to ban, prop. to be sharp, pungent, 1) of taste, to be sour, of fermented bread Ex. 12, 39; to be acid, as vinegar, hence yon; to be salted or seasoned, hence דְּמָרץ. 2) of colour, to be bright, dazzling, deep red, המרץ בגרים deep red of (in) garments, i. e. in purple apparel Is. 63, 1. 3) of the mind, to be eager, violent, hence part. yon a violent man Ps. 71, 4. - Hiph. to sour, to ferment; only in part. בַּחְפֵצֵה something leavened, fermented, prop. what causes to ferment Ex. 12, 19. - Hith. to be bitterly or violently moved, of the heart Ps. 73, 21. Hence

רְּבָּעְ other fermented drink) Num. 6, 3; sour grapes, perh. in Prov. 10, 26; r. הַבָּעָ.

הַבָּת

לער דו (fut. ירָשְׁרָשָר) i. q. ירָשָר) transferred to colour, 1) to have a glowing colour, to be red, of wine (קשָר) Ps. 75, 9; hence perh. ירָשָר, זיָבוּר, אפר פר, זייָבוּר, קר, 2) to boil, ferment (perh. hence ירָשָר, to foam, of the sea Ps. 46, 4; also to bubble, swell, rise in heaps; hence prob. ירָשָר, rise in heaps; hence prob. ירָשָר, זיבוּ רָשָר, נפּים קראר, דירָשָר, Po'al'al. ירָשָרָיקר, (see Gram. § 55, 3) to be in a ferment, or to yearn, of the rumbling of the bowels under strong emotion Lam. 1, 20; also to be red, of the face in weeping Job 16, 16.

לע (denom. from הַקָּר) to cover w. bitumen, to pitch Ex. 2, 3.

ווו (obs.) perh. akin to דְּבָל III (obs.) perh. akin to toil, hence prob. הַמוֹר 1.

הַמור ass, see הַבֹר

וון הַפָּר ד קַרָּר דְּקָר I or perh. הָקָר III) m. מֿסקמאדסג, bitumen, pitch Gen. 11,3; so called prob. for its boiling or bubbling up as in pits near Babylon and in the Dead Sea, or perh. from its being collected from such sources: hence the denom. קַרָּר II to pitch.

קבר m. prob. something fermented, hence wine Deut. 32, 14; r. דְפֵר I.

קרָר (pl. הְרָרָים m. 1) r. דְקָרָים I, clay or loam (perh. so called from the idea of oozing or bubbling), potter's earth Is. 45, 9; morter, cement Gen. 11, 3; mire, mud Is. 10, 6. 2) a boiling, foaming, of waves Hab. 3, 15. 3) r. אָקָרָ IV, a heap Ex. 8, 10; also a dry measure, a homer, about 11¹/₂ bushels Lev. 27, 16.

דְרָלָךָ pr. n. m. (perh. ruddy) 1 Ch. 1, 41; but הְקָרָן in Gen. 36, 26.

ער און (denom. from לקיים) to arm the loins, to arm oneself in general, part. pl. pass. קמשים armed Ex. 13, 18 (cf. און Josh. 4, 13).

שָׁרָשָׁה (כ. דָּוָבָשׁה (הַמַשׁ ה. (כ. דָּוָבָשׁ ה. (כ. ביּשָר) card. number five (Gram. § 97, 1) Gen. 14, 9; the pl. דְּכָשִׁים גָּוּרִשָּׁים fifty righteous men Gen. 18, 24. — On the origin and affinities of this numeral term, see Gram. § 97, 1, Note².

דְּבָעָשׁ I m. prob. loins, waist, as the seat of strength (r. דְּבָשׁ I) 2 Sam. 2, 23 (cf. בְּלֶץ, רְלֶדֶן, of like import).

נקשט II m. a fifth (cf. רְבָע a quarter), a fifth-part rate, paid as a tribute Gen. 47, 26. Hence

DA **I** denom. of **b**ain, only in **Pi.** to fifth, i. e. to take the fifth part as tax or rate Gen. 41, 34.

קלשים girded, armed men Judg. 7, 11, see קפש II.

הַבְשָׁרת, הַתְלָשִׁר and הַבְּשָׁר ה. הַתְבָשָׁר, הַבְשָׁר, הַתְבַשׁר f., ord. number from הַסָּק, fifth; in הַשָּׁרָה הַחַבְשָׁר in the fifth year Lev. 19, 25; a fifth part (fem.) Gen. 47, 24. Pl. irreg. w. suf. הַשָּׁרָר Lev. 5, 24 its fifths, i. e. its fifth part.

קרַלְשִׁים fifty, w. suf. הְכָשִׁים his fifty (men) 2 K. 1, 9.

חבה pr. n. (citadel, fortress, r.

רקה, I) of a city in Syria on the Orontes Num. 13, 21; gent. name קסָד Hamathite Gen. 10, 18. The Greeks called it 'Eπιφάνεια; the Arabs still call it אולה Hamah.

קר (c. חַבָּר) f. a skin-bottle Gen. 21, 14; prob. from קרָה I to hold or enclose. ---- This deriv. is favoured by the use of הַתָּה in the Talmud for bag-pipe, shepherd's bottle, also a sack.

רעש דן אר א. א. (warm-spring; r. רָשָׁם) ו) of a city in Naphtali Josh. 19, 35; called also אבין דעמין Josh. 21, 32, דעמין 1 Ch. 6, 61; also און געמטטָ (near Tiberias) Joseph. Bel. Jud. 4, 1. 3. 2) pr. n. m. 1 Ch. 2, 55.

קבר Josh. 21, 32, see קבר

ל favour, i. q. דָוּ, only in pr. names, e. g. דָּגָירְכַל, Phen. דַּגִירְכַל Hannibal.

(w. suf. דוֹד; r. דוֹדָ) m. 1) favourable inclination, favour, grace, kindness Ecc. 9, 11; JT Gen. 6, 8 or בְּעֵרנֵי Est. 2, 15 (w. בְּעֵרנֵי) *to find* favour in the eyes of any one; 'נַתַן דָן 🖬 בְּצֵינֵי 🖬 נָתַן דָן 🖬 בְצֵינֵי of some one in somebody's eyes i. e. to cause the latter to look favourably on the former Ex. 3, 21. 2) gracefulness, attractiveness, charm Prov. 22, 11; יעלה דל a graceful chamois, Prov. 5, 19; אבן הן a stone of favour, i. e. charming, precious Prov. 17, 8; רדה היו the spirit of grace i. e. pious and tender Zech. 12, 10. 3) pr. n. m. (grace) Zech. 6, 14.

י הַנָּדָד p. n. m. (= דַּוָ הָשָּׁר favour of Hadad) Ezr. 3, 9.

(יְדֵוּן, apoc, יְדֵוֹנֶה, I (fut. יְדֵוֹנֶה, aboc. יְדֵוֹנֶה, שִׁבּן, שִׁבּן III. perh. שְׁבָוּ, גָנַנָי, גָנַנָי, גַנָנָי, אוֹנָי, xlivo, to bend or turn, to incline,

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of the day towards sunset Judg. 19, 9 (cf. בָּוֹיז (פָּוֹיז (בָּוֹיז); hence to settle doron in a place, poet. to dwell in Is. 29, 1; to encamp Gen. 26, 17, of an army Ex. 13, 20, of locusts Nah. 3, 17; w. 52 against, to besiege Ps. 27, 3, also w. ב Judg. 9, 50, w. acc. Ps. 53, 6; w. 5 for any one, to defend Zech. 9, 8; w. 5 to form a camp around Ps. 34, 8.

ון (obs.) prob. akin to II, to be pointed, to pierce; hence קירו, ---- Cf. W. gwānu to pierce.

(only in pl. דָּוָזָי, r. דָּוָזָי, I) compassions, mercies, only in Ps. 77, 10. In Job 19, 17 בוּזָרָה is prob. 1 pers. perf. Qal for דְּוֹזָיָה and means I moan or sigh, r. דָוֹזָיָ II; but perh. for means of Gram. § 91, 3, Bem.) my appeals for pity. 2) pr. n. f. (beauty) 1 Sam. 1, 2.

ן דָרָלון: 1) pr. n. m. (perh. teaching or initiation, r. (קנן: of a son of Cain, Sept. 'Ενώχ Gen. 4, 17; patron. אור בלכי, Num. 26, 5. 2) pr. n. of a city, otherwise unknown Gen. 4, 17.

קינרן pr. n. m. (favoured, r. דְּנָק I) 2 Sam. 10, 1.

קשר adj. m. gracious, merciful Ps. 111, 4; r. קטן I.

(only in pl. הַיָּדָּוּר, דְדָנָוּת, I) f. akin to Chald. הָרָנָאָן, Syr. לבבי, Arab. בוֹנָיב, a trader's tented booth or arched stall; hence cell or vault, used for prisoners, only in Jer. 37, 16.

f. perh. a sighing, a cry for דופות f. pity (r. דופות II) Job 19, 17; see דופות.

קות (obs.) perh. akin to היח, ăγχω, L. ango, to press or fasten together. Deriv. perh. הה for היק, היקה for היק.

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נקולים) perh. akin to דְּוָכָהָ 1) to spice, to season or flavour, of a fruit-tree that matures or mellows its fruit, hence to ripen Cant. 2, 13; cf. Arab. ביא to ripen. 2) to embalm a corpse (by spicing) Gen.

50, 2; i. q. Arab. حنط, to embalm.

i. q. Arab. مَنْظَ to be red, of leather;

see הטָה wheat.

נחבר Chald. (obs.) i. q. Heb. II; hence

רְנְכָיז Chald. (only pl. הְנָטָז) f. i. q. Heb. הְשָׁים, השׁים (wheat Ezr. 6, 9.

only pl.) m. embalming of dead bodies, only Gen. 50, 3; the plural refers prob. to the various parts or processes and ceremonies in the transaction (cf. Gram. § 108, 2, a).

הנטיר, see הנטיר.

pr. n. m. (favour of God) Num. 34, 23.

קרירים (only pl. חַרָּרִים) m. initiated men i. e. trained or drilled (for war), only in Gen. 14, 14 (cf. our train-band); r. יַרָק.

וְתָּרְכָה f. grace, favour, only Jer. 16, 13; r. דָּנָן I.

ון קוּרָיקִים II; pl. דְוּרָיִהָיָם 2 Ch. 23,9; דְוּרִיחוֹת Is. 2,4) f. spear 1 Sam. 18, 11. ---- Perh. akin to Sans. kuntas (lance), צטֹידוס, מֹצטֹידוסי, L. contus.

(fut. רְחַלָּהָ) prob. akin to Arab. בוֹב, to bruise or masticate, Chald. הבוֹב, perh. to הבוֹנ I; hence 1) to taste, whence יוָד palate. 2) denom. of יוָד to give a taste or relish (cf. בוֹן אָטָש, L. imbuo); hence fig. a) to teach or train, comp. יוָדָר, Prov. 22, 6 יוָד בַרָבָן בָרָבָר בָרָבָן imbue the

boy (on 5 w. acc. see Gram. § 154, 3, e) at the entrance of his course; comp. Horace in Epist. 1, 2, 68-70 nunc adbibe puro pectore verba, puer, - Quo semel est imbuta recens servabit odorem testa diu. β) to dedicate (perh. w. some idea of seasoning or flavouring and so preparing for use, cf. $\Box \Box \Box$), of a dwelling house Deut. 20, 5, of the temple 1 K. 8, 63. --- Perh. akin to Sans. ghas (chew), $\gamma \varepsilon \omega w, xv \omega w, xv \omega w, G. kauen,$ E. gnaw, W. cnoi, Irish cnaoi.

TOT f. 1) dedication (of an altar or building, Sept. ἐγχαινισμός) Num. 7,11. 2) sacrifice of dedication Num. 7,10; r. τρτ. - Cf. ἐγχαίνια John 10, 22.

Chald. f. i. q. Heb. dedication Dan. 3, 2.

to be hard or frozen; hence

(obs.) m. perh. akin to Chald. דָּנְכָל, stone; hence perh. צוּנם.

דונאל pr. n. m. (prob. for הנאל God is gracious) Jer. 32, 7.

א דְדָרָבָיל m. prob. stone, then esp. hail-stone or hard-frost, only in Ps. 78, 47; prob. from דָדָ w. the dimin. ending ליש אין but Kimchi אָבָרָי דָבָרָי, others say ants (וְבָּלָה) or locusts.

I (fut. trans. , once

בהנך Am. 5, 15; w. suf. רְדָזְנָר Ps. 67, 2, דְרָזְנָדָ Is. 27, 11; הָרָזָנַד for קננכם Gen. 43, 29; inf. w. suf. הננכם Is. 30, 18; Tes. 102, 14) i. q. I, to incline towards, then fig. to be gracious to, to favour Ex. 33, 19, imper. w. suf. , 7: Ps. 4, 2; to bestow graciously on, w. 2 acc. Gen. 33, 5; to pity Prov. 19, 17; to be charitable Ps. 37, 21. - Niph. (cf. קאר, Gram. § 67, Rem. 5) to be pitied, sommiserated, only in Jer. 22, 23 how thou (f.) art to be pilied! but perh. better how thou bemoanest thyself, from r. TI. -Pi. To make pleasant, of the voice חוֹנֵן .-- Po. (חַנָּה , חָדָ, Do. -- Po. חוֹנֵן). -- Po. to be kind to Prov. 14, 21; to be fond of Ps. 102, 15. - Hoph. ret to be favoured, pitied Is. 26, 10. - Hith. prob. to bow down onescif, then to seek favour, supplicate, w. > Est. 4, 8, w. 5x 1 K. 8, 33, w. "D5 1 K. 8, 59.

קאַנָד II (obs.) perh. akin to אָנָד Arab. مَשْ, to groan or sigh; hence קחַניך, perh. הַוֹיוֹין.

Chald. to show mercy to, to compassionate Dan. 4, 24 (inf. جارج). — Ithpa. to intreat, supplicate Dan. 6, 12.

דרך pr. n. m. (gracious) 1 Ch. 11, 43.

קראל pr. n. m. (God is gracious) Jer. 31, 38.

pr. n. m. (gracious) 1 K. 16, 1.

דְבָרָרָה, הְבַנְרָרָה pr. n. m. (הְזָנְרָרָה is gracious) 'Avavlaç Dan. 1, 6, 2 Ch. -26, 11.

דוכס pr. n. of a city of middle Egypt, only in Is. 30, 4; called by Herodotus (11, 137) "Аνυσις, but by the poets generally ⁽[Ιραχλέους πόλις, *Heracleopolis*, by the Arabs اهناس. Perh. it is the Egyptian name for Hercules.

קור (fut. קור) prob. akin to or becloud, hence fig. to pollute Jer. 3, 9; intrans. to be polluted, defiled, as a land w. blood Ps. 106, 38, or a person w. crimes Jer. 23, 11. — Hiph. to pollute a land Num. 35, 33; to make profane, to seduce Dan. 11, 32. Hence

קוֹקִים (pl. דְּוֹפָש, c. דְוֹפָש) adj. m. profane or impious Is. 10, 6; also subst. a reprobate Job 8, 13.

F, **m**. reprobateness, godlessness, only Is. 32, 6.

הקקה f. pollution, impiety, only Jer. 23, 15; r. הָנָה.

QIT (Qal obs.) akin to Pix, Pix, Chald. Piw, prop. to be pressed or narrow. — Niph. to strangle or hang oneself 2 Sam. 17, 23. — Pi. to strangle, throttle Nah. 2, 13. — Mimet. akin to Arab. خنق, Syr. L. hănăqă, Sans. ang (press), ăyyw, L. ango, G. eng, E. anguish, W. yng, angau (death).

דְרָהָר pr. n. (prob. pleasant, r. קון I) a city in Zebulon Josh. 19, 14.

געני ו (Qal obs.) perh. akin to Arab. אילי, to bow or bend the neck, comp. דְּסִידָה; hence perh. to incline oneself, fig. to be gracious, pious; hence דְסָד, -- Hith. to shew oneself kind, to be merciful, w. ע 2 Sam. 22, 26. --- Perh. akin to to cover or cherish.

المحلق II (Qal obs.) i. q. Chald. مَسَدٌ. Arab. حَسَدٌ. to abuse or insult. –

Pi. דְּוֹסֵד to reproach or spurn, only Prov. 25, 10. Hence וו דְוֹסָד II.

דוסד I (r. דוסד I, w. suf. דוסד; pl. m. 1) kindness, goodwill Gen. 21, 23; compassion Job 6, 14; נסר אָם to do a kindness to 2 צָטָה דַוֹסָר אָם Sam. 3, 8, w. يوط Zech. 7, 9, w. يوط 1 Bam. 20, 8. נְשָׁה הֵסֵר אֵל to incline favour towards Gen. 39, 21. 2) piety, religion, אַנְשָׁר הַסָר religious men Is. 57, 1; הַסָּרים pious deeds 2 Ch. 6, 42. 3) mercy or favour of God Ps. 5, 8; הסר ואמת faithful or constant mercy 2 Sam. 2, 6; Ps. 89, 2 הסרים mercies or benefits from God; דוסדר דור הנאמנים the sure mercies of David, i. e. the mercies bestowed on him in perpetuity Is. 55, 3. 4) i. q. , gracefulness, beauty Is. 40, 6 (Sept. δόξα, cf. 1 Pet. 1, 24). 5) pr. n. m. (mercy) 1 K. 4, 10.

تَسَعَرُ II (r. أَبَعَتَ II) i. q. Syr. أَبْعَتْ , reproach, disgrace Lev. 20, 17, Prov. 14, 34 and perh. Job 6, 14.

ידָרָדָ pr. n. m. (mercy of דְּעָרָדָ) 1 Ch. 3, 20.

קסיי, 3 pl. יהסיי, also יהסיי; 3 sing. f. הָכָיָד Ps. 57, 2; fut. הָרָהָטָ, יְרָהְטָר, pl. יְרָחָטָר, see Gram. § 75, Rem. 4) akin to שיח, to flee, to take refuge, w. בָ of place, גווי to take refuge in the shadow (i. e. covert) of Is. 30, 2; fig. to trust in, w. בָ Ps. 2, 12; also to be trustful Ps. 17, 7. Hence

TOT pr. n. m. (refuge) 1 Ch. 16, 38.

קסן or סָ adj. m. strong Am. 2, 9; mighty Is. 1. 31; r. פַקַן.

חלכת f. refuge, only Is. 30, 3; r. הסָה.

קָלָדָד (pl. דְּסָרִד ז. 1) גַוּסָרָד, r. 1) גען 1) adj. m. kind, merciful Ps. 12, 2; f. דְסָרָד kind bird, the stork Job 39, 13.

2) pious, godly Deut. 33, 8; as subst. saint Ps. 30, 5. 3) merciful, gracious, of God Jer. 3, 12.

bird (L. avis pia), the stork Lev. 11, 19, noted for affection.

Rem. 4.

לוסיל m. prop. the browser, name of a kind of locust 1 K. 8, 37; r. ביבל

רָרָן adj. mighty Ps. 89, 9; r.

רוסיך Chald. adj. m. wanting, deficient in weight Dan. 5, 27; r. הַסַר.

אות ניבל (fut. רְרַחָסֹל) skin to געל גן גן, א געל, to cut or eat off, to browse Deut. 28, 38; hence דָּסָר.

הַשָּׁם i. q. הָשָׁם, i. q. הָשָׁם, i. q. הַשָּׁם, i. g. הַשָּׁם, to stop up, to muzzle the mouth of an ox Deut. 25, 4; to impede or stop passengers Ez. 39, 11.

עָרָן (Qal obs.) prob. akin to דָּוָרָן (Qal obs.) prob. akin to דָּוָרָן I, prop. to bind together, hence 1) to be strong, mighty; hence דָּוֹרָן, 2) to be rich, to amass wealth; hence דָרָלָא רָבָרָן whence our magazine. — Niph. to be laid up, to be stored up nor hoarded Is. 23, 18.

קסוך, see הָסוֹך.

קסק Chald. i. q. Heb. דָקסָ; only Aph. הַקסן to possess Dan. 7, 18; hence

רְשָׁלָא Chald. (def. רְשְׁלָא) m. strength, might Dan. 2, 37.

וְכָן m. riches, wealth Prov. 15, 6; הָשָׁן וְשׁוּעוֹת wealth (i. e. plenty) of deliverances Is. 33, 6; r. הָסָן.

רָשָרָ (Qal obs.) akin to קשָׁה,

קריק, to strip or peel off. — Pu. redupl. ספסרין (perh. for קספסין), part. ספסרים scaled, peeled off (Gram. § 55, 7) ספסרים ביז a scrap scaled off Ex. 16, 14. — Prob. mimet. akin to σχάπτω, L. scabo, G. schaben, schuppe, E. scab.

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ראפון ליס Chald. (obs.) perh. akin to איז to bind, to hold or stick together, like tough clay; hence perhaps

געס און דָרָסָא (def. אָסָרָז) m. clay, potter's clay or earthenware Dan. 2, 33. 43; cf. בָּרָש

ליקרי, pl. (fut. הָקרָי, pl. יָקרָסָרָי) akin to be cut off, hence 1) to be diminished Gen. 8, 3; to fail, to be wanting Ecc. 9, 8; w. 5, Deut. 15, 8. 2) to want or lack Deut. 2, 7, Ps. 23, 1. — Pi. to make less or lower, w. יָס Ps. 8, 6 (Sept. hλάττωσας παρά, cf. Heb. 2, 7). — Hiph. דְשָׁקָסָר to cause to fail Is. 32, 6; to suffer want Ex. 16, 18.

רקר Chald. (obs.) i. q. Heb.

רָּחַרָּ (כ. רְחַרָּ adj. m. lacking, wanting, w. acc. 1 K. 11, 22; w. נְיָ Ecc. 6, 2; בְּרָ כַּרָ לַתָּם Sam. 3, 29; בַר לַב lacking mind Prov. 6, 32; but perh. a subst. in Prov. 10, 21 lack of understanding.

קָרָ m. want, poverty Prov. 28, 22; r. הָסַר.

דְּוָטָר m. *need* Deut. 28, 48; r. יָּחָסַר.

דָלָרָד pr. n. m. (neediness, r. 2 Ch. 34, 22.

וְשְׁרוֹן m. want, deficiency Ecc. 1, 15; r. ווסר.

II) adj. m. polished or

rubbed, smooth, fig. clean, guiltless, only in Job 33, 9.

FIT, see pin and in.

ג קון (Qal obs.) i. q. דְּשָׁה, akin to דְשָׁהָ קוּ דָעָרָ (Qal obs.) i. q. דְשָׁה, akin to ד, קוּאָ ד, to cover, hide. -- Pi. אָדָר, to do covertly or secretly, only in 2 K. 17, 9.

the head 2 Sam. 15, 30 or the face Est. 6, 12, as sign of grief. — Pi. to overlay w. gold, etc., w. two acc. 2 Ch. 3, 5 (Gram. § 139, 2). — Pu. to be covered Is. 4, 5, but see mpn. — Niph. mpn: to be covered Ps. 68, 14. Hence

「戸ू「f. 1) covering, protection, Is. 4, 5, but some take it here as Pu. of 「戸ू; also a canopy or curtain (of a bed), bridal-couch or bride's chamber, Ps. 19, 6. 2) pr. n. m. (shelter) 1 Ch. 24, 13.

רָשְׁוָי, inf. w. suf. יְשְׁוֹי, prob. akin to יְשָׁוּ, זוּשָׁ, to leap, start up, in order to flee 2 Sam. 4, 4; to be startled, alarmed Dout. 20, 3, Ps. 31, 23. —Niph. ישָׁוֹי to haste away, to flee 1 Sam. 23, 26. Hence

קדָדָן m. haste or hurry Ex. 12, 11. רְפָר חַ חָפָר ח. m. (coverings) Gen. 46, 21; ř. הַפָּר I.

וחוק (obs.) prob. akin to חוק I, to enclose, or to נְפַן, נְפָפַן, to bend or curve. Hence

גָּרָיָם (only dual רְּשָׁרָים, א. אָרָבָים, w. suf. אָשְׁרָים) m. a fist, i. e. the hand as bent (comp. בָּ) or as holding, enclosing, in dual the two fists, enclosing, in dual the two fists, i. e. two handfuls Ex. 9, 8; Syr. בבנים רָשַבָּרָ pr. n. m. (perh. boxer, from נו (רֹשַן) 1 Sam. 1, 3.

קקה I akin to הְקָשָה, to cover or protect, w. אָ only Deut. 33, 12; hence prob. הק.

גר (obs.) perh. akin to יִבוּק i. q. Arab. בָּשָׁ, to scrape off, hence perh. to lay bare; whence הַב

Y الم (fut. إلي بر العرب Ps. 37, 23) prop. to bend (cf. Arab. حفَضً to bend wood) Job 40, 17; fig. to incline, to be favourably disposed, w. a to dclight in Gen. 34, 19, Is. 56, 4, w. acc. Ps. 40, 7; to will, or choose, to please Cant. 2, 7; w. fin. verb Is. 42, 21, w. inf. and Ps. 40, 9, inf. without b Job 13, 3, Is. 53, 10. Hence

עָקָאָד (w. suf. אָקָאָד, pl. הַאָאָד) m. 1) prop. inclination, hence pleasure, delight Prov. 31, 13; will or choice, cherished purpose Is. 44, 28; desire, longing Ps. 107, 30; אָקָרָ הָקָאָ stred or precious stones Is. 54, 12; study, pursuit Ecc. 2, 1; matter, business Ecc. 5, 7; r. אָקָרָ.

(fut. רְחָשׁר) prob. akin to הָחָפָר, 1) to cut in, dig Jer. 13, 7; w. acc. Gen. 21, 30, Ex. 7, 24; to dig for, w. ל Ps. 35, 7; to dig into, poet. to paw, of spirited horses Job 39, 21. 2) fig. to search out, to spy, as an eagle its prey Job 39, 29, a land by scouts Deut. 1, 29 (in this sense, cf. קקר).

קפר (fut. דְּשָׁרָד, pl. יְדְשָׁר, prob. akin to דְדָשָר I, to turn red, for shame, perh. different from לדם (which see), but both signify a change of natural colour as effect of shame, to be ashamed Ps. 35, 4; w. ישש Ps. 34, 6; w. ישש Ps. 34, 6; w. ישש of cause or origin Is. 1, 29. -- Hiph. יקדער to cause shame Prov. 13, 5; 19, 26, to be ashamed Is. 54, 4; fig. of Lebanon ignominiously stripped of its beauty Is. 33, 9.

שר (ר. דְשָׁר) m. a hole, only in to the hole of the rats, as some texts read in Is. 2, 20; but see בִשְלָקרָר

שָר 1) pr. n. m. (blushing, r. קקר 1) Num. 26, 32; patron. (קקר, 2) pr. n. (pit or well, r. קקר) of a city of the Canaanites Josh. 12, 17.

שְׁרָשָׁרָ pr. n. m. (Copt. perh. priest of the sun) Hophra, one of the Pharaohs of Egypt Jer. 44, 30; Άπρίης in Herod. II. 161.

וְשָּרְשָׁרְאָ (only pl. דְשָׁרְשָׁרָא, r. אָשָּרָשָּרא (see Gram. § 84, 23) f. digging or burrowing animals, prob. rats, only in Is. 2, 20, where the reading לְשִׁרְשָׁרא (in one word) is better than גַּלְשָׁר שָׁרוֹת

للعقاص I (Qal obs.) perh. i. q. Arab. مَعْمَنَ to flow together, perh. akin to تا العالي II to flow forth, fig. to be free. — Pu. تامات to be set free, to be free, only in Lev. 19, 20; hence הקשר, הקשר.

تَعْفَضَ II (obs.) i. q. Arab. تَعْفَضُ to stretch or lay along, of a covering

or a bed, hence שָּׁהָ; fig. to be prostrate, weak, sick; hence אַבָּשָׁאָר

עם דין ו (fut. שארי, pl. אראין) i. q. Chald. קראין, perh. akin to אראין, to dig, then fig. to seek out Prov. 2, 4; to devise Ps. 64, 7. — Niph. אראין to be searched out Obad. 6. — Pi. to search hard Gen. 31, 35; w. acc. to search out 1 Sam. 23, 23; to search through Zeph. 1, 12. — Pu. to be sought diligently, perh. in Prov. 28, 12 but see אראין II; to be devised, Ps. 64, 7 אראין אראין a devised (i. e. elaborate) device.

עבוש II (Qal obs.) perh. akin to veil, envelop, conceal. — Pu. to be concealed, perh. in Prov. 28, 12; part. שקרים Ps. 64, 7, but see דו ו הווא. to disguise oneself 1 Sam. 28, 8, cf. 1 K. 20, 38.

비민지 m. a device, a discovery, of a plan Ps. 64, 7; r. 'D와 I.

שָׁרָדִידּיוֹשָׁשׁ, י. דוּשָּׁשׁ II) m. 1) a spreading out, דְּשָׁשׁ garments or cloths spread out Ez. 27,20. 2) couch, קשָשׁרים קשָשׁ among the dead is my couch i. e. the grave is my bed Ps.88,6, but perh. it is free among the dead (Sept. ἐλεύθερος, so too Vulg. and Syriac).

ר. שֹׁשָּׁרָ (r. שֹׁשָּׁרָ I) f. freedom Lev. 19, 20.

לקשורת f. prostration, illness, the house of sickness, infirmary 2 Ch. 26, 21; r. דַיָּקָשׁוּת II.

עַקּשָׁים (pl. (קּשָׁים (pl. קּשָׁים) adj. m. free, as a liberated slave Job3, 19; שׁשָׁי רַשָּׁשָׁ Deut. 15, 12, שָׁשָׁשָׁי Ex. 21, 26, to send away free, to liberate; אָשָׁש קּשָׁשָׁי to go free Ex. 21, 5; free, exempt from taxes 1 Sam. 17, 25; r. בַּשָּׁ. רקבערת 2 K. 15, 5, same as רקבערת, which see.

ער ודער זין דער איז דער איז דער פון דער איז ד

אָרָרָאָרָ I, אָרָרָ Is. 5, 2 (fut. see), to hew 1 K. 5, 29, to dig out, a cistern Deut. 6, 11, or a wine-press Is. 5, 2; to mine, copper ore Deut. 8, 9; to carve, pillars Prov. 9, 1; fig. to cleave out flames of fire, i. e. to flash forth forked lightning Ps 29, 7; to slay Hos. 6, 5. — Niph. 24. — Pu. to be carved out, shaped Is. 51, 1. — Hiph (part. f. רָשָׁרָשָׁרָס)to hew down, to slay Is. 51, 9.

אַבָּרָ II (obs.) prob. akin to דָּבָרָ, to bind (cf. הָשָׁב); hence perh. הַרְצב.

שבר adj. m. cut or dug out, perh. in Is. 5, 2, but see r. בעב I.

גרויד, אסר. (דְתַדָּרָ, apoc. (דְתַדְּרָ, apoc. (דְתַדְּרָ, גָרָבָּרָ, 1) to cut off, to divide; w. דָבָרָ, 1) to cut off, to divide; w. דָבָרָ, to divide between Num. 31, 27; w. דָבָרָ to divide at a certain part Is. 30, 28; to divide Gen. 33, 1. 2) to cut in two, to halve Gen. 32, 8; fig. to reach to the half, לא רְתַדְבָּרְהָרָתָ, days i. e. they live not out half their natural life Ps. 55, 24. — Niph. בָּרָבָר to be divided

2 K. 2, 8; w. > of parts, to be cut into (2 parts) Ez. 37, 22.

וֹתְצוֹצְוֹהָ (pl. אָרָאָרָוֹת f. a trumpet Num. 10, 2; perh. r. אָרָ to blare, to sound a blast. — Prob. this was straight, while the שָׁוֹש horn was crooked. — Prob. a mimetic word, expressing the crashing, rattling sound of the instrument, like L. taratantara, G. trarara, E. tantara; hence prob. the denom. אָרָעָן to trumpet, to blow a trumpet.

ראשת pr. n. (inclosed place, perh. castle), 1) a city in Naphtali Josh. 11, 1. 2) a city in Benjamin Neh. 11, 33. 3) a city in Judah Josh. 15, 23. 4) a region of Arabia Jer. 49, 28.

بتزار إلتربار pr. n. (Chald., new Hāzôr) of a city in the south of Judah Josh. 15, 25.

(only c. תִדצוֹת) f. sing. the middle, midst, בִדְלָה midnight Ex. 11, 4; r. הִדָּה.

קיציו (in pause הַצָּר, w. suf. הָצָר, Gram. § 93, 6, Rem. 6) m. 1) the middle, midst 2 Sam. 10, 4; i. q. הָצָר הַבָּרָלָה קיצור 10, 4; i. q. הָצָר הַבָּרָלָה הַצָּר הַבָּרָלָה half, the half Ex. 24, 6; הָאָר נוּבָרָלָה half of us 2 Sam. 18, 3.

m. 1) i. q. דא arrow 1 Sam. 20, 36. 2) i. q. דאי half Ex. 25, 10.

דאר האנרות pr. n. m. (midst of resting-places) 1 Ch. 2, 52; patron. קוצי הַפָּנַקוּתי Hazi-hammanachtite v. 54.

דָאָרָיד I i. q. דָאָד m. an inclosure, a home Is. 34, 13, cf. 35, 7; r. דָּצַר.

דְּעָרָר II (c. הַצִּיד) m. grass Ps. 104, 14; a leek, collect. leeks Num. 11, 5; r. הָעָר.

(obs.) prob. akin to Syr. مَانَى (مَلْعَانَ مَنْ مَعَانَى , مَعَانَى , مَعَانَى , to collect, to

enclose, hence Arab. in to carry in the arms or bosom; hence

(w. suf. רְעַצְנוֹ) m. bosom Ps. 129, 7; cf. רוב.

עדעי (w. suf. דְעָרָי) m. bosom, as enfolding or cherishing little children Is. 49, 22; bosom of a garment Neh. 5, 13; cf. Chald. איז איז hiding places.

ראפל. Chald. (Pe'al obs.) i. q. Heb. אָבָר I to storm, rage. — Aph. אָבָר to press, urge on; part. f. אָבָר סָרָ (Dan. 2, 15) and הָצָר סָר (Dan. 3, 22) urgent, severe, of a command or edict.

VIT I i. q. 11 to cut, divide, hence fig. intrans. to divide into troops, part. 73th dividing off into swarms, of locusts on their march Prov. 30, 27. — Pi. only part. 5, 11; but this may well be from 73th II, and so mean archers. — Pu. to be divided, allotted, of portions of time Job 21, 21. — On this and its many kindred mimetic roots expressive of cutting, see Gram. § 30, 2.

עברי דו (Qal obs.) denom. of דו. — Pi. to shoot arrows; part. pl. archers Judg. 5, 11; but see אַבָּצָבָים I.

עָשָרָן (pl. w. suf. רְעָצָרן) m. 1) a little piece or fragment, fig. a small stone, collect. gravel, grit Lam. 3, 16. 2) i. q. אם מיזי מיזי, fig. lightning Ps. 77, 18; r. בַעָץ I.

קצון, הַצָּצון (only c. הַצָּצוֹן) m. perh. a division or row; only in

pr. n. (perh. row of palm-trees) of a city in Judah near the Dead Sea Gen. 14, 7, 'ד יקני 2 Ch. 20, 2.

שביצרה denom. from העצירה (which see) to blow the trumpet; but only in part. מַחַצֹּצְרִים (K'thibh) trumpeters 1 Ch. 15, 24, where the Q'ri has הַעַרָּשָׁרִים as part. Pi. of

וֹעִצְרָה *f. trumpet* Hos. 5, 8; вее הַצוֹצְרָה.

קוֹתַר (obs.) akin to דְּוֹתָר, to fence around, inclose; hence דְּצֵר and דְּצָר I. ---- Perh. akin to χόρτος, L. hortus, G. garten, E. garden, W. gardh.

(Qal obs.) perh. akin to דער (Qal obs.) perh. akin to i, to sing, to sound forth bright and clear, hence perh. אַרָּדָר fig. (like אָרָאָרָר) to be bright or green, to bloom, hence דער II. ---- Pi. דער to blow the trumpet, prob. in part. to blow the trumpeters, only in Q'ri of 1 Ch. 15, 24, as some read.

קר איך איך pr. n. (village of Addar) of a place in Judah Num. 34, 4; called also simply איר Josh. 15, 3.

קרה pr. n. (village of luck) of a place in Judah Josh. 15, 27.

קר סרטָד pr. n. (mare-village) of a place in Simeon Josh. 19,5; also called

רָסָרָם (village of horses) 1 Ch. 4, 31.

pr.n. (fountain-village) of a place in the north of Palestine

Ez. 47, 17; written also דְּצַר פֵּיאָן Num. 34, 9.

pr. n. (jackal-village) of a place in Simeon Josh. 15, 28.

קוצר הודכון pr. n. (middle village) of a place on the borders of the Hauran Ez. 47, 16.

<u>הָצְרַר see הָאָרָר.</u>

ו דָּצָרוֹן 1) pr. n. m. (perh. blooming, דְּצָרוֹיִרָי (קָצָר 3.6, 9; patron. דְּצָרוֹיָר *Hezronite* Num. 26, 6. 2) pr. n. (court) of a city in Judah Josh. 15, 25; called also געדיר 23.

pr. n. (villages) of a station of the Israelites Num. 11, 35.

דְּצָרָ pr. n. m. (perh. blooming) 2 Sam. 23, 35 but Q'ri הַצָּרָ.

קברים pr.n. Deut. 2, 23; see אָרָרָים pr.n. m.(village of death) of a settler in Arabia Felix Gen. 10, 26; cf. the region בענייני Hadramawt.

חדק I, see הדק.

רְקַקַי חו היקק וו רָקַקָי, only in pl. c. רְקָקָי prob. for עַבְּיָקִי like עַבְּיָקָי form עַבָּי form י מַנָּ חוּג a decree Is. 10, 1; resolve Judg. 5, 15.

רָקר (w. Maq. דְּקָ, w. suf. דְּקָ, קַקָּר, הַקּרָם, also דְּקָרָ Lev. 10, 13, pl. דְּקָר, c. דְּקָר, הְקָר Ez. 20, 18; r. דְקָר, זֹקַר l prop. what is cut in or graven, hence prescribed, appointed, e. g. a task Ex. 5, 14; allowance of food Prov. 30, 8; boundary Job 26, 10, p

(Qal obs.) i. q. pp., to cut into, engrave, delineate. — Pu. to be engraved, carved 1 K. 6, 35; to

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be delineated Ez. 8, 10. — Hith. to set bounds (cf. רוֹק), e. g. Job 13, 27 the roots (soles) of my feet dost thou set limits, i. e. dost mark for my feet how far they may go.

קרק (c. הַשְּׁה, pl. הַשְׁרָה) f. of ph, statute, law, הַשָּׁסָה ordinance of the passover Ex. 12, 43, laws of the heavens i. e. of nature Job 38, 33, of God Lev. 3, 17; pl. customs Mic. 6, 16, cf. 1 K. 3, 14; г. אַבָּקָ.

N의가 pr. n. m. (bent), Ezr. 2, 51; from

to حَقَفَ (obs.) i. q. Arab. حَقَفَ to be bent or crooked.

ראיקו (inf. w. suf. דאיקו, דאיקו; imper. w. suf. חקה) to cut into, to hew, in a rock Is. 22, 16; to carve in or inscribe, w. על Is. 30, 8; to trace, portray, w. 2 Is. 49, 16; to ordain laws Prov. 8, 27; to decree Is. 10, 1. Part. ngr ruler Judg. 5, 9. - Po. ppin (fut. ppin) to decree Prov. 8, 15: part. prov. a lawgiver Deut. 33, 21; a judge, ruler Judg. 5, 14; sceptre (i. q. uaw) as the badge of magisterial power Gen. 49, 10. - Pu. part. קקק prop. what is ordained i. e. a law Prov. 31, 5. -Hoph. רְחֵקוּ (fut. רְחֵקוּ, Gram. § 67, Rem. 8) to be engraved, w. 2 Job 19, 23. ---- Prob. mimet. akin to אנ א א קקר, קקה, Arab. אנ, Sans. ksi (break), ξέω, G. hacken, E. hack, W. hacco.

pp, pr. n. (digging) of a town on the borders of Asher and Naphtali Josh. 19, 34; **pp** in 1 Ch. 6, 60.

ד הַקַּקַי Is. 10, 1, see הַקָּקַי I. [קק: (fut. רַהָלָר) prop. to dig; hence to search, examine Job 13, 9, cf. 28, 27; to explore by mining Job 28, 3; to search out, by inquiry Deut. 13, 15; to make a survey of a land, w. acc. Judg. 18, 2; to examine, of food, to taste Prov. 23, 30; to test the mind 1 Sam. 20, 12. — Niph. content to be searched out Jer. 31, 37; to be ascertained 1 K. 7, 47. — Pi. to search or seek out Ecc. 12, 9.

ער (חָרָרָי) m. 1) a searching out Job 34, 24; אין חָרָר out, i. e. unsearchable Prov. 25, 3; out, i. e. unsearchable Prov. 25, 3; out, i. e. so as to be numberless Job 9, 10; די אין חַרָר לַר searchings of heart, i. e. deliberations Judg. 5, 16. 2) a secret, the inmost or deepest part, of a thing, as of the sea Job 38, 16; unsearchableness of God, i. e. of his works and plans Job 11, 7 (cf. τὰ βάθη τοῦ θεοῦ 1 Cor. 2, 10).

(חורים, הורים, דער (only pl. הערים, הורים) m. a noble, free-born 1 K. 21, 8; בָּר בּר Ecc. 10, 17 son of nobles.

Ts. 11, 8 hole; see הדר Is. 11, 8 hole; see

مَخِرِقَ (obs.) i. q. Arab. خَرِقَ to ease the bowels; hence מַוְרָאָה a privy.

גרָאָרָהָ m. (only pl. c. חָרָאָרָם 2 K. 6, 25 for חַרְאָרָם, w. suf. חַרְאָרָם Is. 36, 12, and חַרָאָרָם 2 K. 18, 27 in K'thibh (but אַדָאָרָם in Q'ri) excrements, dung 2 K. 18, 27; חַרַר רוֹנִים doves' dung 2 K. 6, 25.

ערקר (Qal obs.) i. q. קרקר, to be sharp, to cut, cf. Chald. דורק knife; hence גָּדְרָב. — Nipb. גָּדְרַב to wound one another, to fight 2 K. 3, 23. — Hoph. (only inf. abs. נְדָרְרָב to fight 2 K. 3, 23.

Jer. 50, 21, קורב (imper. דיר Jer. 50, 21, Digitized by Google fut. דודב, דודב Jer. 26, 9) perh. akin to zym, 1) to dry up, of water through heat Gen. 8, 13, of the ground Gen. 8, 13, of the sky, devoid of clouds and vapours Jer. 2, 12. 2) fig. to be desolate, waste, of a parchedup region Is. 34, 10, of sanctuaries Am. 7, 9; to be desolated, of a people Is. 60, 12; trans. to lay waste Jer. 50, 21. - Niph. cnrc to be laid waste Ez. 26, 19. - Pu. - to be dried Judg. 16, 7. - Hiph. התריב to dry up, of water Is. 50, 2; to make desolate, of places Judg. 16, 24, of a people 2 K. 19, 17. -- Hoph. דְהַרֶב to be desolated Ez. 26, 2,

רקרב Chald. i. q. Heb קדר. — Hoph. (3 pers. f. הָקרְבָת) to be laid waste Ezr. 4, 15; cf. מַקרָב.

בור adj. m., הַרָבָה f. (pl. w. art. דַרָּרָר Ez. 36, 35) dry Lev. 7, 10; desolate, waste Jer. 33, 10; r. בַרָר.

and חוֹרָב pr. n. (desolate) of whole range of Mount Sinai Ex. 17, 6.

חָלָרָב m. dryness Judg. 6, 87; drought Gen. 31, 40; desolation Ez. 29, 10; r. דָרָב.

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וֹתָרָר (for תִרָּב, r. נְתָּבָה) f. dryness, בָּדָרָבָה מיש the dry land Gen. 7, 22,

(only in pl. c. הַרְבוֹרָ) m. drought, heats, only in Ps. 32, 4; r. הָרָב.

pr. n. m. (Pers. perh. ass-driver) Est. 1, 10 (הַרָבוֹנָא Est. 4,9).

(only in fut. pl. יַדְחָרְגּיּ) perh. akin to אָרָכָ, to tremble, to haste or flee, only in Ps. 18, 46; see on וַגַר.

(prob. from بال w. dimin. ending (prob. from بال w. dimin. from its motion Lev. 11, 22. Cf. Arab. حَرْجَلَ to leap, gallop, as a horse; a kind of wingless locust.

(fut. (הָדָרָרָ 1) to tremble, quake Ex. 19, 18; to be alarmed Ex. 19, 16; to palpitate, w. ל of cause Job 37, 1; fig. to be anxious, w. לא for 2 K. 4, 13. 2) to come trembling, to haste, w. ל from Hos. 11, 10. — Hiph. ל הַרָרָר זער זענע. 8, 12. --- Prob. mimet. akin to דָעָרָ רָצַל , גער הָצָל II, Syr. שָׁרָד רָצַל

קרדים adj. m. trembling, anxious, w. על for 1 Sam. 4, 13; fearing, reverent, the object put w. ב. 10, 3, w. על Is. 66, 2, w. אָאָ Is. 66, 5.

דרד pr.n. (trembling) of a fountain, or of a spot near it, עַרוּד Judg. 7, 1; gentil. דֵרִיָר *a Harodite* 2 Sam. 23, 25.

נכ. 26, 16) Ez. 26, 16) Ez. 26, 16) f. 1) a trembling, terror Gen. 27, 33; care, anxiety 2 K. 4, 13. 2) pr. n. (trembling) of a station in the wilderness Num. 33, 24.

(fut. יְדָעָה, apoc. יְדָעָרָד, apoc. יְדָעָרָד, Digitized by GOOgle akin to דִדְרָר to burn, glow, used only of anger; ותרה אפר and my anger shall burn i. e. I will be angry Ex. 22, 23, w. ב Gen. 30, 2, w. אל Num. 24, 10, w. by Zech. 10, 3 at or against any one. Impers. הרו לו it burned to him i.e. he was hot or angry Gen. 31, 36; w. בערנרו it kindled in his eyes i. e. his eyes flashed anger Gen. 31, 35. ---Niph. part. pl. נחרים angry, incensed, w. z against Is. 41, 11. - Hiph. (fut. apoc. ותורה) to let burn, to kindle anger, w. 55 against Job 19, 11; to show ardour, zeal Neh. 3, 20; אַתַרָיו הַתַּוָיָם הַתַּוּיָם מָלוּדָ after him Baruch zealously repaired (the wall), comp. Gram. § 142, 3, b. -Tiph. (fut. רְתַחָרָה, Gram. § 55, 5) to be emulous, to rival Jer. 22, 15; w. reg to contend with Jer. 12, 5. -Hith. (fut. apoc. הַרְחָה) to make oneself hot or angry, to fret, Ps. 37, 1. ---- This r. is prob. akin to בַּתַר (where see Note); cf. L. uro, ira.

(obs.) perh. akin to דְּוֹרָה, to protect; perh. hence

pr. n. m. (perh. דְוְרָהָרָה) is a shelter) Neh. 3, 8.

הרוד, see הורוד.

i. q. Arab. [חרוּז (only pl. מַרוּזִים) i. q. Arab. אבלון, string of corals or pearls, pl. necklaces Cant. 1, 10; r.

קורל (pl. ניראל, prov. 24, 31) m. a thorn-bush or nettle Job 30, 7; r. קורל.

חרוברן pr. n. m. (perh. snubnosed, from הרום w. ending , see p. 501) Neh. 3, 10; see r. קרום II.

(הָרָהָ פָּרָרוֹך (הַרָּוֹן, pl. הָרוֹן : הָרוֹך). m. 1) glow, heat, אָק הָרוֹן אָק heat of anger Num. 25, 4; anger Ps. 2, 5; pl. bursts of anger Ps. 88, 17. 2) perh.

a withered thorny sort of brushwood, hence a dry fagot, only in Ps. 58, 10.

אָדָית ד' pr. n. (prob. i. q. אָדָית ד', which see) of a place near Timnath Serah; hence gentil. דריי Horonite Neh. 2, 10.

קרון דרון pr. n. m. (perh. early born r. הַראָפּר II), whence gentil. הַראָפּר Ch. 12, 5 K'thibh; see הָדָרין.

I (ד, דְרָרָאָ I) m. 1) ditch or fosse, of a fortress Dan. 9, 25; proppart. one slightly wounded Lev. 22, 22. 2) a decision or judgment, דְבָיָרָר in the valley of decision or punishment Joel 4, 14. 3) gold (ד. אָרָרָרָיָ only poetical Ps. 68, 14, cf. מָטַטָּיָ:

עָרוּצָים II (for דָרוּדָעָ II) מַן דָרוּצָים, w. firm -; r. ידע II) adj. m. 1) active, eager, hence industrious, strenuous Prov. 12, 27. 2) r. ידע קריע I, sharp, pointed, e. g. מורַ קריע pointed threshing-sledge Is. 41, 15; also simply is. 28, 27; fig. a pointed sherd or sharp stone Job 41, 22. 3) pr. n. m. (active) 2 K. 21, 19.

in threshing-sledge Am. 1, 3.

(obs.) akin to ידען Ii.q. Arab. בעני, to bore through e.g. gems or pearls for stringing; hence אריקן.

, to protect; hence perh. akin to בָּרָהָ, to protect; hence perh. בַּרָהָ (תָרַה pr. n. m. (burning, r. בַּרָהָהוֹר

Ezr. 2, 51.

in Neh. 3, 8 הַרְהָיָה in Neh. 3, 8 in some texts.

דְרָדָס pr. n. m. (perh. brilliant, reduplicated form of נְדָרָס צ. 22, 14; but הַסְרָה in 2 Ch. 34, 22.

קרָד, (r. קרַר, m. inflammation, fever, only Deut. 28, 22.

לער (obs.) to scrape, grave. --- Mimet., akin to אָדָעָן, דָעָן, דָעָ, אָדָעָ, Syr. אָדָע, Sans. karç (to hollow), אָמָאָלדנש, L. cardo, carduus, G. kratzen, E. scratch, card, W. carthu, Breton karza, skarza; all suggestive of a scraping sound. Deriv. דָּעָרַים and

m. 1) a graver, chisel Ex. 32, 4. 2) a stylus, metal pen, prop. a graving or writing instrument; fig. Is. 8, 1 میرد هندن a man's style, i.e. ordinary style of writing known among the people.

(from הרטיש, w. the ending ה-, cf. הרטיש, see Gram. § 93, 8, Par. VIII) m. a scribe Gen. 41, 8, prob. one that used the graving or writing instrument, esp. in Egypt, one skilled in cutting or writing hieroglyphics, hence a sacred writer; pl. הרטיש, the sacred scribes Ex. 8, 3.

בורשם Chald. i. q. Heb. scribe Dan. 2, 10; pl. דרטמר Dan. 2, 27.

m. glow, heat; דְוֹרָי heat הַיִר אָק heat of anger Ex. 11, 8; r. הָדָה.

קרא see הרבי.

דור I (prob. r. תְּוָרָ m. prop. whiteness, hence white or fine bread, only in Gen. 40, 16 בַּלֵּי הֹרָי baskets of white bread, Sept. אמע בָּטאָלינעי; but perh. from הָרָרָ to roast or bake, akin to Chald. הַרָּרָרָ cake.

II (from אווי w. adj. ending) pr. n. (cave-dweller, τρωγλοδύτης) of a troglodyte people in Mount Seir Gen. 14, 6; pl. אוייד Horites Deut. 2, 12.

דער r. דורי see דער.

(pl. דְרָשָׁרם) m. i. q. Arab. העולה, purse or bag for money 2 K. 5, 23; prop. something carved or hollowed out as a receptacle; r. J...

خَرِيفٌ pr. n. m. (i. q. Arab تَرَبِّ أَ the autumnal rain, akin to דְּשָׁרָק autumn) Neh. 7, 24, but יוֹדָה in Ezr. 2, 18; patron. דְּתָרָמָד 1 Ch. 12, 5 in Q'ri.

נְתָרָדְעָן (pl. c. דָרָרָעָ: r. נְתָרָדָעָ) m. 1) a cut, slice; גַרָרָצָר הָתָלָב slices of curds or new cheese 1 Sam. 17, 18. 2) i. q. בָרָצָר הַבָּרְזָל (ג 2, Sam. 12, 31. threshing-sledges 2 Sam. 12, 31.

שרים m. 1) a ploughing, O. Eng. earing 1 Sam. 8, 12. 2) ploughingtime Gen. 45, 6; r. שרַש.

adj. m., only הַיִרִשִׁיה f. in use, silent, still, hence sultry, of the east wind, only Jon. 4, 8; r. אָרָש I.

עריך ו (fut. רְחָרָה) prob. akin to דְחָרָה, Chald. דְחַרָה, to roast, only in Prov. 12, 27 the idle man (דְּרָהָ הַיָּהָיָה) roasteth not his game (אַרָהָ וֹצָרָרוֹ); others prefer to render it catcheth not his game, see דָרָה II 2.

: קרַה II (obs.) 1) i. q. אָרַה, to interlace, hence דְּרָהָ seize, perh. in Prov. 12, 27.

Chald. (Pe'al obs.) i. q. Heb. קרן I, to singe, burn. — Ithpa. to be singed, of the hair Dan. 3, 27.

קר (only pl. יְדָרָאָ: r. דְדָרָאָ m. lattices, window-lattices, only in Cant. 2, 9; כר אַרָאָ.

לור (obs.) prob. akin to דור (obs.) prob. akin to be sharp or stinging; hence prob. דור thorn or nettle; cf. L. urtica from uro.

in, enclose, hence and a net; also to

תרת

consign (to ruin), hence a curse. - Hiph. החרים 1) to set apart for God (opp. דולל II) i. e. to consecrate, devote (to holy purpose) Lev. 27, 28. 2) to devote (to evil or curse), i.e. to lay waste, destroy utterly Deut. 2, 34; comp. L. sacrare in both good and evil sense. - Hoph. The to be consecrated Ezr. 10, 8; to be destroyed Ex. 22, 19.

. Syr. خَرَمَ II akin to Arab. , to break off, hence part. pass. נתרום) cut off, shortened, of a snubby nose, flat-nosed Lev. 21, 18 (see הֶתֵרִים .— Hiph. הֶתְרוּפֵף to cut asunder, to divide or split Is. 11, 15.

קרם III (obs.) akin to הרב , to be high ; hence , הרמון.

pr. n. (devoted or high) of a place in Naphtali Josh. 19, 38.

קרָם ,קרוּם = pr. n. m. (= הָרוּם flat-nosed) Ezr. 2, 32; cf. Syr. pug-nose, perh. akin to cubic, L. simus, simia (ape); r. הָרָם II.

in Zech. 14, 11 (r. וֹתָרָמִים İ; w. suf. הֵרְמִים, pl. הֵרָמִים) m. 1) a net (prop. enclosure) Hab. 1, 15. 2) a curse or destruction (Sept. aváθεμα) Deut. 7, 26, cf. Mal. 3, 24; the object devoted, a devoted thing (Sept. ἀνάθημα) Lev. 27, 21.

pr. n. (desolation) of a תוכנה royal city of the Canaanites Num. 14, 45; formerly Ty Judg. 1, 17.

pr. n. m. (mountain peak, r. דִרָם III) Hermon, the mountain of Anti-Libanus Josh. 11, 3; as it has three summits, we find the pl. in Ps. 42, 7 the Hermons (cf. the Alps).

mative ending w-, see under letter v) m. a sickle Deut. 16, 9.

(for דָּתָרָ; r. דָּתָרָ) 1) pr. n. m. (perh. noble) 1 Ch. 2, 46. 2) pr. n. (i. q. Arab. مران parched, Syr.) of a city of Mesopotamia Gen. 11, 31, Haran.

דרני, see

pr. n. (prob. double cave; r. The of a city of Moab Is. 15, 5; hence perh. gentil. דורני Horonite Neh. 2, 10.

נְחַר pr. n. m. (perh. from הַרְכֵבּר to snort and Syr. is to pant; hence perh. snorter-panter) 1 Ch. 7, 36.

حَرَشَ I (obs.) i. q. Arab. Syr., to be rough, of the skin. hence to be scabby.

DI II (obs.) perh. to be tough. sticky, of clay; hence הרסות.

(obs.) prob. akin to דָרָרָאָרָאָ, to glow, to shine, of the sun.

חורס m. 1) r. הרכ I, the itch Deut. 28, 27. 2) r. הרכ , the sun Job 9, 7; Judg. 14, 18, prop. shining, brilliance. - On הקרט in Is. 19, 18, as some texts read, see under 3) pr. n. (place of clay, r. דרס II) of a city in Mount Ephraim Judg. 2, 9, but 70 in Josh. 19, 50.

f. a pottery, a potter's workshop, only in Jer. 19, 2; r. דרס II. Others take the word to be, sun-rise, ד. הרס.

Jer. 19, 2 Q'ri for דרסות. (obs.) prob. i. q. Syr. in Ethpa. to be cunning; perh. hence אַקרע.

I (fut. ברה) akin to אַרָם, (from r. הָרָבָוש II, w. for- | also טָרָה (cf. Sans. karp break, Lat.

carpo, E.carp) i. q. Arab. גָּעָל, to pull or pluck fruit, whence אָלָל, to pull or pluck fruit, whence מוש מוש מוש מוש fig. to upbraid, reproach, w. acc. Ps. 69, 10; w. יָס of the cause Job 27, 6; cf. יָרָעָל, 2) as denom. of יָרָעָל, cf. יָרָעָל, to pass the autumn and winter Is. 18, 6. — Pi. יָרָעָל, (fut. יָרָעָר) 1) to upbraid, scorn, reproach, w. acc. 1 Sam. 17, 26, w. יָל 2 Ch. 32, 17, w. יָ 2 Sam. 23, 9; to expose, to hazard, as if in scorn Judg. 5, 18. — Niph. יִרָרָעָרָרָ ז to be plucked or gathered (as ripe fruit), of a marriageable woman, to be betrothed Lev. 19, 20.

(תְּזֵינָם II (only fut. f. תְּזֵינָם) denom. of הֹיָרָק, to pass the autumn, to winter, only in Is. 18, 6. Cf. קדץ, denom. of הָרָץ, to summer.

5, 51. pr. n. m. (perh. ripe) 1 Ch.

יוֹתָרָן (w. suf. הָרָפָּר) m. a plucking of fruit (ד.קרָן), harvest, autumn also inclusive of winter, e. g. קרָץ קרָץ summer and autumn, put for the whole year Gen. 8, 22; קרח בָּרָר winter-house Am. 3, 15; fig. maturity of life Job 29, 4. ---- Prob. akin to харжо́ς, L. carptura, G. herbst, E. crop and harvest.-- Hence the denom. verb קרָן II.

גער ו (fut. אוו to Arab. אוו to cul in, to scratch; part. slightly wounded Lev. 22, 22; to cut to a point, to sharpen, of the tongue of a barking dog Ex. 11, 7; to decide 1 K. 20,40; part. pl. אָראָרים fixed, determined, of days Job 14, 5; fig. to be sharp to the taste, to be acid, sour; hence אַרְאָרָים grape-kernels; of the mind, to be eager, on the alert 2 Sam. 5, 24. — Niph. (only part. f. Sam. 5, 24. — Niph. (only part. f. קלה וְלָשְׁרָצָיוֹם, c. בְּשָׁרְצָיוֹם Is. 10, 23 כְּשָׁרְצָיוֹם be decided, decreed; Is. 10, 23 כְּשָׁרְצָיוֹם be decided, decreed; Is. 10, 23 כָּשָׁרְצָיוֹם be decided, decreed; Is. 10, 23 כָּשָׁרָצָיוֹם נָשָׁרָצָיוֹם destruction and a decreed thing, i. e. decreed ruin (צָׁי dua cooiv, Gram. § 155, 1, a); decreed, i. e. a decree Dan. 9, 26.

ערויך II (fut. יְתֵוֹרָץ) akin to I, to gird oneself, to be active, hence אָד II; 2 Sam. 5, 24 אָד then be thou on the alert.

רָבָרָאָ, W. suf. [בָּרָאָ, w. suf. (בִּרְאָה) m. *loins* Dan. 5, 6; i. q. Heb. דָלָלָ, the liquids א and ר being interchanged.

קרי (obs.) i. q. דְרָרָק, to shine, gliller, of the colour of gold; hence prob. קרדץ gold, cf. χρυσός.

(only in pl. דְּרָצְבוֹת) f. a tight cord Is. 58, 6; fig. pangs (cf. בּשָׁרָי) Ps. 73, 4; cf. Arab. (קָבָל bind fast, draw tight. --- Prob. from דָרָרָ II to gird or bind tight, w. the format. ending ב--- (cf. נְרָבֹר), see under letter ב, p. 74.

(only pl. הַדְצָיָם) m. grapekernels, perh. so called for their acrid taste Num. 6,4; but some understand sour grapes; r. הַרָץ I.

רָקרֹק (fut. יְחָרֹק) mimet. akin to Arab. حَوَّفَ, to grate or gnash, to grind the teeth, w. acc. יَمَوَ Job 16, 9. Ps. 35, 16; w. ج. ج بقيتو Job 16, 9.

חַרָר (only pl. הַרָרָים) m. sun-burnt place, arid spot Jer. 17, 6; cf. צַיָם.

ערע (fut. יְתַרש) akin to הַתָּרָז, (which see), דָרָת, דָרָק, 1) to cut in, engrave letters on a tablet Jer. 17, 1; to cut into shape, to sculpture wood, stone, metal 1 K. 7, 14; fig. to contrive, devise evil Prov. 6, 14, or good Prov. 14, 22; w. על against Prov. 3, 29. 2) to plough (cf. Arab. حرث), of the cattle Job 1, 14, also of the ploughman 1 K. 19, 19, w. 2 of the cattle Deut. 22, 10; w. acc. of field (fig.) Job 4, 8; to cut by cruel scourging, w. 2 Ps. 129, 3. - Niph. נחרש to be ploughed Jer. 26, 18. -Hiph. החריש, to contrive, devise, w. z against 1 Sam. 23, 9.

ער I (obs.) to be soft, sticky, cf. הַרָש II; hence נית ו.

ער דער II (obs.) to be rough, cf. קרס I; perh. hence קרט 2.

ער (fut. (fut. דער)) 1) perh. prop. to be inert or still, hence a) as to the ears, to be deaf Mic. 7, 16; β) as to the tongue, to be dumb or silent Ps. 50, 3; w. אָרָ, to be silent (turning away) from Ps. 28, 1, see Gram. § 141. – Hiph. דעריש) 1) to be deaf 1 Sam. 10, 27. 2) to cause to be still, to silence Job 11, 3; to keep silence, to hold one's peace Gen. 24, 21; w. b or אל in respect to Num. 30, 5, Is. 41, 1; w. jp from, i. e. not to interrupt but let alone Job 13, 13; w. acc. to conceal Job 41, 4; to be still or guiet Ex. 14, 14; to go away quietly from, w. jp, Jer. 38, 27. — Hith. שיקיד to keep oneself quiet or still Judg. 16, 2.

ער דו (obs.) akin to דְּרָכָ, דְרָכָן to glow, shine, glitter; fig. to be green, to grow luxuriant, of a wood.

ערשים, pl. (for הַהָשׁים) adj. m. deaf Ex. 4, 11; r. קרַשׁים I.

m. (prob. part. דּרָשׁ 1) artificer, in copper (דְּשָׁת), a coppersmith 1 K. 7, 14; a cutting instrument or tool Gen. 4, 22.

על (ש. ה- וסג. דור 1 Sam. 23, 16, pl. דורשים; r. דורשים II) m. 1) a wood, thicket, forest Is. 17, 9. 2) pr. n. (forest) 1 Sam. 23, 15.

ער (חַרָשׁים (חַרָשׁים (חַרָשׁים (חַרָשׁים) ה. a craft or trade; hence pr. ה בּי הַשָּרָשִׁים valley of the crafts, a place near Jerusalem Neh. 11, 35; also pr. n. a Levite of the Tabernacle 1 Ch. 9, 15. 2) art, artifice; Is. 3, 3 הובכם חַרָשִׁים wise (skilled) in magic arts, i. e. a clever magician (cf. בָרֹשְ לַחַשׁי). 3) si-lence, as adv. silently, secretly Josh. 2, 1; r. בַרַשׁים I.

(pl. הַרְשָׁר מ. הַרְשָׁר m. prop. clay, potter's earth (ר. הַרָשָׁר J), hence

1) pottery, earthen-ware; בְּלָּר קְרָשׁ earthen vessel, piece of crockery Lev. 6, 21; יוֹצֵר קוֹרָשׁ fashioner of pottery, a potter Jer. 19, 1. 2) potsherd Ps. 22, 16, r. שָרָש II. 3) pr. n. (pottery) of a city of Moab Is. 16, 11;see קר.

ا تارس 1) pr. n. m. (Chald. perh. deaf) Ezr. 2, 52. 2) w. جام, pr. n. (perh. hill of craftsmen) Ezr. 2, 59.

קיר see under הורשת.

החרשות f. 1) skilled work, workmanship in wood or other materials Ex. 31, 5. 2) א הווים, pr. n. (perh. workshop of the nations) a city in the north of Palestine Judg. 4, 2.

הָרַת i. q. דְרַשׁ, Chald. הְרַיַת, akin to χαράττω, to cut in, engrave, inscribe, w. על, only in Ex. 32, 16.

i. q. דָרָשָׁ II, to shine, glitter; fig. to be green; hence

pr. n. (i. q. דְּרָשׁ a wood, thicket) of a wood in Judah 1 Sam. 22, 5.

, before Maq. ר אוח לבד אוח לבד אוח או האבר (בחשב Syr. ممت, Arab. حسب (to compute), perh. to קשָׁב, to bind or weave (cf. בשָׁר); hence fig. to combine, to think (cf. נוַמָם to devise devices, דְשָׁבוֹת (וַמָּם w. אל Jer. 49, 20, w. אל against any one Mic. 2, 3; דְשָׁב רְעָה to contrive evil Ps. 35,4; to count for or as, w. > 1 Sam. 1, 13, w. two acc. Is. 53, 4; w. acc. and > Job 19, 11; also to impute, w. acc. and 5 of pers. Gen. 15, 6; to invent Am. 6, 5; part. ⊐tin weaver Ex. 26, 1; 35, 35. - Niph. נַרָשָׁב to be reckoned 2 K. 22, 7; to be reckoned or imputed to any one, w. 5 Josh. 13, 3; w. 2 Sam. 4, 2, to be esteemed Prov. 17, 28, w. > or in> as Job 18, 3, Hos. 8, 12; w. Dy with Ps. 88,

5. — Pi. to compute Lev. 25, 27; w. r_N , to reckon with 2 K. 12, 16; to think much of Ps. 144, 3; to ponder Ps. 77, 6; to purpose or plan Ps. 73, 16, cf. Prov. 16, 9, w. b_2 Dan. 11, 24, w. b_N Nah. 1, 9; fig. of things, to threaten, to be about to (cf. $\mu \epsilon \lambda \lambda \omega$) Jon. 1, 4. — Hith. to reckon oneself, w. 2 among Num. 23, 9.

קעשר Chald. i. q. Heb. רְשָׁב (only part. pass. pl. הָשָׁרְרָן) to regard, count, w. ג ג only in Dan. 4, 32.

שָׁרֵ m. girdle Ex. 28, 27; r. שָׁדָ. שַׁרֵם m. artificer 2 Ch. 26, 15; weaver Ex. 26, 1; r. שָׁדָ.

י קט פּרָקָרָק pr. n. m. (perh. for דְשָׁבַקָּרָק perh. thought of the judgment) Neh. 8, 4.

דָּעָרָה pr. n. m. (perh. combination) 1 Ch. 3, 20.

רקשבון (r. קשבון) m. 1) combination, reasoning; hence judgment, penetration Ecc. 7, 25. 2) pr. n. (perh. alliance) of a Levitical city Josh. 13, 17, common to Reuben Num. 32, 37, and Gad Josh. 21, 37, formerly of the Ammonites Num. 21, 26.

contriving, device Ecc. 7, 29; then a contrivance or invention, for warlike purposes, engines or instruments of war 2 Ch. 26, 15.

יִה, דְשַׁבְרָה, pr. n. m. (היִ regards) 1 Ch. 6, 30; 26, 30.

pr. n. m. (prob. invention) Neh. 10, 26.

קריבויבוי pr. n. m. (perh. purpose of ייש וויש Neh. 3, 10.

דער (fut. רְרָחֲשָׁה) mimet. akin to דָרָ (חָס) which see, to hush, to be silent Is. 62, 1; to be still, quiet, of waves Ps. 107, 29; w. ק, e. g.

נאָדָרָשָׁר מָאָרָ lest thou be still (and refrain) from me (see on דָּרָשָׁר I) Ps. 28, 1. — Hiph: הָרָשָׁר (part. יָרָשָׁר) to keep silence Ps. 39, 3; to rest or be quiet Is. 57, 11; to silence, to quiet, w. Neh. 8, 11; imp. בָּהָדָשׁר 2 K. 2, 3. 5.

רשוֹר pr. n. m. (thoughtful, r. קשׁב, 1 Ch. 9, 14.

רושוֹרָא Chald. (def. רְשׁוֹרָא) m. darkness Dan. 2, 22, i. q. Heb. הְשָׁרָא.

אבושוק pr. n. m. (perh. nakedness, cf. r. השור) Ezr. 2, 43.

יבֿים Is. 20, 4, see Gram. §. 87, 1, כ. דָוֹשׁרָזִים, see דְעָהָ.

akin to אָשָׁרָן, to be needful, part. pl. f. דְשָׁרָן, perh. in Ezr. 6, 9; to have need, part. pl. m. דַשְׁרָן, w. b and inf. Dan. 3, 16.

f. need, (c. וַשְׁחוּר f. need, necessity, what is wanted Ezr. 7, 20.

רוש לעש לא Chald. adj. m. needful or necessary, only in Ezr. 6, 9 אברו רוש מש and what is needful; from נקון as Chald. רְגָו מחקר ליש בין.

יַשְׁשָׁכָה, see וַחַשָּׁרָכָה.

דושם, הושים see השים.

קשר, see השרע.

(fut. אָדְשׁהָ, דְשָׁהָ, Job 7, 11) perh. akin to דָשָר, דְשָׁהָ, to hold Job 16, 5; to withhold, keep back 2 Sam. 18, 16; w. דָיָ from Gen. 22, 12; to preserve Job 33, 18, cf. Pa. 19, 14; w. ל, to reserve for Job 38, 23. — Niph. בְּשָׁהָ to be checked, mitigated, of pain Job 16, 6; to be spared, reserved, w. ל for Job 21, 30.

(only pl. שָׁשָׁרָ"ם) prop. adj. m. dark, but used only as subst. pl. dark places or darkness (Gram. § 108, 2, Rem. 2), only Is. 50, 10, r. בַּשָׁרָ.

: דְעָשָׁרָ (only pl. דְעָשָׁרָ, see Gram. § 93, 8, Rem. d) adj. m. dark, fig. obscure, mean, only in Prov. 22, 29; r. הָשָׁרָ.

البَعْبَةِ: ۲. إَبْعَرَةَ: (w. suf. إَبْعَرَةَ: ۲. إَبْعَرَةَ) m. darkness Gen. 1, 2; fig. of Sheol or Hades Ps. 88, 13; misery Is. 9, 1; ruin Job 18, 18; ignorance Job 37, 19; wickedness Prov. 2, 13, cf. to σχότος Bom. 18, 12.

רוּשָׁרָד (f. of דְשְׁבָר) f. darkness, only in Mic. 3, 6.

קשיבה, once השיבה Ps. 139, 12 (c. השיבה Ps. 18, 12) f. darkness Gen. 15, 12.

רשר (Qal obs.) prob. akin to שנה (which see), לכשל to be relaxed, weak or prostrate. — Niph. (only part. pl. (cmjyéra) to be relaxed or enfeebled, only in Deut. 25, 18.

prop. to blow or stir up, hence tempest; hence to shatter, to shake or beat to pieces Dan. 2, 40.

ם שון (obs.) prob. akin to אָשָׁק, to be bright; fig. to be affluent.

נת

Ezr. 2, 19.

זשם

ששה, see שעיה.

pr. n. (perh. affluence) of a place in Judah Josh. 15, 27.

of a station of the Israelites in the wilderness Num. 33, 29.

עָשָׁבָן (prob. from דָּשָׁבָן) w. the adj. ending ---, cf. בוּרְצָן, only pl. בוּרְצָן adj. m. splendid; fig. wealthy, moble Ps. 63, 32.

مَسَنَّ (obs.) akin to التَّلَّ i. q. Arab. مَسَنَّ , to be bright or beautiful. Hence

קר m. splendour, ornament, only of the brilliant breast-plate of the High Priest Ex. 28, 15; but perh. קרי, is akin to דיצן bosom, hence perh. a corselet.

ן (fut. אָטָק, i. q. אָטָק, 1) to strip off foliage of trees Ps. 29, 9, the bark Joel 1, 7; to make bare Is. 52, 10. 2) to draw off, separate, hence אָשָׁק; to take off water at the top or surface Is. 30, 14; to skim off, leaving the dregs or lees undisturbed Hag. 2, 16; part. pl. c. אָשָׁשׁן Is. 20, 4.

קוֹשָׂוֹן (pl. c. דְשָׁשׁן) m. what is divided off, *a flock* of goats, only in 1 K. 20, 27; r. אַשָּׁק.

רשק prob. akin to אָדָטָר, דְּעָשָׁר, דָוַז III, to hold or bind together,

hence fig. to be attached to, to love warmly, w. ב, of amorous feeling Gen. 34, 8, of love to God Ps. 91, 14, of God's love Deut. 7, 7; without 2, Is. 38, 17 בלי קלי thou hast loved my soul (delivering it) from the pit of ruin (Gram. § 141); w. b and inf. to delight or love to do anything 1 K. 9, 19. — Pi. to join, fasten together Ex. 38, 28. — Pu. to be fastened together Ex. 27, 17. Hence

רְשָׁקִים (only pl. הְשָׁקִים) m. atlachments, connecting rods or poles Ex. 27, 10.

רְשָׁקִי (w. suf. דְשָׁקִי Is. 21, 4) m. attachment, delight 1 K. 9, 1; r. דְשָׁק.

רְשָׁקִים (only pl. הְשָׁקִים) m. spoke of a wheel i. e. that which connects the rim and the nave, only 1 K. 7, 33; r. הַשָּׁק.

קשר, Arab. جَعَدَر, to bind together, to combine; hence

קשרים (only pl. האָרָים) m. prop. gatherings i. e. of the spokes; hence the nave of a wheel, only in 1 K.7, 33.

ו (כישיר השיט ה', a gathering of waters, a cloud 2 Sam. 22, 12; the parallel passage (Ps. 18, 12) has השיבת.

UUT (obs.)akin to بيني في المناج (obs.)akin to be dry, withered, hard. Hence

שׁשׁשׁ, dry m. i. q. Arab. حَشَيْش, dry grass, hay Is. 33, 11; إيْنَשْ לָתְרָח grass of the flame, i. e. readily burnt up Is. 5, 24.

קראיבת (r. דְּתָּבָת); w. suf. דְּתְּבָת Gen. 9, 2) 1) adj. m. (pl. דָּתָּר) broken e. g. the bow 1 Sam. 2, 4 (see Gram. § 148, 1); fig. panic-struck Jer. 48, 5.

2) subst. *fear*, dread Gen. 9, 2, cf. Job 41, 25; r. דְרָת.

f. terror, only Gen. 35, 5; r. הָתָה.

חתולל m. bandage for a wound Ez. 30, 21; r. דָרָתָל.

(only pl. הַתְחָהִים) m. lerrors, alarms, only in Ecc. 12, 5; r. הָתַת.

Third (patron. of הות which see) m. Hittite 1 Sam. 26, 6, pl. החקים 2 K. 7, 6, also הַכָּר הַת Gen. 23, 5; f. בַּכָּר הַת Ez. 16, 3, pl. הַתְּיוֹת 1 K. 11, 1, also בְּנֵי הַרָּח Gen. 27, 46; a race of people dwelling in the region of Hebron Gen. 23, 7.

ותירת (r. תוחרת) f. terror Ez. 32, 27; בחתיהם בהתייהם ביה their terror from their might, i. e. in the dread of them proceeding from their power Ez. 32, 30. — Also as fem. patronynic, see החתים.

(Qal obs.) perh. akin to קראד, קראד, קראד, to cut or sever, fig. to decide. — Niph. קראד, to be determined, w. כהכפר concerning Dan. 9, 24.

עם (Qal obs.) prob. akin to בָּחַר, (Qal obs.) prob. akin to hence to swathe. — Pu. and Hoph. to be swathed, הְחָקַל לא הְקָלָת thou wast verily not swaddled Ez. 16, 4. Deriv. אחר ה ה בוקר f. a bandage, swaddlingband Job 38, 9.

דְּתְלֹק pr. n. (perh. concealment) of a city in Damascene Syria Ez. . 47, 15.

גייזל akin to (יריקום) akin to גייזל, דָשָם, דָשָם, Arab. דֹבה, to enclose, to wrap or shut up, w. Iz around, to hide Job 9, 7 (cf. קנר בער); esp. to seal, w. acc. Is. 8, 16; w. 7 of the seal 1 K. 21, 8; w. 7 of the thing in which the seal appears Job 37, 7; fig. to seal up, i. e. to reveal under seal or as a secret to be kept, w. בִּבֹּסָרָם יַדְהִתֹם Job 33, 16 בָ מּ their instruction he puts a seal; to complete or finish Dan. 9, 24 complete תשאות (K'thibh) for to finish the sins, i. e. till they are ended, where to complete. — להתם to complete. Niph. const to be sealed Est. 3, 12. - Pi. to shut up Job 24, 16. -Hiph. דְּתְקִים to shut up, to stop Lev. 15, 3. Deriv. Dnin, nina.

נס seal up Dan. 6, 18.

ם חָר m. a seal, seal-ring Ex. 28, 11; see הוֹתָם.

חח m. perh. seal or perfection Ez. 28, 12; r. הָתָם.

קקת f. a seal, seal-ring Gen. 38, 25; r. אָקַת.

לערות, הערות, הערות, הערות, הערות, הערות, הערות, to enclose, combine, join affinity; hence part. m. למות למות לה להיות להיות למות להיות father; opp. היות the husband's father) Ex. 3, 1; f. היות *mother-in-law* (i. e. wife's mother) Deut. 27, 23. — Hith. to form mutual affinity, by giving and taking daughters in marriage, w. The Gen. 34, 9, w. Josh. 23, 12, w. 5 2 Ch. 18, 1. Hence

וְחָתִני (כ. דְּחָתִי, w. suf. דְחָתִי, pl. m. bridegroom Is. 62, 5; son-in-law Gen. 19, 12; in general, marriage-relation 2 K. 8, 27; דְחָתִי a blood-spouse, designation of a newly circumcised infant Ex. 4, 25.

קר f. espousals, nuptials Cant. 3, 11; r. דָרָאָנָ.

robbers, only Prov. 23, 28.

יַתְּחָרָ (fut. יְחָחָה) perh. akin to שָׁחַרָ (fut. יְחָחָה), w. בָ Ez. 8, 8; to break through, w. acc. Job 24, 16; to row Jon. 1, 13; hence בְּתְשָׁרָת.

רַדָּר (fut. רְדֵר, in pause רְדֵר, אָקר (אָקרא, w. ד cohort. אָקרא) prop. to cut up, to break or crush (see Pi.), hence fig. to be dismayed (cf. L. frange metu, έχπλήττεσθαι) Deut. 31, 8; w. מְקַנֵי at the face of Jer. 1, 17; w. נְתַר at Is. 30, 31. — Niph. נְתַר (fut. רְחָת) to be alarmed Mal. 2, 5. - Pi. man to dismay Job 7, 14; to be shattered Jer. 51, 56. — Hiph. הָתָר (fut. רְחָרָתֵן , רְחָרָתֵן Hab. 2, 17 for רְדָתְהָי, Gram. § 20, 3, Rem.; דְדָתְהָרָשָ Jer. 49, 37 for (תרחות) to break Is. 9, 3; to terrify Job 31, 34, Jer. 1, 17. ---- Prob. mimet. akin to Arab. which see), L.cudo, cædes, W. câd, Gael. catha (battle), E. quash, squash, G. quetschen.

חַרַן m. 1) dismay Job 6, 21. 2) pr. n. m. (terror) 1 Ch. 4, 13.

5

 \Box Tith, the ninth letter in the Heb. Alphabet, hence used as the numeral for 9; whence $\exists i$ (i. e. 9 + 6) for $\exists \neg 15$ (see Gram. §5, Rem. 3). Its name $\exists \neg \Box$ (whence $\partial \neg \tau \alpha$) prob. means a coiling, r. $\Box \neg \Box$, hence perh. serpent, which is rudely pictured in the common form and in the Phenician Θ , Θ , \Box . Its sound (indicated by t or t) is a hard t articulated at the back of the mouth, Gram. § 6, 2, 3.

ט interchanges — 1 w. its kindred dentals or linguals, e. g. אום דיד $\Pi = \tau$ יד Π (cf. Syr. j = j = j = j = j = j, j = j = j = j = j = j = j = j, bilants, e. g. שָׁכָח = טָכָח = טָכָח קנַט , אָבָע = דָרָט , צָבָע = טָרַט , אָבָע = טָרַע 3 w. gutturals, e. g. קונַט , קונָת = ניט, קונָת I = גיר , קונָה אור I.

ם seems to be a format. pref. in (ק-קולה), akin to מַחָרָה (a variety of Hiph.), prop. to cause to be hot; see Gram. § 55, 5.

טיא אפפ , געיא.

באנט Chald. i. q. Heb. טיב, to be bright, good, hence to be happy, to rejoice, w. על Dan. 6, 24.

טואס, see איט.

20 Chaid. (i. q. Heb. 210) adj. m. good Dan. 2, 32; pleasing Ezr. 5, 17.

לבאל pr. n. m. (God is good) Is. 7, 6; another in Ezr. 4, 7.

נסוב (obs.) perh. akin to נסוב, to be good, pleasant; hence בַּבָּת

שְׁבָּלֹים (only pl. שָׁבָּלִים) m. head-dress, turban, only in. Ez. 23, 15 (Sept. דומֹסמו βמתדמו, Vulg. tiaræ tinctæ), called so prob. because dipped in rich dye.

שבּר שַבּר מַבּר מַבּר מַבּר מַבּר מַבּר מַבּר מַבּר מַצָּר מַצָּר מַבּר מַטַ מַעָּם שַבּר דְאָבֶר מָאָר מַיָּס מַבּר קָאָר מַיָּר from the height of the land (cf. ד הָבָר = שָבַר : שָבַר : שָבַר : מָבָר : מָבַר : מָבָר : מָבַר : מָבַר : מָבָר : מָבַר : מָבָר : מָב

akin to אָרָבָי (imper. אָרָבָי, 1) to slaughter cattle Ex. 21, 37, esp. for food (not for sacred use as expressed by ינָבו 1 Sam. 25, 11. 2) to kill men, to massacre Ps. 37, 14; hence

(w. suf. בְּבְחָת) m. 1) a slaughter, killing of cattle Is. 53, 7; of men, butchering Is. 34, 2. 2) fig. slaughtered beast, i. e. butcher's meat, for a feast or meal Prov. 9, 2. 3) pr. n. m. of a son of Nahor Gen. 22, 24.

שׁרָבָּח m. prop. slayer, butcher, hence 1) a cook 1 Sam. 9, 23. 2) executioner, then life-guard of a king, acting also as executioner of his death sentences, שַרֹי הַשָּבָרוּם Gen. 37, 36 (later שׁר הַשַּבָרוּם 2 K. 25, 8) captain of the body-guard.

חבט m. Chald. executioner, hence body-guard Dan. 2, 14.

יָּבָחָה f. a cook 1 Sam. 8, 13; r. טָבָח.

קברור, בובה) f. 1) a slaughtering of cattle Ps. 44, 23. 2) flesh of a butchered beast, meat 1 Sam. 25, 11.

pr. n. (slaughter) of a

place in Syria 1 Ch. 18, 8; for which we find בָּטָה in 2 Sam. 8, 8.

לעבע (fut. אָבָע) akin to אָבָע אָבָע (fut. אָבָע, אָבָע, Arab. גָבָע, to dip, to sink into, w. acc. of object and ק of the liquid Gen. 37, 31; without acc. Ex. 12, 22; also intrans. in 2 K. 5, 14 he went down אָבָע וויבע פּגעים מור בייבן שבע פּגעים אָרָקער אָרָער וויבע פּגעים מור גער גער אין
י דָרָלְרָדה pr. n. m. (דְרָלְרָדה i. e. consecrated) 1 Ch. 26, 11.

עָקָלָ (fut. יְּשָׁבָּע (אוֹה to יְּשָׁבָּע) akin to שָׁבָע (which see), 1) to sink, press into, then to impress in a yielding or plastic substance, hence ישַבְשָב signet. 2) intrans. to sink, go deep, e. g. in mire, a pit, w. שָ Ps. 9, 16; 1 Sam. 17, 49 ווּשָׁבָע יָשָׁבָן בָּטָבָווֹ זוֹת וֹהָשָׁבַע יָשָׁבָן בָּטַבָּווֹ נחש בא גווין אָר אוֹה forehead. - Pu. to be sunk, over-whelmed Ex. 15, 4. - Hoph. יש לו to be sunk, immerged Jer. 38, 22; to be laid deep, settled Prov. 8, 25; hence

נְבָּעָתוֹ, pl. טָבַּעָתוֹ, c. נְבָעוֹת (w. suf. נְבַעוֹת) ל. נ. נָבָעוֹת (הַבְּעוֹת) f. a signet, seal-ring Gen. 41, 42 (see נְבָרָל); then a ring of any sort Ex. 25, 12; 35, 22.

pr. n. m. (signets or impressions) Ezr. 2, 43.

אָבָר, צָבַר (obs.) akin to אָבָר, בָּבָר, Chald. שְׁפַר, to swell or heave up, project (as a hill); hence שַׁבַּוּר.

שָב רַמּוֹן pr. n. m. (for שַׁבְרָמּוֹן

good is Bimmon) of a Syrian, father of Benhadad 1 K. 15, 18.

שבת m. name of the tenth Heb. month, from the January to the February new-moon Est. 2, 16. ---- Prob. akin to Sans. *tapas* (winter), Copt. $\tau \tilde{\eta}_{\beta}$; hence winter-month.

תַבָּטַ pr. n. (perh. pleasantness, r. בָּטָט of a place in Ephraim Judg. 7, 22.

(כ, אָשָׁדָיר, אָשָרָי, פָו, שָׁדָּיָר, פָּוּרָי, שָׁדָּוֹרָ adj. m., f. שָׁדְוֹרָ (r. שָׁשָׁדָ), bright, clean, pure, a) physically, opp. to filthy Zech. 3,5; β) artificially, unalloyed, of gold Ex. 25, 11; γ) ritually, opp. to אָפָבָא Lev. 10, 10; δ) morally Ps. 51, 12 בַּרַשְׁדָר Lev. 10, 10; δ) morally Ps. 51, 12 בַּרַשְׁדָר Lev. 10, 10; δ) morally Ps. 51, 12 בַּרַשְׁדָר אַרָּרָר 22, 11.

וְדָבָר (fut. יְשָׁרָה') akin to יָשָׁר, to shine, to be bright, hence to be or become clean, pure, a) physically 2 K. 5, 12; β) ritually Lev. 13, 8; γ) morally Ps. 51, 9. — Pi. יְשָׁרָ, fut. יְשָׁרָ, to make clear or clean, the heavens Job 37, 21; to purify, silver Mal. 3, 3, a land Ez. 39, 12; of persons, ritually Num. 8, 6, morally Ps. 51, 4. — Pu. to be cleansed Ez. 22, 24. — Hith. יִשָּׁרָ, in cleanse or purify oneself Gen. 35, 2; see Gram. § 54, 2, b. Hence

עָרָדָי Lev. 12, 4, שָׁרָדָי Ps. 89, 45) 1) brightness Ex. 24, 10; Ps. 89, 45) 1) brightness Ex. hast caused to cease from his splendour, i. e. hast diminished it: this form is prob. for בְּשָׁרָד' or for גַשָּׁרָד' 2) purification Lev. 12, 4.

(ritual) Lev. 13, 35; דְּבָר שָׁרָּהָ blood קַבָּר שָׁרָרָה, of a woman after child-birth Lev. 12, 4. 2) purity (moral) 2 Ch. 30, 19; r. בָּהָר. לאינע (Qal obs.) prob. to be miry, dirty, akin to Arab. אוש mire; hence in Pilp. אוש to sucep away dirt (cf. אוש לאפט דיין ין אינארידין ברטאבע גוא געריין only in Is. 14, 23 הוע בעט מאט ז געריין ברטאבע and I will sweep her (Babylon) away w. the besom of destruction, cf. 2 K. 21, 13. Hence אוש מאני

אָרָה Chald. (obs.) i. q. Heb. קיר, to twine or bind together, of the bowels when hungry or perh. tightly girded and braced (as among American Indians) for better enduring the want of food; hence to fast. Deriv.

שרט (perf. 3 pl. יבוי Cant. 4, 10; fut. יישב from יישב) prob. akin to יישב II, יישר, 1) to be bright, goodly, pleasant Num. 24, 5. 2) to be cheerful, happy, w. אב, 1 Sam. 25, 36. 3) to be good or well, to please, used impers. or as adj. w. א, Ps. 119, 71 ישב it is right or well for me, i. e. it goes well w. me; Job 10, 3 ישב does it please thee?; w. א, 1 Sam. 20, 12; w. שבי I Num. 24, 1; w. יש in later style Est. 1, 19. – Hipl. רישיר , see its forms and meanings under ביי. Hence

שום אסן.m., אסט (אמאט;), in the widest sense (opp. to כ) as indicated by the root, e. g. of land or soil, fertile Ex. 3, 8, of cattle in good condition, fat Gen. 41, 26, Lev. 27, 10, of trees, fruitful 2 K. 3, 19 (cf. Luke 6, 43), of fruits, fresh, sound Jer. 24, 2, of gold, fine Gen. 2, 12, and so of other things as the context may require or suggest, e. g. as affecting the senses, fair to the eye Gen. 6, 2, pleasant to the ear Ps. 45, 2, sweet to the smell Is. 39,

2, nice to the taste Gen. 2, 9. Used of persons, good morally Prov. 12, 2, kind 1 Sam. 25, 15, cheerful 1 K. 8, 36, happy Is. 3, 10; used of things, great or ample Gen. 30, 20, right or true Jer. 6, 16. 2) as subst. (see מוב and שוב good, to xalov, the right morally, virtue Prov. 11, 27 (cf. Gen. 2, 9), a good or benefit Job 2, 10, welfare or prosperity Ps. 25, 13. - Perh. as adv. well, xαλῶς, in Ruth 3, 13. 3) pr. n. (perh. fertile) of a region beyond Jordan Judg. 11, 3, prob. Τούβιον in 1 Mac. 5, 13.

pr. n. m. 2 Ch. 17, 8.

שרב שנה 1) goodness, of a thing, Ps. 119, 66 שרב שנה goodness of discernment, i. e. good sense; often of God, benignity Jer. 31, 14. 2) beauty, splendour Hos. 10, 11, Ex. 33, 19. 3) joyousness, w. 25 Is. 65, 14. 4) good luck, prosperity Prov. 11, 10. 5) collect. good things, blessings Deut. 6, 11. 6) the best or choice Gen. 45, 18.

שוֹבָה, adj. fem. of שוֹבָה שוֹבָה for the meanings), often used as subst. like בוֹב good, a blessing Ps. 86, 17; a benefit Ex. 18, 9; welfare Job 9, 25; Ps. 16, 2 שוֹבָחִי בַל כְּלֵיה my happiness is not above thee, i. e. thou art my highest good; goodness, Neh. 6, 19 שוֹבוֹחִי his virtues; benignity Ps. 68, 11; bounty Ps. 65, 12.

קר מוֹבְרָּרָה and מוֹבְרָּרָה pr. n. m. (good is הָי) of several men, α) Neh. 2, 10; β) Ezr. 2, 60; γ) Zech. 6, 10. Sept. Τωβίας.

تَرْبَع i. q. Chald. تَرْبَع, Arab. فَرَى to twine or bind, hence to spin Ex. 35, 25; hence يوني Cf. يوني.

יש for דים Is. 44, נערד (3 perf. ניס for דים Is. 44, 18 as if from ניס, to daub, smear

שרים (obs.) perh. to be sticky, slimy; hence perh. שיט which see. Perh. also to coil; hence perh. פייט (serpent) name of the letter ט.

השָׁשָׁשׁם (only in pl. השׁשָׁשׁם) f. bands. fillets Ex. 13, 16, esp. prayer-fillets (קיביים) Deut.6,8 or Jewish phylacteries (קטלמגדוֹקום, Mat.23,5), i.e. parchmentstripsinscribed w. passages of the law, and at prayers worn as amulets on the forehead and the left wrist of the worshipper. The r. is prob. השנים, hence השַבָּשַם בענים (cf. השנים), but perh.r.is ביבים to coil, w. ending (see p. 501), and fem. ר, , cf. השנים, א

לער (Qal obs.) akin to אָכָיל, to lift, to cast; hence — Hiph. אָכָיל throw or hurl, e. g. a spear 1 Sam. 18, 11, a person Jer. 16, 13, a storm Jon. 1, 4. — Hoph. אָרָאָר (fut. אָבָאָר, once אָבָיל Job 41, 1) to be cast, as a lot Prov. 16, 33; to be cast out Jer. 22, 28; to be cast down, prostrated Ps. 37, 24. — Pilp. אָרָאָר לער down Is. 22, 17; hence אַרָּאָבָי, Prob. akin to הָבָלָ, הָבָל, Sans. tul, L. tollo, גָאמָש, W. dala, towlu.

קון (obs.) akin to און to be soft, sticky; hence טין.

לווס (obs.) perh. akin to אוין II, to bind, collect; hence אוים.

רָשָר I (obs.) perh. akin to נְשָר,

to wait or watch for, to expect; hence perh. בְרוֹם מָבֶרָם

וו (obs.) akin to הזר II, הזר II, הזר II, to go round, surround; hence רְטַהָר, אור, בַטַרָר, אור.

דור נוסאני ווו (obs.) akin to ווו דור דוו, דור II, to arrange, set in a row or order; hence ניד 2.

שור (pl. שורי, c. בוריי, m. 1) מ wall or enclosure Ez. 46, 23; r. ד שור 2) a row Ex. 28, 17; a course or range 1 K. 7, 12; r. שור

לור Chald. (def. שור, m. i. q. Heb. צור, rock, mountain Dan. 2, 35; perh. akin to יקבור.

لات (fut. (ما (بالله عنه)) i. q. Syr. \hat{m}_{ℓ} , to fly, to dart or dash upon the prey, like the eagle Job 9, 26. --- Hence Syr. \hat{m}_{ℓ} , $\tau a \tilde{w} \zeta$, L. pavo ($\tau = p$), G. pfau, E. pea-cock; perh. the bird's name is Sanscrit.

קנָת Chald. (see r. בְּזָא, cf. קנָא from קנָת f. a fasting; hence adv. fastingly, without food, only in Dan. 6, 19.

שויט, see שויט.

, مراجعتهم

in Is. 44, 18 for mp (see r.

(Qal obs.) prob. akin to shoot. — Pil'el שִוֹתָה to shoot, part. archers, only in Gen. 21, 16; see Gram. § 75, Rem. 18.

(only in pl. שוֹדָוֹת) f. the reins, as the learned Jews say, tracing the word to r. נאדם, because the kidneys are covered w. fat Ps. 51, 8, Job 38, 36.

שחוך m. a mill, hand-mill, only Lam. 5, 13, i. q. Syr. ליייי, r. אַנוען r. נייין אָהוֹר see אָדהוֹר, אָדָהָת see אָדָרוֹת הטוּת see מוּת .

(ו-בידין) prob. akin to Chald. root אוידין (which see) to pound, crush Ex. 32, 20, fig. to oppress Is. 3, 15; esp. to grind w. hand-mill Num. 11, 8, fig. in Job 31, 10 יושור אשרי ובידין bet my wife be another's concubine, i. e. be sexually embraced by him (so the Sept., Vulg. and Targum), cf. a like use of μύλλω, L. molo (whence mulier). Part. f. pl. robinet i. e. the grinders, i. e. the molar teeth. Deriv. jia and

said of the teeth Ecc. 12, 4.

קרָה (obs.) prob. akin to הָרָה, io burn, to inflame, esp. of the fundament; hence

עדרים (only in pl. שדרים) m. prop. inflammations (of the anus) i. e. piles, emerods 1 Sam. 6, 11, nostly in Q'ri (for בַּקַלָּים swellings) Deut. 28, 27.

קים m. plaster (on a wall) Ez. 13, 12; r. הוים.

שר m. *clay* Is. 41, 25; *mud, mire* Ps. 18, 43; 69, 15. ---- The r. is נוט, or טוע, redupl. ניאטא.

ניינא Chald. (def. ניינא) m. clay Dan. 2, 41; r. סאן = טאן.

לירדת (r. שריך וו שור pl. שריך) f. a wall, around a place Ez. 46, 23; an enclosure, e. g. a castle in Cant. 8, 9; an encampment or pastoral village for cattle and their keepers Gen. 25, 16, Ps. 69, 26.

על (in pause שָל, w. suf. יַשַלי; r. נַשַּלָי I) m. dew Gen. 27, 28.

Chald. i. q. Heb. dew Dan. 4, 12.

געש perh. akin to דולק, to hang about (in tatters), to be torn; then perh. to be mended in pieces or patches; only in part. pass. איליא spotted (as if in patches or pieces) Gen. 30, 32, Ez. 16, 16. — Pu. part. patched, Josh. 9, 5 ווא כליא ed sandals.

יַסְלָי see יָסְלָאָים.

קרָה (obs.) akin to גָּרָה, to be fresh, young; perh. akin to θάλλω, τέρην, L. tener, W. tyner, E. tender. Hence אָלָם and

קט (c. שָׁלָה) m. prop. what is young, hence a lamb 1 Sam. 7, 9. Cf. Syr. באלן boy, איין girl.

whence כדר see הסלומל whence

נַקלְמֵלָה f. a hurling down Is. 22, 17.

, הָלָרִים (only in pl. שְׁלָאִים for שְׁלָי Gram. § 93, 6, Bem. 6) m. i. q. שָׁלָי (r. קָשָׁלָין *lambs*, in Is. 40, 11, and prob. as pr. n. of a place (prob. for הַלָּאָים) in 1 Sam. 15, 4; cf. שָׁלָאים

الإلكان I (obs.) akin to إيكان Arab. to bedew, طلخ conj. IX to flow (of tears), Syr. لله to distil, prob. also to σταλάω, L. stillo, to fall gently or in drops; hence ي.

to over shadow, to cover. — Pi. بالترك to cover over, w. beams or rafters (cf. קרה II) Neh. 3, 15.

רבר Chald. i. q. Heb. לאבע II. - Aph. אַטָלַל to seek or find the shade Dan. 4, 9.

to oppress; hence يخطر, perh. also

סי אָרָאָרָש pr. n. (oppression or lambs) of a city in Judah Josh. 15, 24, perh. i. q. אָלָאָרם 1 Sam. 15, 4, q. v.; also pr. n. of a doorkeeper in the Temple Ezr. 10, 24.

נַזְלְבוֹן pr. n. m. (oppressed) Ezr. 2, 42.

ניַנאָד, inf. טָרָאָד, inf. טָרָאָד Lev. 15, 32) prob. akin to Aram. שבי , אם , to plunge; then to be soiled or sullied, polluted (opp. to to be bright), esp. used of ritual uncleanness of persons and animals Lev. 11, 1-31, also of things Lev. 15, 4-26. Fig. to be unholy (morally), w. I of cause or manner Ps. נטבים 106, 39. – Niph. נטבים (2 pl. נטבים Lev. 11, 43, Gram. § 74. Rem. 4) to defile oneself, to become unholy, w. **P** of that wherein Ez. 20, 7, w. 3 as to what Ez. 20, 31: on נְטְמֶינה in Job 18, 3 see under נַמָּה. -- Pi. נִמָּא. 1) to make unclean, to profane Lev. 15, 31; to defile, violate a woman Gen. 34, 5. 2) to declare unclean Ez. 20, 26; to unconsecrate or disqualify a priest Lev. 13, 3. - Pu. to be made unclean, to be defiled Ez. 4, 14. - Hith. (fut. "إيتيه", Gram. § 54, 2, b) to make oneself unclean Lev. 21, 1, Hos. 9, 4. - Hothpa. only in Deut. 24, 4 to be defiled, see Gram. § 54, 3. Hence

אָשָׁשָאה, f. וְסְמָאָר adj. m. (סְמַאָרם, וְסְמָאָה, f. וְסְמָאָר unclean ritually Lev. 5, 2; unholy (morally) Job 14, 4; Ez. 22, 5 שְׁמַאַ לָּמָאָד מַמַאָד the unclean of name, i. e. of unholy repute.

קראָה, f. only in Mic. 2, 10, same as

(ritual) Lev. 5, 3, impurity (moral) Ez. 39, 24; fig. an unclean thing Judg. 13, 7.

געָקָרָאָ אָרָעָרָאָ ו. q. אָשָרָ, prob. in Job 18, 3 נְשָׁרָינּא רְשָׁרָינּא רָשָׁרָינּא הַעָּשָרָע unclean (i. e. contemned) in your eyes, but many prefer to render it we are stolid, taking אָשָׁם as akin to באָשָ Chald. באים to shut up (the mouth).

ליבעין (fut. (רְּשָׁמֹן) prob. akin to אָשָׁרָ (fut. (רְשָׁמֹן) prob. akin to Job 3, 16; esp. under ground, to bury Gen. 35, 4; fig. to lay up, keep Job 20, 26 אָשָּרָין שָׁמוֹן all darkness (i. e. misfortune) is stored up for his treasures, where perh. a play on the words אָשׁטָ and אָשָּבָין אים intended. Used ironically in Prov. 19, 24 the sluggard hides (i. e. dips) his hand in the dish. In Job 40, 13 אָשָׁבָין in the hidden means prob. in darkness. — Niph. to hide oneself Is. 2, 10. — Hiph. to secrete 2 K. 7, 8. Hence

אָנָאָ (obs.) prob. akin to אָנָאָ אָנָאָ II, to enclose, contain; hence

אָזָהָ (w. suf. פַנְאָד) m. a basket Deut. 26, 4.

(Qal obs.) prob. akin to بالتاب, Syr. عند، to be dirty or foul. - Pi. to sully, defile, only in Cant. 5, 8.

אָדָרָן (Qal obs.) i. q. אָדָרָ, Syr. אָלָגָיז, perh. akin to לָלָד to wander. - Hiph. אָלָד to cause to wander, to lead astray, only in Ez. 13, 10.

(fut. (بتوج)) to taste Job 12, 11; to relish 2 Sam. 19, 36. Fig. to understand Ps. 34, 9; to perceive Prov. 31, 18: comp. L. sapere (whence F. savoir), also E. taste (intellectual as well as physical). DYC Chald. i. q. Heb. שַשָּׁשָ: used only in Pa. שַעָם to cause to taste, to feed Dan. 4, 22.

DZD m. 1) taste, of food Ex. 16, 31; favour Job 6, 6. 2) fig. discernment, good sense 1 Sam. 25, 33, Prov. 11, 22. 3) a decision or decree Jon. 3, 7.

ג קינס Chald. m. i. q. Heb. קינס 3, a decree Ezr. 6, 14; but mostly in form of

שרט Chald. (def. אָטָדָטַ) m. taste, relish Dan. 5, 2; fig. discernment, reason (L. ratio) Dan. 2, 14, hence account Dan. 6, 3; also decree, edict Dan. 3, 10 בְּלָה שְׁמָה שְׁנָה (D king, thou hast set a decree; city of lord of judgment, i. e. privy counsellor, king's deputy Ezr. 4, 8; a matter Ezr. 5, 5; r. בַּבָם.

I (Qal obs.) akin to Chald. קיבן, Arab. de, to stab: only in Pu. to be thrust through, only in Is. 14, 19 בטפַני בוויג stabbed ones of the sword.

اللہ II to load, only in Gen. 45, 17 burden ye; akin to پیر

וֹשָׁרָיָ וֹיָשָׁרָ I; w. suf. אָשָׁרָי וּסָעָ pl.) m. collect. littles ones, young children, prob. called so for their toddling, or short and tripping steps Gen. 34, 29; opp. to young men and maidens Ez. 9, 6, also to youths above 20 years old Ex. 12, 37; at times used for a family Gen. 47, 12 בער הול לבי הבי (i. e. the numbers) of the family, cf. 2 Ch. 20, 13 העריה וער אבי also their families, viz. their wives and their children.

ק (Qal obs.) i. q. אָצָאָ, perh. akin to פָּתַר II (cf. פָּתַר בּיַתַר) ווי

to spread; hence TPD. — Pi. TPD. 1) to spread wide, to stretch out, e. g. the heavens Is. 48, 13. 2) fig. to cause to stretch, to make to grow, to nurse, perh. in Lam. 2, 22, where others perh. rightly take it for a denom. of TPD 1, and so meaning to bear upon the palms, to dandle or fondle in the arms. Hence

הפון (pl. הוֹקבָי) m. 1) the spread hand, palm, esp. as a measure of 4 fingers, hand-breadth 1 K. 7, 26; Ps. 39, 6 thou hast set my days קרוור hand-breadths, i. e. very short; hence prob. הקבו as denom.; see הפבי 2) a term in architecture, a corbel 1 K. 7, 9.

הפט m. i. q. שפט 1, hand-breadth Ex. 25, 25; r. בפת

לפרוים (r. שפרוים, where see) m. pl. dandlings, caressings of infants in the arms, only in Lam. 2, 20; see Gram. § 108, 2, Rem. 2.

לשנין (fut. לשניין) perh. akin to charge, impute Job 13, 4, w. לש of the pers. Ps. 119, 69; w. by of thing Job 14, 17 נקניני and thou imputest over (i. e. more than) my guilt.

רפר א. או שלפריך m. Jer. 51, 27, pl. w. suf. או שלפריך Nah. 3, 17, prob. an Assyrian military title, general, captain. The word, if Semitic as is likely (see Gram. § 1, 1, Note ¹), is best explained perh. in Lee's Heb. Lexicon as akin to Chald. שָבָשָׁ (cf. אָבָאָ) good chief, brave captain.

 hence 당일 (which see). --- Prob. a mimetic r. akin to G. tappen, trippeln, E. tap, trip, pitapat.

קַבָּעָ II (obs.)i. q. אָשָׁט, which see.

Chald. (obs.) akin to Heb. דָשָׁרָ III, שָׁבָר, to project, to be pointed or sharp; hence

שפרין Chald. (pl. נְשַרִין) m. i. q. Heb. נְשָׁקָרָן, prop. a point, hence nail of a man Dan. 4, 30; claw or hoof of an animal Dan. 7, 19.

to be greasy or fat, hence fig. to be dull, stupid (cf. דָשָׁכָרן Is. 6, 10), only in Ps. 119, 70; comp. the like use of παχύς, L. pinguis.

רְשָׁשָׁ pr. n. f. (prob. a drop = יְשָׁשָׁ, r. נְשָׁשָׁ), 1 K. 4, 11.

to push or drive on, hence to persist, Prov. 27, 15 م a continual dropping from the roof...... Prob. mimetic, akin to Arab. مرزد Syr. بالمار Sans. trad (to press), L. trudo, E. thrust.

לרב Chald. i. q. Heb. אָרָר, to thrust out, drive forth Dan. 4, 22.

(which שָלָת (obs.) i. q. שָלָה (which see) to be fresh; hence ישרי.

only in K'thibh of Buth 3, 14 for שָרָם not yet.

קרח (Qal obs.) i. q. Chald. הְקָרְהַ to labour, to tire; only Hiph. הְקָרְהַת to cause to tire, only in Job 37, 11 to cause to tire, only in Job 37, 11 with rain he (God) burdens (or fatigues) the cloud. Hence

שְׁרָחָטָ (w. suf. טְרָהָטָ) m. an encumbrance Deut. 1, 12; a burden Is. 1, 14.

שָׁרָי (r. טֶרָה) m. only in fem.

שָׁרָשָ, fresk, of a wound Is. 1, 6, of a jaw-bone Judg. 15, 15.

נסור (obs.) perh. akin to נסור I, to wait for, to expect; hence perh. comes

(דָרָם .cf טַרָם I, or פָרָם; cf (בָּרָם) m. prop. expectation, prospect, בְּטַרֶם TE Is 28, 4 in prospect of harvest, i. e. before it came; used elsewhere as adv. prospectively, i. e. not yet, before, hence always w. fut. or inf. (except in 1 Sam. 3, 7, Ps. 90, 2, Prov. 8, 25, where the perf. occurs), Gen. 2, 5; Zeph. 2, 2, w. inf. , where also we have בַּטַרֶם לא רָבוֹא before there shall not come (for before or lest there shall come), as in the Ger. ehe er nicht kommt (see Gram. ל 152, 2); Hag. 2, 15 מַשֶּרֶם שוּרם אָבֶן from not yet to lay a stone, i. e. before the laying of a stone (comp. trp: in Is. 46, 10).

 \square (fut. יְשָׁרָת, יְשָׁרָת, from a tree or plant (cf. סָׁמָדָת, 1) to pluck, from a tree or plant (cf. סָׁמָדָת). 2) to rend, tear in pieces, as wild beasts Deut. 33, 20, as enemies or warriors Gen. 49, 27; fig. of God Ps. 50, 22, Hos. 6, 1. - Niph. to be torn in pieces Jer. 5, 6. — Pu. קיב, to be mangled, torn in pieces Gen. 37, 33. — Hiph. to cause to tear up food (i. e. to give to eat), to feed (cf. τρέφω) Prov. 30, 8. Hence τρτφ.

קר, (obs.) perh. akin to Arab. to be fresh, hence perh. to sprout forth, to luxuriate; hence perh. קיָק, . בָּרָה 1. --- Perh. akin to θρύπτω, G. treiben, E. thrive.

קרָם adj. m. fresh (r. קרָם), of a leaf, only in Gen. 8, 11, where it may mean neuoly plucked off, r. קרַם.

שָׁרָת m. 1) r. שָׁרָת *fresh leaf* (cf. עָבָר ז, פ. 2) r. שָׁרָת, prey of wild beasts Job 4, 11; Ps. 76, 5 בַּרְרֵי mountains of prey, i. e. whence the enemy makes prowling inroads; food Prov. 31, 15.

ו (ד. קרק f. collect. what is torn, cattle torn by wild beasts Gen. 31, 39; booty Nah. 2, 13.

רפליא Chald. m. pl. only in Ezr. 4, 9, Sept. Ταρφαλαΐοι, a people from whom colonists were sent to Samaria; perh. same as the Ταπουροί dwelling on the east of Elymais.

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עלא, the tenth letter in the Heb. alphabet, hence used also for the numeral 10. The name אין = רוֹד = רוֹד (cf. רוֹד, pl. רָיָר) means a hand, which is rudely figured, with out-stretched fingers, in the oldest characters, e. g. \wedge , \wedge (see Table

of Ancient Alphabets); whence the Greek $\tilde{l}\omega\tau\alpha$. Its force is that of y, a semi-consonant readily changing into the vowel \hat{i} (Gram. § 7, 2), which is sounded not as in Eng. but as in Keltic and German or French, as in *pique*. $\tilde{}$ interchanges — 1 w. its kindred

i. q. הָאָרָח אָיָה אָדָה, הָאָרָב אָדָר, וּאָרַב אָדָר, io long for, w. אָ only Ps. 119, 131.

הקאדן, to be becoming, suitable, w. $\frac{1}{2}$ of person, only in Jer. 10, 7; cf. Syr. $\sum |\hat{L}|$ becoming to, πρέπον τινί.

ראר see ראר.

יָאָוַרָּדָל , רְאַוַרָּדָל pr. n. m. (רָאַוַרָּדָל gives ear) Jer. 35, 3, 2 K. 25, 23; for which רְוַרְהָא Jer. 40, 8; רְוַרְהָרָ Jer. 42, 1.

ארך pr. n. m. (he, i. e. God, gives light) Judg. 10, 3 (in N. T. 'ໄάειρο: Mark 5, 22); patron. דָאָרָד 2 Sam. 20, 26.

גענל I (Qal obs.) i. q. אָנָל, to be wry; hence fig. to be dull, foolish. - Niph. איז to be foolish, to dote Is. 19, 13; to act the fool Num. 12, 11.

דו אָלָה II (Qal obs.) akin to אָלָה II, prob. Syr. Jo, to will, wish. -- Hiph. (fut. apoc. ליאל) to will, to

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venture or set about (Sept. άρχομαι), w. 5 and inf., Gen. 18, 27; to consent Judg. 17, 11; to be content or pleased Josh. 7, 7. --- Sanscr. val, βούλομαι L. volo, G. wollen, Engl. will, W. ewyllu; cf. Syr.

אדל III (obs.) i. q. אדל II, to be in front, to begin; hence מוֹא, מוֹא, מוֹאָל מוֹא.

אָרָע (obs.) prob. akin to אָרָע, prop. to gleam, glitter, as the surface of a stream in the sun-light; hence to flow, run fast: perh. hence

(w. ד, וואָרָה, pl. דָאָרָה, pl. דָאָרָה, c. דָאָרָים, once קאָר for קָאָרָה א. דָּאָרָים, stream Dan. 12, 5; esp. the Nile Gen. 41, 1; 12, 5; esp. the Nile Gen. 41, 1; 12, 5; esp. the Nile Gen. 41, 1; 12, 5; esp. the Nile that form the branches of the Nile that form the Delta Is. 7, 18; fosses or moats Is. 33, 21; channel or shaft, in a mine Job 28, 10. --- The name was prob. common to the Egyptian (Copt. 10P, 12PO, stream) and the Semitic; as perh. Nile is akin to אביר.

יָאָר patronym., see

(Qal obs.) i. q. Arab. , to despair, to give up or forsake something. - Niph. (مجتر) to despair of, desist from, w. [7] of what is abandoned 1 Sam. 27, 1; part. (مجتر) desperate, one in despair Job 6, 26; impers. to be hopeless Is. 57, 10. --Pi. (inf. (مجتر)) to cause to despair, w. acc. Ecc. 2, 20.

יָרָה אָשָׁעָרָז, אָשָׁעָרָז, pr. n. m. (יָּשָׁרָז, heals, r. יָּשָׁעָר) Zech. 6, 10; also Josiah king of Judah 642—611 B.C. 2 K. 23, 23.

רְאָאָדְיָד pr. n. m. (perh. for רְאָאָדְיָד. i. e. דָּ spies out, r. אור I) ו Ch. 6, 6; but אָדָני in v. 26.

(obs.) i. q. אוֹם, hence perh. עבוא Ez. 43, 11, for מוֹרָא.

יְבּלָק (w. suf. יְבּוּלָק), once יְבוּלָק Deut. 32, 22) m. prop. what flows or moves r. דָבָל I; hence produce of the land Lev. 26, 4; fig. wealth Job 20, 28.

יברס pr. n. (trodden, perh. threshing-floor, r. רָכָט or בוּס of a city Judg. 19, 10, afterwards Jerusalem, gentil. n. יברס *Jebusite* Gen. 10, 16, also for Jerusalem in יברס Judg. 19, 11 and without יבר josh. 15, 8, Zech. 9, 7.

ערש", אפט שבי.

pr. n. m. (he, i. e. God, chooses) 2 Sam. 5, 15.

ידר pr. n. m. (he, i. e. God, understands) Josh. 11, 1.

יברש ז) pr. n. m. (perh. he shames, r. ביש גלער 2 K. 15, 10. 2) pr. n. (dry) of a city in Gilead, fully יבריש גלער Jabesh Gilead 1 Sam. 11, 1, also יבש גלער Judg. 21, 8; r. יבש גלער

I (Qal obs.) prob. akin to גָּבָל , בּוּל , אָבַל ז, לוסש סי גער , גער , גער , גער , גער גער , גער , גער , גער , גער איבר , גער , גער , גער גער גער , גער , גער , גער גער , גער , גער , גער , גער , גער גער , גער , גער , גער , גער , גער גער , גער , גער , גער , גער , גער , גער גער , גער - Hoph. דארל to be led or brought Is. 53, 7; to be escorted, in pomp and state Ps. 45, 15; to be brought forward or presented, of gifts Is. 18, 7.

דון (obs.) prob. mimet. akin to גָבָל (which see), גָבָל, to sound aloud or shout, esp. in joy and triamph; hence רָבָל, רֹבָל

רבל Chald. i. q. Heb. יבל I. --Aph. דיבל to bring Ezr. 5, 14.

יְבְלֵי מִיָם 1) m. a stream; יְבָלי מִים streams of water Is. 44, 4. 2) pr. n. m. (stream) Gen. 4, 20; r. יַבַל

יובל, see יבל.

יְבְלְעָם pr. n. (perh. stream or confluence of people) of a city in Manasseh Josh. 17, 11; for which בּלְעָם in 1 Ch. 6, 55.

לה f. a running sore, ulcer, only in Lev. 22, 22; prop. adj. f. of obs. יָבָל, ד. בָבָל, I.

(obs.) perh. akin to אָאָר (obs.) perh. akin to גָאָב (cf. גָאָב akin to גָאָב), to long for, hence perh. to become attached, perh. hence

(w. suf. יְבָע) m. brother-inlaw, husband's brother Deut. 25, 5 (cf. δaήρ, L. levir). Hence the denom. verb

Difference only in Pl. to act the brother-in-law, to perform the levirate, i. e. to marry the widow of one's deceased brother Gen. 38, 8.

יְבְמָאָה (w. suf. רְבְמָאָה); the fem. of יְבָמָא (רְבָמָאָה). f. a sister-in-law, a brother's wife Deut. 25, 7; also a husband's brother's wife Buth 1, 15.

(obs.) prob. akin to בין, to



understand; hence הדְּבְנָה in K'thibh of Job 26, 12, where the Q'ri has הְבוּנָת.

דְרָהָאָל pr. n. (perh. God understands) of a city in Judah Josh. 15, 11; of a city in Naphtali Josh. 19, 33.

ירביה pr. n. (he, i. e. God, causes to build) of a city in Philistia 2 Ch. 26, 6; still called by the Arabs איי Yebna.

יְבְרָיָה, יְבְרָיָה pr. n. m. (דְּ builds) 1 Ch. 9, 8.

עס (obs.) prob. akin to בוס (which see), to tread down, trample; hence perh. רבול

עבדי (obs.) akin to בדיע, Arab. בדיע to shine, to be splendid; hence הבריב.

Rab. ورفعة, to pour or gush forth, hence

ph" pr.n. (gushing out) of a stream near Mount Gilead, flowing into the Jordan Gen. 32, 23; now called *Wady Zerga.*

יָבָרָכָרָא: pr. n. m. (דָּבָרָכָרָא: Is. 8, 2.

لابتر (fut. بترين , pl. , pl. بترين , pl. بترلي , pl. بتريري , pl. بترين , pl. بترين , pl

(Gram. § 69, 3, Bem. 6). — Hiph. tractionto make dry, to wither, of vegetation Is. 42, 15; to dry up, of water Josh. 2, 10. Intrans. to become dry, of vegetation Joel 1, 10; fig. of joy, to cease Joel 1, 12.

עם (Qal obs.) i. q. נישׁם (which see), used only in — Hiph. לעש to put to shame 2 Sam. 19, 6. Intrans. to feel ashamed Jer. 2, 26; to be put to shame Jer. 48, 1; to cause shame or act shamefully Hos. 2, 7.

מָלָבָשָׁל adj. m., רְבָשָׁה f. 1) dry Job 13, 25. 2) pr. n. (dry) of a city i. q. בריש. 3) pr. n. m. (dry) 2 K. 15, 10.

עב" fut. Qal of שוֹם, Gram. §. 72, 4. שבי Chald. (obs.) i. q. Heb.

יבָשָׁש. Deriv. רַבַּשֶׁר.

קבָשֶׁה] f. prop. the dry, hence dry ground Ex. 14, 16; the dry land, as opp. to the sea Gen. 1, 9; r. בַּשָׁק.

רְבָשָׂם pr. n. m. (fragrant, r. בָּשָׂם) 1 Ch. 7, 2.

רַבָּשֶׁד f. i. q. רְבָשָׁד, the dry land Ps. 95, 5, Ex. 4, 9.

רְבָשְׁחָא Chald. (def. רְבָשְׁחָא) the dry land; fig. the world Dan. 2, 10.

pr. n. m. (he, i. e. God, redeems) Num. 13, 7.

(only part. pl. ריּוְבְרִים) i. q. ריּוְבְרִים (which see) to cut up, to plough Jer. 52, 16, Q'ri of 2 K. 25, 12; hence

בב m. a ploughed field, only in Jer. 39, 10.

קבקור, pr. n. (high, r. אָבָהָוּה) of a place in Gad Num. 32, 35.

וְדָהְלְרָהָל pr. n. m. (דְּהָלְרָהָל Jer. 35, 4.

I (Qal obs.) akin to יְרָנַע, to be pressed or pained. — Niph. אָרָנָע,

for ליבָח (פּבָר , only in part. m. ליבָח (pl. c. ליבָר , כובָר , c.), f. (פּבַר , c.), ליבָח afflicted, grieved (pl. בעניק בעניקר , t.), tam. 1, 4), בעניקר , c. afflicted (far away) from the sacred assembly (see Gram. § 141) Zeph. 3, 18. — Pi. to put to grief (גער , cause to be grieved Is 51, 23.

II (Qal obs.) i. q. דָּבָה II, Syr. אָרָ ל to expel (cf. ἀγω); to separate or remove. — Hiph. דֹבָה to take away or remove, only in 2 Sam. 20, 13.

ן (w. suf. רְגוֹנָס, r. יְגוֹנָס, I) m. affliction, sorrow Gen. 42, 38.

קלור adj. m. fearful Jer. 22, 25; r. יָגָר.

of a place in Judah Josh. 15, 21.

לָבָרָ adj. m. wearied, only in Job 8, 17; r. יָנַע

ליב" (ר. אין m. labour, toil Gen. 31, 42; a work done w. labour Job 10, 3; gain, earnings of labour Is. 45, 14; pain or labour of producing offspring) Job 39, 16.

רִדָּעָה (only c. רְּעָשׁה) f. weariness, only Ecc. 12, 12.

וֹגָלָד pr. n. m. (an exile, r. גְּלָה II) Num. 34, 22.

727 (obs.) perh. akin to Arab.

رجى, to press or crush; hence prob. الإيار see الم

(fut. ٣٢٣) i. q. Arab. وَجَعَ to pain; to labour, toil Is. 49, 4; w. p of the work Josh. 24, 13, also w. acc. Is. 47, 15; w. ٣٢ for Hab. 2, 13; to be weary Is. 40, 31; w. 7 of the cause Ps. 6, 7, Is. 43, 22. — Pi. to weary Josh. 7, 3. — Hiph. Third to cause to be weary, w. acc. of pers. and I of means Is. 43, 23. Hence

לָכָּע m. labour, wages (earned by toil) Job 20, 18.

לָרָע 3, adj. m. weary, exhausted Deut. 25, 18; fig. of words, weak, flagging Ecc. 1, 8; r. בָּיָר

Chald. (i. q. Syr.) m. a heap, stone-heap Gen. 31, 47.

(only in יְגְרְהָד, הְיְבְרָהָ, akin to יְבָרָהָ, to fear, to be afraid of w. acc. Job 3, 25, w. קנור Deut. 9, 19; hence מִפַרַ.

רָרָכֵם , יָרָר . suf. יָרָכ (c. יָרָכ, w. suf. יָרָ Gram. § 27, 3, Rem. 2, a; dual יִדֵיָם, c. יְדֵיָם; pl. יָדִוֹת, c. יְדֵיָם) f. 1) prop. the out-stretching member (r. III which see), hence the hand Ex. 21, 24. The dual Tris gen. used for the two natural hands Zech. 13, 6, rarely for the plur. e.g. Job 4, 3; but the pl. דָדוֹת only for artificial or imaginary hands, e.g. tenons Ex. 26, 17, axles 1 K. 7, 32. 2) fig. power, force Gen. 16, 12; help Deut. 32, 36; a slap or stroke Ex. 9, 3. 3) fig. the side of a thing, e.g. the brink of a stream Ex. 2, 5; hence w. prep. לד at the side of, near 1 Sam. 19, 3, also w. like sense 1 Sam. 4, 18, אל-דָד 2 Sam. 14, 30, על־רָדָר 2 Sam. 15, 2, על־רָד Num. 34, 3; hence also דִרָים both sides, on each hand, e. g. רְחַב יְדָרָם wide on both hands i. e. in all directions Ps. 104, 25. 4) fig. space or place Deut. 23, 13, דָרָם places or parts Josh. 8, 20; hence, part, portion Dan. 12, 7; pl. רוֹה parts or times (adverbially) Gen. 43, 34, Dan. 1, 20. 5) fig. a monumental pillar 2 Sam. 18, 18; way-mark Ez. 21, 24. - Many idio-

matic expressions are formed w. T which must be explained to suit the context, e. g. the hand is against (2) somebody i. e. does him harm Gen. 16, 12, also with (=) somebody i. e. to assist 2 Ch. 30, 12; the hand of God is (i. e. rests) on (يرط بيرة) somebody 1 K. 18, 46, Ez. 1, 3; to turn (דושיב) the hand against (עַל) somebody Am. 1, 8; to give the hand (נְרָדְ רְד) i. e. to pledge by striking hands 2 K. 10, 15, also in the act of submission Jer. 50, 15, also w. הַתַּרַת ו Ch. 29, 34; דר ליד hand to hand, i. e. from generation to generation, zver, but w. negative, never Prov. 11, 21; ברד by means of Num. 15, 23, with 1 Sam. 14, 34, near Job 15, 23, בָּרָדֶם at their side 1 Bam. 21, 14; קרד after the hand i. e. ability or manner of 1 K. 10, 13; בּרן יְדָרָם between the hands, i. e. on the breast Zech. 13, 6 (cf. בֵּרָן דֶרְנֵים on the forehead). - Other forms will be seen under the various verbs w. which יָתָן is used, e. g. שָׁלָח, שָׁלָח, שָׁלָח,

רָדָדָ, w. suf. יְדָדָא (def. יְדָדָא) f. i. q. Heb. יְדָדָה אחל, the hand; יְדָדָר jin possession of Ezr. 7, 14; יְדַדַר to place in the power of Dan. 7, 25; יִדָר from the power of Dan. 6, 28.

Chald. (Pe'al obs.) i. q. Heb. איז I, to utter; then fig. 1) to confess. 2) to praise. — Aph. אוורא (part. קוודא Dan. 2, 23, also contract. confess. 6, 11) to praise, celebrate.

רְאָלָה: pr. n. (perh. povertystricken, r. דָאָלָה) of a city in Zebulon Josh. 19, 15.

ערבי pr. n. m. (honeyed) 1 Ch. 4, 3.

I (obs.) i. q. דוּה, Arab.

, to love warmly; hence יְדִידוּת,

ון ז, to cast or דָרָר II i. q. דָרָד II, to cast or throw lots, only in 3 pl. perf. דָרָד Joel 4, 3, Nah. 3, 10, Obad. 11. Cf. דְרָד II.

וּדָדָר (r. יְדָדָר) f. love, friendship, only fig. a beloved object Jer. 12, 7.

I (Qal obs.) prob. akin to I (which see), to sound forth, speak out.-Hiph. הירה (fut. רובה, also רחודה Neh. 11, 17, Gram. § 53, Reni. 7) 1) to confess Prov. 28, 13; w. על respecting Ps. 32, 5. 2) to praise, i. e. to mention aloud Gen. 39, 35, also w. > Ps. 92, 2. 3) to sing, of a choir singing together, hence ותידה.—Hith. היתיהה 1) to confess, respecting or against oneself Dan. 9, 4: w. acc. of charge Lev. 5, 5; w. אַ Neh. 1, 6. 2) to praise, w. ל of pers. 2 Ch. 30, 22.--- Mimet. akin to Sans. id (sing), vad (speak), ἀείδω, άδω, αὐδή, ψδή, W. gwêd (tell).

ון (imper. ידי) akin to וְיָדֵר, דְיָרָה, אוֹש וּשָׁרָה, וְיָדָר, אוֹש וּשָׁרָה, וְיָדָר, ווֹ עָּדָר, ווֹ עָּדָה, ווֹ עָּדָה, ווֹ עָּדָה, (which see) to throw or cast Jer. 50, 14.— Pi. יְדָה, (inf. דְיָה, Zech. 2, 4) to throw, cast e. g. stones Lam. 3, 53 (לַדָּרָה for יְדָהָרָה, Gram. § 69, Rem. 6).

נדָה Lam. 3, 53, for יְרָהָד Juan. 3, 53, for יְרָה It. Pi. of יְרָה (, cf. Gram. §69, Bem. 6. Cf. יָרָה

יַדֵּר see יַדָּר

רדר pr. n. m. (loving, for רָדָר, r. I) 1 Ch. 27, 21.

pr. n. m. (judge) Neh. 3, 7.

pr. n. m. (much known or knowing) Neh. 10, 22.

דרתון pr. n. m. (r. דרתון I, praising or confessing, from obs. subst. (דרה (דרה)

1 Ch. 9, 16; also רְרָתוּק 2 Ch. 35, 15, and רְרָתוּק Neh. 11, 17 K'thibh.

יהי loving) Ezr. 10, 43 Q'ri.

ליידיין (c. ייידי) adj. m., ייידיין f. (pl ייידיין) lovely, pleasant Ps. 84, 2; as subst. one beloved, a friend Is. 5, 1; pl. m. beloved ones Ps. 60, 7; pl. f. loves or delights Ps. 45 (title); r. יידי I.

• أَبْرَانَ pr. n. f. (beloved) 2 K. 22, 1.

a name of Solomon, given by the prophet Nathan 2 Sam. 12, 25.

ידי, pr. n. m. (perh. he thanks די, 1 Ch. 4, 37.

pr. n. m. (known of God) 1 Ch. 7, 6.

ידותהן 506 ידיתהן.

רָד אפפ , רָדְכָם, איר איז איז.

Gen. 22, 22.

דים fut. Qal of דָּשָׁם, Gram. § 67, Rem. 3.

קביד 1 Sam. 2, 9 for דביד fut. Niph. of דָּכָם Gram. § 67, Bem. 11.

יודע I (fut. יודע, once יודע Ps. 138, 6 Gram. § 70, Rem.; inf. abs. רָעָר , c. רְעָר, וּשָר, יִדְעָר, יִרָעָר, סחכי, סחכי , רָעָר Prov. 24, 14) perh. akin to יעד I to fix or settle (by the eye or mind, cf. L. cerno); hence 1) to know, by seeing Ex. 2, 4, by feeling Gen. 19, 33, by hearing Lev. 5, 1; hence to understand Gen. 8, 11, w. 7 of the means Ex. 7, 17; to be aware Jer. 50, 24; to respect, opp. to by, Job 9, 21; to be acquainted with Ps. 36, 11, Deut. 9, 24, part. act. pl. w. suf. ירָאָ*י my acquaintances* Job 19, 13, part. pass. רְדּעַ known Is. 53, 3 רְדּעַ **known** (i. e. the acquaintance) of disease as one much afflicted; to have sexual intimacy, of the man Gen. 4, 17, of the woman Gen. 19, 8; to know of or about, w. D Gen. 19, 33, w. by Job 37, 16; to be knowing or skilled as to any thing Gen. Jon. ל Jon. בין and Jon. 4, 11; to know how, w. inf. Jer. 1, 6, also w. fin. verb Job 82, 22 (see Gram. § 142); absol. to know or have knowledge Job 8, 9; hence יִדְאָים i. q. ווּבָמִים Job 34, 2. – Nipb. נודע (fut. רְנָרָע, דְנָרָע) to be perceived, known Gen. 41, 21; to know oneself Jer. 31, 19; to be or become known, w. 🔉 of the means Ex. 33, 16, w. 🔈 Is. 19, 21, w. אל Ez. 20, 9 of pers. to whom. Impers. it is known 1 Sam. 6, 3. — Pi. to cause to know, to teach, w. two acc. Job 38, 12. — Pu. only in part. מִרְדָע well known, w. suf. מְרָדָעָ my acquaintance Ps. 31, 12; קיְדֵעָת (K'thibh) something well known or notorious Is. 12, 5. — Po'el. רוֹדַע to shew or appoint, only in 1 Sam. 21, 3 (see Gram. § 55, 1). -Hiph. הוֹדִיע (imp. הוֹדִיע) to cause to know, w. two acc. Jer. 16, 21; w. ج of pers. and acc. of thing Ex. 18, 20; to teach i. e. to chastise, to give a severe lesson by punishment Judg. 8, 16, but see רודע II. -- Hoph. הודע (for האדע, Gram. § 69, Bem. 7) to be made known, w. אל Lev. 4, 23; part. f. מוּדְעָת (Q'ri) Is. 12, 5 (see Pu.). — Hith. דיתורע (Gram. § 69, 2) to make oneself known, w. אל to Gen. 45, 1; of God, to reveal himself Num. 12, 6. ---- Prob. akin to Sans. vid (know), ciów, L. video, G. wissen, E. wit, Irish eidir, W. gwydh (knowledge).

II (Qal obs.) perh. akin to גָרָע, אָרָע I, to cut; hence perh. to lacerate, only in Hiph. in Judg. 8, 16 נְרָע בָּרָם and he caused to lacer-

ate therewith the men of Succoth, but see Hiph. of רָרָע I.

Chald. (fut. יְנָדָע Dan. 2, 9) i. q. Heb. יְרָעָ to perceive, understand Dan. 2, 8; to know Dan. 5, 22; part. pass. יְרָיע known Ezr. 4, 12. – Aph. יְרָיע (fut. יְרָוֹעָע , part. יָרָיע) to make known, w. b of pers. Dan. 2, 15; to cause to know, w. two acc. Dan. 2, 23.

pr. n. m. (intelligent) 1 Ch. 2, 28.

וְדָעָרָה pr. n. m. (דְעָרָה knows) 1 Ch. 9, 10.

יִדְעָרָ (pl. רְעָנִים) m. prop. a knowing one, hence a wizard (= G. Weiser, E. wise one; cf. Arab. שון prop. intelligent, then magician) Lev. 19, 31; fig. a wizard spirit Lev. 20, 27; r. דָעָרָ I w. adj. ending.

לה לה poetic, shortened form of יה (rather of יִהְוָה, see Gram. § 17) having the same meaning Ex. 15, 2; sometimes in union w. יְהוֹה Is. 26, 4 or יְהוֹה Ps. 68, 19. In prop. names it is changed into יִהוֹ יִה יָהוֹ.

ראם דב Chald. (imp. בם Dan. 5, 17; part. act. בָּהַר Dan. 2, 21; part. pass. ביה שנאל איר שנאל היה שנאלים שנאל היה שנאל היה שנאלים היה שנאלים שנאל

ירָר m. a gift; fig. lot, condition, perh. in Ps. 55, 23; but see under רָרָב.

pr. n. (for דְּהֹרָ praise) of a town in Dan. Josh. 19, 45.

יָרָאָדָי pr. n. m. (leader, r. הָּדָהָ) 1 Ch. 2, 47.

יְדְהָנָה short forms of רְדְהָנָה, only used in prop. names; see רָדָה.

۲. n. m. (living one, r. (ټزې) a king of Israel, B.C. 884-856 1 K. 19, 16; also a prophet 1 K. 16, 1.

Thy pr. n. m. (ج keeps) aking of Judah, B.C. 611, 2 K. 23, 31: also a king of Israel, B.C. 856-849 2 K. 10, 35.

עלא pr. n. m. (prob. דו supports, r. אוֹש II) a king of Judah, B.C.

יְהוּכַל

877—838 2 K. 12, 1: also a king of Israel, B.C. 840—825 2 K. 13, 10. Of. שֹׁאָשׁי.

הלבד Chald. fut. Aph. of אבר

להדר Chald. (i. q. Heb. להדר Chald. (i. q. Heb. להדר) Judea, land of Judah Dan. 2, 25; also the people (cf. Arab. גָּהָרָבָאָר) the Jews; hence denom. דְרָהְרָבָא

יוֹדֶה Neh. 11, 17 for יוֹדֶה fut. Hiph. of יִדָּק, Gram. § 53, Rem. 7.

Judah, a son of Jacob Gen. 29, 35. 2) pr. n. of the tribe descended from Judah, called ישטח עשוח ג. 2 Sam. 2, 7, ישטח 1, 27, גערין אניין Num. 1, 27, 3) pr. n. of the country inhabited by the tribe Is. 3, 8. 4) pr. n. of the kingdom formed of Judah and Benjamin (after the defection of the other ten tribes), called אַרְטָה ווּשָׁר וּדָרָ in Is. 19, 17. 5) pr. n. of the whole of Palestine subsequent to the captivity Hag. 1, 14. 6) name of several other persons, e. g. Neh. 11, 9.

(pl. יְהאִדְיּרם and יָהאִדִים) m., fem. יְהאִדִיה, a citizen of the kingdom of Judah, a Judean 2 K. 16, 6; after the captivity a member of any tribe, a Jew, a Hebrew Neh. 1, 2, fem. a Jewess 1 Ch. 4, 18.

יְדאָרָד pr. n. m. (Jew) Jer. 36, 14. רְהּרָאָין Chald. (only pl. יְהּרָאָין, def. (רְהּרָיָא , החּרָאַ a Jew Dan. 3, 8.

(Sept. lovoaïστί) in Jewish, i. e. in the Jewish tongue 2 K. 18, 26. 2) pr. n. f. (praised) Judith Gen. 26, 34.

of The be, either in Qal or in If in Qal, it means He Hiph'il. is, i. e. the Supreme Being, the Eternal, as may appear from Ex. 3, 14, where God names himself אהריה אָשָר אָדְרָה, and simply אָדָר אָדְרָה (cf. b ών χαί ό ήν χαί ό έργόμενος in Apoc. 1, 4), and it should be pointed yehwe; but if in Hiph., it means He causes to be, i. e. the Great First Cause (cf. έν αὐτῷ γὰρ ζῶμεν χαὶ χινούμεθα χαὶ ἐσμέν Acts 17, 28) and should be pointed rain yahwe (see Gram. § 17 at end). But when the Jews felt the name to be too sacred to utter, they read אַרֹנָי (Sept. ό Κύριος, Syr. مدزما, Vulg. dominus, Lord); hence its vowels are put to in the Massoretic text. --- Hence with prefixes this name is written , ביחוָה, ביחוָה, as if there stood בארכר, etc. (see Gram. § 102 at end). But when רְיחֹיָה, precedes הָיחֹיָה, the Massorites avoid repeating , give to אלדרם the vowels of אלדרם and write אדֹני יהוה Lord God, as in Is. 50, 4. --- is notably found in line 18 on the newly discovered Moabite Stone, set up 900 years B. C. by Mesha, king of Moab 2 K. 3, 4; see يَتْ عَلَى .

י ז קוֹדָבָר pr. n. m. (דְּוָבָר is giver) 1 Ch. 26, 4.

יהוֹדָוֹלָן pr. n. m. (הי is gracious) 2 Ch. 17, 15; see ריֹתָען.

דרוֹיְדָע pr. n. m. (Jehovah is omniscient) 2 K. 11, 4.

ירוֹרָבָין pr. n. m. (דָּוֹרְבָין stablishes) a king of Judah, B. C. 600, 2 K. 24, 6; also בָּרְהָרָג Jer. 22, 24.

pr.n. m. (דוֹרָקִים pr.n. m. (דוֹרָקִים of Judah, B. C. 611–600, 2 K. 23, 34.

דוֹרָרָרב pr. n. m. (דוֹרְרָרָב pleads) 1 Ch. 9, 10.

רורבל pr. n. m. (perh. for רורבל,

mighty is רְּחָלָים, cf. דּוֹקִים for (יְהוֹיָקִים) Jer. 37, 3, but הבל in Jer. 38, 1.

דוֹנְדָרָ pr. n. m. (דוֹנְדָר is bountiful) 2 K. 10, 15.

דוונתן pr. n. m. (דוונתן is giver) 1 Sam. 14, 6; also רינתן 1 Ch. 2, 32.

רוכן pr. n. m. (he increases) Ps. 81, 6; see רוסק:

דועָדָר pr. n. m. (דּוֹעָדָר adorns) 1 Ch. 8, 36.

דולבָדָן pr. n. f. (דולבָדָן is delightsome, r. נְעָרָן 2 Ch. 25, 1.

רוֹצָרָק pr. n. m. (דוֹצָרָ is righteous) Hag. 1, 1; also רוֹצָרָ Ezr. 3, 2.

רוֹרָם pr. n. m. (דְּוֹרְם is high) a king of Judah, B. C. 891-884, 2 K. 8, 16; also a king of Israel, B. C. 896-884, 2 K. 3, 1.

יָדוֹשָׁבַע יָד. n. f. (דָוֹשָׁבַע יַזי is the oath, cf. אָלִישֶׁבָע) 2 K. 11, 2: for which יהושַבָּצַי in 2 Ch. 22, 11.

ידוֹשׁלַ, ידוֹשׁלַ pr. n. m. (דָּוֹשׁרָּעַ help) Ex. 17, 9, Zech. 3, 1.

تَكَتَرَبُونَ pr. n. m. (ات is judge) a king of Judah, B. C. 914 – 839, 1 K. 22, 41; also تَشْوَطْ

קרה fut. apoc. of הְרָה, Gram. § 75, Rem. 3, e.

יְדֵוֹלָלָד Is. 52, 5 Hiph. of יְדֵוֹלָלָד for זְיַלֵּלָם.

ירָקר (r. ירָקר) adj. m. elated, arrogant Hab. 2, 5; but this may perh. de akin to Syr. in, Aph. ini to injure or molest (cf. E. harry), and so mean aggressive.

הדרך Chald. fut. of דוות.

אָדָל Is. 13, 20 for אָאָדָל fut. Pi. of גָּדָל, Gram. § 68, Rem. 2.

רְהָלָאָל pr. n. m. (he praises God) 2 Ch. 29, 12. שר היותים m. name of a precious stone, so called perh. for its hardness (r. קלם I), or rather for its brilliance (r. II) a diamond or adamant Ex. 28, 18.

أرهَضَ (obs.) i. q. Arab. زَهَضَ to tread or trample down; hence

יְרָוֹץ pr. n. (w. ד- loc. יְרָאָ Deut. 2, 32 trampled place) of a city of Moab Is. 15, 4.

(obs.) prob. akin to הָיָרָ to be high, or to Syr. in (iia), Aph. in to molest, hence fig. to be arrogant or aggressive; hence הָיָרָער

דָרָז see רְדָוֹתֵלר.

דאָב pr. n. m. (דָּאָב is father) 2 Sam. 2, 24.

ראָלוֹן pr. n. m. (דָּ is brother) 2 K. 18, 18.

לאָרָד Chronicler to king Josiah 2 Ch. 34, 8, i. q. רויאָרָד, wh. see.

ואל pr. n. m. (דְּוֹאָל pr. n. m. (קָּרָ is might or God) a prophet Joel 1, 1.

עָאָז' pr. n. m. (prob. דָּיָ supports) 2 K. 12, 20, also רְהוֹאָשׁ, which see.

לכם (obs.) perh. akin to r. יַכָּב to shout aloud; hence

רוב pr. n. m. (loud-shouting) Gen. 46, 13.

וֹכָּב pr. n. m. (battle-shout, r. יְבָר,) of a son of Joktan Gen. 10, 29; also of a Canaanite king Josh. 11, 1.

יבל יס יובל יס וובל יס יובל יז ירבלים וון יבל יס יובל skin to יבי יאוור see) a blast, a loud sound, a shout or signal; hence graf the loud-sounding or signal horn Josh. 6, 5; ישיובל signaltrumpet; without יביל יקרן שיארת the signal-blast is draun out i. e. prolonged Ex. 19, 18; שינה שיני

year of Jubilee i.e. of loud and joyous sound, namely the fiftieth year, announced to the people by means of the signal horn or trumpet Lev. 25, 13; also without الجنية, Lev. 25, 28 إين in the Jubilee. Akin to L. jubilum, G. jubel, E. peal.

רְבָל pr. n. m. (perh. jubilant, r. יבָל II) Gen. 4, 21.

רּבַל m. i. q. יְדָבָל, river, stream, only in Jer. 17, 8; r. יָבָל I.

רוֹזָבָד pr. n. m. (דְּוָבָד presented) 2 Ch. 31, 13, i. q. רְהוֹזָבָד.

רוֹוָכָר pr. n. m. (דְּ is mindful) 2 K. 12, 22.

קא pr. n. m. (perh. יוֹדָא) lives, דָא short for יוָדָא 1 Ch. 8, 16.

יוֹדְוֹכָן pr. n. m. (דְּיָהָן is gracious) 1 Ch.5, 35 i. q. יְהוֹדָנָן, hence ไשמֹעזער,

יַשָּׁח, see יַנְשָׁר.

pr.n.m. (דר knows) Neh. 3, 6.

יוֹדְרָרָן pr. n. m. (דְּרָרָן establishes) Ez. 1, 2, i. q. יָהוֹיָכָרן.

pr. n. m. (דָּקָרם) Neh. 12, 10.

pr. n. m. (pleads) Neh. 11,5.

is glorious) דּיָבֶר the mother of Moses Ex. 6, 20.

أَحَرَّ fut. Qal of بَرْخَ *to be able*, see Gram. § 69, Rem. 3. — Also pr. n. m. (potent) Jer. 38, 1.

לוֹכְלוּ Ez. 42, 5 perh. for זֹּבְלוּ fut. Qal of אַכַל

קר דולַדָּה Gen. 16, 11 for דולַדָּה part. fem. of רָלָד, see Gram. § 94, Bem. 1.

רְבָרָם (pl. רְבָרָם, Gram. § 96, c. רְבָרָם, poet. רְבָרָם, dual רְבָרָם; r. בֹּשֹׁי) m. rarely f. Jer. 17, 18, day, either the period between sunrise and sunset, opp. to the night Gen. 1, 14; or the 24 hours inclusive of night (cf. vux-לאָנָגָרָטָרָ 2 Cor. 11, 25) Gen. 7, 24.

day or season (cf. ή ήμέρα 1 Cor. 3,13), thus e.g. it stands for a festival day Hos. 7, 5, a birth-day Job 3, 1, day of calamity Obad. 12, day of battle Is. 9, 3. As an adv. (= רוֹקט) by day Ps. 88, 2; so also רום רום (Gen. 39, 10), בָּכָל־רוֹם וִרוֹם (Est. 2, וום ברום (Prov. 21, 26), כל-חייום (11) (1 Ch. 12, 22), ליום ביום (2 Ch. 24, 11), day by day, daily, ברום ברום as day by day, i. e. daily 1 Sam. 18, 10. With the article (Gram. § 109, Rem., § 150, 2), it means to-day Gen. 4, 14; at this or that day, hence ביוֹם immediately Prov. 12, 16, lately Judg. 13, 10; but also, in the day-time Gen. 31, 40; כַּיּוֹם according to to-day, now Is. 58, 4; מיום חוד as this day i. e. as things are now Gen. 50, 20; also about that time Gen. 39, 11; מִיוֹם from the time, since Deut. 9, 24. The pl. rera (rarely in Chaldee form יְמָרָן Dan. 12, 13) is used to express days Gen. 24, 55 or some days in Gen. 27, 44; or time Is. 39, 6 or some time Gen. 40, 4; also a year, e. g. זַבָּח הַיַמִים the yearly sacrifice 1 Sam. 2, 19, קיַמָים רָמֵימָה from year to year Ex. 13, 10. --- المدعدًا (Syr. مدعدًا, Arab. is from ידם or רְפָה I to be warm or bright ; perh. akin to ημαρ, ήμέρα.

רו⊂ם רוֹמִין, pl. רוֹמִין, c. רוֹמִי, רוֹמָי, def. רְיוֹמָי, ווֹמָת, רוֹמָר, רוֹמָר, לוֹמָר, לוֹמָר, רוֹמָר, לוֹמָר, לוֹמָר, לוֹמָר, לוֹמָר,

(obs.) prob. akin to r. רְּכָּם, II, דָּכָם II, to be warm or bright, hence רום.

רוֹטָע (from. רוֹש w. ending ש., Gram. § 100, 3) adv. by day Ex. 13, 21; daily Ez. 30, 16; all the day Ps. 13, 3.

(obs.) prob. to boil or bubble

שף, to ferment; hence perh. יָיַן and (cf. קַמָּר from הַמָּר I, 2).

ייו

ון דָּרָרָ 1) pr. n. of a people and land, Javan, Ionia or Greece Gen. 10, 2; גַּלָרָ בָּרָוֹעָרָ גָּשָׁ king of Greece i. e. Alexander the great Dan. 8, 21. Patron. רְּיָנָרָ bence בַּרַיָּרָיָרָם sons of the Ionians (cf. טוֹגָ אָעָמוּשׁׁי), the Greeks Joel 4, 6. 2) pr. n. of a city in Arabia, now Yawân in Yemen Ez. 27, 19. ----This noun is perh. akin to דָיָ (which see) wine, and may denote vine-land, as Greece was famed for its wines and the worship of Bacchus.

יור m. prop. bubbling or oozing, hence mire or mud Ps. 40, 3; יין mire of depth i. e. a bog or quagmire Ps. 69, 3; r. יין.

דובָרָב pr. n. 2 Sam. 13, 3, see רובי.

וֹרָרָה (pl. רֹּינִים) f. 1) a dove Gen. 8, 8; אָני רוֹנָה young doves Lev. 5, 7; אין my dove, a term of endearment addressed to a female Cant. 2, 14. The r. is prob. רָבָה II to coo or mourn. 2) pr. n. m. (dove) of a prophet 2 K. 14, 25.

רְנָרָ patron. of רְנָן, only in pl. רְנָנָרִם *Ionians*; see in יְנָרָם.

רְבָּרָ (prop. part. of רְבָרָ) m. 1) a sucking child Is. 11, 8. 2) a young twig, as it were the suckling of the tree, a shoot Is. 53, 2; cf. μόσχος.

וֹנְקָר f. twig, shoot, branch Ps. 80, 12; r. <u>רְנ</u>ָק.

יהונתן see יונתן.

לוסד pr. n. m. (prob. He, i. e. God, gives increase) one of Jacob's sons and a patriarch Gen. 30, 24; ברי דיסק (Josh. 17, 17), ברי דיסק (Num. 26, 28), also ברי דיסק (Num. 26, 28) alone (Gen. 49, 22) = Ephraim and Manasseh, the tribes descended from Joseph; in Am. 5, 6 ברי דיסק is the ten tribes; in Ps. 80, 2 ייסק is the whole nation of Israel. רוֹסְפָרָה pr. n. m. (ק gives increase) Ezr. 8, 10.

יוֹדָאָלָה pr. n. m. (perh. for רוֹדָאָלָה, let him help) 1 Ch. 12, 7.

רועד pr. n. m. (דעד is witness) Neh. 11, 7.

יוֹעָזָן pr. n. m. (דְּעָזָן is help) 1 Ch. 12, 6.

יוֹצֵץ, see י<u>ו</u>ּצֵץ.

על דעל pr. n. m. (אין hastens, cf. r. נוער I) 1 Ch. 7, 8.

יָהוֹצָדָ see רָאָדָד.

ראָבר (part. of דְעָר ווּ (דְעָר סוּ חוֹ מָבר) (part. of דּמָשר) m. a fashioner or framer in general, then 1) a potter Is. 41, 25; בּלָר רוֹצָר בָּאָר מָבָר vessel i. e. earthenware Ps. 2, 9; a fashioner in stone or wood, a statuary Is. 44, 9. 2) maker, creator, of God Jer. 10, 16. 3) i. q. אַבָּר, a treasure, perh. in Zech. 11, 13.

וֹקִים pr. n. m. 1 Ch. 4, 22, sce יוֹקים, יוֹיקים

לוד 2 K. 13, 17 fut. apoc. Hiph. for דְרָה, r. דָרָה.

רוֹרָא (or רוֹהָה) Prov. 11, 25 is watered, prob. fut. Hoph. for יּרָה, דיָרָה, דיָרָה.

רוֹרָד, pr. n. m. (perh. = רוֹרָד, Ezr. 2, 18, but הָרִיהָ in Neh. 7, 24.

וֹתָרָה (part. Qal of יוֹתָרה) m. watering Hos. 6, 3; hence the autumnal or early rain, falling heavily in Palestine, from middle of Oct. till January, and preparing the ground for the seed Deut. 11, 14; opp. to שָׁלְשָׁשָׁ Jer. 5, 24.

pr. n. m. (perh. for וֹרָר an archer) 1 Ch. 5, 13.

יהוֹרָם 2 K. 8, 16, see יוֹרָם.

רושב הסר pr. n. m. (kindness is returned) 1 Ch. 3, 20.

רוֹשָׁרְרָה pr. n. m. (דְּשָׁרְרָה causes to dwell, r. רָשָׁר (בָּב 1 Ch. 4, 85.

לושָׁרְאָר Jer. 22, 23 K'thibh for ישָׁר part. fem. Qal of ישָׁר, w. י parag. (Gram. § 90, 3, *a*).

יושר, pr. n. m. (perh. די presents, cf. נשויד ו Ch. 4, 34.

יוֹשַׁוְיָד, pr. n. m. 1 Ch. 11, 46; ארושה.

רושָׁבָט 1 Ch. 11, 43, see ירושָׁבָט 1

רוֹתָזם pr. n. m. (הין is perfect) a king of Judah, B. C. 759 — 743, 2 K. 15, 5.

וֹתָר, יוֹתָר (prop. part. of יוֹתָר) m. the remainder, the rest 1 Sam. 15, 15; gain, profit Ecc. 6, 8. As adv. more, further Ecc. 2, 15; w. אם more than Ecc. 12, 12; also besides Est. 6, 6; שָׁר besides that Ecc. 12, 9. Hence

לוֹתָרָת f. prop. what is redundant or overlapping; דַאַרָרָר פַל הַכָּבָד 13, דַאָרָתָר פַל הַכָּבַד נאיַרָר פָל הַעָּבָר בַיּר גער די הַעָּרָת בַיּרָר בַיּרָת בַיָּרָר ווא הַתָּרָת בַיָּרָר בַיָּרָר בַיָּרָר בַיָּרָר lev. 8, 16, collect. the lobes (the flaps) of the liver.

7, 7, 1, fut. apoc. Qal of ⊓;; I, Gram.
 § 76, 2, b.

ل Chald. (Pe. obs.) akin to Heb. אוֹז i. q. Arab. زَنَبَ to flow away, to escape; only in Shaph'el שִׁירִיב שִׁירִיב Syr. בּקֹם, cf. Heb. אין to deliver or rescue Dan. 3, 28, fut. יְשֵׁיִינִי in 3, 17 where too inf. w. suf. אוֹז שׁיַינָבוּתַנָאַ

(obs.) perh. akin to إراب II i. q. Arab. زور , to gather together, assemble: hence

יִדָּאָל pr. n. m. (God's assembly) 1 Ch. 12, 3 (Q'ri) in K'thibh רַיִוּאל

יְנָה הָה pr. n. m. (perh. for רְנָה, assembles, r. נָוָה II) Ezr. 10, 25.

⁷⁷, pr. n. m. (perh. roaming, r. ⁷⁷ II) 1 Ch. 27, 31. יוֹלָאָרָ pr. n. m. (perh. deliverance, r. אָלָאָ וֹ Ch. 8, 18.

קובדי Gen. 11, 6 for דָּוֹכָלי fut. Qal of סָוָ, Gram. § 67, Rem. 11.

יְזַרְרָדָל pr. n. m. (prob. for יְאַנְרָדָ gives ear) Jer. 42, 1; 40, 8.

<u>77</u>, see 771 I.

(obs.) perh. akin to قائر, but same as Arab. زَنَعَ, to flow, run, as water; hence

דָיָ m. stoeat, only in Ez. 44, 18; cf. רְצָו

יוֹרָה pr. n. m. (he shines forth) 1 Ch. 27, 8; r. וְרָה.

דרולה, pr. n. m. (הן shines forth) 1 Ch. 7, 3.

רְּדְעָאל יוֹר 1) pr. n. m. (once יִדְרָעָאל 2 K. 9, 10, God will sow or scatter, r.ביין) Hos. 1, 4. 2) pr. n. of a town in Judah Josh. 15, 56. 3) pr. n. of the city in Issachar Josh. 19, 18, where Ahab resided (now Zer'în) 1 K. 18, 46; Judg. 6, 33, comp. הנסני באסקת געי plain of Esdrelon Judith 1, 8. Gentil. n. הורצאלים m. 1 K. 21, 1, הורצלים f. 1 Sam. 27, 3, Jezreelite.

קבה: pr. n. (hidden, r. הָקבָה) 1 Ch. 7, 34.

(fut. אָדָד) i. q. אָדָד , to be united, w. ב Gen. 49, 6, w. אַד Is. 14, 20. – Pi. יְדֵד to make into one, unite Ps. 86, 11. – The fundamental notion lies in אָדָד one, as דָרָד shows.

The m. oneness, union, community 1 Ch. 12,17; hence as adv. together, unitedly, of action Ps. 2, 2, of place 2 Sam. 10, 15, of time Is. 45, 8; alike, equally Ps. 49, 3; all, all as one, w. pronouns or nouns Ps. 62,

10; w. אָבִיב, wholly around Job 10,8;r. רָתַר Prov. 27, 17, see r. רָתַר.

Job 3, 6 fut. apoc. Qal of رابت , Gram. § 75, Rem. 3, d.

לְרָדָרָי, 'דְרָדָרָ', Jer. 46, 12 (Gram. § 121, 6, Bem. 4) adv. prop. his or its unions, i. e. together Is. 40, 5; together, of action Ps. 34, 4, of place Gen. 13, 6, of time Is. 1, 31; *a*like, of manner 1 Sam. 30, 24; all together, of many Is. 10, 8; r. דָרַר.

יַדְזָהר pr. n. m. (prob. for יַדְזָהר) union) 1 Ch. 5, 14.

יְדְוֹרָיאָל pr. n. m. (God gladdens, r. הָדָו 1 Ch. 5, 24.

קורדי pr. n. m. (דָי gladdens) 1 Ch. 24, 20.

יַדְהָר Jer. 49, 3, see יַדְהָר

יְדָוֹוְאָל pr. n. m. (God quickens or declares, r. דָוָדָ I) 2 Ch. 29, 14 (K'thibh).

יִדִוּיָאָל pr. n. m. (God beholds, r. דָווי 1 Ch. 12, 4.

דרוקר, pr. n. m. (דווקר, sees) Ezr. 10, 15.

ארי דר ח. m. (God strengthens, for רְחָדָקָאל, Gram. § 27, 3, Rem. 2, a) Ezckiel, the prophet Ez. 1, 3.

יָדָן pr. n. m. (יְדָוֹקְבָּה , יְדָוֹקָבָה strengthens) Hos. 1, 1, Is. 1, 1; see also הַוֹקָבָה.

יַדְתוֹרָה pr. n. m. (prob. may he cause to return, cf. Chald. דְוֹת 1 Ch. 9, 12.

יִדָּדָ fut. apoc. Qal of דְּדָה I, Gram. § 75, Rem. 3, e.

יְדָדאָל pr. n. m. (God lives) 1 Ch. 15, 18, but רְתְרָה in v. 24; patron. 1 Ch. 26, 21.

לחרד (pl. (הרדים) adj. m., החרדים f. one alone, an onely one, having no associate, of an only son Am. 8, 10,

1

w. בן Gen. 22, 2; of an only daughter (יְהִדּיהָוֹם) Judg. 11, 34; lonely, desolate Ps. 68, 7; forlorn, wretched, as suffering from loneliness Ps. 25, 16; fig. החברה poet. for life, as peerless or unique, not to be equalled or replaced Ps. 22, 21.

יָרָדָרָה pr. n. m. (דְּדָרָה lives, r. יְדָרָה I) 1 Ch. 15, 24, i. q. יְדָרָאָל.

ל, adj. m. waiting, hoping Lam. 3, 26; r. יָדָר.

ל א האשר 17 א אשר 2, 17 for היחק 3 masc. sing. fut. Hiph. of היחק, w. suf. 3 pl. fem. ז ה pause for ז (Gram. § 20, 3, Eem.).

(Qal obs.) i. q. אָדָה to wait, hope. -- Niph. אָדָיָז (fut. אָדָה for אָדָה, Gram. § 69, Bem. 5) to wait Gen. 8, 12. -- Pi. אָדָה, fut. אָדָה, 1) to wait Job 29, 21 (where אָדָה קולג אָדָה, cf. Job 14, 14; to hope Job 6, 11; w. > Job 29, 23 or אָד Ps. 130, 7, to hope in, wait for, cf. Is. 42, 4, Ps. 119, 74. 2) to cause to hope, w. > upon Ps. 119, 49. -- Hiph. אודר to wait 1 Sam. 10, 8; w. > for Job 32, 11, cf. Ps. 38, 16.

Num. 30, 3 fut. Hiph. of براط II, Gram. § 67, Rem. 8.

יְקְלָאָל pr. n. m. (he hopes in God) Gen. 46, 14; patron. יַדְוּלָאָלִי Num. 26, 26.

ז for יודלר 3 pl. perf. Pi. of קולר, Gram. § 20, 2, c.

mother יְדְשְׁרְאָי conceived me, see Gram. § 64, Bem. 3.

بتاط Gen. 30, 39, see بتاطر

ידום see רחמנה.

יָהַם Ps. 51, 7, see יָהָבָרָל

אילור m. i. q. Arab. אישעע, a species of deer or stag, of a reddish colour, prob. a buck Deut. 14, 5; r. קבי I.

pr. n. m. (perh. a relative or connexion, r. הַמָּה I) 1 Ch. 7, 2.

קר fut. apoc. of הָרָן I, Gram. § 75, Rem. 3, d.

קוקה Gen. 43, 29 for הַוּלָק 3 p. fut. Qal of וְנָז I, w. suf. ק-.

مَعْتَى (obs.) akin to بَعْتَى II, Arab. حَعْتَى, to be barefoot; hence

קֹחֵך adj. m. barefooted, unshod 2 Sam. 15, 30.

יַדְאָצָאָל , יַדְאָצָאָל , דְאָצָאָל , יַדְאָצָאָל distributes, r. (God distributes, r. רָאָצָה') Gen. 46, 24, 1 Ch. 7, 13, patron. יַרְאָצָלי Num. 26, 48.

קר Job 19, 23 for דָוֹקר, fut. Hoph. of דָקר, Gram. § 67, Rem. 11.

רְדֵוֹת fut. apoc. Qal of דְדֵוֹת, Gram. § 75, Bem. 3, d.

נסא: (obs.) perh. akin to יְרָתָעָ to unite. — Hith. דְרַתִינַהַש, see under יַתַוש

ירוש (perh. akin to ירוש) m. race or family, ירוש the family register Neh. 7, 5. — Hence denom. Hith. דרויבוע to unite oneself w. the family or race, i. e. to be enrolled in the genealogical tables (cf. Luke 2, 3 מֹתְסְאָמָשָּׁהָשָׁה 1 Ch. 5, 1; but the infin. דוויד serves also as subst. register, genealogical table 1 Ch. 7, 5; in the manner of a register 2 Ch. 12, 15.

לת. fut. Qal of הָתַּח, also fut. Niph. of הְתַּח.

pr. n. m. (perh. for תורה) 1 Ch. 4, 2.

נְתָּחָר Job 21, 13 fut. Qal of נְתָּחָר; but in Jer. 10, 2 fut. Niph. of הַתָּחַר,

רַיַן fut. apoc. Hiph. of נְדָרָ, Gram. § 76, 2, b.

םַרַיָּבָר ,וּשַׁב ,וּשַׁב (only fut. מַרָּשָׁב , וּשַׁב Nah. 3, 8) i. q. Jie, which serves as perf. of יָשָב (Gram. § 77), to be good, w. כָּל to be better Nah. 3, 8. Impers. to be good, well, w. > to of pers. Gen. 12, 13; to be or seem good to somebody, w. לְמַנֵי Est. 5, Est. 5, בערני Est. 5, 14, w. > Ps. 69, 32; to be of good cheer, merry, w. 25 Judg. 19, 6. -Hiph. גַטִיב, fut. גַיִשִיב, once קרַקיב Job 24, 21) to do well Deut. 5, 25; w. suf. הרטבת לראות thou hast done well for to see, i. e. thou hast well seen (Gram. § 142, Rem. 1), Jer. 1, 12; hence infin. absol. used as adv. well (Gram, § 131, 2) Deut. 9, 21; to improve, make good Jer. 2, 33; to do good Is. 1, 17; to benefit, w. 5 of pers. Gen. 12, 16, w. אָז Gen. 32, 10, w. אָז Jer. 18, 10; to be good Mic. 2, 7; to gladden, make cheerful Judg. 19, 22.

בעבי Chald. (fut. רְיַשָׁב) i. q. Heb. י לָשָב, to seem good, w. י אָשָר, to seem good, w. ישָׁב whom Ezr. 7, 18.

קָרָרָה; pr. n. (perh. pleasantness) of a place 2 K. 21, 19; r. רָטָרָ.

pr. n. (perh. pleasantness)

of a station of the Israelites in the wilderness, w.good water Num. 83, 89.

יַטָּרו

i 10^h or i 10^h pr. n. (prob. extended, r. rip) a Levitical city in Judah Josh. 21, 16; 15, 55, now called Yutta, south of Hebron; prob. the πόλις loúδα of Luke 1, 39.

אֹשָׁשִ" for אוויק, Gram. § 54, 2, b and Rem. 3.

דע Ps. 138, 6 for דע fut. Qal of ידע, Gram. § 70, Rem.

ליָטָר זייָד fut. Hiph. of יַרָטָר Gram. § 70, Bem.

דָלָל fut. Hiph. of יָדָלָי, Gram. § 70, Rem.

ן (r. דָרָן, c. רָרָן) m. wine Gen. 14, 18; אַרָרן דַרָּרָן the house of wine, banquet hall Cant. 2, 4; fully אַרָּרָן אַרָּרָן Est. 7, 8. ---- Akin are Arab. בָּיָהָ, Ethiop. wain, Armen. gini, olvoc, L. vinum, G. wein, E. wine, W. gwîn, Gael. fion.

בין Ez. 31, 7 fut. apoc. Qal of דָרָן, Gram. § 76, 2, c.

1 Sam. 4, 13 in K'thibh, but only an error for 7, as in Q'ri.

זך fut. spoc. Hiph. of דָבָד, Gram. § 76, 2, 5.

Ps. 50, 23, see Gram. § 58,4.

רְעָבוֹנְנָג Ps. 59, 5 for רְתְבוֹנְנָז, Gram. 5 54, 2, b.

לכובו Job 81, 15 for יכובו לג fashioned us, fut. Pil. of שני suf. and epenth. , w. the i changed to a.

(Qal obs.) prob. akin to to be straight, even, direct. —

Niph. cien (fut. rean) to set one another right, to argue together Is. 1, 18, w. Job 23, 7; to be convicted or set right, Gen. 20, 16 tight (for נוֹכַדָּתָ 2 perf. fem.) thow art reproved, or as part. fem. it is set right, i. e. all is settled. — Hiph. הוֹכִיחָ to set right, decide Is. 11, 3; to adjudge, w. > of pers. to whom Gen. 24, 14; w. T., to arbitrate Job 9, 38; to prove right, to justify Job 13, 15; to set right, admonish Lev. 19, 17, w. > of pers. Prov. 9, 7; to chasten, punish Ps. 141, 5. — Hoph. To be chastened Job 33, נם to argue, w. מחוב 19. --- Hith. החובה בַּהַת ,כַּרָז ,יָכָח Perh. בּרָה , נַכָּח , בּרָה , בּרָה אוֹנים , בּרָה אוֹנים , ב are akin to Arab. زكمّ to tread or trample violently; hence perh. 1) to be strong; 2) to make level or even, hence to be right.

יָרָלְיָה; pr. n. f. (דְיָ is able, r. יְכָרֹלְיָה; 2 Ch. 26, 3 (K'thibh).

ן דָרָרָן 1) pr. n. m. (He, i. e. God, establishes, r. כדן) Gen. 46, 10; patron. כדין Num. 26, 12. 2) pr. n. of a column in front of Solomon's temple 1 K. 7, 21.

רָכָל Dan. 3, 29. דְכָלְיְדָה, יְכָלְיְדָה, יְכָלְיְדָה, יָכָלְיָדָה, יִכָלְיָדָה, יִכָלְיָדָה, is able) 2 Ch. 26, 3, 2 K. 15, 2; see רְכָלְדָה,

יָרָנְרָדָה, דְרָנְיָרָה pr. n. m. (דְּרָנְדָרָה establishes) Jer. 27, 20; 24, 1.

רְכַמָּרְבָוֹ Ex. 15, 5 for יְכַמְרָבוֹ fut. Pi. of דְכָמָרָבוֹ w. suf. אם (see Gram. § 58, 3, Rem. 1 and § 75, Rem. 13).

גַרָר Is. 24, 12 for דּכָה fut. Hoph. of קרָת, Gram. § 67, Bem. 8.

קבחוד Deut. 1, 44 יְבָּחוּ or יְבָּחוּ fut. Hiph. of הָרָחוּ, Gram. § 67, 8, Bem. 8.

לָדָה c. רָלָד; inf. לָלָד, c. לַדָּה, לדת, w. suf. לדתה, once לבת Sam. 4, 19; perf. w. suf. יְלָרְתִּיהָ Ps. 2, 7) i. q. Arab. ولد, perh. akin to דְרָר, prop. to lay or let down (i. e. from the womb); hence to bring forth, to bear, of mothers Gen. 4, 1, of shebeasts Gen. 30, 39; to lay eggs, of hens Jer. 17, 11. Part. fem. רוֹלָדָה also רולדיו, she who bears, i. e. a mother Is. 21, 3, cf. Prov. 17, 25. Also to beget, as a father (cf. tixtw, yevváw, L. pario, of both parents) Gen. 4, 18; יולדים parents (ol דבאטי) TEG) Zech. 13, 3; to create, produce נוּפְרוּ . (pl. - Niph. נוֹלַר (pl. נוּפָרוּ 1 Ch. 3, 5; inf. w. suf. דולדו) to be born Ps. 22, 32; w. TX before the subject (see Gram. § 143, 1, a) Gen. 4, 18. - Pi. rdr to help to bear, to deliver, as a midwife Ex. 1, 16; part. f. a midwife Gen. 35, 17. -Pu. ראלד) Judg. 18, 29, Gram. § 52. Rem. 4) to be born Ps. 87, 4; to

be created Ps. 90, 2. - Hiph. דוליד to eause to bear Is. 66, 9; to cause to have a child 1 Ch. 2, 18; to fertilise, as the rain Is. 55, 10; to beget Gen. 5, 4; to create Job 38, 28; to bring forth Is. 59, 4. — Hoph. prop. to be begotten, hence to be born, only in inf. constr. rid rid birth-day Gen. 40, 20; cf. in Ez. 16, 4 ברום (Gram. § 71 and § 143, הילבת אותך 1, a) in the day of thy being born. - Hith. דִיִּתְּלֵה prob. denom. of family-history, hence to declare one's birth, to be enrolled on the family register Num. 1, 18; cf. denom. of רַהְרָחָשׁ. Hence

רלביר , ילביר , ילביר . דלבי . Is. 57, 4) m. one born, a male child Ex. 1, 17; a lad or boy Gen. 4, 23; pl. i. q. בנים *children* Ex. 21, 4, the young of animals Is. 11, 7; בנירם strangers Is. 2, 6, cf. טוֹב: 'אַעַמוּשׁע.

לְרָדָה f. of יְלָדָה, a girl, maiden Gen. 34, 4; pl. יְלָדוֹת Zech. 8, 5.

לְדָלָת (r. יָלָדָרָ f. childhood, youth Ecc. 11, 9; collect. youth, young men Ps. 110, 3.

לוד (r. יְלָה) m. one born Ex. 1, 22, i. q. part. יַלָּה born.

רלוך pr. n. m. (tarrying over night, r. ילון I Ch. 4, 17.

יְלָידָ (c. רְלִידָי, c. pl. יְלָיד) m. one born; וּיָלִיד בַּיָח one born in the house, i. e. home-born slave (Bept. olxoysvής) Gen. 14, 14; also descendant Num. 13, 22; r. יְלֵר.

קרזף Prov. 4, 21 fut. Hiph. of אליז, Gram. § 72, Bem. 9.

לק"נל" Ex. 16, 2 K'thibh, fut. Hiph. of לאן Gram. § 72, Bem. 9.

קר (fut. ילה, imper. לקר, w. הcohort, ילקה or קל, inf. ילקה, the perf. and most of the parts of this verb

belong to הַלָּהָ which see) to go, to walk. — Hiph. הוליק and הוליק to conduct, lead Deut. 8, 2; to carry off, take away, a babe Ex. 2, 9; fig. to cause to flow off, of water Ez. 32, 14. See Gram. § 69, Rem. 8. ----Akin to Arab. مَلَقَ رَزَلَقَ to haste.

(Qal obs.) mimet. akin to לענ), Arab. גענט, Syr. גענט, לאסאל, איזעט, גענט, Lat. ululo, ejulo, Engl. yell, howl, wail, W. wylo, Gael. uallam. — Hiph. wail, W. wylo, Gael. uallam. — Hiph. ייליל (fut. ייליל), Is. 52, 5, 5, 52, 5 15, 2, ייליע Mic. 1, 8) to wail Jer. 47, 2; w. by Jer. 48, 31, w. b 16, 7 of the cause; fig. said of trees Zech. 11, 2, also of the gate, perh. as a place of wailing Is. 14, 31; to yell, as savage victors Is. 52, 5. Hence

ילל m. a howling, of wild beasts, only in Deut. 32, 10 הְּבְּתִוּדּוּ רְלַל רְשָׁל and in a waste, the howling of a desert, i. e. a wilderness full of howling beasts.

רְלָלָה (c. רְלְנָת) f. wailing Is. 15, 8; r. כְלָל.

עד I prob. akin to געד II, to speak rashly, only in Prov. 20, 25.

II (obs.) perh. akin to לְלָק II (obs.) perh. akin to וֹלָק to lick up, swallow down; hence perh. אוֹלָע אוֹלָע אוֹלָע וּזֹלָע וּזֹלָע וּזֹלָע וּזֹלָע may well mean to roll or wriggle, being prob. akin to איל, Arab. גע (torsit), Sans. vail (turn), είλέω (whence εֿאָעויע, L. vermis, G. wurm, E. worm, G. aal, E. eel), L. volvo, G. wallen, E. wallow, weller, W. chwylo.

(obs.) i. q. Arab. زَنَفَ, akin to جَكَمَ, to cling to; hence

nebr f. a sort of itching scab or tetter Lev. 21, 20.

(which see), to lick or cat off; hence

p^h_m m. a kind of locust Nab. 3, 16; prop. the devourer, because of its voracity.

ילקוט m. a pouch or scrip, used by shepherds 1 Sam. 17, 40; r. נקאים.

[□] (r. יִם I; c. יָם, often יִם Gen. 14, 3, w. דָּבָּר loc. רְּבָּר, pl. רָבָּר) m. prop. a humming, roaring, hence the sea Gen. 32, 13; then, in general, a large river, e.g. the Nile Is. 18, 2, the Euphrates Is. 27, 1; pl. the branches of the Nile, forming its Delta Ez. 32, 2. Also a reservoir, רבו הצרשת the copper reservoir, the temple laver 2 K. 25, 13. — Fig. the west, because the Mediterranean sea is to the west of Palestine, רות לה the west wind (prop. sea-wind) Ex. 10, 19, פאַז־רָם the western side or district Ex. 27, 12, נפרם westward Gen. 28, 14; בים from or on the west Josh. 11, 2; on the west of Josh. 8, 9. For w. the pr. names of particular seas or lakes, see under מַלָח, כַּעָרַת, דַעָּם מַצְרֵים ,סוּה שֶרֵבָה ,פּלְשָׁהִים the great sea, i. e. the Mediterranean Num. 34, 6, also called the hinder sea Deut. 11, דיים דאחרון 24; דים הקרמני the former or eastern sea, i. e. the Dead Sea Zech. 14, 8.

רָם Chald. (def. רְמָא) i. q. Heb. רְם, the sea Dan. 7, 2.

(only in pl. רְּמָדָם) m. warm springs, only in Gen. 36, 24; r. רְמָדָ, Warm springs are still to be found in that district, south-east of the Dead Sea.

(obs.) perh. akin to DT,

רְמָח, to be bright, warm; hence רְמָח.

(obs.) i. q. רְּשָׁת, akin to דָדָרָ (obs.) i. q. רָשָׁת, akin to be hot, hence to be bright, warm; hence to of רָבָרם

י pr. n. m. (perh. God's day i. e. Sabbath) Gen. 46, 10.

רום אפי, געות.

קבח Gen. 7, 23 fut. apoc. Qal of קבח, where some texts have קדים fut. Niph. as in Ps. 109, 13, Gram. § 75, Bem. 8.

רום see רַבָּים.

דָרָקָרָן pr. n. f. (prob. dove, r. II) Job 42, 14.

ירָשָרָן, ד. זְכֵּרָ, i. q. זְבָרָ, i. q. זְבָרָ, m. prop. what supports or defends (cf. גָׁעָטָש), hence the right hand Gen. 48, 14; the right side, e. g. יד רְבָרָרָ hand of his right side, his right hand Gen. 48, 17, דַרָרָר יבָר רְבָרָר right eye 1 Sam. 11, 2; the south, being on the right hand of one facing the east (בָרָן Ps. 89, 13; יבָרָן Ps. 89, 13; in the south of 1 Sam. 23, 19; דְכֵרָן in the south Job 23, 9. Fig. the right or proper place Ecc. 10, 2. 2) pr. n. m. (right hand i. e. lucky) Gen. 46, 10; patron. בָּבָרָן Jaminite Num. 26, 12.

לְכָרֹרָ (from. יְכָרֹרָ) prop. sdj. m. right, opp. to left 2 Ch. 3, 17 (K'thibh). Most frequently in the patron. of בָּרְכִירָ, viz. בְּרְכִירָ, Benjaminite, also ellipt. בָּרְכִירָ, 2 Sam. 20, 1.

יְמָלָא, יְמָלָא pr. n. m. (he fills up) 2 Ch. 18, 7, 1 K. 22, 8.

קְּמֵלָּא Job 8, 21 for יְמֵלָּא, Gram. § 75, Rem. 21, b.

רְאָכָדְ pr. n. m. (he causes to reign, r. בְאָכָדָ) 1 Ch. 4, 34.

ער באנח דער (obs.) mimet. akin to דָרָרָם, to hum or make a noise, to roar, to rage; hence לים the sea, akin to דַרָּרָם.

ער סין דער (obs.) to be pure, clean; hence רְמָרְטָה.

עם (Qal obs.) prob. akin to גפן (Qal obs.) prob. akin to right to support, hence right, whence as a denom. — Hiph. יקרין) to use the right, to be right-handed, part. pl. נוסידים 1 Ch. 12, 2; to turn to the right Gen. 13, 9.

קלה, pr. n. m. (prob. good-luck, r. מָנָה, Gen. 46, 17.

יְשָׁרָי adj. m., יְמָנִיח f., *right*, opp. to left Lev. 8, 23, cf. רְמָרָי.

רְבָלָל pr. n. m. (he will withhold, r. מַנַע) 1 Ch. 7, 35.

I (Qal obs.) i. q. אָדָר, to change, alter. — Hiph. דַיִּרְמָר change, alter Jer. 2, 11; where some, w. the same meaning, read דְּיִרְמָד סָרָרָמָדָ (r. אָבָבוֹרָם הַיְרְמָדָר perh. to change oneself, w. אַ into, אַרְמָדָמָר into their glory shall ye change yourselves, i. e. ye shall enter into their glory, only in Is. 61, 6; but rather as under דָכָר II.

וו (Qal obs.) perh. akin to אַכָּר II (Qal obs.) perh. akin to אָכָר II, to be high, only in — Hith. to make oneself high, to boast or glory, prob. in Is. 61, 6 in their glory ye shall boast yourselves.

ביר Is. 24, 9 fut. Qal of קרָד II; Gram. § 67, Rem. 3.

יְבְרָדָה pr. n. m. (rebellious, r. I) I Ch. 7, 36.

ראָקרוּקד Ps. 139, 20 for רְאַרְוּקד. Gram. § 68, 2, Rem.

ער (Qal obs.) i. q. שעש, to feel, touch. - Hiph. דַרַּקָרָעָ to allow to touch or feel, only in Judg. 16, 26.

עָאָץ, Ecc. 12, 5 fut. Hiph. for נָאָץ, Gram. § 73, Bem. 4.

יְהַד Chald. for יְהַד fut. Pe. of

וֹנְהָן, part. f. רְּיָהָן, I (fut. רְּיָהָן, part. f. רְיָהָן, akin to קָרָה II, to be violent or cruck, to oppress, of a city Zeph. 3, 1, of a sword Jer. 46, 16; w. suf., ז, of a sword Jer. 46, 16; w. suf., 3, 1, of a creat ירָכָם רְהָרָה let us oppress them altogether Ps. 74, 8. — Hiph. רְיָהָן (fut. רְיָהָ) to treat to. violence Ex. 22, 20; w. ז of place, to drive out by violence Ez. 46, 18.

ון (obs.) perh. mimet. akin to אָדָד I, to mourn, to coo; hence right dove.

קרת pr. n. (slumber, r. נאס place in Judah (Q'ri) Josh. 15, 53, where K'thibh has רינים.

רָרָ Ps. 141, 5 fut. Hiph. of גיא, Gram. § 74, Rem. 4.

fut. Hiph. of r. נות fut.

רוֹנְקָת f., i. q. רוֹנְקָת, sucker, shoot, only Ez. 17, 4; r. רַיָּ

(fut. ריינק) perh. akin to קקדים (fut. איין) perh. akin to קקדים II, to suck Job 3, 12; w. אָדָרָם to suck the breasts Joel 2, 16. – Hiph. הייניק, once הויניק Lam. 4, 3, to suckle Gen. 21, 7 part. f. pl. suckle Gen. 21, 7 part. f. pl. milch camels Gen. 32, 16, sing. קייניק 2, 7, w. suf. מַנְקְתוֹ 2 K. 11, 2, pl. Is. 49, 23.

קשר, once קשר, (Is. 34, 11) m. some unclean bird Lev. 11, 17; according to some, from אשן twilight, evening, and hence evening-bird, owl; but better according to others from אשן to blow, hence perh. a bittern or heron, named for the sound or noise it makes; cf. אשעיה.

2027 fut. Hiph. of כָּבָב, Gram. § 67, Bem. 8.

☐ ☐ fut. Qal of つ, Gram. § 67, Rem. 3.

Is. 51, ליסוד ,ל.w. ליסוד (inf. יסוד) Is. 51, 16, יַסָדי 2 Ch. 31, 7; w. suf. יַסָדי Job 38, 4) prob. akin to סָצָר, prop. to set, fig. to found, i. e. to set something in its permanent place Ezr. 3, 12; to set down, of a heap 2 Ch. 31, 7; to appoint, assign Ps. 104, 8; to lay down laws Ps. 119, 152. — Niph. (fut. רָנָסָד) to be settled, of inhabitants in a land Ex. 9, 18; to sit down together for consultation, hence to take counsel together Ps. 2, 2; to be founded, of a building Is. 44, 28. -- Pi. "or to found Is. 28, 16, cf. Zech. 4, 9; w. acc. of material (Gram. § 134, 2) 1 K. 5, 3; to appoint 1 Ch. 9, 22; to prescribe or enjoin, w. by Est. 1, 8. — Pu. to be founded Cant. 5, 15; w. acc. of material 1 K. 7, 10. - Hoph. The to be established; inf. used as subst. foundation Ezr. 3, 11; part. מוֹפָד (Dagh. euphon.), e.g. מוּסָד a founded foundation, i. e. firmly founded Is. 28, 16. Hence Tio and

TO: m. foundation, hence beginning, only Ezr. 7, 9.

לסרד (pl. יְסִרָּיָם Mic. 1, 6, יְסִרָים Lam. 4, 11) m. foundation, of an altar Ex. 29, 12, of a building Job 4,

יעד

19, cf. Hab. 3, 13; fig. princes, regarded as the basis of society (of. her princes Ez. 30, 4.

(آبران) f. foundation, only in Ps. 87, 1; r. 107.

ריב from ר. ירָירָ אָרָיָרָ from (ירָיב אָסָאָר, from r. ירָיָרָ אָסָאָר), m. only in pl. w. suf. יסאָרָי *my twr* ners away i. e. those departing from me, only K'thibh of Jer. 17, 13, where Q'ri יָסאָרָי.

יָסָר (r. יָסָר) m. corrector, reprover Job 40, 2, parallel to בוֹכִריַם.

קרים: (only fut. ריס:) i. q. קרס, (only fut. ייס:), i. q. קרס:, to pour; intrans. to be poured, only Ex. 30, 32, perh. for היס:.

סְכָה: pr. n. f. (perh. He, i. c. God, looks, r. סָכָה II) Gen. 11, 29.

יָסְטַלְרֶדֶאֹי pr. n. m. (יְסָטַלְרֶדֶאֹי r. זָסָטַלָרָדָאָ 2 Ch. 31, 13.

 $\mathbf{PQ}_{\mathbf{T}}$ (Qal only in perf., perh. also imp. 100 Is. 29, 1, perh. part. right for right Is. 38, 5; but the fut. has the Hiph. form רוֹסָר, apoc. רוֹסָר, i.q. אָסָקה, to add, w. אָל to אַל to Ez. 23, 14, w. 5 Is. 26, 15, w. 5 Lev. 5, 16; to increase, w. acc. Job 42, 10; w. inf. to add to do anything i. e. to do again (on this adverbial idiom, see Gram. § 142) Gen. 4, 2, also to do further or longer Gen. 4, 12; also w. to do the more Gen. 37, 5. — Niph. to be added, w. איז upon Num. 36, 3; to add or join oneself Ex. 1, 10; to be increased, e. g. in riches Prov. 11, 24. Part. pl. nippi additions, i. e. new evils Is. 15, 9. -- Hiph. דיסיקז (fut. יוסרה, apoc. מוסיה, part. יוסרה) of the same force and usage as Qal. - roin in Is. 29, 14 and 38, 5 may be fut. as is sometimes the case after אשר, דעני being unterstood as subject (comp. Is. 28, 16 דונוי lo! I am he who lays). The forms , right, אסירק are only varieties of אסירק having arisen from the identity of אסי and אַכָא (which see).

] (fut. 1 pers. אָסָׁרָם, w.suf. אֶסָׁרָם, fut. 1 Hos. 10, 10) akin to Nor, prop. to bind, to tame; hence to correct, chastise. part. "Prov. 9, 7, cf. Ps. 94, 10. - Niph. ¬pi) to be corrected, to take warning Jer. 6, 8, w. 7 of the warning Lev. 26, 23. - Pi. יפר (fut. ירפר; inf. רסרה, Ps. 118, 18, רסר Lev. 26, 18) to punish or chastise Deut. 22, 18; to admonish Ps. 16, 7; to instruct Is. 28, 26; w. כָּר, to dissuade from Is. 8, 11. -- Hiph. הַיָסִיר (cf. הרָשׁיר), w. suf. אָרָסִרְרָם I will correct them, only in Hos. 7, 12. - Nithpa el (see Gram. §. 55, 9) to נתנפר = ניפר take warning to oneself, to be warned, only in Ez. 23, 48.

רָשָׁרַ 1 Ch. 15, 22 for יָשָׁר; r. יַשָּׁר,

לי (only pl. יְעָרם) m. a shovel, for removing the ashes of the altar Ex. 27, 3; r. יְעָר

עְרָיָרָיָ 1) pr. n. m. (perh. he shines, r. דְרָבָדָ 1 Ch. 4, 9. 2) pr. n. (perh. conspicuous) of a place 1 Ch. 2, 55.

וו (Qal obs.) perh. akin to געַד II, to bring together, assemble.

- Niph. יוֹשָׁג to meet w. one another, w. ל Ex. 25, 22; to come together, w. לא to Num. 10,4; to agree together Am. 3, 3, w. אָ against Num. 14, 35.

ילדי, דערו pr.n.m.(perh.punctual, r. דָעָר I) 2 Ch. 9, 29, Q'ri and K'thibh.

i. q. Arab. رَعَى, to collect, to snatch up; hence to take out, to remove, only in Is. 28, 17; hence ج a shovel. ---- Prob. akin to جج, Aram.

דראל, pr. n. m. (removed by God) 1 Ch. 9, 6; also יְעָרָאַל in Q'ri, v. 35.

ערע pr. n. m. (prob. counsellor, r. דיע i) 1 Ch. 8, 10.

יָעוֹר (only pl. יְעוֹרִים) m. wood, forest, only in Ez. 34, 25 (K'thibh); see יַצַר.

דערך pr. n. m. (perh. forester) 1 Ch. 20, 5 K'thibh.

עד" pr. n. m. (gatherer) Gen. 36, 18 K'thibh, Q'ri איש ג. שיש ח.

I (Qal obs.) i. y. 115, 155, to be strong or firm, hence bold or shameless. — Niph. (part. 155) to be emboldened, fierce, only in Is. 33, 19, where some take it as akin to 155 in Ps. 114, 1.

II (obs.) akin to דְצָד, דְצָד, i. q. Arab. (مَعَزَ), to decide, order, command; hence

יַדָּוֹיאָל pr. n. m. (prob. God's command) 1 Ch. 15, 18; also גַּוִיאָל 1 Ch. 15, 20.

יבוהה pr. n. m. (command of היה) 1 Ch. 24, 26.

ילְלָזֶר pr. n. (perh. auxiliary, r. אָלָזָר) of a city in Gad, on the border of Ammon 1 Ch. 6, 66, 2 Sam. 24, 5. ים רְעָזָר sea of Yazer,

perh. a noted pool or reservoir near there Jer. 48, 82.

i. q. דְעָטִי I, שָׁדָי I, to clothe, סון אָדָרוּ שָׁנִיז I, נעטיי Is. 61, 10.

Chald. i. q. Heb. דָּבָץ, to counsel; part. רָבָץ (= רְבָט Heb.) a counsellor; pl. w. suf. רְבָט his advisers Ezr. 7, 14. – Ithpa. אַרְבָט to consult together Dan. 6,8. Hence אָבָאַ

רעראל, see רעראל.

רְעָר pr. n. m. (perh. forester, cf. יעזר 1 Ch. 20, 5 (Q'ri), but יעזר in K'thibh.

יעוש, see איד.

לער pr. n. m. (prob. troubling, r. נְעָבָן 1 Ch. 5, 13.

(Qal obs.) i. q. Arab. زَعَلَ akin to ابْخَبْ, to go up, ascend or reach the height; hence to be eminent, helpful. — Hiph. to profit or help Jer. 2, 8; to assist, w. 3 of pers. Is. 30, 5, of thing Job 30, 13; to be profited Job 21, 15; hence

יקלים (only pl. רְעָלָה, c. רְעָלָה) m. 1) i. q. Arab. (כפע, prop. climber, hence the chamois, rock or mountain goat Ps. 104, 18; אריר דרי ביי דרי איז rocks of the wild goats, near Engedi 1 Sam. 24, 3. 2) pr. n. f. (wild goat) Judg. 4, 17.

(c. דְעָלָה) f. 1) a female chamois, wild she-goat, דְעָלָה a graceful chamois, pet name for a dear wife Prov. 5, 19. 2) pr. n. m. (female chamois) Ezr. 2, 56; but איבי in Neh. 7, 58; r. בָּצָלָ

רָלָלָם pr. n. m. (perh. climber) Gen. 36, 5; r. יְעָלָם.

רְעָרְדָרָ Dan. 8, 22 for אַעַלְדָנָה. Gram. § 47, Rem. 3.

ענה, אָבָר (obs.) prob. mimet. akin to גָּבָר גָאָר (obs.) אָבָר (obs.) אָבָר (obs.) גענה (bence גָרָאָר).

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עָכָן (for יַדָּעָרָ ; רַיָּעָרָ) prop. subst. i. q. יָדָט *an answering* (as in "money answereth all things"), then as prep. because of (prop. in answer or return for) Ez. 5, 9; also w. inf. יַדָּעָרָ יָדָ because of your rejecting Is. 30, 12; w. perf. יַדָ יָדָ on account that Num. 11, 20; יָדָ יָדָ because that Gen. 22, 16; in order that, so that, w. fut. Ez. 12, 12. יָדָ יָדָ because, even because (emph.) Lev. 26, 43, also יָדָן יָדָ Ez. 36, 3.

ידָכָן; only pl. יְכָּנִים) m. but epicene, the ostrich, so named for its cry, only Lam. 4, 3 (Q'ri); but elsewhere

סגדיכה, ביער (כל, דיעל) f. the female ostrich, always בח ורענים daughter of the ostrich, the ostrich Deut. 14, 15; ביוח בעניח ג (pl.) daughters of the ostrich, ostriches Is. 13, 21; see r. דיין, ---- Cf. סדףסטטלוסי (= L. struthio) from סדףטנש (= L. strido), akin to G. strauss, W. estrys, Irish struth, E. ostrich.

1 Ch. 5, 12.

רְעַרְעֵרוּ Is. 15, 5 for יְעַרְעֵרוּ Pilp. of עור III to raise up a cry.

קרי (fut. דְּיָדָא, also דְיַדָּא, 12) i. q. r. קראָ, whence דְיָשָ, to be wearied, exhausted, w. travel Is. 40, 81, through thirst Is. 44, 12. – Hoph. (קראַרָא) only part. קראַ wearied out Dan. 9, 21. Hence

לבר (pl. יצר) adj. m. wearied, faint Is. 40, 29, worn out, exhausted, of a people Is. 50, 4.

ביעה (w. pref. ביעה) m. an ex-

hausting or swift course, only in Dan. 9, 21; r. P.

(fut. רִיצָק) akin to דָּשָרָי), נאָד (fut. דָשָרָ) עדיץ I, prop. to fasten or fix; hence 1) to set firmly, as the eye, w. על upon some one Ps. 32, 8; to resolve firmly, w. אָל 2 Sam. 17, 21 or אַל Jer. 49, 20 against any one. 2) to advise Judg. 19, 30; to admonish Ps. 16, 7. Part. יוֹכֵץ counsellor Is. 9, 5; fem. רוֹצַצֶּים 2 Ch. 22, 3, pl. רוֹצַצֶיז Job 3, 14. - Niph. נוצץ (fut. רְדָעָץ) to advise one another, to take counsel together, w. ירותי Ps. 71, 10; w. עם 1 Ch. 13, 1 or אָז Is. 40, 14, or אל 2 K. 6, 8 with; to counsel oneself, to be advised 1 K. 12, 28, cf. Prov. 13, 10. - Hith. i. q. Niph. to consult one ווקרַצץ another, to plot together, w. >> against Ps. 83, 4,

 $\neg D \Sigma \uparrow$ pr. n. m. (heel-catcher, supplanter, r. $\exists z \exists z \exists x \& \beta, Jacob$, the father of the Israelites Gen. 25, 26; hence for the people of Israel Is. 27, 6; for the ten tribes Hos. 12, 3, and after their captivity, for the kingdom of Judah Nah. 2, 3.

יבקבה pr. n. m. (perh. Jacobward) 1 Ch. 4, 36.

קר pr. n. m. (perh. perverse, r. נקר 1 Ch. 1, 42.

(obs.) perh. akin to עָרָה III, to sprout or flourish; hence ייַשי.

ער Hag. 1, 14 fut. apoc. Hiph.

יער (ד. דְיָשָׁר) m. 1) a luxuriant spot, covered w. trees, a brake or thicket Is. 21, 13; a wood or forest Deut. 19, 5, cf. Ps, 96, 12. 2) fig. wild honey (prob. for יבש קדר forest honey, the μέλι ἄγριον of Mat. 3, 4), often stored up by wild bees in cavities of trees and rocks and ground,

only in Cant. 5, 1. 3) perh. pr. n. in Ps. 132, 6 for קרית וערים.

יערה pr. n. m. (bare, r. ערה) 1 Ch. 9, 42.

יַכָּרָד, pl. דְעָרָה; r. דְעָרָה; 1) forest Ps. 29, 9. 2) i. q. יַשָר, wild honey, only in 1 Sam. 14, 27 יַדָר קור קור prob. the wild sort of honey, the const. st. being here used for simple apposition (see Gram. § 116, 5, cf. Ewald's Ausführl. Lehrb., § 287, 1, a), but Sept., Syr. and Vulg. make it honey-comb.

pr. n. m. (perh. woods of weavers) 2 Sam. 21, 19.

רָעָרִים, pr. n. (forests, r. יְעָרָים) Josh. 15, 10.

יעָרָשָׁיָה pr. n. m. (perh. דערטיי causes to rest, r. עִרָשׁיָה) 1 Ch. 8, 27.

עָשָׁר, יְצָשָׁר, זר ח. ה. (perh. for יִשְּׁיָר makes, ר, וּעָדָאָר Ezr. 10, 37 K'thibh, but יַשָּׁיָד in Q'ri.

דעויאל pr. n. m. (God makes) 1 Ch. 11, 47.

יְפָּרְיָה; pr. n. m. (דְּיָרִיָה) pr. n. m. (דְּיָרִיָה) 1 Ch. 8, 25.

לער (fut. רְּשָׁר, apoc. רְּשָׁר, apoc. אין Ez. 31, 7) akin to אָרָפָר, prop. to shine; hence fig. to be fair or beautiful Can. 7, 2. — Pi. רָשָר to make beautiful, adorn Jer. 10, 4. — Polpal (Gram. § 55, 4) to be made very fair, only in Ps. 45, 3 רָשָרָי thou art much fairer רָשָרָי thou art much fairer רָשָרָי thou art much fairer אָבָרָי אָרָט than men. — Hith. to beautify oneself Jer. 4, 30. — Akin to Sans. bhâ(shine), oָמֹש, Syr.]La(bright), Chald. בָּשָרָ, G. fein, E. fine. Hence

יפר (כ. דְשָׁר, שָׁן, שׁן, m., דְשָׁר, (כ. דְשָׁר, pl. דְשָׁר, c. דָשָׁר, f. beautiful (אַגאָלָ, Cant. 1, 8; w. רְשָׁר, שׁם beautiful of aspect 1 Sam. 17, 42; w. אָר beautiful of figure Gen. 29, 17; of a country Ps. 49, 3; of a voice Ez. 33, 32; of the works of God Ecc. 3, 11. חָשָר adj. f. (redupl. from

ים לים (מ.ד<u>ה</u>) adj. m. panting, eager, perh. in Hab. 2, 3, but see under האם, סקס, and breathing out violence Ps. 27, 12, cf. באתאנשע מהבו-גאָן גמו קטעט Acts 9, 1.

יב, m. renown, only Ez. 28, 7; r. יפר, whence also

לפרי (in pause "D", w. suf. "ס") m. beauty or glory of a king Is. 33, 17; loveliness of a woman Ps. 45, 12.

YE: 1) pr. n. (bright, r. 55) a place in Zebulon, now Yâfâ near Nazareth Josh. 19, 12. 2) pr. n. m. of king of Lachish Josh. 10, 3. 3) pr. n. a son of David 2 Sam. 5, 15.

שביי pr. n. m. (He, i. e. God, delivers) 1 Ch. 7, 32; patron. יקביי Josh. 16, 3.

וֹזָבָּ: 1) pr.n.m. (perh. he shall be turned, r. דְּבָּוֹ father of Caleb Num. 13,6. 2) pr. n. m. son of Jether 1Ch.7,38.

(Qal obs.) akin to (עדי) (which see), to shine, hence to appear. - Hiph. אוסר to cause to shine Job 37, 15; to shine, to give light Job 3, 4, cf. 10, 22; to shine forth, to appear, of God Deut. 33, 2; fig. w. bz, to favour Job 10, 3. Hence

ד. f. splendour, beauty, only Ez. 28, 7. 17.

שר Ps. 105, 24 fut. apoc. Hiph. of פָּרָה, Gram. § 75, Bem. 16.

ιż

Gen. 9, 27 fut. apoc. Hiph. of הויף, Gram. § 75, Rem. 16.

single out, cf. rp; hence perh. rgio.

קקה Job31,37fut.apoc.Qalofr. קקה Job31,37fut.apoc.Qalofr.

רש", pr. n. m. (extension, r. הרש") 'láqeð, *Japheth*, a son of Noah Gen. 5, 32 and ancestor of wide-spread races, chiefly westward and northward Gen. 10, 2-5.

חקר: 1) pr. n. m. (he, i. e. God, opens, r. רקים) Judg. 11, 12. 2) pr. n. a place in Judah Josh. 15, 43.

ארחהאר; pr. n. (God opens) of a valley in Zebulon Josh. 19, 14, and in Asher (v. 27).

אצ' (fut. ۲۳, imp. ۲3; inf. abs. איז, c. דאא; part. f. once איז for יוצח Ecc. 10, 5, and יוצח Deut. 28, 57 for רוצאת Ps. 144, 14) akin to Aram. אַבֿן, *to go* or come out Gen. 24, 11; w. 70 of place whence Job 3, 11, also w. acc. Gen. 44, 4 (cf. έξελθεῖν χώραν, L. egredi urbem); w. z by or at Jer. 17, 19; to go out to, w. bx Ex. 33, 7, w. b Num. 31, 27, w. 2 1 Sam. 28, 1, w. acc. Gen. 27, 3; to march out, of warriors 1 Sam. 23, 15, cf. Am. 5, 8; to come forth, of the child at birth Gen. 25, 25; fig. to be descended or begotten Gen. 35, 11, cf. Gen. 10, 14; to get out, escape, w. p Prov. 12, 13, also w. acc. Ecc. 7, 18; to spring forth, of plants 1 K. 5, 13, cf. Dan. 8, 9, of water Deut. 8, 7; to rise, of the sun Gen. 19, 23; to be exported 1 K. 10, 29; to be expended, of money 2 K. 12, 13; to stick out or project Neh. 3, 25; to extend or reach along, of a boundary Josh. 15, 3; to close or end, of a year Ex. 23, 16. - Hiph. היצרא

L

(part. NYID, once NYID Ps. 135, 7) to lead forth, w. \Im Ex. 13, 14; to bring forth vegetation Gen. 1, 12, cf. Ps. 104, 14; to produce, as an artisan Is. 54, 16; to make rise, of the stars Is. 40, 26; to separate, w. \Im Jer. 15, 19; to send forth or publish a report Num. 14, 37; to draw out Ex. 4, 6; to exact money 2 K. 15, 20. — Hoph. NYNT to be led forth Gen. 38, 25; to be brought out or made to flow forth Ez. 47, 8.

מעד Chald. (Pe'al obs.) to go out or come to an end. — Shaph. שִׁרְצָא and שִׁרְצָא (in Targum) to bring to an end, finish; intrans. שִׁרְצָא finished Ezr. 6, 15, usually but erroneously put under אַצָּשָׁ; cf. Gram. § 55, 6.

پنج Ecc. 10, 5 for تعبر fem. part. Qal of r. العبر see Gram. § 75, Rem. 21, c. \Box (Qal obs.) akin to جبر and perh. جبر to set, establish. — Hith. Sam. 17, 16; to stand up for, w. \exists 2 Ch. 11, 13, w. \rbrace Ps. 94, 16; w. 2 ch. 11, 13, w. \rbrace Ps. 94, 16; w. to present oneself before Ex.8, 16; to with-stand or oppose Deut. 9, 2,

Chald. (Pe'al obs.) to be set or firm, sure. — Pa. to make sure or speak w. certainty Dan. 7, 19, where X = 1 is prob. inf. for X = 1.

(Qal obs.) akin to גָדָע רָצָג דְעָער (Qal obs.) akin to דָעָע קרָצָע רָצָע (Gram. § 71) to set, place a person Gen. 43, 9, a thing Deut. 28, 56; fig. to establish Am. 5, 15; to appoint or leave Gen. 33, 15. — Hoph. אָדָע to be left Ex. 10, 24.

אָבָרָא m. 1) prop. what shines (r. גָּבָי , oil Num. 18, 12. Hence גָּבָי *the sons of oil*, i. e. anointed ones e. g. kings and priests Zech. 4,

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14. 2) pr. n. m. (shining) Ex. 6, 18; patron. אָצָרָרָי *Izharite* Num. 3, 27.

יִצְדְעָרָ (w. suf. דְצַרְעָ: pl. c. דְצָרְעָ: r. רְצָר (w. suf. יִצָרָ, prop. what is spread out; 1) a bed Ps. 63, 7; bridal-bed Gen. 49, 4. 2) a floor or story 1 K. 6, 5.

PIY Ps. 41, 9, see Py II.

phy" pr. n. m. (he sports) the son of Abraham and Sarah, Ίσαάχ, *Isaac* Gen. 21, 3; also (in later and softer form, Gram. § 2, 4, Rem.) phy" Ps. 105, 9. The name stands for all Israel in Am. 7, 9.

רְצְׁםַבֵּע Chald. fut. Ithp. of גְצָםַבָּע; comp. Gram. § 54, 2, a.

Josh. 9, 4 fut. Hith. of יְצְׁטַלְרָרָ עור זי עוד, see Gram. § 54, 2, a.

(pl. c. "بلاتي") adj. m., come out or descended (as offspring), only in 2 Ch. 32, 21.

ראבן Chald. adj. m. established, fixed Dan. 6, 13; certain, sure Dan. 2, 45. אור פן־יאינ adv. of a truth, certainly Dan. 2, 8.

깃각, f. a floor or story 1 K. 6, 5 Q'ri.

(Qal obs.) i. q. بَيْد , Arab. بَتَعْرَي , to set or spread. — Hiph. رَضَعَ (Gram. § 71) to spread out, as a bed Ps. 139, 8. — Hoph. بتير to be spread out, w. بَتَلا under Is. 14, 11.

 out, only in Q'ri of 2 K. 4, 5. — Hoph. to be poured out Lev. 21, 10; to be cast, of metals [K. 7, 23; part. pup molten work 1 K. 7, 16; hence pupe.

דער (inf. דְעָשָ perh. akin to part. pass. דְעָשָ, to be firm, compressed; part. pass. דְעָשָ hardened Job 41, 16, fastened Ps. 41, 9; to harden Job 38, 38.—Hoph. only in part. בָּעָ made firm or strong Job 11, 15.

דער זיד, only in Hiph. דער (Gram. § 71) to set, place 2 Sam. 15, 24; w. למבר Josh. 7, 23.

PX 1K.22,35 fut. apoc. of PX I.

דר f. a casting of metal, only 1 K. 7, 24; r. אַרָאָן I.

גר (only fut. אַרָּאָר, apoc. אָרָד, akin to אָרָד, דָעָד, prop. to press together, hence to straiten; but usually intrans. to be pressed or straitened Prov. 4, 12, Job 18, 7; impers. to be distressing, perplexing to w. ל, Gen. 32, 8 מון מאר מון מאר אין was distressed.

עַרָּרָצֶר , רָצֶר , II (fut. apoc. רְרָיָצֶר Gen. 2, 7, also "x" Gram. § 71; part. יוצר, used also prob. for אוצר in Zech. 11, 13) akin to קצר, prop. to cut; hence to form or fashion, as a wood-carver Is 44, 9, as a smith Is. 54, 17, as a potter Is. 64, 7; to create, of God Gen. 2, 19, w. acc. of material Gen. 2, 7; to produce or arrange Ps. 74, 17; to devise or design 2 K. 19, 25, w. by against Ps. 94, 30. Part. רוצר a potter Is. 29, 16; a statuary Is. 44, 9; a creator Is. 43, 1. In Zech. 11, 13 יוצר is prob. rightly taken by many (both ancient and modern) for אוצר treasurer or אוצר

freasury (see Maureri Comment. in loc.). — Niph. "I'to be formed Is. 43, 10. — Pu. "I'to be predestined, of days Ps. 139, 16. — Hoph. "I'to to be fashioned Is. 54, 17. Hence

שני (w. suf. רְצָרי) m. 1) prop. a shaping, hence thought, as a fashioning in the mind Is. 26, 3; fully בצר לב Gen. 8, 21. 2) frame or constitution of men Ps. 103, 14; a device, pattern in pottery Is. 29, 16; an image Hab. 2, 18. 3) pr. n. m. (form) Gen. 46, 24, patron. דַצָר Jezerite Num. 26, 49.

(only pl. רְצָרָים) prop. part. pass. formed or fashioned; hence pl. parts formed, the body or frame, as made up of the several members, only in Job 17, 7; r. אין II.

"Gen. 2, 14, fut. of דָּצֶר II.

עד fut. apoc. of גען I or גען I; Gram. § 78.

שור Bx. 32, 4 fut. apoc. of צור II.

דְצָרָי pr.n.m. (fashioner, r. דְצָרָי II) 1 Ch. 25, 11.

לעד (fut. דעד Gram. § 71, pl. דעד for דעד, Gram. § 20, 2, c) akin to r. דעד, for an. § 20, 2, c) akin to r. דעד, for an. § 20, 2, c) akin to r. דעד, for an. § 20, 2, c) akin to r. דעד, Gram. § 20, 2, c) akin to burne, w. דעד, and it blazes in the thickets of the wood Is. 9, 17; to be burned, w. דעד Is. 33, 12. — Niph. to be consumed by fire Jer. 2, 15; to burn, w. at or against, of anger 2 K. 22, 13. — Hiph. דעד, (once in K'thibh דיעד 2 Sam. 14, 30; fut. apoc. דעד, Lam. 4, 11) to set fire to anything (a דעד 'ד) Jer. 17, 27, w. by Jer. 11, 16; to burn in the fire (דעב) Josh. 8, 8; also (without to burn Jer. 51, 30.

which see.

تي (obs.) akin to تي), Arab. فَبَ to dig, excavate; hence

שריקבי (w. suf, קבר רפה, peut. 15, 14, pl. (w. suf, קבר רפה, peut. 15, 14, pl. (sometimes in the ground or rock); hence 1) that into which the must or new wine flows from the winepress, the wine-vat (שׁתטא לאוטי, L. lacus) Prov. 3, 10. 2) the wine-press itself, in which the grapes were trodden 2 K. 6, 27.

קרְצָאָל pr. n. (God gathers) of a place in South Judah Neh. 11, 25; but קרָצָאָל in Josh. 15, 21; r. אַקרָ

(fut. יַקָּד Is. 10, 16, יַקָּד Deut. 32, 32; inf. יַקָּד Is. 10, 16, יַקָּד II (which see), to burn, blaze Is. 65, 5; part. pass. יקד as subst., a burning mass on the hearth Is. 30, 14. – Hoph. יקד (only fut.) to be kindled, to burn Lev. 6, 2; fig. (cf. יָקָרָה) of anger Jer. 15, 14.

ראבי Chald. (only part. f. def. יִקר and יִקרְהָא i. q. Heb. יָקר, to burn, blaze Dan. 3, 6.

לא Chald. (c. <u>יקר</u>ח) f. a burning Dan. 7, 11.

קד fut. of קדר II to bow.

שְׁרָיָהָ pr. n. (prob. people's burning) of a city in the mountains of Judah Josh. 15, 56.

(obs.) prob. akin to المجبّ i. q. Arab. قَعْنَ *to revere* or obey; hence آجب pr. n. m. (pious) Prov. 30, 1. آجات (obs.) akin to جبّ perh. axouw, G. achten i. q. Arab. قَعْنَ to obey; hence

יַקְרָאוֹ (only c. יְקְרָאוֹ, w. Dagh. euphon., Gram. § 20, 2, b) f.

obedience Gen. 49, 10 (but see קרוח); *a mother's obedience*, due to her Prov. 30, 17.

יקוד

דוף m. a burning Is. 10, 16; r. יָקָר.

 $\square \square \square \square \square$ m. what is rejected or loathed, a vomiting, perh. in Job 8, 14; r. $\square \square$.

קרם m. what exists, hence a living being Gen. 7, 4; r. יקם or ביק.

לקוש (also יקוש Ps. 91, 3; pl. יקושים Jer. 5,26) m. a layer of snares, a fowler Hos. 9, 8; r. שָׁרַי.

קותראל pr. n. m. (prob. God's reverence, r. יקותראל) 1 Ch. 4 18.

TP? fut. of TP?; Gram. § 66, Bem. 2.

ΠΡ. fut. Hoph. of ΠΕ;; Gram. § 66, Rem. 2.

TCP: pr. n. m. (made small) the father of several races in Arabia Gen. 10, 25.

D'P, pr. n. m. (he, i. e. God, raises) 1 Ch. 8, 19.

קיר sdj. m. dear, precious Jer. 81, 20; r. יקר.

רקיר Chald. (def. יקיר) adj. m. orecious; hence weighty, *lifficult* Dan. 2, 11; eminent, noble, of a grandee Ezr. 4, 10; r. יקר.

(obs.) prob. akin to pap q. v.

קריה pr. n. m. (perh. existence of ד) i Ch. 2, 41.

people) 1 Ch. 23, 19.

דְקְרָעָם pr. n. (perh. people's existence) of a Levitical city in Ephraim 1 K. 4, 12; but קרְצַרָם in Josh. 21, 22.

קרָקָרָע pr. n. (the people's possession, for קרָקָרָק, r. קקנין נס place in Zebulon Josh. 12, 22. ער איבן I (fut. ארבי) i. q. ארבי, to move away or tear oneself away; then to be dislocated, of a limb Gen. 32, 26; fig. to be alienated, of the soul, w. ארבי Jer. 6, 8; w. ארבי 23, 18.

דו (Qal obs.) prob. akin te קוּצָ II (Qal obs.) prob. akin te קוּצָ III, אָדָרָ, to transfix or pierce. — Hiph. אָדָרָע, to impale or crucify (מֿעמסגסאסה(גנוי) Num. 25, 4. - Hoph. ארבי בו, 13.

נקה see נקר II.

יִקץ .r. YP. 1 K. 3, 15 for יִקץ, r. יְקַץ.

ראבי, ראבר דישר (fut. דישר, דישר Ps. 72, 14, בער הישר (fut. קישר, דישר Ps. 72, 14, הסגן, הלל, Ps. 49, 9) i. q. Arab. בשר יקראר הישר (קבר גבי); hence, fig. to be heavy (cf. קביב); hence, fig. to be dear, precious, costly Ps. 49, 9; w. אבי אר הישר אישר אישר אישר אישר בער הישר אשר אישר בער בעליהם 13, 17; to be worth, w. אישר אשר הישר אישר בער בעליהם 11, 13 הישר אישר בער הישר אשר הישר אישר הישר 14, 14 הישר הישר 14, 14 הישר 15, 12; to withhold w. אישר אישר אישר 17. Hence

רקר, adj. m. קר, *grave, calm* (prop. weighty, opp. to light) of disposition Prov. 17, 27 (Qri), where K'thibh has *pcool; costly, precious* 1 K. 10, 2; *highly prized*, of God's favour Ps. 36, 8; *dear*, *beloved* Ps. 45, 10. Subst. *splendour* Job 31, 26, cf. Ps. 37, 20.

רְקָר (c. דְקָר Est. 1, 4) m. preciousness Prov. 20, 15; value, price Zech. 11, 13; honour Ps. 49, 13; magnificence Est. 1, 4.

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Dan. 2, 6; honour Dan. 2, 37.

וְקָרָהוּ (only pl. יְקָרָוֹה) f. splendid one, a star, perh. in Zech. 14. 6, but see אָפָאוֹך and Maureri Comment. in loc.

קרה 1 Sam. 28, 10 for יקרה fut. Qal of יקר I w. suf. -----

עַקָּמָסָאָ like כָּקָשָׁתָּר Gram. Parad. B (perf. 1 pers. קַשָּׁתָּר Jer. 50, 24) i. q. שָׁדָא שׁוּף, to lay snares, w. Ps. 141, 9. Part. שׁדָּה a fowler Ps. 124, 7. The fut. דְּשָׁת in Is. 29, 21 is prob. from שׁוֹף. – Niph. שָׁרָא to be snared Is. 8, 15, w. ב (of snare) Prov. 6, 2; fig. to be ensnared Deut. 7, 25. – Pu. to be utterly snared (part. דְשָׁשָׁת ס הַיָּשָׁת הָשָׁרָם, Gram. § 52, Rem. 6) Ecc. 9, 12.

שר fut. apoc. Qal of קשה fut.

שָׁרָה fut. apoc. Hiph. of קשָׁה,

ן Is. 29, 21 prob. 3 pl. fut. Qal of נישוף.

TOP: pr. n.m. (fowler) Gen. 25, 2.

ind or snare; perh. hence

קראאל, pr. n. (perh. God's binding) of a city in Judah Josh. 15, 38; also in Arabia Petres 2 K. 14, 7.

Gen. 1, 4, see ירא Gen. 1, 4, see

רָרָאָדָם (2 pers. pl. דְרָאָדָם, once יִדָרָא רָיָרָא, דְרָאָדָם Josh. 4, 24; fut. אָיָדָא, יִדָּאָדָם imp. אָיָרָא רִירֹא ז'ס לַרָא בע, ז'יָרָא יִרָּאָדָם Josh. 22, 25, דָרָאָדָ יַרָּאָדָם Josh. 22, 25, דרָא יַרָּאָדָם Josh. 18, 29) perh. akin to דְרָאָדָ *to look at* or eye w. uneasiness or shyness (cf. reye w. uneasiness or shyness (cf. supping Is. 41, 10, טֹסָסָמָא, L. suspicor) 1) to fear, to be afraid Gen. 8, 10; to dread w. acc. Num. 14, 9; w. זָם Ps.3,7, w. בָרָשָׁרַ X. 1, 15, w. זָם Sam. 18, 12; w. זָ for Josh. 9, 24; to be afraid of doing anything, w. inf. and b Gen. 19, 30; w. אָם בּג. 3, 6; to fear lest, w. פָּ Gen. 31, 31. 2) to fear or reverence, parents etc. Lev. 19, 3; God Ex. 14, 31, w. בַּלְּבָרָא Ecc. 8, 12. — Niph. אָזָיָ (fut. אָרָדָרָא לוברָא) to be feared Ps. 130, 4. Part. אָרָדָרָא dreadful Joel 2, 11; awful Deut. 28, 58; fearful Ex. 15, 11: f. pl. אָרָדָרָא bwonderful or stupendous deeds, of men Ps. 45, 5, of God Deut. 10, 21: also as adv. wondrously Ps. 65, 6, cf. רָבָּלָאוֹין. — Pi. אָרָד to make afraid 2 Sam. 14. 15. Hence

(כ. רְרָאָים, pl. יְרָאָים) participial adj. m., fem. יְרָאָים (c. יְרָאָים) Prov. 31, 30) fearing, reverencing, w. acc. Ex. 9, 20; w. gen. (יְרָאָאָלוּים) Gen. 22, 12; fearful, timid Deut. 20, 8. Joined w. the pers. pron. it has all the force of a finite verb, e. g. יָרָא אָלָר אָרוֹ I fear him Gen. 32, 12.

רָרָא, ארָ fut. apoc. Qal of יָרָא, Gram. § 75, Rem. 3, c.

יָרָאָרז' f. prop. infin. of יָרָאָרז' (Gram. § 45, 1, b), as in Neh. 1, 11; then subst. fear, terror Jon. 1, 10; terribleness Ez. 1, 18; reverence, awe Gen. 20, 11 יַרָאָר אָלָדִים fear of God, i. e. religion or godliness Job 4, 8.

לאר, Josh. 24, 14 for יראר imp. pl. of רָרָא, see Gram. § 75, Rem. 21, a, Note ¹.

לראר 2 Sam. 11, 24 for יורד Hiph. of יורד (as if ייד (גיד (גיד (גיד (גיד לאר)) to shoot; see Gram. § 76, Rem. 22.

יָרְאוֹי for יְרְאוֹי, fut. pl. Qal of יְרָאוֹי, זיי, דיראון יִרָאוֹי pr. n. (dreadful) of a city in Naphtali Josh. 19, 38.

יְרָאָרָיָר pr. n. m. (dread of דְרָאָיָר) Jer. 37, 13.

רָרָב pr. n. m. (adversary, r. רָרָב) Hos. 5, 18,

1 Sam. 15, 5 for יאָרָב fut.

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apoc. Hiph. of אָרֶב; see Gram. § 68, Bem. 1.

יָרָב בְּזַל pr. n. m. (for יְרָבְעָל Baal contends) a surname of Gideon Judg. 6, 32, also יִרְבָּשָׁה 2 Sam. 11, 21.

pr. n. m. (prob. people's contention) prop. Jarobam (Sept. 'Ιεροβοάμ, Jeroboam) founder of the kingdom of Israel B. C. 975-954 1 K. 11, 26; another king of the 10 tribes, B.C. 825-784 2 K. 13, 13.

יָרָב בֵּשֶׁת pr. n. m. (for יְרָב בֵּשֶׁת shame, i. e. the idol Baal, contends) i. q. יְרָב צַאַר 2 Sam. 11, 21.

(fut. רֶרֶד, apoc. יְרֶד, in pause רַדָה Ps. 18, 10; imp. רָדָה, once ירד Judg. 5, 13; inf. ירד, c. רָדָה, w. suf. רְדָהִי, once רְדָה Gen. 46, 3) to go down, descend Ex. 19, 24, the place whither being put w. tx. 19, 18, ابط 2 Sam. 11, 10, بع ود Cant. 6, 2, 7 Ex. 15, 5, w. 7- loc. Gen. 12, 10, or w. acc. Ps. 55, 16, also w. gen. e. g. רורדי thise going down to the pit or grave, i. e. the dying Ps. 28, 1. Fig. of mere things, a stream Deut. 9, 21, a way Num. 34, 11, the day Judg. 19, 11, tears Lam. 3, 48; to come or fall down, of a wood cut down Is. 32, 49, a reverse of fortune Deut. 28, 43. - Hiph. דווררד to cause to go or come down Gen. 42, 38; to let down, by a cord Josh. 2, 15; to subdue 2 Sam. 22, 48; to bring or carry down Gen. 37, 25; to throw down Hos. 7, 12. - Hoph. הדרר to be led down Gen. 39, 1; to be taken down Num. 10, 17; to be thrown down Is. 14, 15. Hence

יריד, pr. n. m. (descent) Gen. 5, 15. יריד, pr. n. (prop. descending, i. e. a rushing current r. יריד) the river of Palestine which flows down full of rapids from the foot of Anti-li-

banus till it is lost in the Dead Sea, δ 'Ιορδάνης the Jordan, דַבְּרָבָן (on the art. omitted only in poetry, see Gram. § 109, 3) Gen. 13, 10; אַרָבָן 23, the land, the region, of Jordan. Perh. in Job 40, 23 בַרָר דַבָּרָבַן may be appellative in its sense, either a Jordan or a torrent. ---- This name may be mimet. (expressive of rushing) and so prove akin to 'Ιάρδανος (a river in Crete), 'Ρόδανος, W. rhyd (stream), Gael. sruth (a current), G. rauschen, E. rushing.

רְרָדָלָן Ps. 7, 6 irreg. for דְרָדָלָן pr. 7, 6 irreg. for הַדָּלָן, fut. Qal of רְרָדָל, comp. רְרָדָלָ Ps. 73, 9. See רָרָבָ

נירָם fut. יִירֶה, w. suf. נִירֶם, דד Num. 21, 30; inf. רוא, ירות, ירוא, ירוא 2 Ch. 26, 15; imp. רְרָה) prob. akin to דָרָה II, 1) to cast Josh. 18, 6; to shoot arrows 1 Sam. 20, 36, cf. 2 K. 13, 17; w. acc. of pers. Ps. 64, 5, w. ל at Ps. 11, 2; hence רוֹדָה archer 1 Ch. 10, 3; to lay a foundation (cf. Ballestar asto) Job 38, 6; to found or erect a pillar, i. e. to set it down in its place Gen. 31, 51. 2) to cast or shed (water or rain), hence to wet or irrigate Hos. 6, 3; part. הֹרֵח rain, autumnal or spring-rain Deut. 11, 14. --- Niph. only fut. רארה to be shot through Ex. 19, 13. - Hiph. הורח (fut. רובה, apoc. ניור 2 K. 13, 17) 1) to throw, cast Job 30, 19; to shoot 1 Sam. 20, 20, w. acc. of pers. Ps. 64, 8, w. 5 at 2 Ch. 35, 23. Part. an archer in 1 Sam. 31, 3; מוֹרָאִים archers 2 Sam. 11, 24 K'thibh. 2) to wet, pour; hence air (i. q. רורה) the early rain, falling in autumn and spring Ps. 84, 7 8) to point out, show Gen. 46, 28 (prop. to throw out the hand); hence to instruct or teach Ex. 35, 34; w. aco.

of pers. and of thing Ps. 119, 33; w. acc. of pers. Job 6, 24; w. acc. of thing Is. 9, 14; w. \beth in Ps. 25, 8, w. \beth respecting 2 Ch. 6, 27; w. \beth of thing Is. 2, 3; w. 与 of pers. and acc. of thing Deut. 33, 10.

(only in fut. אָרָדָא, הָרָדָע, (only in fut. גער, הַרָע, גער, גער, אָרָדָא, to tremble, quake, only in Is. 44, 8; where אָדָראָ may perh. stand for הַיָּרָאָ

רוא ירוא 2 Ch. 26, 15 infin. Qal for ירוא from ירָדָרָא; see Gram. § 75, Rem. 2 and § 23, 3, Rem. 3.

יְרָדּאָל pr. n. (for יְרָדּאַל God's foundation, r. יְרָדָאָל) of a desert 2 Ch. 20, 16.

יְרָרְוָתַ pr. n. m. (prob. i. q. יְרָרָת moon) 1 Ch. 5, 14.

רדך Prov. 29, 6 for יָרדן fut. Qal of יָרדן נעמיד, 68, Bem. 9.

רוע Prov. 11, 15 fut. Niph. of רוצע or דענע I.

רָדָץ Is. 42, 4 fut. Qal for דָרָדָץ from רָצַץ.

רָרָה m. green thing, green plant, only in Job 39, 8; r. רָיָר

ירושה ז' also ירושה pr. n. f. (possession) 2 K. 15, 33; 2 Ch. 27, 1.

רְרָשָׁעָל דָר pr. n. (seat or possession of peace i. e. prob. שַׁלָּש peace w. די foundation as in אָרָד, or w. די possession) the chief city o' Palestine, 'lepousaλήμ, Jerusala Josh. 10, 1; for which we get a in later looks אָרָרָשָׁלָים Jer. 26, 18 if a dual form, and once שַׁלָש in ב... 76, 3; see Gram. § 17.

ררהשלם Chald. i. q. Heb. ירהשלם Jerwalem Ezr. 5, 14; for which ירושלם in Dan. 6, 11. (obs.) prob. akin to אָרָח (obs.) prob. akin to wander or travel onward; hence

עריבון: (w. suf. יְרַבָּוּך:) m. the moon Gen. 37, 9, prop. the wanderer (cf. splendour Job 31, 26) so called from its course and changes. יְרָבָר וּלָבָּ in the sight of the moon, i. e. so long as it shines Ps. 72, 5. יְרֵהַ takes the art. in prose, but not usually in poetry.

תֹרָהַת (pl. רְיָהָת, c. יְרָהַת, r. יְיָהַת, n. 1) prop. time of the moon's course, a month, a lunar month Ex. 2, 2; hence same as דְיָה the more usual word. 2) pr. n. of an Arabian people in the vicinity of Hadramaut Gen. 10, 26.

Thald. a month Dan. 4, 26.

ירידת pr. n. (odoriferous or balmy, r. רידת) of a city in Benjamin famed for its palms and balsams, Jericho Num. 22, 1; also רידידו in Josh. 2, 1 and רידידו in 1 K. 16, 34; cf. עיר עיר

pr. n. m. (he is compassionated or loved) 1 Sam. 1, 1.

ירַדְרָאָל pr. n. m. (God compassions/:s) 1 Ch. 2, 9; patron. יְרַדְאָלָי Jer meelite 1 Sam. 27, 10.

יָרָן pr. n. m. (perh. trusty, to Chald. רְתַּזץ *to trust in*) 1 2, 34.

ירָאָל pr. n. m. (prob. founded of God) 1 Ch. 7, 2.

רִרָּב ...) m. 1) an adversary Ps. 35, 1. 2) pr. n. m. (opponent) Ezr. 8, 16.

יְרָיבָר pr.n.m. (contentions, r. רְיָרָבָ 1 Ch. 11, 46.

יִרָיָדוֹ, יְרָיָדוֹ pr. n. m. (prob. founded by רְדָאר (נְהָא) 1 Ch. 26, 31; 23, 19.

ירחה see ירחה, see ירחה.

ירמות, אירימות, see ירמות.

ירִדְעָרָז (r. רְרָעָר) f. hanging or curtain of a tent Is. 54, 2; fig. pl. tents Hab. 3, 7.

יְרָדעוֹת pr. n. f. (curtains) 1 Ch. 2, 18.

(obs.) i. q. רְכַהָ, to be tender; esp. of the tender flesh of the loins and thighs; hence

ירָרָה (c. דְרָהָ Gram. § 93, 5, w. suf. ירָרָבָי, dual יְרָבָים) f. the thigh Ex. 28, 42; ירָבָי to come out of the thigh of i. e. to be begotten Gen. 46, 26; in animals, the haunch, ham Ez. 24, 4. 2) fig. of mere things, shank or stem Ex. 25, 31; side of a tent Ex. 40, 22, of an altar Lev. 1, 11.

. Is. 7, 4 fut. Qal of רְכֵן, Gram. § 67, Rem. 3.

יְרַכְּתִיָם du. רְרַכְתוֹ (w. suf. רְרַכְתוֹ du. רְרַכָּתוֹ c. רְרָכָתוֹ f. i. q. רְרָכָתוֹ 2, only fig. side, of a country Gen. 49, 13; the rear Ex. 26, 22; inner parts or recesses Jon. 1, 5; remote parts Is. 14, 13.

רְרָבָא Chald. f. the thigh Dan. 2, 32; i. q. Heb. יָרָבָא.

(obs.) i. q. רום, אין, to be high.

דבים Ez. 10, 17 fut. Niph. of בבים I.

יְרָבָלוֹת יָרָבוֹת pr. n. m. (heights, r. יְרָבוֹת) 1 Ch. 8, 14; but רְרָימוֹת in 1 Ch. 24, 30 and רְרָימוֹת in 1, Ch. 7, 8.

רְרָשָׁל pr. n. m. (perh. dwelling on high, r. וְרָם Ezr. 10, 33.

ירְבְיָרָה, ירְבְיָרָה, pr. n. m. (דָּיָרָה, is exalted) 'Ispsµlac, Jeremiah, the prophet Jer. 1, 1; 27, 1.

akin to דָרָרָא, to tremble, to shake through fear, only in Is. 15, 4; hence

יָרַע Zeph. 1, 12 and יְרָעָל I K. 16, 25 fut. apoc. Hiph. of יְרָעַל II.

רָעָד Gen. 21, 12 fut. Qal of רְעַע II; but וּרָעָה in Job 20, 26 fut. apoc. of הַרָע

pr. n. (God heals) of a place in Benjamin Josh. 18, 27.

(inf. דָּרָק) Num. 12, 14) mimet. akin to pp: II, p+, Ethiop. waraqa, to spit Deut. 25, 9. ---- Prob. akin to έρεύγομαι, L. ructo, E. retch, G. würgen, perh. also to paxá Mat. 5, 22, Syr. Los spittle, hence like xatáπτυστος expressive of great contempt.

P... (obs.) i. q. Arab. زرق, to put forth leaves, sprout; to become green, of plants. Hence

רְרָכָ (כ. רְרָכ) m. what is green, collect. greens, herbs 2 K. 19, 26. garden of greens or vegetables Deut. 11, 10; אַרְבָר בְרָק of green herbs Prov. 15, 17.

קל-יָרָק עַשָּׁב m. greenness, קּל-יָרָק עַשָּׁב all greenness of herb, i. e. all green herbs, every green plant Gen. 1, 30; verdure, foliage Ex. 10, 15; r. רָרָק.

רָרָקוֹן m. 1) greenish-yellow of decaying vegetation Deut. 28, 22 (Arab. (בَرَقَار). 2) paleness, ghastliness, of the face Jer. 30, 6; r. רְרֵק.

ין קון m. greenish-yellow; only in m. greenish-yellow; only in gr. n. of a place in Dan Josh. 19, 46; r. רָרָק.

יָרָקַעָם pr. n. (perh. for יָרָקָעָם the people is spread out) of a town in Judah 1 Ch. 2, 44 : רַקַי.

רְקָרְקוֹה (r. רְיָחָ) adj. m., רְיָקְרַקוֹה f. pl. greenish, yellowish Lev. 13, 49; as subst. yellowness, of gold Ps. 68, 14 (cf. Ethiop. wareq gold).

Jer. 49, 1, also (hence רִירָשֶׁתָם; fut. יִרָשָׁתָם; imp. רֵשׁ Deut. 1, 21, שֹׁז Deut. 2, 24; שֹׁז, רְרָשָׁת Deut. 33, 23; inf. רְשָׁת, w. suf. רשתו) akin to ארש, 1) to seize or take hold of, hence to take into possession 1 K. 21, 15; hence fig. to inherit Num. 27, 11; רוֹרָשׁ an heir Jer. 47, 1; w. acc. of pers. to be heir to Gen. 15, 8. 2) to possess, w. acc. of pers. to possess in place of, to dispossess Deut. 2, 12. --- Niph. נוֹרָשׁ (fut. להַרָש) to be dispossessed or made poor Gen. 45, 11. - Pi. "ro possess, overrun Deut. 28, 42; to get the property of, dispossess, w. acc. of pers. Judg. 14, 15. - Hiph. הוריש (fut. רוררש) to cause to possess, w. two acc. Judg. 11, 24, cf. Job 13, 26; w. of pers. Ezr. 9, 12; to possess Num. 14, 24; to dispossess, w. acc. of pers. Num. 14, 12, cf. Judg. 1, 29; hence, to make destitute, poor 1 Sam. 2, 7. Hence

f. a possession Num. 24, 18. F. a possession Deut. 2, 5; an inheritance Jer. 32, 8.

للله (but often - شت: i. q. تله 2 Sam. 14, 19, Arab. الس, Chald. بجرية, Syr. (أي) m. prop. existence (to sivat, oùsia), hence substance Prov. 8, 21; else as adv. particle, w. force of the substantive verb there is or exists (Gram. § 152, 1) e. g. Ps. 58, 12 there exists a God judging in the earth. יְשׁרָעָ אָסָרִים אָסָרָים אָרָים אָרָאָרָים אָסָרָים אָסָרָים אָסָרָים אָרָים אָרָים אָרָים אָרָים אָרָים אָרָאָרָים אָרָאָרָים אָרָים אָרָאָרָים אָרָיים אָרָיים אָרָאָרָים אָרָיים אָרָאָרָא אָרָים אָרָיים אָרָאָרָים אָרָיים אָרָיים אָרָרָים אָרָרָרָים אָרָרָים אָרָר

(fut. בשֵׁר: inf. abs. בשׁב: Jer. 42, 10 for לשוֹב, c. שֶׁבֶח, w. suf. יָשָׁבָחִי; imp. שָׁב אָשָׁב, part. f. once רושבת Nah. 3, 8 also רושבת, w. --parag. רושבתד Lam. 4, 21 K'thibh) akin to set or place, hence 1) to take a seat, to sit Gen. 27, 19; w. 5 of place Ps. 110, 1; w. 5 of subj. to sit for oneself i. e. to sit (see Gram. §154, 3, e) Gen. 21. 16; to be seated, w. > of place 2 Sam, 7, 1, w. על K. 1, 35, w. acc. Ps. 80, 2; w. > of pers. to wait for or waylay Judg. 16, 9; w. Dy with, to associate Ps. 26, 4. 2) to remain Gen. 49, 24; w. z in 2 Sam. 10, 5; w. acc. of place Ruth 2, 7; w. 5 of pers. remain for Hos. 3, 3; hence to dwell in, inhabit Gen. 13, 6; w. acc. Gen. 4, 20, cf. Ps. 22, 4, w. > in of place Deut. 2, 10, w. 5 on Lev. 25, 18, w. or ל at, by Ez. 3, 15, Judg. 5, 17, w. Dy Gen. 27, 44, with Gen. 34, 16. - Niph. zwi to be inhabited Ex. 16, 35; part. f. נושבת Ez. 26, 17. ---Pi. zur to set or pilch a tent Ez. 25, 4. - Hiph. הושרב to seat or place 1 Sam. 2, 8; to cause to dwell Ps. 4, 9, w. two acc. Ps. 113, 9, w. p of place Gen. 47, 6, w. يthos. 11, 11; to marry i. e. to settle a wife in one's house Neh. 13, 27; to cause to be inhabited

Is. 54, 3. — Hoph. - to be made to dwell Is. 5, 8; to be inhabited Is. 44, 26.

דאב pr. n. m. (father's seat) 1 Ch. 24, 13.

pr. n. m. (dwelling at rest) 2 Sam. 23, 8.

피고민, pr. n. m. (he praises) 1 Ch. 4, 17.

קעבר בעבר pr. n. m. (his seat at Nob) 2 Sam. 21, 16 (K'thihh), where the Q'ri has ישבר בנב (my seat at Nob).

דָשָׁרָד לָקָם pr. n. m. (perh. returned to bread) 1 Ch. 4, 22.

יְשָׁבְעָם pr. n. m. (perh. the people returns) 1 Ch. 11, 11; r. אוני.

רְשָׁבַק' pr. n. m. (he forsakes) Gen. 25, 2; r. בְשָׁבַי

אָרָאָרָאָדָי pr. n. m. (perh. seat of hardship) 1 Ch. 25, 4.

(obs.) prob. akin to العَبْرَ (which see), Syr. العُبَّلَ، to be or exist; prop. to have being or firmness; hence perh. العَبْرَ and العَبْرَاتِ.

שרב pr. n. m. (he returns, r. שרב) Num. 26, 24; patron. ישר *Jashubite*.

קשר for ישר fut. Qal of ישר, Gram. § 67, Bem. 9.

קשׁרָד pr. n. m. (level, r. שְׁרָד I) Gen. 46, 17.

ישוודירה pr. n. m. (humbled by 1 Ch. 4, 36.

יְשָׁרָ" pr. n. m. (i. q. רְשָׁרָד) 1 Sam. 14, 49.

לי דוושוע 1) pr. n. m. (for ישוע he delivers) Joshuah, Sept. Ίησοῦς (cf. Mat. 1, 21), Neh. 8, 17; also a high priest Neh. 7, 7. 2) pr. n. of a place in Judah Neh. 11, 26; r. איש.

ישוּעָדו (w. ד - parag. ישוּעָדו Ps. 8, 3) f. 1) help Ps. 9, 15; deliverance, salvation Is. 56, 1; victory 1 Sam. 14, 45; welfare, prosperity Job 30, 15. Pl. שולט victories or deliverances Ps. 18, 51, cf. Is. 26, 18. 2) concr. a saviour Ps. 62, 3; r. גער.

(obs.) i. q. אָשָׁרָא, אוּשָׁלָ, אוּשָׁלָ, to fail or sink, through hunger; hence

مَنْ (w. suf. بَعْتَمَتْ) m. the sinking at the stomach through want of proper nourishment, only in Mic. 6, 14.

The? Ecc. 12, 4 fut. Niph. of المترقية, Gram. § 67. Bem. 5.

רְשִׁרָוֹס a later and rare form for which see.

(Qal obs.) to stretch out. - Hiph تنبيت (i. q. Chald. لينبخ Syr. ان منابع المعالي (i. q. Chald out, as a sceptre, w. 5 of pers. Est. 4, 11.

"", pr. n. m. (perh. i. q. "g gift) the father of king David 1 Sam. 16, 1.

in Q'ri of Ps. 55, 16 for بنسب. fut. Hiph. of بن II, cf. Gram. § 75, Rem. 21, c.

בִּשִׁי, pr. n. m. (he restores) 1 Chr. 7, 1 (K'thibh).

עָשָׁרם Jer. 49, 20 for שָׁשָׁר fut. Hiph. of שַׁשָׁש, Gram. § 67, Rem. 8.

ישרה, רשרה, יחרה pr. n. m. (perh. existence of ר (ה 1 Ch. 7, 3; 12, 6.

ישׁירטאל pr. n. m. (prob. God founds) 1 Ch. 4, 36.

(only pl. הָשָׁרמוֹת) f. 1) desolations, devastations, prob. in K'thibh of Ps. 55, 16 ישָׁרמוֹת פָלַרמוֹת desolations upon them / but see ישָׁרמוֹת for the Q'ri. 2) ישָׁר איני איני איני (place of solitudes) of a city in Moab Num. 33, 49; r. ישָׁר.

יָשִׁיכוֹן m. a desert or waste Is. 43, 19; r. בְּשָׁם.

שׁישׁי m. an old man Job 12, 12, i. q. Syr. مُعَمَّهُ: r. تِعَبَّى

י pr. n. m. (perh. like an old man) 1 Ch. 5, 14.

Job 27, 8 fut. apoc. of שָּׁלָם I.

ער (only fut. שְּׁשָׁה) akin to שָׁר (to be desolate or laid waste Gen. 47, 19; 3 pers. pl. f. הִישָׁקְנָה Ez. 6, 6.

לען (only fut. דּשָּׁלָשָׁן Judg. 12, 3, וישור Gen. 50, 26) i. q. וישור to set or lay Judg. 12, 3 (K'thibh).

שׁתַם fut. Qal of שַשָּׁ

۲۵۵۲ pr. n. m. (desolation) 1 Ch. 4, 3.

שְׁשְׁצָאל pr. n. m. (God hears) the son of Abraham and Hagar, Ishmael Gen. 25, 12; patron. ישָׁקְצָאלי Ishmaelite 1 Ch. 2, 17.

יִשְׁבַעְרָהוּ , יְשְׁבַעְרָהוּ pr. n. m. (דְּשָׁבַעְרָהוּ hears) 1 Ch. 12, 4; 27, 19.

יְשְׁרְרָד pr. n. m. (perh. conservative, r. שָׁמָר 1 Ch. 8, 18.

(Qal obs.) prob. akin to تَعْتَى, to be sapless, withered, old, opp. to ترجي. — Niph. to be old, not fresh, of grain Lev. 26, 10; to be of long standing, chronic, of disease Lev. 13, 11; to become ancient, as an inhabitant Deut. 4, 25.

(fut. יִשֹׁרָ, inf. יִשׁרָ, Ecc. 5, 11) prob. akin to יָשָׁרָ, יָשָׁרָ, יָשָׁרָ, III, to rest, to fall asleep Gen. 2, 21; to sleep Prov. 14, 6; יִשׁרָי, I shall sleep the death, i.e. die Ps. 13,4. — Pi. to put or send to sleep, only in Judg. 16, 19.

קשָׁנָז adj. m. יְשָׁנָז f. old, last year's, of grain Lev. 25, 22; ancient, of a

gate Neh. 3, 6, of a pool Is. 22, 11: r. برضج.

(יָשָׁרָ כּוּ רְשָׁרָי, כּ. יְשָׁרָי, ד. יְשָׁרָי, adj. m., יְשָׁרָי f. sleeping 1 Sam. 26, 7; those that sleep in the land of dust, i. e. the dead Dan. 12, 2. 2) pr. n. m. (sleeper) 2 Sam. 23, 32.

דְשָׁרָד: pr. n. (ancient) of a city in Ephraim 2 Ch. 13, 19.

שכר, see שי.

דָשָׁרָי, rarely דָשָׁרָ, (w. suf. דְשָׁרָי, Ps. 18, 36, דְשָׁרָי, Ps. 85, 8) m. prop. broad or wide place, freedom Ps. 12, 6; deliverance, salvation Hab. 3, 13; safety, welfare Job 5, 4.

שָׁרָ Gen. 4, 4 fut. apoc. Qal of שָּׁרָ ישִׁרָי pr. n. m. (saving or salutary) 1 Ch. 2, 31.

יְשָׁלְיָה pr. n. m. (help of דְשָׁלְיָה) 1 Ch. 3, 21.

ישׁלָרָן דר. n. m. (salvation of 'שׁלָרָן דוּ) the great prophet Isaiah, Hoata; Is. 1, 1.

(obs.) perh. akin to Syr. اعد to rub off, العرب II, to make bare or smooth, to polish; hence to shine, perh. hence

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רשפה

חַבָּשִין or הַשָּרָ m. a kind of precious stone, Syr. הבפּר, למסתוג, jasper Ex. 28, 20, Ez. 28, 13.

ר אָשָׁרָי pr. n. m. (perh. bald, r. עַרָּדָעָד II) 1 Ch. 8, 16.

ָשָׁשָׁ, pr. n. m. (perh. hiding, r. שַׁמָן 1 Ch. 8, 22.

רישר fut. רִישָׁר, once יִשָּׁר 18am. 6, 12) akin to אָשָׁר, to be straight or *direct*, of a way that does not to be בערנר 1 Sam. 6, 12; fig. w. בערני to be right in the eyes of, i. e. to please Num. 23, 27. 2) to be even (opp. 523), fig. tranquil Hab. 2, 4. - Pi. to make or keep straight Prov. 9, 15; to lead straight on, of an aqueduct 2 Ch. 32, 30; to make level or even, of a way, Is. 40, 3; to approve or declare right Ps. 119, 128. - Pu. vin to be made even or beaten out flat, of gold in plates 1 K. 6, 35. — Hiph. דֵרשִׁיר (דושרר Ps. 5, 9) to make level Ps. 5, 7 9; to make straight i.e. look straight Prov. 4, 25 let thine eyelids Look right on before thee. Hence

ישר (pl. יישרי, c. יישרים) adj. m., רָשָׁרָח (c. רִשְׁרָח, pl. רָשָׁרָא) f., straight Job 33, 27, esp. of a way Is. 26, 7; right, w. בְּעֵרֹנָד Judg. 17, 6; upright, of God Deut. 32, 4, of men Job 1, 1. right-hearted Ps. 7, 11; ישרי לב upright in their hearts ישרים בלבותם Ps. 125, 4; ישר ברה נערי upright of conduct Prov. 29, 27; level, even, of a way Ezr. 8, 21. סַפָּר דְשָׁשָׁר Josh. 10, 13 book of the upright, prob. a lost collection of ancient Heb. poetry, which perh. celebrated the praises of Godfearing and just men. - In Ps. 111, 8 = ישׁר rightness or as adv. rightly, cf. Gram. § 84, 1, § 106, 2, a, Rem.

70, pr. n. m. (uprightness) 1 Ch. 2, 18. לשר (w. suf. יקשר) m. straightness, evenness, of a way Prov. 2, 13; fig. uprightness 1 K. 9, 4; rightness or right, יקשר more than right Prov. 11, 24; duty Job 33, 23; r. יקש.

קשראלה pr. n. m. (perh. upright God-ward) 1 Ch. 25, 14.

(c. רְשָׁרָה) f. uprightness, only in 1 K. 3, 6; r. רָשָׁרָ.

רשר דישר m. prob. a dimin. of ישרר = ישר, hence perh. darling honest one, a poetical and fond or pet name for ישר אביר לער אביר אביר Deut. 32, 15.

ז אַרְעָרָדָ 1 Sam. 6, 12 for אַרְעָרָדָ pl. f. Pi. of יָשָׁר, see Gram. § 47, Rem. 3.

עשר (obs.) prob. akin to שׁשָׁק, שׁשָׂז, חשָׁה, חשָׁה, to be sapless or withered, dry or hard; hence

שׁשָׁהָ adj. m. i. q. שָׁשָׁהָ, prop. withered or dry; fig. old, aged or ancient 2 Ch. 36, 17. --- Akin to Aram. שׁשָּׁהָ, (old), perh. to old L. cascus and Oscus (ancient).

רְשָׁשׁרָי pr. n. m. (in K'thibh = שֹׁרָשָׁ there is hire, but in Q'ri = שִׁרָשָׁר he is hired) Sept. 'Ισσάχαρ, Issachar, a son of Jacob and Leah Gen. 30, 18.

שויח see אשיי.

לְשָׁוֹתוֹת: fut. apoc. Hithpal'el for רְשָׁתְוּוָד, r. רְשָׁתְוּדָ, see Gram. § 75, Rem. 18.

אָשָׁתָּקָשָׁרָיָ Nah. 2, 5 fut. Hithpalpal of אָשָׁלָ, comp. Gram. § 67, 8.

רא לא Chald. i. q. Heb. ראָ, Syr. גֿע, sign of accusative case; w. suf. רֶחְדוֹן Dan. 3, 12.

אָרָה Deut. 33, 21 fut. Qal of אָרָה, for דְאָיָה, Gram. § 76, 2, c.

בתר Chald. i. q. Heb. ישָׁב, to sit Dan. 7, 9. – Aph. הוֹחַב to cause to dwell Ezr. 4, 10.

(obs.) i. q. Arab. زقد , akin to pierce or stick in; hence

(יְהְדוֹח, pl. יְהֲדוֹח, c. יְהֲדוֹח, com. gend. a peg, pin, nail Ez. 15,3; com. gend. a peg, pin, whereby the web was fastened to the wall Judg. 16, 14; a small spade or shovel (to dig with) Deut. 23, 14; fig. a prince, on whom the state is conceived to depend Zech. 10, 4.

רְתַוְכָּח Mic. 6, 2 fut. Hith. of יְתַוְכָּח; Gram. § 69, 2.

(רְהַבֶּיו, w. suf. יְרָהֹיְמִים, m. an orphan Ex.22,23; a fatherless child Job 24, 9; r. רָהַם.

י חויר m. a searching out Job 39, 8; r. אויד I.

וְתָּוֹיך Chald. Dan. 4, 9 fut. Ithpe. of קו.

(obs.) i. q. Arab. زنج to beat w. a club; hence المزيرا

יּתִּד" pr. n. (prob. excelling, r. יָתִד") a Levitical city in south of Judah, now *Attir* Josh. 15, 48.

רְאָרָאָרָאָרָאָרָאָ, Chald. adj. m., יְהָאָרָאָרָ passing, extraordinary Dan. 2, 31; the fem. הְאָרָה used as adv. very, exceedingly Dan. 3, 22.

דְּהָלַל I (Qal obs.) akin to דְּהַלָּ דַהָּרָיל II, to jest, mock. - Hiph. הַלַל to mock, deride, w. $\boxed{2}$ of pers. Judg. 16, 10. — Hoph. to be deceived, made a jest Is. 44, 20.

אַקלָד II (obs.) akin to דְּקָלָד, אַקָלָד I, to be high; hence

Dan Josh. 19, 42.

q. Arab. يَتَمَ , to be desolate, bereaved; hence بتتم.

רְתְּמוּ, pl. יְתְמוּ, in pause רְתְמוּ, fut. Qal of הַתַּמ

הַכָּם see רְהַמַר , רְהָם , רָהָם

קרק pr. n. m. (orphanhood, r. ירס, 1 Ch. 11, 46.

إراب (obs.) akin to إراب (which see), to reach out or extend i. q. Arab. رتس, to be perennial or constant, of the flow of water; hence يخترو

יָתְרָאָל pr. n. m. (God bestows, r. בְּחָרָאָל I) 1 Ch. 26, 2.

וְתָּכָן pr. n. (perh. strong or permanent, r. (תָרָן) of a city in Judah Josh. 15, 23.

I (Qal obs.) prob. akin to measure), to fall or run over (some measure), to surpass or exceed. — Niph. איז לו איז לער איז איז Gen. 44, 20; part. m. איז לו היד remnant Ex. 28, 10. — Hiph. דורד (fnt. apoc. איז לו רבית וליבר) to cause to abound, w. א in Deut. 28, 11; to let remain over Ex. 10, 15; to spare Ps. 79, 11; to go beyond, excel Gen. 49, 4.

ון (סוג אוו to bind or tie; hence בַּרֶעָר, לַנָּע לַנָּאָר, לַנָּע אַיָרָר, אַרָעָר, גַיָרָר, אַרָעָר, אַרַעָר, אַרַעָר, אַרַעָר, אַרַעָר, אַרַעָר, אַרַעָר, אַרַעָר, אַרַעָר, אַרָעָר, אַרַעָר, אַר

יותר see ינאר.

יְהָרִים .pl. יְהָרִים m. יִהְרִים וו, a cord or string Judg.

16,7. 2) רְיָתִר. J. abundance Ps. 17, 14; as adv., abundantly Is. 56, 12; remainder or residue Judg. 7, 6; excellence Prov. 17, 7; as adv. over and above, besides Num. 31, 32. 3) pr. n. m. (perh. excellence) Ex. 4, 18, but רְחָרוֹ in Ex. 3, 1.

קר אין די pr. n. m. (perh. excellence) 2 Sam. 17, 26, but הָתָר in 1 K. 2, 5.

יְתָרָד, f. i. q. יְתָר abundance, wealth Is. 15, 7; r. יָתַר I.

יָקרן pr. n. m. (perh. excellent) Ex. 8, 1, father-in-law of Moses; but in Ex. 4, 18.

m. excellence Ecc. 2, 13; gain, emolument Ecc. 1, 3; r. רְקְרוֹן

→ Kāph, the 11th Heb. letter; but used as the numeral for 20 (Gram. § 5, 4, Rem. 3). The name $\exists i i i$ (or $\exists i j i$) means a *bent* or *hallow hand* or *palm*, which also is rudely pictured by the earliest form or figure N, whence the Greek N or K and its name Káππα (see the Table of Ancient Alphabets). As i it has an aspirated sound, *kh* or Gr. χ , but as i (w. Dagh. lene) simply *k* or Gr. χ ; see Gram. § 6, 3, and Note¹. — On final \exists see Gram. § 5, 3.

יָלָרָ patronym. from לְלָרָ 23, 38.

יְתָרָן pr. n. m. (perh. excellent) 1 Ch. 7, 37, but רְתָרָ, in v. 88.

pr. n. m. (prob. residue) of the people) 2 Sam. 3, 5.

יוֹהֶרָת see יֹהֶרָת.

Dup? Chald. fut. Ithpe. of באשר

(obs.) perh. akin to דָּרָת, (which see), to assail, subdue.

קתו pr. n. m. (perh. subjection) Gen. 36, 40 (r. יְתָת,).

٦, ٦

Note ² and § 33, 3, Note ¹, also Ewald's Heb. Lehrb. § 190, d, 7th ed.); — 5 w. sibilants e. g. $r_{23} = r_{23}$, $r_{23} = q_{23}$, $r_{13} = q_{23}$, Comp. on letter π , p. 190.

ין is an old formative or adj. ending in some words (see on ד, p. 191), as in הָפָרָ אָבָר, אָבָרָ, prob. akin to עָסָם, קַרָן, אָרָן, דָרָעָבר II, so in Chald. דָרָ אָבָר see and אָבָר, הַעְרָדָ, נוֹעָר, גַיָרָרָן, מִירָדָן.

כּאָב

13, 16, as to time Ps. 89, 37, as to event or hap 2 Sam. 3, 33, also as to appearance Dan. 10, 18, as to wisdom Gen. 41, 38. Hence in general, with words of number, measure, time, about, e. g. about ten (כְּצָשֶׁר) years Buth 1, 4; hence perh. at (of time), e. g. מַזַלַלח at or about midnight Ex. 11, 4. In such cases the Kaph of comparison (בָּק הָדּכִיוֹך) retains only a slight trace of its proper force. Here then belongs α) \mathfrak{P} meaning so, as well as, when as adv. of quality it is connected w. تَتَ (thus تَحَرَّ as-so) Ps. 127, 4, or w. another 주 (thus 주 주, also ברקאאר for comparison, e. g. ברקשאר (ב-ב as the sin-offering so the trespass-offering Lev. 7, 7; בנפש האב as the father's soul even so the son's soul Ez. 18, 4. β) > meaning sfer, according to, when it indicates a rule or standard e. g. according to our likeness (Ergenze) Gen. 1, 26. 2) The comparison may be w. an object conceived of in its highest possible perfection, without reference to any particular instance, -e. g. כאיש אמח Neh. 7, 2 a very faithful man, i. e. so as a faithful man alone can be (see Gram. § 134, -3, f, cf. ώς άληθῶς); he behaved himself במחרדים 1 Sam. 10, 27 very quietly, i. e. as only a quiet person does. Perh. in the same way > stands before an adj. in בתוקב Ecc. 8, 1, before a part. in קמְרָאֹנְיָם Num. 11, 1, בעטיר Cant. 1, 7, בעטיר Ex. 22, 24, before an adv. in בקעט 1 Ch. 16, 19, or before a subst. in בַּמָוֹח Lam. 1, 20, Is. 13, 6 i. e. very wise, very complaining, utterly fainting, very little or few, as a very usurer, as death itself, as very ruin. The old grammarians without much reason, called this אָדָרָ דְעָצָם (D of identity)

or בק דוקיאם (D of confirmation). 3) the comparing together of two acts, as happening together or depending one on the other; hence the pserves for a particle or adv. of time, e. g. when he heard שֹׁשְׁשָׁל (prop. according to his hearing) that I raised my voice then he left regiz (prop. and he left, see Gram. § 126, 6, Rem. 1, Note¹) Gen. 39, 15. In this way it may be generally rendered before infinitives, rarely w. verbal-nouns 2 Ch. 12, 1, and participles Gen. 40, 10. 4) before a noun in order to compare two propositions, e. g. as the former time (בַּעֵה הַראשוֹן) brought contempt on the land of Zebulon so the latter time (וְדָאָרֵוֹרוֹן) will bring honour Is. 8, 23. But more usual is כַאַלָאר' -כָּן Num. 2, 17. At times we have כָּרַק, e.g. גָּרַק times we as my strength then, so וּכְכֹחִר עֵהַוֹת my strength now Josh. 14, 11. For this דָ־קָ at times stands ק־ק Josh. 2, 21, also ♀ ♀ 1 Sam. 30, 24. ~~~ As to derivation, D is prob. connected w. the pronominal root קר, though perh. only shortened from 🌪 (see Gram. § 102, 2, Note 1). See קבח, קבח, פר, פער פער אַניר, בער אָניָר.

7, 4; as it were Dan. 6, 1.

אָקָבָ (fut. רְּאָב) akin to בְּחָ I, Syr. Lo hurt; prop. to pierce (cf. Chald. א שרים מויד a thorn), hence then to be sore Gen. 34, 25; feel pain, to suffer Ps. 69, 30; be sick or sad Prov. 14, 13; w. > of cause Job 14, 22. — Hiph. to cause pain, to wound Job 5, 18; to sadden w. acc. Ez. 13, 22: of mere things, to war or destroy 2 K. 3, 19. Hence

באָבְ m. pain (of body) Job 2, 13; grief Is. 17, 11; w. בו Is. 65, 14.

(Qal obs.) akin to הָבָּהָד קַרָּהָד (Qal obs.) akin to הָבָּהָד get sad, downcast Dan. 11, 30; w. בַב Ps. 109, 16. – בָּבָא in Job 30, 8 is prob. Niph. of הַבָּא – Hiph. to afflict, sadden, w. בַ Ez. 13, 22. ----Cf. E. to cow, coward. Hence

אָרָאָ adj. m., pl. אָדָע dejected, sad Ps. 10, 10 in Q'ri.

ע (obs.) perh. i. q. Talm. קער, to be dirty, esp. of water, hence perh. קאר turbid stream Am. 8, 8; but this קאר most likely stands for קאר, as some texts read. Perh. hence

nce in Am. 8, 8; but see الجيا II.

רָאָרָד Ps. 22, 17, perh. for כָּאָרי; see כָאַר I.

(obs.) i. q. Arab. עָּבָרָ to make round, as a ball. Hence perh. איָק מַרָקָר for נוֹטְמָטָר for נוֹכָב; but see כּוֹב

ד. 24, 20 (fut. ד. 24, 20 (fut. ירָבָּר to be light) Job 6, 3; hence fig. 1) to be heavy, w. אַ Judg. 1, 35; to be a burden, w. אַ 2 Sam. 13, 25; to be wealthy, w. אַ Gen. 13, 2; to be severe, of a battle, w. אָ Judg. 20, 34; to be heavy or dull, of the senses Gen. 48, 10, of the mind Ex. 9, 7; to be in honour Job 14, 21; to be glorious, of God Is. 66, 5. - Niph. נכבר 1) to be honoured or esteemed Gen. 34, 19; part. pl. f. וְכָבָרוֹת as subst. glorious things Ps. 87, 3; m. וכבדים (w. Dagh. euphon.) noble, wealthy Is. 23, 8; of fountains, abounding in water Prov. 8, 24. 2) to show oneself glorious, to be glorified Is. 26, 15; w.] Ex. 14, 4. - Pi. קבר 1) to honour Ex. 20, 12; w. 5, to do honour to Ps. 86, 9; w. מך Ps. 3, 9, w. 2 Dan. 11, 38, w. acc. Is. 43, 23, of the means. 2) to make heavy, dull or insensible 1 Sam. 6, 6. — Pu. קבָד to be honoured Is. 58, 13. - Hiph. דְכָבֵּרָד 1) to make heavy, as a yoke, w. y Neh. 5, 15; to make plentiful Hab. 2, 6; to make heavy, dull, of the senses Is. 6, 10. 2) to make honourable Jer. 30, 19; to gain or get honour 2 Ch. 25, 19. — Hith. to honour or magnify oneself, to boast Prov. 12, 9; to make oneself numerous Nah. 3, 15. Hence

בבר adj. m. (c. בבר Ex. 4, 10, (תְּבְדַי Is. 1, 4; pl. הְבֵר , c. יְבָבִי heavy, weighty Ps. 38, 5; sore or grievous Gen. 12, 10; abundant, numerous Num. 20, 20; heavy, dull, sluggish Ex. 4, 10; difficult Ex. 18, 18; hard, of the heart Ex. 7, 14.

(w. suf. כָּבָד Lam. 2, 11) m. the liver, so called for its heaviness Lev. 3, 4. ---- Perh. akin to אָתמד-סς (אָתמף), as L. caput is = G. haupt, E. head.

מַבָר adj. m. but only used in f. קבוּדָה, for which see הָבוּדָה.

קבוד glory, see כבר

725 m. 1) heaviness, weight Prov. 27, 3; fig. violence, of war Is. 21, 15, or of fire Is. 30, 27. 2) a multitude Nah. 3, 3.

כבר

חַבְרָדָּה f. heaviness, difficulty, only in Ex. 14, 25.

(fut. יְּהָבָּה') perh. akin to go out or be quenched, of fire Lev. 6, 5, of a light 1 Sam. 3, 3, of anger 2 K. 22, 17; of foes, to perish Is. 43, 17. — Pi. to extinguish, quench Is. 1, 31; of anger Jer. 4, 4, of love Cant. 8, 7.

בוד (c. בבור, w. suf. בבוד) m. prop. weight (cf. βάρος δόξης 2 Cor. 4, 17),r. קבר; fig. abundance, riches Is. 66, 12; glory, honour, Sept. Sofa, of men 1 K. 13, 3; majesty or glory, of God Ex. 33, 18, Ps. 19, 2; esp. (Sept. δόξα Κυρίου) Is. 59, 19, the brightness or fiery splendour in which the Divine Majesty appeared on Sinai Ex. 24, 16, in the tabernacle Ex. 40, 34, in the temple 1 K. 8, 11 (cf. Luke 2, 9), called by the later Jews the שָׁבֶרנָה, see שֶׁבֶן. Poet. for heart or soul, as being the noblest part of man Gen. 49, 6, cf. Ps. 16, 9. - In Ps. 73, 24 geir stands as adv. acc. for with or into glory (see Gram. § 118, 1).

אָבָרָדָה) (for בְּבַרְדָה) as fem. of obs. m. בָבר, see Gram. § 94, 1, Parad. VIII) f. 1) adj. splendid, gorgeous Ps. 45, 12. 2) subst. important, precious things Judg. 18, 21; ר. בָבָ

לברל pr. n. (prob. pledged or bound, r. דְּבָל) 1) of a city in Asher Josh. 19, 27. 2) of a whole district of twenty cities in Galilee 1 K. 9, 13.

קבן pr. n. (prob. fortress, r. כָּבָּן) of a place in Judah Josh. 15, 40.

קברר (ר. קבר) m. prop. a plaiting or braiding, hence a mattress or quilt, only 1 Sam. 19, 13. 16. עָבָרָים (pl. בָּרָירָם) adj. m. great, mighty (cf. Arab. גֿאָיָל), of water Is. 17, 12, of wind Job 8, 2, of God Job 34, 17; בַּרָר יָהָים great of age Job 15, 10; r. בָּבָר

עָבָל (Qal obs.) akin to גָּבָל, גָּבָל, Arab. אָבָל, to bind, combine; hence אָבָל - Pu. אָבָגל, for בּבָּאָל יסאָ י inserted for Dagh. f.) to be girded, only in part. מְכָרְבָּל (Gram. § 56). Hence

בָּבָל (c. pl. בָּרָלַי) m. a bond or fetter Ps. 105, 18.

עָבָל (obs.) akin to בָּבָן, Chald. דָבָל (obs.) גַבָּל, to bind, to fasten. Hence בָּבָן, בַּכְּגַי, הַכְבָּנָא

(Qal only part. m. Dii) mimet. akin to to and to Dia (which see), prop. to tread, trample w. the feet; hence to wash clothes (cf. πλύνειν) by treading them in a tub, so differing from רָקוֹץ to wash the body (cf. λούειν). Part. σבם a washer or fuller Is. 7, 3. - Pi. Dzz (כבס Gen. 49, 11) to wash clothes Ex. 19, 10; part. כְּכֵהָ i. q. כֹּבָס a fuller Mal. 3, 2; fig. to cleanse or purify as by washing Ps. 51, 4. -Pu. to be washed Lev. 13, 58. — Hothp. הַזְבָבֵס (for הַתְבָבָס Gram. § 54, 3) to be cleansed or washed Lev. 13, 55.

קבע , גָּבַע (obs.) akin to קבע, קבע, to be gibbous or bulging up; hence עובע.

(Qal obs.) i. q. אָבִר (which see), to bind together, to weave or plait; hence to be strong or great. — Hiph. to make great or many, to multiply Job 35, 16; part. ¬ as

ĘL,

subst., w. לְמַרְבִּיר pref. לְמַרְבִּיר adv. abundantly Job 36, 31. Hence בְּרִיר and

1) m. great space or length, a stretch; hence adv. of time, long ago, already Ecc. 1, 10; Syr. مُعَدَّر. 2) pr. n. (length or strength) of a river in Mesopotamia Ez. 1, 3.

לבְרָדוֹ f. a sieve, only in Am. 9, 9; so named because plaited or woven, r. בָּבָר.

נְכְרָרָה (only c. נְכְרָרָה) f. length; the stretch of ground Gen. 35, 16, denoting some measure which cannot now be determined; yet in Gen. 48, 7 we find the Sept. adding (as if they took בְּרַח for הַבָּח a ride or drive) (ππόδρομος a horserun, i. e. an ordinary stage of about 10 miles, which a horse can run at one heat.

wpp, to tread or trample on Zech. 9, 15; then fig. to subdue, the ground Gen. 1, 28, sins Mic. 7, 19 (prob. here to cleanse, like $\Box_2 \Im$); to subjugate 2 Ch. 28, 10; to force a woman Est. 7, 8. — Niph. to be subdued, as a land Num. 32, 22; te be forced, of a woman Neh. 5, 5. — Pi. to subdue 2 Sam. 8, 11. — Hiph. to subjugate Jer. 34, 11 in K'thibh.

עביש (obs.) prob. akin to שָׁשָ, (obs.) prob. akin to בַּבְשָׁן, to glow or burn; hence בַּבָשׁן.

(obs.) prob. i. q. עָּבָס, to tread on, hence to leap on (as the ram on the ewe), to propagate, as sheep; hence גְּבְשָׁה, גֵּבְשָׁה, also by transp. בַּשָׁב

שבים m. a footstool, because trodden on 2 Ch. 9, 18; r. שבים.

m. a he-lamb, a young ram from one to three years old Num. 7, 15; pl. קְּבָשִׂים *lambs* Is. 5, 17; r. בָּשֵׁב See also בָּשָׁב.

נְבְשָׂה , כָּבְשָׂה , כָּבְשָׂה , כָּבְשָׂה , כָּבְשָׂה , כָּגַשָּׁה , כָּגַשָּׁה , כָּגַשָּׁה , כָּגַשּׁה , גראש , גר

שלקשי, m. prop. a burning place (r. בקשי, a furnace, for burning lime or smelting metals Gen. 19, 28; different from אשה an oven for baking. ---- Cf. xáµıvoç, L. caminus, culina (= E. kiln) from xaí ω = L. candeo = W. cynnu (burn).

[קדים (pl. קדים) com. gend. a pail 1 K. 17, 14; tub 1 K. 17, 12; r. קדַד Cf. xáδoc, L. cadus, E. caddy.

Chald. (obs.) i. q. Heb.

בְרָבָח Chald. adj. m., בְּרְבָח f. lying, deceiving Dan. 2, 9.

ערד I (obs.) i. q. ערד (which see), to cut or hollow out; hence prob. בד

ון (obs.) prob. akin to דָרָד, to burn, glow or sparkle; hence דִרָּדָר, Prob. akin to Sans. chad (to blaze), L. candeo, E. kindle, candle.

די see כּוָדָי.

הדי Chald., see כָּדָר

שר א קוער m. prop. A glowing or sparkling gem (r. בָּרָע II), a ruby or carbuncle Is. 54, 12.

(obs.) perh. akin to בָּרַר, to bind; hence perh. קׁתָר in

קדרלעמר pr. n. m. (perh. handful of sheaves) Gen. 14, 1.

קר (i. q. Chald. קר, see next page) only in קרה פָרָה and איינה usually

D adv. thus, so, ούτως, referring either to what precedes Gen. 15, 5; or more frequently, to what follows Deut. 7, 5. It is used as a particle 1) of time, now, e. g. עד לוו till now, hitherto Ex. 7, 16; doubled, פר-כה ופר - cin hitherto and hitherto, i. e. in the mean time 1 K. 18, 45. 2) of place, here Ruth 2, 8; End Lere lere -- there Num. 11, 31; to there, yonder Gen. 22, 5; לה וכה hither and thither Ex. 2, 12. 3) of manner, גבה --- בכה ; this way, that way Is. 20, 6 in this manner — in that manner 1 K. 22, 20. --- As to derivation, may perh. be for ang, but prob. is akin to 2, 2, 3, see Gram. 102, 2, Note¹.

ער-פָּח ,כֹח Chald. i. q. Heb. ער-פָח לָ hitherto Dan. 7, 28.

Job 17, 7, Gram. § 75, Rem. 3, b) i. q. אָבָּד, to be weary, faint Is. 42, 4; of a light, to be feeble or dim (see דעד ס) of the eyes, to be dim or dull of sight, by age Gen. 27, 1, by trouble Job 17, 7. — Pi. איד to make faint; to depress Ez. 21, 12; to rebuke, w. ב 1 Sam. 3, 13. Hence

(בְּרָא דָּרָ 1, 1) adj. (from obs. m. בַּרָא סָרָ 1) feeble; expiring, of a dim wick or light Is. 42, 3; depressed, of the mind Is. 61, 3; pale, faint, of hue or colour Lev. 13, 21, often w. בָּרָא 2) subst. mitigation of a wound, i. e. healing, only Nah. 3, 19; r. בָּרָא

(קוזל Chald. (only part. קוזל) akin to Heb. יכל , נכל , נכ be able, e. g. קיכל , נדי art thou able? Dan. 2, 26; pl. קילי, w. Dan. 5, 8.

(Qal only in part. כֹּוָדָן) prob. akin to כָּוָד, to perform or exe-

cute any charge or service, hence to minister or serve, esp. in sacred or divine things, to be a priest (by which see); whence prob. as a denom. we get — Pi. קבק 1) to act as priest, to minister before God (Sept. isparsicity) Ex. 28, 1. 2) to dress as a priest, i. e. to deck oneself w. fine apparel, as the priests did, only in Is. 61, 10.

נְקָהָלָ Chald. (def. נְקָהָלָא, pl. נְקָהָלָ) m. i. q. Heb. כָּהַל, a priest Ezr. 7, 12.

ן קדאנית (pl. בְּדָאנית 1 Sam. 2, 36) f. priestly office, priesthood Ex. 29, 9; r. בְרַאָ

בר Chald. (pl. פַּוֹין) f. a window Dan. 6, 11; prop. a hole, r. בַּוַ

אילה or איכה see איכה i. q. אילה.

رەلغة: (obs.) perh. akin to Arab. to shine or twinkle; hence perh. جود but see جاجد.

קוב pr. n. of a country in connexion w. Egypt and Cush Ez. 30, 5; perh. for ניב Nubia.

קּוֹבֵע Ez. 27, 10 (in pause קּוֹבֵע San. 17, 5, pl. פּוֹבַע ; r. כּוֹבָע m. a helmet Is. 59, 17. The form appears to be a confusion of כִּבַע and כִּבַע.

(obs.) prob. akin to אָדָד I, גָּדַד (which see), to pierce, to wound, hence to destroy; hence אָדָר אָד

¹⁹

עדרוך, עדרוך, עדרון, עדרון, עדרון, דיין, דיין, דיין, עדרון, דיין, דיין, דיין, דיין, ענט אונט און, גאָלאָש, גע cædo, cædes, G. schaden, E. scathe, cut, W. cut, câd, Irish catha.

(Qal obs.) akin to Syr. إعت Arab. حون (Qal obs.) akin to Syr. إعت Arab. حون (Qal obs.), Gr. xalw, to burn or brand; cf. بت I. — Niph. to be burned or scorched Is. 48, 2.

קבב Chald. (obs.) i. q. Heb. בָּאַב, קב to hollow out, to pierce; hence ב.

(obs.) perh. akin to Arab. رقم conj. X (tenax fuit), to be strong, powerful, hence الته 1.

(see שֹׁם) m. strength Dan. 11, 6.

בְּוֹתָה f. a burning or branding Ex. 21, 25; г. בָּוָה.

לוֹם Jer. 33, 8 K'thibh, see אים.

(obs.) i.q. Arab. كَمَ to group, akin to قَبْعَ (which see), to join, to cluster together; hence جَبَعَ

לְבָלָז (like כּוּגָב) m. a ball or pellet; perh. collect. beads, made of gold, and worn as an ornament Ex. 35, 22; r. זיָבָ.

(Qal only part.]2; for fut. in יכוֹקְנֵנוּ = יְכוֹקְנֵנוּ in Job 81, 15 belongs to the Pil. (כוֹנָן) i. q. בָּנָן, akin to DIP, to stand or exist (hence JP, מכוץ. – Niph. נכוץ, fut. רעליך, 1) to be set up, to be high, of the day; hence in part. כוֹן הַיוֹם high noon (כדמאפסט high ήμαρ) Prov. 4, 18. 2) to stand firm Mic. 4, 1; to be established Judg. 16, 26. 3) in a moral sense, to be firm, steadfast Ps. 51, 12; of things, to be settled Gen. 41, 32; to be certain, sure Deut. 13, 15; part. נכוֹק (m.) adv. certainly 1 Sam. 26, 4, CCit (f.) subst. certainty Ps. 5, 10. 4) to be prepared, (imp.) hold thyself ready / Ez. 38, 7; w. > of pers. Prov. 19, 29, also of thing Ps. 38, 18. - Pil. gip 1) to place or set up, to establish 2 Sam. 7, 13. 2) to confirm Ps. 7, 10; to establish or found (a city) Ps. 107, 36; to prepare 2 Sam. 7, 24; to create Ps. 8, 4; to make ready or to aim, as arrows Ps. 11, 2; fig. to direct or apply, the mind (إذ) understood, w. ל Job 8, 8. - Pol. בוק to be established Ps. 37, 23; to be formed Ez. 28, 13. - Hiph. דְכִרָן (אַבָּרָן 2 Ch. 29, 19 for דְּכָרְכָוֹנָ we prepared, 2 Ch. 29, 36 w. art. as rel. pron., cf. Gram. § 109, Rem.) to set up, as a throne Ps. 103, 19; to found, of the heavens Ps. 65, 7; to confirm or establish, of dominion Is. 9, 6; to prepare or make ready Gen. 43, 25; to aim or direct, of missiles Ps. 7, 14, of way or course Jer. 10, 23; to apply (12, 14, the mind) 2 Ch. 12, 14. - Hoph. The established Is. 16, 5; to be prepared Is. 30, 33; to be set in order, arranged Zech. 5, 11. - Hithpol. דיתבוכן Prov. 24, 3, also (Gram. § 54, 2 b) to prepare oneself Ps. 59, 5; to be established Is. 54, 14. Hence

דרן ברן pr. n. (perh. a settlement or colony) of a Phenician city 1 Ch. 18, 8; but ברח in 2 Sam. 8, 8, prob. now *Beirût*.

נְכָּהָרָם (pl) בַּהָרָ m. cake, used in sacred offerings Jer. 7, 18; r. כּרָן (Chald. Pa. בָּבָ) to prepare, hence something made up; cf. our confection.

cobs.) prob. akin to גְּכָסָה (obs.) prob. akin to contain, enfold, to keep or hold in, to contain, hence perh. בָּכָס and בִּיֹס, but see

לוס (pl. רוסה) f. prob. a holder or receptacle, r. כדס סרל, 1) a cup Gen. 40, 11; hence lot or portion, considered as meted out by God Ps. 11, 6. 2) prob. pelican or cormorant, so named from its pouch (see כדס) Lev. 11, 17.

Γ) (obs.) to be high, pointed or towering, crag-like; hence η p..... Prob. akin to Sans. kapala, x ε φ α λ ή, x υ β ή, L.caput, cippus, G.kopf, kappe, gipfel, E. cap, O.E. cop (head), gable, **W.** coppa.

ו (obe.) mimet. and akin to ד קרה, גָקַר, אָבַר, ד קרה, בָּאָבָר, גָקַר, ד מול אָבָר, גָקָר, גָקָר, גָקָר, גָקָר לשור אָר, אָבָר, גָקָר, גָקָר, גָקָר, אָבָר, גָקָר, גָקָר, גָקָר, גָקָר, גָקָר, גָקָר, גָקָר, גַקָר, גַקָר, גַקָ

דו (obs.) perh. akin to שׁזם, שֹׁאַ, to glow or burn.

כר see בור,

ראר m. a furnace, for smelting Prov. 17, 3; r. אנאר

مَتَا يَتَعَالَ pr. n. (smoking furnace) of a city in Simeon 1 Sam. 30, 30; also simply يَعْتَلُ in Josh. 15, 42.

בָּרֶשׁ Ezr. 1, 1 *Cyrus*, see בְּרָשׁ.

(obs.) prob. akin to דו II, אָבָישָׁ, Sans. cush (burn), to be sunburnt, to be sucarthy or black; prob. hence

1) pr. n. (prob. sun-burnt) of

Ethiopia Gen. 2, 13; mentioned in connexion w. Egypt Nah. 3, 9 and Libya 2 Ch. 12, 3. 2) pr. n. m. (swarthy) Gen. 10, 6. --- Comp. Alblow = albw to burn and wy face.

1) m. a Cushite, Ethiopian Jer. 13, 23; pl. פרשים 2 Ch. 14, 11; also ברשירם Am. 9, 7; fem. בשיים Num. 12, 1. 2) pr. n. m. (swarthy) Zeph. 1, 1.

קשָר pr. n. (from אדש), swarthland) perh. eastern Arabia, more prob. Ethiopia itself Hab. 3, 7.

pr. n. m. (perh. Cushan of double fraud) Judg. 3, 8.

געושרה f. i. q. Syr. ן בושרה, prosperity; only pl. הושר prosperous circumstances, only Ps. 68, 7; r. בַּשֵׁר

(Qal obs.) perh. akin to p. to conserve or keep safe. — Niph. to be kept, reserved, as treasure, only in part. m. Γ⁽¹⁾, as subst. treasure 2 K. 20, 13. --- Perh. akin to Sans. kut (to hide), χεύθω, W. cudhio (to hide), cadw (to keep).

AND pr. n. (perh. hiding place) of an unknown province, whence the Assyrian king sent colonists to the land of Samaria 2 K. 17, 30.

פּוֹתָרָת pr. n. 2 K. 17, 24, i. q. פּוּתָרָת פּׁתְרָת, see פּׁתְרָה.

(Qal only part.) akin to (Qal only part.) akin to (Qal only part.) akin to to bind together, to combine or devise, hence to fabricate, to lie; part. m. Das subst. a liar Ps. 116, 11. - Pi. Jp i. q. Syr. , to lie, to deceive Job 6, 28; w. , of pers. Ps. 78, 36, w. p 2 K. 4, 16; fig. of mere things, to deceive i. e. to turn out contrary to expectation Is. 58, 11. - Niph. to be or become a liar

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Prov. 30, 6; to be false Job 41, 1. — Hiph. to convict of lying (cf. בַּבְּרָיק) Job 24, 25. Hence

בָּוָבָי (pl. כְּוָבִי, c. כְּוָבִי) m. a lie or falsehood Is. 28, 15; fig. pl. idols, as cheats Ps. 40, 5, cf. Ez. 13, 6.

לוֹבָא pr. n. (deceptive) of a place 1 Ch. 4, 22; i. q. אַרַויב and אַרַויב.

]] pr. n. f. (false) Num. 25, 15.

קוֹיב pr. n. (deceptive) of a place in Judah Gen. 38, 5; i. q. אַכְוִיב.

קוֹם (w. suf. קוֹם (w. suf. might Job 6, 11, hence הביה שנאלא, might Job 6, 11, hence הביה שנאלא ness Job 26, 2; ability, capacity Dan. 1, 4; הבי to reserve force i. e. to have strength for something Dan. 10, 8; also in a bad sense, violence Ecc. 4, 1: fig. strength of the earth, i. e. its produce Gen. 4, 12; wealth, riches, as means of power Job 6, 22. 2) sort of lizard, prob. the gecko, so named for its cry (cf. הביג), Lev. 11, 30; cf. 8. kuch, Arab. ביג, xoáź, xήź, L. coaxo, E. quack.

ערדים) (Qal obs.) prob. akin to שרים), to conceal or hide. - Pl. - רובים) to conceal, w. יש, Jer. 38, 14. --Niph. to hide itself, to lie hidden 2 Sam. 18, 3; to disaptear or be cut off Zech. 11, 9; w. ישרים Ex. 9, 15. --Hiph. to hide away Job 20, 12; to cause to vanish i. e. to do away with (cf. àqavl(zev) Ex. 23, 23.

נפות (obs.) perh. i. q. אברת, to be vigorous; perh. hence כוֹת be

i. q. Arab. تَحَلَّ (whence he bear Lam. 3, 27; in which

al-cohol), to streak or colour, esp. w. dark pigment (στίμμι, L. stibium) to paint the inner sides of the eyelids, only in Ez. 23, 40, where Sept. has έστιβίζου.

prob. akin to TIP, to conceal or deceive, hence fig. (cf. ⊇D) to waste away or fail Ps. 109, 24. — Niph. to dissemble oneself, to feign Deut. 33, 29. — Pi. UPD to fail, of produce Hab. 3, 17; to feign, to act cunningly, of the conquered to their conquerors, w. > Ps. 18, 45; to deny Gen. 18, 15, w. ⊇ or > of pers. Job 8, 18; 31, 28; to lie, speak falsehood, w. > 1 K. 13, 18. — Hith. to fauon on, flatter, w. > 2 Sam. 22, 45. Hence

لَاتِ (w. suf. جِاتِك or دِبَنِيْن) m. lying, deceit Ps. 59, 13; fig. wasting, leanness Job 16, 8.

שָּׁרָשָׁ (only in pl. בָּרָשָׁים) adj. m. false, apt at deceiving, only in Is.30, 9; r. בַּרָשׁ.

קרי I (for בָּרָי, r. ito) m. a brand, a mark burnt into the skin, only Is. 3, 24.

🔁 🛯 (pronom. stem, akin to אָ, see Gram. § 102, 2, Note 1) relat. conj., in the widest sense. Its meanings (comp. Gram. § 155, 1, e) may be set forth as follows; --- 1) the usual relat. conj. that, อัתו (like שַשָׁר) marking the relation of the antecedent clause or sentence (protasis) to the consequent (apodosis). Thus a) in indirect speech after the verbs to see, to say, to know, to believe, to remember, to forget, etc., the consequent (apodosis) standing w. 🥆 is considered as if an object in the acc., e.g. וירא אלחים פי טוב and God saw that it was good Gen. 1, 12; סיב לַנַבר it is good for a man that

cases the ", introducing the second member is considered as object in the acc., namely, as the object that God saw, as the object that one finds to be good. But also β) in direct speech (as mark of quotation, like δτι often) where we do not want the conj. that, e. g. וַהאַמַרְנָה לָה and they said to בי אבוד לעמוד her (that) we will return w. thee to thy people Ruth 1, 10. Hence also it is used after yaw Gen. 22, 16, and after forms of oaths 1 Sam. 20, 3; γ) even at the beginning of a sentence or discourse, where the " marks the apodosis of a sentence that is suppressed or has to be supplied Job 28, 1. δ) After other particles (adverbs, prepositions, interjections), where the particles have severally the force of whole clauses or sentences, and the " indicates the apodosis; e.g. after קלא Job 12, 2, הזה Ps. 128, 4, הרלא Job 12, 2 1 Sam. 10, 1, ד in דבר 2 Sam. 9, 1, רקן 1 Sam. 21, 6, אקס Am. 9, 8, רקן 1 Num. 11, 20, על Deut. 31, 17, עד Gen. 26, 13, צקב 2 Sam. 12, 10, הקחת Deut. 4, 37. 2) as a causal particle, δτι, because (when the cause or reason precedes) Gen. 3, 14; for (when the cause or reason follows) Ps. 6, 3; when there are several causes, we have "J -- C' Is. 6, 5; קר - וָכָר Gen. 83, 11. - This causal meaning of the 🐨 is the most usual, and it (or the meaning that, under 1 above) really holds good in most of the cases (under 3 below), where we may be tempted to render it as a particle of time, when. 3) as relat. particle of time, ore, when, w. the past Ps. 32, 3; w. the present Ps. 8, 4; w. the fut. Gen. 4, 12. וַרְדָר כִר and it came to pass when or that Gen. 6, 1. In this sense it may stand

as the apodosis to a protasis, meaning so, then, when the antecedent clause has the conditional particles Job 8, 6, אָם לא Is. 7, 9, אל Job 6, 2, לולר Gen. 31, 42, אולר Num. 22, 83, רַעָן אַשֶׁר Ecc. 8, 12, רַעָן אַשֶׁר Gen. 22, 16. In this meaning it is used α) where קי indicates the consequent of a reason not specially indicated, and is to be rendered wherefore, that, e. g. I have not done anything (בר) that (wherefore) they put me into prison Gen. 40, 15; β) where the causal sense because may seem to be adversative and to stand for but (simply owing to the negative in the context, see Gram. § 155, p. 331) e.g. Gen. 45, 8, although Ex. 13, 17, but yet Is. 28, 27. ---- Prob. קר, like איטר, like איטר, was first a relative or demonstrative pronoun, but that sense is nowhere certain now, though passable in some cases, e.g. Gen. 4, 25 where the Sept. makes it ov, as if= now. Perh. the r. is akin to Sans. kas. Pers. ki, L. qui, quia, quod, Gael. cia, ciod.

DX "D these united particles combine more or less the force of both, but often (owing to our different idiom) the one or the other remains untranslated. Hence the significations are α) such as retain the force of each particle, and these are, that if Jer. 26, 15; for if Deut. 11, 22; but if, only after negative Lam. 3, 32; β) such as conjoin the two words into one notion, so that they both refer to the one clause, e. g. but, after neg. Ps. 1, 2; unless, after neg. before a verb Gen. 32, 27; except, after neg. before pronoun Gen. 39,9; that (the force of the DN being lost, as shown in the Q'ri) 2 Sam. 15, 21; because or for Job 42, 8.

(see Gram. § 155, 2, d) قَرْ كَرْحَقْرَمَ (bigitized by Google

lit. for therefore; hence for, because that I have seen thy face Gen. 33, 10.

דים m. wound or hurt (cf. L. cædes); fig. calamity, only in Job 21, 20; r. דום.

(pl. c. כִּרדוֹדִי) m. a spark, only Job 41, 11; r. כָּרָד II.

לידון (r. כודר (r. 1) a javelin 1 Sam. 17, 6, Jer. 6, 23. 2) pr. n. (lance) of a place near Jerusalem, fully בירן עדר 1 Ch. 13, 9.

שרידור היא שליד היא האמי, slaughter, only in בידור Job 15, 24; prob. from noun בָּרָד ש. format. ending יור, as in כַּמָחוֹר (see under letter הי); perh. akin to Arab. עוד לעו כסון. præceps ruit.

pr. n. (prob. statue or pillar, r. جَجَّر Pi. جَجَر , cf. جَجَر , Pi. جَجَر) i. q. Arab. تَحَرُّن , Syr. جَاحٌ, the planet *Saturn*, worshipped by idolatrous Israelites, an image of it being carried about w. them in the Wilderness, only in Am. 5, 26.

ליד אואס (pl. בְּיוֹרָים Ch. 4, 6; בְּיוֹד I. K. 7, 38) m. a basin or pot; for fire, a fire-pan Zech. 12, 6; for water, a wash-basin Ex. 30, 18; a platform, pulpit, prob. of a hollow or cup-like shape 2 Ch. 6, 13; r. אבי

רַלַ m. a miser, only Is. 32, 5; r. בול (to retain) w. adj. ending ----, grasping; see בַּלַי

לרְטָד f. prop. a group, cluster, hence the Pleiades, the seven stars Job 38, 31; r. בים.

Prov. 1, 14; *a bag*, used by merchants for small weights Deut. 25, 13. 2) a cup Prov. 23, 31 (Q'ri ניב); r. ראס.

קיטור (ד. בָּשָׁר) m. prop. an upright, hence a distaff, which stood erect holding the flax, only in Prov. 31, 19.

קָרָקָרוֹן Ecc. 2, 13 for קָּרָקָרוֹן Gram. § 24, 1, Rem..

קבר (for בָּה כָה) so and sq, thus and thus, i. q. שׁנ (which see), e. g. thou shalt do to Aaron and his sons thus (בָּרָה) Ex. 29, 35. In Aram. it assumes the form בָּה so.

רָכָר .r. פְרָבָר .c. רְבָרָ (for כְּבָר, dual בַּכָּרִים 2 K. 5, 23; pl. בַּכָּרִים, c. , c. פּבְרוֹת in another sense also פּבְרוֹת, c. קקרוח) f. prop. a round, hence 1) a circuit of land Neh. 12, 28; esp. פְבָר הַיָרָהָן the circuit of Jordan, the district through which it flows into the Dead Sea Gen. 13, 10; called also דַּבְּכָר the circuit Gen. 13, 12 (ή הבρίγωρος τοῦ Ἰορδάνου Mat. 3, 5, now called الغور el-Ghôr i. e. the ravine or gorge). 2) a round cake, w. לְחֵם, a cake or loaf of bread Ex. 29, 23; pl. c. קרות Judg. 8, 5. 3) a talent (so called for its round form), a weight equal to 3000 shekels of the sanctuary Ex. 38, 25; dual הַכָּרָים כָּסָק (for (בְכָרִים) two talents of silver (prop. as to silver, Gram. § 118, 3) 2 K. 5, 23.

כַּכַר Chald. (pl. פַּקָרין) a talent Ezr. 7, 22.

לש), once לום Jer. 33, 8 (w. Maqqeph - קלי, w. suf. אָדָט; r. נְעָלָי m. prop. a subst. completeness, totality, all i. q. בָּלִיל, δλος. 1) the

ַבּלֵב

whole, but mostly rendered as an adj. all, whole, in constr. state w. a definite sing. noun (Gram. § 111, 1, Rem. 2), the whole of, all, - כָּל all the earth Gen. 9, 19, but rarely when the noun is not defin. e.g. בְּכָל־לֵב וּבְכָל־וְמָשׁ w. whole of heart and w. whole of soul, i.e. with his whole heart and his whole soul 2 K. 23, 3; w. suf. is his whole, i. e. the whole of him Gen. 25, 25; כַּלָה thou (f.) whole Is. 14, 29, T. 22, 1; thus at times after the noun, e.g. קטראל כלה Israel, his whole, i. e. the whole of Israel 2 Sam. 2, 9; rarely in apposition after the noun e. g. the whole vision Is. 29, 11. בזגרת דוכל 2) distributively of several things (mostly without the art.) all, every, each e. g. כל הבארש every one was ashamed Is. 30, 5; יבו בכל his hand against the whole i. e. every man Gen. 16, 12. 3) w. a pl. defin. noun, all, all the, בל-חווים all the nations Is. 2, 2; כָּל - נְמָלָאוֹתֵיך all thy wonders Ps. 9, 2; w. pl. suf. בַלָּנ all of us, all we Gen. 42, 11, Edge Deut. 1, 22, Is. 31, 3. 4) w. sing. collective حور العراقي (1. 31, 3. 4) w. sing. collective defin. nouns, the whole of, all, the whole of mankind, all כָּל - דָאָרָם men Gen. 7, 21; also without art. but still defin. Gen. 46, 15. 5) w. sing. noun without the art., every, each, כָּל־בֵּרָה every house Is. 24, 10; also, any one, any thing Ruth 4, 7; w. negative, לא תַהְסָר כֹּל בָה thou shalt not lack anything therein Deut. 8, 9. 6) every or each kind, e. g. every kind of ware Neh. 13, בל-בכר 16. 7) as adv. wholly (πάντως), altogether Ps. 39, 6; בל-עוד wholly as uholly בָּל - עָמָר שָׁי 3; ישׁ wholly מלחם occurs כלם as Ecc. 5, 15. For כלם 2 Sam. 23, 6; and for כַּלָן Gen. 42, 36 and קלדנה 1 K. 7, 37. --- This word common to all Semit. tongues

may be akin to $\delta\lambda o\varsigma$, old L. sollus = totus, G. all, E. whole, all, Keltic holl, oll, δl , uile.

לב Chald. (w. Maq. - גָּשָ, def. אָשָׁד, w. suf. (בָּלָא) i. q. Heb., 1) w. sing. the whole Ezr. 6, 11. 2) w. pl., all Dan. 3, 2; w. suf. all of - Dan. 2, 38. 3) any one Dan. 6, 8; w. גָא , no one Dan. 2, 10. 4) as adv. wholly, altogether, e. g. בָּבָר - בְּבָר

עָלָארִד 10 pers. דָּלָארִד for דָּלָארָד Ps. 119, 101, fut. רְּכָלָא אוֹח to דָּקָלָא שָׁלָד which see, 1) to hold or confine, shut up Jer. 32, 3; part. pass. אָדָ shut up Ps. 88, 9. 2) to restrain, keep back Is. 43, 6. — Niph. to be restrained w. קָר Gen. 8, 2. --- Perh. akin to Sans. khal (to check), xwλύw, xλείω,

L. celo, W. celu (to hide). Hence

לָלָא (w. suf. אָלָאָר , pl. הָלָאר) m. 1) enclosure (r. גָּלָא), a prison Jer. 52, 33; fully בָּרו הָלָארם 2 K. 17, 4; pl. בָרו הָלָארם (Gram. § 108, 3) Is. 42, 22. 2) demarcation, in dual הַלָּארם two kinds or sorts Lev. 19, 19.

בלאים, see בלאים

עכלד (obs.) akin to דְלַה II, to weave, plait; hence כליב.

I (obs.) perh, mimet. akin to Arab. كَنَبَ kalaba (to bark), ύλαχτέω, L. latro, G. kläffen, Engl. clap, yelp; hunce perh. يُجَعُ dog.

II (obs.) perh. akin to Arab. اللب, to be fierce or bold; perh. hence

בֶלֵב pr. n. m. (perh. bold, brave) Caleb Num. 13, 6; patron. דָּלָק

1 Sam. 25, 3; perh. also name of a place 1 Ch. 2, 24, but here prob. we should read דָא כָלֵב אָל־אָמְרָרָח Caleb went in to Ephratha (his wife, v. 19), Sept. ξλθε Χαλέβ εἰς Ἐφραθά.

עָלָב (pl: דָּלָב , c. דָּלָב; ר. דָּלָב II) m. a dog (prop. the yelper or assailer) Is. 56, 10; used as a term of reproach 2 K. 8, 13; fig. a male prostitute, a sodomite Deut. 23, 19; comp. xύνες Apoc. 22, 15.

דְּכָלָח I i.q. בְּלָא, to hold, contain, restrain, but only in the forms רְכָלָא (= בְּלָאקִדּינִי =) קַלָחַנִי (Gen. 23, 6; יְכָלָא 1 Sam. 25, 33; כָלָא =) קַלָּי 5, 10; but elsewhere בָּלָא (which see); comp. Gram. § 75, Bem. 21.

👖 🔁 🖬 (fut. יִרְלֶח, once יִרְלֶח as if a verb א"ל 1 K. 17, 14; apoc. רכל, be complete, finished Ex. 39, 32; hence to be prepared, ready Prov. 22, 8; the evil כַּלְחֵה אֵלֵיו הַרַצָּה מֵאֵת הַמֵּלָדָ was prepared for him on the part of the king Est. 7, 7; to be fulfilled, of prophecy Dan. 12, 7; to be finished, of time Gen. 41, 53; to be spent, of food 1 K. 17, 16; to come to an end i. e. to be destroyed, by judgments Jer. 16, 4; to waste away Ps. 73, 26; to fail, of the sight Job 11, 20; to pass away or vanish Ps. 37, 20. -Pi. (1 pers. כַּלָּרְתָר Ez. 6, 12, כַּלָּרְתָר געלה אוש. 25, 11; inf. c. בעלות also 2 Ch. 24, 10, once N Dan. 9, 24; fut. apoc. יכל) to complete, finish Gen. 2, 2; to prepare, get ready Prov. 16, 30; to fulfil or execute on, w. 2 Ez. 6, 12; to finish an act Gen. 44, 12; w. JEx. 34, 33; to destroy utterly Gen. 41, 30; to cause to fail, of the eyes Lev. 26, 16; to pass or spend, of time Ps. 90, 9. - Pu. כְּלֵה (12) Ps. 72, 20, Gram. § 52, Rem. 4) to be completed, finished Gen. 2, 1. Hence

לאָם f. conclusion, completion; hence adv. utterly, completely Gen. 18, 21, also אָבָל 2 Ch. 12, 12; dcstruction, utter ruin Dan. 11, 16; אין דעשה בעשה בעשה בעור קר. 4, 27; א. א Jer. 30, 11, א. הא Jer. 5, 18, to make an end of.

קָלָה II) adj. m., וּשָׁק גָּיָ II) adj. m., גָּלָה pining, failing, of the eye Deut. 28, 32.

נסא:) perh. akin to גָּלָה (obs.) perh. akin to גַּלָה, to be stable, firm; hence perh. גַּלָהוּ

آيل (r. يَجْلَ I) f. 1) a bride, spouse Cant. 4, 8; Syr. كَمْكُمُ (كَمْكُمْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ (كَمْ كَلْمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ

m. completion, perh. in 2 K. 13, 17; but see Pi. of נְלָה II.

קלם 2 Sam. 23, 6 for בלקת Gram. § 91, 1, Rem. 2.

אָלָק 1 K. 7, 37 for אָלָם, Gram. § 91, 1, Bem. 2.

לא (יד, אָלָא) m. prop. confinement, hence a prison (Q'ri) Jer. 37, 4. In the K'thibh stands קליא, also in Jer. 52, 31.

שלב (ד. בָּלָה m. 1) prop. net-work; hence a basket for fruit Am. 8, 1; a cage for birds Jer. 5, 27. 2) pr. n. m. (perh. a cage) 1 Ch. 4, 11. --- Prob. akin to xaλύβη, xλωβός, xλουβός, xλοβός, Gael. cliab (basket).

קלובָר pr. n. m. (perh. plaited) 1 Ch. 2, 9; but בַלָב in v. 18.

קלרודי ה, קלרודי קלרודי, קלרודי, קלרודי firm, r. (קלר געיד: 10, 85 (Q'ri and K'thibh).

(only pl. קלולות I) f. pl. bridal state or charms, only in Jer. 2, 2; cf. יוֹשָׁם.

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(invaluit planta), Chald. التي (trunk or stem), to be firm or strong; hence

פלח

n. 1) haleness, strength Job 30, 2; hale old-age Job 5, 26. 2) pr. n. (strength) of a city and province in Assyria Gen. 10, 11.

for כַּלִים (in pause כֵּלִי (in pause בַּלִים) בָּלִי בּלִים, as if from בָּלָה, c. בָּלָה) m. prop. any thing prepared or made up (r. וו קבה II), or perh. better what holds or contains (r. בָּלָה I = כָּלָה), hence 1) a vessel or utensil Gen: 31, 37; garment Deut. 22, 5; baggage, שׁמֵר the baggage-master 1 Sam. 17, 22; harness or yokes of oxen 2 Sam. 24, 22. 2) instrument or tool, Is. 32, as to a miser, his כֵּלֵי כֵּלָיו רַעָים 7 tools are evil; בְּלֵר שִׁיר instruments of song 2 Ch. 34, 12. 3) weapons Gen. 27, 3; כשָׁא כֵלים armour-bearer 1 Sam. 14, 1; בֵּיה בֵּיָה מּmoury of arsenal Is. 39, 2. 4) a vessel or boat Is. 18, 2.

בלי m. grasping one, a miser, only Is. 32, 7; see בּרלַר.

בְּלּדָּא see בְּלָרָא.

אַרְיָרָה as כָּלָיָרָה from לָּלָיָה, prop. as כָּלָיוּח, prop. a vessel in the body; used only in pl. the reins, kidneys Ex. 29, 13; fig. the inward parts, i. e. the soul or seat of emotion and purpose Job 19, 27, Ps. 7, 10; the kernel or best part (of any thing) e. g. הַשָּׁר קָּעָרוּת הַשָּׁר fat of wheat kernels Deut. 32, 14.

קליוך) (c. (פָליון) m. 1) a pining or failing, of the eyes Deut. 28, 65. 2) consumption, destruction Is. 10,22; r. קלון.

בְּרָיוֹן pr. n. m. (a pining, r. בְּרָיוֹן) Buth 1, 2. ליל (c. דָּלָיל) adj. m., דָלָילָ (c. דָלָיל) dj. m., דָלָיל) f. complete, perfect, hence (קּלִיל ד דָשָׁ) f. complete, perfect of beauty Ez. 27, 3; as an adv. wholly Is. 2, 18; as subst. the whole, wholly Is. 2, 18; as subst. the whole, 20, 40. 2) subst. i. q. דָשָׁ a holocaust or whole burnt-offering, a sacrifice wholly consumed by fire Lev. 6, 15; hence used in apposition w. דָשָׁ Ps. 51, 21; r. בָּשָׁ I.

לכל pr. n. m. (sustenance) 1 K. 5, 11.

I (3 pl. קללו Ez. 27, 4) akin to בָּלָלו II, to make ready, to perfect Ez. 27, 4; hence to deck esp. w. crown or garland, to crown, hence בָּלָה מָלוּלָה a crown.

עלבילג II (Qal obs.) perh. akin to או קלל II, גאואפטג, to kindle or glow; hence perh. — Hiph. only in they cause to glow or flash, of the eyes, only in Samaritan text of Gen. 49, 12.

לבבי Chald. (Pe. obs.) i. q. Heb. גַּלָל I to complete. — Shaph. גַּלָל to finish Ezr. 5, 11; inf. גָּלָל Ezr. 5, 3. — Ishtaph. אַשְׁתַּכְלָ ed Ezr. 4, 13.

كَكِبَ pr. n. m. (perfection) Ezr. 10, 30.

(Qal obs.) i. q. Arab. مَكَمَ (Qal obs.) i. q. Arab. مَكَم to wound. — Niph. to be insulted 2 Sam. 10, 5; to be ashamed Num. 12, 14, w. تو Ez. 16, 27; to be put to shame, i. e. to be disappointed Ps. 35, 4, w. تو Jer. 22, 22, w. p. Ps. 69, 7. — Hipb. تَجَرَّتُو (once تَجَوَرُتُ 1 Sam. 25, 7) fig. to reproach (prop. to hurt w. words) Job 19, 3; to chide or vex Ruth 2, 15, cf. Judg. 18, 7; to put to

shame Ps. 44, 10. — Hoph. to be annoyed or vexed 1 Sam. 25, 15; to be put to shame, disappointed Jer. 14, 3. Hence אבלבות, רבלבות

ללבר pr. n. (perh. barren, akin to ללבה which see) of a region mentioned along w. Assyria, only in Ez. 27, 23. According to the Targum, a Median district, but not otherwise known; Sept. $Xap\mu av$, perh. for Kapµavía (*Carmania Deserta*) on the Persian gulf.

קלמָדה (pl. רָשָׁרָא Is. 50, 6) f. reproach Job 20, S; shame Ps. 69, 8; to put on shame, as a garment Ps. 109, 29.

לְמַלָּה f. reproach, only in Jer. 23, 40; r. בַּלָם

בּלְנָרָה also בַּלְנָה Am. 6, 2, בַּלְנָה Is. 10, 9 (prob. also בַּבָּר Ez. 27, 23) pr. n. of an Assyrian city Gen. 10, 10, which the ancients render by *Ctesiphon*, on the east bank of the Tigris, north-east of Babylon. ----Perh. akin to בָּבָה cane or reed, w. b inserted, as in שַׁלָאַנָן שׁלָאָנָן see also שַׁשָּ

בַּלְנֵה see בַּלְנוֹ.

קלם (obs.) mimet. akin to גָּלָם אָגָלאָדע, G. klopfen, Engl. clap, clip, hence to strike; hence בַּרַלָם

קָלָחָלָי 1 Sam. 25, 33, see r. בְּלָחִלָּע בָּלָח, see הָבָ.

(to fail, of the eyes) to pine after, long for, only in Ps. 63, 2. --- Perh. akin to Sans. kam (to desire), Pers. & desire, χάμω, χάμνω.

then how great? of space Zech. 2, 6; how long? of time Ps. 35, 17; how many? of number Gen. 47, 8; how often? of repeated action Ps. 78, 40; see גָּד

קרָעָקָ pr. n. m. (prob. pining, ד. קבעדָים) 2 Sam. 19, 38; for which בְּטוֹרָם Jer. 41, 17 (K'thibh), נְטָרָן 2 Sam. 19, 41.

במהם, see במוהם, בקבהר.

קבווכם Job 12,3 as to you, see קבור פַמוֹך, see פַמוֹד.

أكتر (obs.) i. q. Arab. تمكز to form into balls or grains; hence يوني

رفية: (obs.) perh. akin to بَتِيْنَ, i. q. Arab. تَعَمَى, Syr. عصف, to hide, to lay up or store away; hence بَجَوَيْتِ مَ Also to preserve, to season; hence مَعَدَ

m. prop. spice, seasoning; then esp. cumin Is. 28, 25. ---- Hence χύμινον, L. cuminum, G. kümmel, our cumin.

סרב (only part. pass. דָּבָּס) prob. akin to דְּכַּה, to lay up, to reserve, only in Deut. 32, 34.

I (Qal obs.) akin to בָּרָאָ דְּבָשָׁ, דו קַבָּא, to glow, burn; then to be scorched or swarthy. - Niph. to be

burnt, scorched, of the skin Lam. 5, 10; fig. to be warm, hot, of affection, w. אַ or אָאָ, to yearn 1 K. 3, 26, Gen. 43, 30, cf. קר 1. 2.

קבר II (obs.) akin to אָבָרָ, to plait, weave; hence פָּרָאָר, מַכְמָר, מַרְמָד, מַרְמָדָת, מַרְמָדָת.

קברים (only pl. בְּבָרים) m. an idolpriest 2 K. 23, 5; either because the burner of the sacrifices, or because clothed in black (comp. Syr. בּבַּבּין prop. sadness; then a priest, as wearing dark clothing); r. בָּבָר

קְּרְרָהָ (only in c. pl. בָּקְרָרָדָ ו (only in c. pl. בָּקָרָרָדָ ו קַּמָרָדָ I) m. darkenings, obscurations, only in Job 3, 5, prob. eclipses of the sun (cf. שָׁקּרָדָ but w. š in place of a). Some of the ancients took for the prep. and הָרָרָדָ for bitternesses.

עבר (obs.) i. q. עָבָשׁ, עָבָשׁ I, to glow, burn; hence prob. שׁיַסי pr. n. of the fire-god of the Moabites.

(obs.) i. q. עָבָעָ*ד to hide;* hence אָבָרָזָת.

ו בן place, see אום בן II.

בן (r. יוס); pl. (בויס) adj. m. right, erect, firm; fig. upright, honest Gen. 42, 11; correct Ezr. 10, 12; w. neg. לא ⊆ו hot right Prov. 15, 7; also as adv. rightly, well 2 K. 7, 9.

שָׁרָז (r. פָּזָי, w. suf. בָּזָן) m. a stand, base, pedestal 1 K. 7, 29; פַּזְטָוּה בָן pedestal-work 1 K. 7, 31; פַּזָטָוּה socket of the mast Is. 33, 23; place or office, my place Gen. 41, 13, יע פּוּי place or stead Dan. 11, 20.

בן III pronom. particle akin to אָ, אָדָא, ושו בָּן, נדא parisons, thus, so (שֹׁכ, סטֿדשכ), e. g. Gen. 1, 7 יבידי בן and it was so, i. e. as God had ordered; Gen. 29, 26

it is not done thus. It לא רַצְמָוֹה כַן it is not done thus. stands with other particles to indicate the comparison, e.g. ב-קר as-so Ps. 127, 4; בַאָשֶׁר – כַּן *as – so* Num. 2, 17; בַּאֲשֶׁר 80 — as Gen. 18, 5; distinct and manifold meanings of as adv. in connexion w. prepositions e. g. אַתר כן Lev. 14, 36 or אַתר כן Gen. 15, 14, after so, afterwards; in such (way), so, then Ecc. 8, 10; for so, therefore Ex. 6, 6, also w. adversative sense, yet therefore, nevertheless Jer. 5, 2, esp. in passing from rebukes to consolations Is. 10, 24; on account of so, therefore צַל־מָן Gen. 2, 24; ער־כֵּן until so, as yet, hitherto Neh. 2, 16.

ע (pl. פּוָים) m. a gnat or midge; so prob. in פָמוֹ כְּבוֹ like a gnat Is. 51, 6; r. פָנָד. II.

בך Chald. i. q. Heb. בן III, so, thus Dan. 2, 25.

Chald. (obs.) perh.i. q. Heb. בָּנָת לָנָת לָנָת to title; hence perh. גְנָת לָנָת

I (Qal. obs.) i. q. Chald. بَنَنَى Arab. تَنَى to surname, give a title of respect. — Pi. to name w. respect, to honour Is. 45, 4, w. 4 of the title Is. 44, 5; to flatter Job 32, 21.

II (obs.) perh. akin to $\neg \neg \neg \neg$, to bite or sting. — Akin to $\times v \dot{\alpha} \omega$, $\times v \dot{\psi}$, G. kneipen, E. gnaw, gnat, W. cnou (bite). Deriv. perh. $\neg \neg$ IV.

שלים f. a plant or shoot, something set, only in Ps. 80, 16; r. אַנָּעָ

קבה pr. n. (perh. cane or reed) of an Assyrian city Ez. 27, 23; prob. i. q. קנַת which see.

בנה 500 כלוות.

. Chald כנה bee , כנון

(pl. דִבוֹר 1 K. 10, 12; also

w. suf. קלרך Ez. 26, 13) m. a harp, lyre Gen. 31, 27; r. אַנָר Prob. mimet. akin to אָרָן, Arab. עונט, lyre, xινύρα, xίνυρις, G. knarren, Kelt. crynu, kerna.

לְרָדָד Jer. 22, 24 i. q. יְהוֹיָכִין which see.

נְכָּלְלֹרְאָד Is. 33, 1 inf. Hiph. of נְכָּלְלֹרְאָד, w. z, for נְכָדִלְרוּאָד; but prob. only a mistake for נְכָלוֹיָאָד, די גָּכָלוּ

(obs.) perh. i. q. עָנָה II, to קנָה (obs.) pierce, sting; hence

לכם f. a gnat, coll.gnats, only Ex. 8, 13. 14; but perh. only a mistake for א קנים as in the Sam. codex. See ביים.

לכבי Chald. so, thus, in this manner Ezr. 4, 8. Prop. as is said, from קרַבְיָבֶר , dropping the final , as is common in the Talmud. — Perh. from לָיָא w. the adv. ending אָט, hence it may mean namely; generally referring to what follows.

(obs.) i. q. מיין to set, place; hence בַּנָין, II, בַּנָין.

תְּנַנְרָה pr. n. m. (perh. for בְּנָרָ whom אָ set up) Neh. 9, 4.

אָרָכָרָיָה, הָבַנָיָה, pr. n. m. (בְּכָרָיָה פַנַיְרָהוּ pr. n. m. (בַּנַיְרָהוּ פַנַיְרָהוּ 10 ch. 15, 22. 27; also 2 Ch. 31, 12, K'thibh בּוֹנַיְרֵהוּ

עסט (Qal obs.) akin to דְּיָנָן, דְיָנָח וּ, ל to bend or bow down the knee, to be low; then to compress or fold up.—Niph. to be brought down, subdued 1 Sam. 7, 13; w. דַיָּדוי רָר 106, 42; w. מפור Judg. 11, 33; to kumble oneself, to submit Lev. 26, 41; w. אַפָּרָ 2 Ch. 34, 27; w. אַפָּרָ 1 K. 21, 29; w. אָפָרָ 2 Ch. 33, 12.—Hiph. דרך ע to bring down, humble Job 40, 12; to subdue 2 Sam. 8, 1.— Akin to Sans. ganu, γόνυ, γνάμπτω, L. genu, G. knie, E. knee, Kelt. clun. Hence

(w. suf. (مرتجرية) f. prob. bundle or bale, collect. wares, only Jer. 10, 17; r. يَכِدِ.

기 pr. n. m. (prob. low-lander) of the son of Ham, and father of the Canaanites or Phenicians Gen. 9, 18. 2) pr. n. (low-land) Canaan Ex. 15, 15; fully אֶרֶץ כְּנָצַן Gen. 13, 12; and applied to the region west of Jordan Num. 33, 51; Phenicia, or north-western Canaan Is. 23, 11; Philistia Zeph. 2, 5; שְׁמַר קּנַעַן the speech of Canaan (prob. the name given in Egypt to the Hebrew or Semitic language) Is. 19, 18; i. q. איש פּנַעַן a Canaanite Hos. 12, 8. 3) a merchant, w. suf. בנענרה her merchants Is. 23, 8, the Canaanites or Phenicians being the most famous traders in early times.

קרבקה pr. n. m. (perh. traffic) 1 Ch. 7, 10.

נְכַעָרָים (pl. פַנַצָּרִים Neh. 9, 24; f. קנַצָּרָים Gen. 46, 10) m. 1) a Canaanite Gen. 38, 2; hence אַרֶץ דַאָרַנָצָיי of the Canaanite Ex. 3, 17; קַרָעָבָי דָאָרָעָבָי the place of the Canaanite Ex. 3, 8. 2) a merchant Prov. 31, 24.

(Qal obs.) akin to بيج i. q. Arab. تَنَفَ , to cover, protect. — Niph. to hide oneself, only in Is. 30, 20; hence

גָקָקָר (c. קנָקָר, dual כָּנָק), c. קנָקים) pl. קנָקים) f. prop. covering, hence 1) a wing Is. 10, 14; hence

לא by many for a shortened form of איש throne, but prob. only an error for c_a banner. The Sam. text has אפש.

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גַּסָאָ to cover; hence גַּסָא.

גָּסָסָ II (obs.) akin to גַּסַס, to number, to determine, of the settling of a feast-day (cf. דָּדָ, whence נמוֹעַד); prob. hence

NON Prov. 7, 20, also TON Ps. 81, 4, i. q. Syr. اَعْمَى a set time, festival, perh. the new or the full moon, so named from its marking off time (r. ۲۹۹ II), or perh. from its orb being then covered (r. ۲۹۹ I).

בְּסָרֵי Chald. m. a Chaldean, only in Ezr. 5, 12; see בְּטָדֵי.

דָעָל עָרָז דַעָנָקר Prov. 1, 17, דַעַל עָרָז Ecc. 10, 20 owner or master of wings, i. e. a bird or fowl. Poet. היים שימים שימים שימים שימים שימים רבים שימים שי

(obs.) mimet. to make a tremulous sound, to trill; hence קנוֹר (which see).

בּבָרוֹת also בְּבָרוֹת 1 K. 15, 20, Josh. 11, 2, pr. n. (perh. harplike) of a city in Naphtali near the sea or lake of Galilee Deut. 3, 17; hence רָם תַּבְרוֹת Num. 34, 11, רָם תַּבָּרֵת Josh. 12, 3, called in N. Test. the sea of Tiberias John 21, 1 or lake of Gennesaret Luke 5, 1; r. אָבָר

gather together, assemble Dan. 3, 2. — Ithp. to be assembled Dan. 3, 3.

בְּנָה Chald. (i. q. Heb.) a colleague, only pl. w. suf. הְנְיָהָה his colleagues Ezr. 5, 6; הְנָיְהְחוֹן their colleagues Ezr. 4, 9.

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18, 17, also שַּׁפְרָי Job 23, 17. 2) to cover oneself, w. acc. of covering Jon. 3, 6 or w. ב Gen. 38, 14. — Pu. בסי (but גם Ps. 80, 11) to be covered Gen. 7, 19; w. ב Ecc. 6, 4 or w. acc. Prov. 24, 31. — Hith. to wrap up or hide oneself, w. ב Is. 59, 6 or w. acc. Jon. 3, 8; in Prov. 26, 26 האַבָּבָה is for הַבָּבָה, Gram. § 54, 2, b.

רפא, see בפּת.

וֹתָּסָהָן (r. הְסָהָ) f. a cutting or lopping off, pruning of plants, perh. in Is. 5, 25; but see היבור .

קסור (only c. קסוי) m. *a covering*, of skins Num. 4, 6; r. קסָר.

נסארת בסאר (בסאר בסאר בין ג. 1) a covering, cover Job 26, 6; fig. בינים a covering of the eyes, i. e. a propitating gift, amends Gen. 20, 16. 2) a garment Deut. 22, 12.

קַצָּה, קַצָּה, קַצָּה, אָוָד, קַצָּה, קַצָּה, קַצָּה, קַצָּה, קַצָּה, קַצָּה, קַצָּה, קַצָּע, קַצָּע, קַצָּע, קַצָּע, קַצָּע, קַצָּע, קַצָּע, קַצָּע, אָוָז, דוּ, קוּ, קוּ (which see), to cut or lop off, of plants Is. 33, 12.

(pl. בָּסִילִים (m. 1) r. בָּסָי I, a fool Ps. 92, 7, opp. to בָּסִי Prov. 10, 1; implying also impiety Prov. 15, 20. 2) r. בָּסָי II, prop. the strong one, hence, the name of the constellation Orion Job 9, 9; regarded by the Orientals as the image of a giant, hence Arab. בִּסֹי, Syr. בִּסֹי, Chald. אָבָּיָה, i. e. the giant. The pl. Orions seems to be used of any of the larger constellations Is. 13, 10. 3) pr. n. (perh. strength, r. בָּסָלָ II) of a city in southern Judah Josh. 15, 30.

קָסָרלוּת f. folly, only Prov. 9, 13; r. שָּכַל I.

تَصِحَ I (only fut. ۲۲۵۰) i. q. Arab. تَسِلَ, prob. akin to تَحِوْر to be foolish, only Jer. 10, 8. ال إلى II (obs.) perh. akin to Arab. to bind together, to be firm.

עָסָלָים (pl. נְּסָלִים m. 1) r. לְכָסָ I, folly Ecc. 7, 25. 2) r. דָסָ II, loin, flank Job 15, 27. 3) confidence Ps. 78, 7; r. בָּסָל II.

דָּכָרָ f. 1) r. בָּסָל I, folly Ps. 85,9.

2) r. يَوْعَلَى II, hope, confidence Job 4, 6.

קָּכָּלָה c. מָסְלוּח סָנ (only in pl. c. מָסְלוּח) f. גּכְּסְלוּח הָבוֹר see הָסָלוּח הָבוֹר.

לאָכָּאָ m. name of the ninth month among the Hebrews, beginning w. the new moon of December Zech. 7, 1. ---- Perh. so named as the time of nature's inertness or exhaustion, perh. from an obs. r. 200 = 200, w. old formative ending ---, akin to 2--, 5--; see on letter 2, p. 74.

קָרָלָרָ pr. n. (confidence) of a place in Judah Josh. 15, 10.

בְּסָלוֹך pr. n. m. (strong) Num. 34, 21.

חלסלות pr. n. (prob. strength) of a place in Issachar Josh. 19, 18.

קבור pr. n. (flanks of Tabor) of a place in Zebulon Josh. 19, 12.

קסלרים pr. n. (only pl. בסלרים, perh. rich or strong) of a people, prob. the Kóλχοι, Colchians, a colony originally from Egypt Gen. 10, 14. — Perh. from r. בעל II w. old ending \underline{r} (see on lett. r, p. 191); as to the absence of the s in Kóλχοι, comp. L. asinus = F. âne = δνος.

געס (fut. רְּכָסֹם) akin to אָזָן to shear, only in Ez. 44, 20; hence קרַסַם and

געטיין (pl. דאָקטיים Ez. 4, 9) f. spekt, a species of grain, like wheat, but smooth and not bearded, as if shorm Is. 28, 25.

סַבַּץ (fut. רָכֹס) akin to אָדָרָ, to distribute, assign or reckon, only in Ex. 12, 4.

جَوْتِ (fut. جَوْتِ) perh. akin to Arab. تَسَفَّ. 1) to be pale or white; hence يَوْتِ 2) to long after, w. bof object Job 14, 15. — Niph. 1) to turn pale from shame, only part. جَوَتَ Zeph. 2, 1. 2) to long after Gen. 31, 30. Hence

קראָסָדָ (in p. בְּסָבָ; w. suf. בָּסָבָ) m. 1) silver, prop. paleness Gen. 23, 15. 2) money Ex. 22, 6; pl. אָרָבָ pieces of money, coins Gen. 42, 25; also w. בָּטָבָ understood, e. g. בָּטָב thousand shekels of silver Gen. 20, 16; r. בָּטָב.

다이가 Chald. m. i. q. Heb. 다이가, silver Dan. 2, 35.

κ²₁E, pr. n. (prob. white) of a place on the way between Babylon and Jerusalem Ezr. 8, 17. ---- Perh. akin to Κάσπιος.

רָכָּסָ, (only in pl. קָסָחוֹח (בְּסָחוֹז); r. דָבָסָ f. pillows, cushions Ez. 13, 18. The form is analogous to דָלָח from אַבָּלָח

לצל Is. 59, 18; see אין.

בען Chald. adv. perh.akin to Chald. אָאָדָ, here; hence now, at this time Dan. 2, 23; שי until now Ezr. 5, 16.

בְעָנָה Chald. adv. (perh. fem. of (קָעָה) only in רְבְעָנָה and so forth Ezr. 4, 10; also contracted, רְבָעָה Ezr. 4, 17.

تَكَيَّ (fut. ٢٢٢) to be vexed Ps. 112, 10; to be angry Ez. 16, 42; w. خي of pers. 2 Ch. 16, 10. — Pi. ترج to provoke, irritate Deut. 32, 21. — Hipb. to vex, grieve 1 Sam. 1, 7; to make angry, w. 7 Deut. 31, 29. Hence

לעָסָין (pl. דְּבָשָׁי m. i. q. עַשָּׁים, 1) anger Deut. 32, 19; pl. bursts of anger 2 K. 23, 26. 2) vexation, irritableness Ps. 6, 8; אַשָּׁין a fretful or ill-tempered woman Prov. 21, 19. UY의 m. i. q. 05일, 1) anger Job 10, 17. 2) vexation Job 5, 2.

רְעֵנָת see בְּעֵנָת.

קפים (w. suf. בפי dual בפי, pl. דפות; r. בפות I) f. prop. bend or hollow, hence 1) the hollow hand, the palm Lev. 14, 15; also the hand in general Deut. 25, 12. To put one's soul in one's hand, i. q. to expose oneself to great danger Judg. 12, 3. The dual form כפרם (c. כפר, w. suf. כפר, קפרה) stands not only for the two hands Job 36, 32, but also for the pl. Hag. 1, 11. Pl. Tinp palms Dan. 10, 10; in full בפור ידים palms of hands 1 Sam. 5, 4. 2) foot or paw, among beasts Lev. 11, 27. 3) sole, בָם sole of the foot Deut. 2, 5; pl. ning Josh. 3, 13. 4) a pan, a hollow vessel Num. כה הפלע ; Ex. 25, 29 כפות 7, 14; pl the bend or dish of the sling, where the stone is placed 1 Sam. 25, 29; the hollow of the thigh, the פה דַיּרֵהָ hip-pan or socket Gen. 32, 26. 5) handle of a bolt; pl. nipp Cant. 5, 5. 6) r. קפן II, branch of the palm-tree, pl. בפות Lev. 23, 40.

קב i. q. Syr. בולע (whence Kŋçã; for Πέτρος in John 1, 43) m. a rock, a crag or cliff, only pl. קפרם Jer. 4, 29; see r. קאס.

קבר (fut. רְכָשָּה) akin to דָרָשָּׁר, to extinguish anger, only in Prov. 21, 14.

ר (only pl. ר(פוית) f. a branch, of palm-tree, only in Lev. 23, 40; r. ר קפן II. See קפן 6.

עַפָּרוֹ (w. suf. יֹרָשָׁר) f. a palm-top or branch Job 15, 32; יּנָקְנוֹן the palm-branch and the bulrush, fig. for the lofty and the lowly or mean Is. 9, 13; г. בָּמַרָ II.

m. 1) a cup, prob. covered

w. a lid 1 Ch. 28, 17. 2) hoar-frost, covering the ground Ex. 16, 14; r. קקר I.

D'PP m. a cross-beam or a tie, only Hab. 2, 11; r. כאָר

נפרר (pl. בָּזַירִים (pl. בָּזַירָים) (pl. בָּזַירִים) (prop. akin to בְּבָיר) (which see), a strong one, hence a young lion Judg. 14, 5, noted for prowess Ps. 34, 11. 2) i. q. בָּזָר, a village Neh. 6, 2.

קפירָה pr. n. (village) of a city in Benjamin Josh. 9, 17.

עָקָדָ prob. akin to דָּפָשָ I, to bend, i. q. Chald. אַשָּך, to fold, double up Ex. 26, 9; part. pass. אַבּשָׁל doubled Ex. 28, 16. — Nipb. to be doubled, repeated Ez. 21, 19. Hence בְּכְפַלָה and

(dual בְּפָלְרִם m. a doubling; גָפָל רְסָנוֹ the duplicate of his jaw, i. e. his two rows of teeth Job 41, 5; two folds are to wisdom, i. e. it is manifold, full of complications Job 11, 6; double, twice as much Is. 40, 2.

i. q. Arab. نَفَى , to twist or bend, w. ي towards, only in Ez. 17, 7; hence

기후크 m. hunger, prop. twisting or writhing (in the stomach) Job 5, 22.

עסבי (obs.) akin to אָקַעָּר, שָּבָר, שָּבָר, נס con-קרי לעני א to tie or bind together, to connect; hence אָקרָס.

גבר I (inf. קבר akin to הפבר, to bend, curve, to be concave; w. אבר, to hang down the head Is. 58, 5; intrans. to be bowed down, Ps. 57, 7 ידאי my soul succumbed; part. דער those bowed down, bent double through affliction Ps. 145, 14. — Niph. (fut. אבר bow oneself, w. לא Mic. 6, 6. Deriv. 52. --- Prob. akin to χύπτω, χάμπτω, χάμνω, L. cumbo, cavus, Breton kaô (cave), W. cau (hollow).

אין בוק (which see), to project or mount upwards, to be high or lofty; hence גָּפָה, בּּפָה,

to بَغَفَر , تَفَرَ , مَعَدَ I. i. q. Arab. تَحَوَّ cover, w. pitch Gen. 6, 14; fig. to forgive sins (prop. to cover over), whence רְכָפֵר. -- Pi. כְּפֵר (fut. רְכָפֵר) to cover over, hide, hence to forgive sin Ps. 65, 4; w. 52 Jer. 18, 23; w. 5 of pers. Deut. 21, 8, Ez. 16, 63; w. בְּעָר 2 Ch. 30, 18; to explate an offence, to atone for Dan. 9, 24; w. 24 Lev. 5, 26, w. בער Ex. 32, 30, w. כן Num. 6, 11; to make atonement for an offender, w. בעל Ex. 30, 15, w. בעד Lev. 16, 6, w. □ Lev. 17, 11; also of inanimate things, to explate or cleanse Deut. 32, 43, w. کر Lev. 16, 18, w. ב of means Lev. 7, 7; to appease or placate Gen. 32, 21; to avert, of evil Is. 47, 11. --Pu. to be covered, obliterated, of writing Is. 28, 18; to be hidden, explated, Is. 6, 7; to be forgiven Ex. 29, 33, w. > Num. 35, 33. — Hith. to be expiated 1 Sam. 3, 14. -- Nithp. יכָפָר for כתכפר (see Gram. § 55, 9) to be expiated or forgiven, only in Deut. 21, 8.

דָבָר II (obs.) prob. akin to דָבָ, דָבָר, to bind or combine, hence to be strong, vigorous; hence דָבָר Perh. hence also זְבָּשִרָּם (bridge), as a binding or joining, cf. זְבָּשָׁם גָנַטִרְעָטָעָז, L. pontem jungere; see

עָפָרים (pl. דָפָדים) m. village, hamlet, prob. a row or group of dwellings (cf. Arab. עלע Kefr) Cant. 7, 12.

קפר דָזעַצוֹנְד Ammonite) of a place in Benjamin Josh. 18, 24; in Q'ri קצמוניה ג.

(only pl. מַפּרִים) m. expiations, atonement Ex. 29, 36; יום הַכְּפּרִים day of atonement Lev. 23, 27; אַרל the ram of expiations Num. 5, 8; r. בָּבָר

רקבי f. a cover, only of the lid of the ark, hence the mercy-seat or propiliatory Ex. 25, 17 (Sept. i) מילוף געליי, cf. also Heb. 9, 5), from the notion of placating, see Pi. רקבי, the place of the propiliatory, the holy of holies 1 Ch. 28, 11; r. אָבֶר I.

עבש (Qal obs.) i. q. עַבָּשׁ, to tread or press down. — Hipb. רְבָּפִיע to trample down, only in Lam. 3, 16.

(obs.) akin to ruzz, i. q. Chald. ruzz, to bind or begird, to surround, hence to deck; hence perh. ruzz.

Chald. to bind, fetter; part. pass. inflected as perf. דערים they were bound Dan. 3, 21. — Pa. inf. התקיים to bind Dan. 3, 20; part. pass. pl. העפידין bound or fettered Dan. 3, 23.

pl. בַּפְּתוֹרים; r. בַּפְתוֹר , בַּפְתוֹר ; r. בַּפְתוֹר (הַנָּתוֹר) m. 1) from בַּפָּת מסו (הַמָּז

(i. q. roxin (x, y, y), w. the old ending rowidtharpoint (seeon letter 7), the crown or capital ofa column Am. 9, 1; a circlet or knopof a candelabrum Ex. 25, 31. 2) pr.n. of a maritime region Am. 9, 7;hence <math>rightarrowidtharpoint (second forCaphtor Jer. 47, 4; perh. Crete orCyprus in the Mediterranean, or perh.better Cappadocia which did once,as Herodotus tells, include Pontuson the Black Sea, the name, Kanmaô-oxía, being possibly skin to<math>roxia, Deing possibly skin to roxia, P. Pl. roxia (second for the contraction) Gen. 10, 14.

(pl. פָּרָים) m. 1)*a lamb*, vigorous and fat Deut. 32, 14; so called prob. from its running round or skipping about (r. כַּרָר II). 2) prob. cultivated land (r. קרר I) hence pasture or meadow-land Ps. 65, 14. 3) fig. (only pl. סרים) a battering ram, an engine of war for making breaches in walls, by butting or dashing against them (r. كَبْش II) Ez. 4, 2 (cf. Arab. كَبْش Ez. 4, 2 (cf. Arab. xplos). 4) pillion or saddle, a litter (r. בָר הַגַּפָל II); גר הַגַּפָל the camel's litter Gen. 31, 34. 5) pr. n. (perh. pasture) of the district between Phrygia and Lydia, Caria; hence gentil. n. קרי a Carian 2 Sam. 20, 23 (K'thibh).

שם m. prop. a hollow or deep vessel (r. כוּר בוּי J); hence name of a measure (Sept. χόρος) a cor 1 K. 5, 2; for both dry and liquid things, containing 10 Ephahs = 11 ½ bushels or 88 ¼ gallons, equal to a קקר.

Chald. (Pe. obs.) prob. akin to דיד, דקר I, to pierce, hence to be pained, grieved. — Ithp. to be distressed, of the spirit Dan. 7, 15.

עראב, (obs.) prob. mimet. akin to (which see), בר בן דו, to grip, grasp or seize, hence to bear; hence prob. בראב.

אָלָאָ Ohald. f. prop. wrapper, hence a mantle, cloak Dan. 3, 21; see r. גַּבָל

I i. q. ٦٩ΣI to pierce, to dig (a well) Gen. 26, 25; to excavate (a pit) w. 5 Jer. 18, 20, w. ۲۵۵ Ps. 57, 7, w. ۶۶ Job 6, 27; fig. to devise or prepare, as if by digging Prov. 16, 27; like الجبر, to open the ears Ps. 40, 7. — Niph. to be digged Ps. 94, 13.

וּתָרָה תְּרָא to הַרָּד III akin to דָּרָה וּדָרָא II, to feed; hence to make a feast or banquet, only in 2 K. 6, 23.

קרת (only pl. כָּרָדָה) f. a pit, cistern; פּרָת רֹשָׁים shepherde cisterns, only in Zeph. 2, 6; r. בָּרָם I.

בְרָה f. a feast or banquet, only 2 K. 6, 23; r. פָרָה III.

לדבים, (pl. קרבים, קרבים, m. 1) Cherub, a symbolical being, compounded of four forms, man, ox, lion, eagle, prob. as the symbols of intelligence, might, courage and swiftness; the guardians of Paradise Gen. 3, 24; forming the escort or throne-bearers of God Ps. 18, 11. Hence He is called ישׁב דַשָּרָבִים He who sitteth (upon) the Cherubim Ps. 80, 2; prob. r. בָּרַב. 2) pr. n. m. Ezr. 2, 59.

נְרוז Chald. (def. כָרוז) m. a herald Dan. 3, 4; r. בָרַן.

קראס Chald. mimet. akin נאוֹח דָרָאָר, Syr. אָרָא, אראָסטע, to cry out, proclaim. – Aph. to make proclamation Dan. 5, 29.

שָרָי m. collect. perh. executioners (part. of קרו פוי to stab w. the adjectiveקרירה pr. n. (prob. dug or hollowed out, r. קרָה I) of a brook near Jordan 1 K. 17, 3; prob. now Wady el-Qelt (נענב)) near Jericho.

גריחויח, בריחויח לעריחויח, ג בריחויח לעריחויח לעריחויח לא בקיר מדייחויח לא בקייחויח לא בקייחויח לא בייחויח לא מ משני מינו לא מינו לא מינו לא גער בייחויחיח לא מינו לא גער בייחוייח לא מינו לא גער בייחויים לא גער בייחויויים לא בייחויים ארי לא מינו לא גער בייחויים לא גער לא גער בייחויים לא גער בייחויים לא גער בייחויים לא גער בייחויים לא ג

קרְקַר (obs.) akin to עַרָר II, בָּרָאַ, i. q. Syr. בּוֹיָר, to surround: akin to גוףגסג, גףוגסג, L. circus, W. cylch. Deriv. בַּרְבָּרָש, perh. בַּרָרָאָ.

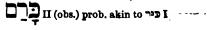
בְרָבָב (w. suf. בָּרְבָב) m. a margin, border Ex. 27, 5. ---- From בָרַךָ w. format. ending ---- (as in נַרְצָב), see on letter ב, p. 74.

معذعمدًا m. i. q. Syr. معذعمدًا, Arab. Fron, only in Cant. 4, 14. ---- The word is prob. Sans. kankom, the Indian saffron.

פְרָפָס pr. n. m. (perh. Persian for eagle) of a eunuch Est. 1, 10.

נְרָבָּרָוֹח (only pl. בְּרְבָּרָוֹח) f. prop. rwnners, hence dromedaries, only in Is. 66, 20; r. בְּרֵבֵר Pi. of בָּרָבָ

I (obs.) perh. akin to שוו, as שור סו פור די קרט פור די bright red; hence prob. ברמיל



אָבָר (as שְׁשָׁש to אָשָׁש), to dig, cultivate; hence הַרְשָׁל and

עָרָמִים (w. suf. הָרָמִים, pl. הָרָמִים, c. קרָמִים (w. suf. הָ מָרָמָים, pl. יוָמַרְמַי וו שָרָם און בּרָה גז, 27, 2, 3, prop. cultivated land, hence 1) garden, orchard, היוני garden Judg. 15, 5; הווני הימון קרָמִים (i. e. among) orchards, opp. to a desert road Job 24, 18. 2) a vineyard Ex. 29, 4; fully מַרָם הַמָר the orchard of wine Is. 27, 2, where some texts read הַמָר הַ אָרָמָי garden, פַרְמַי הָמָר in Am. 5, 11.

בֹּקַר (denom. from בָּקָם, as בּקַר from בָּקָר m. *a vinedresser* Is. 61, 5.

לָרָצָד pr. n. m. (vineyard-man) Gen. 46, 9; as patron. *Carmite* Num. 26, 6 (נְרָשָׁיִד = נֵרָשָׁיָ).

פָרְבָּל (r. פַרְבָל II; w. suf. וֹצְרָם ל 2 K. 19, 23) m. 1) i. q. ברם a garden, orchard, prop. cultivated ground or park (opp. to the desert) Is. 29, 17; the cultivated land Jer. ארץ דפרמל 2, 7; יבר פרמזי its (Lebanon's) park, prop. its forest-garden 2 K. 19, 23. 2) fig. garden-fruits Lev. 23, 14; crushed garden-grain, i. e. choice early corn in groats or coarse meal Lev. 2, 14. 3) pr. n. (a park) of a fruitful promontory on the Mediterranean Sea, on the south-west border of the tribe of Asher, beautiful in forests and flowers, Carmel Josh. 19, 26; often w. art. דַּכַּרְפֵל (Gram. § 109, 3) lit. the Park, Carmel Am. 1, 2; fully הר הַכָּרְמֵל Mount Carmel 1 K. 18, 19. In Cant. 7, 6 the head of a lovely woman is com-

کرای pr. n. m. (i. q. Arab. کرای lyre) Gen. 36, 26; see

קרָאָרָאָ Chald. (w. suf. דָרָאָדָ Dan. 7, 9; pl. דָרָטָן) f. *a throne* Dan. 5, 20; i. q. Heb. נְדָטָא (the ה inserted for the Dagh. f.).

לוס (for נאָם Pi. of נָקָם, w. the for the Dagh. forte, as in שִׁרְיָט for the *Dagh. forte, as in שִׁרָּט* for the *cat off, devour,* only in Ps. 80, 14; see Gram. § 56.

(tut. ירָרָע) akin to אָזָרָ (which see), to bow down 2 Ch. 7, 8; w. 5 Est. 3, 2, w. לַפָרָ Ps. 22, 30 of the pers. before whom; used w. ידְרָבָרָעָ Ps. 95, 6; w. לַלְבָרָעָרָ to kneel Judg. 7, 5; to bend, of the knee Is. 45, 23. — Hiph. ידָרָעָרָ to cause to succumb, to prostrate enemies Ps. 17, 13; fig. to afflict Judg. 11, 35. Hence

לקיבן (only dual קיבן) f. the leg from the knee to the ankle, prop. the bent part, of quadrupeds Ex. 12, 9, of locusts Lev. 11, 21.

تعليم m. cotton-stuff, only in Est. 1, 6. — Akin to Pers. رئرنىس Arab. ئرنىس, xάρπασος, L. carbasus, Sans. karpâsa cotton, also to E. carpet; perh. akin to r. جرار I (to pluck), w. old format. ending o-(see on letter b).

I (obs.) akin to שָּׁרָח I, cobs.) געיר I, נּכָּרָק I, נּכָּרָק I, נּכּרָ

II (Qal obs.)mimet. akin to בר גַּלַע II, to ge round, to roll, to

^{20*} Digitized by Google

turn; to dance or skip about. — Pi. קרְעָר to turn about, w. קרְעָר Sam. 6, 14; hence בְּרְעָרָח and דָגָר Perh. akin to Υῦρος, χορός, L. gyrus, curro, W. gyrru.

שׁלָשָׁ, mostly פֿוֹרָשׁ pr. n. m. (Pers. Kurush, prob. sun or fire, perh. akin to גדינוש w. ending שׁיָה, as in פֿרָד (דָרָיָנָשׁ w. ending טָּהָיָה, as in נָדָיָנָשׁ) of a king of Persia, Cyrus Ezr. 1, 2.

(obs.) akin to be convex, bulging; hence

مَتَرَبَّ pr. n. m. (Pers. perh. black) Est. 1, 14.

גרה (1 pers. perf. ברה), fut. ויכרית (יכרית 1) to cut off a branch Num. 13, 23; to cut down or fell trees Deut. 19, 5; to hew down idol images Judg. 6, 25; to cut off the foreskin Ex. 4, 25, hence Gran cut or maimed Lev. 22, 24, fully בראת שׁתַכָּה Deut. 28, 2 maimed in the male member, i. e. unmanned; בָרָה לשׁנֵים to cut in two Jer. 34, 18; to destroy Jer. 11, 19. 2) fig. בָרָת בְּרָית to make a covenant Gen. 15, 18, prop. to cut a covenant (cf. Gr. δρχια τέμνειν), referring to the cutting up of the ratifying victim, w. אד Ex. 24, 8, w. The Ps. 105, 9 of the pers. with whom; w. 5 to, where the covenant is prescribed or dictated 2 Sam. 5, 3; also w. > for, i. e. in favour of Ezr. 10, 3; w. על against Ps. 83, 6; sometimes בריה is omitted, as in 1 Sam. 20, 16; וַהְבָרָת-לָךָ מֵהֵם and thou madest a covenant for thyself from them Is. 57, 8; instead of ברית is found דְּבֶר fidelity in Neh. 10, 1, דְבָר word in Ps. 105, 9, Hag. 2, 5. - Niph. to be cut down Job 14, 7; to be cut

off, of persons Gen. 9, 11; to be destroyed, of a land Gen. 41, 36; to come to nothing, of a hope Prov. 23, 18; to be exiled Zech. 14, 2; to be masticated Num. 11, 33; to be cut asunder Josh. 3, 13. — Pu. ברח מתח השביע to be cut off Ez. 16, 4; to be cut down Judg. 6, 28. — Hiph. (1st pers. הקריה) to cut off, destroy Lev. 17, 10; to withdraw favour, w. prom 1 Sam. 20, 15. — Hoph. to be cut off, to perish Joel 1, 9. ----Prob. mimet. akin to שיר (which see), קר ע קר אלינגע אונגע אוו

קרחות (prop. part. pass. of קרחות) f. pl. hewed beams, planks 1 K. 6, 86.

רבותה ה. 1) prob. a Cretan or perh. Cyprian 2 Sam. 8, 18. These islanders had prob. immigrated into the coast of Philistia, and there become known to the Hebrews. PL come known to the Hebrews. PL Ez. 25, 16. 2) prob. executioner (ר. הקרה ב. 16. 2) prob. executioner (ר. הקרה ב. 16. 2) prob. executioner (ר. הקרה ב. 17, 16. 2) prob. execuprob. executioner

קָשָׁבִים (pl. בְּשָׁבִים) m. a he-lamb Lev. 3, 7; i. q. בָּבָש which see.

לְשְׁבָרוֹ f. a she-lamb Lev. 5, 6; i. q. בִּבְשָׁה.

مَكَمَدَ (obs.) i. q. Arab. تَعَمَدَ , to cut in, hence perh. to encroach; perh. hence

son of Nahor, Abraham's brother Gen. 22, 22; perh. the father of the race of Chaldeans.

נקשר (but בקשר) gentil. n. from נקשר (but only pl. בקשריים conly pl. באַריים Ez. 23, 14 in K'thibh) 1) *Chaldeans*, the inhabitants of Chaldea or Babylon Es. 23, 23; hence באָריים Dan. 9, 1;

Dan. 1, 4; whence also Babylon is called הַקַאָרָה גאון בַשְׁהים Is. 13, 19. 2) Chaldea Is. 48, 20; w. ד loc. בַּשָׂהֵימָה Ez. 16, 29; fully בת בשהים ;Jer. 25, 12 אַרָץ בשהים inhabitants of Chaldea (see on II) for Chaldea Is. 47, 1; sometimes it is used not merely of the region on the Khabor, but also of Babylon, see Ez. 23, 23. 3) astrologers Dan. 2, 2, because Chaldea was the cradle of astrology. ---- In Assyr. inscriptions Kaldi = Χαλδαίο; = modern Kurds, the letters v, r, λ being interchanged.

בְשָׁהָיָא, בַשְׁהָאָדו Chald. (def. בְשָׁהָיָא, בַשְׁהָאָדו, pl. בְשָׁהָאָד, כ. בְשָׁהָאָדו (שִׁהָר בַשָּׁהָאָד) m. i. q. Heb. בַשְׁהָאַר, a Chaldean Dan. 3, s; an astrologer, magician Dan. 2, 5.

vered w. fat, hence to be sleek, only in Deut. 32, 15.

בָּשָׁיל m. an axe, only in Ps. 74, 6; prop. a feller, r. בְּשָׁיל in Pi'el.

(fut. جن Prov. 4, 16 K'thibh, else only fut. Niph.) perh. akin to بَسِلَ, Arab. كَسِلَ, to totter, fig. to fail Ps. 31, 11; בִּרְפַיָם מַשְׁלוֹת tottering or trembling knees Is. 35, 3; to faint, collapse Lam. 5, 13; to stumble Is. 59, 10, w. 2 against Lev. 26, 37; fig. to be wavering or faint in mind Job 4, 4. - Niph. יְכָשֵׁל (fut. יְכָשֵׁל) to become weak, faltering, part. נְכְשָׁל 1 Sam. 2, 4; to stumble Prov. 24, 16. - Pi. to cause to fall, to fell Ez. 86, 14 (but the Q'ri is نِعْطَ to be bereaved). - Hiph. to cause to fatter or fall Lam. 1, 14; fig. to cause to stumble, in a moral sense, to subvert Mal. 2, 8. - Hoph. to be made to stumble, to be overthrown Jer. 18, 23.

ruin, only in Prov. 16, 18.

(Qal obs.) perh. akin to why, to speak softly or mutter; fig. to pray w. low voice (cf. Syr. Δ) for λειτουργεϊν Acts 13, 2, and for δέησιν ποιεῖν Phil. 1, 4). — Pi. Fight to mutter charms, to practise magic 2 Ch. 33, 6; part. m. Fight a sorcerer Deut. 18, 10; f. Fight Ex. 22, 17. Hence

קשרם (only pl. רְשָׁפּרם) m. sorcery, incantation Is. 47, 12.

되면 m. a sorcerer, only in Jer. 27, 9.

אָשָׁר (fut. רְכָשָׁר) akin to רְכָשָׁר, אישר (fut. to be straight or upright, hence proper or right, w. אָשָר ג, 5; to shoot up or sprout, to thrive, of seed Ecc. 11, 6. — Hiph. to cause to prosper Ecc. 10, 10. Hence

جَשְׁרוֹך m. i. q. Syr. التَّصَرُّ, success, prosperity Ecc. 2, 21; advantage, profit Ecc. 5, 10.

ערבים (fut. דְרָהֹב) prob. akin to האביר, קוצר I, prop. to carve or engrave on a wooden tablet; then to write Deut. 10, 2, w. אַ Ex. 34, 1, w. אָ Jer. 36, 2, w. אַ Josh. 23, 6; קובי לערבים לפן אין אין אין אין אין אין to write a letter, w. אָ צ 2 K. 10, 6, w. אָ 2 Ch. 30, 1, or w. Joeut. 24, 1, to or for some one; w. אָ in respect to Judg. 2, 14; to describe by writing Josh. 18, 4; to prescribe or enjoin 2 K. 22, 13; to subscribe, as witness Jer. 32, 12. - Niph. to be written Job 19, 23. - Pi. to write; subscribe Is. 10, 1. - Hence אָרָבָר

Heb., to write Dan. 5, 5; to write down, to record Dan. 7, 1.

בֿעל

בְּחָב Chald. m. a writing, inscription Dan. 5, 8; ידי לא בְּחָב without prescription i.e. without limit or at pleasure Ezr. 7, 22; a document, edict Dan. 6, 9.

f. a writing, a mark, only used of a brand on the skin, only in Lev. 19, 28; r. בָּתַב.

Jer. 2, 10, see כתרים

1) gent. n. m. pl. of the city בחים, K(דדוסי, L. Citium (now Chethi) in Cyprus, but in the O. T. only the pl. occurs, סווים, סווים Jer. 2, 10; then Cyprians in general Gen. 10, 4, Is. 23, 12. 2) the inhabitants, put for the land, hence Cyprus Is. 23, 1; then in the widest sense (cf. מאייל) for isles and coasts of the Mediterranean Num. 24, 24.

מָתָרח (רָתָח adj. m. beaten (r. יָתָחים); beaten oil Ex. 27, 20, obtained from the olives beaten in a mortar, and finer than what was got from the olive-press.

(obs.) prob. skin to הָתָר (obs.) prob. skin to , הְתַר , to surround or enclose; hence

(w. suf. בָּהָלַט m. a wall, only in Cant. 2, 9.

לתל Chald. (pl. def. בְּחַלָּאָ Ezr. 5, 8, cf. נְגָב m. a wall Dan. 5, 5.

שָׁרָלָשׁ pr. n. (prob. fortified, r. בָּוֹלָשׁ w. old format. ending בָּוֹלָשׁ town in Judah Josh. 15, 40.

Qal obs.) perh. akin to באַק (Qal obs.) perh. akin to באַק, i. q. Syr. באַכל, to make spots, to soil; to carve or mark;

hence perh. בְּרָאָם, הַיָּהָם, - Niph. to be written, graved, so as not to be washed out, only in Jer. 2, 22, where most prefer to read thy iniquity is stained or foul, after the Sept., Syr. and Vulgate. Perh. hence

של ה. gold (poet. for הָרָע), perh. what is cut out of the quartz Prov. 25, 12; אותר ב' אותר ל, gold of Ophir Is. 13, 12; של אותר ב' אותר ב. 10, 5; but the r. may rather be an obs. מון השים ביום to shine; hence perh. bright gold.

(obs.) akin to بتوز بنجز ا to stretch out, to spin; hence akin to Ethiop. cadana to cover or clothe. Hence

בקינה see בחנת

to cover, hence perh. to load or burden; hence

בָּחַפּיו וּג. 11, 14, dual בְּחַפּיו אָ אָרָחַפּיו ג. בג. 28, 12; pl. only fig. אָרָחַפּיו בג. Ex. 28, 12; pl. only fig. אָרָחַפּי, כ. בג. 28, 12; pl. only fig. בג. בג. 24, 12; pl. only fig. בג. 24, 12; pl. only fig. בג. בג. 24, 12; pl. only fig. בג. 24, 12; pl. only fig. בג. בג. 24, 12; pl. only fig. בג. 24, 12

i. e. the upper part of the back 1 Sam. 17, 6; fig. the side, border, of a building 1 K. 6, 8, of the sea Num. 34, 11, of a country Josh. 15, 8; Joseph to fly on the shoulder, i. e. to rush (as birds of prey) upon the border, to invade Is. 11, 14. 2) pl. shoulder-pieces of the High priest's ephod (cf. Fr. épaulette) Ex. 28, 7. 3) pl. side-spaces or flanks, of a gate Ez. 41, 2. 4) shoulder pieces, at the ends of an axle 1 K. 7, 30.

עָדָר (Qal obs.) akin to עָדָר, קדָר (Qal obs.) akin to עָדָר, - Pi. 1) to hem in or environ, to assail Ps. 22, 13. 2) to wait, prop. check oneself Job 36, 2. -- Hiph. 1) to circumvent Hab. 1, 4; to encompass, in a friendly sense, w. ב Ps. 142, 8. 2) to wear a crown, w. Ps. 142, 8. 3) to wear a crown, w. Ps. 142, 8. 3) to wear a crown, w. Ps. 142, 8. 3) to wear a crown, w. Ps. 142, 8. 4) to wear a crown, w. Ps. 142, 8. 4) to wear a crown, w. Ps. 142, 8. 4) to wear a crown, w. Ps. 142, 8. 4) to wear a crown, w. Ps. 142, 8. 4) to wear a crown, w. Ps. 142, 8. 4) to wear a crown, w. Ps. 142, 8. 4) to wear a crown, w. Ps. 142, 8. 4) to wear a crown, w. Ps. 142, 8. 4) to wear a crown, w. Ps. 142, 8. 4) to wear a crown, w. Ps. 142, 8. 4) to wear a crown, w. Ps. 143, 8. 4) to wear a crown, w. Ps. 144, 18.

m. a crown or diadem Est.
 6, 8. — Hence χίδαρις, χίταρις, L.
 cidaris.

לתרות (pl. פֿתְרוֹת) f. capital, crown of a column 1 K. 7, 19.

ערַרָאָש (fut. דָּרָאָש) akin to אָרָאָד (fut. שָׁרָאָ) to pound, bray, smash, only in Prov. 27, 22; hence שָׁרָאָש.

Deut. 9, 21; imp. pl. מָרַזש i. q. עָרַזש, Chald. מָרַזש, mimet. akin to TT, TT, Arab. Je. Lat. cudo, to heat to pieces, pound Deut. 9, 21; part. pass. Trang crushed, castrated Lev. 22, 24; then to hammer. forge Joel 4, 10; fig. to beat or break down a host, to rout Ps. 89, 24. -Pi. The to hammer, forge, w. 5 Is. 2, 4; to break up 2 K. 18, 4; fig. to crush a land, i. e. to destroy its cities and resources Zech. 11, 6. --Pu. to be dashed to pieces, w. 2 2 Ch. 15, 6. - Hiph. (fut. יִקְרוּד) to beat in pieces a hostile force, to rout Num. 14, 45. - Hoph. (fut. רְעֵה, pl. יְעֵה,) to be smashed, of a gate Is. 24, 12, of an image Mic. 1,7; fig. to be destroyed, of heroes Jer. 46, 5, dying men Job 4, 20:

5

Lā mēdh is the 12th Heb. letter;but as a numeral it stands for 30. Its name τομ = τομ σ means prob. beateror chastiser, hence esp. staff or goad forurging oxen, an ox-goad (cf. βουπλήξ,also βούχεντρον), which instrument isrudely pictured in its forms <math> / , / ,, Sam. 2 (see the Table of Ancient Alphabets); the name and the form, slightly changed, appear also in the Gr. Λάμβδα, whence, through the Romans, our L, which has the same sound.

> is formative in sundry words; - 1) as final (prob. adjectival, akin to ending -las in Sans., -lus in Lat., and -λος in δειλός, όμαλός, σχύπελος = J. scopulus) in some words, e. g. 5or ל____ in הַדָּשָל, הַדָּשָׁמַל, א____ in הַדָּשַל, הַדַ in אַבעל, פַּרְמִיל, אַ אָרָגיל, הַיָּרָמָיל, in אָבעל, the ending having prob. a diminutive force, as in the last (cf. $x \dot{u} \pi s \lambda \lambda o v$). ----2) as medial (prob. intensive) e. g. אַשאָנן = שָׁלָאָנן bal- געשות שאַנן שלאַנן bal $s\hat{a}m = \beta \dot{a}\lambda \sigma a \mu \omega \varsigma, \ \exists n = n = x \dot{o}\lambda$ $\pi \circ \varsigma =$ It. golfo =E. gulf. - 3) as initial (prob. only euphonic) e. g. לָאַט = לְשֶׁרָה = לְשָׁר, אָמָם = לָאָם אָאָטָט I (cf. λάχνη = ἄχνη, G. leber = E. liver = Keltic avi = L. jecur = $\tilde{\eta}\pi a\rho$).

but b usually before the tonesyllable, i. e. before monosyllabic and barytone words e. g. לְנַצָּח, לֶנְצָח, see Gram. § 102, 2, c) pref. prep. (short for לו לָדָ, לָד, לָד, לָד, אָל), w. suf. לו, ל etc. (see Gram. § 103, 2), לכָם לָכָם having the same meaning of direction or motion to as by (which see), but more used in figurative senses (see Gram. § 154, 3, d and e). - A) as implying motion or direction, to, unto, for or towards, els, either locally w. verbs of coming or going (דָּלָך, בּוֹא, דָּלָך, קרב, etc.) Is. 60, 4, or mentally w. verbs of waiting, hoping, etc. (רְחַל, הקה, הקה, etc.) Is. 42, 4, cf. 51, 5. Hence 1) unto, as far as (in full כָר ל), e. g. לְטָרָצָה unto satiety Ez. 39, 19, for ever Gen. 3, 22, לעולם till

their death Ps. 73, 4. — Of number, up to, as many as 2 Ch. 5, 12 כדברם למאה ועשרים priests as many as 120 (cf. ele µupioue). 2) to, for, into, w. verbs of making, becoming, etc., implying change of state or quality (דַּתָּה, הַיָּתָה, פָּרָה, בָּנָה, etc.) Gen. 2, 7, 22, Joel 3, 4. 3) Like our to or for, against, etc. to express the idea which the *dative* case indicates in Greek, Latin and German, w. verbs implying some benefit or the contrary (dat. commodi vel incommodi, Gram. § 154, 3, c) esp. w. verbs of giving, taking, telling, etc. (נַתַן, הַפַר, לַקַח, אָמָד) Gen, 14, 21, Deut. 5, 28, Ps, 37, 12. - This dat. commodi is often pleonastic (or nearly so), as in לה -לה go for thee, i. e. for thy benefit Gen. 22, 2, תָרָה לָה *flee thou*, i. e. for thy safety Gen. 27, 43, דְּמָדו לָה be thou like Cant. 8, 14. - Also to express to or possession, as in יש לי there is to me, i. e. I have Gen. 33, 11; hence the so-called Lamedh auctoris, e. g. מומור לבור a psalm (belonging) to David, i. e. a psalm of David Ps. 3, 1, the ideas of belonging to and possessing being much akin, as seen also in έστι μοι for έχω, and in est mihi for habeo; Job 33, 6 lo! I, even as thou, לאַל belong to God or am God's. 4) Hence said to serve also for a sign of the genitive relation, like our of, e.g. בן לישר a son of Jesse 1 Sam. 16, 18, דעפרם לשאול the spics of Saul 1 Sam. 14, 16; but these and other examples said to express the genitive belong more properly to the dative, as in No. 3 above; see more on this usage in Gram. §115. 5) As sign of the accusative, but only by a sort of abuse of its force in No. 3, which appears esp. in later style (as in Chald. and Syr.), e. g. in Jer. 40, 2, אָכָל ל in Lam.

4, 5, לעלה ל in Job 5, 2, ל דרג ל 2 Ch. 17, 7, cf. Num. 10, 25, Ps. 135, 11 (see Gram. § 154, 3, e). 6) Said to be a sign of the Lat. ablative of agent, by or from, e.g. ברוּך לאַל blessed by (prop. to) God Gen. 14, 19, it was heard by i. e. reported if it was heard by to Neh. 6, 1, cf. Ex. 12, 16; but such constructions answer rather to the Gr. dative of agent w. passive verbs (cf. ἐβρέθη τοῖς ἀργαίοις Mat. 5, 21), and so belong to No 3 above. 7) As to or for, in regard or respect to, and similar shades of to and for (cf. $\varepsilon l \zeta$) to suit our idiom, e. g. לעשר as to wealth 1 K. 10, 23, לימים in respect to days Job 32, 4 (cf. Ps. 12, 7), לַקרוֹשִׁים as for the saints, marking case absolute Ps. 16, 3 (cf. Is. 32, 1); w. verbs of speaking, ordering, complaining, etc. concerning, about, e.g. Gen. 20, 13, Ps. 3, 3, Ps. 91, 11, Is. 15, 5; of class or sort, according to, like to, after, e. g. למינו after its kind Gen. 1, 11, فيض perh. such as Is. 8, 23, as if not her own (prop. for not hers) Job 39, 16. B) where rest (prop. consequent on motion implied) is to be understood, at, in (cf. els for ev); ו) of place, e. g. לפתח at the door Gen. 4, 7, הצפה in Mizpah Hos. 5, 1, in the dungeon Is. 51, 14; 2) of طَعْبَرَه time, e.g. לבקר in the morning Am. 4, 4, ⊒ don the evening 2 Ch. 2, 3; a) of state or condition, e. g. לְבַטָה in security, i. e. safely Ps. 4, 9. C) often prefixed to the Infin. (as a verbal noun) to denote purpose, result or ubligation (cf. our for to do, els to ποιείν, L. ad faciendum, riwy, cf. Gram. § 132, 3, Rem., also § 142, 2), w. various shades of meaning not unlike those under A above, e. g. for opening Cant. 5, 5, נְשָׁהֹדֵין for opening Cant. 5, 5 to day (he is resolved or bound) לכבר for remaining Is. 10, 32, drys of

their coming out Ex. 16, 1, ילַרְשָׁתוּ till his knowing Is. 7, 15, דישׁוּח account of turning away Is. 10, 2, מניח עָרָב at the turning of evening i. e. at even-tide Gen. 24, 68, לַאָּבֶּר for to say or in saying.

Chald. prep. same as in Heb. to, for, into; 1) of place Dan. 2, 17; 2) sign of case, for dative Dan. 2, 5, for genitive Ezr. 5, 11, for accusative (often, as in Syr.) Dan. 2, 10; 3) as prefix to Infin. after verbs of speaking, ordering, etc. Dan. 2, 25. — On its supposed use as prefix (preformative in reality) to the future in content of the future of the second dent Dan. 2, 20 and 29, see under אין.

N, rarely ND as in Gen. 37, 13, perh. 15 in 1 Sam. 2, 16 (akin to 2), לוּלֵר ,אוּלֵר ,לוּלָא in לוּלָא), prop. subst. nothing or nothingness (cf. 54 I, שָרָיהָם לא prob. in Job 6, 21 (טָרָם), prob. in Job 6, 21 ye are become nothing, also Job 31, 23 לא ארבל I am nothing able; but else only used as adv. of negation (Gram. § 152, 1) no, not, absolute or objective negative, while אל is the subjective or conditional (cf. où or oux and μή, Lat. non and ne), 1) κ is used w. perf. tense as in Gen. 2, 5, or w. fut. esp. prohibiting, as in x5 thou shalt not steal Ex. 20, 15 (but אל הגנב in dissuading, see Gram. §127, 3, c), never w. imperative mood; often alone, a verb being understood, as in Gen. 19, 2, Job 23, 6. 2) it serves to express negative compounds (like our un-, in-, im-) e.g. לא חַבָם unwise Deut. 32, 6, 🕫 🕉 unmighty Prov. 30, 25, الأ ي *a no-god* i. e. an idol Deut. 32, 21 (cf. אַדָּא דַר Is. 10, 15), לא מעט no-little i. e. much Is. in questions הַלֹא in questions expecting an affirmative answer, e. g. לא נקבל shall we not receive? Job 2, 10, cf. Lam. 3, 36. 4) for x52

without, e. g. לא בנים without sons 1 Ch. 2, 30, לא דרה without a way Job 12, 24. 5) for Ura not yet, e. g. Ps. 139, 16, 2 K. 20, 4. - 3 often occurs w. prefixes; - 1) בְּלֹא in not, in various senses — a) not in, i. e. before, Job 15, 32 בלא רומי before his day, or beyond, Lev. 15, 25 בלא פח beyond the time; β) not for, of price Is. 55, 1, cf. $\supseteq \times \supset$ Is. 45, 13; -- γ) not with i. e. without Ez. 22, 29 mg god without justice. 2) T. nonne? not so? expecting answer yes, e.g. Gen. 4, 7. ---- is prob. a mimetic or primitive word, skin to אין, אין, Sans. mâ (not), na, Gr. μή, νη-, L. non, ne, in-, E. no, nay, un-, W. na, ni, an-, the liquids l, m, n being apt to interchange (see Ewald's Lehrbuch d. Hebr. Sprache, § 320, a, Note 3).

לא Chald. i. q. Heb. לא, 1) no, not Dan. 2, 5; w. ק interrog. אקא = Heb. אקלא, L. nonne? Dan. 3, 24. 2) nothing, only in Q'ri of Dan. 4, 32 אק as nothing, but קקיה K'thibh.

לא דְבָר pr. n. (no-pasture) of a place in Gilead 2 Sam. 17, 27, but לו דְבָר

לא עַבִּר symbolical name given to Hosea's son Hos. 1, 9.

אַרָקָעָר pr. n. f. (not compassionated, r. רָרָשָׁר symb. name of Hosea's daughter Hos. 1, 6.

אלי 2 Sam. 18, 12 for לי or לי in the Q'ri, but לא not in K'thibh.

נסאב (obs.) prob. mimet. akin to און לבה לקב (it, to burn, to be parched; hence הלאיבה drought.

גְלְהַאָּדִיב 1 Sam. 2, 33 for לְאָרָיב infin. Hiph. of אָדָב I; Gram. § 53, Rem. 7. קראיין, אסר. אליין prob. mimet. akin to דוקל, Chald. אקלאי, prop. to gasp or pant, then to be tired or faint Job 4, 5; w. b and inf. Gen. 19, 11 איין אאלין and they wearied (i. e. failed) to find. - Niph. to tire oneself Jer. 9, 4; to be tired or weary Is. 16, 12; to be exhausted, fem. part. דולין Ps. 68, 10; fig. to loathe Ex. 7, 18. - Hiph. דולין to make weary Job 16, 7; to weary out i. e. patience Is. 7, 13, cf. Job 16, 7. Hence דולין

קאָד pr. n. f. (languid) of a wife of Jacob Gen. 29, 16.

אור Job 33, 30 for לְּחָאוֹר, infin. Niph. of אור, cf. Gram. § 23, 4.

נאָט m. i. q. גָלָט, only in גַּגָּאט Judg. 4, 21 in secret, stealthily.

DNJ m. gentleness, but used only as adv. gently Is. 8, 6; see DN.

לאָטָד Gen. 33, 14, see שאַ.

יָלָהָ (obs.) prob. akin to הָלָה, הָלָהָ, also to שָׁלָה, שָׁלָה, to go (on some business or errand, cf. our colloquial "to be on the go") or trans. to send or dispatch (like Ethiop. AAN laakha to send), as a messenger or minister; hence שָּלָאָרָה, פַלָּאָרָה etc. --- Perh. akin to Sans. lagk (to move), L. legare.

לָאָל pr. n. m. (to God i. e. devoted to Him) Num. 3, 24.

LNZ (obs.) prob. akin to 1735, 1739 II, to join or unite, to combine; hence

(w. suf. بخبیت, سبخه Is. 51, 4, pl. جبیت (w. suf. بخبیت) Is. 51, 4, pl. جبیت (ب. ۲۹۹) as joined or banded together (r. ۲۹۹), cf. δημος from δέω) Gen. 25, 23. 2) pr. n. m. plur. of an Arab people Gen. 25, 3; perh. the Άλλουμαῶται of Ptolemy 5, 7.

לְבָּך ,לְבָּר (w. Maq. - לָב , w. suf. לְבָר, pl. לבות; r. לבות; m. the heart, i. q. בבב, so named prob. on account of its caul or covering 2 Sam. 18, 14, Ps. 45, 6; regarded as the chief part or seat of life, hence equal to whence (opp. שָׁאָר, בָּשָׂר), the life or soul Ps. 73, 26, Jer. 4, 18. Hence the expressions the heart lives Ps. 22, 27, sleeps and wakes Ecc. 2, 23, is sick Is. 1, 5; hence also 22, like WE2, may denote self, as in Gen. 17, 17 בלבו self, and he said in his heart i.e. in himself, cf. Hos. 7, 2 (see Gram. § 124, 1, 0). But its uses are very manifold, comprised substantially under the following heads. - 1) as the seat of the various feelings, affections and emotions; e.g. of love Judg. 16, 15, Deut. 4, 29, of trust Prov. 31, 11, joy Ps. 104, 15, contrition Ps. 109, 16, despair Ecc. 2, 20, esp. fortitude or courage Gen. 42, 28, 1 Sam. 17, 32. 2) as the seat of thinking and of the moral sentiments, as determining a person's dispositions and character; e. g. of thought Prov. 23, 7, purity Ps. 51, 12, sincerity 1 K. 3, 6, fidelity Neh. 9, 8, perverseness Ps. 101, 4, obduracy Ex. 10, 1, duplicity Ps. 12, 3 בלב ולכ רברא (Gram. § 108, 4), pride w. לְּבֵרא Is. 9, 8, w. = i Ez. 28, 5. 3) as the seat of volition and determination, e. g. 1 Sam. 14, 7, Is. 63, 4; also of knowledge and understanding, e. g

Is. 10, 7, Judg. 16, 17, hence $\exists r \in \mathcal{I}$ the wise of heart Ex. 28, 3, $\exists r \subseteq \mathcal{I}$ void of unterstanding Prov. 7, 7, $\exists r \subseteq \mathcal{I}$ men of intelligence Job 34, 10, cf. ch. 36, 5 $\exists r \subseteq \mathcal{I}$ might of intelligence, of God. 4) fig. the middle or midst, hence $\exists r \cong \mathcal{I}$ in the central or inner part, e. g. of the sea Ex. 15, 8, of the heavens Deut. 4, 11; comp. xapô(a $\tau \tilde{\eta} \in Mat. 12, 40.$ — Hence as denom. Niph. $\exists r \cong \tilde{r}$, and Pi. $\exists r \ge \tilde{r}$, see $\exists r \ge \tilde{r}$.

בֹב Chald. (w. suf. לְבָר) i. q. Heb. *heart* Dan. 7, 28.

 \mathbf{N} (obs.) perh. akin to Sans. labh (to seize), λαβή, Gael. lamh (hand), W. llaw (hand), to seize or raven; but more prob. mimet. akin to W. llêv (cry), Irish liuvam (to call aloud), G. leuen, E. to low, hence to bellow, to roar. Hence \mathbf{k} , \mathbf{k}

1) *lionesses* Nah. 2, 13, see לְבָאוֹת לָבָי 2) pr. n. of a city in Simeon Josh. 15, 32; more fully בָּרָח לְבָאוֹת Josh. 19, 6.

אָבָאָם Ps. 57, 5 for לְבָאָם *lions*, see לְבָאָם

understanding, yea a human being, is a wild ass's colt, human ignorance being set in strongest contrast w. divine wisdom; mark the play (paronomasia) on red and the play (play (

לְבָבָר .) כָּבָר אָבָבָי, w. suf. לְבָבָר, once pl. לְבָבוּז 1 Ch. 28, 9, once w. suf. אוא לְבְבַדָּן Nah. 2, 8; r. לְבָבַיָן m. the heart, same as לֵבָב of which לֵב is the full or uncontracted form.

לְבַב Chald. (w. suf. לְבָרָ, הּבְרָא, לּרְבָה) m. the heart Dan. 2, 30, i. q. Heb. לֵבָר גָלַב

לְבָרָי (prop. דַבָּר w. pref. לָבָרָ אָלָבָיָר in separation; often w. suf. אָלָבָיָן אָלָבָין etc.) adv. apart, separately Ex. **26, 9**; אָבָרָין by themselves Gen. 21, 28 = בין לַבָרָן in v. 29; אָרָבָין by himself, alone Gen. 2, 18; Ps. 71, 16 אָרָבָרָ בָרָ אָרָ Is. 26, 13 לָבָרָ אָרָ אָרָן לָבָרָן also as prep. (Gram. § 154, 2) e. g. טַלָבָר סָן by thee only. Also as prep. (Gram. § 154, 2) e. g. טַלָבָר סָן Gen. 26, 1, w. suf. בּלָבָר טָלַרָר אָשָׁר לָפָרָ אָשָׁר Deut. 4, 35; שַׁלָבָר אָשָר Num. 6, 21.

קר II (obs.) prob. mimet. akin to לָּבָן לָּרָב לָרָב לָרָב וָלָאַב II, to burn or parch; hence

לָבָר f. a flame, only in Ex. 3, 2; cf. לָרָבָה.

f. the heart (i. q. ⊐2), only

in Ez. 16, 30 לְנָרֵאָדָ; for pl. לֹבָרַאָדָ: 7, 10, see לַב

ζ£Γ

לבונה, see לבונה.

שבולים (pl. c. עבולים) m. 1) clothing, a garment (mostly poet. for בון Job 24, 7, esp. splendid attire Is. 63, 1; fig. the covering or scales of the crocodile Job 41, 5. 2) a wife or spouse (this fig. sense often used in Arabic, cf. סגניסג in 1 Thes. 4, 4 and 1 Pet. 3, 7, prob. for the vagina), only in Mal. 2, 16; r. שבל.

לבוש לרחות לבוש להות לבושירון Chald. m. a garment Dan. 3, 21 לבשירון their garments; r. לבשירון

to cast down or prostrate. — Niph. to be thrown down, to fall or perish, only Prov. 10, 8. 10 and Hos. 4, 14.

(r. לָבָד I) m. *a lion*; but only in pl. m. לָבָאים *lions* Ps. 57, 5, or in pl. f. לְבָאוֹת *לְבָאוֹם lionesses* Nah. 2, 13 (see Gram. § 98, Bem. 6); same as

(r. بالج (com. gend. lion or lioness Gen. 49, 9, w. بالم Num. 24, 9. Akin to Copt. **λΑΒΟΙ**, λέων, L. leo, G. löwe, E. lion, Irish leovan, W. llew.

לְבִדָּא) f. *a lioness*, only in Ez. 19, 2; see לְבִר אָבָר.

(only pl. לְבָרֹאָרָ) f. prob. pancakes, or other fancy kinds of bread (Sept. χολλυρίδες), done up like rolls or twists (r. לְבַב צ Sam. 13, 6; hence the denom. Pi. לְבָר ב to bake cakes.

לגרים Dan. 11, 43, see לבים.

7 = 2 I prob. akin to Copt. $\lambda\lambda$ Hγ, λ φός, L. albus, to be white, hence adj. ;;; perh. also to make bricks, as denom. of ;;;; in Gen. 11, 3 and Ex. 5, 7. 14; but see]; Hiph. 1) to make white, fig. to purify Dan. 11, 35 ;;; for]; for];

לְבְנָת

(see Gram. § 53, Rem. 7). 2) to be white (see Gram. § 53, 2) Is. 1, 18. — Hith. fig. to purify oneself, to be eleansed Dan. 12, 10.

לְבָרָח (pl. לְבָרָים adj. m., לְבָרָיח (לְבָרָח . (קבויח . dife Gen. 30, 35, Lev. 13, 24. 2) pr. n. m. (white) of Jacob's father-in-law, Laban Gen. 24, 29. 50; r. בָּבָן I.

לְבָן (c. ־ן, perh. for לְבָן, Gram. § 93, 4, Rem.) adj. white, only in Gen. 49, 12; r. זְבָן L.

ז in title of Ps. 9, 1 לַבָּן אָר מַּוּח לָבָן, prob. for לָבָן (see Ps. 46, 1) on virgins' voices for the boys, i. e. to be sung by boys in the style of girls.

וֹלָבְרָר (בְּרָב וֹ לָבָרָ I) f. 1) poet. the moon, קלבָרָד Cant. 6, 10, prop. the white or pale, cf. הַשְׁרָד the heat i. e. the sun (in same verse). 2) pr. n. m. (whiteness) Neh. 7, 48.

לְבְקָדָ (r. בָּשָׁ I) f. 1) whiteness, brightness or lustre, only in Ex. 24, 10. 2) pr. n. (white-town) of a city in Judah Josh. 10, 29; also of a station of Israel in the wilderness Num. 33, 20. לְבְרָא (prob. for לְבְרָא), Gram. § 80, Bem. 1, d) f. prob. the storax-tree (η στύραξ), which yields a sweetsmelling gum (τd στύραξ, L. storax) used for incense (r. בן וו) Gen. 30, 37; some mistake it for the white poplar, as from r. בן ג, so Sept. גטיאן in Hos. 4, 13.

(Sept. λ المعمور, Syr. (Sept. λ المعمور, λ i favoc, λ i favoc, Syr. (Sept. λ i favoc, λ i favor, λ i favor, f. 1) frankincense, a sweet-scented resin or gum burnt as perfume Cant. 3, 6, or sacred incense Lev. 2, 1, cf. Is. 60, 6. --- Most prob. not from r. 135 I, as if remarkable for its white colour, which is not the fact, but from r. 135 II to burn; cf. θ is $\phi c_0 = L$. thus (both from $\theta \dot{\psi} w$ to burn), akin to Sans. dhumas (fume). 2) pr. n. (perh. incense) of a town near Shiloh Judg. 21, 19; now Lubban.

לָבַנוֹן (r. לָבַנוֹן) pr. n. (mostly w. art. Tid_cir, Gram. § 109, 3) Lebanon, Albavoc, Syr. Josh. 9, 1, the celebrated mountain on confines of Syria and Palestine, consisting of two lofty ranges (Lebanon and Antilebanon) separated by the valley el-Bugâ'a (הַבְּקַעָה). The name דְּבְּכִוֹך (in poet. Ps. 29, 6) refers to the perpetual snow (Jer. 18, 14), which covers the eastern chain (called דַרָּמוֹך at its lofty southern point) hence the Arabs call it Jebâl eth-Thelj (the snowmountains), or perh. to the whitish or gray colour of its limestone rock. --- Cf. Alpes, "Ολβια, "Ολπια, *Ολυμπος.

לְבְלָ pr. n. m. (white, r. לְבָלָ I) of a son of Gershon Ex. 6, 17; also as patron. *Libnite* Num. 3, 21,

לְבְנָת (r. לְבָנָז) f. glass, only in pr. n. שׁרחֹר אָבָנָת Josh. 19, 26; see שִׁרחֹר לְבָנָת.

フ。r ゼニ **Ps. 93, 1** (iut. לבב akin to לבב akin to urap up or cover, hence data garment, thence perh. as a denom. to put on (a garment), w. acc. of thing Lev. 6, 3, w. 7 Est. 6, 8, absol. to dress or clothe oneself 2 Sam. 13, 18, Hag. 1, 6; part. pass. w. acc. or gen. e. g. Ez. 9, 2, הַשָּׁ הַבָּרִים Ez. 9, 2, לַבוּשׁ בַּרִים Ez. 9, 2, 9, 11; fig. to enter into i. e. to possess Judg. 6, 34, cf. Luke 24, 49. --- Pu. only part. בלבשים clothed (in official dress) Ezr. 3, 10, cf. 1 K. 22, 10. ---Hiph. to cause to wear, to clothe, w. acc. 2 Ch. 28, 15, esp. w. double acc. (Gram. § 139, 2) Gen. 41, 42, w. 52 Gen. 27, 16; fig. Is. 61, 10, Ps. 132, 16.

ערבי להפול (fut. שבי) to put on or wear, w. acc. Dan. 5, 7. - Aph. קלביש as in Heb., to clothe, w. acc. of thing and b of pers. Dan. 5, 29.

לא m. a cavity or basin (r. ללא, hence a log, a Heb. measure for liquids, holding the 12th part of a קדן, about 3 % gills Lev. 14, 10. ----Perh. akin to λαγών, λάχχος, L. lacus.

7⁵ pr. n. (perh. strife, r. τ.) of a town in Benjamin Neh. 11, 35, Sept. Λύδδα (also N. T. in Acts 9, 32); now Ludd.

(obs.) perh. i. q. Arab. (مارج (cobs.) jerh. i. q. Arab.

לְרָלָר.)f.child-bearingJer. 13,21. אָרָרָאָ, אָפּפּ ד. יַלָר.

Dan. 4, 32 in K'thibh.

Deut. 3, 11 K'thibh for No.

לָאָב (obs.) akin to לָקָרָ II, to burn, to flame; שָׁלָתַר (obs.) שַׁלָתַר שַׁלָתַר (obs.) שַׁלָתַר (obs.) (for דְּלָתָב, see Gram. § 89, 4, Rem.), Syr. בערה, to cause to burn or blaze; hence שַׁלְתְבָה. --- Perh. akin to לָמָד, לָפָר, לָפָר,

בּרָבָר (pl. בָּרְבָר c. יָלָאָבָר m. 1) a flame Joel 2, 5; פּרַר לְדָב Is. 13, 8 faces of flames, i. e. blazing or flushed w. emotion, cf. Ps. 39, 4. 2) a flashing or glittering of a spear Job 39, 23, of a sword Nah. 3, 3; hence for sword-blade Judg. 3, 22.

לְהָבָה (כ. לְהָבָה Ez. 21, 3, pl. לַהָב , c. לָהֲבוֹת ; r. לָהֲבוֹת f. i. q. לָהְבוֹת 1) a flame Is. 5, 24. 2) blade or point of a spear 1 Sam. 17, 7.

קרָבִרם pl. pr. n. of a people in Africa (same as ללּרְרָם), *Libyans*, only in Gen. 10, 13; r. לָרָב.

(cc. 2, 3), i. q. Arab. $\overleftarrow{\mu}$, to be panting or eager, to be studious (cf. $\sigma\pi s\dot{\nu}\delta w$ to urge on or speed, whence $\sigma\pi o\nu\delta \dot{\eta} = L$. studium); hence

אָלָדע m. study or learning, only in Ecc. 12, 12 where Sept. has μελέτη, Vulg. meditatio.

לקוט לאד (obs.) perh. i. q. לקוט, to burn, to be swarthy; hence

Tip pr. n. m. (swarthy) 1 Ch. 4, 2.

ן אָרָאָד (fut. apoc. אַלָּאָד) akin to אָלָאָד *to languisk* or *faint*, only in Gen. 47, 13.

לָּצָה (Qal obs.) perh. akin to קיד (Qal obs.) perh. akin to rashly or foolishly; hence — Hithpalp. part. בְּזְלֵרְאָלָה behaving oneself rashly, hence a fool or madman, only in Prov. 26, 18.

Chald. Dan. 2, 20 for להולא

להד

see under הָדָא, where also לְדָוֹע and לְדָוֹע, see on letter ל געוון, see on letter ל

שׁלָבָש m. flame, hence fig. a flashing blade, of a sword (cf. בָּבָש), only in Gen. 3, 24; r. בַּבָּש I.

(לְדָאָשִׁים (only pl. w. suf. לְדָאָשׁים) m. secret or magic arts, sorceries, only in Ex. 7, 11, i. q. לְבָים; r. לָבָים II.

עָקָלָתָם (Qal obs.) akin to גָּשָׁל, i. q. Arab. עָּקָ, to eat, to devour greedily; only in — Hith. part. קרובוייים prop. things eaten greedily, hence dainties or titbits, only in Prov. 18, 8; 26, 22.

Buth 1, 13, also **J**, Job 30, 24, adv. *therefore*, lit. for *these* things; see **J** I (Gram. § 103, 2, a, Note³).

Chald. i. q. Heb. 1) therefore Dan. 2, 6. 2) but Ezr. 5, 12. 3) except Dan. 2, 11; this last meaning prob. comes from بخ not and بت if, hence unless.

לְהַקָּרָז f. only in 1 Sam. 19, 20 להקר דאבראים company or school of the prophets, taking the מדמג אביל-שניטי as akin to קראליו assembly (so Sept. ליצאקולו (so Sept. ליצאקולו, or prob. to study, meditation or training.

להשות 2 K. 19, 25 for להשות |

in parallel Is. 37, 26, inf. Hiph. of אָשָׁד II, comp. Gram. § 74, Rem. 4.

7) for לא not, in 1 Sam. 2, 16, 20, 2, Job 6, 21 in Q'ri.

לו דְבָר 2 Sam. 9, 4 for לא דְבָר, which see.

or לדא 1 Sam. 14, 30, a particle of wishing (optative, Gram. § 136, 2) oh that! oh if! if! would! (cf. είθε, ώς, L. utinam / o si / si /), w. imper. לד שָׁקַעֵר Gen. 23, 13 would! hear thou me, or w. fut. would! he shall live, when the wish is probable or possible to be realized; but w. perf. לא דוֹאַלָני Josh. 7, 7 would! we had willed, when the thing is impossible (cf. Num. 14, 2), or very doubtful as in Is. 63, 19 לוא קרשה would! thou didst rend (see Gram. § 155, 2, f). It seems to express only anxious feeling or doubt in Gen. 50, 15 לא קשטמני לא oh if he shall hate us! ---- Prob. the r. is אַלָה II or אַלָה II באָל II (which see), akin to Chald. לְנֵר, אָאָלְנֵר, Syr. would that ! and perh. to Do, Sans. lâ, λῶ, L. velim, E. would ! W. ewyll.

לא Gen. 37, 10 for לא

۲۶ 1 Sam. 14, 30, see ه.

בר, (obs.) akin to לאַב (which see), to burn or parch; hence

Dan. 11, 43, gentilic pr. n. pl. *Libyans*, mentioned w. Egyptians and Ethiopians, as in Nah. 3, 9, and named prob. from their sun-burnt or swarthy colour; cf. Al@loy.

(obs.) perh. akin to Arab. to cut in, hence to scoop out; hence perh. 3. Cf. E. lake, Gael. loch.

ליס (obs.) perh. akin to ליס, to be burnt or swarthy; perh. hence

Th) pr. n. (swarthy) of a people, *Lud*, 1) in Gen. 10, 22, prob. the *Lydians*. 2) in Is. 66, 19 prob. a nation in Africa or Ethiopia, called also bin Gen. 10, 13, Jer. 46, 9.

להד see להדים.

וֹלָיָהָ I (fut. רְלָיָה) perh. akin to לִירָהָ I (fut. לָלָיָה) perh. akin to לִירָהָ awreath, לָּרָהָ snake; then 1) to cleave to, to accompany, w. acc. 1) to cleave to, to accompany, w. acc. 20 בלינה Ecc. 8, 15. 2) to bind oneself (as a debtor), to borrow Deut. 28, 12, part. ה' borrower Ps. 37, 21. – Niph. (fut. הָלָיָה) to join or attach oneself, w. שָׁ Num. 18, 2, w. שָׁ Gen. 29, 34, w. בָ Ps. 83, 9. – Hiph. to lend, w. acc. of pers. Deut. 28, 12, also w. double acc. Ex. 22, 24, part. בַּיָהָ lender Is. 24, 2 (Sept. δανείζω).

לוע (fut. pl. אָרָדָ) i. q. דָּדָאָ, akin to Arab. עוֹד to bend or incline, to wend or bend aside, to turn away Prov. 3, 21. — Niph. part. דוא turned away or perverted, i. e. perverse or wicked Prov. 3, 32 (cf. דְעָקָר עָרָשָׁ); fully עָרָד גער גער גער גער גער גער fully דָרָר גער גער גער גער גער קריד גער גער גער גער fully גער גער גער גער גער perverse of (in) his ways Prov. 14, 2, cf. 2, 15; as a noun perverseness or sinfulness Is. 30, 12. — Hiph. only in fut. דער גער § 72, Bem. 9) they depart Prov. 4, 21.

175 m. 1) perh. for obs. 72, akin to L. nux, G. nuss, E. nut, Kelt. cnu, cnoi; prob. almond-tree or hazel, only in Gen. 30, 37. 2) pr. n. (perh. an incline, r. 175) of a town in Benjamin, afterwards Bethel Judg. 1, 23, w. π loc. π 15 Gen. 35, 6.

(obs.) prob. akin to Sans.

lush (to hew), lãns, llos, L. lapis, Gael. liag, W. llēch; prob. to hew or cut; hence

קרו היודא, dual היודא) m. prop. what is hewn, a tablet, table or slab, either of stone for graving or writing letters on, ארויז אָבָן of stone Ex. 24, 12, היוד ארויז tables of stone Ex. 24, 12, היוד tables of the covenant Deut. 9, 9; or of wood, a board or plank 1 K. 7, 36, valve or fold of a door Cant. 8, 9, tablet for writing on (perh. covered w. wax) Hab. 2, 2, fig. used of the heart Prov. 3, 3, cf. 2 Cor. 3, 3; in dual, the deck of a ship Ez. 27, 5.

(w. art. יוֹשׁרְדָיה) pr. n. (prob. abounding in slabs or boards, r. לרְדָי of a city in Moab Is. 15, 5.

pr. n. m. (w. art. שׁוֹדֵוֹשׁ) pr. n. m. (w. art. שׁוֹדֵוֹשׁ, enchanter or juggler, r. פָּרָשׁ) Neh. 3, 12.

לאיס (which see), to hide or conceal; part. act. לאיס (see Gram. § 72, Rem. 1) Is. 25, 7, pass. fem. לאיס 1 Sam. 21, 10. – Hiph. to cover, only in fut. apoc. לאיס 1 K. 19, 18.

Dיזס II (obs.) perh. to be sticky or tough; hence perh. מל.

לוטן pr. n. m. (prob. veiling, r. I) Gen. 36, 20.

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לוֹיָל Chald. (only pl. def. לְוָיָא) Levites Ezr. 6, 18.

לְרָה f. wreath or garland Prov. 1, 9; r. לָנָד I.

לְרָיָהָן (denom. from לְרָיָה) m. prop. a coiling beast, hence 1) a serpent Job 3, 8. 2) a crocodile Job 40, 25. 3) a sca-monster (מוֹדָס) Ps. 104, 26, symbol of a fierce and mighty foe Ps. 74, 14.

ליך (obs.) perh. akin to ליך I, ליד (which see), to turn or wind; hence לָלָאָד גָלָאָד, גָלָאָד.

אליל, mostly לילי (from אל if and אב בי בא not) conjunct. unless, כו של, implying the negative of the supposed case or idea; w. perf. Gen. 31, 42 unless God אין דירה לי had been for me etc. implying that he was; w. fut. Deut. 32, 27, w. part. 2 K. 3, 14; w. J (Gen. 43, 10) or א (Ps. 119, 92) in the apodosis.

לרבי Gen. 31, 42 unless, see לרבי

ללא assumed sing. for גּלָאות, which see.

only in 1 K. 6, 8; r. לולים (only pl.)m. winding stairs,

לֹנָה I or (perf. j., 8 f. נָלָה for היָב Zech. 5, 4, pl. 1 per. זו Judg. 19, 13; inf. c. w. prep. זָלָה Gen. 24, 25 or לָלָה Gen. 24, 25 or לָלָה Judg. 19, 6; fut. יָלָה אפר, קבר הבלן, הָבן prob. akin to לַלָה prob. akin to לַלָּה ווּהָר (comp. לַרָה); hence to pass the night, to lodge Gen. 19, 2; to turn in or stop for the night Ps. 30, 6, Ex. 23, 18. 2) fig. to dwell or abide Is. 1, 21, Ps. 49, 13. — Hiph. קלין (fut. דָלָה) remain Deut. 21, 23, fig. to entertain Jer. 4, 14. — Hith. דיזליק to lodge oneself, fig. to tarry or stay Ps. 91, 1.

II (Qal obs.) akin to לָכָן Arab. אָלָכן to execrate, hence - Niph. קלון (fut. ירלון) to murmur or mutter, gagainst Ex. 15, 24. - Hiph. יַלון (2 pl. יַלַרְיָהָם Num. 14, 29; fut. apoc. יַלָּרָן Ex. 17, 3, also יָלָר, part. יָלָן Gram. § 72, Rem. 9) to rebel or murmur, w. עליד Ex. 16, 8 (Q'ri), Num. 17, 20.

Ž¹ I perh. akin to ³, ³, ³, ⁴, ⁵ suck or swallow down, only in Obad. 16. — Mimet. akin to ³, Sans. lih, λύγξ, L. lingo, W. llyncu (to swallow), G. schlucken, Gael. sluigim.

rop. to stammer, to mimic a foreigner's speech (see Hiph.), hence to mock or deride Prov. 9, 12; part. φ mocker or scorner Ps. 1, 1. --Pil. to scorn, only in part. pl. לצצים for כלוצצים ecorners Hos. 7, 5, but see 725 (comp. Gram. § 52, Rem. 6). - Hiph. דָּלָרץ 1) to interpret, only in part. בָלִרץ interpreter Gen. 42, 23, also go-between or envoy 2 Ch. 32, 31, perh. interceder or mediator Is. 43, 27; Job 33, 23 מַלָאָך מֵלִרץ *inter*ceding angel, comp. Mat. 18, 10. 2) to mock or deride, w. acc. Prov. 14, 9 or w. 3 Prov. 3, 34. - Hithpol. to make oneself a mocker, to make act frivolously Is. 28, 22.

U ו prob. akin to to press, hence to knead Gen. 18, 6, w. acc. Hos. 7, 4.

U. (obs.) mimet. skin to

Fug., Arab. آس., to lick or eat; hence perh. jib tongue. --- Cf. λείχω, L. lingo, G. lecken, Gael. lighim, W. llyo, E. lick.

تر (obs.) perh. akin to Arab. تر to be strong or raging; hence hence Lion. Akin to λύσσα, L. lucta, Fr. lutte. Hence

שליט pr. n. m. (perh. force or fury) in K'thibh of 2 Sam. 3, 15 for ליי in Q'ri.

לְלָא Chald. (for לְלָא, r. לְלָא, prob. adhesion, but used only as prep. with, by, i. q. Syr. בבי; Ezr. 4, 12 קר לְרָחָד from with thee, i. q. Heb.

. הוך (obs.) i. q. דול, to turn aside; hence אלואי

ראד) (c. דאד) f. perverseness, only in Prov. 4, 24; r. דין סר ואל.

לח (pl. לחים w. Dagh. f. implied, Gram. § 22, 1) adj. m. prop. moist or sappy, hence fresh, of wood Gen. 30, 37, of grapes Num. 6, 3, of new cords Judg. 16, 7; r. האבי

קֹם (w. suf. לַבְּוֹח m. freshness or vigour, only in Deut. 34, 7; r. לָבָּוֹח.

(obs.) prob. akin to רָדָד (obs.) prob. akin to (b = r), to grind, to chew, and to to to to to to to to to the total to the total
(obs.) akin to Chald. to moisten, hence to be moist or juicy, fresh; hence ה לח

לָרָד (r. אָלָדָי ה פָּרָד א. suf. יָלָד (r. גָּרָד יָשָׁר א. suf. יָלָד ג. 30, 26; dual יָלָד יָשָׁר ז', לַרָד ג. 30, 28, w. suf. לְרָד יָם but. 1, 4) לו לָרָד יָם אָשָׁר מָיָד אָשָר אָד אָד אָר ג. 11, 4) f. prop. what grinds or masticates, hence 1) jaw or jaw-bone Judg. 15, 15, Job 40, 26, in dual jaws (lower and upper) Deut. 18, 3, Ez. 29, 4. 2) cheek Mic. 4, 14, Lam. 3, 30, in dual both cheeks Cant. 1, 10, Is. 50, 6. —Comp. γένος jaw or cheek, akin to xváœ=G: knauen=our gnaw=W. cnoi. 3) pr. n. (jaw-bone) of a place on border of Philistia Judg. 15, 9, v. יָדָד 5).

לדלי ראָי pr. n. (seeing alive) Gen. 24, 62; see בָּאַר.

לְהַם akin to (רָלָחֵם) איז (fut. לָרָחַם), לקה , לקה , 1) poet. i. q. אָכָל to eat, to feed Prov. 23, 1; w. acc. Prov. 4, 17, w. 2 Prov. 9, 5, Ps. 141, 4 to feed on; fig. to consume, Deut. 32, 24 לחפר השום consumed ones (victims) of pestilence. 2) to fight or war, against w. Ps. 85, 1 or w. 5 Ps. 56, 2, prop. to make the foe as food for the sword (cf. Is. 1, 7, Ez. 21, 33). But this sense is nostlyin -- Niph. נלחם (fut. רלחם, w. ז consec. <u>ווּל</u>קום), reciprocal (see Gram. § 51, 2, b) to fight one another, to contend in war, to battle, cf. ud-אָנָקטא יַרוד 250 א נון א Sam. 17, 10 פּוֹזטָה let us fight together, to battle in single combat; the pers. fought against is

לָדָם (prop. inf. Pi. of לָדָם; c. w. – firm) m. war or siege, only in Judg. 5, 8 לָדָם שָׁצָרָים (i. e. assawit) of the gates.

(r. לָהָם; w. suf. לָהָם) com., e. g. masc. in Num. 21, 5, fem. in Gen. 49, 20, 1) food, of men Gen. 47, 12 or beasts Is. 65, 25, Ps. 147, 9, also of God, i. e. his sacrifice Lev. 21, 8; a meal or feast Ecc. 10, 19; fig. or ellipt. לְחָמָה *thy guests* Obad. 7 for אָנָטָד לָקָרָ, 2) bread Gen. 21, 14; loaf, Is. 58, 7 פָרס לָחָמָד to break thy loaf, fully הַכָּר לַהָם a cake or loaf of bread Ex. 29, 23, ellipt. w. numerals (see Gram. § 120, 4, Rem. 2) e. g. מוז לוחר לחם two (loaves) of bread 1 Sam. 10, 4; fig. bread-corn, wheat Is. 28, 28, cf. sitos for wheat, bread and food or victuals.

Chald. m. meal or feast, only in Dan. 5, 1; i. q. Heb. جَبْتُو

ביה 2 Sam. 21, 19, see בְּחָבָי Bethlehemile; but in 1 Ch. 20, 5 the word stands as pr. n. m. (perh. warrior) for Goliath's brother, perh. by some corruption of the text.

ערקבים Is. 47, 14 prob. inf. of שַקָּק w. b pref. (comp. Gram. § 67, Rem. 10) for לקבים for warming; but perh. for האקה (as in some texts) for their warming.

Dip Zeph. 1, 17 their flesh or body, see אין but in Is. 47, 14 (in some texts) it is for their warming, inf. Qal of bur w. pref. 5 and suf.

לְרָשְׁלָ pr. n. (perh. battle-ground, from לָרָשׁ w. old adj. ending לּיָד, see under letters b and w) of a place in the plain of Judah Josh. 15, 40; where some read שַׁרָשָׁ.

The chald. (obs.) perh. akin to Arab. \overleftarrow{d} conjug. IV to importune, and to $\lambda \acute{a}\gamma vo\varsigma$ lustful, hence to be level; perh. hence

Chald. (w. suf. לְחַנְהַא) concubine Dan. 5, 2.

γΠ, (fut. γΓ^h) akin to γΓ^h, to press or crush Num. 22, 25, 2 K. 6, 32; to oppress Ex. 23, 9, to crowd out Judg. 1, 34. — Niph. to press oneself Num. 22, 25. Hence

עָרַזָאַני (w. suf. לַרָאַני) m. oppression or distress Ex. 3, 9, 1 K. 22, 27.

ער לער (Qal obs.) prob. mimet. akın to ער I anu Sys. אישר, to whisper. — Pi. to mutter on whisper, esp. in charms; only part. pl. דער מילים Ps. 58, 6. — Hith. דער אווא אווארים to whisper to each other 2 Sam. 12, 19, w. by against Ps. 41, 8. Hence

ערקי) (pl. אָלָשָׁים) m. prop. a whisper, hence 1) a prayer in a hushed or whispered tone Is. 26, 16. 2) a charm or spell Is. 3, 3. 3) pl. amulets, only in Is. 3, 20 where trinkets or ornaments, worn as charms or spells, are prob. meant; cf. φυλαχτήρια,

דרת Ex. 24, 12, see אלד Ex. 24, 12, see

של, once שאל Judg. 4, 21 (prop. part. of אלט) adj. m. covered or secret; hence as adv. של in secret, stealthily

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Ruth 3, 7; pl. לטרם secret arts, sorceries Ex. 7, 22, cf. להטים Ex. 7, 11.

ບັງ m. ladanum Gen. 37, 25, a sort of fragrant gum or resin (ληδον, L. ladanum), gathered from the leaves of the shrub xistos, L. cistus ladanifera; r. נאט II.

obs.) prob. i. q. נאט ליט ליט hide; hence

TAC' f. a kind of lizard, Sept. χαλαβώτης, Vulg. stellio, only in Lev. 11, 30.

pr. n. pl. (perh. hammered men, r. www.) a tribe in Arabia Gen. 25, 3.

fut. רלטש) prob. akin to II, to smite or hammer Gen. 4, נטיו II, to smite or hammer Gen. 4, 22; hence to sharpen w. a hammer, e. g. a plough-share 1 Sam. 13, 20, a sword Ps. 7, 13, fig. the eyes Job 16, 9. - Pu. only in part. 2 sharpened Ps. 52, 4.

ליל, see אדלי adv. לולי see לילי.

, only in pl. לירה (for לירה), לד לדוח) garlands or festoons, in buildings 1 K. 7, 29; r. לְנָה I.

Is. 15, 1; 21, 11 ליל Is. 15, 1; 21, 11 (r. לול c. לרל, w. ד parag. לול Gram. § 80, Rem. 2, Note², § 90, 2, c; pl. לילוח m. night, perh. the wrapping (i. e. cool or dark) time, opp. to Gen. 1, 5, cf. Is. 16, 3, אַרְבָּעִים לַיָלָה לשה לילוח 3 nights Gen. 7, 4, שלשה לילוח 3 nights Jon. 2, 1, הַצָּר הַלָּרָלָה midnight Buth 3, 8; as adv. by night (L. noctu, Gram. § 80, Rem. 2, Note 2), e. g. לילה ורומם by night and by day Is. 34, 10, also w. art. דארילה to-night (like to-day, Gram. § 109, Rem.) Gen. 19, 5; fig. calamity or distress (cf. חשה) Job 35, 10.

night (see לילה), prop. by night, the T parag. being the old acc. ending (Gram. § 90, 2) w. force of adv. (Gram. § 118, 2) of time (comp. time); but some עַקָּדו now from עָקָדו time); take it for fem. of ליל (see Gram. § 80, Rem. 2, e with Note 2).

ליליא Chald. (def. of ליליא) m. night Dan. 2, 19, pl. in Targum לדל ; i. q. Heb. לילון.

f. night-spectre, a ghost, ליליח only in Is. 34, 14; from לול or ליל, hence prop. a thing of the night, cf. L. noctua.

לרך see ארק.

as in ליסוד 2 Ch. 31, 7 for ליסוד as in Is. 51, 16, inf. Qal of 707

לקהת Prov. 30, 17 for ליקהת Gram. § 24, 1, Bem.

לוש see לרש.

של m. 1) poet. a lion Job 4, 11, prop. strong or raging (r. شمال). ---Akin to Chald. לِبْتَ , Arab. لَيْتُ , مَرَة and perh. ληΐς. 2) pr. n. (prob. strong) of a place on nothern border of Palestine, later ד Judg. 18, 27, w. ٦ loc. 10, 1 1 in v. 7; a man 1 Sam. 25, 44.

귀) Judg. 19, 13 for ㅋ; imp. of ;: perh. akin to (דְּלָבֹד fut. ב up, to take or catch, w. a snare Am. 3, 5, in a pit Jer. 18, 22; to seize, as a lion Am. 3, 4; fig. to master Job 5, 13; to capture in war, of persons Num. 21, 32, of places Deut. 2, 34, Josh. 10, 32, of spoils 1 Ch. 18, 4; also to select or choose, by lot Josh. 7, 14 (cf. λαχείν). --- Niph. to be taken or caught Ps. 9, 16, Prov. 6, 2; to be captured Jer. 51, 56; to be chosen 1 Sam. 10, 20. — Hith. to take hold one of another Job 41, 9, to be-

לָנֶה

come solid or hard (by frost) Job 88, 80. Hence right and

The m. snaring, only Prov. 8, 26.

עָרָדָ I for לְרָדָ 2 p. sing. m. imper. Qal of גָלָד, w. ד cohortat. Gram. § 69, Rem. 8; but לָדָ in Num. 23, 13.

נְכָה II for לְהָ to thee Gen. 27, 37. ילַכָה pr. n. (prob. for לְכָה journey,

r. כן of a place in Judah 1 Ch. 4, 21.

שרק) pr. n. (perh. obstinate or impregnable, r. שבי) of a fortified city in the plain of Judah Is. 36, 2, Josh. 10, 3.

לָבֵי therefore, see בוֹ III.

(obs.) i. q. Arab. آكس , to

be obstinate; hence לָכִרשׁ.

ילק inf. Qal of r. לכח inf. Qal of r.

ללאת (o. ללאת fem. plur. (assumed sing. לללי from הדרארם *ו*רדרי *ו*רדי from הדרארם *ו*רדרי *loops*, to match the hooks in the curtains of the tabernacle Ex. 26, 4; 36, 11; r. ללל.

ח לְתָלְבֵּרְ Dan. 11, 85, for לָלְבֵּךְ Hiph. of לָתָלָ וּ see Gram. \$53, Bem. 11.

לָלָת 1 Sam. 4, 19, יל w. prep. לָ

(fut. רְלָמֵד) perh. prop. to meditate or think, to study or learn Is. 26, 9, Ps. 119, 71; to practise or exercise, part. pass. למרד מ 1 Ch. 5, 18 trained for war; to be accustomed to a thing, w. inf. c. as in Ez. 19, 3 or w. אל to Jer. 10, 2, also w. finite verb joined by ? Deut. 31, 12 (see Gram. § 142, 3, a, Rem.). - Pi. למָד (fut. רַלַמָּד) to make to learn, hence to teach, w. 2 acc. Ps. 94, 10, cf. Jer. 2, 33; w. the pers. in acc. Ps. 60, 1, w. 5 once in Job 21, 22, w. 3 among 2 Ch. 17, 9, w. thing w. 7 in Is. 40, 14 or 5 for Ps. 144, 1 or 9 of or from Ps. 94, 12. — Pu. to be taught or inculcated Is. 29, 13; to be

trained, of singers 1 Ch. 25, 7, of soldiers Cant. 3, 8, of animals Hos. 10, 11. ---- Perh. akin to Sans. matis (thought), μῆδος, μαθ-εῖν, μῆτις, L. meditor, W. medhwl (to think); see on letter b, p. 311.

ליבדר see לְבָּר

לְמָח־הַי 2 Ch. 30, 8 for לְמָח־הַי for what was needed, i. e. sufficiently.

, לְצָרה לְבָרה, לְבָרה, לְבָרה, אָבָיָרה, אָבָיָרה, אָבָיָרה, אָבָיָרה, אַב

Job 27, 14 to or for, see in I. לְמוֹאָל Prov. 31, 4, also לְמוֹאָל Prov. 31, 1, pr. n. (prob. to God, i. e. devoted, comp. (לָאַל) of an unknown

king; perh. Solomon himself. דל סר דל ו)adj. m. accustomed to or familiar with Jer. 2, 24; למון tongue of practised ones, i. e.

ready or eloquent speakers. 2) subst. a disciple or adherent i. q. הַלְמָדִי רְחֹיָת disciples of הָדָ, the prophets Is. 54, 13, the pious Is. 8, 16.

לְהַמְרוֹת Prov. 31, 3 for לְאָרוֹוֹת Hiph. inf. of מָתָה; Gram. \$53, Rem. 11.

קיבן: (obs.) perh. akin to אָבָרָ: to destroy or overthrow; hence

 12^{5} pr. n. m. (perh. destroyer) for two men, *Lamech* Gen. 4, 18—24 also Gen. 5, 25—31.

לְכָּרָ prep. (גָשָׁ and בָּרָ prop. to from i. e. to a starting point and onward from it (see Gram. § 154, 2, Rem., Note¹, cf. L. usque ab, usque ex, G. von — her), hence from Jer. 7, 7, pip: from afar, of place Job 36, 3, of time 2 K. 19, 25; see ב ס on p. 361.

קיבר 200 לביצן.

נְּהַמְרוֹת Is. 3, 8 for לְּהַמְרוֹת inf. Hiph. of פָרָאָד; Gram. § 53, Bem. 7.

T Zech. 5, 4 for الجزير 3 sing. fem. perf. Qal. of الجزير; see Gram. § 80, Rem. 2, d.

לְרָפָל Num. 5, 22 for לְרָפָל , inf. Hiph. of לְרָפִרל, see Gram. \$ 53, Rem. 7.

ブm. the swallow or throat, only in Prov. 23, 2; r. 파니 I.

(Qal obs.) mimet. prob. akin to אָלָד לָצָג, זַאָ, to sport or jest; only in — Hiph. to mock at or deride, w. א of pers., only part. בַּלְבָ 2 Ch. 36, 16.

דָלַב (fut. אָלַג) mimet. akin to דָלַצָג, ر (which see), Syr. حجر بخیر (Arab. لغلغ, to stammer or babble, as mimicking a foreign or unknown tongue (see Niph.); to mock or deride Prov. 1, 26, w. 5 of pers. Ps. 2, 4, also w. ל for Ps. 80, 7 ל למו also they laugh for or among themselves; to scoff, at enemies Ps. 2, 4, at God Job 11, 3. — Niph. to be indistinct or barbarous, of speech, only in 1s. 33, 19. - Hiph. to mock or deride Job 21, 3, w. ב 2 Ch. 30, 10, w. ל **Ps. 22, 8.** ---- Akin to γελάω, λαχείν, G. lachen, E. laugh, Dan. lee, L. lætus, E. glad. Hence

びた m. 1) mockery or ridicule Ps. 79, 4; fig. its object or cause Hos. 7, 16. 2) scoffing or blasphemy Job 34, 7.

אלָעָל adj. m. babbling or speaking as a barbarian or foreigner Is. 28, 11; as subst. a jester or buffoon, Ps. 35, 16 אַכֵּר סָעוֹג cake-jesters, parasites (of. παράσιτοι, ψωμοχόλαχες); ר. גַדָּל.

ער (obs.) prob. akin to אָעָד I, to fix or appoint; hence

עֹרָהָה pr. n. m. (perh. appointment) i Ch. 4, 21.

קלק pr. n. m. (perh. appointed) 1 Ch. 7, 26.

עית Is. 50, 4, see לערת.

to stammer or jabber, to speak unintelligibly, esp. in a foreign tongue, only in Ps. 114, 1 בעם למן people of strange speech; cf. Syr.

לְצָזָר 28am.18,3,see r. לָצָזיר Hiph.

(Qal obs.) to eat or devour, akin to Arab. لَعِصَ to be voracious; only in — Hiph. in Gen. 25, 30 I et me eat, pray; cf. Syr.

(obs.) prob. akin to גָּתָם, i. q. Syr. באבל, to eat or devour; hence אַלָּקָם.

(obs.) prob. akin to إلج [] (Arab. تَعَنَّى, to repel; hence

וֹעָלָעָל . wormwood, named for its repulsive bitterness Jer. 23, 15, Deut. 29, 17; fig. for a curse or calamity Lam. 3, 15(comp. Apoc. 8, 11), also for injustice Am. 5, 7.

אָלָדָעָנוֹה Ex. 10, 3 for לְדַעָּנוֹה inf. c. Niph. of אָנָד I; cf. Gram. § 53, Bem. 7.

געיב (obs.) prob. akin to געיב, to burn or glow, only in obs. זְלְעַב בי (see on letter 1, p. 175).

קבר (obs.) prob. akin to גְּעָה (obs.) prob. akin to גְּעָה, נָעָר וו לַנָם II, to shine or blaze; hence

חוֹת pr. n. m. (torches) of Deborah's husband Judg. 4, 4.

only in 1 K. 6, 17; from

נְפְנָרם) פָּנָה prep. before, see לְפְנָר).

(fut. rib) prob. akin to , 1) to enfold or embrace Judg. 16, 29. 2) to bend or turn aside. — Niph. to turn oneself, for looking Ruth 3, 8, Job 6, 18.

עָלָאָפּוֹרָאָ, see Jb, cf. Gram. p. 159, Note². לְּתַצְבּוֹח Num. 5, 22 for לְצְבּוֹח inf. Hiph. of r. גָּבָה; see Gram. § 53, Rem. 7.

עצרן m. mocking or derision Prov. 1, 22, cf. Is. 28, 14; r. אָלי.

עצר i. q. איז to deride, only part. pl. ליץ perh. in Hos. 7, 5; but see Pil. of איז.

נצר (obs.) perh. akin to גָּצָר), to keep or guard; hence perh. אַנָּצָר

קרם pr. n. (perh. barrier or fort, s. נָקָם) of a place in Naphtali Josh. 19, 33.

 to take or lay hold of, in widest range of meaning; 1) to seize (λαμβάνω) Gen. 3, 22, Ps. 18, 17; w. acc. of pers. and 7 of part. Ez. 8, 3, also w. > of pers. Jer. 40, 2; to take Gen. 2, 15, Jer. 28, 31. — Esp. α) לקח אשה ל to take a wife, i. e. to marry Gen. 4, 19, also to secure a wife for a son Ex. 21, 10, ellipt. Ex. 34, 16 (cf. xig); β) to take away Gen. 14, 12, Ps. 31, 14, cf. Gen. 5, 24; γ) to capture Num. 21, 25, fig. to captivate Job 15, 12, Prov. 6, 25; δ) to accept, counsel Prov. 2, 1, prayer Ps. 6, 10, a person for protection Ps. 49, 16; c) to catch or perceive Job 4, 12, cf. np2. 2) to receive (δέχομαι) Is. 40, 2, Num. 23, 20. - Niph. נלפח (fut. רעל וילם) to be taken away 1 Sam. 4, 11, 2 K. 2, 9. בילקה for לקח (part. לקח 2 K. 2, 10, see Gram. § 52, Rem. 6) to be taken Gen. 3, 23; to be taken away Is. 53, 8. - Hoph. (only fut. רָשָח) to be brought or fetched Gen. 12, 15; to be seized or snatched away Is. 49, 24. — Hith. only in fem. part. in אש מחלקדע Ex. 9, 24 fire catching itself up, i. e. continuous or in masses, cf. דוחלפר. ---- Perh. akin to λαγχάνω (λαχείν). Hence

ΠΡ^b (w. suf. definition of the set of th

קרד pr. n. m. (perh. fond of instruction, r. לְקָרוֹ) 1 Ch. 7, 19.

לְקָתָיוּת Gen. 30, 15 for לְקָתָיוּת 2 sing. fem. perf. Qal of לְקָרוּ , once לְקָרּוּ 1 K. 14, 3.



gather together, e. g. stones Gen. 31, 46, flowers Cant. 6, 2, manna Ex. 16, 4, Num. 11, 8; ears of corn, to glean Ruth 2, 8. — Pi. to gather up (much or often) Jer. 7, 18, to glean Ruth 2, 16, Lev. 19, 10; fig. of money Gen. 47, 14. — Pu. to be gathered Is. 27, 12. — Hith. to gather themselves together, w. by to Judg. 11, 3. Hence

DD5 m. a gleaning, of grain or grapes Lev. 19, 9; 23, 22.

obs.) i. q. Arab. أَنَعَمَ , to وَحَرَاتُ (obs.) i. q. Arab. أَنْعَمَ , to

ר. (3 pl. יַסְרָשָׁ 1 K. 21, 19, fut. דָשָׁי) to lick or lap up 1 K. 22, 38, Judg. 7, 5. — Pi. to lap up fast, only part. pl. יַשָּׁרָשָ Judg. 7, 6. ----Plainly mimet. akin to יָשָׁרָשָׁ, אָרָשָ: Arab. (אָרָשָ: tongue, Sans. lih, גנֹעָש, געֹטָדָ, L. lingo, lingua, G. lecken, E. lick, Irish lighim, W. lhivi, lhio.

יז'ראָת, see יאָראָת.

(Qal obs.) akin to Syr. , to come (or be) late, of offspring or fruits; hence wiphy latter rain and wiph latter grass.—Pi. to gather the late fruits (of a vineyard), to glean, only Job 24, 6.

שָׁרָשָׁ m. after-grass, only Am. 7, 1; r. שָׁלָשָ:

לרא 1 Sam. 18, 29 for לִירא, inf. Qal of יָרָרָא; see Gram. § 102, 2, a.

لَسَدَ (obs.) i. q. Arab. آلسَدَ, to lick or suck; hence

לשֶׁר (c. לשֶׁר, w. suf. לשֶׁר) m. 1) sap or juice, hence moisture, fig. vigour, only Ps. 32, 4. 2) a moist or sweet cake, made w. oil, only Num. 11, 8.

(obs.) mimet. akin to TY, (obs.) Mimet. akin to Ty, to lick up or swallow; prob. hence

לשור, w. suf. לשוני, pl. לשון, w. suf. לשור, w. suf. לשנחם Gen. 10, 20) f. but m. in Ps. 22, 16, Prov. 26, 28 (r. 23) II or לשה) prop. licker or swallower, hence 1) the tongue, as used in licking or swallowing Ex. 11, 7, Judg. 7, 5, Lam. 4, 4, but esp. as used in speaking Job 33, 2, Ps. 39, 4; hence fig. speech or language Gen. 10, 5, hence nation, as using a particular tongue Is. 66, 18; discourse Job 15, 5, Prov. 16, 1; איש לשוֹן a man of tongue i. e. a slanderer Ps. 140, 12, but בַּעָל לַשׁוֹן Ecc. 10, 11 a charmer. 2) fig. of what is like a tongue, e. g. לשוֹן זַהַב a wedge or bar of gold Josh. ד, 21; לשוֹך אש Is. 5, 24 a flame of fire (comp. γλώσσαι ώσεὶ πυρός Acts 2, 3); ל הים tongue of the sea, the bay Josh. 15, 5 (in v. 2 דעשור), cf. our 'tongue of land.' ---- Akin to Aram. جمع , جنهتر, Copt. AAC, prob. to Sans. racana, γλῶσσα (cf. λήμη = γλήμη), Armen. liezu.

ישבן: (obs.) prob. akin to שבן: (which see), to recline or rest; perh. hence

לשָׁכָּח וֹס. (כ. שָּׁרָח איד, איד, וס. איד, וס. לשָׁכָּח 1 Sam. 9, 22; pl. איד, c. איד, c. (לשָׁכּוֹח 1 Sam. 9, 22; pl. איד, c. (לשָׁכּוֹח 2 (ג' בָּרָה) לשָׁכּוּ 1 Sam. 9, 23; pl. 12; esp. of places about the temple for keeping things 1 Ch. 9, 26, Neh. 10, 38, also for the priests and Levites to lodge in Ez. 40, 38, Neh. 13, 4. - Written also 1 (ג' בָּרָה) in Neh. 3, 30; 12, 44; 13, 7.

ΔΨ² (obs.) perh. to shine, to be bright; perh. akin to Sans. lauch, λεύσσω, L. luceo, G. leuchten, W. lhewychu, E. lighten; perh. hence

שלים m. 1) a sort of gem or pearl, perh. opal Ex. 28, 19; Sept. λιγύριον, Vulg. ligurius. 2) pr. n. (perh. conspicuous, r. שלים) of a city Josh. 19, 47, called also לים and ק.

נְשָׁבָר בוּג 23,11; Gram. §53, Rem. 7. אַלַשְׁבָע אַיַר פּאַבאָע אַרַאַר פּאַבאָע פּאַר גען גע אַראַ אַראַג אַ אַר גער גער גער גער גער גער גער גער גער

ער (Qal obs.) prob. denom. from לישר (Qal obs.) prob. denom. -Po'el שליש (see Gram. § 55, 1) to use the tongue freely, to slander, only part. w. - parag. קלוש: slandering Ps. 101, 5 in K'thibh, but קלש: we'lösh'nî'inQ'ri.-Hiph.to caluminate Prov. 30, 10.

الإنجاب Chald. (def. pl. جَعَبَة) m. tongue,fig.nation Dan.3.4; cf. Apoc.5,9.

לשל (obs.) perh. mimet. akin to און גָוַדע לָוָדע געריין ניס אווניג אווי

of a place Gen. 10, 19, prob. Kαλ-

λιβρόη on the eastern side of the Dead Sea, r. يزيد

לְשָּׁרוֹן pr. n. Josh. 12, 18 perh. i. q. שֶׁרוֹן, q. v.

לת 1 Sam. 4, 19 for לֶדָּה, inf. of r. לֶדָית; see Gram. § 69, Rem. 1.

אות בישבי (obs.) prob. akin to אות, Sam. שאן (בביבי), to spread or stretch out; hence אין אין.

زمج (obs.) prob. akin to , إرمج to pour out; hence

 $\Box_{\mu\nu}$ m. a measure for grain, only Hos. 3, 2; Sept. $\eta\mu$ (xopo; i. e. half a do or about 44 gallons.

לַרָאַר (obs.) prob. akin to לָעָד (obs.) prob. akin to לָשָׁר to bite; see בַּלְתָּטָח בַיַלָּאָטָר.

קתח inf. c. Qal of נְתַן (Gram. § 66, Rem. 3) w. pref. ל (Gram. § 102, 2, c).

לְרִתְּבָּן 1 K. 6, 19 prob. for לְרָתַבּן reduplicated inf. Qal of , כָּחַ for the usual י, כָּחַ (see Ewald's Lehrb. d. Heb. Sprache, § 138, c); cf. הַשָּׁן in K'thibh of 1 K. 17, 14.

Mem is the 13th Heb. letter, but used as a numeral it serves for 40. The name عود ما ما ما ما ما ما water (ما م), whence the oldest forms (see Table of Ancient Alphabets) rudely picture waves (of. Sam. 43). The Greeks borrowed the form and name in Mū, i. q. Phenician in water. — On final D, see Gram. § 5, 3.

2 interchanges — 1 w. its kindred

ם , מ

labials , י, ד, ד, פ, פ, פ, ה, ה, ה, הקב ב ביקקם בילים, הקוה ה, הקביא ביניא ביניא בינים ה, הקביא בינים ה, הקביא בינים ה, הקביא בינים ה, הקבית ה, הינים בינים ה, הינים ה,

is often a formative addition
1) initial, e.g. in participles of Pi.,
Pu., Hiph., Hoph., Hith. (see Gram.
§ 52, 1, Rem.), in old infinitives, like

מסור (as in Chald. and Syriac; see Gram. § 84, Bem. 14), also in varying or unfolding roots, as אָטָ akin to אָעָרָן, אָנָן to אָטָ פּעָרָן, 2) final, e. g. in dual ending בָּיָרָ, -- 2) final, e. g. in dual ending בָּיָרָ, -- כָּרָ חו דָּלָכָ to דָעָרָן, בָּיָרָ זָרָ אוֹ דָלָכָ דָרָרָ, דָעָרָ, פּרָ וו דָלָכָ דָרָרָ הים אָנָדָל פָרָד, דָעָרָט וו בָּרָבָ הוו בָּרָ הים גָעָרָל פָרָ דָרָט ג בָרָם וו בָּרָבָ לו בָּרָה פָּרָאָל ג בָּרָד לו בָרָה פָרָאָל d. Heb. Sprache, § 163, g); comp. L. clam (r. celo), palam (r. pateo), passim (r. pando).

יב (קיה) prefixed w. daghesh in the following letter); see קה, p. 336.

', 2 or 2, prep. بع as prefixed to words (see Gram. § 102, 1, Rem.); see , p. 360.

לים Chald. i. q. אים interrog. pron. what? but used as indefinite whatever, in איז whatever that i.e. whatsoever, only in Ezr. 6, 8.

ס אַברּס m. a store-house, granary; only pl. w. suf. in בְאָבַקיָיָם Jer. 50, 26; r. אָבָס.

Sans. mah to become great, $\mu \xi \gamma \alpha \zeta$, $\mu \alpha \gamma \alpha \zeta$, L. magnus, Irish maighne, to be great or much, numerous; prob. hence

קאָרָם (c. רָאָרָ, dual קארים prob. for קארים f. prop. magnitude or multitude, a number or amount, לאָה: Chald. (dual נארין Ezr. 6, 17) a hundred Dan. 6, 2; see Heb. נאר.

לארדל (some read אָארדָל) m. something spun, hence thread or yarn, only in Ez. 27, 19; r. אָוַל i. q. Chald. אָדָל, Syr. אָב.

(only in pl. c. מַאַוּיֵי) m. desires, only in Ps. 140, 9; r. אָיָה I.

שאים (r. אים for אים (see מאים) m. failwre, defect, whether physical Dan.1, 4 or moral Job 31, 7, cf. בַּקַר

קרה דְּקָח אָרָקָרָ (prob. for דְּשָׁרְבָּרָה, cf. L. quidquid) anything, something Num. 22, 38; קאַדְּקָח לא קאַדְּקָח nothing Deut. 13, 18, יד מאָדָק nothing of anything, i.e. nothing at all Judg. 14, 6; as adverb at all 1 Sam. 21, 3.

רקעצ m. refuse, an object of contempt, only in Lam. 3, 45; r. געס

עאור (r. אור ג. אור , pl. קאור Ez. 32, 8 or אור Gen. 1, 16) m. 1) a luminary Gen. 1, 14; also light Ps. 90, 8; fig. the sparkling of bright eyes Prov. 15, 30; העאור הקאאור sacred candelabrum in the tabernacle Num. 4, 9. 2) a candlestick Ex. 25, 6.

קאור f. of קאור, *light*, i. e. perh. the gleaming eye of the basilisk, only

in Is. 11, 8; the fem. form perh. serving to indicate the fig. use, as in קרָנָיָה, קרָנָיה, בְּגָעָה, בְּגָעָה, קרָנָיה better identify it w. הְעָרָה, cave, kole.

only dual) m. pair of scales, a balance Is. 40, 12; r. אַזָרָ I.

לאיִזְרָרָ Chald. (only def. dual מאיִזְרָרָ) m. scales, a balance Dan. 5, 27.

נאוֹת (for מָאוֹת) hundreds, only in 2 K. 11, 4 (K'thibh).

עַרָאָכָל m. food Gen. 2, 9; עַאָכָל a fruit-tree Lev. 19, 23; גאן מַאָכָל flock for food i. e. for slaughter Ps. 44, 12; c.st. מַאַכַל Gen. 40, 17; r. אַבַל.

(prop. feeder) Gen. 22, 6 (cf. Arab. געלל (cf. Arab. 22, 6 (cf. Arab. געלל (cf. Arab.

ל בַּאָרָלָת f. food for a fire, fuel, fully איבל Is. 9, 4; r. אָבַל.

י קאָל in pr. n. (perh. circumcision, cf. r. אָבִרקאַל see,

םאים (obs.) prob. akin to מים, to fail, to be deficient, opp. to הַכֵּם Deriv. מאים.

עַבָאָבָאָים) m. forces, hence fig. resources, only in Job 36, 19; r. אָבָץ.

ראָאָי m. edict, mandate Est. 1, 15; r. יַאָאָ.

לאבר Chald. m. command Dan. 4, 14; r. אַבָר.

קאנין, pl קאנין, pk קאנין, pk קאנין, c. קאנין, m. a vessel or utensil Dan. 5, 2; i. q. Heb. קלי, — Prob. from an obs. r. קאן to form, akin to Heb. r. קאני.

(Qal obs.) prob. akin to אָרָאָשָ and אָבוּ ג *to refuse.* --- Pi. אָבָש (fut. יְּכָאַד) *to refuse, be unwilling* (opp. to דיר ג. 1, 20; w. infin. w. or without ל Jer. 3, 3, Ex. 7, 14; hence אָרָאָרָ adj. m. *refusing* or *unwilling* Ex. 7, 27, perh. for קּמָאַן part. Pi. of קָאָדָ, cf. Gram. § 52, Bem. 6.

מַאָרָם adj. m. obstinate; pl. מַאָר Jer. 13, 10; r. בָאַן.

לאבן Ohald. (obs.) prob. akin to to prepare or make; hence אמין, מיין

OND (fut. 0xp; inf. w. suf. DONO AM. 2. 4) perh. akin to 000 I, to reject, refuse, w. p Is. 7, 15, Ps. 78, 67; to despise, w. acc. Is. 33, 8, w. p Job 19, 18; to feel abhorrence Job 7, 16; 42, 6.—Niph. 1) to be rejected Is. 54, 6. 2) to flow away, run Ps. 58, 8, Job 7, 5.

חַאָאָיָ m. a baking, baked food, only Lev. 2, 4; r. אָקָד.

לאָאָי m. darkness, only Josh. 24, 7; r. אָאָלָ

לאָפּלְיָה f. darkness of אָם (for מַאָפּליָה cf. מַאָפָל יָש profound darkness, only Jer. 2, 81.

קר (Qal obs.) akin to אָרָד II, prop. to be sharp, to be bitter. — Hiph. to cause or give pain, to smart, of a pricking thorn Ez. 28, 24; part. fem. הממגרת malignant, of a leprosy Lev. 13, 51.

בְאָרָב m. 1) ambush or lurkingplace Ps. 10, 8. 2) an ambuscade, of troops 2 Ch. 13, 18; r. אָרָב.

קאַרָת (c. קאַרָה) f. a curse, execration Mal. 2, 2; r. אַרָד.

גאח from with, see כאח and גאח.

(only pl. מְבְהָלוֹח f. separations, only in Josh. 16, 9 הַדְּהָלוֹת the cities the separations, i. e. the cities set apart (Gram. § 113); r. בָּרַלָ

עבוא (c. אָבוּא; pl. c. יָבוּא) m. 1) a coming in, entering Ez. 26, 10; an entrance, place of entrance Prov.

8,3. 2) setting of the sun Deut. 11, 30; hence adv. westward Josh. 1, 4; r. Xiz.

(only pl. (גבואות) f. entrances from the sea, havens, only in Ez. 27, 3; r. בוֹא.

. f. perplexity Is. 22, 5; r. ج

m. a flood, deluge Gen. 6, נעבויל זיבל I בן גבל I.

שלולים (r. פוש) m. pl. of נְעָבוֹלָים, insight, wisdom; fig. wise teachers (abst. for concrete), only in 2 Ch. 35, 3 (K'thibh).

לְעָבוּסָר, f. a treading down, subduing of enemies Is. 22, 5; r. סים.

עַבּרּצָים (pl. מַבּרּאָים) m. a fountain Ecc. 12, 6; בבּרּצָי מַיָם waler-springs Is. 35, 7; ר. גָבָע.

קבוקה f. emptiness, only Nah. 2, 11; r. באם.

שברש (only pl. בָּרָשׁים) m. the parts of shame, L. pudenda, of the male, only in Deut. 25, 11; r. בוֹב

לקיןה f. contempt, whence part. as denom. Niph. בְּבְרָוֹה contemptible or vile, only in 1 Sam. 15, 9; r. בַּוַה.

יַרְדְרוֹר m. choice, selection 2 K. 8, 19; r. בְּדֵר I.

(מִבְקָרָי, pl. w. suf. יְבְקָרָי m. 1) the choice, choicest; מְבְקוּר צַקָּבְןּי the choicest or best of thy valleys Is. 22, 7; יבן מָב מָבְקוּר the people of his selectings, i. e. his chosen people Dan. 11, 15. 2) pr. n. m. (choice) 1 Ch. 11, 38. R. בָּקַר I.

עָבָט (w. suf. דעָקָטָ Zech. 9, 5, cf. Gram. § 27, Rem. 2, b) m. prop. look-out; hence expectation, hope Is. 20, 5; r. בַבָ

אָבְטְאָ m. rash utterance of the lips Num. 30, 7; r. אַטָאַ.

תַבָּטָה Zech. 9, 5, see בַּבָּטָה.

רָשָׂד (w. suf. סְבְשָׁהִי Ps. 71, 5, מְבְשָׁה Is. 32, סְבְשָׁהִי Job 31, 24, pl. מְבְשָׁהִי Is. 32,

18, w. Dagh. f. implied) m. trust, confidence Prov. 22, 19; trust, the obj. of confidence Ps. 40, 5, pl. Jer. 2, 37; security, the ground of trust Job 18, 14; r. 머그고.

ברא 2 Sam. 5, 2 for מַרָּדא, Hiph. part. of מוֹא, cf. Gram. § 74, Bem. 4.

נְרָלָרָרָת f. cheerfulness, only in Jer. 8, 18; r. בָּלָג.

קרָרָה (c. מְרְנַח) m. building, structure, only in Ez. 40, 2; r. אָנָה,

רְאָבָּרָ pr. n. m. (perh. stronglybuilt, r. גָּגָרו (בָּגָה) 2 Sam. 23, 27, but in 2 Sam. 21, 18 סָבְרַר

קבַעוּאָד 1 Sam. 16, 15 for קבַעוּאָד fem. part. Pi. of גָּצָז, which see.

יִבְצָרוֹת (only in pl. טְרָצָרָה Dan. 11, 15), see טִרְצָר.

קהר 1 Ch. 15, 13 for קָּרָאשׁנָה what at the first.

תְרָהָ m. flight, as concr. a fugitive, only in Ez. 17, 21; r. הַבָּהַ.

קבדים m. pl. *pudenda*; see שָׁבָשָׁם pr. n. m. (sweet odour) Gen. 25, 13; r. גַשַש

לְבַשֶּׁלוּח.(only pl. הְבָשָׁלוּח) f.hearths, boiling-places, only in Ez. 46, 23; r. אַבָּשָ

ג'י m. i. q. Pers. مغ mugh, akin to Sanscr. maha, μέγας, L. magnus (cf. انجې), prop. great, mighty, hence esp. a Magus (μάγος), a magian or

Persian philosopher, רְבִיטָ*the great* Magus i. e. the chief of the Magi Jer. 39, 3.

שׁרָבָּרשׁ pr. n. (rendezvous, r. בַּבְּבָיּא) Ezr. 2, 30.

קֹבְלָזח (only pl. בְּבָלָה) f. a string or cord, made of twisted strands, only in Ex. 28, 14; r. נָבָל.

קּבְבָּעָד: *t. a turban* or *cap* (of the ordinary priests), so called for its cupola form Ex. 28, 40; r. גַרָע.

(obs.) perh. akin to بورا (obs.) perh. akin to بورا i. q. Arab. مَجَد to be honoured, renouned, or perh. akin to پر (cf. بوت بوت), to be great or chief, to be noble; hence

קנדים (קנדים m. excellency, preciousness; שַבָּר שָׁבָר preciousness of the heavens, i. e. precious dew, rain, etc. Deut. 33, 13; שָׁבָאוֹרו שָׁבָי קבראוֹרו, פָּר ciousness of the products of the sun, i. e. the best of ripe fruits Deut. 33, 14; קנדים קנדים choice fruits Cant. 4, 14.

מנהל see, מברול.

מגדי see מנדיך.

pr. n. m. (praise of God)

 וס, און לעוד (tower of the flock) a place near Bethlehem Gen. 35, 21.

לְבְרָדֹל, לָבְרָדֹל, לָבְרָדֹל, לָבְרָדֹל, לָבְרָדֹל, לָבְרָדֹל, לָבְרָדֹל, לָבְרָדֹל, לָבָרָדֹל, לַבְרָדֹל, וֹנשׁי הי. northern Egypt Ez. 29, 10. 2) a place - near the Red Sea Ex. 14, 2.

בְּלָרָלָד, (from בְּלָרָלָד, only pl. קבינית *t precious* or *costly things* Gen. 24, 53, 2 Ch. 21, 3; ד. בְּנָר

1022 1) pr. n. m. (see 13) Gen. 10, 2. 2) a northern people, whose king is named 13 Ez. 38, 2; Josephus understands the Scythians, Jos. Ant. 1. 6. 1.

קנורים (pl. הָנוּרִים Lam. 2, 22) m. fear, terror Ps. 31, 14; r. גוּר II.

קולד (pl. c. בְּגִרָי, r. אָבְּגִרָי, I) m. 1) tarrying (from home), אָרָעָרָד the land of thy sojournings Gen. 17, 8. 2) a dwelling Ps. 55, 16; pl. Job 18, 19.

קנוֹד, i. q. קנוֹד, *fear*, only in Prov. 10, 24; r. אויד II.

נורד בערידה (. 1) *a fear*, obj. of dread (r. איז II) Is. 66, 4. 2) *a storehouse* Hag. 2, 19; r. גור I.

לְנָזְרָדָ f. an axe, only 2 Sam 12, 31; r. גַּוַר

أيري m. a sickle Joel 4, 13; r. بيد

קּגַלָּה f. a roll or volume Jer. 36, 14; קּגָלַח סָקָר the book-roll, i. e. the law Ps. 40, 8; r. גַּלַל

تَجَرَحَ Chald. i. q. Heb., a roll Ezr. 6, 2.

נבּטָרה f. a gathering, a crowd or troop, אַנְצָּר פּרָשָׁר פּרָשָׁר of their faces is forward, i. e. all their faces are eager to march onward (r. בְּבָש I), or perh. the eagerness (r. בָּבָש II) of their looks, only in Hab. 1, 9.

Qal obs.) prob. akin to 325

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to enclose or shut up (cf. [QLT); hence to hand over or surrender. — Pi. to deliver over Gen. 14, 20; w. two acc., to deliver to or bestow on Prov. 4, 9; to abandon Hos. 11, 8.

בַיבַר

עָנִדִי (w. suf. אָאָרָ, pl. קעָרָז עָרָ 2 Ch. 28, 9, אָרָנִד אָרָגָ, א. קַרָזָי, w. קַרָּזַי com. gend. a shield Judg. 5, 8; עַנָן אָרָש אָיש קָנָן Prov. 6, 11; fig. of God Gen. 15, 1; קָרָז אָרָז אָרָז אָרָז אָרָז shields of the land, i. e. princes, chiefs Ps. 47, 10; r. יָשָׁ. Cf. רוָזָב.

לְנָכָר (from נְבָּנָן r. נְכָנָן) f. a covering, אַנְנָח-לַב heart, i. e. perverseness, only in Lam. 3, 65 (cf. צמֹטשְׁם בֿתוֹ דאָע харδίαν 2 Cor. 3, 15).

אַגערת f. rebuke, only in Deut. 28, 20; r. אַצָר.

דְּבָּבָּע f. prop. a smiting, hence pestilence, plague Ex. 9, 15; slaughter in battle 1 Sam. 4, 17; r. בָּבָ

מַרְפּרְעָש pr. n. m. (perh. moth destroyer) Neh. 10, 21.

אנה נס גנר לעבר akin to אָנָב to flow or gush out, also pass. קנר poured out, i. e. yielded up, w. אָל Ez. 21, 17. — Pi. to cast down, overthrow Ps. 89, 45.

Chald. (Pe. obs.) - Pa. בַּנַּר, to cast down, overthrow Ezr. 6, 12.

לְגַרָה f. a saw 1 K. 7, 9; r. אַגַרָה IV. מָגַר קיגר מָז מָאַר וון פּגַר זין גרון מָגַר וון מָגַר אַ

of a city in Benjamin Is. 10, 28.

נְאָרְעָת (only pl. גָּרְעָת) f. a cutting off or diminution, a ledge in a wall, only in 1 K. 6, 6; r. גָרָג.

גְּרָרָשָּׁר f. prop. *a grasping;* hence *a clod* of earth, such as may be taken up by the hand, only in Joel 1, 17; r. גְּרָהָ. עֹנָרָשׁר (pl. c. עָרָשָׁרָש, once אָרָשָׁרָשָׁרָ Ez. 27, 28) m. 1) prop. a liberty or common, land belonging to a city and lying around it, to which the cattle were driven (r. ביש) for pasturage Num. 35, 2-5; also the open ground around a city or building, the area or precincts Ez. 45, 2. 2) produce or plunder, only in Ez. 36, 5, i. q. ביש Deut. 33, 14.

עָרָד (w. suf. יָסָד, but שָׁרָ Job 11, 9; pl. טְרָד סָרָר Judg. 5, 10, w. suf. טְרָד Jer. 13, 25; r. יָסָר m. 1) a garment, so named as stretched over the person Lev. 6, 3; carpet Judg. 5, 10. 2) a measure Job 11, 9.

קּוְבָּח Chald. i. q. Heb. הַזְבָּח an altar, of sacrifice Ezr. 7, 17; r. בְּבָח.

וּכָר Num. 7, 89, see Hith. דְרָבָר

נְהָבְרָתָה (only pl. w. suf. מָדְהָרָת) as some propose to read for מָבַּבְרַתָּר f. leadings, guidance, only in Deut. 33, 3, but see הָבָרָה.

(fut. יְּכָּד; inf. דֹם Zech. 2, 6; in the perf. oftener in the full form, as קִדְרָד, but יְהָדָד Is. 65, 7, אַרָּדָרָד Num. 35, 5) i. q. Arab.

to stretch out, to measure Dent. 21, 2; to mete out in general Ruth 3, 15; fig. to requite Is. 65, 7. — Niph. to be measured Hos. 2, 1. — Pi. מַבָּד to stretch out, Job 7, 4 מַבָּד לָ (God) makes the evening too long; to mete out Ps. 60, 8. — Po. מַבָּד to measure, to survey Hab. 3, 6, where others render it to shake, as if Pil. of מוֹדָ II. — Hithpo. דיריות to stretch oneself 1 K. 17, 21. Hence To. — Akin to Sans. mâd, μέτρον, L. metior, O. messen, W. mesur, meidr, E. to mete.

בּוְבָּר (כ. בְּבָּר) m. perh. for בָּבָּר (דָר קוֹנָד (נְבָד , flight, a fleeing or passing away, only in Job 7, 4 נְבָר the evening's flight; but see Pi. of בָּבָר

עדר I (obs.) i. q. אָדָר, to stretch, measure; hence וו קידו II.

Πקק II(obs.)prob. akin to Aram. אָסָצָר middle, Sans. madhya, L. medius, μέσος, G. mittel, E. mid, Gael. meadhon; perh. hence

(r. בְּדָרוֹ) f. 1) extension, greatness; a) of stature, איש מהה man of length, a tall man 1 Ch. 11, 23; pl. אָרָשָׁר מָדּוֹרז tall men Num. 13, 32, also א' מַתָּה Is. 45, 14; β) of space, ברח קהוח a roomy house Jer. 22, 14; γ) of time, הַמָּר זָמָר the length of days, duration of life Ps. 39, 5. 2) a measure Ex. 26, 2; hence הבל מָדָה the measuring line Zech. 2, 5, also 12 the קנה הַמָּהָה Jer. 31, 39; הַמָּהָה the measuring rod Ez. 40, 3; a measure, i. e. a measured portion Neh. 3, 11. 3) i. q. מָד 1, a vestment; pl. פּר the hem of his vestments Ps. 133, 2. 4) tribute, as an apportioned sum Neh. 5, 4,

בנרה Chald., also בנרה Ezr. 4, 13

(c. סְּדָה) f. i. q. Heb. אָ מְדָה 4, tribute Ezr. 6, 8.

ज़ून Job 11, 9, see जू.

t. only in Is. 14, 4 an expression for Babylon, perh. goldexactress or gold-making (cf. our money-making), from דְּהַר Chald. i. q. דָהָר, therefore a sort of Hiph. part.; but prob. a false reading for קרבר proud or oppressive.

יש ס בִידְוָדָה (ה. בִיּדְוָשָ)m. garment, only in pl. w. suf. בִידְוָדָה their garments, only in 2 Sam. 10, 4.

וֹתָרָוָה (r. דְּוָה I) m. disease, sickness Deut. 7, 15.

(only pl. קדהקים) seductions, only in Lam. 2, 14; r. ביקון.

דרך I (r. דרן; pl. דרן; pl. דרן K'thibh, but Q'ri הרי, m. 1) strife, contention Prov. 15, 18, pl. Prov. 23, 29; an object of contention Ps. 80, 7. 2) pr. n. (place of strife) of a Canaanitish city Josh. 11, 1.

עָדָדן II (r. נְעָדָדן) m. extension, tallness, איש מָדָדן i. q. איש מָדָדן tall man 2 Sam. 21, 20, where the K'thibh has מָדָד, pl. of ים.

בָּרָדְרָשָ what known? cf. דו המשטיע interrog. adv. uchy? wherefore? Josh. 17, 14. This word may esp. refer to the motive, but השל more to the object aimed at.

Chald. m. dwelling, abode Dan. 4, 22; r. דור.

f. a pile of wood, perh. a fagot Is. 30, 33; r. האר III.

לודרשור, f. a threshing, concr. object threshed; only fig. קרדרשור, my threshing, i. e. my oppressed people, only in Is. 21, 10; r. דוש

m. overthrow, ruin, only בְּלְדָעָתוֹ m. overthrow, ruin, only

(הָּדַוּק .r. מִרְדֵּשֹׁת (only pl. בַּרְדֵוֹפָה; r.

prop. pushings, hence upsettings or overthrows, only in Ps. 140, 12.

ישר חובן אין די גער (mid-land, see r. אָרָד בון) of a country in Asia, Media (prob. called so for its supposed central position in Asia, so Polyb. 5, 44 $\dot{\eta}$ γὰρ Μηδία χεῖται μὲν περὶ μέσην τὴν Ἀσίαν); also of the inhabitants, the Medes Dan. 9, 1; gentil. n. ייש a Mede Dan. 11, 1.

יַרָר Chald. pr. n. i. q. Heb. יָרָד Media Ezr. 6, 2; gentil. n. יְצָי, def. יְצָרָאָד (K'thibh יְבָרָא Mede Dan. 6, 1.

לקר (for מָח-דָר) what is enough, only in 2 Ch. 30, 3.

די see מהי.

עִרְיָרָם (רְּדָן, יחוץ פּו, שִרְיָרָם Prov. 18, 18; 19, 13; else only Q'ri for קריים סר בדיים m. 1) strifes, contentions Prov. 6, 14 in Q'ri, but K'thibh ביָרָם. 2) pr. n. (strife) of one of Abraham's sons and of his descendants Gen. 25, 2, who settled on the east of the Elanitic gulf Ex. 2, 15; gentil. פַרָּיָרָ *Midianite* Num. 10, 29, pl. Gen. 37, 28, fem. Num. 25, 15.

Judg. 5. 10 carpets or garments, pl. of קר, which see.

קריך pr. n. (extensions) of a town in Judah Josh. 15, 61; r. כָּרָד.

Chald. f. a province, prop. a jurisdiction Dan. 3, 2; r. דין.

f. a province, under the jurisdiction of a lieutenant-governor Est. 1, 1; שורי האדירנוח the princes of the provinces, the viceroys Est. 1, 3; then a land or region Dan. 11, 24; r. הדו, 24; r. אולים.

דָרָדָר, f. a mortar, only in Num. 11, 8; r. דָרָד.

קבן pr. n. (dung-heap; r. דְבֵרָ) of a town in Moab Jer. 48, 2.

ן בְּדָבְלָך, f. 1) a dunghill Is. 25, 16. 2) pr. n. of a town in Benjamin Is. 10, 31; г. דְכָן.

קרָעָרָד pr. n. (dunghill) of a town in Judah Josh. 15, 31; r. יָבָין.

(r. דָרָן) m. 1) contention, strife, only pl. קדָרם Prov. 10, 12. 2) pr. n. m. (strife) Gen. 25, 2.

יקלדָנים only in Gen. 37, 36 for מָזֹדַנִים, see מִדָּנָים

מורע, see מורע.

בַרָד , בַרָד 2 Ch. 1, 10 (r. בָרָד D) m. knowledge, intelligence 2 Ch. 1, 10; the mind Ecc. 10, 20.

נְקַרָרוּ .conly pl. c. נְדְקָרָדוּ piercings or stabbings of a sword, only in Prov. 12, 18; r. בָּקָר

קרור Chald. m. i. q. קרור, dwelling or abode Dan. 2, 11; r. דיר.

ליך f. a precipice, steep place or hill, ascended only by ladder-like steps or paths Cant. 2, 14; r. גָּדָג.

m. a treading or foot-hold, only in Deut. 2, 5; r. הַרָּהָ

בּרָרָה m. i. q. Arab. בּרָרָה a commentary 2 Ch. 13, 23, כַּרְיַשׁ מַזֶר the commentary on the book of the kings 2 Ch. 24, 27; r. בָּרַשׁ.

קרושה Is. 21, 10, see בדעותי.

הפרחא see מדחא.

vo, used of persons), in a direct question, עַשָּׁרָה what didst thou? Gen. 4, 10, בה-פר ולה what to me and to thee? i. e. what have I to do with thee? Judg. 11, 12 (cf. τί ήμῖν xal sol Mat. 8, 29), or indirect, after verbs of telling, etc. 1 K. 14, 3; without distinction of gender and number, generally put at beginning of clause or sentence, but also like נוד פרד Ex. 16, 7 and we, what? i. e. what are or do we? As to the wide use of this pronoun, let the following peculiarities be noticed, 1) as subst., hence put even after another noun in the construct state, e.g. wisdom of what? i. e. what sort of wisdom? Jer. 8, 9. 2) the modification of the meaning what? of what kind? esp. if it refers to persons, e. g. אַלה what are these? 1 K. 9, 13. 2) what? in a way of wonder or blame, hence i. q. why? how ! e. g. vie of how beautiful! Num. 24, 5; pri-tir how fearful! Gen. 28, 17; מָה־הָרָרָבוּן why do ye strive? Ex. 17, 2; also at times w. a negative power implied e. g. מה התלה eohat goeth away? i.e. nothing departs Job 16, 6. 4) the np at times becomes indefinite, whatever, somewhat, something, in which case it usually stands second, e. g. וידי and let be whatever may 2 Sam. 18, 22; w. לollowing שָׁ Ecc. 1, 9, or w. אַשָּׁר omitted, so that my alone serves also for the relative Judg. 9, 48. - In connexion w. the prefixes it appears as follows: — 1) במה (therein? wherein? wherewith? whereby? Gen. 15, 8. 2) קברו *how great?* Zech. 2, 6; how many? Gen. 47, 8; how often? Ps. 78, 40; but sometimes it involves an exclamation more than a question, e.g. ער כפורה פעמים how many times! א K. 22, 16, שַׁרָים this (or

now) how many years! Zech. 7, 3. מה (where the union of and מה) למה is so firm, that the ny has lost the tone; the forms לְמָה (Job 7, 20) and (Ps. 42, 10; 43, 2) are only rare לְמָח exceptions) wherefore? why? Gen. 4, 6; לאָדה־וָד why then (or now)? Gen. 18, 13; sometimes it may serve for that not, lest, e.g. let me go, why should I kill thee? = that I kill thee not 1 Sam. 19, 17. The original form is used only before gutturals לְמָח and the name לפה for that, because, belongs to the later style, only in 1 Ch. 15, 13 למַבָּראשׁנָה for because that at the first. 4) לפה-ב א לער-פה how long? till what (time)? Ps. 74, 9. 5) על־מָד on account of what? wherefore? Is. 1, 5. — The is often prefixed to the following word, e. g. פַזָּה בּזָכם = בָזָכם Is. 3, 15; בְּזָכם 2 בַה-הַי = מַהַי Ex. 4, 2; מַח-זָה Ch. 30, 3; מָתּלָאָה = מַתּלָאָה Mal. 1, 13; טַה־רַדּגַ = טַהּגַע.

רקב Chald. i. q. Heb. interrog. pron. what? Dan. 4, 32; indef. קרח whatever that Dan. 2, 28; הקר like what? how! Dan. 3, 33; וואפי in warnings or cautions, lest Ezr. 4, 22, also קר לקרח Ezr. 7, 23.

ה (obs.) prob. akin to אוֹם, Sans. mih (pour), pay (flow), ap (water), L. amnis, vâµa, Gael. abhun, W. avon; hence to flow, run, hence (u^{-1}) .

, see קיה, p. 336.

(c. אָדאּבָת) f. confusion בידאָרָדָד Digitized by Google **15.** 22, 5; דים מחוזפת מ dendly consternation 1 Sam. 5, 11; tumult, noise Ez. 22, 5; pl. Am. 3, 9; r. דים.

קדרקן pr. n. m. (prob. for Syr. eunuch) Est. 1, 10.

קדַוֹתָר, Chald. part. plur. Aph.

1) pr. n.m. (God makes happy) Neh. 6, 10. 2) pr. n. f. (Jen. 36, 39.

קווי Chald. Dan. 2, 45 part. pass. Aph. of אַכָּו

קרזיר (c. מְרָזיר) adj. m. quick, prompt, ready Ps. 45, 2; r. עַרָד I.

Chald. infin. Pe'al of הראה: Chald.

לע_ akin to איז, Chald. אָרָדָל, to cut, emasculate, deprive of strength; fig. to dilute, make weak, of wine, only in Is. 1, 22; hence

בִּמְדָּל see בְּתָרָל.

שלה (c. לבה)m. 1) way, journey Jon. 3, 3. 2) a walk, path Ez. 42, 4; r. קלה.

ניסון (only pl.) m. prob. goings i.e. ingress and egress, only in Zech. 8, 7, where others prefer guides, part. Hiph. of אָלָה.

לְדָוֹם m. praise, applause Prov. 27, 21; r. לַדָּיָ.

pr. n. m. (praise of God) Gen. 5, 12; r. קלל.

מְדֵלֹם (only pl. מְדֵלֹם) m. blows, strokes Prov. 18, 6; r. דַלַם.

שה בים Ez. 8, 6 for ביה what they.

לר (only pl. מַהֲמֹרוֹת) f.sireams. floods, only in Ps. 140, 11; r. הַמַר.

לקהברה (c. מִרְשָּׁכָה) f. overthrow, destruction Deut. 29, 22; r. בַּשָּׁרָ.

ל בַרְקּבָּת f. prop. twisting, distortion, hence the wrench or stocks Jer. 20, 2; ביה בַּרָה בַּרָה לַהָּ the house of the storks, the prison 2 Ch. 16, 10; r. בַּנָה דָרָקָבָעָה Ez. 46, 22, see Hoph. of r. קצָע.

קיבר, II akin to בָּרָדָן, to buy, esp. a wife from her parents Ex. 22, 15; hence

קרא m. price or purchase-money, paid for a bride to her parents Gen. 34, 12.

(prop. inf. Pi. of סְדֵּר I) adv. speedily Deut. 4, 26. See ג נַיָּדָר I.

הַבְּיָהָיּהוּ f. haste, speed; hence בּבְיָהוּיהוּ in speed, quickly Ecc. 4, 12; אין קוּרָה as far as speed, quickly Ps. 147, 15; also as adv. speedily Josh. 8, 19; r. בְּרָה I.

קרר pr. n. m. (impetuous) 2 Sam. 23, 28.

pr. n. m. (haste לֵהֵר שָׁלָל דְשׁש בָּז the spoil, the prey hurries) Is. 8, 1.

קרה (only pl. מַדְהַלּוֹה) f. de-נַמְדָהַלּוֹת (only in Is. 30, 10; r. דְּהָרָ

 $\Box I =$ somewhat, used only pleonastically in poet. w. the prep. p, p, b so as to form $D_{p}, D_{p}, D_{p}, D_{p}$ (cf. Arab. \tilde{L} , \tilde{L} , for \tilde{L} , \tilde{L}), without affecting the sense.

שר II (r. כוֹא) m. same as Phen.

ים, water, in K'thibh of Job 9, 30 in snow water, where the Q'ri has בְּכֵי שָׁלָג; but the K'thibh may mean in snow; see אַנֹט.

אדר (obs.) perh. akin to אָדָר (which see), כָּאָרָ, כַּאָרָ, לַעוּגע, לס pour, to flow; hence בָּי, וו בּי, פַר

1) pr. n. m. (for כּוֹאָב זים father's water or perh. for זים דער דער father, i. e. begotten by the mother's own father Gen. 19, 82) Gen. 19, 37. 2) pr. n. of the land of Moab, hence fem.Jer. 48, 4: gentil. מוֹאָברָיד Deut. 23, 4, f. מוֹאָברָיד Ruth 1, 22, also 2 Ch. 24, 26, pl. 1 K. 11, 1.

only in K'thibh of Neh. 12, 38, see מוֹל.

אָרָא װער m. i. q. אָרָא entrance Ez. 43, 11; r. אַז = רָבָא.

to melt away or flow down; fig. to be dissolved or paralysed through fear Ps. 46, 7. — Niph. to be dissolved, dispersed, of a host 1 Sam. 14, 16; fig. to be unnerved or dismayed w. terror Ex. 15, 15. — Pil. Lin to cause to dissolve, to soften Ps. 65, 11; fig. to cause to pine or droop Job 30, 22. — Hithpôl. Lingry to flow down or melt Am. 9, 13; fig. to be dissolved or unnerved w. fear Ps. 107, 26.

קיד I (obs.) i. q. קיד, to stretch out, to extend; hence הָמָר.

אבים וו (Qal obs.) i. q. Arab. Je, akin to אבי, to be moved, to shake. — Pil. מודד to shake, cause to quake Hab. 3, 6, where to measure is prob. better, see

מודע) מודע Buth 2, 1) m. acquaintance; concr. an acquaintance Prov. 7, 4; r. דיד I. מוֹדְעָת f. an acquaintance Ruth 3, 2; r. דָדָע.

(fut. ימש i. q. Arab. של, to move, totter, of the foot Deut. 32, 35, of mountains Ps. 46, 3, of a land Ps. 60, 4, of persons Prov. 25, 26; נים *the hand trembles*, i. e. one's power is exhausted Lev. 25, 35. -Niph. כמיט (fut. רמיט) to be moved, to tremble, of the earth Ps. 82, 5, of men Ps. 13, 5; fig. of the steps, to trip, slip Ps. 17, 5. — Hiph. to cause to move, to set in motion; יַמֵרטד צַלַר they set mischief in motion against me Ps. 55, 4, cf. Ps. 140, 11 where K'thibh has רְמִיטוּ. ---Hithpôl. to be moved, to tremble or quiver Is. 24, 19.---Prob. akin to Sans. math (move), L. muto-moveo, W. mudo. Hence

סום m. 1) a tottering, stumbling, of the foot Ps. 66, 9. 2) a pole for carrying (prob. for its shaking or trembling motion) Num. 13, 23; prob. also a cradle or frame suspended from the pole Num. 4, 10. 3) a yoke Nah. 1, 13; r. באם.

לעָד, לעָד, 1) pole for carrying 1 Ch. 15, 15; לעָד שלי yoke-bands Lev. 26, 13. 2) yoke Jer. 27, 2; r. נאט.

to waste or pine away; fig. to become poor Lev. 25, 25.

Deut. 1, 1, see בול front.

לולי (fut. apoc. לעולי) akin to לוק, לעולים (fut. apoc. לעולים) akin to cise Gen. 21, 4; w. acc. of part Gen. 17, 23; fig. to circumcise the heart, i. e. to put away impurity or evil from the thoughts Dan. 10, 16 (cf. περιτομή χαρδίας Rom. 2, 29). — Niph. לואס for לואס Gram. § 78, Rem. 9 (inf. and imp. לואס)

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to circumcise oneself, to be circumcised Gen. 17, 26; fig. to circumcise oneself unto the Lord, i. e. to be heartily consecrated to him Jer. 4, 4. — Pil. סמולל to cut down Ps. 90, 6. — Hiph. to cut off, destroy Ps. 118, 10. — Hithpol. החבול to be cut off, to be blunted, of arrows Ps. 58, 8.

שלי לאל Deut. 1, 1 (w. suf. אָל Num. 22, 5; r. אָל III) prop. front, hence prep. before, in presence of Ex. 18, 19; opposite, in front Deut. 1, 1; אָל־טָרָשָוֹי גָל־טָרָשָוֹי front of a window towards a window, i. e. window facing window 1 K. 7, 5. אָרָכָשָּל towards, of motion Ex. 34, 3; at, in front, of rest Josh. 8, 33; אָרָשָׁי לָרָשָּל מָרָשָּל אָרָשָׁי לָרָשָּל הַרָּשָּל אָרָשָׁי לָרָשָּל הַרָּשָּל אָרָשָׁי לָרָשָּל הַרָּשָּל אָרָבָרָדָשָׁי לַרָשָׁי אָרָשָּל אָרָשָׁי לָרָשָׁי הַרָּשָׁי אָרָיָשָׁי אָרָרָשָּל אָרָשָּל הַרָּשָׁי גָרָשָׁי אָרָשָּל אָרָשָׁי לָרָשָּל הַרָשָׁי גָרָשָׁי גַרָשָׁי גָרָשָׁי גַרָשָׁי גָרָשָׁי גַרָשָׁי גַרָשָׁי גַרָשָׁי גַרָשָׁי גַרָשָׁי גָרָשָׁי גַרָשָׁי גַרָשָׁי גַרָשָׁי גַרָשָׁי גַרָשָׁי גַרָשָׁי גַרָשָׁי גָרָשָׁי גַרָשָׁי גַרָשָׁי גַרָשָׁי גַרָ

מוֹלָדָדוֹ pr. n. (birth) of a town in Judah Josh. 15, 26; r. ילַר.

גיללָרָת f. 1) birth, nativity Est. 2, 10; pl. natal days, nativity Ez. 16, 3; מוֹלָר מוֹלָר מוֹלָר מוֹלָר מוֹלָר 11, 28. 2) offspring Gen. 48, 6; also of one child Lev. 18, 9. 3) kindred Gen. 31, 3; race Est. 8, 6; r. בֹי

קרָלָה f. circumcision, only in Ex. 4, 26; r. אים.

קליד pr. n. m. (progenitor, r. גוֹלִיד 1 Ch. 2, 29.

obs.) akin to مربع to lack, be defective; perh. hence

שלים (for שלים) m. prop. a want or defect, hence a blemish or fault, of body Lev. 21, 17 or of mind Deut. 32, 5, cf. Job 11, 15; r. באָם. Cf. $\mu\tilde{\omega}$ - $\mu o \varsigma$, E. maim.

מוּיז part. Hoph. of מוֹבָיה.

קינה (obs.) prob. akin to שָׁרָה, to cut or sever, hence (cf. אָרָא) to form; hence מָשֹרָה, קיין, Chald. אָפָא בקב m. a circuit or area around a house, only in Ez. 41, 7; prop. part. Hoph. of אַכָּבָ

ר לפַעָּדָר (only pl. רוּשָׁעוֹר) f. folds or leaves of doors, perh. so called from their turning, only in Ez. 41, 24; r. בָּבָ

לוסָרָי (only pl. מוֹסָרוֹת) (only pl. מוֹסָרוֹת) ל f. foundations of a building Jer. 51, 26, of the earth Is. 24, 18; hence ruins, where only foundations remain Is. 58, 12; r. רָסָר.

מקסר מוקד מוקד מוסעת מ foundation שלוקס m. a foundation well founded Is. 28, 16; r. רַסַר.

נוקסד Is. 28, 16 for כוּסָד, Hoph. of יָכָסָד; cf. Gram. § 71.

לוְּסָרָדוֹ f. 1) a foundation, pl. Ez. 41, 8 Q'ri. 2) an appointment, decree; rod of appointment i. e. decreed by God Is. 30, 32; r. יקר.

תוּסָך: m. a covered walk, portico, only in 2 K. 16, 18 Q'ri; r. סַבָּן:

. מוֹסָרים (for מָאָסָר אָזָרָים) מוֹסָר, אָסָרָיז (אָסָר ז', מוֹסָרָיז (אָסָר ז', מוֹסָרָיז (אָסָר ז', מוֹסָרָיז Ps. 2, 3. 2) pr. n. (perh. correction, r. מוֹסָרָה, w. ד, ווּסָר, also pl. מוֹסָרָיז Num. 33, 30) of a station in the desert Deut. 10, 6.

שריש ה. 1) correction, chastisement Prov. 23, 13; ישריש the rod of correction Prov. 22, 15; perh. in Job 12, 18 אמיםר מלכרים פרות annuls the penalty of kings, but prob. better he loosens the band (as if result of discipline Prov. 1, 2; r. כָּיָר.

מיסר pr. n., see מוסרות מוסרה.

(only in pl. מוֹעָדָים) m. assemblies or musters, troops, only in Is. 14, 31; r. יעַר I.

(only pl. מוֹעָרוֹת) f. festivals, only in 2 Oh. 8, 13; r. יעד I.

ל גריעוד f. an appointed place or asylum, ידערער לענדי pointed place, i. e. cities of refuge, only in Josh. 20, 9; ר. יבון I.

קַצָר Job 12, 5, see מָרָצָרָ

ער אין די די pr. n. (assembly of די) Neh. 12, 17; r. יער.

קצר Prov. 25, 19, see קצר.

בויבה m. darkness, only in Is. 8, 23, i. q. געניק: r. דעיק II.

לוצרית (only pl. מוֹצָצוֹה) f. counsels, resolutions Prov. 1, 31; r. ידַעַר.

66, 11; r. pressure, affliction Ps.

『드기2 1 K. 10, 18, part. Hoph. of 기후.

m. prop. a splendid or conspicuous deed, hence a miracle Ex. 4, 21; often w. Fink, signs and wonders Ps. 135, 9; w. דיי Deut. 6, 22, בזיי Jer. 32, 20, to give or exhibit a prodigy or miracle. 2) a sign, proof, since miracles were performed as divine proofs Ps. 71, 7; a portent Is. 8, 18; מּאָשִׁי מיאַמ *men of omen*, serving as a kind of presage Zech. 3, 8; r. פָסָר ביי,

עריע akin to אָדָאָ, Byr. אָבָ, 1) to press, hence part. אַבָּעָ the oppressor, only in Is. 16, 4; cf. אָדָע. 2) to press or crush off, to separate; hence

לוץ m. chaff, prob. because beaten off or separated in threshing Zeph. 2, 2.

(pl. c. מוֹצָאַי w. --- firm; r. MST) m. 1) a coming or going forth, exit 2 Sam. 3, 25; a promulgation, w. דָּבָר Dan. 9, 25; rising of the sun Ps. 19, 7; exportation 1 K. 10, 28. 2) place of issue, a spring-head, w. ברָם Is. 41, 18; fig. soil or ground, w. Job 38, 27; mine or vein of metal Job 28, 1; the east Ps. 75, 7; a way out, a door Ez. 42, 11; hence the ports of morning מוצאר בקר ושרב and evening, i. e. the east and the west as connected w. the sun's rising and setting Ps. 65, 9. 3) utterance Deut. 8, 3, speech Num. 30, 13. 4) pr. n. m. (out-let or issue) 1 Ch. 8, 36. part. Hoph. of XX.

(only pl. w. suff. יוֹדָאוֹחִדין (only pl. w. suff.))
 f. 1) out-goings, descents or lineages
 Mic. 5, 1. 2) privies or sewers, outlets for dung and filth 2 K. 10, 27
 Q'ri, but K'thibh better אָרָאוֹד (ג. 10, 27);
 cf. Mark 7, 19 εἰς τὸν ἀφεδρῶνα ἐχπορεύεται; r. אַדָּ.

רַצָּע m. 1) a fused or compact mass Job 38, 38. 2) a casting of metal 1 K. 7, 37; r. אַרַ I.

ראַבר אָר גיין (in p. בָּיָם גְּבַוּאָב מוש) m. narrowness, opp. to רְיַב בָיָם בְּבַוּעָר זָיָם גָּבוּעָר the broad water is in a narrow channel Job 37, 10, cf. 36, 16; fig. distress Is. 8, 23; r. ביים I.

ו (only pl. רוּצָקוֹת) f. tubes or funnels for pouring, only in Zech. 4, 2; r. דָצָק I.

רַבְּאָרָא or רַבְּאָרָע (w. suf. יֹהְאָרָאָ) f. a founding or casting, only in 2 Ch. 4, 8; r. דָאַרָ I.

לוֹקָד m. a burning Is. 33, 14; fuel Ps. 102, 4; r. דָרָד.

f. hearth or fuel on the altar, only in Lev. 6, 2; r. יקר.

שרח בורשים) m. a noose or snare Am. 3, 5; a ring in the snout for fastening a beast Job 40, 24; fig. a plot, stratagem Ps. 140, 6; מוקשי snares of death, deadly dangers Ps. 18, 6; hence of a man, a plotter, schemer Ex. 10, 7; r. שר

(only pl. מּוֹקְשׁוֹה) f. snare, plot, only in Ps. 141, 9; r. מָרָקָשָׁר.

לר see ביור.

ער (Qal obs.) akin to אָרָמָד, II, דְּמַר, II, גָּמָר, to change, exchange, barter. — Niph. אָרָ (for גָמוֹר אָרָא, to be changed Jer. 48, 11. — Hiph. יְמָרָי (perh. once דְּמִרָּיר Jer. 2, 11) to change, exchange Lev. 27, 33; w. אָ to exchange for something Ps. 106, 20, also to change into something Hos. 4, 7; intrans. to alter, change one's mind Ps. 15, 4; to fall to ruin Ps. 46, 3.

לורָא בור אָקָם (w. suf. בורַאָּקם Gen. 9, 2, pl. בורָאָדם Deut. 4, 34) m. fear Deut. 11, 25; respect, reverence Mal. 1, 6; object of fear Is. 8, 12; fig. an astounding deed, a miracle or prodigy (cf. τέρας) Deut. 26, 8; r. יָרָא.

בור ארז Zeph. 3, 1 rebelling, part. f. Qal of פָרָה I; Gram. § 75, Rem. 22.

גוֹרָגָ (pl. מוֹדְגָים 2 Sam. 24, 22, מוֹדְיגִים 1 Ch. 21, 23) m. i. q. Arab. גענה *a threshing-sledge* Is. 41, 15; r. בָרָג

עוֹרָדָ m. 1) a descent, declivity Josh. 7, 5. 2) a hanging, festoon, festoon, מעָקָשָׁה מוֹרָד קַרָבָד festoon-work 1 K. 7, 29; r. דָרָד

ו מורָה I m. a razor Judg. 13, 5; r. פָרָה II.

לוֹרָה II (ד. ירָה) m. teaching, instruction, in K'thibh of Ps. 9, 21 (where Q'ri is מירָא *fear*); hence i. q. קית מורָא and so מירָא may be equal to אוֹרָה ; comp. אוֹרָה

מוֹרָט (prop. part. Pu. for כָּרָט) adj. m. prop. polished, fig. sharp, impetuous Is. 18, 2; cf. דָר Hab. 1, 8.

בוֹרָיגִים 1 Ch. 21, 23 for מוֹרָיגָים, see מוֹרָג.

מרייה, see מוריה.

עלרָשׁ (pl. c. מוֹרְשָׁי w. the firm) m. possession Is. 14, 23; שוֹרָשׁי the possessions of the heart, i. e. fancies, imaginations Job 17, 11; r. בַּשָ

לוֹרָשֶׁה f. possession Ex. 6, 8; r. יִדָשׁה.

pr. n. (possession of Gath) of a town near Eleutheropolis

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Mic. 1, 14; gentil. n. דמורשהי Jer. 26, 18.

U. I (fut. تحت) akin to تحتی to move away, depart Is. 22, 25; w. acc. to depart to Zech. 14, 4; w. p, to depart from Num. 14, 44; to put away, remove Zech. 3, 9. — Hiph. to let go, relinquish Nah. 3, 1; to withdraw, w. P. Mic. 2, 3; to depart Ex. 13, 22; w. P. to give over, cease from Jer. 17, 8.

ت الن ال i. q. شيني, to feel or touch Gen. 27, 21. — Hiph. to handle Ps. 115, 7.

בושבי (כ. בושבי, ש. און פושבי; pl. c. בושבי, once בושבי Ez. 34, 13) m. 1) a seat 1 Sam. 20, 18; a site or situation 2 K. 2, 19. 2) a sitting or session Ps. 1, 1. 3) a dwelling Gen. 27, 39; ביח מושב a dwelling-house Lev. 25, 29. 4) a tarrying or stay Ex. 12, 40. 5) dwellers, inhabitants, abstr. for concr. 2 Sam. 9, 12; r. בשב.

בולשי pr. n. m. (perh. withdrawn, r. בולשי Ex. 6, 19; also patron. for מושיי Num. 3, 33.

(only pl. c. נוּשְׁכָּח) f. bands or ropes, only in Job 38, 31; r. שָׁשָ:

(only pl.) f. deliverances, only Ps. 68, 21; r. יַשָּׁע

ראים, 2 א האָש בע. 28, 8; inf. abs. אים, 2 p. אים בע. 28, 8; inf. abs. אים, c. אסר בע. 28, 8; inf. abs. אים, c. אסר בע. 1977, apoc. אים to אוש, אסר אים, apoc. אים to אוש, אסר אים to אוש, אסר אים to atree Job 14, 8; to lie waste, of a field Gen. 47, 19; to faint, of the heart 1 Sam. 25, 37; to perish, of a state Am. 2, 2; part. אסר מעניין to a dying person Gen. 20, 3; a dead person or a corpse, male or female Num. 19, 11, cf. Gen. 23, 4 (see Gram. § 107, 1, d, Bem.); pl. ביים the dead Is. 8, 19; also of idols as opp. to the living God Ps. 106, 28. — Pil. מוֹחָת to kill Ps. 34, 22. — Hiph. יוֹק נערח קטרח, apoc. בערח (2 pers. גערח, apoc. בערח (2 pers. גערח, apoc. בערח (2 pers. גערח, apoc. דערח) to cause to die, to put to death Judg. 16, 30; to kill, of disease etc. Ex. 16, 3; part. pl. מוֹחָרָם slayers, destroyers Job 33, 22. — Hoph. הערח, be put to death Deut. 21, 22. — Prob. akin to Sans. muth (to kill), βροτός, L. mors, W. marw, G. morden, E. murder. Hence

Chald. m. death Ezr. 7, 26.

דרת Ps. 48, 15 perh. for דֶּיֶת, but see עַלְמות.

מותר m. profit Prov. 14, 23; eacellence Ecc. 3, 19; r. דְרָת I.

לאָלָאָ Chald. Dan. 3, 19, see r. אָזָאָ הַקִּעַהָהָ w. suf. הַיְעָהַרוֹית (c. קיִעָּה ש, w. suf. קיִעָּרוֹי pl. היקער ש, מי altar Lev. 1, 5; cen. 8, 20 to build an altar; w. ה - וכבה במִיְבָהָה ס the altar Lev. 1, 9; בר ת ז.

μίσχα, μίσχα,
 μίσχα, μίσχα,
 misceo, Gael. measgain, W. mysgu,
 mischen, Ex. to mix; hence

קרוב m. prop. mixture, hence spiced wine, only in Cant. 7. 3.

געניו א געניו ו (obs.) i. q. איז א געניין געניין איז א געניין געניין געניין א
שלאָדָה adj. m. sucked out, exhausted; אוי רְעָב those exhausted by hunger, only in Deut. 32, 24; ר. קוי I.

קקר בעָדָ Ex. 4, 2 for מָח-וָם, Gram. § 37, 1.

קדָר pr. n. m. (perh. firm, r. יַיָּסָ) Gen. 36, 13.

(only pl. מְזָוָים) m. garners, only in Ps. 144, 13; r. מָזָוָ II.

וֹדָדוֹ f. a door-post Ex. 21, 6; pl. Deut. 6, 9; prob. r. זָיָם.

m. food Gen. 45, 23; r. 71 I.

Chald. m. food Dan. 4, 9.

רולך m. 1) binding of a wound; fig. healing, remedy Jer. 30, 13. 2) snare or net Obad. 7. 3) hurt, suffering Hos. 5, 13; r. דאר II.

נסא:) perh. akin to Arab. ה conjug. X (ר=ז) to be firm; hence perh. קוווָה.

(obs.) perh. akin to נְתָּוֹת II, to gird; hence

חַוַם m. 1) a girdle Ps. 109, 19. 2) a bond, fetter Is. 23, 10; r. נְטָק סַר הַדָּון II.

חַיִדָּם) m. a girdle, only in Job 12, 21.

רדיך Prov. 17, 4 for מַאַוּיך part. Hiph. of אָזָן, denom. of אָזָן

(only pl. דָּלָב) m. prop. wanderers of the sky, hence wandering stars, planets, only in 2 K. 28, 5; r. אול וו בול, Perh. more correctly i. q. Arab. בנן station, hence pl. the twelve stations or signs of the zodiac; cf. אָשָ

בְּוָלֵב m. a fork, flesh-hook 1 Sam. 2, 13; r. גָלָו.

(only pl. מִיְלָנוֹת) f. forks Ex. 27, 3.

Tr: 17 f. prop. combining or spinning, hence 1) thought, planning Ps. 10, 4; counsel, purpose Ps. 37, 7. 2) device, plot Prov. 12, 2; hence mischief Ps. 139, 20. 3) counsel, prudence Prov. 1, 4; r. Dyj.

חוְבָּוֹת m. a song or lay, a psalm, only in headings or titles of Psalms, as over Ps. 3; r. יָזַיָ.

קוֹמָרוֹת (only pl. גַּזְמָרוֹת) f. pruning-knives or hooks Is. 2, 4; r. זַמַ.

קַזַשְּׁרוֹח (only pl. מְזַשְּׁרוֹח) f. anuffers 1 K. 7, 50; r. זַבָּר.

עַזְעָל m. smallness, fewness Is. 16, 14; of time, אָפָט פֿוּצָט מעריץ little time Is. 10, 25; r. גען.

آري I (obs.) perh. i. q. Arab. مَنْزَرَ perh. to be corrupt or foul, hence perh. to mix levelly, of the sexes; hence يَعْتَر.

ער אוח אין דער אוח אין דער אווי (obs.) perh. akin to דיד ווי, דיך II, to bind or combine; hence

קורים (only pl. בְּזָרָים) m. prob.i. q. c, northern constellations, then the north or north-winds, only in Job 87, 9.

לאָר (only pl. דָּרָיח) m. perh. i. q. (סוון בין בין בין בין לאָר ($\epsilon = r$) the planets, or zodiacal signs Job 38, 32; but prob. from r. (דָרָן II,hencesignifying groups or the northern constellations.

m. i. q. Arab. אַיָּרָה, a winnower or fan, i. e. a shovel or fork for winnowing Is. 30, 24; г. דָּרָה.

עַזְרָת (r. יָזָרָ כ. ג'זָרָ שָׁיָדָ, w. יָשָרָ loc. אָזָרָ 2 Ch. 31, 14) m. prop. dawn, the east, Ps. 103, 12, fully שַּׁיָרָא נּשָׁרָ sun-rising, east Deut. 4, 47; מַזְרָחָה שָׁשָׁש Ex. 27, 18, שַׁשָּׁש Deut. 4, 41, eastward; יָדָרָתוֹ east of Jericho Josh. 4, 19.

ביוְרָע (c. בִיוְרָע) m. i. q. Arab. בִּוְרַע רְאֹר, a place sown, a field, בִּוְרַע seed-land of the Nile, only in Is. 19, 7; r. דָרָע.

רְקָרָקִם (pl. כְּזְרָקִם m. a sprinkler or basin, for sacrificial use Num. 4, 14; then a wine-bowl, perh. so called from its resemblance to the sacred basin Am. 6, 6; r. בָּרָק.

(סון קוֹת (only pl. מִוְרָקוֹת) f. sacrificial bowls Ex. 38, 8; r. דְרַק.

בעח בלח בעח adj. m. 1) fat, marrowy, pl. ביח fat ones, i. e. fat sheep Ps. 66, 15 (cf. Arab. مَجْعَيْنُ marrowy, of a fat sheep). 2) fig. wealthy, noble Is. 5, 17; r. התח.

ק m. marrow, only in Job 21, 24; r. בְּתַוּח.

אקקא (fut. יְמְקוּא) akin to בָּק to strike; w. פָּק, to clap the hands Ps. 98, 8. - Pi. (inf. w. suf. יְמָוֹאָרָ) to strike, clap, w. בַּבָ בַב. 25, 6.

Dan. 2, 34. — Pa. to strike, smite Dan. 2, 34. — Pa. to strike, w. אַרָּר on the hand, hence to hinder Dan. 4, 32. — Ithpe. to be hammered or fixed fast, i. e. nailed on, w. אָצ Ezr. 6, 11.

אָרָאָ Chald. Dan. 5, 19 part. Aph. of דְרָא

שבחבא m. concealment, hidingplace, only in Is. 32, 2; r. קרָא I.

(only pl. מַחַבֹּאִים) m.

hiding-places, only in 1 Sam. 23, 23; קבא I.

f. union, connexion of two things Ex. 26, 4; r. וְדָרָת

רְשָׁבְרָוֹח (only pl. רְשָׁבְרָוֹח) f. prop. couplers, hence 1) beams, as connecting parts of a building 2 Ch. 34, 11. 2) cramps, iron-fastenings 1 Ch. 22, 3; r. בָרָ I (Pi'el).

בָּחָבָת f. a pan, a frying-pan Lev. 2, 5; r. הָבָת.

f. a girdle, belt, only in Is. 3, 24; r. הָנָר.

קנד (obs.) perh. akin to קנד, to be renowned; hence מחידא.

וֹתָדָדָ I (fut. רְאָדָד) akin to prop. to strike or stroke; hence 1) to wipe 2 K. 21, 13; to wipe out letters, i. e. to erase Ex. 32, 32; fig. to forgive sins Ps. 51, 3; to wipe off men, i. e. to make a riddance of them Gen. 6, 7. 2) to touch on, w. y, i. e. to border upon or adjoin, geographically Num. 34, 11; hence also בְּחָד, a touch or stroke. — Niph. (fut. apoc. רְעָה for רְעָה Ps. 109, 13) 1) to be wiped out, of letters, i. e. erased Ps. 69, 29; fig. to be removed, of reproach Prov. 6, 33; to be forgiven, of sin Ps. 109, 14. 2) to be wiped off, i. e. destroyed Judg. 21, 17; to fade from memory, of a name Deut. 25, 6. — Pu. to be stroked or smeared over, only part. קמָחָרָם fat things covered over or perh. basted (in the roasting), only in Is. 25, 6, but see אַתָּד II. -- Hiph. (fut. apoc. הַעָּד Neh. 13, 14) to wipe off, destroy Jer. 18, 23; inf. לְמָחוֹת for לְחַמְחוֹת Prov. 31, 3.

דער אנה II (Qal obs.) prob. akin to דעי perh. דָרָשָ, to be marrowy, full of marrow, only in Pu. part.

עַמָדָיָדם בָּאָדָיָדם Is. 25, 6 fat things (or viands) full of marrow (pl. of בְּאָדָה for בְּאָדָה, see Gram. § 93, 9, Rem.); see Pu. of בָּאָדָה I.

f. compass or compasses, for striking a circle, only in Is. 44, 13; r. הענ

לודרים (c. דודים) m. prop. a refuge; hence a harbour, haven, only in Ps. 107, 30; r. דוד.

אָדְהָרָאָל and בְּדְהָרָאָל pr. n. m. (smitten by God i. e. paralyzed, r. קווי I) Gen. 4, 18.

ש ה. (only pl.) pr. n. (perh. villagers, r. הָיָה II) of a people, Mahavites 1 Ch. 11, 46.

m. 1) prop. a wheeling round, hence a dance in a circle Ps. 30, 12. 2) pr. n. m. (dance) of a renowned singer, whose descendants were called איז דּבָר מָרוֹל 1K.5,11; r.

(פְחַלוֹת (pl. בְּחֹלָה) f. a dance Cant. 7, 1; pl. Ex. 32, 19.

m. a sight, vision Gen. 15, 1; r. הָוָה.

קָּתְוָדָה f. prop. a view, hence a window 1 K. 7, 5; r. חַוָה.

קווי אות pr. n. m. (visions, r. 1 Ch. 25, 4.

קּתָּה (obs.) prob. akin to מָּתָה II, i. q. Arab. أَمَع to be marrowy of a bone, to be fat of a sheep; hence תק. תָּשָ

m. a stroke or blow, only in בָּתָה Ez. 26, 9; r. בָּתָה I or בָּתָם.

אָרָדָדָא pr. n. m. (perh. renowned, r. בָּגָד: 2, 52.

קרָרָה f. 1) r. דָרָדָר, preservation of life Gen. 45, 5; fig. sustenance, livelihood Judg. 6, 4. 2) r. דָרָדָן I, a wound or sore Lev. 13, 10.

מחרי אל see ברדי אל.

בּהְלָקָה

(pl. בְּדָרִים (pl. בְּדָרִים) m. 1 price, שַרָּבְּדִרִיר (prov. 17, 16; בְּבָּדִרי at a price 2 Sam. 24, 24; לאֹ-בְּםְדּר not at a price i. e. gratis Is. 45, 13. 2) hire, wages Deut. 23, 19; pl. sums or moneys got by selling Ps. 44, 13. 3) pr. n. m. (hire) 1 Ch. 4, 11; r. עַרָּב

מחולה see בהולה.

קרק בַּרְשְׁלָה pr. n. f. (an invalid, r. דְשָׁלָה I) Num. 26, 33.

לוחלה f. disease Ex. 15, 26; r. קלה I.

בְּחֲלֶה (c. מֲחֲלֵה) m. sickness Prov. 18, 14; r. תָלָה I.

קראלות (only pl. מְחָלוֹת) f. holes or caves Is. 2, 19; r. הַלָּל I.

יַמָדָלוּד (only pl. מַדֵּאָלִיִים) m. diseases, only in 2 Ch. 24, 25; r. דַּלַה I.

י דערן pr. n. m. (an invalid, r. I) Buth 1, 2.

יקלי pr. n. m. (weakling, r. מַקְלָי I) Ex. 6, 19.

קַרָקָלָפָרָס.) שַרְקַלָפָר (only pl. גַּחֲלָפָר) m.slaughter-knives, only Ezr. 1, 9 (cf. Syr. לבן, Chald, אַלפּר, a knife); r. גַרָּלַרָק.

ings or plaitings of hair Judg. 16, 13,

cf. Arab. خَلِيفٌ twisted; r. إرتجا

מְחַלְאָת (only pl. בּחַלָּצוֹת) f. holyday garments, festive array Is. 3, 22; r. הַלָץ I.

בְּדְלְקָרָהוֹן Chald. (only pl. w. suf. (בַּדְלְקָרָהוֹן) f. courses of the Levites Ezr. 6, 18; r. בָּבָ

קרחבי (prob. r. און 111) 1) m. prob. a lyre or guitar, a sweet musical instrument or perh. a sweet tune Ps. 53, 1; 88, 1. 2) pr. n. f. (perh. guitar) Gen. 28, 9.

m. gentil. n. Meholathite, an inhabitant of אָבַל מְחוֹלָה 2 Sam. 21, 8.

only pl. f. milky or soft curds; fig. flattering words, only in Ps. 55, 22, where prob. it stands for מַחְכָּאוֹת than curds; see הַמְכָּאוֹת.

בְּחְבָּרָם (כ. בָּחְבָּר, pl. בַּחְבָּרָ), c. קים (בַּחְבָרָם (c. בָּחְבָרָם (בָּחָבָרָ), m. 1) a delight, an object of desire 1 K. 20, 6; pl. fig. of children, darlings Hos. 9, 16. 2) pl. charms or attractions Cant. 5, 16. 3) something coveled or precious, pl. Is. 64, 10; r. בָּבָר.

לְרָעלד (only pl. בְרָעלד), also שַרְשָליד Lam. 1, 11 in K'thibh) m. objects of desire, precious things Lam. 1, 7; r. הָעָר.

בקומודים Lam. 1, 11 in K'thibh, see מַוֹמי

לקאָר f. leaven, what sours Ex. 12, 19; r. יְהָהָי

רְקַנָן Chald. Dan. 4, 24 inf. Pe. of רְתָן.

לבוקרית (only pl. בְּקַעָּרָה, cf. L. castra) f. camps or bands Gen. 32, 8; courts of the Lord, i. e. stations of the priests 2 Ch. 31, 2; ר. קנה I.

אָרָקרָים (c. מָרְאָרָה אָרָשָׁרָס, w. suf. דָרָקרָס, du. מָרָאָרָם prob. implying 2 parts, cf. L. castra) m. 1) a camp, of troops Josh. 6. 11, of nomads Gen. 82, 22, of the Israelites in the desert Num. 4, 5. 2) a host or army Ex. 14,

ł,

19; a band or troop Gen. 33, 8; a swarm of locusts Joel 2, 11; r. דְנָת I.

pr. n. (camp of Dan) of a place in Judah Judg. 18, 12.

די pr. n. (double camp; r. קנח I) of a Levitical town beyond Jordan Josh. 13, 26.

רַבָּק (c. בָּק) m. a strangling, only in Job 7, 15; r. הַזָּק.

אָנָקְשָׁר also בַּדְשָׁר (כ. בַּחָשָׁר אַ מַחָשָר אַ גַּחָשָר אַ גַּחַשָּר אַ: suf. בַּחָשָר אַ פּאַר פּר מַי m. a refuge, shelter Job 24, 8; fig. of God Ps. 46, 2; 142, 6; r. הַסָּה.

שׁרָכוֹם m. a muzzle, only in Ps. 39, 2; r. הַסָם.

עַקָּסוֹרְיָהָ (pl. w. suf. מַקְסוֹרְיָהָ (pl. w. suf. נַקְסוֹרָ (pl. w. suf. 10, 2) need, poverty Prov. 6, 11; איש מַקְסוֹר (ג, 10, 21, 17) a poor man Prov. 21, 17; pl. needs or wants Prov. 24, 34; r. הַוָּקָ.

קרָקָרָ pr. n. m. (דְּיָנָג is a refuge) Jer. 32, 12.

רַשָּרָ Ex. 16. 14, see רָשָרָ Ex. 16. 14, see

ערקין (fut. יְתָּרָשָׁ) prob. akin to יְתָּרָשָׁ, 1) to cleave or smite through, the loins Deut. 33, 11, the temples Judg. 5, 26; to wound Deut. 32, 39, cf. Num. 24, 8 אָרָשָּׁרִי רְּתָרָשׁ his arrows he wounds; hence to smash or crush Ps. 110, 6; to cut one's way through enemies Ps. 18, 39; fig. to restrain Job 26, 12. 2) fig. to dash or strike, to splash the foot in blood Ps. 68, 24; hence

ידיק m. contusion, wound, only in Is. 30, 26; r. ידיק.

רְעָרָהָ f. the half Num. 81, 86; r. הַצָּה.

다. 1) the half Ex. 80, 18.

2) the middle of the day, noon Neh. 8, 3; r. דְּצָד.

בְּדְצֹאֲרִים ו Ch. 15, 24 in K'thibh, גערים 2 Ch. 5, 12). גערים 2 Ch. 5, 12).

مَنْتَبَ akin to ppī (which see), مَتَبَ , مَتَبَ , Arab. مَتَبَ , to cut or sinite through, only in Judg. 5, 20.

הַשָּק, see r. הַבָּק.

(only pl. c. מָהְקָרָי) m. explorations, hence hidden or deep places, inmost recesses, only in Ps. 95, 4; r. קק.

קבר, I (obs.) i. q. קרוך I, קבר, I נְשָׁרָר, I נְשָׁרָר, I נְשָׁרָר, io buy or sell; hence

ון (obs.) perh. akin to דָרָרָן, to glow, to shine or dawn; perh. hence

ז עַתַרָאָד f. a sink or privy, only in 2 K. 10, 27 (K'thibh);r. הַרָּא.

שְׁרָרֶב (prop. part. Hoph. of דָרֶרָ m. a victim, a destroyed or ruined person, perh. to be so read in Job 5, 15 for ביבי see Gram. p. 374, Note¹.

עַרְרָשָׁר, pl. (w. suf. מַרְרָשָׁר, pl. מַרְרָשָׁר, pl. 15 am. 13, 21) f. cutting tool, perh. plough-share 1 Sam. 13, 20; r. הרש.

(w. suf. מְחַרְשָׁחֹ) f. perh. coulter 1 Sam. 13, 20; r. הַרָשָׁת קּהָר (c. קּהָר (קּהָרָת) לָקָרָת, tomorrow, fully יום הַפָּהָר to-morrow day Num. 11, 32; w. prep. לַפָּהָדָ, Jon. 4, 7, הָקָר פּרָה 19, 34, on the morrow, בִּשְׁהֵרָת דַיּוֹם הַ הַרּוֹא morrow of that day 1 Ch. 29, 21.

ביקם adv. on the morrow, w. אָ 1 Sam. 30, 17; ביים being adv. ending, as in ביחי

(פַהַשְּׁבוֹת .c, פַהֲשָׁבוֹח (pl. פַהֲשָׁבוֹת, c. פַהֲשָׁבוֹת f. 1) thought or purpose Gen. 6, 5. 2) skilled-work Ex. 31, 4; r. דַשָּׁר.

(cf. דְשָׁרָבָ f. 1) engineering-work (cf. דְשָׁרָן) 2 Ch. 26, 15. 2) skilfulwork Ex. 35, 33; plan, plot Est. 8, 5; r. דָשָׁב.

(בְרָשָׁבָי בּי בָרָשָׁבָי (pl) בַרְשָׁבָי (m. מַרְשָׁבָי (pl) מַרְשָׁבָי darkness Is. 29, 25; used adverbially, in darkness Ps. 88, 10; pl. dark places Ps. 74, 20; esp. of the grave, the shades Ps. 143, 3; r. בָּשָׁבָי.

שׁרָשׁת m. a peeling off or barking, used adv., only in Gen. 30, 37; r. אָטָרָ.

מַהְשָׁח pr. n. m. (perh. for בְּרַת grasping, r. הָיָה) 1 Ch. 6, 20.

(חַרָּאָדוֹ (חָרָאָדוֹ) f. 1) fire-pan or censer Lev. 16, 12. 2) pl. snuffdishes or trays Ex. 25, 38; r. בַּרָאָדוּ

ל. 1) prop. a crushing, hence destruction Ps. 89, 41. 2) terror, dismay Is. 54, 14; r. הָתָת.

f. a breaking in by a בַּרְחָרָת f. a breaking in by a thief, burglary Ex. 22, 1; r. דָתָר.

שם m. an incline or depression, only in תַשָּה (which see); r. נַטָה.

 کلی
 Chald. (3 pers. f. רַשָּׁי,

 3 pl. נשׁים, fut. אבים) akin to Heb.

 אבים, Syr. אבים, to reach or come to,

 w. > Dan. 4, 8, יש Dan. 7, 13; to

 come, of time Dan 7, 22; w. >z, to

 come upon Dan. 4, 21.

NUNU m. a broom or besom, only in Is. 14, 23; r. איט.

חַבְּחַבָּחַ m. slaughter or massacre, only in Is. 14, 21; r. הַבָּהַ.

אָשָׁדן (שַיַשָּ א. ד – וס.) adv. downwards Deut. 28, 43; w. prep. לְמַשָּה downwards Deut. 28, 13; below, under 1 Ch. 27, 23; שַרָּוָנָה מַדֶּוֹנָה below or less than our guilt Ezr. 9, 13; בּלַמַשָּׁה underneath Ex. 26, 24; r. נַטָּה.

עשה (c. ששה, pl. רששה, w. suf. יעשה (c. קעיה, pl. רשש, w. suf. יעשה (c. קעיה, pl. רשש, w. suf. יעשה (c. קעיה, pl. רששה), א. יעשה (c. support of mice (c. support of life Ps. 10, 11. 2) staff of bread, i. e. bread as the support of life Ps. 105, 16; a sceptre Ps. 110, 2, hence fig. empire Jer. 48, 17; a spear 1 Sam. 14, 27. 3) a stem or tribe, a branch or part of the national stock Num. 34, 13; the heads of the tribes 1 K. 8, 1; r. רשש.

תְּשָׁה (c. תְּשָׁה, pl. תְשָׁה; r. תָשָׁה, cf. גאויא from גאויאט) f. 1) a bed Gen. 47, 31; a couch, divan Est. 1, 6. 2) a litter or palanquin Cant. 3, 7. 3) a bier for the dead 2 Sam. 3, 31.

קשה (only pl. קשה) f. spreadings or expansions, only in Is. 8,8; r. נַיָה.

השט m. a stretching or straining, in a moral sense, only in Ez. 9, 9; r. נָטָד

קר (r. קרי (r. שרי)m. splendour, perh. to be read in Ps. 89, 45; see ניקו.

עמודע Lev. 14, 4 part. Hith. of ניס, Gram. § 54, 2, b.

שְׁתָרָה (r. דְּשָׁ, m. a spinning, spunspork, only in Ex. 35, 25; cf. μίτος.

קירל (c. יְמְיָדל) m. *a bar* of iron, only in Job 40, 18; from

עלל (obs.) perh. akin to אנה, א to lift or hurl, as an iron bar.

שָׁמָבון (pl. בַּהָשָׁנים) m. a

cellar or underground store for grain Jer. 41, 8; fig. pl. stores Is. 45, 3; treasure, in general Gen. 43, 23.

דעָשַ (c. געָשָ, pl. c. געָשָע Mic. 1, 6 w. the – firm) m. a planting Is. 61, 3; a plant Ez. 34, 29; r. געָשָ

מַטְצַאָּים (only pl. מַטְצַאָים) m. savoury dishes Gen. 27, 4; r. שַׁצָם.

לְטָצָמָר (only pl. הְטָצַמָר) f. dainties, only Prov. 23, 3. 6.

רְשְׁבְשָׁחוֹת (pl. מְשְׁמָחוֹת Is. 3, 22) f. a mantle or cloak, worn by women Buth 3, 15; r. האָם

(Qal obs.) perh. akin to مُطَرَ I, إِنَّا كَلَ Syr. مُطَرَ , Arab. مُطَرَ , to rain. — Niph. to be rained upon Am. 4, 7. — Hiph. to give rain Gen. 2, 5; fully جَمَوْتَ to rain rain Is. 5, 6; fig. to send down, cause to fall, of hail Ex. 9, 18, of lightning Ps. 11, 6, of fire and brimstone Gen. 19, 24, of manna Ex. 16, 4; w. 7, to rain with Job 20, 23, but see

קַשָּר (c. יְמָטָר; pl· c. מָשָר Job 37, 6) m. *rain* Ex. 9, 83.

בשָרָה Lam. 3, 12, see בְּשָׁרָה.

עָרָרָ pr. n. f. (a driving forth, r. קים Gen. 36. 39.

קרָקָרָקָ once אָטָרָק (Lam. 3, 12) f. 1) a keep, dungeon Jer. 32, 2. 2) aim or mark in shooting (cf. σχοπός) 1 Sam. 20, 20; г. נְנֵאָר.

י בְּשָׂרָי pr. n. m. (perh. rainy, r. נְשָטָר 1 Sam. 10, 21.

מוטה, see מטח.

.מים ,מוא see ביים

تي pers. pron. akin to Chald. ٢٩, Syr. مَنْ, Arab. مَنْ, — A) interrog. for persons (cf. مَنْ for things) m. and f., sing. and pl., who? Gen. 24, 65, for the fem. Buth 3, 9, the pl. Gen. 33, 5, cf. ترت (cf. عرت (cf. عرت (cf. م

refers to things, the idea of a person is included Gen. 33, 8. The following uses are to be noted: 1) in the genit. after a noun in constr. state, e. g. בְּח־מָש whose daughter? Gen. 24, 23; in the acc. שח־מִי whom? Is. 6, 8; w. pref. prep. as לְמָד for whom? Gen. 32, 18 (see Gram. § 122, 3). 2) which? who? e.g. בהם who among them? Is. 48, 14; מי אָדָד מן which one of -? Judg. 21, 8. 3) indirect interrog. after verbs e. g. לא ידענו מי שום we do not know who placed Gen. 43, 22. 4) w. אדו it answers to our who is it that -? Is. 50, 9; w. TRA IN, who is this that -? Ps. 24, 10. 5) when a neg. answer is assumed, שי may have apparently, but not really, the force of a neg. particle, e.g. קיי דאַמִין who hath believed? i. e. no one hath believed Is. 53, 1. - B) indefinite, whoever, every one, e. g. מֵי יַדָּרָר יָשָׁב whoever is afraid and trembling, let him return Judg. 7, 3; שָׁמָרוּ מִי בַיַעַר take ye care, every one, of the young man 2 Sam. 18, 12; w. whosoever Ex. 32, 33.

אבידְרָא pr. n. (perh. flowing waters, r. (דְרָא) of a city in Reuben Num. 21, 30; later belonging to Moab Is. 15, 2.

בִרְדָד pr. n. m. (love, r. בִרְדָד) Num. 11, 26.

pr. n. (Dimon-waters) of a place Is. 15, 9.

ידָע in K'thibh of Ruth 2, 1 i. q. גוויד.

אַלָּהָעָת K'thibh in Is. 12, 5 for the Q'ri גענדע see גווידע I.

ירקון see ברדוןרקון.

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pr. n. m. (gold-waters) Gen. 36, 39.

בר Ps. 66, 15, see בר חים.

מִיכָיָא pr. n. m. (perh. for מִיכָא who like יוּ יוּ Neh. 11, 17.

pr. n. m. (who like God?) of an angel Dan. 10, 13; Μιχαήλ Apoc. 12, 7.

מִיּבֶּדְאָ pr. n. m. (perh. for בְּיָבֶה who like יָיָי) *Micah*, the prophet Mic. 1, 1. (K'thibh Jer. 26, 18 (מִיבִיה).

ירָדָאָ p. n. m. (who like גייָדָא) 2 Ch. 18, 8 in K'thibh. (Q'ri גרירידי). קירָדָד pr. n. m. (who like גייָרָדָי) Neh. 12, 35.

ז'יָרָדָרָ 1) pr. n. m. (who like ז'יָרָז') 2 Ch. 17, 7; 2) pr. n. f. 2 Ch. 13, 2.

קרבי קר pr. n. m. (who like דייבי pr. n. m. (who like דייבי) Judg. 17, 1, 2 Ch. 18, 8 in Q'ri.

1) m. *a brook*, only in 2 Sam. 17, 20; r. בְּבָל 2) pr. n. f. (perb. brook) 1 Sam. 14, 49.

מֵימֵי pl. c. מֵי, redupi. form מֵי 2 K. 5, 12; w. suf. מֵימֵיה, פוימָים etc.; w. ד_ loc. מַרְמָה Ex. 7, 15) pl. m. of the obsolete sing. בי (Gram. § 88, Rem. 2) prop. the flowing, running (see verb קה or אים), hence water or waters (cf. Gram. § 108, 4, Bem. 1) Gen. 1, 9; מים קרים living water i. e. running water Gen. 26, 19; ים is frequent in the pr. n. of places referring to water thereabout (whether a fountain, stream, lake or marsh) as פי מָגָהי, waters of Megiddo, prob. the river Kishon Judg. 5, 19; שר ליז waters of Noah i.e. the deluge Is. 54, 9; שי ראש water of poppy i. e. poppy-juice Jer. 8, 14; מֵימֵי רְגַלָים feet-water, i. e. urine Is. 36, 12 Q'ri; מַפֵּר יְחוּדָה , semen virile זֵרָע for מָפָ Is. 48, 1; fig. dangers Ps. 18, 17;

weakness e.g. בְּיָהָד לְסֵיּם and it turned to water Josh. 7, 5.

water. בים see ברבר

from days of. ביקר from days of.

for ברבלרך for הקריקרן for ברבליך

pr. n. (opened waters) of גֵּר נֶפְרוֹוֹת a fountain near Jerusalem Josh. 15, 9.

רְבָרָרָן also רְיָבָרָן Neh. 12, 17, pr. n. m. (on right-hand) Neh. 12, 5, but הָכָרָן 1 Cb. 24, 9.

אריק m. prop. form or shape; hence species or kind, למינו according to its kind Gen. 1, 11; r. ארים. ----Akin to Copt. MINE (mode), perh. to G. miene, E. mien, manner.

(מֵינִיקוֹה, pl. מֵינְקְאָן (w. suf. מֵינְקָאָן), pl. מָינָקָאָ f. a nurse, wet-nurse Gen. 35, 8; prop. Hiph. part. of r. דְיָרָ.

מּשְּׁקָה, Ez. 41, 8 K'thibh i. q. מּשְׁרָה. מּשְּׁקָה, 2 K. 16, 18 K'thibh i. q. מַשְּׁקָה.

pr. n. (splendor, r. יקפֿע Josh. 13, 18, ciry Josh. 21, 37 (in some texts); later annexed to Moab Jer. 48, 21 Q'ri.

קריק m. pressure or squeezing out, only in Prov. 30, 33; r. סוע מדין.

אָשָא pr. n. m. (prob. retirement, r. ביש) 1 Ch. 8, 9.

אָדָי pr. n. m. (perh. for אָדָי פּרָשָׁאָל) איז איז אָדָי פּיַד איז אָדָי פּיַד איז איז איז איז איז (אָדָי פּיַד אָדָי פּיַד ד. 6, 22.

חשר m. 1) evenness; hence a level or plain Is. 40, 4; esp. the plain in Beuben near בַּיּרְבָא Deut. 3, 10; fig. straightforwardness, honesty Mal. 2, 6. 2) equity Ps. 45, 7; r. בָּשָׁר.

קרשה pr. n. m. (perh. retiring, r. מישה w. adj. ending ---) Dan. 1, 7.

 now known as the Moabite Stone or Inscription of Mesha; see the account of it in Zeitschrift d. Deutschen Morgenl. Gesellschaft for 1870, also in D^r. W. Wright's good article in the North British Review for Oct. 1870.

(only pl. בּישָׁרים) m. 1) evenness, smoothness Is. 26, 7; as adv. w. בְ Prov. 23, 31, w. ל Cant. 7, 10 smoothly; fig. concord Dan. 11, 6. 2) uprightness or equity Ps. 17, 2; as adv. uprightly Ps. 58, 2; w. ב Ps. 9, 9; r. בָשָׁר.

(only pl. בִרְּתָר) m. i. q. (מַיּהָדָרים) m. i. q. cords or cordage, of a tent Num. 3, 87; bow-strings Ps. 21, 13; r. יַהַר II.

יה, מַרְאֹרִים (pl. מַרְאֹרִים) m. pain, suffering Job 33, 19; fig. sorrow, grief Ps. 32, 10; r. פָאַר.

קראב see ביראוב.

יַרְבָּיר m. wealth or abundance, only in Job 36, 31; r. פָּבַר.

אַכְבָרָא pr. n. (prob. a band, r. קבן of a place 1 Ch. 2, 49.

קבּני pr. n. m. (perh. banded, r. קבן, 1 Ch. 12, 13.

ח בַּרְבָר m. mat or coarse cloth, only in 2 K. 8, 15; r. הָבָר.

קַבָּר (c. מְרָבֵּר) m. plaited-work or grating Ex. 27, 4; r. בָּבָ

(חָלָעָרָה , כַּעַבָּים , כַּעַבָּים , בַעַבָּר , 2 K. 8, 29)
f. 1) a striking or beating Is. 30, 26;
1. 2 Ch. 2, 9 wheat, beatings out, i. e. threshed wheat, but prob. we should read here (w. the Sept. Syr. and Vulg.) בְעָבָה food, hence wheat for food, as in 1 K. 5, 25. 2) a stroke or blow Jer. 30, 17; a wound Is. 1, 6;
fig. calamity Jer. 10, 19. 3) slaughter
1 Sam. 4, 10; r. בִּבָּר.

לְכָרָה f. prop. a burn, a brand in the skin Lev. 13, 24; r. בָּוָה.

(c. מְכוֹך) m. 1) a basis or

foundation Ps. 89, 15. 2) a stand or place, a site Is. 4, 5; מְכָּוֹךְ לְשָׁבְתָהָ place for thy dwelling in, i. e. the temple Ex. 15, 17; r. ד.

קרָרָרָדָ, w. suf. דָבּוּן, Gram. § 27. Bem. 1) f. 1) a base or stand 1 K. 7, 27. 2) a place, situation Zech. 5, 11. 3) pr. n. (foundation) of a place in Judah Neh. 11, 28.

ערויךה and אַכויךה (w. suf. קריתיה pl. קריתיה Ez. 21, 35) f. descent, nativity Ez. 16, 3; r. אנייד.

pr. n. Num. 13, 15.

pr. n. Jer. 36, 11.

לְיָכִיר pr. n. m. (prob. trader, r. כָּבָרי Gen. 50, 23; patron. כָּבָר Machirite Num. 26, 29.

(obs.) i. q. Arab. بَكِنَ, to be shallow, deficient in water, of a well; hence מיכל.

יקלאת Ps. 78, 70, see הכלאת 2.

מְכְלוֹת f. 1) completion, pl אָכְלָה perfections of gold, i. e. purest gold, only in 2 Ch. 4, 21; r. אָנָא II. 2) i. q. אָכָלָא מָרה, a sheepfold Hab. 3, 17; pl. w. suf. בְּלָא אֵרָה So. 9; r. בָּלָא

אַכְלוֹל m. prop. perfection, then splendour Ez. 23, 12; כְּבָשִׁר מִכְלוּל clothed in splendid array Ez. 38, 4; r. לַבָל I.

(only pl. מַרְלָלִים) m. prop. perfections, hence splendid garments Ez. 27, 24; r. בָלָל I. לָלָלָ m. perfection, completeness, only in Ps. 50, 2; r. אָלָג I.

רבלה (for נאָבָלָת cf. Gram. § 68, Rem. 2) f. food 1 K. 5, 25; r. אַבָּאָ.

מְכָמַזָּ (only pl. c. מְכָמַזַי) m. treasures, ouly in Dan. 11, 43; r. זְכָאָ

לְכָאָל pr. n. (a treasury, r. גָּרָאָל) of a city in Benjamin Ezr. 2, 27, now called Mukhmas; same as בָּרָבָשָׁ

רקקי m. a net, hunter's net, only in Is. 51, 20; r. פַבָּר II.

(only pl. מַרְטֹרִים) m. nets, מַרְטֹרִים) in Ps. 141, 10; r. פַּמַר II.

וְכְּלְרֶת f. a fish-net or seine Is. 19, 8; r. פַּבַי II.

גְרְבְאָרָהוֹ (ouly w. suf, נְרְבְרָהוֹ) ב a seine or drag-net Hab. 1, 15; r. בַזַר II.

עלקָרָע pr. n. of a city in Benjamin 1 Sam. 13, 2, but מבמש in Neh. 11, 31; see אַרָּבָע.

pr. n. (prob. hiding-place, בְּכָאָרָת) of a town Josh. 16, 6.

אָרָכָרְבָר pr. n. m. (perh. what as the liberal (נָרַב and נָרָב Ezr. 10, 40.

(יַרְכְּרָטָר (only dual הַרְכָּרָס, c. יָרָכְסָר, c. יָרָכָס) m. a sort of garment for the two legs, pair of drawers or trowsers Ex. 28, 42; r. יָסָ

סביק (obs.) akin to קביס to count or number; hence אָבָסָ and

مَحْمَسًا , m. i. q. Syr. مَحْمَسًا , Arab. مَحْسَنٌ, *a tribute*, as counted or paid to the Lord Num. 31, 28; r. تَوَيَّع or تَوَيَّع.

ר בְּכְטָה 1) a number of persons Ex. 12, 4. 2) a price Lev. 27, 23; r. בַּכָ

קַבָּה (c. גְּרְכָה) m. a covering Gen. 8, 13; r. הָטָק.

נ, געס (c. מְבָמָה) m. 1) a covering נג. 14, 11. 2) the caul or omentum, covering the bowels Lev.9, 19; comp. בעקר אָת-רַאָקָר Ex. 29, 13; ב. בעָבָ

קביבי pr. n. (a doubling or couple, r. בְּשָׁבָ of a place near Hebron Gen. 23, 17; בְּעָרָת הַעָּרָת the cave of Machpelah, used as a grave by Abraham Gen. 23, 9.

אַתר אוא (fut. יִמְעֹר) skin to אַקַדוּן, קרח , מאר , ניוד II, prop. to trade or barter (cf. יַכָר), hence to sell Gen. 25, 31; w. 1, of price Am. 2, 6, of means Nah. 3, 4; esp. to sell a daughter i. e. to part w. her in marriage for a price Ex. 21, 7; fig. to deliver over a people to their foes, w. בלא הוך for no value i. e. for naught Ps. 44, 13; w. בָּרָ, into the power of Judg. 2, 14. - Niph. : to be sold Lev. 25, 34; fig. to be delivered up Is. 50, 1; to sell oneself Lev. 25, 39. - Hith. to be sold Deut. 28, 68; fig. to sell oneself, i. e. to be addicted, e. g. הוחמבר לעשות to addict oneself to do evil 1 K. 21, 25. Hence

שליך (w. suf. מְרָרָא) m. 1) ware, article for sale Neh. 13, 16. 2) price or worth Num. 20, 19. 3) prob. a property or possession Deut. 18, 8, but see אָרָקר, ר. אָרָק.

עָרָר m. an acquaintance, only in 2 K. 12, 6. 8; r. נְרָר I.

אָלְרָדָז m. *a pit;* only in Zeph. 2, מָלָרָד קרָה *a salt-pit;* r. קרָה I.

(only pl. אָבְרָוֹת, w. — firm) f. prop. piercers or stabbers, then swords, only in Gen. 49, 5 (cf. μάχαιρα); r. בוּר I.

קרָרָ pr. n. m. (prob. precious, ד. קרָרָ 1 Ch. 9, 8. י אַכֵרְתָי m. gentil. n. a Mecherathite 1 Ch. 11, 36.

(פְּלָשׁלָים Lev. 19, 24 (pl. בְּלָשׁלָים) m. a stumbling-block Is. 8, 14; באד בי אב a rock (or stone) of stumbling Is. 57, 14; fig. an occasion of a fall or harm Ps. 119, 165; temptation or enticement Ez. 14, 3; temptation or enticement Ez. 14, 3; offence or scruple of conscience, compunction 1 Sam. 25, 31; r. לשָ

לַרְשָׁלָה f. 1) cause of offence, occasion of sin Zeph. 1, 3. 2) ruin Is. 3, 6; r. שָׁשָׁר.

בּרְכָּחָב m. 1) writing Deut. 10, 4. 2) a writing, hence an edict 2 Ch. 36, 22; a prescript or plan 2 Ch. 35, 4; a letter or epistle 2 Ch. 21, 12; a poem Is. 38, 9; ר. בַּחַב.

אָלָתָד, (w. suf. אָרָאָד) f. a breaking (w. suf. אָרָאָד). or smashing, only in Is. 30, 14; r. גַּרַאַד.

שבקת m. prob. i. q. בקת in Is. 38, 9, prob. a writing, a poem, only in title of some Psalms, e. g. 16 and 56; but many derive it from קרח to conceal, hence a secret or profound theme (cf. ἀπόχρυφον); while others take it to be akin to קרח, and hence a golden or precious ode.

שֹּרְאָשָׁ m. 1) a mortar Prov. 27, 22. 2) socket of a tooth, so called for its shape (cf. L. mortariolum, δλμίσχος) Judg. 15, 19. 3) pr. n. (a hollow) of a valley near Jerusalem Zeph. 1, 11; r. בעקש.

לא Num. 22, 5, see אים.

אָרָאָרָ Est. 7, 5 געלארי אָרָאָרָ Job 32, 18, געלארי דע עלא Ez. 28, 16, cf. Gram. § 74, Rem. 4; inf. געלארי Lev. 8, 33, ריגע Job 20, 22; fut. געלארי 1) trans. to fill, make full Gen. 1, 22; to fill with, w. acc. Ez. 8, 17 or w. דָם Ex.

ונ, 32; נכא דושלט to fill the shield, i. e. to put the person under cover of it Jer. 51, 11; קלא דל to fill the hand, i. e. to be occupied Ex. 32, 29; to fill the heart to do something, i. e. to take a resolution etc. Est. 7, 5, 2) intr. to be full, w. to overflow Josh. 3, 15; to be filled with, w. acc. Judg. 16, 27; of time, to be filled up or completed, as the days of pregnancy Gen. 25, 24; of the soul, to be sated Ex. 15, 9. -Niph. to be filled with, w. acc. Gen. 6, 11, w. y. Ez. 32, 6, w. > Hab. 2, 14; of desire, to be satisfied Ecc. 6, 7; of time, to be completed Ex. 7, 25; to be fully fenced or covered, of a person in armour 2 Sam. 23, 7. ---Pi. סלא) Jer. 51, 34; inf. סלא), קלאות, fut. יְכַלָּה רְכַלָּה Job 8, 21) w. to fill the hand i. e. to give a charge or office over to any one (cf. L. mandare) Ex. 28, 41; to fill one's hand, i. e. to bring gifts 1 Ch. 29, 5; fig. to satisfy cravings Jer. 31, 25; to complete a number Ex. 23, 26; to fulfil a promise 1 K. 8, 15; to fulfil or complete a time Gen. 29, 27, e.g. of gestation Job 39, 2; to fill up a cup of libation Is. 65, 11; to fill in gems, i. e. to set them Ex. 28, 17; w. by, to fill up and run over 1 Ch. 12, 15; to fill with, w. acc. Ex. 35, 35, w. פן Ps. 127, 5, w. ב 2 K. 9, 24. With another verb it serves for an adverb (Gram. § 142, 4, Rem. 1), e. g. קראה כַּלָאה cry ye, fill ye, i. e. call w. a full voice Jer. 4, 5; w. ellipsis of the other verb, e. g. מלא אחרי to go under- ללביח to fill up ללביח stood) after the Lord i. e. to follow him fully Num, 14, 24. - Pu. (only part. pl. מְכָלָאָים) filled in or set, w. 2 of the gem Cant. 5, 14. — Hith. to make one another full (Gram. § 54, 3. b) i. e. to crowd together or close

the ranks, w. 52 against Job 16, 10.
Prob. akin to Sans. ple, πλέος,
L. pleo, plenus, Irish lān, W. llawn,
G. voll, Engl. full, i, q. Syr. μ...

גרָאָלָא Chald. i. q. Heb. אַלָּא, to fill Dan. 2, 35. — Ithpe. to be filled Dan. 3, 19.

אָלָאָד adj. m., דְּלָאָד f. 1) intrans. full, e. g. אַלָא רָטָד full of days, i. e., advanced in age Jer. 6, 11; pregnant Ecc. 11, 5. 2) trans. filling up Is. 6, 1. 3) subst. fulness, e. g. אָשָׁר waters of fulness, i. e. full streams Ps. 73, 10. 4) adv. fully, in full number Nah. 1, 10.

T 파고 f. fulness, abundance, of grain Ex. 22, 28, of wine Num. 18, 27; said of the tithes of the fruits of the land, as if considered a superabundance; r. 않고.

קלאָדן (pl. w. suf. אָדָא גע) f. a filling in or setting of gems Ex. 28, 17; pl. v. 20; r. אָבָא.

m., only pl. 1) consecrations, i. e. the acts or ceremonies in the delivering over of an appointment or office Ex. 29, 22; fig. sacrifices of consecration Lev. 7, 37. 2) i. q. נקאר, a setting of gems Ex. 25, 7; r. אבע.

קלאָק: (c. פָלָאָק: pl. פַלָאָק: c. נילָאָק: r. נָלָאָק: m. 1) *one going* or sent on some errand or service, a

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messenger Job 1, 14. 2) an angel, as a messenger from God Gen. 48, 16; fally עלאק: דונשורים Gen. 16, 9 or עלאק: Ex. 14, 19; עלאק: דונשורים the destroying angel 2 Sam. 24, 16; by comparing Ex. 3, 2 with v. 4, it may appear that עלאק: may stand for עלאק: עלאים or שלאק: salso (on account of being God's messenger or minister) spoken of a prophet Hagg. 1, 13, of a priest Mal. 2, 7, of Israel Is. 42, 19.

בַלְאָבָה Chald. (w. suf. בַלְאָבָה) m. an angel Dan. 3, 28.

נקאבר (for אַלָאבר, c. רְעָלָאבר, w. suf. הָלָאבר, pl. c. רְעָלָאבר, prop. an errand or service, then business Dan. 8, 27; העברין עברית labour i. e. that involves labour Lev. 23, 7; a pursuit, trade or calling, e. g. of the artisan Ex. 31, 3; ministry or mission of the Levites 1 Ch. 9, 13; work Gen. 2, 2; pl. undertakings, works of God Ps. 73, 28; a fabric or manufacture Lev. 13, 48; goods 2 Ch. 17, 13; hence cattle Gen. 83, 14, cf. 1 Sam. 15, 9.

(only c. מַןְאָכוּח f. a מַןָּאָכוּח (only c. מַןָּאָכוּח f. a message, only in Hag. 1, 13; r. אָאָד.

ינלאָלָי pr. n. m. (my messenger or prob. for נְלָאָרָיָ messenger of דָיָ, ד. אָרָאָרָיָן a prophet, Sept. Maλaziaç Mal. 1, 1,

הַלָּרִים 2. Sam. 11, 1 for הַלָּאַרָים.

אַכָּרָאָרָעָרָ Nah. 2, 14, see Gram. § 91, Rem. 2.

קלבת Jer. 7, 18 for בלאכת

ראליב (for ראליב) f. fulness of waters, only in Cant. 5, 12 אל מלאיד on fulness, i. e. full streams, so Sept. להו האחף שעמד טאלדשט, Vulg. super fluenta plenissima; but others perh. better make it the setting or bezel of a ring; r. אלים. בלברש m. a garment 2 K. 10, 22; coll. raiment Job 27, 16; pl. 1 K. 10, 10, 5; r. לבָבָא.

קלבן (r. בָּלָם (r. בָּלָם) m. prop. a burning or brick-making, hence brick-kilnNah. 3, 14; brick-yard, prob. in Jer. 43, 9. ---- Cf. χάμινος (from χα(ω)=L. caminus, whence our chimney and kiln.

קלק (pl. בַּלָּרָם Job 6, 26, and בָּלָרָ Job 33, 32), f., in Heb. only poet. for ד, a word Ps. 139, 4; speech or discourse Job 13, 17; pl. matters or things Job 32, 11; fig. a by-word Job 30, 9; r. לַבָּר I.

לאָלָ Chald. (def. אַרָּשָׁרָא, וּדָשָּׁהָ Dan. 2, 5; pl. דְשָׁרָ, def. אָשָׁרָ 1) a word Dan. 4, 28; esp. a command Dan. 3, 28; pl. Dan. 7, 11. 2) discourse Dan. 2, 9. 3) a matter or thing Dan. 2, 8; r. בָּבָ

קלא Ez. 41, 8, see בלל Ez. 41, 8, see

קלל Ez. 28, 16 for כָּלל, r. בָּלַל; see Gram. § 75, Rem. 21, c.

קלא see בלוא.

א שלא m. prop. a filling up, hence 1) a rampart 2 Sam. 5, 9. 2) a fortress or citadel, a castle in Sichem Judg. 9, 6; r. אלים.

כלאים, see כלהאים.

אָשָׁלאָדָן m. a species of saltish plant, sea-purslain or marsh-mallow, eaten only by the poor (Sept. ຂັλιμα) Job 30, 4; r. א א א א א א א א א א א א א --- Akin to μαλάχη, L. malva, G. malve, E. mallow, F. mauve.

مَحْدَمو pr. n. m. (i. q. Syr كِلاَة: a counsellor; r. (بَعَلَة: 1 Ch. 6, 29.

גלוּכָה, also בְּלָכָה (1 Sam. 10, 25) f. a kingdom or royalty 1 K. 2, 15; dom, i. e. the royal throne of the kingdom, i. e. the royal throne 1 K. 1, 46; the city of the kingdom, i. e. the capital 2 Sam. 12, 26; בָּשָׁה

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שלול pr. n. m. (my counsellor) in K'thibh of Neh. 12, 14; see ביליך.

קלק (כ. דָּלָם) m. a night's-lodging or rest Is. 10, 29; then an inn, caravanserai Gen. 42, 27; r. דָל I.

קלוקה f. a night-hut, lodge Is. 1, 8; r. ד לו I.

קלושָׁרָ slandering Ps. 101, 5 K'thibh for Q'ri שָׁלָשְׁנִי m^elösh'ni', part. Po'el of שָׁיָ w. --- paragogic (see Gram. § 55, 1).

קלות pr. n. m. (perh. I spoke, r. מָלָוֹת I) 1 Ch. 25, 4.

ו פּלַג I (obe.) perh. i. q. אַלָּק II to well up or flow; hence perh. אַלָּק.

חבר II (Qal obs.) prob. akin to דיק, to wear out or decay; hence בָּקָלָת Niph. – Niph. בָּקָלָת away, hence to vanish Is. 51, 6.

ה בַּעַר HII denom. from הַשָּׁש, to salt, season w. salt, fully הַשָּׁשָ דָ Lev. 2, 13. — Pu. to be salted, seasoned Ex. 30, 35. — Heph. הַשָּׁשָ (inf. absol. הָשָׁשָׁה) to be salted, prob. bathed in salt water, said of newborn infants Ez. 16, 4.

ת salt Job 6, 6; Gen. 14, 3 הָבָלָח the salt sea i. e. the Dead Sea; הם הַשְּלָח in which salt was taken or used as a symbol and pledge of inviolable amity 2 Ch. 13, 5; always used in the sacrifices Lev. 2, 13; r. הַבָּעָ I.

(only pl. מָלָח) m. worn out clothes or rags, only in Jer. 38, 11. 12; г. אַלָח II.

הכיב Chald. m. salt Ezr. 4, 14; hence the denom. verb

קלח Chald. denom. of קלח

salt, hence to take or eat salt; fig. to eat the salt of any one i. e. to feed at his table as friends and dependents Ezr. 4, 14 (of. Syr. 2) to take salt w. one, to feed at his table).

לְכָרָד f. prop. saltness, fig. concr. a barren place Job 39, 6; אַכָּרָד a land of saltness, i. e. a desert Jer. 17, 6, cf. salsa tellus frugibus infelix Virg. Georgics, II. 238.

וֹשְׁרָשְׁרָשָׁרָ אָרָ בָּרָשָׁרָ 1 Sam. 13, 22 (w. suf. וֹשְׁרָשָׁרָ Pl. הוֹשָּׁרָסָ, c. הוֹשַהָשָׁי f. 1) warring, fighting Is. 7, 1. 2) war Ex. 13, 17; השָּׁרָס הוּשָּ *to make war* Prov. 20, 18; w. בש Deut. 20, 12, w. דער Gen. 14, 2, w. ב 2 Sam. 21, 20 with (i. e. against) any one; w. דבר שוֹל (i. e. against) any one; w. דבר שׁל (i. e. against) any one; w. דבר שָל (i. e. against) any one; w. דבר שׁל (

ַרָּלְחָטָת 1 Sam. 13, 22; see בּלְחָטָת.

(Qal obs.) prob. akin to pp, up, up, Arab. Ale, to stroke or rub over, to smooth; to be smooth; fig. to slip out or escape. — Niph. to be delivered or saved Ps. 22, 6; to deliver oneself, to escape 1 Sam. 27, 1; to hasten away 1 Sam. 20, 29. — Pi. upp (in pause upp) prop. to cause to escape, hence to save Jer. 39, 18; to lay eggs Is. 34, 15. — Hiph. to save or deliver Is. 31, 5; to bring forth, of a mother Is. 66, 7. — Hith. to save oneself, to escape

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שֶׁלֶם m. mortar or cement, only in Jer. 43, 9; r. בַּלָם.

אַלָטְדָר, pr. n. m. (deliverance of נְלָטְדָר, r. שָׁלָטָדָ, r. יָדָא

קלים pr. n. m. only Q'ri of Neh. 12, 14; see קלובי.

קלילָה f. an ear of corn, cut off Deut. 23, 26; r. גַלָ II.

עלינם Ex. 16, 8 pl. part. Hiph. of נלינם נג. 16, 8 pl. part. Hiph. of נלינם I for נלינים Gram. § 72, Bem. 9.

לדץ, see Hiph. of בליץ.

ה ביליצר f. 1) a song of derision, a taunt (r. דיל) Hab. 2, 6. 2) an enigma or riddle, prop. what is indistinct Prov. 1, 6.

לבי לראבול. (obs.) 1) i. q. Heb. לבי to reign; hence אָלָהָ 2) i. q. Syr. לעלה to cownsel; hence בילה.

אָלָכָים (w. suf. בַּלָבִים, pl. בָּלָבִים, once בָּלָבִים (w. suf. בַּלָבִים, pl. בַּלָבִים 2 Sam. 11, 1, יַבָּלָבִין Prov. 81, 3, c. pl. בַּלָבִי, w. suf. בּילָבִין זי, ד. בַּלָבִיני (שָׁלָבִי, m. 1) a king Gen. 14, 2; בַּעָלָבִיני m. 1) a king Gen. 14, 2; בַּעָלָבִיני the king, i. e. the reigning monarch of any country (Sept. δ βασιλεύς) 1 Sam. 10, 24, but simply בַּלָבֵי in Is.

עָלָבָיּא Or אָלָבָא Chald. (def. אָלָבָא pl. קילָבָיא Ezr. 4, 13, def. עַּלְבָיּא Dan. 2, 44) m. a king Dan. 2, 46; עַלְבָיָא king of kings, spoken of the kings of Babylon Dan. 2, 37 and Persia Ezr. 7, 12; r. קבָ.

בְרָכָד: Chald. (w. suf. בְרָכָד: counsel (βουλή), only in Dan. 4, 24; r. בְּכָד:

קָרָן, pr. n. (king, r. קַרָּן) of an Ammonitish idol, to which the idolatrous Israelites offered human sacrifices, Μολόχ, Molock 1 K. 11, 7; w. the article, הַבָּקָב Jer. 32, 35; see סָבָּקָב

אַלְהָא Chald. (def. בַּלְקָדָא) f. a queen Dan. 5, 10; r. בְּלָהָא.

עַלְכָּדָתוֹ (w. suf. בְּלָבְדְתוֹ) f. net or snare, a catch, only Job 18, 10; r. - גָּכַר

קלָבָד f. a queen 1 K. 10, 1; pl. קלבית royal consorts or wives of a king who were of royal birth Cant. 6, 8; r. קאָר.

רְלָבָה pr. n. f. (prob. counsel, r. לָבָר Gen. 11, 29.

אלויבה, see הַלְבָרה.

עַלְכָרָיָם, def. (c. בַּלְכָרָיָם, def. (מַלְכָוּיָהָא, pl. c. בָּלְכָרָיָם, def. pl. מָלְכוּיָהָא f. 1) *reign*, exercise of kingly power Dan. 4, 28. 2) *kingdom*, *realm* Dan. 2, 39; r. בְלָךָ i. q. Heb. בָּלָם.

pl. בַּלְכוּת Dan. 8, 22) f.
 reign Dan. 11, 21. 2) a kingdom, realm 2 Ch. 11, 17; בַּרָת הַשַּלְכוּת

לְבָּאָלָ pr. n. m. (God is king) Gen. 46, 17; patron. גַּלְבָראַלי, Malchielite Num. 26, 45.

קלָבָּדָד, בַּלְבָּדָד, pr. n. m. (בַּלְבָּדָד, is king) 1 Ch. 9, 12, Jer. 38, 6.

קרבי אָלָבי pr. n. m. (king of righteousness) of the king of Salem, i. e. Jerusalem, who was also a priest of the true God Gen. 14, 18 (cf. Heb. 7, 1-2).

בְלְבָירָם pr. n. m. (prob. king of exaltation) 1 Ch. 3, 18.

בְלְבָרְשׁוּדָע pr. n. m. (king of help or salvation) 1 Sam. 14, 49; also separately בַלְבָר שׁוּדָע 1 Ch. 8, 33.

שְלָכָם pr. n. m. (their king) of an Ammonitish idol Jer. 49, 1; see ללק

עלפם pr. n. m. (prob. their king) i. q. בַּלְבָ and בְּלָבָ, an Ammonitish idol 1 K. 11, 5.

בְלְבֵך a mistake in K'thibh of 2 Sam. 12, 31 for בְלָבֵן.

בְּכָב דְשָׁבְר בַ f. a queen; בְּלָבָת the queen of heaven, i.e. the moon or the planet Venus Jer. 7, 18; r. בָּלָב

(w.article مَكْرَكُمُ (prop. part. f. Qal) pr. n. f.

לאביע I prob. mimet. akin to געלאלש, L. Lallo, G. Lallen, W. Lolio; only poet. to speak, part. אוש speaking Prov. 6, 13. – Pi. אוש, to speak, utter, w. acc. Ps. 106, 2; to tell, w. to Gen. 21, 7. --- Of. O. E. mele, G. melden, Swedish mäla, E. mumble.

עול (Qal obs.) akin to מול, מול, to cut off. – Niph. נְכָל נְסָרָ, fo cut off. קרַעל, Gram. § 67, pl. גַעָלָתָם

Rem. 11; fut. לעד) to be cut off Job 14, 2; hence to be circumcised Gen. 17, 11. — Po. לים (fut. לים) to cut off Ps. 90, 6.

לב Chald. (Pe. obs.) i. q. Heb. אין I to speak. -- Pa. אין to speak Dan. 7, 8; w. שי with Dan. 6, 22.

ָרְלָלָי pr. n. m. (perh. eloquent, r. אַלָל I) Neh. 12, 36.

נַלְנָאָד m. a goad, only in נַלְנָאָד לַנַיד the ox-goad Judg. 8, 31; r. דָּנָקַר

קפָלָםָ Job 35, 11 part. Pi. of אָאָלָ for אָאָלָק, Gram. § 68, Bem. 2.

ערבי (Qal obs.) prob. akin to נעס שלים, נו אין לערבי (Qal obs.) prob. akin to be smooth or pleasant, only in Ps. 119, 103.

גַלְצַר m. only in Dan. 1, 11 גַּקָלָצָר the overseer or guardian, prob. r. לָצָר = לָצָר.

רבים, prob. akin to pre, Chald. געלים, to snap or wring the neck of a fowl Lev. 1, 15; 5, 8.

ת (dual כָּלְקְוֹתְים) m. prop. a taking, hence 1) booty, of animals Num. 31, 12, of captives also Num. 31, 11. 2) in dual, the two jaws, as seizing and masticating the food, only in Ps. 22, 16; r. דבל.

שוק שוק שות *the latter rain* (cf. הוויש), which falls in March and April and brings on the harvest Deut. 11, 14, Hos. 6, 3; r. שא

בְלָקְתָיָם (only dual, see Gram. § 88, 2) m. 1) tongs Is. 6, 6. 2) snuffers 1 K. 7, 49; r. דובל.

m. snuffers, only in dual בַּלְלָחָדִים w. suf. בַּלְקָחֵיק in Ex. 25, 38; 37, 23.

גָּוָשָׁוָד: L a wardrobe 2 K. 10, 22; r. גָּוָח ג.

קלאחר Job 32, 18 for קלאחר, Gram. § 74, Rem. 4.

(סְלָתְעוֹח. בְּלָתְעוֹח. (only pl. דְלָתְעָד, c. שְׁלָתְעוֹח.) f. prop. biters, hence teeth Ps. 58, 7; f. בְּתַלְעוֹח See it transposed in בְּתַע Job 29, 17.

נקבָרָד, (only pl. מְבָּבְרָד, Dagh. euphonic) f. garners or storehouses Joel 1, 17; prob. a denom. noun from קנורָד, (see Gram. § 86, 2, 3); r. אוֹד.

(only pl.) m. measures, בעלים (only sl.) ה. measures, extensions Job. 38, 5; г. בעלים.

pr. n. m. (Persian perh. akin to גָּטָ, a grandee) Est. 1, 14.

(only pl. מַמְוֹחִדם) m. deaths, through diseases Jer. 16, 4, through violence Ez. 28, 8; concr. the dead 2 K. 11, 2, in Q'ri מּנְתָּחִדם; ד. האם.

חַנְעָלַזְ m. 1) a bastard, either born out of wedlock or the offspring of a Jew and a gentile Deut. 23, 3. 2) an alien (Sept. ἀλλογενής) Zech. 9, 6; r. אָדָ I.

בין, from thee, see ביפה,

בְּבְרָ m. 1) a sale Lev. 25, 27. 2) a thing for sale or sold Lev. 25, 25; pl. possessions Deut. 18, 8; r. בָּבָ

, הַקַּלַכְהִי .suf. הַדְּלָכָה .pl. גַיָּקַלָּכָה (c. הָשָּלָכָה, w. suf. קיק גַיָר (בַּשְּלָכות f. 1) reign 1 K. 11, 11. 2) kingdom, realm Ex. 19, 6; יפּר יפּר (city of the kingdom, i. e. the capital Josh. 10, 2; r. הַבָּלָם.

סאַלָכוּת (only c. נַקְיָלְכוּת) f. i. g. קַנְקָלָבָה, a kingdom Josh. 13, 12; ד. קָאָנָ

קן from, see אָנאַן.

קר א בן א א suf. 1 pl. or 3 sing. m. from us or from him.

지 마. prop. a mixing, hence mixed or spiced wine Prov. 23, 30; 2. 귀약.

שָׁכָּר m. bitterness or sorrow, only Prov. 17, 25; r. מָרָר II.

NTO pr. n. m. (perh. firmness,

r. קרא (קרא friend of Abraham Gen. 14, 13; אלונר מערא *the caks of Mamre* Gen. 13, 18, and ערא Gen. 23, 17, pr. n. of a place near Hebron.

עַמְדּרִים (only pl בַּמְרֹיָם w. Dagh. euphonic) m. bitternesses or sorrows, only in Job 9, 18; r. בָרָ II.

שׁחָרָשָׁח m. an out-spreading or extension, only in בְּרָשָׁח of extension i. e. cherub w. out-spread wings, only in Ez. 28, 14; r. בָּשָׁח II.

שׁׁבְשָׁשׁ m. dominion or lordship Dan. 11, 3; pl. גְּרְשָׁלִים lordships, abstract for rulers 1 Ch. 26, 6; r. שָׁשָׁל I.

קַבְשָׁלְקוּ (כ. אָבָשְׁלָקוּ, א. suf. אָבָישָׁלָקוּ, pl. c. אָבְישָׁלוּקי, w. suf. אָב פַּישָׁלוּח (ר. 4, 114, 2) f. 1) dominion, rule Mic. 4, 8; fig. of the sun and moon Gen. 1, 16. 2) province, realm Ps. 103, 22. 3) collect. fig. princes, rulers 2 Ch. 32, 9; r. לַבָּשָׁל I.

רָשָׁרְשָׁ (only c. שְׁבָשָׁ) m. a possession, only in Zeph. 2, 9; r. שַׁשָ.

or sweet things Cant. 5, 16, also sweet drinks Neh. 8, 10; r. בַּתָּקָים

עָנָה Ps. 61, 8, see r. עָנָה.

עָרָ (w. suf. פָּרָד Neh. 9, 20) m. manna, the food divinely provided for Israel in the wilderness, prop. a portion Ex. 16, 15; r. אָרָר.

לים Chald. (before Maq. - ים) interrog. pron. who? what? Dan. 3, 15; indirect Ezr. 5, 4; indef. ים שרייה whoso, whoever Dan. 3, 6.

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72 or 72, before gutturals 2, rarely 2, as in Unit Gen. 14, 23 (see Gram. § 102, 1, Rem. and § 103, 2, c, also at close of this article p. 361) prep. from $(a \pi \delta)$, out of (ϵx) , opp. to . In order to classify the meanings (see Gram. § 154, 3, c) the following particulars may be useful: 1) the idea of local departure from an object, as after verbs meaning to go forth or out, to stray, to lead out, to bring out, to draw out, to pluck out or rescue, to save, hence to help, set free, etc. To this notion of local departure naturally belongs α) to proceed from a material, as Gen. 2, 19; β) to be derived from some one, as in Gen. 17, 16; γ) to be produced by a cause, as in Gen. 9, 11; δ) to go away from, leave off, e. g. in Gen. 29, 35. To this local signification belong too several verbs fig. used for kindred notions, such as those denoting to be afraid, to hide, to shut up, to beware, to avoid, to warn, etc. So also שבת מן Jer. 48, 13, שבת מן Gen. 2, 3, אַבָר מן Jer. 3, 20, אַבָר מן Job דַלָּרָלָה פָן ,2 Sam. 22, 22 רְשָׁע פָן 11, 20 1 Sam. 24,7; in all which cases there is some idea of local departure. In the same way מו in Job 21, 9 שלום the same way א מו מו יימאסה משלה 1 Sam. 15, 23 זיימאסה (ימתה ; in such forms 79 w. the inf. may be rendered, so that not, as in Gen. 27, 1. Cf. אַל מֵרְוֹרֵב Job 3, 19 דַוֹמְשָׁי מֵאָרֹנֵיו Is. 25, 4, רב מַצָלות 1 K, 12, 28; ε) the separating or distinguishing of one thing or idea from another, in the way of comparison, and thus the adj. in the positive degree serves for the comparative, and the p has to be rendered by than, more than (see Gram. § 119, 1). The Jewish grammarians call it מם דאתרון. Thus, for example, good is wisdom טוֹבָה הַכְמָה מֲחַרוּץ more than gold, or wisdom is better

than gold; יתרוך כך Ecc. 2, 13 ezcellence from, i. e. superiority to. Hence often stands after השחרת אבה עקב נכל רב אמץ עצם. נפל, and w. all verbs or adjectives setting forth a property or quality and implying comparison; ζ) the separating of a part from a whole, when 70 designates out of. apart from, without. This the grammarians call ספר קצרית. Hence p comes after the verbs to go out, to go, to obtain, to leave, to eat, to drink of something, to fall, esp. after numbers, but mostly to separate a part from a whole.-There are yet many other idioms that belong here, in which 70 has to be translated by a part of, some of, several of, and in rare cases, one of, e. g. מימי one of my days Job 27, 6; באשרקות some of the kisses Cant. 1. 2; מָרְ one of his rulers Dan. 11, 5, or some of the people Ex. 16, 27, DTC some of the blood Ex. 12, 7, ATT any any one of thy brethren Deut. 15, 7; in negations, a part of a whole, where it is often left untranslated, as Two, open not anything Is. 41, 24; n) the removing of position or situation, thought of as a state of separation, where we think rather of rest than motion. Thus בעיל above, הקקה beneath, neath, ogra within, yang without, on the right, מִיָּמִרָם on the right, brings on the left, seaward, Same over against, בַּהָרוֹם afar, בַּמָּבִיב around, age in the face of, before. 2) the idea of local departure transferred to time, α) including the starting point, as מופר from my youth up 1 Sam. 12, 2, and ever since day has been Is. 43, 13, בשנית דדבל on from the year of Jubilee; in all which cases we must include the beginning of the time; β) looking to the ter-

הננע

mination of the time, thus prove from two days, i. e. immediately after two days Hos. 6, 2, like a dream directly after awaking Ps. 73, מַחָקרץ 20, gring since leaving the womb Job 3, 11, ypp at the end of the time Gen. 41, 1, קיפים after some days Judg. 11, 4, הַשָּׁלש הַדָּשָׁים after three months Gen. 38, 24; γ) looking at the middle point of the time, from which something proceeds; thus כָּאָז from that time Prov. 8, 22, הַעוֹלָם from of old, i.e. in the midst of that time Is. 42, 14; משרם while not yet i. e. before Hag. 2, 15; הקתרה on the following day Gen. 19, 34. 3) the local departure referred to as a proceeding or issuing from an immediate cause, α) that which proceeds from a proximate cause, whether it be something mental or spiritual, a means, instrument or occasion; thus red grom wine Gen. 49, 12, kindled ראפר by the baker Hos. 7, 4, קברנוקד by thine understanding Prov. 23, 4, מַחַוּינוֹח through visions Job 4, 18; β) where the cause is less near, and or is rendered by on account of, because of ; thus מפשׁצרנג on account of our transgressions Is. 53, 5, בתקול הקורא because of the voice of him that cried Is. 6, 4. Herewith is connected many a particle in combination w. כְּק, e. g. כְּק, Deut. 9, 28, הבלחד Num. 14, 16 because not. If the cause is hindrance of any sort, 7 may then be rendered by for, e. g. מרב for multitude Gen. 16, 10, מְעָרָה for bitterness Ex. 15, 23. Hereto belong also the phrases w. according to the command of 2 Ch. 36, 12, the person commanding being the active cause. Certain verbs also are construed w. 70, for the origin or cause, as שמח or cause, to be glad at or to fear for something

Prov. 5, 18; γ) before the inf., that is, in dependence on a verb, when מאחבת serves for because, e. g. מאחבת because the Eternal loved Deut. 7, 8. As to the 72 w. other particles, and the shades of meaning not given above, the context must guide; see الجر. --- With suf., the above mentioned noun m is attached קד, as קד from me poet. to קמה, במה from thee, קמה, (בור, קור him (poet. קיור א מיות) or us, only w. כן, כם, דם, דם toes כן remain simple, as בַדֶהם, בַּדֶהם makes מִי makes, מִי as "r" (for "r") from days of.

לאך Chald. (w. suf. פַּדָּ , פַּדָּ , פָּדָ , פָדָ , פָדָ , פָדָ , פָדָ , פָדָ , פָדָ , גָרָ , פַרָ , גָרָ , פַרָ , גָרָ , פַרָ , פַרָ , פַרָ , פַרָ , פַרָ , פַרָ , פַר , פַרָ , גָר , פַרָ , פַר , פַרָ , פַר , פָר , פַר , פַר , פַר , פָר , פַר , פּי , פָר , פָר , פַר , פַר , פּי , פָר , פָר , פָר , פָר , פָר , פּי , פָר , פּי , פָר , פּי , פָר , פּי , פּי , פָר , פָר , פָר , פּי , פּי , פָר , , פָר , פָר , , פָר , פַר , , פּי , פָי , פּי , פּי , פָי , פָי , פָי , פָי , פּי

NJA or TJA Chald. i. q. Heb. T; v; to count or number, God hath numbered thy rule, i. e. the years of thy reign Dan. 5, 26; part. pass. بالم numbered, verses 25, 26. — Pa. بالم appoint to an office Dan. 2, 24; w. by over Dan. 2, 49; imper. بالم

רְעָלָאוֹת parts Neh. 12, 44, pl. of אָרָאוֹת, אַרָאוֹת, see r. נָאַץ I.

עָרָד 2 Sam. 23, 6, part. Hoph. of בָּרָד, for מוּגָר (Gram. § 67, Rem. 8).

קיקר, Chald. f. i. q. Heb. גְיָקָרָה Dagh. f. being turned into כי *tribute* Ezr. 4, 13; r. בְיַרָ Heb. גָּיָרָה.

נהפ Chald. m.i.q. Heb. בְּכָרָע

Dagh. f. resolved into 3) knowledge Dan. 2, 21; understanding Dan. 4, 31; r. דְדָע

(fut. קנן) akin to קנן, perh. to בון, véµw, prop. to divide or portion out, then to count Ps. 147, 4; to count or allot to, w. > Is. 65, 12. — Niph. to be numbered 2 Ch. 5, 6; to be reckoned among, w. אָז Is. 53, 12. - Pi. מְנָח (fut. apoc. רְכֵן, imp. apoc. (g) to portion out Dan. 1, 5; to allot to, w. 5 Job 7,3; to appoint or prepare Jon. 2, 1; to cause, w. fut. verb (see Gram. § 142, 3, c) בין האר appoint thou that they preserve him Ps. 61, 8; to set over, w. 57 Dan. 1, 11. - Pu. only in part. pl. מְמָזים appointed or set over, w. ל 1 Ch. 9, 29. Hence

אינערן (pl. אָרָרָם) m. i. q. Syr. אינערן, prop. a number or portion, hence a weight, esp. a hundred-shekel weight 1 K. 10, 17. --- Akin to µvã, L. mina, moneta, E. money, mint, W. mwyn (= E. a mine), also to vóµנסµa, L. nummus, numerus, W. niver, Gael. nuivir, uivir, E. number.

קנוח (c. אָנוּח, pl. אָנוּח, w. suf. אָנוֹחֵית w. – firm Est. 2, 9) f. 1) a part or portion Ex. 29, 26; of food, a dish or joint 1 Sam. 1, 4. 2) i. q. אָנָה, a lot Jer. 13, 25; ר. הָקָ.

קֹנָה, (only pl. מֹנֶה) m. *parts*, only fig. *times*, מיר מיר *בַנְיָרָ*ת מִיָרם גַיָּנָה ז; ד. בָּנָה.

אַרְרָאָג m. the driving of a chariot 2 K. 9, 20; r. גָרָרָג.

קרהר from him, see prep. קרהר

(only pl. מְקָרוֹת f. prop. מְקָרוֹת (only pl. בְּקָרוֹת) f. prop. riverbeds or channels, hence clefts or dens, only Judg. 6, 2; ר. נְהַר I.

אָדָאָ Is. 52, 5 part. Hithpo. of גָּרָאָ, for פָרָמָאָן, Gram. § 65, 2, b.

לכוד (c. יביד) m. a nodding or shaking of the head, by way of derision, only in Ps. 44, 15; r. גרי I.

(pl. w. suf. דְעָהַדְּכָּר קינוֹדְרָ Ps. 116, 7) m. 1) a resting, settling down 1 Ch. 6, 16. 2) rest, a state of rest Gen. 8, 9; a settlement by marriage Ruth 3, 1. 3) pr. n. m. (rest) of the father of Samson Judg. 13, 2; r. דָשָ.

קרוד, also בְּרָהָדָ, Gen. 49, 15 (w. suf. הְצָרָדָד, Is. 11, 10; pl. רְשָׁרָה Is. 32, 18) f. 1) quiet, stillness, ש מיש קרוד, still waters Ps. 23, 2, הייש a quiet or retiring man 1 Ch. 22, 9; hence, comfort or ease 2 Sam. 14, 17; settlement in life, of marriage Ruth 1, 9; adv. quietly Judg. 20, 43. 2) resting-place Num. 10, 33; pl. Is. 32, 18; הקחת שר קרוד, i. e. the man who found and prepared the quarters Jer. 51, 59; r. דָש.

קינוך m. offspring, child, only in Prov. 29, 21; r. נין.

לינוס (w. suf. קטוס 2 Sam. 22, 3) m. 1) *refuge*, a place to flee to Ps. 142, 5. 2) *flight* Jer. 46, 5; r. סט.

ל בְּעָרָשְרָה f. flight Lev. 26, 36; r. ס.ש. יִשָּׁע (c. רְּעוֹד) m. i. q. Arab. יָשַע *a plough yoke*, then a weaver's beam 1 Sam. 17, 7; r. שניר וו.

ירורךה or אַלרָדה f. i. q. Arab. א בינורךה, a candlestick Ex. 25, 31; pl. 1 K. 7, 49; r. וניר I.

עָלָּוָר (w. Dagh. euphon.; only pl. w. suf. (בְּוָרֵרָה) m. prop. crowning, hence crowned ones, princes, only in Nah. 3, 17; נוֹר וו.

(obs.) akin to بودر, بودا, بودر, i. q. Arab. مَنَهَ, to divide out, then to distribute or bestow; hence

T22 Ez. 41,9 Hoph. part. of 72, Gram. § 73, Rem. 10,

לנְרָחוֹת , c. דְּשָׁרָ, c. דְּשָׁרָ, c. דָשָרָ, c. דַשָּרָ, c. דַשַרָ, c. דַשַרָ, c. דַשָרָ, c. דַשַרָ, c. דַשָרָ, c. דַשַרָ, c. דַשָרָ, c. דַשָרָ, c. דַשָרָ, c. דַשָרָ, c. דַשַרָ, c. דַשַרָ, c. דַשַרָ, c. דַשַרָ, c. דַשַרָ, c. דַשָרָ, c. דַשַרָ, c. דַשָרָ, c. דַשָרָ, c. דַשָּרָ, c. דַשָּרָי, c. דַשָּרָי, c. דַשָּרָ, c. דַשָּרָ, c. דַשָּרָ, c. דַשָּרָר, c. דַשָּרָ, c. דַשָרָ

(בְּנְדָעְדּוֹן Chald. (pl. w. suf. בְּנְדָעָדוֹן) 1. i. q. Heb. an offering Dan. 2, 46.

אָרָדוֹר pr. n. (w. art. the reposes, r. ניק of a place 1 Ch. 2, 52.

געַדָר (דָּבָרָר) (קר. n.m. (rest, r. דָּבָרָר)) Gen. 36, 23. 2) pr. n. of a place 1 Ch. 8, 6; patron. עַרָּדָרָא 1 Ch. 2, 54.

m. i. q. Arab. مَعَا, fate or death (cf. μοῦρα), then as pr. n. of an idol, worshipped by the idolatrous Jews in Babylonia, prob. i. q. Venus, only in Is. 65, 11 (cf. عناق an Arabian goddess, Koran, Sur. 53. 19. 20).

קבן Ipr.n. (perh. portion, r. דָשָ) of a province of Armenia, mentioned along w. אָרָרָט Jer. 51, 27; perh. Muvuác, Joseph. Arch. 1, 3, 6.

יאָרָ II poet form of א from Judg. 5, 14.-Prob. for בָּוָר in Ps. 45, 9.

לובי from, pl. c. of prep. אָר (like בַלָּר אָלַי) only in Is. 30, 11.

בְּעָרוֹת portions Neh. 12, 47, pl. of גְעָרוֹת.

בַרָּרָד Ecc. 5, 11, Hiph. part. of קיים, Gram. § 73, Bem. 10.

בענים) m. prop. strings or chords, then a stringed instrument or lyre Ps. 150, 4. See א.

רְיָרָרָרָ pr.n. Neh. 12, 41, see רְיָרָרָרָ קָרָרָ Chald. m. *number* Ezr. 6, 17; r. אָכָאָ אָרָאָרָ pr. n. (perh. allotment, r. אָרָעָן) of a place of the Ammonites Judg. 11, 33, whence wheat was brought to Tyre Ez. 27, 17.

(w. suf. מְלָכָר (ש. געל מָרָאָ) ה. possession, property, once Job 15, 29; r. אָנָר Others take מָלָם as = מָלָט (for מְרָלָם (for הַרָלָם (for מְרָלָם) their fold; or (מְרָלָהָם for מָרָרָלָה) of what was theirs, i. e. their possessions.

روت (obs.) akin to پتر , i. . q. Arab. مَنَّ, to divide out, allot; hence بجنر , وا

אָרָאָן (fut. יְּמְנַע skin to יְּמָטָ, to keep back, to withhold Gen. 30, 2; w. acc. of thing and א ס י ס ס י ס of pers. Job 22, 7, Ps. 84, 12. — Niph. to be withheld Jer. 3, 3; to keep oncself back, w. א מו מה. Num. 22, 16.

ביל m. a bolt Cant. 5, 5; r. אַבָּעָ m. a bolt or bar, only in Deut. 33, 25; r. אַבָּיָ

(only pl. בַּרְבָעם (only pl. בַרְבָעם) m. delicacies, dainty bits, only in Ps. 141, 4; r. נַכָם.

לכְּלַכְרָיָ (only pl. בְּלַכְרָיָם) m. rattle, an instrument of music used in the Temple, named from its being shaken or rattled (cf. כּבּוֹסדָסָטּע, a sort of rattle or cymbal, from כּבוֹש to shake), only in 2 Sam. 6, 5; r. 23.

(only pl. מְצָקָיוֹת (only pl. מְצָקָיוֹת) f. sacrificial dish, libation-bowl Ex. 25, 29; r. מָקָת II.

ביקקיד Gen. 24, 59 w. suf. בינקר see בינקת.

קנורה see קנורה.

עָרָאָדָא שִּיָרָא שָּרָז (for גָּבָאָר שִיּשָ שָּ. – firm, pl. קַרָאָד Neh. 12, 44, אַרָאָר אַרָא אָרָא 10) f. a part or portion 2 Ch. 31, 4; אַרָר שָׁבָרם the jackals' portion, i. e. unburied corpses Ps. 63, 11; שַׁבָר גָרָר פָרָאָר אָרָא אָרָז אָרָא גער פון אָרָא אָרָא אָרָא גער פון אָרָא אָרָא גער פָרָא גער פָרָאָר

סאָ m. a pining or afflicted one, only in Job 6, 14; r. בְּכָט I.

עָסָבִיּק (w. suf. יֹבְּסָה, pl. יִסְסָבִיק, c. יְסְסָבִיק) m. 1) a circle of persons sitting in company Cant. 1, 12. 2) adv. round about 1 K. 6, 29, also in pl. יִסְבָר Job 37, 12; but pl. c. יָסָבָי around 2 K. 23, 5; r. כָּבָר.

בְּסָבָּר m. prop. incloser, hence 1) a locksmith or smith in general 2 K. 24, 14. 2) a prison Ps. 142, 8; r. דַסָּב I.

יָשָלָבְרוֹח (w. suf. הָסָגַרְהוֹ) (w. suf. הָסָגַרְהוֹ) (w. suf. suf. superclosing Ps. 18, 46. 2) a border or margin Ex. 25, 25. 3) an enclosure or panel, a kind of ornament on the laver-stands 1 K. 7, 28.

עַסָר m. a foundation, only in 1 K. 7, 9; r. דָסָר.

נְסְהְרָוֹנֶת (w. - וכּב וּכָר בְּסָהְרוֹן) m. portico, only in Judg. 3, 23; so called from its rows of columns; r. - בָרַ.

קסט (Qal obs.) akin to שָּטָם I, קסט (Qal obs.) akin to קסט I, קסט to become fluid, to flow away. - Hiph. (3 pers. pl. הַמָּטִי for הַבָּטָר see Gram. § 75, Bem. 17; fut. apoc. معنی Ps. 39, 12) to cause to flow, to dissolve Ps. 147, 18; to wet or soak Ps. 6,7; fig. to make (the heart) melt, as if dessolving w. fear Josh. 14, 8.

TOQ2 (c. rep., pl. rep.) f. 1) trial, testing of fidelity Deut. 4, 34; tempting or proving of God, i. e. murmuring against him Ps. 95, 8; fig. calamity or suffering, whereby God puts men to the test Job 9, 23. 2) pr. n. (a proving or testing) of a place in the desert Ex. 17, 7; r. TOQ.

קסרי (כ. רְשָׁה) f. prop. measure or proportion, when construed w. a following noun, by measure or quots of, e. g. קרבת ברך רבת the measure of the free gift of thy hand, i. e. as thy hand is able to give, only in Deut. 16, 10; r. בים II.

קָרָה m. a covering or veil Ex. 34, 33; r. יוָסָ,

ליקד: f. a thorn-hedge, only in Mic. 7, 4; r. סיק: II = שיק.

ΠΟΏ m. a keeping back or warding off, only in 2 K. 11, 6; r. ΠΩ.

רְסְרָזר m. prop. a going about, then traffic or trade 1 K. 10, 15; r. סְרָת I.

קסן: Judg. 3, 24 for נַסָן part. Hiph. of קבָ; cf. Gram. § 67, Rem. 9.

to mix or mingle Ps. 102, 10; esp. to spice wine Prov. 9, 2; fig. to infuse or instil Is. 19, 14; hence

TON m. prop. a mixture, then mixed or spiced wine Ps. 75, 9.

تَكَوْكُمُ f. a covering, only in Ez. 28, 13; r. إحجر I.

ي I f. a covering Is. 25, 7; 28, 20; г. إي ال.

שָּׁכָּדָן II (כ. דְשָׁרָשָ ש. – firm; pl. w. suf. (ג. דְשָׁרָשָ ש. – firm; out, hence 1) fusion of metal, אַיָשָ דְשָׁרָש a calf of fusion, i. e. a molten calf Ex. 32, 4; esp. a molten image Judg. 17, 3. 2) a libation, hence a truce or league, ratified w. libations Is. 30, 1 (cf. σπονδή); r. קטָן I.

آبِكَوْلَ m. a poor or needy one Ecc. 4, 13 (ct. Syr. منسميدا , Arab. (منسكون);

€. ן⊇ָסָ III.

(only pl. f.) storehouses, magazines Ex. 1, 11; prob. for גְּקָבְנוֹת from r. נְכְנְכוֹת to collect.

גְטְכָבָרָא f. poverty, neediness, only in Deut. 8, 9; r. כָבָן III.

אָשֶׁשֶׁל f. the thread or warp in weaving Judg. 16, 13; r. נְקָה II.

השָּׁטָ (כ. העָסָק; pl. היוֹסָק) f. 1) a raised way, highway, public road Judg. 20, 31; הקברם the highways are in their heart i. e. they fondly think of the roads leading to Jerusalem Ps. 84, 6; a way or course in general Joel 2, 8; fig. course of life Prov. 16, 17. 2) i. q. בשָׁס, stairs or staircase, Sept. dváβaou, 2 Ch. 9, 11; r. לַכָּט I.

סָלָרָל m. a raised road, highway, only in Is. 35, 8; r. כָּלָר I.

נקטְנָרָת (only pl. נְקָטְרָרָת Jer. 10, 4, יקטְרָרֹת 2 Ch. 3, 9) f. i. q. ג מָסְבָּרֹת, *a nati* Ecc. 12, 11, where some textshave שָׁמֶרְרֹת w. נַסְבָרָרֹת נָסָרָר, r. זַסָרַ. **DDY** I (inf. c. discolve; fig. to waste away Is. 10, 18. — Niph. discolve; once digg (in p. digg, 3 pl. digg, inf. digg, fut. digg, pl. digg) to be dissolved Ex. 16, 21; to melt Ps. 68, 3; to fall apart Judg. 15, 14; fig. to be wasted, lean, of cattle 1 Sam. 15, 9; to faint, despond 2 Sam. 17, 10, w. diggJosh. 7, 5, cf. Deut. 20, 8; to disappear, remove Is. 34, 3. — Hiph. digg To cause to faint, fig. to discourage Deut. 1, 28.

DDY II (obs.) to cut up, divide, hence to measure or apportion; hence by, וואָה. --- Prob. akin to דָּיָדָ, Sans. mash, L. meto, G. messen, E. mete.

שָׁלָם ה. 1) ד. דָסָע a stone-quarry, hence אָבָן שָׁלָבָה נְשָׁלָ whole (unhewn) quarry-stones (Gram. § 114, 1, Rem.), only in 1 K. 6, 7. 2) ד. אָדָט I, a dart, arrow, only in Job 41, 18; i. q. Arab. בּיֹנָשָ

עַסָּעָד (pl. c. רַסְעָד, w. suf. יַסְעָד) m. a breaking up, departure, journeying, either of one Deut. 10, 11, or of many Num. 10, 2; pl. Ex. 40, 36; also a station, starting-place Ex. 17, 1; r. בָסָע.

דָּסְלָאָ m. a support, a balustrade, prob. on staircase, only in 1 K. 10, 12; r. דָזָסָ.

רְסָפְדָר (c. בְּסְפָר, w. suf. בְּסְפָר Ps. 30, 12) m. prop. a smiting on the breast, hence wailing or lamentation Gen. 50, 10; r. בָּסָר.

אום די m. fodder Gen. 24, 25; r. אוסָ.

חוֹתָםָסְיָם (only pl.) f. cuehions, mattrasses Ez. 13, 18; r. הַשָּׁס II.



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עסט (c. רָסָטָ: r. רָסָטָ: m. 1) number Num. 1, 2; דָסָטָ: without number Gen. 41, 49. 2) fewness or numerableness, hence היון men of number, i. e. who can be easily numbered, a few men Gen. 34, 30. 3) a recounting or telling Judg. 7, 15. 4) pr. n. m. (number) Ezr. 2, 2, also

רָשְׁשָׁרָ pr. n. m. (i. q. מְשָׁשָׁרָ 4.) Neh. 7, 7.

לְמְסָר - (inf. w. Maq. לְמְסָר - אָסָר, Syr. הָשָׁר מָעָל בָּדוֹוֶה, to venture, dare, קסָר בַעָל בָּדוֹן גָיה, to venture a trespass against the Eternal Num. 31, 16, prob. for אָבָל בַעָל מַעָל מַעָל מָעָל מָעָל in parallel 2 Ch. 36, 14. - Niph. to risk oneself, volunteer Num. 31, 5.

עָרָר (= מּוּסָר m. admonition, instruction Job 33, 16; r. רָסַר.

ָלָרָת (for מַאָסְרָה) f. a band or bond, only in Ez. 20, 37; r. אָסַר.

חור m. a hiding-place, refuge, only in Is. 4, 6; r. סְחֵר.

קרו (pl. w. suf. מְסְהָרָיּה) m. a hiding-place Hab. 3, 14; a lair, den Ps. 17, 12; pl. hidden (i. e. private) places Jer. 13, 17; מקרים treasures of hidden places, i. e. stowed away Is. 45, 3; r. כָּרָ

דַסְרָא m. a hiding, averting of the face, perh. in Is. 53, 3, but see Hiph. of r. בָּתָ

לָשָׁרָם, כּר יָבָשָ, ש. suf. יַשַּרָם; ד. וְשַעָּרָם m. 1) the bowels, intestines 2 Sam. 20, 10. 2) the stomach Job 20, 14. 3) the womb Gen. 25, 23. 4) the lower belly in males, as seat of generative power; hence יַדָּאָרָ יַדָּאָ to come forth from the bowels of, i. e. to be begotten by 2 Sam. 7, 12; fig. the immost part, as seat of emotion Is. 16, 11. 5) the belly, externally Cant. 5, 14; see סְעָיָהִדּי . Chald. (only pl. w. suf. סְעָיָהִדּי) m. the belly Dan. 2, 32.

בִּעְבָּר m. work, only in Job 84, 25; r. צָבָר.

באָרָבָר Chald. (only pl. w. suf. (מַעַבְרוֹהָי m. work Dan. 4, 34.

הַעָּבָה m. thickness, only in בַעָּבָה אָרָשָׁל dense or heavy soil 1 K. 7,46; r. בָּבָ

ח. 1) a passing over, בַּעָרָה שַּׁה מּאָדָה every pass of the appointed rod, i. e. each stroke Is. 30, 32. 2) a ford Gen. 32, 23. 3) a mountain-pass, a gorge 1 Sam. 13, 23; r. בָּבָי.

בְּלָבֶרָה (pl. מַבְּאָבָרוֹח £. 1) a ford Is. 16, 2. 2) a mountain-pass or gorge Is. 10, 29; r. אָבָר.

(only pl. בלצברה ford Josh. 2, 7. 2) a mountain-pass or gorge 1 Sam. 14, 4.

בְעָבָל (pl. c. סַעָּבְלָה, w. suf. בְעָבָל (pl. c. סַעָּבָל אָרָ אָרָ (pl. c. סַעָּבָל (pl. c. קיב, conduct, vay of rut Ps. 65, 12; a way in general Ps. 140, 6; fig. course, conduct, way of life Ps. 23, 3. 2) i. (q. conduct, way of life Ps. 23, 3. 2) i. (q. בַעָבָל, wagon-barricade 1 Sam. 26, 5; r. בַעַבָ

ניעָבָלווּדָרָ (pl. w. suf. נַיעָבָלוּ Ps. 17, 5) f. 1) a way or track Prov. 2, 18; fig. course or conduct Is. 59, 8. 2) wagon - barricade, denom. from עַבָּלָי wagon 1 Sam. 17, 20; r. גַעָ

עדים (fut. דְּשָׁר) akin to שוש, II, to waver, totter, of the feet Ps. 37, 31; בוֹשָר tottering or weak in the feet Job 12, 5. — Pu. only part. fem. בוֹשָר for בוֹשָר (Gram. § 52, Rem. 6) palsied, of a foot Prov. 25, 19. — Hiph. to make tremble, of the loins Ps. 69, 24.

מיער Deut. 31, 10, see מער

בוער pr. n. m. (adorned, r. בוער II) Ezr. 10, 34.

די pr. n. m. (ornament of די Neh. 12, 5.

or dainties Gen. 49, 20; delights, ecstasies Prov. 29, 17; r. יַשָּׁרָ.

ו (מַצָּרְעָרָזּ) I (only pl. מַצָּרְעָרָזּ) f. pleasures, as adv. with pleasure, cheerfully, only in 1 Sam. 15, 32; r. דָבָיָ

נְמַצְיּזְיֹת II (only pl. בַּצְרָפָּרֹ) f. bands or fetters Job 38, 31; r. עָבָר for עָבָר

שַׁעְהָר m. a weeding-hook, hoe, only in Is. 7, 25; r. אָדָר.

נסאבי (obs.) prob. akin to עָדָ to curve or twist (in convolution); hence א מיק and

(only pl. suf. בְּעָרָה) f. i. q. בַּעָרָ, bowels, only fig. of the sea, as producing abundance of fishes, only in Is. 48, 19; r. בָּעָרָ

ענד, a cake 1 K. 17, 12; ענד, a cake 1 K. 17, 12; לענד כמאד. לענד קעול cake-wits or mockers, i. e. guests who jest or flatter to please their host, parasites (παράσιτοι) Ps. 35, 16; r. ענה.

קלעוד: pr. n. m. (perh. oppressed, r. וְּשָׁקָדָ 1 Sam. 27, 2.

כול ביל m. i. q. אָלעוֹכָל m. i. q. געול collect. sucklings or children, only in Is. 3, 12; r. גיל .

ניער, וי עון I; pl. ביערים 2 Ch. 26, 7) m. 1) a ducelling Zeph. 3, 7; habitation of God Ps. 26, 8; a lair or den of wild beasts Nah. 2, 12; as adv. at home 1 Sam. 2, 29, 32. 2) abode, asylum or house Ps. 90, 1. 3) pr. n. (habitation) of a city in Judah Josh. 15, 55, near a desert 1 Sam. 23, 24. 4) pr. n. (asylum) of an Arabian people Judg. 10, 12. 5) pr. n. m. (dwelling) 1 Ch. 2, 45.

בית מעון, בַּעַל מְעוֹן see בְּעוֹן, בַּעון. בֵּית בַּעַל מְעוֹן.

קיניים pr. n. (asylum) a city near Petra, whence gentil. pl. קינינים *Maonites* 1 Ch. 4, 41 (Q'ri), also Ezr. 2, 50.

אָבָידָה or בְעָרָדָה f. i. q. הָצָיָדָה a dwelling Jer. 21, 13; habitation of God Ps. 76, 3; an asylum, refuge Deut. 33, 27; a lair or den, of wild beasts Ps. 104, 22; r. דעו.

קעון, see קעורים.

עלות pr. n. m. (my dwellings, r. ד. II) 1 Ch. 4, 14,

קדער, m. darkness, obscurity, only in Is. 8, 22; r. עיק II.

(only pl. מְעוּרִים) m. nakedness or pudenda, only in Hab. 2, 15, r. דעיר II.

בַּצָּה see בַּערות.

דעניז see אַעלד.

קאַזְרָה, בְעַזְדָרָא, דָרַאַלָּזְרָה, pr. n. m. (perh. decision of דָעָזָד, r. נְעָזָד, Neh. 10, 9, 1 Ch. 24, 18.

גָעוֹזָרָדָ her fortresses, only in Is. 23, 11, for שָׁצְדָה w. Dagh. f. turned into גַעוֹז (cf. נָדָרָה for גָעוֹזָן); see גַעוֹז

עַרָסָעָט, fut. דָסְעָרָס, perb. akin to דָסָ, 1) to be slender or thin, then keen or sharp, of a sword; hence בָּטָרָ 2) to be small or few Lev. 25, 16; to become few Ps. 107, 39; to growsmall, diminish Prov. 13, 11. 3) to be slight or trivial Neh. 9, 32. — Pi. בָּבָ

i. q. Qal 2, to become few Ecc. 12, 3. -- Hiph. דְּסְצָרִט 1) to make small, diminish Lev. 25, 16. 2) to accomplish little, in doing something, e. g. he who did little העריני אסה עיירה gathered ten Num. 11, 32; to stint or spare in asking 2 K. 4, 3.

(in p. מְצָטָרם, pl. מְצָטֹ (in p. מְצָטֹ) (ו subst. absol. little Ps. 37, 16; a few Gen. 47, 9; in c. state מְעַט אֹכֵל a little of food; הָרָד מפח men of fewness, few men Deut. 26, 5, cf. Is. 10, 7. 2) adv. little or a little, of degree Ps. 8, 6, of space 2 Sam. 16, 1, of time Job 24, 24; נעס נעס little by little, by degrees Ex. 23, 30; הַכְּעַם (interrog.) is it little? i. e. is it not enough ? Gen. 30, 15; w. ק Num. 16, 9, w. 5 Josh. 22, 17 of pers. for whom; Ez. 16, 20 was there too little of thy whoredoms? 3) adj. small; pl. קרענט few Ps. 109, 8; נקעים like a little, i. e. nearly, almost Gen. 26, וס; שָׁ קּמְצָט שׁ like a little that, i. e. scarcely Cant. 3, 4, shortly Ps. 81, 15; suddenly Ps. 2, 12; what a little! a very little Prov. 10, 20; very few Ps. 105, 12; of space, a very little 2 Sam. 19, 37; in appos. as adj. very small Is. 1, 9; r. 072.

adj. m., מִצְשָׁה f. slender or thin, then keen or sharp Ez. 21, 20; r. 050.

m. a covering or mantle, only in Is. 61, 3; r. עַטָד I.

TEONO f. a cloak, mantle Is. 3, 22; r. קטא.

m. i. q. עד, a heap or ruin, only in Is. 17, 1; the form seems to be a paronomasia or play on the preceding כיה; r. כִיָה, r.

"2" pr. n. m. (prob. compassionate, from 29, cf. σπλαγχνιζόμενος) Neh. 12, 36.

upper garment or mantle worn by women 2 Sam. 13, 18, the upper ranks 1 Sam. 18, 4, and the priests 1 Sam. 15, 27; r. נעל

מע אפא, בערם.

מסלים in מסינים K'thibh for מסינים 1 Ch. 4, 41; see סערן.

נַיּדְרָן, poet. c. נַיִּדְרָן Ps. 114, 8, w. suf. מַעָרַנוֹ Hos. 13, 15; pl. מַעָרָנָר c. טַעָרָנות; also pl. מַעָרָנָר, c. מַרָּרָנוֹת) m. 1) a place of springs or fountains Ps. 84, 7, formed from צרן w. the formative 2 (see on this letter p. 329). 2) i. q. y., a fountain or spring Gen. 7, 11; fig. source or supply Ps. 87, 7.

מַעּאָכָה to press, part. pass. קעּאָכָה pressed (i.e. fixed) in the ground, בָאֶרֶץ of a spear 1 Sam. 26, 7; קיניק pressed or bruised, of a man emasculated by bruising the testicles Lev. 22, 24. -Pu. to be pressed Ezr. 23, 3. Hence and פעוך

ו ביעברה 1) pr. n. (perh. depression or low-land) of a city at the foot of Hermon 2 Sam. 10, 6; hence μοχή low-land Syria (cf. Koiλη בַעַבָרור (α) 1 Ch. 19, 6; gentil. n. בַעַבָרוי Maachathite Deut. 3, 14. 2) pr. n. m. (perh. depressed) 1 K. 2, 39. 3) pr. n. f. 1 K. 15, 2; r.

עַלַכָּת pr. n. (i. q. נַעַלָרָת) Josh. 13, 13.

רָמָעָל (fut. יְמָעָל Prov. 16, 10, but יְמָעֹל Lev. 5, 15) prob. akin to מערל , to cover, hence מערל; fig. to act covertly or treacherously Prov. 16, 10; w. D of pers. against whom Deut. 32, 51, often fully הַעַל בְּעָל בִ to plot treachery against 1 Ch. 10, 13; w. I of thing or means Josh. 7, 1; hence קִעָּר or קִעָּר and

עַלָל II (for נַעַלָה; r. נָעָלָה) prop. what is above, the upper part, but in use only as adv. above, only in composition as 1) קַמַעל from above Is. 45, 8, above Deut. 5, 8, בְשַׁעַל ל prop. from over as to, hence over above or upon Gen. 22, 9; over Dan. 12, 6. 2) w. loc. מַדְלָה upwards 1 Sam. 9, 2, בַדְלָה higher and higher Deut. 28, 43; of time, above or over Ex. 30, 14, onward or forward 1 Sam. 16, 13. 3) לְמַשָּׁה wpwards, opp. to לְמַעָּלָה Ex. 25, 20, דִשָּרָ לְמַעָּלָה to turn right over Judg. 7, 13, לְמַעְּלָה לְמַעָּלָה upwards upwards, i. e. ever higher Ez. 41, 7; of time, above or over 1 Ch. 23, 27; w. subst. over Ezr. 9, 6; לְמַכְּלָת כָן over 1 Ch. 29, 3; ער לְמַדְלָה even to the highest, excessively 2 Ch. 16, 12. 4) בְּלְמַדְלָח prop. from above upwards, i. e. upwards Gen. 7, 20; נְחָן עָל to place on upon the top Ex. 25, 21.

לקל Chald. (only pl. c. בְּקָלַ) m. prop. the goings in, i. e. setting of the sun Dan. 6, 15; r. צָלַל

ביעל from above, see ביעל

לאַכל (for לבְּלָח) m. a raising, of the hands, only Neh. 8, 6; r. אָלָת קיל זי, see אָבָר II.

האָשָר (ד. האָשָ: אָן דו רוֹשָעָ) ד. 1) a going up or ascent Ezr. 7, 9; fig. pl. thoughts, cogitations, that rise up in the mind Ez. 11, 5. 2) stair or step 1 K. 10, 19; degree on a dialplate 2 K. 20, 9. 3) i. q. האָשָר עובר chamber Am. 9, 6; fig. elevated position, high rank of society 1 Ch. 17, 17. 4) pl. ascendings, goings up or pilgrimages up to Jerusalem, hence i. e. pilgrim-song, prob. sung by the devout on their way to worship at Jerusalem (see אל in Ps. 122, 4); see title of Psalms 120 - 134.

עַיָּלָין (c. אַבָּלָין, w. suf. גַּצָלָין Q'ri of Ez. 40, 31 its ascent, Gram. § 93, 9, Rem.) m. 1) an ascent Neh.12, 37. 2) an acclivity or cliff Josh. 10, 10. 3) elevation or platform Neh. 9, 4. 4) in many pr. n. או דערייין (olive-slope) 2 Sam. 15, 30; אַרָאָריָדין (red-hill) Josh. 15, 7; דַאָרָצָין (flower cliff) 2 Ch. 20, 16; 15, 7; עַרָרָבִין (scorpion-rise) Num. 34, 4; עַרָּבָין (sun-cliff) Jndg. 8, 13; r. דָאַרָ

בועלדו ברר pr. n., see בועלדו ברר

בובליל Zech. 1, 4 i. q. בובליל

עַקלַלָּרם (only pl. בַּעַלָלָרם, c. בַּעַלָלָרם, w. suf. w. suf. construction (בַּעָלָלָרם) m. works or deeds, of God Ps. 77, 12, of men Hos. 12, 3, Zech. 1, 4 in Q'ri but בַּעָלָרם איריב בַּעַלָלָרם (k'thibh; בַּעָלָלָרם) K'thibh; איריב בַעַלָלָרם גרוואס good, i. e. to do right Jer. 35, 15, contrary to do ill Mic. 3, 4; r. בָּעָל

דם see ברעם.

בועבר m. station or post Is. 22, 19; ר. עמוד I.

דעָקָעָד m. a standing-place or footing, only in Ps. 69, 3, Sept. טהלסדמסוג; ד. דעָק I.

אָבָן מַעָּסָטָה; גּאָבָן מַעָּטָסָה a burden-stone, a heavy stone for gymnastic exercise in lifting, only in Zech. 12, 3; r. מַעָ

(only pl. מַעַמָּקים) m. depths (מַעַמָּקים) fithe sea Is. 51, 10; r. דְעָבָא

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נְעָלָה (pl. בְעָלָה Ps. 129, 3 in K'thibh) f. a furrow 1 Sam. 14, 14; r. נקר II.

m. 1) answer or reply Prov. 15, 1; refutation Job 32, 3. 2) purpose or object Prov. 16, 4; r. אַנָּקָר I.

קינונה see הַעֹנָה.

ל בְּעַרָית f. a furrow Ps. 129, 3 in Q'ri; see בְעַנָה.

رobs.) perh. i. q. Arab. مَعْضَ, to be angry; perh. hence

pr. n. m. (anger) 1 Ch. 2, 27.

לְעַצְרָה f. pain or sorrow Is. 50, 11; r. ביצע.

דעצון m. an axe or adz Is. 44, 12; r. דָּצָיָ.

תעצור m. restraint or hindrance 1 Sam. 14, 6; r. אַרָּצָי.

m. restraint or control Prov. 25, 28; r. אַצָּר

round the flat roof of an oriental house, only in Deut. 22, 8; r. 피맛.

שׁבְּקַשָּׁים (only pl. בַיְצָקשׁים) m. crooked ways or places, opp. to מישור Is. 42, 16; r. בָּקשׁי

(for יַבָּעָר ז. דְּעָרָד) m. 1) nakedness, hence privy part Nah. 3, 5. 2) empty space, hence קבְּעַר אִישׁ according to the room of each 1 K. 7, 36.

וביקר (pl. מַכָּרָבְים) m. 1) exchange of wares, hence barter Ez. 27, 9. 2) wares, as objects of barter Ez. 27, 27; pl. v. 33. 3) market or mart, as the place of barter Ez. 27, 19; r. ביע I.

לערך f. the west, only in Is. 45, 6; r. ערב II.

קּעָרוֹת, pl. אָסָעָרָה, w. firm) f. i. q. Arab. אָלָעָרוֹ 1) a cave or cavern Gen. 19, 30; 2) pr. n. Josh. 13, 4; r. שניר I.

ת (c. רַצְרָה) m. prob. *a clearing*, i. e. a naked or clear spot, only in Judg. 20, 33; r. גערון.

ו אַצָרוֹת 1 Sam. 17, 23 (in K'thibh) perh. open spaces (about a camp), but Q'ri נקרכות is perh. better, according to the ancient interpreters.

עַצָרִיץ m. causer of terror, aweinspirer, of God Is. 8, 18; r. אָרָא I.

(only pl. c. בערה) m. arrangements or orderings, preparations Prov. 16, 1; r. בוגי.

or line of soldiers ready for battle Sam. 4, 2; r. קראי f. 1) arrangement or or line the soldiers of the soldiers ready for battle

(only pl. מַשְׁרָשִּׁים) m. nudities, concr. naked persons, only in 2 Ch. 28, 15; r. עָרָם I.

ו ביעראר, then a crash, as striking terror, only in Is. 10, 33; r. ערץ I.

pr. n. (a bare spot, r. בַּעָרָה I) of a place in Judah Josh. 15, 59.

אניין (c. ראַכָּשָר, w. suf. בַּעָשָר sing. Ps. 45, 2 but pl. Ecc. 2, 4, see Gram. § 93, 9, Rem.; pl. דעסעים m. 1) a doing or performing 1 Ch. 23, 28; רעיין רעיין לא working-days, opp. to the sabbaths Ez. 46, 1. 2) deed or action Gen. 44, 15. 3) a work or production Ps. 19, 2; hence איר net-work Ex. 27, 4; an effect or result Is. 32, 17. 4) work, i. e. property as the result and sphere of labour Is. 26, 12; so of fruits Ex. 23, 16, of cattle 1 Sam. 25, 2; r. רעיין I.

דְעָשָׁי pr. n. m. (perh. my work) 1 Ch. 9, 12.

יבעשירה, בעשירה, בעשירה pr. n. m. (work of יד, Jer. 21, 1; 1 Ch. 15, 18.

רְעָשָׁשָׁוֹח (only pl. בְעָשָׁשׁוֹח) f. oppressions or exactions, only in Prov. 28, 16; r. דַשָּׁשָ

קינה = לה בי גר אין בי גר גר בי גר

קפרבשת, see הפרשת.

שַּׁרָיע m. 1) aggressor or foe Job 36, 32. 2) intercessor or mediator Is. 59, 16; see r. אָנָע.

לקביל m. attack, then object of attack, a mark or butt, only in Job 7, 20; r. אוף.

רפים m. a breathing out, the expiring of life, only in Job 11, 20; r. רפים.

n forge, only in Jer. 6, 29; r. mp.

קצאקרם pr. n. m. (perh. for בקצקם flights i. e. of time or life, r. שאק) Gen. 46, 21.

ערקים m. i. q. אָשָּׁים, a maul or war-club, only in Prov. 25, 18; r. אָשָּׁים.

DET m. 1) a falling, i. e. the refuse or chaff, as allowed to fall Am. 8, 6. 2) a flap, as hanging down or loose Job 41, 15; r. bpj I.

קלאדו (only pl. c. הַמְלָאוֹה) f. wonders, miracles, only in Job 37, 16; r. פָלָא.

וֹשְׁלָבָאָ f. a division or class, only in 2 Ch. 35, 12; r. אָלָג I.

הקבר f. a falling, hence ruins, only in Is. 17, 1; r. נְקָנ

הקבר f. a ruin or overthrow Is. 23, 13; r. בַבָּל I.

עַבָּלָם m. place of refuge, only in Ps. 55, 9; r. נַּבָּטָ.

지국 특징 f. terror, then an idol, as an object of fear 1 K. 15, 13; r. بخور

שלקש m. poising or balancing, of the clouds, only in Job 37, 16; r. ישקים i. q. שלים: but perh. i. q. שלים expanding or sailing, of the clouds.

תְּשָׁלָהוֹ (w. suf. בְּשָּלָהוֹ) f. prop. a falling, then 1) ruin, of a man Prov. 29, 16, of a kingdom Ez. 26, 15.

a trunk of a fallen tree Ez. 31,
 3) a corpse or carcase (cf. πτῶμα,
 L. cadaver) Judg. 14, 8; r. נַפַּל

לַבְּעָל m. work, only in Prov. 8, 22; r. אָדָשָ.

(only pl. c. הְשָׁעָלָה) f. works Ps. 46, 9.

מַפַּעָז, see מַפַּעַז.

ΥΞΩ m. a maul or club, only in Jer. 51, 20; r. ΥΞ₂.

TPP7 m. 1) a mustering, a census 2 Sam. 24, 9. 2) a charge or mandate 2 Ch. 31, 13. 3) an appointed place or rendezvous Ez. 43, 21. 4) pr. n. (place of muster) of a gate of Jerusalem Neh. 3, 31; r. **TP9**.

ערָשָרָ m. a haven or inlet of the sea Judg. 5, 17; r. אָרַשָּ.

חַרַקרַקר f.theneck18am.4,18;r.p.p.

שַרְשָּרָש m. a spreading out, expansion Job 86, 29; r. שַרָש II.

ד א לבְשָׁשָׁר f. the crutch or fork, the part where the legs branch out, the buttocks 1 Ch. 19, 4; r. געש

רפת, see הפוט.

חַרָּשִׁים m. a key Judg. 3, 25; r. הרָשָּ.

הקקה (c. רְּקְהָה) m. opening of the lips Prov. 8, 6; r. הקפתו.

קקק m. the sill or threshold 1 Sam. 5, 4; r. הַפָּ

VD, see yiz.

געָאָדָ (1 pers. once געָדָ Num. 11, 11; fut. אַגָּאָ, inf. אַצָּאָ, w. suf. געָאָגָ, סַבָּאָדָ Gen. 32, 20, for געָאָדָ part. m. אַדָּאָ, once אַזָּט Ecc. 7, 26, fem. געָאָד, הענאיז Cant. 8, 10) prop. to reach to or arrive at, as in Aram. אָבָאָר, hence to be at hand 2 Sam. 18, 22; to come to something, w. Ty Job 11, 7; to acquire or get, w. acc. Gen. 26, 12; fig. to suffice, w. > of pers. Num. 11, 22; to come upon or meet with some one Gen. 38, 20; to find (cf. L. invenio, E. to come upon = to find) Gen. 36, 24; to find out, w. > Ps. 21,9; to befall or happen to Ex. 18,8.-Niph. נמָצָאָים (part. pl. נמָצָאים) (נמָצָאים) to be met with or found Jer. 15, 16; to be acquired Deut. 21, 17; to be found out or detected Ex. 22, 1; to be found, i. e. to exist, be present Gen. 19, 15. - Hiph. (1 sing. perf. w. suf. דְּכְצָרְהָך 2 Sam. 3, 8) to make come to, w. בִרָד to deliver up to Zech. 11, 6; to present, w. 5x to Lev. 9, 12; to allot to any one Job 34, 11.

מיצא, see אצים.

קצאָכָם Gen. 32, 20 for אָצָאָכָם your finding, inf. Qal of אָצָשָ.

コミワク (c. ニミュ) m. a stand or place Josh. 4, 3; a military post or garrison 1 Sam. 13, 23; appointment or office Is. 22, 19; r. ニミュ.

□꽃72 m. a station or post of troops Is. 29, 3, Judg. 9, 6; r. ⊇∑?.

קַבָּרָ f. a military post, only in 1 Sam. 14, 12; r. געב.

(f. a garrison, only in Zech. 9, 8; r. بيد.

עַבָּרָה, pl. בַּצָּרָה, c. בַּצָּרָה, pl. בַצָּרָה) (כַּצְרָה) f. prop. something set up, hence 1) a pillar or column Gen. 28, 18. 2) a statue, idol-image 2 K. 3, 2; r. בַעַ.

קר קר pr. n. (perh. muster-place of ד, r. אבָא א f a place 1 Ch. 11, 47.

קאָבָה f. 1) i. q. אָשָׁבָה, a monument Gen. 35, 14. 2) stump of a tree Is. 6, 13; r. אָבָר.

קרָבָר m. i. q. Chald. אָרָדָאָ, Arab. (cf. Masáða, Josephi Bell. Jud. 7. 8. 2), a mountain fastness, a stronghold 1 Ch. 11, 7; r. אנו

(only pl. מְצָרוֹת) f. strong-

holds or munitions, on hills or rocks Is. 33, 16; r. 742 II.

רְצוֹדָה, see רְצַעָרָה, רְצַרָה, see רְצַרָה.

ושביבים I (pl. רובים Gen. 19, 3) f. prop. a sucking, fig. something sucet or unsoured; hence unleavened bread Lev. 2, 5; רובים רובים a cake of unleavened bread Num. 6, 19; pl. in apposition (Gram. § 113) unleavened cakes Num. 6, 15, cf. רובים רובים Ex. 12, 39; רובים לה feast of unleavened bread, i. e. passover Ex. 23, 15; רובים id. (cf. tà čζυμα Mark 14, 1) Ex. 12, 17; r. γ29.

지갖길 II f. contention or quarrel Is. 58, 4; r. 뜻.

קאָל pr. n. (= אָדָט source, r. אָדָר) a place in Benjamin Josh. 18, 26.

לאָדָוֹלָה f. neighing of horses Jer. 8, 16; r. אָדָל.

(pl. تكذاب (pl. تكذاب المعالي) m. 1) r. تلكذ II, a hill-fortress or citadel Ecc. 9, 14. 2) r. تلك I i. q. Syr. محيد مراب (Arab. a net for hunting Ecc. 7, 26;

fig. profit or gain Prov. 12, 12.

קצור (w. suf. יְבְצוּרוֹ) m. a net Job 19, 6; r. צור I.

וֹעָצְעָרָ f. 1) r. איז I, a net for fishing Ecc. 9, 12. 2) a high fortress Is. 29, 7; pl. דיבריים Ez. 19, 9; r. איז II.

בארוד, also לְצָרָה Ez. 13, 21 (כ. בְצָרָה, כְצָרָה, 1) i. q. בְצָרָה, מ high fortress or stronghold Job 39, 28; ביהן קצרדות *a place of munitions* i. e. a castle Ps. 31, 3. 2) r. דצר I, *a hunter's net* Ps. 66, 11; fig. capture, prey Ez. 13, 21.

עִצְוֹת (pl. מְצָוֹת, once מְצָוֹת Neh. 9, 14) f. a commandment, injunction, either human Est. 3, 3, or divine Deut. 17, 20, מְצָוֵת מָצְוָת the charge of the Levites Neh. 13, 5; r. הָאָ

א לְעַצוֹלָה f. a depth or deep of water Ex. 15, 5; pl. fig. distresses Ps. 88, 7; r. איג.

קצרלה, f. depth or abyss Jon. 2, 4 i. q. איליק: r. איג.

P[꼬깃 m. straitness or distress Deut. 28, 53, 1 Sam. 22, 2; r. **PIX** I.

pיצים (pl. c. דַבָּיָם) m. a column or pillar, of cast metal 1 Sam. 2, 8; fig. a cliff or peak, so named for its pillar-like appearance 1 Sam. 14, 5; r. איז III.

Job 15, 24; pl. Ps. 25, 17; r. P3X I.

עצרך I (w. suf. in p. עצרך Ez. 4, 8) m. 1) pressure or distress Deut. 28, 53. 2) a siege Zech. 12, 2; בקצור בקצור prop. to enter into the siege, i. e. to become invested or blockaded, of a city 2 K. 24, 10. 3) mound or circumvallation of besiegers Deut. 20, 20. 4) a fortification in general Hab. 2, 1, Ps. 31, 22; r. איז I.

קצור II pr. n. (i. q Arab. יָּסָה, perh. fortified, r. יאר I) of Egypt, hence אור איר streams of Egypt, i. e. the branches of the Nile forming the Delta Is. 19, 6; see הַּצְרָיָם.

(pl. קצורות מצורות (pl. קצורות מצורות) f. 1) a rampart, mound of besiegers Is. 29, 3. 2) a fortress, fortification 2 Ch. 11, 11; קבי מצורה 2 Ch. 14, 5, קבי מצורות 2 Ch. 11, 10, fortified cities (see Gram. § 108, 3); r. אדר I.

strife, جامل f. i. q. التبتي quarrel or strife, جامع بين بي when of thy contention, i. e. contending w. thee Is. 41, 12; r. التبتي.

(obs.) akin to my, Syr.

עִרָּאָרָר (w. suf. אָאָרָא, pl. c. אָרָאָר Ez. 9, 4) m. the front or forehead 1 Sam. 17, 49; אַרָאָר מָצָר (firm of front i. e. bold faced, impudent Ez. 3, 7; אָרָאָרָה נוויען thy brow is copper or bronze, i. e. thou art brazen faced or shameless Is. 48, 4; r. אָאָרָ

ל בְּצָרָוּד (c. רַדָּת) f. prop. a frontlet for the leg or shin, a greave, only in 1 Sam. 17, 6; r. בָּצָהן.

בעבל m. a shadowing, only in Ez. 31, 3; r. אַלָא II.

קצלית (only pl. רְצָלָה) f. bells Zech. 14, 20, used as trappings for horses and camels; r. צָלַל

דְלָבָה f. a shade or shady place Zech. 1, 8; r. גָל II.

קַצְלְקָדָם (only dual קַצָּלְקָדָם; cf. גָקָצָלְדָקָדָם) f. prop. tinkling, hence cymbal, of two plates Ezr. 3, 10; r. ללג I.

רצוקבת f. a turban, tiara, of the high priest Ex. 28, 4, of a king Ez. 21, 31; r. דָעָדָ.

기호그 m. a couch or bed, spread out, only in Is. 28, 20; r. 5또.

(pl. c. בְּצְעַרָ Ps. 37, 23) m. a step or walk Prov. 20, 24; בְּמָצֶרָיר Cushites on his steps, i. e. following on his track Dan. 11, 43; r. בָּצָר

קרַצָּעָרָדָז (for בְּצָערָדָז) f. from or of littleness, i. e. very small, only in Dan. 8, 9 קרָן אַרַת מִצְעִרָד horn of small size; r. אָדָאַ

مَكْتُكُمْ m. 1) smallness or littleness, hence concr. a little one Gen. 19, 20; of number, a few 2 Ch. 24, 24; of time, a little while Is. 63, 18. 2) pr. n. (perh. little one) of a hill-top, prob. near Hermon Ps. 42, 7; r. کې.

「見义2 m. 1) a watch-tower Is. 21, 8; a look-out, a post of observation in general 2 Ch. 20, 24. 2) pr. n. (lookout)'of several places, e. g. in Judah Josh. 15, 38, in Benjamin Josh. 18, 26, in Gilead Judg. 11, 29, in Lebanon Josh. 11, 8, in Moab 1 Sam. 22, 3; in Gad Josh. 13, 26; r. 下文 I.

or treasures, only in Obad. 6; r. אַפּרָים

רָצרָם, see בּצרָם.

ברצקת see הציקת.

נאבר (obs.) prob. akin to גָּצָר, גער inclose or surround; hence גער II and גערים.

, אַצָרָים, see under

the land of Egypt Gen. 45, 20. The dual (cf. Syr. عَلَى) refers prob. to the division into lower and upper Egypt, or perh. to the two parts or shores formed by the Nile flowing through the midst; gentil. n. m. مَعَتَ Gen. 39, 1, f. مَعْتَ Gen. 16, 1, an Egyption; pl. m. تَعْتَ Gen. 12, 12, f. مُعْتَ قد 1, 19. — Also pr. n. m. of a son of Ham Gen. 19, 6.

Prov. 17, 3; r. hjy.

P길 m. rottenness or stench Is. 3, 24; r. ppų.

קבה (pl. יַקָּבָה) f. a hammer Is. 44, 12; r. יָקָב – Hence Maxxaβaïo:, Maccabee.

קבת f. 1) a hammer Judg. 4, 21. 2) a quarry Is. 51, 1; r. באַ

pr. n. (prob. place of sheepmarking, r. יבָרָד,) of a place in Judah, formerly a royal city of the Canaanites Josh. 10, 10.

שׁקָרְשָׁר (w. suf. שְׁקָרָשָׁ, once שִׁקָרָשָׁ Num. 18, 29) m. 1) a holy thing Num. 18, 29. 2) a holy place, sanctwary Ex. 25, 8; esp. the temple 1 Ch. 22, 19; בְּכָה מָרָשָׁ בְּכָה בְּקָרָשׁ בְּרָח רְחוֹה the king's sanctwary, i. e. appropriated perh. to his use Am. 7, 13; pl. קַרָשׁ בָרח רְחוֹה the holy places of the Lord's house, i. e. the several compartments of the temple Jer. 51, 51, so too גָקָרָשׁ בָּרָח קַרָשׁ אַרָּ Am. 7, 9, the sanctuaries of Israel were idolatrous shrines. 3) an asylum Is. 8, 14; r. שָׁהָשָ.

מְקְדֵּלִים (only pl. בְּקְדֵלִים) m. assemblies Ps. 26, 12; r. בְּהַל.

(only pl. מַקְהַלוֹת) f. assemblies Ps. 68, 27; r. הַקָּהַל

pr. n. (assemblies) of a ביקדולות

station of the Israelites in the desert Num. 33, 25.

אָקָרָא 2 Ch. 1, 16 in K'thibh for בּקוַיָה.

יקָרָה f. a pool or reservoir, only in Is. 22, 11; r. ועָרָ.

in 22 (c. קקנה) m. 1) hope or expectation 1 Ch. 29, 15; object of trust Jer. 14, 8. 2) a gathering or confluence of water Gen. 1, 10. 3) & company or caravan of men and animals 1 K. 10, 28; r. הוף.

שוֹם בוֹזָשָׁ (see Gram. § 116.2), ביֹזָשָ (see Gram. § 116.2), ביֹזָשָ בּג. 29, 31 (c. בּיָשָם, pl. רוֹזַשִיּשָׁם) com. gend. i. q. Arab. לענה, 1) a place to stand on or be in, of the great ocean-bed Gen. 1, 9; hence a dwelling-place Gen. 29, 26; let there be no place (בּוֹשָׁם) for may cry, i. e. let it not tarry but reach God at once Job 16, 18. 2) a spot, a district or region, as בַשָׁם בּוֹשָם the district of Shechem Gen. 12, 6. 8) שוֹם בּוֹשָׁם בָּוֹשָׁם בָּוֹשָם אָ הַיָּשָׁם בוֹשָׁם בָּוֹשָׁם בַּוֹשָם בָּוֹשָם בָּשָׁם נוֹשָׁם בַּוֹשָם בָּוֹשָם בַּיַשָּם place where Josh. 1, 3; r. בּשָׁם.

לוֹך (c. קיקוֹר) m. a fountain Hos. 13, 15; fig. קיקר דָּמָים the womb Lev. 12, 7, also without דָּמָר Lev. 20, 18; בְּמָר רְשָׁרָאַל from the fountain of Israel, i. e. his seed Ps. 68, 27; r. קר I.

때 . a taking or receiving 2 Ch. 19, 7; r. 파코.

in (only pl. קקות) f. wares or merchandise, only in Neh. 10, 32 (cf. Talm. קקח purchase); r. בָּלָח

מקפר (c. מְקְפָר) m. incense, only in Ex. 30, 1; r. קָטָר I.

(אָקְטֵרָת (w. suf. אָקְטֵרָת) f. a censer 2 Ch. 26, 19; r. בָּשַר I.

רקלל (obs.) prob. akin to אָרָאָר J,

to stir or wave to and fro, to shake; hence

עָקָלָם (c, שָׁשָׁם Jer. 1, 11 or שִׁשָּ Gen. 30, 37, w. suf. קַשָּלָם, בַשָּלָבָם, pl. רוֹשָׁשָלָם m. 1) a branch or bough, as waving on the tree Jer. 48, 17. 2) a rod, stick or staff Ex. 12, 11; a shepherd's rod or crook Zech. 11, 7; r. לַשָּׁם.

ָרָקְלוֹת pr. n. m. (staves, r. לְקָלוֹת) 1 Ch. 27, 4.

עקלט m. place of refuge, an asylum Num. 35, 12; ער בקלט city of refuge, for homicides Josh. 21, 13; r. בקלט.

אַקלאָרָרָ Jer. 15, 10 prob. only an error for קלארי *they curse me*, as some texts read.

(מַקְלְצוֹת , c. מַקְלָצוֹת (pl. מָקָלָעָה, c. מָקְלָצָת) f. earved work 1 K. 6, 18; r. פַלַע II.

מקום see בוקם

קוָדָה, m. perh. i. q. קוָאָה jealousy, enly in Ez. 8, 3, but see under r. קנָה.

ו בְּקָרָה (בּחָרָה f. 1) possession Gen. 23, 18; In a wider sense than מְקָנָה hence also a purchase Lev. 27, 22; מקנה בַּסָר בָּקָנָה the purchase of money, a slave bought for money Gen. 17, 12; מַקָר הַשָּׁקָנָה the bill of purchase or sale Jer. 32, 11. 2) purchase-money or price Lev. 25, 16; г. קָנָה I.

אָקָנְד (ד. אָקָנָה I; w. suf. אָקָנָד גָסָןָדָ גַסָןָדָ גַסָן גַסַן גַסָן גַסַן גַסָן גַסַן גַסָן גַסָן גַסַן גַסָן גַסָן גַסָן גַסַן גַסָן גַסַן גַסָן גַסַן גַסַן גַסַן גַסַן גַסַן גַסַן גַסַן גַסָן גַסָן גַסַן גַסָן גַסָן גַסַן גַסָן גַסַן גַסָן גַסַן גַסָן גַסַן גַסָן גַסַן גַסַן גַסַן גַסָן גַסַן גַסָן גַסַן גַסָן גַסַן גַסַן גַסַן גַסָן גַסַן גַסַן גַסָן גַסַן גַסַן גַסַן גַסַן גַסַן גַסָן גַסן גַסַן גַסן גַסַן גַסן גַסן גַען גַסַן גַסן גַסַן גַסַן גַסַן גַסָן גַסן ג

דיקבידה pr. n. m. (possession of 1 Ch. 15, 18. שקנת Jer. 22, 23 in K'thibh, but Q'ri has אָקנאָק, part f. Pu. of denom. r. אָטָ to nestle.

DOP.2 m. divination Ez. 12, 24; r. DOP.

 $\gamma p \gamma$ pr. n. (prob. end or limit, r. $\gamma p \gamma$) of a place 1 K. 4, 9.

ס מְקַצְעָּיּה (pl. מְקַצְעָ or מְקַצְעָיה) or מְקַצְעָיה (pl. מְקָצַעָּיה) or מְקַצּוּעָים, c. מְקָצוּעָים, f. an angle or corner, a nook Ex. 26, 24; r. בָּצָ

(only pl. מַקְצַוֹּעָה) f. chisels or gouges Is. 44, 13; r. בַּקָצ

אָרָאָר Ex. 26, 23, see r. אַרָּגָע Ex. 26, 23, see r. אַרָּגָע רְצָר Dan. 1, 15, see רְצָה.

קצה 1 K. 12, 31, see noun קצה

ערה (Qal obs.) akin to ערה (כָּהָ, בָּהָ, לָּהָ), to melt or waste away. – Niph. אָבָין (fut. אָרָאָי) 1) to be melted away or dissolved Zech. 14, 12; fig. of the vanishing of the heavenly bodies Is. 34, 4; to run, of sores Ps. 38, 6. 2) to pine or waste away, of men Lev. 26, 39. – Hiph. בין to cause to waste away Zech. 14, 12.

קור see ביקר.

אָקרָאָרָ (pl. c. אָקרָאָ, w. suf. נְמִרְאָרָא 1) a calling together Num. 10, 2.
2) an assembly or convocation (cf. ἐxxλησία) Is. 1, 13, pl. Is. 4, 5; אקרָאָ a holy convocation Lev. 23, 3.
3) a reading Neh. 8, 8; r. אָק I.

יקרָד, w. suf. יקרָד, m. 1) hap or accident Buth 2, 3, 1 Sam. 6, 9. 2) event or lot Ecc. 2, 14; r.

חָרָק m. frame-work, in beams or joists Ecc. 10, 18; r. קרָה.

לקרה f. a cooling or refreshing Judg. 3, 20; r. קרַר.

רקרק (prop. part. Pilpel of קרקר) m. a digging-down or overthrow, only in Is. 22, 5.

שבי אב מקש

דעָרָאָר I f. turnery, of wood Ex. 25, 18, of metal Ex. 25, 31; r. העָר II.

ון (for אָשָׁאָי denom. from אָשָׁאָ cucumber) m. i. q. Arab. גענע, a cucumber-field, only in Is. 1, 8.

דעָרָאָד m. turning or twisting of the hair, נְקַשָּׁה נִקְשָׁה curling-work, i. e. artificial ringlets Is.3, 24; r. דַשַׁיַדוו.

ר I m. *a drop*, only in Is. 40, 15; r. גָרָ I.

אקק I i. q. קק I, to be perverse or rebellious, hence part. f. קק rebellious or obstinate Zeph. 3, 1.

וו קרא II (Qal obs.) prob. akin to קרא II (Qal obs.) prob. akin to speed away, of the swift motion of the ostrich, only in Job 39, 18.

אָרָא דָרָא pr. n. f. (for כָּרָא sad, see II) Ruth 1, 20 in K'thibh. גער (obs.) akin to אָרָאָ, אָבָא, to be full or well fed, hence fat or strong, hence קריא and

קרא לא Chald. m. a master or lord i. q. Syr. أحد أ, Dan. 2, 47; r. Heb. مدور

קרארא Is. 39, 1, see קייבד.

קראֹרָד: בַּלְאָרָן pr. n. (prob. Merodach is stout-hearted) of a king of Babylon Is. 39, 1.

(פָרְאוֹת 1, 1) a sight or נַרְאָר 1, 1) a sight or vision 1 Sam. 3, 15; פַרְאוֹת פַרָּאוֹת מַוּלָיָל 1, 15; מַרָאוֹת מַוּלָיל 15; מוּקָאָר פּוּקאָר visions Gen. 46, 2, 2) i. q. Arab.

ערָאָרָז (כ. רְאָרָאָרָק, w. suf. in sing. קרָאָרָק, see Gram. § 93, 9, Rem.) m. 1) viewing or seeing Lev. 13, 12. 2) appearance or look Ex. 24, 17; often put after an adj. to express the kind of appearance, e. g. רְשָׁר רְשָׁר אָפָרָאָר Gen. 39, 6 fair-looking man, רְשָׁר לְפַרְאָר woman; בּרָקר לְפַרָאָר לְפַרָאָר leasant for looking at Gen. 2, 9. 3) a sight or vision Ex. 3, 3; r. רָאָר

קיאָה f. i. q. Arab. אינאַם, a bird's crop or craw, only in Lev. 1, 16; r. אָקָאַ

קרארן pr. n. (for מְרָאוֹן fertility, r. (קראר) of a place in north Palestine Josh. 12, 20.

קראשרה, also בראשרה, 1 Ch. 4, 21 1) pr. n. (perh. capital) of a city in Judah Josh. 15, 44. 2) pr. n. m. (chief, cf. ראש) 1 Ch. 2, 42.

בּרְאָשׁוֹת (only in pl., c. בַּרְאָשׁוֹת זָרָאָשׁוֹת (only in pl., c. בַּרְאָשׁוֹת קרא (מראד אין פּרַאָשׁרָר). f. prop. spots or spaces at the head (Gram. § 108, 2, a); then as adv. of place, at the head 1 Sam. 19, 16; opp. to בַּרְגָלוֹת

1 Sam. 26, 12 perh. for

קּמָרַאֲשׁתָר from places at the head of (Saul).

קרב pr. n. f. (increase, r. דְבָב I, as מַקָר from בָּבָר) of a daughter of Saul 1 Sam. 14, 49.

מַרְבַּד (only pl. מַרְבַהִים) m. coverlets for beds Prov. 7, 16; r. רְבַד I.

רְבָּה f. amplitude, then as conorete ample, only in Ez. 23, 32; r. רָבָה.

י אַכָּרָבָּה m. 1) increase Is. 9, 6. 2) plenty or abundance, יְּבָל בְרָבָּה spoil in plenty Is. 33, 23; r. רָבָה

תובית f. 1) numerousness or multitude; w. suf. הקרביקה their mullitude, i. e. the greater part of them 1 Ch. 12, 29. 2) increase of family, offspring 1 Sam. 2, 33. 3) interest on money (cf. τόχος) Lev. 25, 37. 4) greatmess of wisdom 2 Ch. 9, 6; r. הקר.

רָבָך . see r. אָרְבֶּכָּת.

רְבָּץ (כ. בְּרָבֵץ Ez. 25, 5) m. a crouching-place or lair for animals Zeph. 2, 15; r. בָרַא.

רְבָּרָבָּ m. a stall or stable for fattening Am. 6, 4; גַּלְ בַּרְבָּק of the stall, i. e. fatted Mal. 3, 20 (cf. δ μόσχος δ σιτευτός Luke 15, 23); r. בָּקַ-.

קרד (obs.) akin to r. אָרָג, דְּרָג, מָרַח, to press, bruise or crush. ---- Perh. mimet. akin to מְעָבָקע, לעָלַקע, לעָלַקיע, אוואס

מוֹרַג (pl. מוֹרְבִּים; r. מַוֹרְבָּים), see מוֹרַג.

ערָעוֹע m. rest, resting-place, only in Jer. 6, 16; r. בַיָ

קלוח סון pl. f., prop. denom. from לְבָל , hence places at the feet (Gram. § 108, 2, a), as adv. at the feet Buth 3, 8; opp. to הקראלות.

, a stone- גֹבָּאָד, f. i. q. Arab. גֹרָבָּאָד, a stonekeap, גבן בְּבַרְנַאָד מַר אַבָן בַּמַרָנַאָד as a bag of gems in a heap of stones, only in Prov. 26, 8; r. רְנָם L.

בְּרָבָּצָה f. rest or quiet Is. 28, 12; r. גַעַ

(fut. יְרָקֹרָ) prob. akin to קרָר (fut. יְרָקֹרָ, Syr. אָבָּיָ, Arab. אָרָקָר, to disobey, to war or rebel Gen. 14, 4; w. acc. Josh. 22, 19 or ק Is. 36, 5 or by Neh. 2, 19, to rebel against.

לרך Chald. m. rebellion Ezr. 4, 19, i. q. Heb. בָרָ

עָרָד Chald. adj. m., f. טְרָדָא (def. science) מָרָד (chald. adj. m., f. גָרָדָא) rebellious Ezr. 4, 12.

גָרֶד m. 1) rebellion Josh. 22, 22. 2) pr. n. m. (rebel) 1 Ch. 4, 17; r. בָּרָ

ין לרְדָר (r. יְרָדָת); *d. dominion* or subjection, perh. to be so read in Is. 14, 6, as the Targum and the parallelism suggest, in place of בָּרָדָת

f. rebelliousness, only in 1 Sam. 20, 30.

בְרְדְכַ pr. n. (perh. belonging to Merodach, i. e. to Mars) *Mordecai*, Esther's foster-father, who became chief minister of the Persian court Est. 2, 5.

אַרְדָּוֹ, m. persecution, only in Is. 14, 6 where many prefer to read רְדָרָ

I (inf. abs. ידע Lam. 1, 20) prob. akin to קרן II, prop. to be or make bitter (cf. Sept. πιχραίνω), hence to be contumacious or rebellious, to rebel Is. 1, 20; w. 7 of pers. to rebel against Hos. 14, 1; w. aco.

to resist Ps. 105, 28; דְּוֹתָ אָח-פָּר וְדוֹת נס spurn the mouth of דּוָ i. e. to act contrary to his command Num. 20, 24.— Hiph: הָבְרָח (fut. apoc. w. iconsec. בע בון בג. 5, 6) to resist or insult Job 17, 2, cf. Josh. 1, 18; w. acc. Ps. 78, 17 or ב Ps. 106, 43, to rebel against; w. של to contend with Deut. 9, 7.

ער דָּרָה II (obs.) i. q. דָּרָה I, to cut off; or perh. akin to ניב to stroke or rub over, as in shaving; hence מוֹדָה razor.

אָרָדָע III (obs.) i. q. אָרָד, to be firm or strong; hence perh. מוֹרָה a master in Job 86, 22.

I (r. בָּרָה I; only in dual) f. rebellion, אָרָץ רְרָהָש land of double rebellion, only in Jer. 50, 21; a designation of Babylonia.

ון עָרָדָאָ II 1) adj. f. bitter (see שָׁוָד) Job 21, 25; as subst. bitterness, fig. sadness 2 Sam. 2, 26; as adv. bitterly Ez. 27, 30. 2) pr. n. (bitter) of a fountain in the peninsula of Sinai Ex. 15, 23; r. בין II.

גערה f. bitterness or distress, only מירה f. bitterness or distress, only a grief of spirit in Gen. 26, 35; r. בָּרָ II.

בְּעָהָ (mŏrrā) f. bitterness, fig. sadness, only in Prov. 14, 10; r. בְרַר II.

צּוֹדֵלָה, see צּוֹרְדֵאָבָה.

ערדר (w. suf. בְּרְדִים, pl. בְּרְדִּרִם; r. רוֹר) 1) adj. m. wandering, then fugitive, שַנִיים בְרְדִים the fugitive poor Is. 58, 7. 2) as subst. a fleeing or flight, Lam. 1, 7 בִרְדִים her fleeings.

גִרוֹד pr.n. (perh. for דְּאָדָי refuge, r. ואָדָא) of a city in northern Palestine Judg. 5, 23.

קרוֹת (c. מְרוֹת) adj. m. bruised or crushed, בְּיָה אָיָה one crushed in testicle, i. e. emasculated by crushing, only in Lev. 21, 20; r. T.D.

ערובם (c. ארובים, pl. ברובים) m. 1) a height or elevation Is. 37, 24. 2) a high place Hab. 2, 9, esp. of heaven Ps. 18, 17; fig. high rank or condition Job 5, 11. 3) highmindedness, as adv. haughtily or proudly Ps. 56, 3; r. בוש

שרום pr. n. (height, r. רום) of a district, hence בי פרום waters of Merom Josh. 11, 5, a lake (now el-Haleh) near the source of the Jordan.

עררץ m. a race or running, only in Ecc. 9, 11; r. רדץ.

בְרוּצָה, a running I f. i. q. בְרוּצָה, a running 2 Sam. 18, 27; r. רוּץ.

ערוּצָר II f. oppression, only in Jer. 22, 17; r. בָּצָץ.

(only pl.) m. prop. rubbings, hence cleansings, a course of purification, only in Est. 2, 12; r. רַקַים.

קרות בָּרוּת pr. n. (prob. bitter springs, r. בָרַ II) of a place in Judah Mic. 1, 12.

נְרְדָוֹת (c. בְּרְזָה) m. an outcry, either a shouting for joy Am. 6, 7 or a wailing for sorrow Jer. 16, 5; r. בָוָח.

(fut. (יְמְרָח (יְמְרָח) prob. mimet. akin to דְשָרָח, שָרָח (יְמְרָח I, הָדָח, 1) to rub or bruise, hence גָרָח, 2) to rub over or lay on, as a poultice or liniment, only in Is. 38, 21.

בוְרָשָׁב (pl. c. בֶּרְשָׁב) m. 1) wide or broad place, breadth Hos. 4, 16, cf. Hab. 1, 6. 2) fig. relief or enlargement, opp. to א Ps. 18, 20; r. ביק.

בְרָתַאָּרָם ,פַרְתַאָרָם (pl. בַרְתַאָרָם גַּרָתַאָרָם גַיָּרָתַאָרָם גַיָרָתַאָרָם גַיָרָתַאָרָם אָפָרָזאָד 33, 17) m. remoteness, distance, hence אָבֶרָץ פַרָתָאָר a distant land Is. 13, 5; pl. אָבָרָאַרָם מַוֹג מוֹג מוֹג מוֹג מַרָרָאָרָם מַרָּרָאַרָר פַרְתַאָרָם גַיָרַאָרָם גַיָרַאַרָּס ג אָבָרָאַ פַרְהַאָרים גוווי

י קרַשַּי־אָרָץ remote parts of carth Is. 8, 9; שְׁבָּרְחָל הָיָשָׁר from afar Is. 10, 3, or at a distance Jer. 31, 10; r. בָּחַל

f. a pot for boiling Lev. 2, 7; r. בַּרְדֶשׁת

נקלט akin to רְשְׁרַט (fut. יְשְׁרַט) פּג to rub or make smooth, to sharpen a sword Ez. 21, 14; to make bare by plucking the hair Is. 50, 6; part. f. chafed or bare, of the shoulder suffering from the constant carrying of burdens Ez. 29, 18. -Niph. to become hairless or bald Lev. 13, 40. - Pu. or 1) to be polished, of metal 1 K. 7, 45. 2) to be sharpened, of a sword, in part. f. מֹרָשָׁה (w. Dagh. f. euphon.) for במרטה Ez. 21, 15. 3) bare or naked, in part. m. מורט (for מירט, see Gram. § 52, Rem. 6) Is. 18, 2, of the Ethiopians as going naked, or better here perh. as sharp or fierce (cf. sense 2).

נות Chald. (i. q. Heb.) to pluck; perf. pass. קריטי have been plucked i. e. wings Dan. 7, 4.

מָרָיָה (in pause מָרָיָם, w. suf. מָרָיָה Deut. 31, 27, מְרָיָם Neh. 9, 17) m. 1) contradiction or protest Job 23, 2. 2) perverseness Deut. 31, 27; קבי מְרָי בּרָי perverse children Num. 17, 25. 3) concr. a rebel Prov. 17, 11; coll. rebels Ez. 2, 7; r. בָרָי I.

(pl. מְרִיאִים) m. i. q. אָרָיאָ fatling or fat beast Ez. 39, 18, Is. 1, 11; esp. a fatted calf 1 K. 1, 9; r. שָׁרָאָ.

דר בְּצַל pr. n. m. (contumacy to Baal, r. בָּרָי בְצַל ו מָדָר I) of a son of Jonathan 1 Ch. 9, 40 (elsewhere 'בָּרָי בַ

נְרְרְבָרוֹ (פְרְרְבוֹח (פְרְרְבוֹח (פְרְרְבוֹח (בְרָרָבוֹח (בְרָרָבוֹח (בְרָרָבוֹח strife Gen. 13, 8. 2) pr. n. (strife) of fountain from a rock near the Red Sea Ex. 17, 7; also one

near Kadesh Num. 20, 13; fully פָר מָרִבּת מָדַש פָר מְרִיבַת מְדַש צָר גַרָרָב, 14, וויב Ez. 47, 19.

קרָרָה pr. n. m. (prob. contumacy, r. קרָה I) Neh. 12, 12.

שלורָיָה or מוֹרָיָה pr. n. (perh. shown or provided by הָיָה, as if for קראָריָה, r. הָיָא of one of the hills of Jerusalem Gen. 22, 2, on which Bolomon built the temple 2 Ch. 3, 1. — Perh. the name is connected w. part. f. Hiph. of הָיָה in sense of to point out or show, as in הָיָה Gen. 46, 28; comp. הָיָה Is. 17, 6.

דְרָרוֹת pr. n. m. (rebellions, r. I) 1 Ch. 5, 32, Neh. 12, 15.

בְרָרֶם pr. n. f. (prob. rebellion, r. יקים I w. formative ending ה-, as in מון Sept. Mupia, Vulg. Maria, the sister of Moses, a prophetess Ex. 15, 20; hence Mapia, Mary.

ל הירהת f. bitterness, only in Ez. 21, 11; r. פַרַר II.

adj. m. bitter, fig. dire, of a plague, only in Deut. 32, 24; r. קר II.

במִרִיר see בִּרְרִרָים.

שְׁרֶהָ m. softness, fig. timidity or fear, only in Lev. 26, 36; r. בְרֵה

בָרְבָּב m. 1) a chariot 1 K. 5, 6. 2) a carriage-seat Cant. 3, 10; r. בַבָ

קרַבָּרָד, Gen. 41, 43, שָׁרְבָּבָה, c. גַּרְבָּבָה, שִׁרָבָרָה, w. suf. אָבָרָג, pl. גַיִרְבָרָה, c. גַיִרְבָרָה, c. נְרַיְבָרָה, c. גַיִרְבָרָה, a chariot 1 Sam. 8, 11; a warchariot Ex. 14, 25; as a coll. in Hagg. 2, 22; r. בָרָבָר.

ַרְקָלָת (w. suf. בִרְקָלָתַק) f. a market or fair, only Ez. 27, 24; r. בָּל

(גָרְמָזה 1) deceit or fraud Gen. 27, 35; גערָבָר לר לאיש בּרְפָה 5, 7; לרָבָר לר fraudulent man Ps. 5, 7; באונר בירפה false balances Prov. 11, 1; באונר בירפה as edv. in pretence, falsely, Ps. 24, 4;

fig. fraudulent wealth Jer. 5, 27; 2) pr. n. m. (fraud) 1 Ch. 8, 10; r. דָרָדָא I.

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סְעָרְעָס (c. בַּם) m. a treading down, a trodden thing Is. 5, 5; r. בָּסָ

ארלות pr. n. of some unknown place (perh. i. q. קראון fertility, r. קראון, whence gentil. n. קרנה, Meronothite 1 Ch. 27, 30.

ວຸລີ pr. n. m. (Pers. perh. i. q. L. meritum) Est. 1, 14.

pr. n. m. (Pers. perh. meritorious) Est. 1, 14.

ברָע m. evil-doing, only in Dan. 11, 27; r. רָעָד II.

עַרַבָּק, אַרַבָּק, אַרַבָּק, אָרַבָּק, pl. שָרַבָּק, w. each — firm) m. prop. friendship, then i. q. רָבָ, a friend or companion Gen. 26, 26; pl. Judg. 14, 11; r. רָבָה II.

אָרָעָרָה (w. suf. בְּרְעָרָה, Job 39, 8) m. i. q. Arab. העסול, pasture or feed for cattle Gen. 47, 4, pasture-ground Is. 32, 14, feeding-place of wild beasts Nah. 2, 12; r. בְּעָח I.

f. 1) a pasturing or feeding Hos. 13, 6; נוקצרחו of his pasturing Ps. 95, 7. 2) a flock as fed or pastured Is. 49, 9; c. בעון I.

קרביל pr. n. (trembling or earthquake, r. כְּכָל) of a place in Zebulon Josh. 19, 11.

ערפא, once ארפא, (Jer. 8, 15) m. 1) r. אר ד, I, treatment or cure 2 Ch. 21, 18; a remedy Jer. 33, 6; restoration or health Prov. 4, 22; fig. deliverance Prov. 6, 15. 2) r. אר ד, 3 quietness, placidity, of mind Prov. 14, 30, of speech Prov. 15, 4.

נ. בּרָבָּש) m. prop. a tread-

ing, then foul or troubled water, as trodden in by cattle, only in Ez. 34, 19; r. בְּמָש

עריק (Qal obs.) prob. akin to ישק, to break or force in. - Niph. to be forcible Job 6, 25; part. f. יקריקי violent, of cursing 1 K. 2, 8. - Hiph. to provoke or excite Job 16, 3.

ערָצַע m. an awl Ex. 21, 6; r. דָאָר.

ברבים f. a pavement, only in 2 K. 16, 17; r. אַרָּ

(only pl. בְּרְקָתִים) m. perfumes, aromatic herbs, only in Cant. 5, 13; r. רָקָח.

לְבָרְקָדָדוֹ f. 1) a spicing or seasoning Ez. 24, 10. 2) unguent-pot Job 41, 23; ד. רְקָד.

רָקְרָת f. 1) unguent 1 Ch. 9,30. 2) perfumer's art, perfumery Ex.30, 25; ר. רְקָת.

I (obs.) akin to Arab. בְּרָבָר to make flow, to flow or distil; hence אָבָי, perh. בְּרַבָּר, cf. מִשְמֹסָמ.

זָרָרָד . II (perf. דָרָ, fem. דָרָרָ fut. דָרָר Is. 24, 9, see Gram. § 67, Rem. 3) i. q. Arab. דָרָה, Syr. בָּרָ akin to Lat. amarus, to be bitter, fig. to be in grief, w. נַקָּשׁׁ 1 Sam. 30, 6; impers., w. > of pers. to be

grievous to Lam. 1, 4; w. 70 of cause Ruth 1, 13. - Niph. נְמַר (for נְמַוֹר) in Jer. 48, 11, to be changed, belongs to r. קר and not to קר II (see Gram. § 67, Bem. 5). - Pi. מַרָר (fut. רְפָרֵר) to make bitter, fig. to embitter Ex. 1, 14; to do bitterly or grievously in any thing, e. g. w. T., to weep bitterly Is. 22, 4; fig. to exasperate or provoke Gen. 49, 23. - Hiph. דֶּקֶר (fut. יַמָּר for רַפָּר Ex. 23, 21; inf. ו (הַמָר) 1) to make bitter, fig. to embitter Job 27, 2; to act harshly, w. 2 or 5 of pers. Ex. 23, 21, Buth 1, 20. 2) fig. to be in grief, w. >> of cause Zech. 12, 10. - Hithpalp. to be embillered or wrathful החפרפר Dan. 11, 11; w. 5x of pers. Dan. 8, 7.

(only pl. בְּרֹרָם) m. bitter herbs Ex. 12, 8; fig. bitter things or hardships Lam. 3, 15; r. ביק II.

بَرَارَةً f. i. q. Arab. مَرَارَةً, Syr. منزأة, bile or gall Job 16, 13; so called for its flowing or its bitterness; r. קר I or II.

לרְרָה (מָרְיֹרָת, pl. הְרְיֹרָה (מָרְיֹרָה, pl. הָיָרְיָרָה) ל bitterness or accrbity, e. g. הַשָּׁקְלָוֹת גַּשְׁקְלָוֹת clusters of bitter things Deut. 32, 32; fig. hardship, e. g. קררוֹת הְרָהוֹב thou prescribest bitter things for me Job 13, 26. 2) i. q. לייָה, bile or gall Job 20, 25; also venom, הַרְיָרָה מָרָוֹרָה מָרָנָרָה bile or gall of vipers, their poison being considered by the ancients as connected w. the gall Job 20, 14; r. ק I or II.

קרָרָי pr. n. m. (bitter or unhappy, r. קר II) of a son of Levi Gen. 46, 11; also as patron. Num. 26, 57.

בריר see המרדים.

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שראשת Mic. 1, 15, see ברשה

גרְשָׁצָח f. wickedness, conor. wicked woman (cf. L. scelus for scelesta) 2 Ch. 24, 7; r. בַּשָׁיָ

البتاني pr. n. (perh. firmness, r. (بتلام) of the western limit of Joktanite Arabia Gen. 10, 30; according to Michaelis, situated near the Persian gulf and now called ميسان Meisân, Syr.

אשָׁים m. 1) debt or loan i. e. borrowing, דעל־דָד געשים the loan of every hand, i. e. each one's loan as pledged by the hand Neh. 10, 82. 2) usury on lent money Neh. 5, 7; r. אשים II.

אשט (r. איני) m. 1) prop. a lifting or carrying Num. 4, 19, a burden or load 2 K. 5, 17. 2) esp. a lifting of the voice (see נקוא and קול), hence a) singing or song, 1 Ch. 15, 27 the leader of the choir (Sept. άρχων τῶν ψόῶν); β) an utterance or saying Prov. 30, 1 cf. 31, 1; 7) esp. a divine declaration or response (cf. נָאָם), an oracle or prophecy (cf. άνειλεν ή Πυθίη) 2 K. 9, 25, cf. Hab. 1, 1, fully איד א אין Jer. 23, 33 and בָּהָיָה צַפּא דְבַר יְהוָה Zech. 9, 1, the object put w. 2 Is. 21, 13 or 3x Mal. 1, 1 (where good and not evil is intended) or by Zech. 12, 1. 3) a contribution or tribute, אשם קסף tribute-money 2 Ch. 17, 11. 4) fig. longing, w. CD3 prop. the soul's burden Ez. 24, 25. 5) pr. n. m. (burden) Gen. 25, 14.

ווואָברׂם (only pl.)m. prop. drawings of water, hence wells or troughs, only in Judg. 5, 11; r. באַשָּ

ראָשָׁאַ f. i. q. אשָׁסָ, a loan or debt Deut. 24, 10; r. איָן II. ראָשָׁאָן, see אַשָּאָד.

ration, prob. so called from the lifting up of the smoke, only in Is. 30, 27; r. متري.

אָשָאָד f. i. q. אָשָׁאָד, a desolation Job 30, 3; desolateness or gloom Zeph. 1, 15; r. איש III.

וואנים m. deceit or trickery, only in Prov. 26, 26; r. אַטָּאַ I.

רַשָּׁאָרָא Ps. 74, 3, see אַשָּׁאָרָז.

השאות Ez. 17, 9 inf. Qal of אָשָׁאָר Ez. in Chaldee.

אָרָשָׁאָל) pr. n. (prob. petition, r. שָׁלָא סוֹ a Levitical city in Asher Josh. 19, 26; written שָׁלָב 1 Ch. 6, 59.

אָשָׁאָלָד f. request Ps. 20, 6; r.

אָאָרָה f. a kneading-trough, in which the dough is leavened Ex. 7, 28; r. אָשָׁע II.

(for $\forall \psi \psi$ Gram. § 20, 3, b; c. $\neg \psi \psi \psi$ Gen. 43, 34; pl. $\neg \psi \psi \psi$) f. 1) lifting up of the hands Ps. 141, 2, rising up of smoke Judg. 20, 38, bearing of reproach Zeph. 3, 18. 2) a signal, as being raised high (cf. $\psi \psi$), or perh. from the rising up of the smoke of a beacon fire Jer. 6, 1. 3) i. q. $\psi \psi \psi$, a gift or present Est. 2, 18; tribute 2 Ch. 24, 6; r. $\psi \psi$.

קשובה Jer. 3, 6, see השבת.

(only pl. (יִשְׁבְּצוֹח) f. 1) textures or brocades Ps. 45, 14. 2) settings for precious stones Ex. 28, 11; r. יָשָׁבָי.

לְשָׁבָרים (only pl. בִּשְׁבָרים) m. breakers, waves that break on the shore Ps. 42, 8; fig. w. בָּשָׁר, deadly dangers 2 Sam. 22, 5; r. שָׁבָר

שׁשָׁבָר (c. בַּשְׁבָר Hos. 13, 13) m. mouth of the womb (L. matrix), as the place whence the child breaks forth at birth Is. 37, 3; r. בַשֶׁ I. תשְׁשָׁעָר (r. אַשָּׁעָר) m. rest or cessation. only in Lam. 1, 7 האָדָאָדָ her rests i. e. her ruin, or perh. her sabbatisms (Vulg. sabbata ejus), in derision for התשש her sabbath.

בַשְׁבָר (w. suf. בְּשָׁבָר) m. 1) height or altitude Is. 25, 12. 2) a high place, as a refuge Is. 33, 16, cf. Ps. 48, 4. 3) pr. n. (w. art. בְשָׁבָר) of a town in Moab Jer. 48, 1; r. בַיָשָ

קשָבָה m. a misleader or deceiver Job 12, 16; r. שָׁנָה II.

קשָׁרָ m. an error, only in Gen. 43, 12; r. שָׁנָד II.

דער I (obs.) prob. i. q. ניזש, to turn aside or depart, as the setting sun; perh. hence נער , but see נער.

שָׁשָּׁה a debt or loan, only Deut. 15, 2; r. בַּשָּׁד II.

קשאת, see קשראה.

נשואות (only pl. בשואות, cf. Gram. § 72, Rem. 9) f. desolations or ruins Ps. 73, 18; r. שוא.

רשוֹבָב pr. n. m. (brought back; r. שוֹב 1 Ch. 4, 34.

קישרה f. a turning away or going back Prov. 1, 32; esp. backsliding, apostasy from the Lord Jer. 8, 5; pl. Jer. 2, 1s; concr. השרה קישרה apostate (viz.) Israel Jer. 3, 6; r. שרב.

רְשִׁרּכָה f. mistake Job 19, 4; r. שוג.

שוט m. an oar Ez. 27, 29; r. שוט II.

שוֹשׁם m. an oar Ez. 27, 6 (w. Dagh. f. as in האיז (נישטיים); r. שיט II.

קשר קדר ה האפלפ, קשר f. a hedge, קשר a thorn-hedge Prov. 15, 19; r. שוה.

ר בְּעשוֹרְכָר; f. a hedge Is. 5, 5; r. קרשורכָן II.

ו. *a spoiling* or *plundering* Is. 42, 24 (K'thibh, the Q'ri has קטע, r. סַטָשָ.

שור m. *a saw*, only in Is. 10, 15; r. נשור or נשור II.

לשורך f. measure of liquids Lev. 19, 35; r. בשר ס קשר II.

ששטע m. joy or exultation Is. 24, 8; רְשָשׁוֹשׁ אָד־רְצָרָ 18. 8, 6 and their rejoicing is with Rezin (Gram. § 116, 1); fig. object of joy Ps. 48, 3; r. שוש.

דִּמְשָׁח I (fut. יְמְשָׁח, inf. once مَسَعَ Ex. 29, 29) i. q. Arab. مُسَعَ Ex. 29, 29) akin to the (cf. new wide), pr. to touch or feel over, to stroke over; hence 1) to streak or spread over, to paint, w. z of colour Jer. 22, 14; esp. to smear w. oil, to anoint, as cakes Ex. 29, 2, a leather shield Is. 21, 5; mostly to consecrate by unction, to anoint to an office, as a priest Ex. 28, 41, a prophet 1 K. 19, 16, a king 1 Sam. 10, 1; also of the consecration of sacred buildings and vessels Ex. 29, 36, Num. 7, 1; يَضِار to anoint for king Judg. 9, 15; w. 3 Ex. 29, 2 or acc. Ps. 45, 8 of the oil. - Niph. to be anointed Lev. 6. 13. Hence τους; cf. μάσσω = σμάω.

II (obs.) prob. akin to Syr. בעיד to mete and אין to extend, hence גְּמְשָׁח, to measure or portion out, hence גְּמְשָׁח, 2, מַשָּׁח, 2.

Chald. m. oil Ezr. 6, 9.

ו בְשָׁרָז f. 1) r. דְשָׁרָז I, anoinling or unction; דְשָׁשָר הַשָּׁדָן הַשָּׁשָׁ the anointing-oil Ex. 25, 6; שָׁשָר הַיָּשָׁ וּשׁרָז of unction of holiness, i. e. holy anointing-oil Ex. 30, 25. 2) r. הַשָּׁשַ II, a part measured out, only in Lev. 7, 35.

לְמָשְׁתָּה I, 1) inf. of עַשָּׁת I, לְמָשְׁתָה לְמָשְׁתָה for anointing Ex. 29, 29. 2) a portion Num. 18, 8; r. עַבָּת II.

נשְׁחָדָת f. 1) a destroyer Jer. 22, 7; collect. an ambush, said of troops 1 Sam. 13, 17. 2) destruction Ex. 12, 13; בעל מי a destroyer Prov. 28, 24; בעל מי a waster or prodigal Prov. 18, 9; ר. שְׁחָרו

דְשָׁחָש m. a derision or laughingstock, only in Hab. 1, 10; r. שָׁחַשָ

קשָׁתָר m. i. q. שָׁתַר, the dawn, aurora Ps. 110, 3; r. שָׁתַר I.

בַשְׂשָׁחָרת f. i. q. בַשְׁחָרת, destruction, only in Ez. 9, 1; r. שֵׁיַחַר.

figurement, only in Is. 52, 14; r. גְשָׁרָת figurement, only in Is. 52, 14; r. גערַע

רְשָׁתָּתָ) (w. suf. בְּשְׁתָּהָ) m. de facement or blemisk Lev. 22, 25; r. הַשָּׁשָ

א בָּשְׁשׁבוֹרָם m. a spreading place (for nets) i. e. a drying ground, only Ez. 47, 10; г. שַׁבָש:

רַשְׁשָׁרָ (c. דְשָׁשָׁה) m. Ez. 26, 5, same as הַישׁשָׁרָי.

ו בַשְׂבָעָה f. 1) a snare or trap Hos. 9, 8. 2) destruction Hos. 9, 7; r. נשָׁבָ

רְשָׁשָׁר m. command or empire, only Job 38, 33; r. שַׁשָׂ.

ي m. silk or silk-garment Ez. 16, 13; perh. r. ايني II to draw or spin out, or perh. a foreign word.

בישיוֹב Dan. 6, 28 part. Shaph. of

pr. n. m. (God is a deliverer, Chald. r. יַשָּׁרוָבָאָל) Neh. 3, 4.

(c. בְּשִׁיהִים, pl. בְשִׁיהִים) 1) adj. m. smeared or oiled, of a shield 2 Sam. 1, 21; anointed, of a prince Dan. 9, 25, of a priest Lev. 4, 3. 2) subst. anointed one (χριστός) i. e. a king 1 Sam. 2, 35; of Cyrus in Is. 45, 1; fully משרה said, said of king Saul 2 Sam. 1, 14; pl. fig. consecrated ones, said of the patriarchs Ps. 105, 15; the long expected king of Israel (δ Μεσσίας, δ Χριστός in John 1, 42; 4, 25), the Anointed or the Christ, in Ps. 2, 2 and Dan. 9, 25. 26, accord. to early Jewish testimony (see Buxtorf's Lex. Talmud. et Rabbin, under (בשרקא) and N. Test. authority (cf. Acts 4, 26-80); E. Hence our Messiah.

: יְּסָשֹׁהָ: imper. pl. לעכי Ex. 12, 21, יסעכי Ez. 32, 20) i. q. Arab. مسك , akin to التي I, חשים II, ששים, to drag or pull, to draw Judg. 4, 7; w. > of instrument Ps. 10, 9; בַּשָּׁה to draw the bow 1 K. 22, 34, בשה bowmen Is. 66, 19; w. Into draw out seed (in handfuls from the sower's basket or sack), to scatter or sow Am. 9, 13; w. רובל to prolong a trumpet-blast Ex. 19, 18; w. T to extend the hand with (ray) mockers, i. e. to be their boon companion Hos. 7, 5; to continue or prolong Ps. 36, 11; to lay hold of Judg. 5, 14; to sustain or cherish Ecc. 2, 3, cf. Jer. 31, 3 I have sustained thee mercifully; to draw on or march Judg. 4, 6. — Niph. to be protracted or delayed Is. 13, 22. - Pu. to be deferred, of hope Prov. 13, 12; part. جونون extended of stature, tall Is. 18, 2.

: עָרָאָ m. 1) a drawing out, of seed taken by the sower from his basket in handfuls, hence a sowing Ps. 126, 6. 2) possession Job 28, 18. 3) pr. n. (prob. tall stature, r. ישָׁרָ) of a northern people (Sept. Μοσόχ, prob. the Μόσχοι), inhabiting the Moschian mountains bordering on Armenia Ps. 120, 5, Gen. 10, 2; r. ישָׁרָ.

בּשְׁעָבָר (c. בְשָׁעָבָ, pl. c. בְשָׁעָבָ) m. 1) a lying down for sleep 2 Sam. 4, 5; a lying with (sexually) Lev. 18, 22. 2) a couch or bed Ex. 7, 28; a bier 2 Ch. 16, 14; r. בִשָּׁעָ.

בשְׁשְׁבָר Chald. (w. suf. גְשְׁבָר) m. a couch or bed Dan. 2, 28; r. שָׁבָב.

קשובה, see קשובה.

שְׁשְׁכִיל (prop. part. Hiph. of שְׁשְׁכִיל m. 1) a teacher Dan. 11, 33. 2) a didactic poem or instructive psalm, in the title of several Psalms, as Ps. 32, 1.

נְאָשָׁרָים (perh for בַּשְׁרָים) m. pl. large-testicled or lusty (of horses), stallions, only Jer. 5, 8.

ר (פַשְׁבָּיּה (pl. קשָׁבָּיּה) f. 1) an image or figure; אַבָּר פַשָּׁבָיה chambers of imagery, i. e. w. pictured walls Ez. 8, 12; אַבָן פַשְׁבָיח sculptured or figured stones (hence prob. our mosaic) Lev. 26, 1; הוש קשָׁבָּיוֹת silver figures or pictures Prov. 25, 11. 2) an imagination, as a mental picture Prov. 18, 11, pl. Ps. 73, 7; r. שַׁכָח I.

רְשָׁבָּלָת f. abortion or miscarriage 2 K. 2, 21; r. שׁכּל.

לְשָׁכָּן (c. כָּשָׁכָן, pl. כ. כְּשָׁכָן, or pl. ישׁקָנוֹח (c. כָּשָׁכָנוֹח) m., but f. in Ps. 84, 2, 1) habitation Job 18, 21; lair or haunt of animals Job 39, 6 the grave, the home of the dead

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Is. 22, 16; pl. the temple, w. its buildings Ps. 46, 5. 2) a tent Cant. 1, 8; the tabernacle Ex. 25, 9; r.)=0.

이 God, the temple Ezr. 7, 15.

(w. suf. בְּשָׁבְרָקָה) f. hire or wages Gen. 29, 15; reward Ruth 2, 12; r. בָּשָׁבָ.

کری I pr. n. (for جنبی Josh. 19, 26) of a city 1 Ch. 6, 59.

ال لِتَשْלֵי . c. مِשָׁלָים) m. i. q. Arab. مَعْلَن , a similitude or parable Ez. 17, 2; a proverb 1 Sam. 10, 12; fig. a poem, song composed of similar or parallel members Job 27,1; esp. a satire Is. 14, 4; an oracle Num. 23, 7; r. كَتْلَ II.

לשָׁל I (only w.suf. גָשָׁל) m. rule or clominion, only Zech. 9, 10; r. שׁבָשָׁל I.

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אָרָ זָל שָׁרָ II m. likeness, אַרְ זָל בָּל שָׁרָ גָשָׁל there is not on earth his like, only Job 41, 25; r. בָּשָׁל II.

לשל (prop. inf. of שָׁשָׁל II) m. a satire Job 17, 6.

קשָׁלָח (only c. קשָׁלָח) m. prop. a sending forth, hence 1) grazing place for cattle Is. 7, 25. 2) business (w. קי) i. e. what the hand is put forth to Deut. 12, 7; r. קשָׁ.

or gifts Est. 9, 19; w. ד a sending of gifts Est. 9, 19; w. ד a sending or stretching forth of the hand to seize Is. 11, 14.

רְשָׁלְרָא f. prop. a sending, hence 1) a mission, of angels Ps. 78, 49. 2) a discharge or dismissal Ecc. 8, 8; r. הַשָּׁלָת.

שָׁשָׁשָ m. 1) an intimate or friend i. e. of God Is. 42, 19. 2) pr. n. m. (pious) Ezr. 8, 16; r. בַּשָׁשָ

די רוא אין אָשָּלָבְיָרָאָ , בְּשָּׁלָבְיָרָאָ pr. n. m. (דְּיָד repays, r. שָׁלָבָיָרָאָ 1 Ch. 9, 21, 1 Ch. 26, 1; see also אָלָבְיָרָא

קשׁלֵמוֹת pr. n. m. (retribution, r. שָׁשָׁלֵמוֹת 2 Ch. 28, 12.

קשׁלֵמָית pr. n. m. (recompense, r. שׁשָׁלֵמָית 1 Ch. 9, 12.

ר בשלמת pr. n. f. (recompensed, r. בשלמ) 2 K. 21, 19.

ບັງບຸ່ງ Gen. 38, 24 for ພ່າຜູ້າ; see ພ່າພູ.

קשָׁשָׂין (pl. גשׁשָׁשִׁין) f. 1) desolation Ez. 6, 14; pl. Is. 15, 6. 2) fig. amazement or astonishment Ez. 5, 15; r. בשָשָׂ.

(pl. הָשָׁעָדָין) m. fatness of body Is. 17, 4; fig. a) fertility of soil, pl. rich places Dan. 11, 24; β) firmness; pl. concr. stout ones, heroes Ps. 78, 31; r. בָשָׁעָ.

קשבוקה: pr. n. m. (fatness, r. שָׁשָׁבוּקָה) 1 Ch. 12, 10.

סקיבים (only pl.) m. fat things or delicacies Neh. 8, 10; r. שַׁשָׁ.

קשָרָעָל (ד. דְּשָׁרָע) m. 1) a hearing or report Is. 11, 3. 2) pr. n. m. (report) Gen. 25, 14.

עַטְבָעָהוֹ (w. suf. הָשָׁבְעָהוֹ 1) an audience 1 Sam. 22, 14. 2) obedience, concr. subjects, אַרָעָרָקָם their subjects Is. 11, 14; r. געני

רָשָׁשָׁרָ (c. שָׁשָׁבָר, pl. w. suf. דְשָׁשָׁרָי) m. 1) a post, where the guard watches Jer. 51, 12; a ward for a prisoner Gen. 40, 3. 2) coll. the watch or guard Neh. 4, 3. 3) observance or usage, a rite Neh. 13, 14. 4) treasure (as guarded) Prov. 4, 23; r. שָׁשָׁר.

אַשְׁמָרְאָר (w. suf. בְּשְׁמָרְאָר , pl. בְשָׁמָרְאָר (w. suf. בְשָׁמָרָאָר , pl. 2 K. 11, 5; a post or station for a watchman Hab. 2, 1; the watch, persons on guard Neh. 7, 3; treasure, as guarded 1 Sam. 22, 23. 2) a charge or duty Num. 4, 27; בשמר בשמר ל keep one's charge, i. e. to attend to one's special business Num. 1, 53; an observance or ordinance, a rite Gen. 26, 5; r. בשמר

(only pl. נְמָשְׁבְרָת) f. i. q. נְמָשָׁבָרָת, *a nail*, only Ecc. 12, 11; r. נַמְשָׁבָי נָמָשָרָ i. q. סְבֵיר.

ישָׁרָה, w. suf. אבאר, pl. באָשָרָה, m. prop. doubling or repeating, hence 1) second in order or rank, said of persons or things; placed a) after another noun in the genitive, e. g. אביר באינים the second priest (opp. to ביע ביענים 2 K. 25, 18; β) before the noun in the const. st., e. g. למרן הראשו 2 K. 25, 18; הוא before the noun in the const. st., e. g. ביענים the king's second, his next in authority 2 Ch. 28, 7; העים inferior, opp. to ביענים 1 Sam. 15, 9. 2) twofold, the double Ex. 16, 22; העם לינו אינים לא אינים איניט אינים אינים לא אינים לא אינים לא אינים לא אינים לא אי but אָרָשָׁרָא אָרָשָׁרָא מָטָקָן בְּשָׁבָיָא סָרָשָׁרָא 12, same as אָרָר אָרָר אָרָאָר גער גער גער duplicate or copy Josh. 8, 32. 4) the later or younger, opp. to firstborn 1 Ch. 15, 18; r. שָׁבָר I.

רָשָׁשָׁ (pl. דיסשים Hab. 2, 7) f. booty or prey Jer. 80, 16, Is. 42, 24 Qri; r. סַסָּשָ.

مَعْمَع (obs.) i. q. Arab. مَعْمَع (obs.) i. q. Arab. مَعْمَع , to cleanse; hence مِشِعَت.

שעל m. a hollow way or narrow pass Num. 22, 24; r. אַשָׁשָׁ I.

קשָׁרָ (for מְשָׁצָיה) f. a cleansing, only Ez. 16, 4; r. סְשֵׁצָ.

ר בְּשָׁעָם pr. n. m. (prob. cleansing, r. בְשָׁשָ w. ending ב-) 1 Ch. 8, 12. קשָׁעָר (c. בְשָׁעָר) m. a prop or stay. Is. 3, 1; r. בָשָׁ

קָשָׁצָן m. support or stay Is. 3, 1; r. יַשָׁשָׁ

ו געשיע לי staff or support, Is. 3, 1 בְּשָׁצֶרָה stay and staff i. e. every kind of support, as the context shows.

ָּטְשָׁאָרָה (w. suf. בְּשָׁאָרָה, pl. w. suf. בְשָׁאָרָה) f. a staff to lean on Ps. 23, 4; r. אַצָּי

תְּשָׁשָׁ m. bloodshed Is. 5, 7; r. קפח = קפח II.

קשָׁשָּרוּק: אָשָׁשָרוּק: א.suf. אָשָׁשָרוּק: pl. קוישָרוּק: f. prop. a combination, then 1) a family Ex. 6, 14; a race Gen. 10, 18; a people or nation Jer. 8, 3; also a tribe, i. q. שָׁבָשָׁ, Josh. 7, 17. 2) a kind or sort Gen. 8, 19, Jer. 15, 3; r. שָׁשָׁי.

ביששי

كَتْݣَالْ m. 1) a weighing 2 K. 25, 16. 2) weight Gen. 24, 22; r. كَتْݣُوْ

געָשָׁאָ f. prop. a weight, hence a plummet, only Is. 28, 17; r. בָּשָׁ

געשריע f. a plummet, only 2 K. 21, 13.

לעִשְׁרָעָ (c. דְשָׁרָב) f. a settling down, w. איז settling of water, i. e. settled or clean water, only Ez. 34, 18; r. דָשָׁשָ.

مَشَرَ, akin مَشَرَ, akin أَسَرَ (obs.) i. q. Arab. مَشَرَ, akin to Til, to divide; hence הַדַיּרָה.

f. a maceration or steeping of grapes, then grape-drink, only Num. 6, 3; ד. שרח I.

f. lordship or empire, only Is. 9, 5; r. שָׁרָת.

בַּשְׁרוֹקי Chald. (def. בַּשְׁרוֹקי) f. a pipe or flute Dan. 3, 5; r. שִׁרַק.

קשְׁרָע pr. n. (perh. high, r. דְשָׁרָע) of an unknown town, whence gentil. n. הישָרָעי Mishraite 1 Ch. 2, 53.

ל (בְּשָׁרְפּוּת . (only pl. c. בְּשָׁרְפּוּת) ג. bwrnings, of spices at a funeral Jer. 34, 5, of lime Is. 33, 12; r. שְׁרָהָ I.

pr. n. (prob. furnaces at the water) of a district near Zidon Josh. 11, 8.

קדע קיראָרה pr. n. (prob. s plantation of noble vines, see שבים) of s place in Edom Gen. 36, 36.

מַסְרִיהָא m. i. q. Chald. מַסְרִיהָא a pan, only 2 Sam. 13, 9; r. שָׁרָת.

קשָׁרָת (for אָשָׁרָטָה) f. a female servant, a waiting-woman, only 1 K. 1, 15; ד. שְׁרַת.

ل (fut. شت, w. suf. perh. جمت (fut. شت, w. suf. perh. (fut. a. Arab. مَسَر, akin to تعت II, μάσσω, to touch or feel Gen. 27, 12. – Pi. شي (fut. 3 pl. مُتَعَال to feel about,

judge Num. 27, 5; 'z to set forth a cause Job 13, 18; עַשָּׂה מ to plead or conduct a cause Deut. 10, 18; דְבֶר to litigate with Jer. 12, 1; משפטים איז to litigate with Jer. 12, 1; טוַ מַדָל מְשָׁפָט opponent or adversary in a suit Is. 50, 8; sometimes the nature or ground of the suit is put after ששנים e. g. ביקים a charge of bloodshed Ez. 7, 23; " a capital charge Deut. 19, 6. 5) right, as a principle of judgment Prov. 1, 3; hence 'הְשָׁה to turn away or thwart justice Deut. 16, 19; 'p nuy to do what is right Jer. 22, 15; hence a law Ex. 21, 1; a privilege, a right or due Ps. 17, 2; a custom or manner. 2 K. 11, 14; manner, style or sort Judg. 13, 12; r. שַׁשָּׁע.

אַשָּׁשָּׁת (only dual בִּשְׁשָּׁת) m. stalls or pens for cattle Gen. 49, 14, the dual prob. referring to 2 rows divided by a passage; r. שַשָּׁת

רשים (obs.) akin to אָשָׁשָ, to hold or possess; hence מִמָשָׁה and

puָלָם m. possession, puָן possessor or heir, only Gen. 15, 2, where it designedly makes assonance w. puָקָבָן (which see).

P변결 m. a running about, of locusts Is. 33, 4; r. PE만.

ישָׁקָרו (w. suf. ישָׁקָרו sing. 1 K. 10, 5, see Gram. § 93, 9, Rem.) m. 1) i. q. Arab. ישונ, a cup-bearer or butler Gen. 40, 1; also butlership in v. 21. 2) drink, esp. wine Lev. 11, 34; ווק drinking-vessels 1 K. 10, 21. 3) a well-watered region, prop. drinking place Gen. 13, 10; r. ווקט.

m. weight, only Ez. 4, 10; r. שָׁשָׁל

בשקון m. a lintel, the upper cross-timber of a door-frame Ex. 12, 7, ד. בבש.

to grope in the dark Deut. 28, 29; to feel out or explore Gen. 31, 34, Job 12, 25. — Hiph: שַׁשָׁש to feel Ex. 10, 21.

עשׁוָקור, w. suf. געשׁוָקור, w. suf. געשׁוּקור, see Gram. § 93, 9, Rem.) m. 1) a drinking Est. 5, 4; banqueting-hall Est. 7, 8. 2) drink Dan. 1, 10. 3) a banquet, prop. a drinking (cf. סטָתהסנסי) Is. 5, 12; r. שׁתָה I.

שוֹתוֹרוֹרְהָוֹם Ez. 8, 16 perh. mistake for שְׁשָׁחַרוֹים (Hithpal. part. of אָשָׁחָרוֹים) as some texts read, but perh. only one of Ezekiel's strong Aramaisms (cf. Zunz in his Gottesdienst. Vorträge d. Juden, p. 159) for dienst. Vorträge d. Juden, p. 159) for

רשתי Chald. (def. בְּשָׁקִיָּא) m. a banquet, ביח בי banqueting-hall Dan. 5, 10 i. q. Syr. בערו הי, Heb. הַשָּׁהָש.

ראם (only pl. ביחים, c. יחָם, i. q. Eth. Pr met (vir), a man, pl. men e. g. מחם מרום ורוצים men and the women and the children Deut. 2, 34; יחם men of number, i. e. few men Gen. 34, 30; יקר איזלי companions Job 31, 31; r. יחַים.

גת dead, part. of אבר, which see. בְּקָאָה or בְּקָאָה 2 sing. m. perf. Qal of הבים.

אֶהֵאָ (Chald.) Dan. 3, 2 inf. Pe'al of אַרָאָ.

בֹּרְוָבָּן m. straw-heap Is. 25, 10; denom. from בַּרָם.

קקח (obs.) prob. akin to הַשָּׁר (obs.) prob. akin to קקח (obs.) קקח (obs.) אין א קקח (obs.) קקח (obs.) אין א קרא (obs.) אין
שרא מרא בין (w. suf. מראר) m. a bit or curb Ps. 82, 9; fig. האצרה the curb (i. e. dominion) of the mothercity 2 Sam. 8, 1.

, מָתַח (obs.) prob. akin to מָרָאָר

to extend, be of full growth; prob. hence mp.

ברוקר (pl. בָּרוּלִים) adj. m., השחרים f. sweet Ps. 19, 11; subst. sweetness Judg. 14, 14; fig. agreeable, pleasant Ecc. 5, 11; r. בָּתָי

אושָׁאָל pr. n. m. (prob. man of prayer, from בי and r. שָׁאָל Gen. 4, 18.

pr. n. m. (missile-man, from בָּרוּ שָׁלָח and r. שָׁלָה) Gen. 5, 21.

ישָׁרָת (דָּרָה (שָׁרָה) m. prop. extension of time, hence interrog. adv. i. q. Arab. مَتَى, when? Gen. 30, 30; also without interrog. when Ps. 101, 2; when Ex. 8,5; יערי פור till when? how long? Ex. 10, 3; אַרְרַי פָּרָד how long? Jer. 13, 27.

בת, see המים.

גרובר (w. suf. ברובן לבר) f. measure Ex. 30, 32; task Ex. 5, 8; r. פק.

שלקאר (for מַה-הְלָאָה) what a weariness, only Mal. 1, 13.

(only pl.) m. dainty bits, only Prov. 18, 8; r. לָה

מַלָּמְעָה) f. prop. biters, hence teeth Job 29,17; see בַּלָּעָה.

שה prop. completeness, hence wholeness or soundness of body Is. 1, 6, r. הקמה – In Judg. 20, 48 הקמה, if not for מחם men (as many texts read), is prob. an adv. (from man w. adv. ending –) man by man (cf. הקם), or completely (r. הקם).

مَتَنَى (obs.) i. q. Arab. مَتَنَى, akin to j. *be strong* or firm; hence

(only dual מָזְיָיָם) m. the loins as the seat of strength Ps. 66, 11; the waist, where the girdle is worn Gen. 87, 34. די בית pr. n. (firmness, ד: בית) of א

town, whence gentil. n. מְהָנָי Mithnite 1 Ch. 11, 43.

(c. ٢٢٦٢) m. 1) a gift Gen. 34, 12; 'بي *a liberal man* Prov. 19, 6. 2) pr. n. m. (gift) 2 K. 11, 18; ۲. <u>بي</u>

בּהְזֹנָא Chald. (only pl. בַּהְזֹנָא gifts Dan. 2, 6; r. נְהַן.

לקקנה. 1) a gift or present Est. 9, 22; esp. a bribe Ecc. 7, 7. 2) pr. n. of a place in the wilder ness, near Moab Num. 21, 18, r. רָקָ.

נְרָאַרָ pr. n. m. (liberal, r. נְרָאַרָ Neh. 12, 19.

יַתְּרָרָה , בַּוֹתְרָרָה pr. n. m. (gift of ד.) 2 K. 24, 17, 1 Ch. 25, 4.

מָתָן see מָתוֹנָים.

אַרְעָלָשָׁא m. exaltation 1 Ch. 29, 11; r. נַטָא

קועב m. object of aversion Is. 49, 7; r. באָב.

שתעה m. straying or ruin Is. 30, 28, prop. part. Hiph. of r. בַּרָאָנָה.

רַשָּק (fut. רְשָׁתַל) prob. skin to

rippi. q. Syr. ΔΔΔ, 1) to suck, to taste or relish Job 24, 20. 2) to be sweet Prov. 9, 17; to be pleasant, agreeable Job 21, 33. — Hiph. to make sweet, pleasant, of companionship Ps. 55, 15; to yield sweetness, to become sweet Job 20, 12. - Perh. mimet. akin to Sans. madhu (honey), µέθυ, W. medh, E. mead, G. meth.

Pרָאָ m. sweetness, fig. pleasantness Prov. 16, 21; r. בָּתַק.

PD 여 m. sweetness Judg. 9, 11.

זרְחָרָה pr. n. (sweetness) of a station in the wilderness Num. 33, 28.

pr. n. m. (Pers. given by Mithra or the sun) Ezr. 1, 8.

קתות (for מְקֵוֹת) f. a gift or present 1 K. 13, 7; r. נָתָן.

(ק pr. n. m. (gift of آيات) Ezr. 10, 33.

קרותיהה, ביחריה pr. n. m.(gift of הישיי) Ezr. 10, 43, 1 Ch. 15, 18. –– Hence Ματθαίος and Ματθίας.

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الما Nan is the 14th letter of the Heb. Alphabet, but as a numeral serving for 50, Its name من العنام means a fish (Aram. دون), من and Arab. (أروى), which was prob. pictured in its elongated forms (like the eel, see the Table of Ancient Alphabets). — On final 7, see Gram. § 5, 3.

ל interchanges – 1 w. its kindred וֹמָעָר = נְצָר א. פ. פ. א. לָשָר = נָאָר איט = ניט , טין = נוס ; לְשָׁעָה = נִשְׁעָה איט = בִּוּר , טיים = נוס ; לְשָׁעָה = מִזָּר = בְּנִר = זְנַח , בַר = בַן ;בָּנִרם = סוֹם Syr. אָבָר = אָבָן, יָבָי, - 2 w. י
 e. g. אָבָר = אָבָן, esp. in verbs ז"ש
 that are also ש" (see Gram. § 71),
 as אָבָר = גָבָר , גָבָר = גָבָר (cf. Syr.
 local = Chald. גרַיָר = לַהְיַא.

Chald. (except perh. Heb. קצר = קנצר Job 18, 2), e. g. ㅋ고자 = ㅋ고자 (see (אָב (אָב = מָנָדָע (r. יִדְע); - 3) final, esp. the 3 epenthetic or demonstrative (see Gram. § 58, 4), e. g. קבני Num. 23, 13 prob. for agg curse thou him (r. בְּצֶעֶה l, but cf. בְּצָוְנֶיה, for בְּבָב), Deut. 32, 10 (r. נָצָר); often in the noun endings ;---- (as בַרְזֶך), ז---, קצרן as in קצרן (see Gram. § 84, 15, § 86, 2, 4), prob. akin to Sans. -nas, -voc, L. -nus, G. and E. -en (as in gold-en); also in modifying roots, e. g. נָרָה ש II לָבָן I דַיָּגָ זָהַב בּלָבָה I דַיָּגָן I הִנָה = II הִנַן , פָּהָח = פָּהַן I, הְנָה = I בש אים בעק Aram. החו ביהן בנהן ארמט. Arab. زدا. xpadalvw = xpadaw خبَّنَا = خَبْنَ = W. crydian = crydu, Sans. krî = **χρίνω** (χρι-τής) = L. cer-no (cer-tus = cre-tus), E. happen = hap, reckon = reck). — On the contrary, i is also often assimilated (by means of Dagh. 1., see Gram. § 19, 2, a), or dropped (as in דָר for רָדָער, נְתַן for אָק רָדַער, אָק for 5, Gram. § 19, 3 and § 44, 4), or vocalised (as in way for way, like eic for Ev;, Gram. § 19 at end).

NJ I adj. m. i. q. Arab. نبی, raw or under-done, of half-cooked flesh, only Ex. 12, 9; r. متابع II.

Nº II interj. or particle of wishing and inciting (see Gram. § 105, 2), now! or pray! (O. E. prithee); used w. the imper. אָרָקר לערבי, used w. the imper. אָרָקר לערבי, pray! Gen. 22, 2; w. the fut. אָר אָרָאָר let me, pray, escape 1 Sam. 20, 29; once w. the perf. אָרָקר לערבי, ערבי, thou doest, I pray, a kindness w. me, i. e. do me, pray! a favour Gen. 40, 14. — It is joined w. other particles for optative effect, e. g. w. interjections, אָרָקר לער אָרָאָר 40, 15; אָרָקר אָרָקר אָרָקר אָרָאָר אָרָקר אָרָקר אָרָאָר אָרָקר ָקר אָרָקר אָרָק אָרָק אָרָקר אָרָקר אָרָקר אָרָקר אָרָקר אָרָקר אָרָקר אָרָקר אָרָקר אָרָק אָרָק אָראָק אָר אָרָק conjunctions, דאָרָד אָרָדאָ where now? Ps. 115, 2; w. conjunctions, דאָרָד אָרָדאָ if now! I have found Gen. 18, 3; also absol. אָרָדָאָרַדָּאָרַדָּאָרַדָּאָ now! Ex. 33, 13. ---- Prob. primitive and mimet., cf. vaí, L. næ, E. nay.

אָט pr. n. (prob. Copt. NA abode, cf. רָשָ: = ναός) of the city of Thebes in Egypt Jer. 48, 25; fully אָמוֹן (house of Ammon or Jupiter, Διόσπολις) Nah. 3, 8.

(obs.) perh. akin to או to envelope, or to r. נכן I to be hollow; hence

אד also לארך Judg. 4, 19 (for ; pl. נארוח, m. a leather bottle, used for milk Judg. 4, 19, or for wine 1 Sam. 16, 20; ר. אַיָּ

אָרָה (only pl. c. נְאָרָה) f. i. q. נָאָר dwellings Lam. 2, 2; esp. pastures, where flocks and herds abide Jer. 25, 37; נְאוֹרו הָשָׁא (meadows of young grass Ps. 23, 2.

(for קאָדָה, cf. Gram. § 73, Bem. 4) adj. m., קאָדָה f. desirable or lovely Cant. 1, 5 (cf. גאדי ע. 10); w. b, becoming to Ps. 83, 1; see r. האָז.

לאוֹת) Gen 34, 15,1 pl. fut. Qal of אוון; Gram. § 72, 4.

אוֹדָאָל) Num. 82, 80, Gram. § 68, Rem. 1.

(fut. רְאָאָם) prob. mimet. akin to רְאָהָה, גָיָאָט, L. mutus (E. mum,

mumble), to whisper or mutter, to utter in a low or mysterious voice, to speak oracularly; אָאָרוּ רָאָמי they speak very oracularly, said of the false prophets Jer. 23, 31; hence

(like אָלָם) m. an utterance or oracle Jer. 23, 31; mostly אָלָם רְדּוֹן Eternal's utterance, often as in Am. 6,8; אָל מְלֵד לָאָם מְלֵד לָאָם ness, i. e. what it pronounces Ps. 36, 2; r. באָס.

קאָזָד (fut. רְּאָזָד) to commit adultery Ex. 20, 14; w. acc. w. or without ראַ, to commit adultery with Jer. 3, 9, Prov. 6, 32; part. אָשָׁז an adulterer Job 24, 15, ראָשָׁז an adulteress Ez. 16, 38. — Pi. ראָשָׁז to commit adultery (as a habit) Hos. 4, 13; part. ראָשָׁז an adulterer Ps. 50, 18; ראָשָׁז מעונד אישָׁז אישָׁז מעונד אישָׁז מעונד אישָׁז אישָׁז מענד אישָׁז מעונד אישָׁז מענד אישָׁז אישָׁז אישָׁז אישָׁז מענד אישָׁז אישָר אישָׁז אישָׁז אישָׁז אישָׁז אישָׁז אישָׁז אישָאָז אישָעָז אישָׁז אישָׁז אישָאָז אישָעָז אישָעָן אישָען אישָעָן אישָעָן אישָען אישָען אישָען אישָעָן אישָעָן אישָען אַרָען אישָען אישָען אישָען אישָען אישַען אישָען אישַ

קאָקים (only pl. בָּאָקים) m. adulteries Jer. 13, 27; r. נַאָק.

(only pl. נַאָפֿרפֿרם) m. adulteries, only Hos. 2, 4; r. גַאָאַן.

עראָדָאָר I (fut. ירָאָר) akin to אָדָי, prop. to pierce or strike, hence to slight or reject Jer. 33, 24, Deut. 32, 19. — Pi. אָדָאָר (fut. ירָאָר) 1) to despise or contemn Num. 14, 23. 2) to cause to despise, to excite to contempt 2 Sam. 12, 14. — Hithpo. to be exposed to contempt, to be scorned, part. אָדָאָר (for אָדָאָר, 52, 5.

עראך II (Qal obs.) akin to אָנָצָא, to bloom. – Hiph. fut. אָנאַד (for אָנָאַ / נַרָאַ), Gram. § 73, Rem. 4) to blossom Ecc. 12, 5.

לאָצָה f. reproach or reviling Is. 37, 3; r. אָאָן I. (אָבָדָר (נאָצָוֹת conly pl. נָאָצָוֹת) f. reproaches Neh. 9, 18; w. suf. נָאָצוֹתְדָרָ Ez. 35, 12; r. נָאָץ I.

ראָאָ (fut. רְאָאָ) mimet. akin to אָנָתָע נְרָשׁל , to groan or cry out for pain Ez. 30, 24; hence

נאַקר (c. נאַקר) f. a groaning or outery of the oppressed Judg. 2, 18; pl. c. אַקר Ez. 30, 24.

Qal obs.) akin to אָדֶר (Qal obs.) akin to אָדָר, Arab. גער אין to feel abhorrence. — Pi. אָזָי to abhor Lam. 2, 7, Ps. 89, 40.

שָאָרָים Mal. 3, 9 part. pl. Niph. of

דאָשָׁאָד Ez. 9, 8 false form for אַשָּׁר i sing. fut. Niph. of שָּׁר I.

עֹב pr. n. (prob. hill, r. נְבָה; w. ר loc. נְבָה for נְבָה Nob-wards 1 Sam. 21, 2) of a city of the priests, near Jerusalem Is. 10, 82.

(Qal obs.) mimet. akin to נְבַד, בָּבָד, to bubble up or pour forth, then i. q. Arab. نَبَبَ, to announce or tell. - Niph. אָבָא (2 pers. once נברת Jer. 26, 9 for נברח; part. pl. נבאים, once נבאים Jer. 14, 14) to speak as moved by divine impulse, to prophesy (προφητεύω) Jer. 23, 21; to speak as a prophet or bard, to chant or sing (God's praises) 1 Sam. 10, 11, comp. Luke 1, 67. - Hith. , also דעבא Jer. 23, 13 (2 pers. , see Gram. § 54, הקנבית, inf. הקנבית 2, b and § 75, Rem. 21, c) i. q. Niph. to prophesy Num. 11, 25; to speak forth as a prophet or bard, to chant 1 Sam. 10, 6; to rate, as in a phrensy 1 K. 18, 29; to act the madman 1 Sam. 18, 10. ---- Perh. akin to Syr. Sans. bhash (speak), W. ebe, φά-ναι, L. fa-ri.

Chald. only in - Ithpa. to prophesy Ezr. 5, 1.

נָבָא

prob. akin to אויב bore through or make hollow, only part. hollow Ex. 27,8; fig. vain, foolish Job 11, 12.

Arab. آبت (obs.) prob. akin to جام), Arab. أبت to be raised or convex, hence to be prominent; hence ال

נב see וֹבֶרוֹ, see גֹב

לְבְרָלָה f. sudden ruin, only Zeph. 1, 18; prop. part. Niph. of r. בָּרָל

1) pr. n. (speaker, r. (גָרָא) Nebo, the Chaldean Έρμης or Mercury, i. q. Syr. בב Is. 46, 1, worshipped as the celestial scribe or interpreter. 2) pr. n. (hill-top, r. גָּרָה) of a city in Judah Ezr. 2, 29; also of a mountain and town in Moab Deut. 32, 49, Num. 32, 3.

בראָרן f. a prophecy Neh. 6, 12; a prophetic writing 2 Ch. 9, 29; r. אָבָא

האָדן Chald. f. a prophecy Ezr. 6, 14.

וְכָבּדּשָׂר pr. n. m. (i. q. כְּבַדּיַשֶׂר אָרָן אָדוֹן Nebo the chief ruler) a general of Nebuchadnezzar's army 2 K. 25, 8.

نبو pr. n. m. (Pers تحدان سی Nebo prince of the gods, or نبو خدا انر Nebuchadnezzar, king of Babylon 2 K. 25, 2; the name (read in the cuneiform inscriptions as Nabukhadrachara) occurs also in the following forms: —

אַבר (בַּבַרְדֶאַצִר K. 24, 1. בַרַבַּרְדָאַבר Est. 2, 6. ברבַרְדָאַצוֹר (בוּבַרְדָאַצוֹר (בוּבַרָרָאַצוֹר (ב- ר)) Jer. 49, 28. וברכד קרביבד Jer. 39, 1.

نبو چسپای pr. n. m. (Pers. نبو چسپای adherent of Nebo) a chief eunuch of Nebuchadnezzar Jer. 39, 13.

קבות pr. n. m. (perh. fruits, r. 1 K. 21, 1.

נְבִזְבְּדָ Chald. (כְּוַזְבְיָבָרָ) f. prop. spoil or booty, then (cf. נְבִזְבְיָ Ez. 29, 19) riches or wealth Dan. 2, 6; prob. r. זָבָ in part. Niph. יָבָר, w. old format. ending בי for ב- (see on letter ב, p. 74).

ז לֶבְזָה 1 Sam. 14, 36 for וּבְּזָה 1 pl. fut. Qal of זַבָּ, w. ה- cohortative; see Gram. § 67, Rem. 11.

mimet. akin to Arab. آبتي , syr. أبتي , to bark or bay, as a dog Is. 56, 10. — Akin to Sans. bukh (to bark), μυχάομαι, L. mugio, W. bychain, E. bow-wow, bay, bark.

pr. n. m. (barking) Num. 32,
42; also pr. n. of a city Judg. 8, 11.

עברו pr. n. (prob. barker, r. נְבָרוֹיָן w. old format. ending '---, see on letter ', p. 175) of a dog-idol of the Avites 2 K. 17, 31.

(Qal obs.) to look. — Pi. to look hard, w. b at Is. 5, 30. — Hiph. דעריט to look out 1 Sam. 17, 42, which shows how דערט pand דעריט to look at Num. 23, 21, w. by Hab. 2, 15; fig.to notice or respect Ps. 84, 10. --- Perh. akin to อֿתדש (อัщоцац), L. opto, G. hoffen, E. hope.

לְבָט pr. n. m. (look or regard, r. (נָבָט) 1 K. 11, 26.

(بבראים) (c. پבראים) m. i. q. Arab. نَبِيَ (προφήτης) a prophet, prop. a speaker (cf. 1 Cor. 14, 22---32), inspired or moved to communicate the mind of God (as to present or

future things) Ex. 7, 1, Deut. 13, 2; also said of a heathen prophet 1 K. 18, 19; esp. said of the Messiah Deut. 18, 15 (cf. Acts 3, 22); \Box_{x} ; the sons of the prophets, i. e. their disciples 1 K. 20, 35 (cf. Acts 3, 25); r. Ξ_{x} .

גְּבִרָאָה or וְבָרָאָ Chald. (def. אָבִראָה or וְבָרָאָ def. pl. וְבִרַאָּא , נְבִראָיָא m. a prophet Ezr. 5, 1.

לבריאָר f. 1) a prophetess Judg. 4, 4; a mistress of song, a female bard Ex. 15, 20. 2) a prophet's wife Is. 8, 3.

ו לְבָיוֹת 1) pr. n. m. (prob. heights, r. נְבָה (נְבָה 25, 13. 2) pr. n. of a people in Arabia Petræa, prob. the Nabatheans Is. 60, 7.

קביָתָ Jer. 26, 9 for נְבֵּאָם perf. Pi. of נְבָאָ, cf. Gram. § 75, Rem. 21, c.

(obs.) akin to إجراب, Arab. نبخ, to gush forth as a spring; hence

(only pl. c. בְּבָּי) m. a spring, only in בְרָבִיי, the fountains of the sea Job 38, 16.

(fut. לבל, inf. c. לבל) akin to לשי, (fut. לבל, inf. c. לשי) akin to לשי, (which see), to droop or wither Ps. 1, 3; fig. to fade or pass away, to perish, said of the heavenly bodies Is. 34, 4, of men Ps. 37, 2, of a land Is. 24, 4, of a land-slip Job 14,18; fig. to be senseless or stupid Prov. 30, 32. — Pi. to fade away, perh. in Is. 64, 5 ופהל for ופהל off (but see ביקול); to lightly esteem, as if withered Deut. 32, 15, Jer. 14, 21.

I (obs.) prob. mimet. akin to בדל און בלאין (which see), to gush out or flow; hence נְכְלאין 1, יְכָל and prob. קתול.

II (obs.) prob. mimet. akin

to יבל II (which see), to sound aloud; hence perh. נֵבֵל II.

1) adj. m., יְבָלָה f., foolish Job 2, 10, Prov. 17, 7; *impious* Ps. 14, 1. 2) pr. n. m. (simpleton) 1 Sam. 25, 3; r. נְבָל

ונוּבָל) ג. 64, 5 we fade, perh. for נְנָבָל דו. Pi. of נְנָבָל, or better apoc. for נְנָבְלָח fut. Qal of גָּבָל full away.

אָבְלָים I (בָּבָל וּ בָּבָל וּ בָּבָל w. suf. יְבָלִים (m. 1) *a leather bottle* used for wine 1 Sam. 10, 3; נְבַלִידֶם *bottles of heaven*, fig. for clouds Job 38, 37. 2) vessel, pitcher of earth Is. 30, 14; בְּלֵי בְּלֵי בְּלֵי בָּלִים Is. 22, 24.

ינְבְלִים II (r. גָבָלִים II; pl. נְבָלִים, c. (גְבָלִים m. i. q. גָבל *a lyre* or *harp* (prob. so named for its sound, or perh. for its pitcher-like shape) Ps. 57, 9, pl. בָלָי וְבָלִים Ch. 16, 5. --- Hence váβλa or vaῦλa, L. nablium or naulium.

(in pause גָבָל) m. i. q. וּבָכן וּבַל: e. g. נְבָל מָשוֹר *a ten-stringed lyre* Ps. 33, 2; נְבָל גָי in Ps. 144, 9; r. נָבָל גָי II.

נבלה Gen. 11, 7 for נבלה 1 pl. fut. Qal of בָלַשָ: Grain. § 67, Bem. 11.

לבלקר f. folly Is. 32, 6; wickedness Judg. 19, 23; fig. punishment of wickedness (cf. העשר, ו(גָן), אינר אינר לבלתר (גָן אָטָא געוור בער בלח deal chastisement w. you, i. e. punish you for your crime; r. בבי.

נְבָלָח (c. נְרָלָח, w. suf. יְבָלָח, but i. corpse Deut. 21, 23; carcass, of beasts Lev. 5, 2; collect. corpses Jer. 7, 33; carcasses Lev. 11, 11; fig. trunk of an idol, collect. Jer. 16, 18; r. בָּלָ

וְבְלָהָת (w. suf. נְבְלָהָה) f. the vagina or female sexual member Hos. 2, 12;

בְכָלָם pr. n. (perh. oak-land, akin to Chald. בְּלִים oak) of a town in Benjamin Neh. 11, 34.

נְבְלָח f. collect. falling or autumn leaves Is. 34, 4; r. נְבָל

i. q. Arab. אָבָק akin to אָבָק, akin to אָבָק, to gush out; part. אָבָא a rushing torrent Prov. 18, 4. — Hiph. דְּבָר to pour forth Prov. 1, 23; esp. to utter w. the mouth Ps. 119, 171; hence to declare, publish abroad Ps. 19, 3; fig. to ferment or spoil, of perfume Ecc. 10, 1.

ז בְּבָקָה Is. 19, 3 for נְבָקָה 3 sing. f. perf. Niph. of בָּקָד I; Gram. § 67, Rem. 11.

Chald. (obs.) perh. akin to בר קידי or בר גדי I, to shine or gleam; perh. hence

۲ بال کی Chald. (def. (پدېتېټې کی Chald. (def. (پدېتېټې) f. i. q. Arab. نيبراس *a candlestick* Dan. 5, 5; prob. from بايت w. old format. ending (پېټرې in پې), see on letter w.

קَשָׁן pr. n. (perh. level, r. إَجْتُعَا) of a town in Judah Josh. 15, 62.

נואלל Is. 59, 3 and Lam. 4, 14 they are defiled, prob. a pass. Niph. form for גָּאָל (see Gram. § 51, 2, p. 119), or perh. a fanciful Pu. form for אָאָאָן; see r. אָאָז 2.

dry; hence (obs.) i. q. Syr. مربع, to be

לבב (w. ה- loc. נַבְּקָה) m. prop. drought, hence the dry quarter, the south Ps. 126 4; esp. South Palestine Gen. 13, 1, Nun. 13, 29; נַבְקָה southward Gen. 13, 14; w. 5 Josh. 17, 9, w. דָם Josh. 18, 14, southward to or from; בַּנַבְרָה Josh. 15, 21, בַנַבְרָה 1 Ch. 26, 17, in the southward region; pr. n. Josh. 19, 8; see דָרָ.

(Qal obs.) i. q. Arab. نجن, Syr. (Qal obs.) i. q. Arab. نجن, to be in front or present, to be manifest; hence <u>مجن</u> **Hiph**. <u>مجن</u> to bring forward or represent, to shew, w. acc. of pers. and thing Ez. 43, 10; to tell, w. ⁵ Job 36, 33, w. ⁵ Gen. 9, 22, 1 Sam. 25, 14; to expose or betray Job 17, 5; to announce or foretell Is. 41, 22; to confess sins Ps. 38, 19. — **Hoph**. [fut. <u>747</u>, inf. abs. <u>747</u>] to be shown or told Josh. 9, 24; w. ⁵ Gen. 22, 20.

Chald. prob. akin to Heb. إلمر Chald. prob. akin to Heb.

(w. suf. <u>נכ</u>ד) m. the front, so prob. in קנגדו Gen. 2, 18 according to his front i. e. his sexual counterpart (but see below); but else only as prep. before, in presence of 1 Sam. 12, 3, Is. 40, 17, w. ד loc. נְכָהָד Ps. 116, 14; defore 2 K. 1, 13; over against Josh. 5, 13; against, as opposing Dan. 10, 13; like, corresponding to Neh. 12, 9, in this sense in Gen. 2, 18 may also be כָּנָבְדּוֹ taken for corresponding to him, i. e. meet for him; over, as president Neh. 11, 22; מזנר from before, away from Is. 1, 16, also w. 5 Judg. 20, 34; from over against Deut. 32, 52; over against, opposite 2 K. 3, 22; against, as opposing 2 Sam. 18, 18; נגר .ז.

לָבָר Chald. over against Dan. 6, 11.

ג (fut. דְעָהָ) to shine or gleam Job 18, 5. – Hiph. דְעָרָה to cause

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to shine Is. 13, 10; to enlighten Ps. 18, 29. Hence

(w. suf. בָּנְקָם) 1) f. a shining or gleaming of fire Is. 4, 5, of light Is. 50, 10, of the sun and stars 2 Sam. 23, 4, Joel 2, 10, of a sword Hab. 3, 11, of the divine glory Ps. 18, 13. 2) pr. n. m. 1 Ch. 3, 7. --- Cf. αὐγή, G. auge, L. oc-ulus, E. eye, ogle.

קבה Chald. (def. גְּגְהָא) light or day-break Dan. 6, 20.

לכלות f. brightness, splendour, pl. גְנָהוֹת Is. 59, 9; r. נְנָהוֹת

לבל, once לבל, Dan. 3, 29, pr. n. (prob. i. q. קבר לנק, brilliance or beauty, i. e. Venus) only in pr. n. אַבֵר לָנָי Dan. 1, 7.

HIJ Nah. 1, 12 perf. 3 pl. Niph. of 113, Gram. § 67, Rem. 5.

(fut. Γ'μ') to push or thrust, to gore, of horned animals Ex. 21, 28. — Pi. Γ'μ' (fut. Γ'μ') to gore Dan. 8, 4; fig. to overthrow Ps. 44, 6. — Hith. to thrust at, fig. to fight against Dan. 11, 40. — Mimet. akin to 52?, 12?, 52?, 57?, 57?, 57?, 57?, 12? I, all suggesting by the 1st syllable the sound and sense of knocking or striking; cf. Sans. naç (destroy), νύξις, νέχυς, νεχρός, L. nex, neco, noceo (hence ensis), E. knock, F. nuir, W. niwed (harm). Hence

مَتَبَيَّاً adj. m. apt to push, goring, only Ex. 21, 29. 36.

(pl. יְנָרְכָּוֹי) f. music of stringed instruments Lam. 5, 14; a song, accompanied by stringed instruments Ps. 77, 7; a satire Job 30, 9; a stringed instrument, perh. a kind of guitar, in titles of Psalms, as in Ps. 4; r. אַנָּרְכָּוּ הַיָּרָ.

(obs.) prob. akin to נְקָרָל III, to pierce or cut; hence בְּבָּל

(fut. جوت, inf. c. بنور) (fut. جوت mimet. akin to The (which see), hence 1) to smite, w.] of object Gen. 32, 26; hence part. 23 smitten Is. 53, 4; fig. to blast, said of the wind Ez. 17, 10. 2) to touch, w. 🤉 Lev. 5, 3, w. על Is. 6, 7, w. אאל Is. 6, 7, w. Num. 4, 15, w. 77 Job 4, 5 of the spot; fig. (as in E. touch) to move or affect the mind 1 Sam. 10, 26. 3) to touch upon, reach to, w. 7 2 Sam. 5,8, w. אל Jer. 51, 9, w. דע Is. 16, 8, w. צל Judg. 20, 34. 4) to reach or arrive at, as a report, w. אָל Jon. 3, 6. — Niph. to be smitten or beaten, as an army Josh. 8, 15. - Pi. يود to smite hard, said chiefly of divine judgments Gen. 12, 17. — Pu. to be hard smitten Ps. 73, 5. - Hiph. הערע (fut. , apoc. , Is. 6, 7) 1) to cause to touch or reach, to join, w. Is. 6, 7, דָ Hos. 4, 2, עַל Is. 6, 7, דָ 16, 8, 5x Ex. 12, 22, 5 Lam. 2, 2. 2) to touch Ex. 4, 25. 3) to reach to Is. 8, 8; fig. to happen or occur to Ecc. 8, 14. 4) to draw near to or arrive at Is. 30, 4; to attain to or

get possession Est. 4, 14. 5) to be arrived or at hand Est. 6, 14, Ecc. 12, 1; hence

לכבים, c. לגבים, pl. כביד, c. (על אין, c. לגבים, m. 1) a stroke or blow Deut. 17, 8; esp. stroke by God, a plague Ex. 11, 1. 2) spot or mark in the skin Lev. 13, 3; planet or mark in the skin Lev. 13, 3; curvyspot, scorbutic eruption Lev. 13, 31; also plague-spot in garments or walls, Lev. 13, 47; fig. one affected w. eruptions Lev. 13, 4; r. 523.

(fut. [17]) akin to 52, [12] (which see), [22] I, to smite w. a plague Ex. 12, 23; to smite w. defeat Judg. 20, 35; to thrust or push Ex. 21, 22; to gore, as a bull Ex. 21, 35; to stumble, by striking the foot against something Prov. 3, 23. — Niph. [23] to be smitten or routed, of an army Judg. 20, 36; w. [24] 1 Ch. 19, 16. — Hith. to strike oneself against w. the foot, to stumble Jer. 13, 16. Hence

קרוח Job 20, 28 part. pl. f. Niph. either of נְנָר (things flowing away or fleeting), or of בָּרַ I (things ecraped or heaped together).

נבר (Qal obs.) i. q. Chald. נבר = יבי, akin to ירָה, to flow on, hence perh. to spread or extend. — Niph. יס to be poured out, to flow 2 Sam. 14, 14, of the eye Lam. 3, 49; to be extended, prob. in Ps. 77, 3 היר כבר ביר כלקה יר לא היפור יר כליה יר לא היפור של איז לא היפור הילא קופר הילא קופ הילא קופר הילא קופר הילא קופר הילא קופר הילא קופ הילא קופ הילא קופ night (for this use of יָר cf. Is. 57, 8, Num. 2, 17, Deut. 23, 13); part. pl f. אווי Job 20, 28 things flowing away. — Hiph. אויי to pour out Ps. 75, 9; to hurl down stones Mic. 1, 6; fig. to cast upon or deliver over to, fig. to cast upon or deliver over to the hands (i. e. power) of the sword Ps. 63, 11 (cf. אויך Is. 53, 12). — Hoph. אויין to be poured down Mic. 1, 4.

(perf. Qal obs.; fut. شيج; imp. 24, - 25, 72, f. - 28 Buth 2, 14, pl. in pause with Josh. 3, 9; inf. run, w. suf. נְשָׁת (גָשָׁת) prob. akin to גַנָע to touch, w. z Job 41, 8; to come close, approach Gen. 27, 22; to draw back, give place, i. e. to draw near what is away from the speaker Is. 49, 20; draw near thither or yonder, stand back Gen. 19, 9. — Niph. شهر stand back Gen. 19, 9. — Niph. to draw near, approach Gen. 83, 7. – Hiph. דְּאָרשׁ (fut. בָּרָשׁ, apoc. (1) to bring near Am. 6, 3; to present arguments Is. 41, 21, esp. sacrifices Mal. 2, 12. 2) to approach Am. 9, 10. - Hoph. To be caused to approach, i. e. to come near, w. 5 2 Sam. 3, 34; to be offered Mal. 1, 11. — Hith. to near oneself, to draw near Is. 45, 20.

(fut. تجنب once الجنبي Is. 58, 3) akin to Arab. تجنب to drive, urge on an animal Job 39, 7; hence لاتي a driver, task-master Ex. 3, 7; to exact a debt of Deut. 15, 2; to exact tribute 2 K. 23, 35; part. تو an exactor of tribute Zech. 9, 8; to rule, hence is king or tyrant Is. 3, 12 (cf. Eth. nagási a king). — Niph. (cf. Eth. nagási a king). — Niph. 53, 7. 2) to harass one another Is. 3, 5; to be wearied, distressed 1 Sam. 14, 24. — Perh. akin to žvaž.

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ת i. q. Arab. *J. a heap*, Is. 17, 11 הרק *harvest heap* (but see בי קצרי 1); poet. of waves of the sea Ps. 33, 7, of the Jordan Josh. 3, 13; r. 11.

(Qal obs.) akin to דָּדָד I, דָּדָד to drive away. — Hiph. דָּהָדיא (only fut. apoc. בָּדָא) to force or frighten away, only 2 K. 17, 21 (K'thibh).

אות נקדק (fut. רְדָב אוֹח (fut. רְדָב)) akin to אָרָד, i. q. Arab. געי, to impel or incite; געי, לבו אוֹג his heart impels him Ex. 25, 2. - Hith. to impel oneself, to volunteer Judg. 5, 2; to shew oneself liberal, to offer willingly 1 Ch. 29, 9.

ברב Chald. (Pe. obs.) i. q. אָרַב. - Ithp. to be willing or ready, w. Ezr. 7, 13; to give freely Ezr. 7, 15.

☐ Jr. n. m. (liberal) a king of Israel (B. C. 954-952) 1 K. 15, 25; also a son of Aaron Num. 3, 2; 26, 61.

(קרביה, ר, ביבות, גירביה, ר, ביבות, קרביה, ר, ביבות,
רְרָבְרָהָ) pr. n. m. (prob. bountiful is רָהָ) 1 Ch. 3, 18.

קרָבָרָ Chald. (pl. כְּרְבָרָ chald. (pl. כְרְבָרָ) a layer or set, of building material in a wall Ezr. 6, 4; r. הָבַק = דְכַרָ.

(perf. only in full form, as נְדָרָה Is. 10, 31, נְדָרָה Is. 33, 3; fut. נְדָרָה Nah. 3, 7, יְדָר Gen. 31, 40; inf. אוו לער כו אוו לער אוו אוו לער to and fro, to flap the wings Is. 10, 14; to move or wander about, to stray, as a fowl Is. 16, 2, as a roamer Hos. 9, 17; part. tramp or vagabond Jer. 49, 5. 2) to move off, to fly or flee away, as a bird Jer. 4, 25, cf. Ps. 55, 8. - Po. נועד (Gram. § 55, 1) to be put to flight, to disappear Nah. 3, 17. - Hiph. Try (only fut. w. suf. רְנָהְרוֹא) to put to flight, to chase Job 18, 18. - Hoph. קדר (fut. יקד (fut. for ריבד) to be chased away Job 20, 8; part. מוד (for מוד, cf. Gram. § 67, Rem. 8) thrust aside 2 Sam. 23, 6. - Hithpo. דיזנודר to betake oneself to flight, to flee Ps. 64, 9; see I.

לבין Chald. to flee, רייי ליין לעוד ליין לא Chald. to flee, רייי ליין ליין his sleep fled upon him, i. e. left him Dan. 6, 19.

(only pl.) m. tossings, startings in slumber, only Job 7, 4; r. בָּרַד

נְרָדָד I (Qal obs.) akin to יָרָד, ד I (Qal obs.) akin to יָרָד, to move or flee away. — Pi. י לי remove or put off, w. י of thing Am. 6, 3; to thrust or cast out Is. 66, 5. — Hiph. to drive away, perh. in 2 K. 17, 21, where מעמא, (K'thibh) is to be read as יְרָבָד ; but the Q'ri has רְרָבָד

ון נְכָרָן II (obs.) akin to נְכָרָן, וּנְכָרן, וּ נְכָרָן, וּ נְכָרן, to reach out, to give, hence to be liberal; hence נַכָּרן 2 and

m. a liberal gift, esp. the hire of whoredom, only Ez. 16, 33.

nected w. idolatry Lam. 1; 17; an abominable act, as incest Lev. 20, 21; r. נְרָד.

I, נְדָר kin to יְדָה I, to thrust out or expel 2 Sam. 14, 14; to impel or strike, w. by against Deut. 20, 19. - Niph. : (part. נְהָדָה, w. suf. (נְהָדָה, לָהָד) to be thrown out, as the hand in fetching a stroke Deut. 19, 5; to be driven out Jer. 40, 12; part. m. (Firen out, an oulcast Is. 16, 3, fem. (Frink Mic. 4, 6 or נדהת Ez. 34, 4; fig. to be driven or taken away Job 6, 13; to be urged on or seduced Deut. 4, 19. — Pu. to be driven out Is. 8, 22. - Hiph. דְהֶרְתַ (fut. יְהֶרְתַ, apoc. וידָהו) to thrust or cast down Ps. 5, 11; to expel 2 Ch. 13, 9; to disperse or scatter a flock Jer. 50, 17; to impel or seduce Deut. 13, 14; to bring down w. לע 2 Sam. 15, 14. - Hoph. part. קברו driven up and down, chased away Is. 13, 14.

לָדָיב (c. יָדָיב, pl. יָדָיב) adj. m. קריבים (pl. יָדָיבי) f. 1) willing or prompt, voluntary 1 Ch. 28, 21; ידיבו רודן (ch. 28, 21 ווויד) ל. גערון ל.

ל הייבה f. nobility or high estate Job 30, 15; pl. generous or noble things Is. 32, 8.

קבער Jer. 8, 14 for נְדְעָרָת 1 pl. fut. Niph. of דְיָכָם; see Gram. § 67, Rem. 5 and 11.

גאָד I (obs.) akin to obsol. r. גאָ to be hollow, so as to hold something; hence גרן ו. II (obs.) i. q. נָתַד, to give or present, see נָתָד II; hence נַתָד 2.

(w. suf. יְרָדָה) m. 1) a sheath of a sword 1 Ch. 21, 27; from obs. r. נְרָדָה 2) i. q. יְרָדָה a liberal gift; pl. w. suf. יְרָדָה Ez. 16, 33; r. יָרָדָן II or יָרָדָ

רָרָרָה Chald. m. a sheath, i. q. Heb. 1; fig. a body, as the soul's sheath, only Dan. 7, 15. Cf. אַרָאָלָג.

רָדָרָק Ps. 68, 3, יְדָק Ps. 1, 4) prob. akin to יְדָרָק, הָדָק, הָקָשָ, i. q. Arab. געל, to drive away or disperse, as the wind drives away smoke, chaff, etc. Ps. 1, 4, cf. 68, 3; to rout an enemy Job 32, 13. – Niph. און (inf. c. הָקָרָק) (inf. c. הָאָרָק) (inf. c. הָאָרָק) און נְרָקרָק) to be driven away or scattered Is. 41, 2; part. הָאָרָק נְרָה נָרָה, i. e. by the wind Job 13, 25.

יְהָדֹר (inf. c. יְקִדֹר, fut. יָקָדָר, apoc. יְקָדָר Gen. 28, 20) akin to יְקָדָר II זער II וער קנור קנור, to bind, to set fast, to vow, i. e. to promise to do something. w. יָבָר to vow a vow 1 Sam. 1, 11, opp. to יָאָלָר to bind oneself not to do.

نَدَرَ Chald. (obs.) i. q. Arab. نَدَرَ to fall or drop out, as grain in threshing; perh. hence אָדָר.

קָדָרִים .l כְּדָרָי .y. כָּדָרָי .y. כָּדָרָי כָּרָרָים .in. 1) a vow Gen. 28, 20; שַׁפַּם כְּדָרִים to vow vows; כָּרָיים Ps. 22, 26 or נְדָרִים Judg. 11, 39 to perform vows. 2) a volive-offering Lev. 7, 16, opp. to כָּרָבָין free-will offering; r. יַדָ.

편] m. eminence or excellency, only Ez. 7, 11; r. 편?.

(fut. יְקָתַג) akin to Arab.

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נָדָר

(i, i) to lead a flock or army Gen. 31, 18, 1 Ch. 20, 1; to ride or drive a beast or cart 2 K. 4, 24, 2 Sam. 6, 3; to drive off or carry away, as marauders Job 24, 3. 2) to go, to act in any way Ecc. 2, 3. — Pi. (fut. 3) (fut. 2) to drive a chariot Ex. 14, 25; to lead on, said of God conducting his people Is. 49, 10; to bring or cause to come Ex. 10, 13; to carry off Gen. 31, 26. — Prob. mimet. akin to Sans. ag (to move), $\check{a}\gamma\omega$, L. ago, G. gehen, E. go.

(Qal obs.) mimet. akin to (Qal obs.) mimet. akin to (קון קון קון, איש), Arab. גער, איש, Syr. (קון גער, איש), to sigh or pant. — Pi. sigh or moan, only part. pl. f. מנקעות Nah. 2, 8.

קדלור Chald. (def. יוָרָא, m. *light* Dan. 2, 22 (Q'ri), where יְהִירָא in K'thibh.

(וֹזָהָר) Is. 64, 5, 1 pl. fut. apoc. Qal of הָדָה; Gram. § 75, Bem. 3, e.

י m. a wail or elegy Jer. 9, 17, Mic. 2, 4; ר. הָרָה.

ה ב גרוויק f. a wailing or lamentation, only Mic. 2, 4 נְהָר נְהְיָה to wail a wail of wailing (a very marked mimetic expression); r. בָּהָר.

קריר Chald. (def. אָהִירָא) m. i. q. Syr. ג'ים ג', the light Dan. 2, 22 (K'thibh).

Chald. f. i. q. Syr. אייים Chald. f. i. q. Syr. אייים, light, fig. illumination or wisdom Dan. 5, 11. (Qal obs.) perh. akin to יַכָּלָה (Qal obs.) perh. akin to יַכָּלָה (fut. אָכָלָה) to lead or conduct, as a flock (hence יְרָבָל) Ps. 23, 2; to provide for or sustain Gen. 47, 17; hence to protect 2 Ch. 32, 22. — Hith. to bring oneself along, to walk on Gen. 33, 14. — Perh. akin to Sans. il (move), ἐλαύνω, ἐλάω, G. eilen, W. hala.

נְדָלָל pr. n. of a city Josh. 19, 15; i. q. נְדֵוֹל

שבקלל (ד. 1) *a pasture*, a place where flocks are led, only Is. 7, 19 (cf. קבר from הָבָר II). 2) pr. n. of a city in Zebulon Judg. 1, 30; r. בָּבָ

(fut. רְּבָּהִם) mimet. akin to (which see), to moan or groan, as mourners Ez. 24, 23; to growl, as a young lion, whence נָרָה to roar, as the sea Is. 5, 30.

m. a growling or roaring, of s young lion Prov. 19, 12; r. נְרָאָם

קרובה (c. <u>בחב</u>ת) f. roaring of the sea Is. 5, 30; groaning Ps. 38, 9.

רְרָדָע, (fut. רְרָחַק) mimet. akin to קרָדָע, אָבָק, i. q. Arab. גער, Chald. גער, to bray, of the ass Job 6, 5; fig. to cry out, in want and wretchedness Job 30, 7.

ו (fut. רְיָהַדָּר) i. q. Arab. *(גָּקָרָ to flow;* fig. of the confluence or gathering of peoples Is. 2, 2; hence נָּקָרָ

II akin to דו גער I, to be bright; fig. to brighten up, said of a cheerful face Ps. 34, 6.

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river Gen. 2, 10; the river of Egypt, i. e. prob. the Nile Gen. 15, 18; the rivers of Ethiopia, i. e. the Nile and the Astaboras Is. 18, 1; the rivers of Babylon, i. e. the Euphrates w. its canals Ps. 137, 1; דער the river, i. e. Euphrates Gen. 31, 21; r. יקר. I.

אָדָר (only dual דָרָי) m. i. q. אָדָר, Arab. אָר מִירָיָם) m. i. q. אָדָר ארם נירָיָם) איז איז איז איז Aram (Syria) of the two rivers, i. e. Mesopotamia, situated between the Figris and Euphrates Gen. 24, 10.

Chald. (def. נְדַעָּרָז (נְדַעָּרָז) m. a river Dan. 7, 10; esp. the river, i. e. the Euphrates Ezr. 4, 10.

לְבָרָד f. light or day, only Job 3, 4; r. הי II.

NI or NJ (obs.) i. q. Arab. ن, to be tough or raw; hence الله I.

סר בים Is. 57, 19 in K'thibh for איר which see.

(fut. אָנָקר) akin to דָיָאָ, to spring or shoot up, to sprout; hence fig. to be vigorous or hale, said of old men Ps. 92, 15; to increase, as wealth Ps. 62, 11; to utter words (cf. אָדָאָ), said of the mouth Prov. 10, 31. — Pil. בובר to cause to shoot up, fig. to cheer up or exhilarate Zech. 9, 17.

לובר Zeph. 3, 18 for נוגר, part. m. pl. c. Niph. of ינָה I.

ניגית Lam. 1, 4 for ניגית, part. fem. pl. Niph. of ינָה I.

Arab. JU, 1) to move to and fro, to wave or nod, said of a reed 1 K. 14, 15, perh. of a harvest Is. 17, 11 (where most take 73 as perf., cf. כד from מה), but see בה 2) to wander about Gen. 4, 12, Jer. 4, 1; to wander away Ps. 11, 1. 3) to nod or incline towards, to condole or comfort, w. 5 of pers. Is. 51, 19; to bemoan the dead Jer. 22, 10. -- Hiph. דגיד to shake or nod w. the head (בראש) Jer. 18, 16; to cause to wander, to expel **Ps.** 36, 12. — Hoph. to be made to nod, be bent down; part. קנד thrust aside 2 Sam. 23, 6 where some read ימור (r. גווי) w. the same sense. --Hith. דותובד to shake oneself w. hearty laughter Jer. 48, 27; to quake or reel, of the earth Is. 24, 20; to pity or bemoan oneself Jer. 31, 18. ---- Perh. akin to Sans. nud (shake), νεύω, L. nuo, nuto, E. nod.

Ja hill, to heap up; hence perh. 7.

Dan. 4, 11.

TD m. 1) a moving or wandering about Ps. 56, 9. 2) pr. n. of the region of Cain's wanderings Gen. 4, 16.

TID m. condolence Ps. 69, 21, prop. inf. constr. of JII.

לדָב pr. n. m. (nobility, r. נְדָב) 1 Ch. 5, 19.

I נְיָה (obs.) prob. akin to נייד I

i. q. Arab. SU, to be tall or lofty, fig. to be eminent; hence P.

נת

I (Qal obs.) prob. akin to FP3, to be lofty or eminent. — Hiph. to extol or celebrate, only Ex. 15, 2 אַנְרָה I will extol him, Sept. δοξάσω αὐτόν, Vulg. glorificabo eum.

גאָד II (fut. רְנְוָה) akin to אוֹם, value, to rest, to remain or dwell, only Hab. 2, 5 וְלָא רְנְוָה and he rests not; hence

(כָּוָה , pl. c. יָנָה, f. i. q. נָיָה , a dwelling, home Job 8, 6; a pasture, pl. Zeph. 2, 6; cf. יָאוֹה Jer. 25, 37 under נָאָה

וֹתָרָקוּ (c. יְרָחָל , w. suf. יְרָחָל , פָרָק , יָרָקָ יָרָקוֹן , pl. w. suf. יְרָחָל Jer. 23, 3) m. 1) a dwelling or habitation Is. 27, 10; a den of beasts Is. 34, 13. 2) a pasture, for flocks to stay in 2 Sam. 7, 8, for camels Ez. 25, 5; r. יקנון II. --- Cf. vaóc, Copt. NA (house), Sans. nâdas, L. midus, E. nest, W. nîth (nest), an-nedh (abode), newadh (hall).

ו (כְּוָד I adj. m., נְוָד (כ. יְוָד (כ. (כָּרָד)) f. 1) domestic, home-dwelling, כְּוָד she that stays at home Ps. 68, 13 (cf. סוֹאסטָסָכ Tit. 2, 5); r. וּ בָּרָד בּּאַנוּד II. 2) extolled or comely Jer. 6, 2; r. גָאַנָּד I or perh. for נָאָנָד

(fut. דְּבָר אָסָר, apoc. דְבָר בּצ. 10, 14) akin to דְרָר הָדָן, prop. to incline oneself, then to rest, to settle down Ex. 10, 14, w. ב סד אַס ל place Is. 7, 19, Gen. 8, 4; to repose Ex. 23, 12; fig. of death Dan. 12, 13; impers. w. \downarrow of pers. \uparrow there is rest to me, i. e. I am at rest or I repose Job 3, 13; to abide or remain w. \downarrow or \downarrow of place Ecc. 7, 9, Is. 11, 2. — Hiph. in two forms: A) (בָּרָ הָן (fut. הַדָּרָ הַל גָרָ הַרָ הַרָ לַר הַרָ בָּרָ הַרָ גָרָ הַרָרָ בָּרָ נוֹת בָּרָ הָיָרָ הַרָּ

down the hand Ex. 17, 11; to lay on, w. אַל Is. 30, 32; fig. to cause to fall or settle on any body, w. 2, said of anger Zech. 6, 8; to cause to settle down, to give rest to, w. 5 Is. 28, 12. B) הזרה (fut. רור, apoc. הזרה, part. מַעָּרָה; see Gram. § 72, Rem. 9) to set or lay down in its place Josh. 4, 3; to lay by for keeping Gen. 39, 16, Ex. 16, 34; to place or put 2 Ch. 4, 8; to guiet Ecc. 10, 4; to let alone Judg. 16, 26; to quit (rup) Ecc. 10, 4; to permit Ps. 105, 14; to leave or let remain Gen. 42, 33; to leave behind or bequeath Ecc. 2, 18; to cause to abstain Ecc. 7, 18. - Hoph. 1) הוברה (cf. הוברה) rest is given, w. 5 to, one is caused to rest Lam. 5, 5. 2) הַאָּרָה (cf. הָאָרָה) to be set down or placed Zech. 5, 11; part. ny set aside, hence vacant place Ez. 41, 9.

고친 (w. suf. 카파 2 Ch. 6, 41) m. rest, quiet Est. 9, 16; r. 파.

ידוו (rest, r. רָדָו) 1 Ch. 8, 2.

(fut. נאד) akin to דים I, גרים I, to move or quake, said of the earth Ps. 99, 1.

נְרָיֹת pr. n. m. (perh. pastures, r. גָרָי I) ו Sam. 19, 18 (K'thibh), but נְיָה נִיוֹת Q'ri.

i) (obs.) perh. to point or sharpen; perh. hence איניק, ---- Cf. νόξις.

Chald. (obs.) akin to Chald. בנלר, הנול , to foul or soil; hence הנילר, הנול

ורּלְדד 1 Ch. 3, 5 for נוֹלָד perf. Niph. of יוֹלָד; comp. Gram. § 27, Rem. 1.

ללל Chald. f. a dunghill or sink, only Ezr. 6, 11; r. ליל.

לְוָלָי Chald. f. a dunghill or privy Dan. 2, 5; r. אָנָל

(fut. بريد (بريد ع. Syr. مَعْر), to slumber, to be drowsy Ps. 121, 3; fig. to be slothful Is. 56, 10; البري they slumber their sleep, i. e. have perished Ps. 76, 6. In Arabic مَنْ is to sleep, to slumber, in Heb. the order of meanings is reversed; see برس. ----Prob. mimet. akin to مَنْ بَعْنَا, expressive of strong breathing. Hence

only Prov. 23, 21.

(Qal obs.) only in Ps. 72, 17, where it is either Niph. (fut. אין Q'ri) or Hiph. (fut. יייך K'thibh), to sprout or germinate, hence to increase or be vigorous; hence יין, perh. also

pr. n. m. (prob. fish.) of the father of Joshua Ex. 33, 11; once (م) in 1 Ch. 7, 27. ---- بالبعدية perh. means to swim, akin to بجزر III, بجزر Sans. nâus (ship), véw, L. no, W. novio, Gael. snavam; hence as المنابع fish (prop. swimmer) was very prolific, it became a denom. verb meaning to increase or thrive. Perh. Nauý the Sept. form of the pr. name (for Nauv) may favour this etymology.

ריביץ (fut. דְּבָלָים) akin to (קנא בוּד וּ, prop. to flit, to flee Is. 30, 16; בוּד בָּלָין לוּג אַ גער וּ גער וּד גער flee, i. e. haste away Cant. 2, 17; to haste away, as waves Ps. 104, 7; flg. of sorrow Is. 35, 10. — Pil. ביבי to chase or drive on Is. 59, 19. — Hiph. ריבי to cause to flee Ex. 9, 20; to snatch or rescue Judg. 6, 11. — Hith. דירונים to betake oneself to flight Ps. 60, 6; but see on Dig II.

נְתִוַפְּרוּ Ez. 23, 48 for נְתַפָרוּ, 3 pl.

perf. Nithpa'el of """; see Gram. § 55, 9.

ביע (fut. יָרָרָדָ, inf. c. כּיּדָ and כָּיֹד Is. 7, 2) akin to 77 II, Arab. U, veύω (L. nuo, nuto), prop. to shake or agitate, hence to reel or stagger as a drunkard Ps. 107, 27; to tremble through fear Ex. 20, 18; to rustle, of leaves Is. 7, 2; to wave about, of a tree-top Judg. 9, 9; to dangle or swing, as a miner suspended or let down on a rope Job 28, 4; to quake, as the earth Is. 24, 20; to wander about Lam. 4, 14; part. 3? a wanderer Gen. 4, 12. - Niph. to be shaken, as a tree Nah. 3, 12; to be sifted Am. 9, 9. -- Hiph. דֵאנִיעַ to shake or wag the head Ps. 22, 8; to sift Am. 9, 9; to move or disturb 2 K. 23, 18; to cause to tremble Dan. 10, 10; to cause to wander Num. 32, 13.

ו בועריה, 1) pr. n. m. (דְּיָה meets, r. יְשָׁר II) Ezr. 8, 38. 2) pr. n. f. Neh. 6, 14.

أنَفَ Arab. إذا من أن من akin to raise or lift up, to wave up and down, hence to sprinkle w. the waving hand, w. two acc. Prov. 7, 17. -Hiph. הַנְקָה (inf. הַנִירָם, once הַנְקָה Is. 30, 28) to wave or shake the hand Is. 13, 2, Zech. 2, 13; to move up and down, w. the hand 2 K. 5, 11; to wield or apply a tool, w. 53 Ex. 20, 25; to sift by shaking Is. 30, 28; esp. to wave or move from side to side, as a religious ceremony in offering portions of the sacrifice (cf. הגיפה and הרומה Lev. 7, 30; to shake out, to sprinkle or pour, fig. of God in giving rain Ps. 68, 10. -Hoph. הונה to be waved Ex. 29, 27. - Pil. cig: to shake threateningly

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the hand towards any one Is. 10, 32. ---- Prob. akin to קנה, געוק, געון.

(cf. Arab. ترق the top of a camel's hump); r. 593.

مَانَصُ akin to بَعَنَ بَعَنَ Arab. نَاضُ to sparkle or flash, hence perh. to move rapidly or flee Lam. 4, 15, but see بجيت. — Hiph. آلازم (والبديد الماري) to flourish or bloom Cant. 6, 11.

تَكَلَّكُمَا f. a wing-feather, a pinion Job 39, 13; r. تَكِيَّا.

(Qal obs.) i. q. אָזָיָ to suck; only Hiph. יַוּנִיק (fut. יָרָיק) to suckle, only Ex. 2, 9 יַוּנִיקַדוּ and she suckled him.

I (obs.) akin to דָּוָד II, Arab. גָר to shine; hence גַר.

יר verb.

רהם Chald. (def. נוּרָא) f.fire Dan. 3,6.

لابت (fut. تردين) akin to سابع, Syr. بند, vosoc, to be ill or sickly, fig. of the mind, only Ps. 69, 21.

(obs.) akin to וויד (which see), to boil or cook; hence נויד.

 21). 2) to cause to spurt i. e. to sprinkle Num. 19, 18, e. g. blood or oil Lev. 8, 30, water Num. 8, 7. --- Cf. Sans. nad (leap), W. naid.

קוד m. something boiled, pottage Gen. 25, 29; r. גַוֹד or perh. for נָוֹד part. Niph of דו.

(כורירים) m. 1) a consecrated one, a Nazarite, a sort of Heb. ascetic Num. 6, 2, Am. 2, 11; fig. an unpruned vine, i. e. left untrimmed or unshorn like a Nazarite Lev. 25, 5. 2) a prince, as in a manner set apart by his dignity Gen. 49, 26; r. נוֹר

تزرَّل (obs.) i. q. Arab. نَزَل , to turn in, to lodge; hence perh. الج

Judg. 5, 5 is for לַזָּל perf. Niph. of אָלַל, cf. Gram. §. 67, Bem. 11.

סדָן (obs.) skin to נְעָם, to bind or fasten; hence

(بر عنه المربع (w. suf. إير , pl. وربي) m. i. q. Syr. إعتصر , a nose-ring Gen. 24, 47, an ear-ring Gen. 35, 4, a ring in general Judg. 8, 24, Hos. 2, 15.

 Dig
 m. loss or damage, only

 Est. 7, 4; obs. r. pij
 = Chald. pij.

PIJ

גער (Qal obs.) i. q. Arab. גער), akin to אָדָר to consecrate, to vow. — Niph. איז (imp. רְאָדָר) to separate oneself, w קר from, i. e. to fall away from Ez. 14, 7; to abstain Lev. 22, 2; to consecrate oneself to, w. ל Hos. 9, 10. — Hiph. קריד to restrain, w. 9, 10. — Hiph. קריד to restrain, w. 10. – Hiph. קריד to restrain, w. 10. 2; to abstain, w. קריד Num. 6, 3. Hence בור

ווּר, אָזָר II (obs.) akin to אָזָר II, to bind or encircle; hence נַזַר 2.

עניין (w. suf. יובי) m. 1) r. נור consecration of a priest Lev. 21, 12; esp. of a Nazarite Num. 6, 4; fig. *a* consecrated head, i. e. an unshorn head Num. 6, 19; also unshorn hair of a woman Jer. 7, 29. 2) r. נור נות בריטיס or diadem, for a priest or king Ex. 29, 6, 2 Sam. 1, 10; נות diadem-stones (comp. our crounjewels) Zech. 9, 16.

רח חד. ח. m. (rest or comfort, r. בי לבן Sept. Nŵe, Noak Gen. 5, 29; בי לנת waters of Noak, i. e. the deluge Is. 54, 9.

ניַשִּׁם (obs.) perh. akin to נָּשָׁם, to comfort; perh. hence

pr. n. m. (comforter) Num. 13, 14.

לקניה to lead or guide Gen. 24, 27. — Hiph. הְנְרָה (fut. מָשָׁר) to conduct Job 38, 32; w. לְשָׁרָ Prov. 18, 16 or w. יישר און Sam. 22, 4, before or into the presence of; to lead, bring together or to collect 1 K. 10, 26; to lead off, to exile 2 K. 18, 11, Job 12, 23.

יחוס pr. n. m. (comfort) Neh. 7, 7 in some texts, but others have נחום יודם pr. n. m. (consoler, r. נְחָשָׁם) pr. n. m. (consoler, r. נְחָשָׁם) of the prophet Nahum, Sept. Naoóµ Nah. 1, 1.

נְדָוֹר pr. n. m. (snorting, r. נְדָוֹר) Gen. 11, 26. 27.

לקרולים adj. m., והעידים ל. 1) prop. copper, then perh. bronze (never brazen), ושיבים קרולים a copper or bronze bow Ps. 18, 35; so of doors Is.45,2, tubes Job 40, 18. 2) subst. i. q. אין copper Lev. 26, 19; fig. like our steel, of שיב Job 6, 12; r. שיב II.

קודילות (only pl. וְהָדִילוּת) f. i. q. קודילות, pipes or flutes Ps. 5, 1 (title); r. קל I.

(קדר ((קריבים (only dual (קדר (((קריבים) m. i. q. ג'יביני (, *the nostrils* Job 41, 12; r. בָרַיר.

(נְדוֹל . I (fut. רְרָדֵוֹל , inf. c. ב 1) to grasp, get hold of Ex. 23. 30; to possess or inherit Judg. 11, 2; to dispossess Zeph. 2, 9. 2) to give in possession, to distribute or allot, w. > of pers. Num. 34, 17. - Pi.) (inf. c. נקדל) to give as a possession, to assign or allot, w. 5 of pers. Josh. 19, 51, w. two acc. Num. 34, 29. -Hiph. רְנָהָדיל (fut. רְנָהָדיל) to cause to possess or inherit something Deut. 32, 8, Prov. 13, 22; to allot for possession, w. two acc. Josh. 1, 6; to bequeath, to leave as heritage, w. of pers. 1 Ch. 28, 8. — Hoph. דַּנְקַל to be made to possess or inherit Job 7, 3. — Hith. החנחל to possess for oneself Num. 32, 18; to bequeath or devise, to leave as one's own heritage Lev. 25, 46.

נראל **II (obs.) perh. akin to גריל,** Digitized by Google to move or flow along; hence perh.

ז דָרַרָל III (obs.) akin to דָרַרָע I, to bore or make hollow; hence גְּהִרְלָה.

ל for אָדָעל (Gram. § 66, Bem. 1) perf. Niph. of אָלָד II; also for perf. Pi. of גַדָל ג Gram. 64, 3.

דער m. a torrent Ps. 124, 4, see Gram. § 80, Bem. 2, e; r. נְדָלָד

pr. n. (God's valley or heritage) of a station in the desert Num. 21, 19.

קר ח. ה. (perh. robust, r. גָּוֹעָלָם) j only in patron. נַוּעָלָס: Jer. 29, 24.

ל וֹוַלָּאָ f. i. q. גְחַלָּח, a possession or heritage Ps. 16, 6; r. נְחַלָּח I.

(Qal obs.) mimet. akin to sigh. — Niph. هي (fut. منه), to pant or sigh. — Niph. ورال (fut. منه), apoc. repent Ex. 13, 17; to pity or compassionate Jer. 15, 6; w. کی Ps. 90, 13, w. کې Judg. 21, 6, w. ک Judg. 21, 15, w. کې Judg. 2, 18 of ground or object. 2) to comfort oneself Gen. 38, 12, w. کې 2 Sam. 13, 39. 3) to avenge oneself, take vengeance, w. To Is. 1, 24. — Pi. Dry (fut. Dry) to comfort or console Job 16, 2, Is. 40, 1; קַנְחַשָּׁם a comforter or sympathizer Ecc. 4, 1. — Pu. בָּחַם to be consoled Is. 54, 11. — Hith. דְּחַרָּחָם (once רְחָבָרָח Ez. 5, 13, Gram. § 54, 2, b, fut. בָּחָבָרָח to pity, w. by of obj. Deut. 32, 36; to repent Num. 23, 19; to comfort oneself Gen. 37, 35; to avenge oneself Gen. 27, 42. Hence

קרש pr. n. m. (consolation, r. נָרָש) 1 Ch. 4, 19.

perf. Niph. or Pi. of آيرا Gram. § 66, Bem. 1 and § 64, 3.

only Hos. 13, 14.

לָרָאָדוֹ f. consolation, comfort Ps. 119, 50; r. נְרָש

קריקי, pr. n. m. (comfort of הָיָ) Neh. 1, 1.

בוּבָים Is. 57, 5 for נֵוְדָים part. pl. Niph. of וְדָיָכָם; Gram. §67, Rem. 11.

דָרָאָלָי pr. n. m. (comforter, r. נָרָוֹאָלָי) Neh. 7, 7.

i. q. אַנְקוֹנוּ we Gen. 42, 11.

לוקדי Jer. 22, 23 for בוֹלְקִד: 2 fem. perf. Niph. of דְעָן I; comp. Gram. § 67, Bem. 4.

כָּדָשָׁ Chald. i. q. כָּדָשׁ *copper*, only in pr. n. פּינָדָס.

بَنَحَضَ Arab. إِنَّ عَنْمَ dia press or urge on, only part. إرتبه pressed or urgent 1 Sam. 21, 9.

(obs.) mimet. akin to Syr. بنيز , Arab. بنكر, to snore or snort; hence נקדר and

קַדָּוֹר m. snorting of a horse, only Job 39, 20; r. קַדָּוֹר.

רביך Ps. 69, 4 perf. Niph. of דען; Gram. § 67, Rem. 5.

לַוֹוְרָד: f. snorting, only Jer. 8, 16; r. נָתֵר.

pr. n. m. (snorer, r. 2 Sam. 23, 36, 1 Ch. 11, 39.

נות I (Qal obs.) mimet. akin to וות, שווש, Syr. ליש, to hiss or whis, to whisper; hence שון. — Pi. שווי (fut. יבווש) to practise divivation, to divine Lev. 19, 26; to augur, to forecast Gen. 30, 27.

עס דו (obs.) prob. akin to דעס דו (obs.) prob. akin to firm, of metals; hence prob. דְּשָׁט אַ אָרָשָׁר אַ אַר

will m. 1) a serpent Gen. 49, 17; so named for its hissing. 2) name of a constellation, the serpent Job 26, 13. 3) pr. n. (prob. serpent) of a place 1 Ch. 4, 12; also of a king of the Ammonites 1 Sam. 11, 1; r. will L.

m. incantation Num. 23, 23; augury, omen Num. 24, 1; r. التاتي I.

ערולי Chald. m. copper or bronze Dan. 2, 82, i. q. Heb. שרוים.

pr. n. m. (whisperer or enchanter, r. מָוֹשוֹן I) Ex. 6, 23.

(w. suf, אָשָׁרָי, dual) (w. suf, אָשָׁרָי, dual) (אָרָשָׁרָי, שָׁרָשָׁרָי, dual) (אָרָשָׁרָי, שָׁרָשָׁרָי, dual) (אָרָשָׁרָי, שָׁרָשָׁרָי, שָׁרָשָׁרָי, dual)

from the complexion) 2 K. 24, 8.

لتاليات m.a copper image, esp. of the copper or bronze serpent made by Moses 2 K. 18, 4; from براتين w. format. or adj. ending , see p. 391.

רקתה (fut. יְרָתָה Ps. 38, 3, also

ידָליז' Prov. 17, 10 for רְידָא') akin to רְידָא, poet. for רְידָא', to descend Jer. 21, 13; fig. to sink deep, of an impression, w. א Prov. 17, 10. — Niphs. ראיז) (for רְידָא') to come down on, w. א, said of arrows Ps. 38, S. — Pi. ראיז to press down Ps. 18, 35; to level, of furrows Ps. 65, 11. — Hiph. ראיז (imp. ראיז) to lead down (to the attack) Joel 4, 11.

רוח f. 1) r. רוח *בוויו, a letting* or bringing down of the arm to strike Is. 30, 30; a spread or supply i. e. food laid on the table Job 36, 16. 2) r. רוא, rest, quietness Is. 30, 15; as adv. with quietness Ecc. 4, 6. 3) pr. n. m. (perh. descent, r. רוח) 1 Ch. 6, 11; see also ווה.

Mal. 2, 5 perf. Niph. of רְעָת, but elsewhere perf. Niph. or Pi. of נְעָת.

ערותים (only pl. אי Dagh. f. euphonic, Gram. § 20, 2, c) adj. m. coming down or descending (foes) 2 K. 6, 9.

העקים (fut. דעָי, apoc. ד', before Maqqeph - די) akin to די, li, קרי, אין, 1) to stretch out, extend Ex. 8, 2; part. ישי lengthened, of a shadow Ps. 102, 12. 2) to spread out or expand Gen. 13, 8; fig. to hold out or propose 1 Ch. 21, 10; intrans. to spread abroad, as a flock Joh 15, 29. 3) to bous down or stoop the shoulder Gen. 49, 15; part. ידי inclined or leaning, ready to fall, of a wall Ps. 62, 4; to decline, as the day Judg. 19, 8; to

turn ande, w. 58 Gen. 38, 16, 70 Ps. 44, 19. 4) to go away 1 Sam. 14, 7. - Niph. to be stretched or extended Zech. 1, 16; to be spread out or expanded, of a stream Num. 24, 6; to be lengthened Jer. 6, 4. - Hiph. Tur (fut. hun, apoc. un 2 Sam. 19, 15, us Hos. 11, 4, UP Ps. 27, 9; imp. apoc. Ps. 17, 6; Gram. § 76, 2, b) 1) to stretch out or extend Is. 31, 3. 2) to לא דוטו ארדאונם turn down Gen. 24, 14; לא דוטו they inclined not their ear to listen Jer. 7, 24. 3) to turn aside Num. 22, 23; fig. to deliver or rescue Job 36, ואָד הוא to extend mercy Ezr.7, 28; נשׁפָט רְשָה to pervert judgment 1 Sam. 8, 3; to thrust away Job 24, 4; to avert, keep off Jer. 5, 25; to repulse Ps. 27, 9; intrans. to swerve Is. 30, 11. ---- Prob. akin to Sans. tan, τείνω, L. tendo, tenuis, G. dehnen, dünn, W. taenu, teneu, Gael. tana, E. thin = lean (th = l).

לָטִרל adj. m. *laden*, only Zeph. 1, 11; r. יַטָיַ

נְטִרֹל (only pl. נְטִרֹל) m. plants, only Ps. 144, 12; r. נְטָר.

(only pl. קָשָׁרָשָׁר, drops or pendants for the ear Judg. 8, 26 (cf. סדמאמֹץ ווסע an earpendant, from סדמאמֹע); ר. אַשָּׁג

(יִטְישׁוֹת (only pl. יְטִישׁוֹת) f. tendrils or twigs Is. 18, 5; r. נָטַשׁ I.

(which see), Syr. is to be heavy, (which see), Syr. is to be heavy, 1) to take up, to raise a weight, to hoist Is. 40, 15. 2) to lift or put on as a weight, w. by Lam. 3, 28; fig. to impose 2 Sam. 24, 12. — Pi. to take up or hoist Is. 63, 9. — Prob. akin to Sans. tul (lift), τλάω, L. tolk, tuli, W. towlu. לנטל Chald. (i. q. Heb. נְטָל Chald. (i. q. Heb. נְטָל (נְטָל גָשָׁ) to lift up Dan. 4, 31; נְטָרלָה 3 pers. f. perf. pass. to be raised or lifted up Dan. 7, 4.

של m. a burden or load, only Prov. 27, 3; r. נָטָל

לעד (fut. אַשָּר, inf. צָיֹנָט, and רְעָדָ) akin to אָדָר, אָדָר, to set or fix in, as a nail Ecc. 12, 11; hence to set or plant trees Num. 24, 6; to plant, as a field or garden Gen. 2, 8; fig. to establish or settle, of a people Am. 9, 15; to implant, of the ear Ps. 94, 9; to pitch a tent Dan. 11, 45, hence of the heavens, as God's tent Is. 51, 16; to set up an image Deut. 16, 21. — Niph. אַבָּיָר to be planted, prob. in K'thibh of Prov. 31, 16 אָרָאָרָ אָבָיָר vineyard is planted; hence fig. to be established Is. 40, 24. Hence

, הַשְּׁעָים Is. 5, 7, w. suf. הָשָׁעָים, pl. הָשָׁעָים, c. יְשָׁעָים m. 1) a planting, i. e. thy being founded Is. 17, 11. 2) a plant (Sept. יצוֹסְעִיסי) Job 14, 9. 3) a plantation 1 Ch. 4, 23.

נָטָדִים Ps. 144, 12; see נָטָדִים.

קריבות (fut. קיבות) akin to קאז, קאז, אז, i. q. Arab. אולגעלי, to drop down or to distil Judg. 5, 4; fig. of vineyards, to drop or distil new wine Joel 4, 18; of speech, to be gentle or pleasant as the falling dew Job 29, 22; הקבער האל קרות האלקון האלין ווא לייניין thy lips drop fluid honey i. e. they let fall pleasant words Cant. 4, 11. — Hiph. to let fall in drops, to drop down Am. 9, 13; fig. to speak, i. e. to let words fall Mic. 2, 6. Hence

 آلال
 m. 1) a drop Job 36, 27. 2)

 a kind of gum or resin, so named

 for its flowing out in drops Ex. 30, 34.

קטֹפָר pr. n. (dropping, r. נְטֹפָר) of

a city in Judea Ezr. 2, 22; gentil. n. א קבקרי Netophathite 2 Sam. 23, 28.

رقتار (fut. متلاب, once بتلاب). Jer. (fut. متلاب, i. q. Arab. زَفَلَنَ , نَظَرَ , i. q. Arab. زَفَلَنَ , نَظَرَ , io keep or watch a vineyard Cant. 1, 6; esp. to keep anger (متلاب) being here always implied), to continue angry Ps. 103, 9; w. b or continue angry Ps. 103, 9; w. b or continue angry Ps. 103, 9; w. b or pers. Nah. 1, 2, Lev. 19, 18. --- Perh. akin to Sans. tra (keep), τηρέω, τηρός.

נְשָר Chald. i. q. Heb. נְשָר, to keep, גַשְׁרָא בְּלָבִי נִשְרָח, I kept the word in my heart Dan. 7, 28.

I (fut. נישש) 1) to stretch or spread out, of twigs or branches, hence ושרשות tendrils; also pass. part. וכשים scattered abroad 1 Sam. 30, 16; to spread or extend, as a battle 1 Sam. 4, 2; trans. to spread out Num. 11, 31; to scatter Hos. 12, 15. 2) to reject Deut. 32, 15, Judg. 6, 18; to leave Ex. 23, 11; to allow Gen. 31, 28; perh. to let loose, Is. 21, 15 א משל sword drawn or uplifted; but see then II. - Niph. to hang loose, to dangle, of broken ropes Is. 83, 23; to be dispersed, of a host Judg. 15, 9; to be spread out, as a vine Is. 16, 8; to be left or forsaken Am. 5, 2. - Pu. to be left, given up Is. 82, 14.

ער אין דער אין דער אין דער אין (א=ט), io sharpen, only in part. f. דְרָכָּג גערשָׁה sharpened sword Is. 21, 15, but see גערשָׂד I.

י, m. i. q. יָדָר *wailing*, only Ez. 27, 32 הְנִידְם *in their wail;* but 11 MSS and several editions read הְנִידְם *their sons*, which is supported by the Sept. and Syr. versions and well suits the sense.

אין, see גיא II.

דב m. fruit or produce Mal. 1, 12; fig. פיב שְׁתָרָים fruit of the lips, i. e. praise Is. 57, 19 in Q'ri (cf. χαρπός χειλέων Heb. 13, 15); r. בינ.

קרבי pr. n. m. (fruitful) Neh. 10,20 Q'ri, but נבי K'thibh.

ירד m. consolation, only in ירד comfort of my lips i. e. mere lip-condolence Job 16, 5; r. ראי.

יר לידה), f. abomination (i. q. וָיָדָה), or perh. exile, only Lam. 1, 8; r. נְרָד perh. ביד or perh. בו

דיות) pr. n. (dwellings, in K'thibh (נְיָרוֹת) of a place near Ramah 1 Sam. 19, 18.

נְיִדּעָק (like נְיָדַעָק); w. suf. נְיָדַעָק) pl. prop. rest or quicting, then pleasantness, i. e. an agreeable or acceptable smell Gen. 8, 21, found only in connexion w. sacrifice; r. נָיָדָן.

נְרְחֹתָן. (chald. (only pl. יְרְחֹתַן) m. sacrificial or sweet odours (without (תֵרָים, incense Dan. 2, 46; i. q. Heb.

(יריר, suf. ירי) m. offspring or posterity, always w. נכר Gen. 21, 23; r. נכר .

קיקלון pr. n. (prob. abode, redupl. from r. גָּאָ I, akin to גָּאָ and גָּאָ Copt. NA, vaó; cf. קיקלון from קיקלון *Nineveh*, the chief city of Assyria, situated on the Tigris Gen. 10, 11.

רָרָם Ps. 74, 8 is 1 pl. fut. Qal of יָרָנָת I, w. suf. יָרָה; cf. Gram. § 76. 2, e.

סיין adj. m. *fugitive*, only in K'thibh of Jer. 48, 44, where Q'ri has part. סן, r. 69.

נָכָה

ישני אינער און אינער אינער און אינער אינער אינער אינער אינער אינער און אינער און אינער אינען אינער אינער אינער אינען אינעען אינעען אינעען איעען אינעען אינעען אינעען אינעען אינען אינעען אינעען אינען אינעען אינען אינעען אינעען אינעען איעען איעען אינעען איע

עריבוץ m. a spark, only Is. 1, 31; r. אָנָי

<u>רר</u> m. i. q. <u>נ</u>ר, *a light*, only 2 Sain. 22, 29; r. נליר I.

(only imper. pl. יריד (יריד (יריד conly imper. pl. יריד (יריד (יריד (יריד (יריד (יריד teak up or till, יריד (יריד (יריד (יריד teak ye up the fallow ground Hos. 10, 12, Jer. 4, 3; hence ינוֹד and

m. fallow ground Prov. 13, 23; hence tillage, fig. seed or offspring 1 K. 11, 36.

עָרָדָם (in וַנָּרָדָם) Num. 21, 30 is 1 pl. fut. Qal of יָרָדָ, w. suf. בּ-ָ-; see Gram. § 76, 2, e.

(in <u>الإر</u>:) Deut. 2, 33 is 1 pl. fut. apoc. Hiph. of <u>ינ</u>קר; Gram. § 76, 2, b.

(Qal obs.) akin to پرتا (which see), Arab. نَكَعَ, to beat or smite; only — Niph. to be beaten or thrashed, only Job 30, 8. Hence

אָכָאָ adj. m. smitten, only pl. קראים afflicted ones Is. 16, 7.

adj. m., וְכָאָד f., smitten down; וּבָאָד a sad or grieved spirit Prov. 15, 13; cf. בַּ

(only pl. بجنب for بجنب f. (رجنب (only pl. بجنب) f. pouders or spices, esp. for perfuming or censing Gen. 37, 25; according to the Arab. This i. q. This, gum tragscanth; r. N.

(obs.) prob. akin to אָכָד, אָכָד, (obs.) נכָר (cf. אָכָד II = אָכָד IV), to bind or connect; hence

m. connection, kindred or progeny, always w. ין Gen. 21, 23. — In Job 31, 3 יבר (as some MSS and texts read for יבר) is same as Arab. أكثر, calamity; but see

(Qal obs.) akin to إيار (Qal obs.) akin to strike or smite. — Niph. to be smitten or slain 2 Sam. 11, 15. — Pu. נְבָהוֹ to be beaten, as grain Ex. 9, 31. — ניַדָר, apoc. יַבָּרו, fut. יַבָּר, apoc. יַדָּר, imper. דער, apoc. יחה) to strike or smile Num. 22, 6; to scourge Jer. 2, 30; to knock out an eye Ex. 21, 26; to butt w. horns Dan. 8, 7; to hit w. arrow 1 K. 22, 34; to strike, said of the sun, moon Is. 49, 10, Ps. 121, 6; רְאָהָה כַ K. 11, 12, דובה כם אל-פם Ez. 6, 11, דובה בכה Ez. 21, 19, to clap hands; ועבה לבו irix his heart smote him (of. E. 'his heart throbbed', also Aesch. Prom. 887 χραδία φόβφ φρένα λαχτίζει) 2 Sam. 24, 10; to strike roots Hos. 14, 6; to beat one's foes Gen. 14, 15; fig. to injure by slander Jer. 18, 18. — Hoph. הַכָּה (once הּתָּה Ps. 102, 5) to be smitten Is. 53, 4; to be struck or beaten Ex. 5, 14; to be struck down or slain Num. 25, 14; to be stormed, of a city Ez. 33, 21; fig. to be afflicted or grieved Ps. 102, 5. ---- Prob. mimetio akin to Sans. nac (destroy), vococ, veixoc, vixy, L. neco, noceo, B. knock, W. cnocio.

קבה רְגְלְים adj. m. smitten, כְּבָה הְגַלְים smitten of feet, i. e. lame 2 Sam. 4, 4;

fig. הַדָּח וְכֵח smitten of spirit, i. e. contrite Is. 66, 2; r. הָכָו

נכרז (only pl. נכָרז) m. smiters w. the tongue, slanderers, railers, only Ps. 85, 15, cf. ונכרא בַּשָּׁשוֹן Jer. 18, 18; r. וכָרָא

(perh. conqueror, akin to νίχη, الإذار (conqueror, akin to νίχη, الإذاري) Necho, Sept. Νεχαώ, a king of Egypt 2 K. 23, 29, usually called Necho II, the son of Psammetichus.

(7) Num. 22, 6, Gram. § 142, 8, c. Bem.

קכון pr. n. (prepared, r. כון) of a threshing-floor 2 Sam. 6, 6; see also כדיון.

ביח נכלוח m. treasure, נכלוח house of his treasure (cf. Gram. \$ 91, 3, Bem.) 2 K. 20, 13; r. גנה

(obs.) prob. akin to ", to be in front or before the eyes; hence

עכחים, pl. קבחים (w. suf. ירָבָהי, pl. יָבָרָהים) ו adj. m., ירָבָהין (pl. יוֹבָהי) f. straight ahead, right on; יוברחי walking right before himself, i. e. not turning right or left Is. 57, 2; fig. plain or evident Prov. 8, 9. 2) subst. יכָרווי justice or right Am. 3, 10; pl. הווי straight-forwardnesses, i. e. honest dealings Is. 26, 10.

(w. suf. iרְבָה) m. the front, only as prep. before or over against Ex. 14, 2.

שלבח m. the front, only as prep. over against Josh. 18, 17; before Judg. 18, 6; אל-נכח towards Num. 19, 4; לנכח straight ahead Prov. 4, 25; in front of Gen. 30, 38; in behalf of, w. verb of entreaty Gen. 25, 21; ד-נכח y right up to, so as to face Judg. 19, 10.

fem. sing. Niph. of is prob. part.

for לְכָתָא 2 pers. fem. sing. perf. Niph. of יָכָח

to deceive, to act clandestinely or deceitfully Mal. 1, 14; hence >2. — Pi. to act fraudulently against, w. > Num. 25, 18. — Hth. to show oneself cunning, to trick or deceive, w. acc. or p of pers. Gen. 37, 18, Ps. 105, 25. --- Perh. akin to N>p, Sans. hul (to hide), G. hehlen, xλείω, L. celo, clam, W. cēlu (to secrete), E. hull.

לכל (only pl. w. suf. רְּכְּלִיקָם) m. deceils, knavish tricks, only Num. 25, 18.

נכלל Gen. 37, 21 is 1 pl. fut. Hiph. of כָּכָה, w. suf. 8 sing. masculine.

obs.) akin to إلا إلا (obs.) akin to إلا إلا (obs.) gather or amass; hence

נְכָסִים (only pl. נְכָסִים) m. gains, riches or goods Josh. 22, 8.

רָכָס Chald. (only pl. נְכָס) m. resources or funds Ezr. 6, 8.

ערפר Deut. 21, 8 for יְּהְדֵפּר Nithpa. of הְהָדֵפּר I; see Gram. § 55, 9.

I (Qal obs.) prob. akin to נקר I, prop. to prick or pierce, hence (cf. 72) to mark or notice; hence i. q. Arab. نَكِرَ, 1) to know or recognise. 2) to fail to know, to disown or repudiate. — Niph. נכר to be known or recognised Lam. 4, 8; to make oneself strange (cf.), to feign or dissemble Prov. 26, (כֵר 24. - Pi. נְקָר to recognise or respect Job 34, 19; not to know Job 21, 29; to deny Deut. 32, 27; to reject or repudiate Jer. 19, 4, perh. also 1 Sam. 23, 7 but see דְּגַר II. --- Hiph: דְּגַר II. ---to find out or recognize Gen. 31; 32; to recognise, acknowledge דאביר שנים

a face, either to be partial or unfair Deut. 1, 17, or to show regard to, to accept Ruth 2, 10; to honour (as a god) Dan. 11, 39; to know Gen. 27, 23; to know, i. e. to be able to do something Neh. 13, 24. — Hith. to be recognised Prov. 20, 11; to feign or dissemble Gen. 42, 7.

עבר II (Qal obs.) perh. i. q. קבר (cf. ביים), to sell or deliver wp. — Pi. to give over or deliver up 1 Sam. 23, 7, but see גבר I.

(כָבר (נָבָר) m. strangeness, foreignmess, hence אַרְשָּׁת נַבָּר land Ps. 137, 4; בַבָר Deut. 32, 12; בַבָר Gen. 17, 12; r. נַכָר

بَرَتَرَة m. i. q. Arab. أَنَكُونُ , *calamity* (prop. a strange or unwelcome thing), only Job 31, 3; r. يَرَكَ I.

לֶכָר m. i. q. Arab. גָּלָ, calamity, only Obad. 12; r. נְכֵר I.

לָכָרִי (from לָכָרִי א adj. ending , Gram. § 86, 2, 5) adj. m. (pl. , Gram. § 86, 2, 5) adj. m. (pl. , dien or foreign, of another land and people; נְבָרִיָּה a stranger Deut. 17, 15; איש נְבָרִיָ a strange woman, i. e. a harlot Prov. 5, 20; לְשׁוֹן נְבְרִיָה a foreign language, fig. a harlot's speech Prov. 6, 24; another, not oneself Prov. 27, 2; strange, marvellous Is. 28, 21; r. בָרַי I.

גָכוֹח אָפָרָאָדָ , see גָכוֹח אָבָרָ (Qal obs.) prob. akin to גָטָן (Qal obs.) prob. akin to גָטָן (Qal obs.) prob. akin to mark, hence to attain, to finish, only in — Hiph. to finish or bring to an end, only in בַּבְּרָקָרָ לָבָאוֹ see Gram. § 53, Rem. 7) when thou shalt finish plundering Is. 33, 1, where some aptly propose to read בְּכַלֹּחְדָ.

adj. f. despised or vile, only 1 Sam. 15, 9; a unique or hybrid form seemingly combining אַבְּוָה and הִבְּוָה, or making a denom. Niph. from the latter; r. אָבָּוּ

למואל pr. n. m. (perh. i. q. כמואל day of God) Num. 26, 9; patron. *Nemuelite* Num. 26, 12.

Gen. 17, 26 Niph. of איז, Gram. § 72, Rem. 9.

לכל (obs.) akin to אָלָל (obs.) געול (obs.) געול (obs.) געול I, to cut off, hence to nibble or gnaw; perh. hence

קָּלָלָה (pl. יְמָלִים Prov. 30, 25) f. i. q. Arab. גָאָלָה the ant Prov. 6, 6.

נְהַעֹּהָם Gen. 17, 11 for נְהַלָּחָם perf. Niph. of כָּלַל I; see Gram. § 67, Rem. 11.

perh. i. q. Arab. نَعِرَ, to spread abroad, diffuse itself, of odour Jer. 48, 11 (opp. to إيرتر); but better to be changed, as Niph. of מור מור קר ון which see.

גער I (obs.) i. q. Arab. גען akin to איז ק I, to flow, then to be limpid or clear; hence נְקָרָה.

آبَرَ II (obs.) i. q. Arab. نَسَرَ Syr. نَصْز to variegate, to be spotted or speckled; hence

(pl. נְמֵרְים) m. *a leopard* Jer. 13, 23; pl. Cant. 4, 8.

בָבָר Chald. m. a leopard Dan. 7, 6. קבור pr. n. m. (warrior or rebel,

ד. אֶרֶץ וִמְרוֹד (Gen. 10, 8; אֶרֶץ וַמְרוֹד Babylonia Mic. 5, 5.

וֹנְמָרָה pr. n. (limpid, r. נְמָרָה I) of a city in Gilead Num. 32, 3; fully ביח נִמָרָה Josh. 13, 27.

בְּרַרִים pr. n. (perh. clear waters, ד. נְכֵיר וֹ נְכֵיר וֹ סָר streams of water near בית נְכְיָר מָעוֹר, fully בית נְכְיָר waters of Nimrim Is. 15, 6.

لَيْكُوْ (obs.) prob. i. q. Arab. نَسَسَ, to communicate or disclose; hence

רְבְיָשִׁר pr. n. m. (perh. discloser) 2 K. 9, 2.

D: (w. suf. م) m. i. q. Syr. , prop. an elevated or lofty object, hence a pole Num. 21, 8; a flag of a ship Is. 33, 23; a standard or signal, raised on a hill-top as a rallying point etc. Is. 5, 26; fig. a warning Num. 26, 10; r. D: II.

נְסָבָה Ez. 41, 7 for נְסָבָה perf. Niph. of סָבָב; Gram. § 67, Rem. 11.

קָּבָר f. a turn, course of events 2 Ch. 10, 15; r. סָבָר.

גָסָיָן (fut. יְסָר, inf. abs. יְסָר) i. q. ו (fut. יְסָר, inf. abs. יָסָר) i. q. ו (fut. יָסָר, apoc. ז מָן (fut. יָסָר, apoc. יוסָר) to put away Mic. 6, 14; to remove or displace Deut. 19, 14. — Hoph. יוסָר be driven back, removed Is. 59, 14.

(Bernstein's Lex. Syr. on j. 11, to kift, Qal only in Ps. 4, 7 where the reading HQ1 (for HQ2 imper. Qal) represents HQ2 (see Gram. § 75, Bem. 21, b); hence to weigh, to try by weighing (Bernstein's Lex. Syr. on j.m.). — Pi. HQ2 (imper. 0) Dan. 1, 12) to try or test 1 Sam. 17, 39, 1 K. 10, 1; to tempt God, i. e. to put him to the test Ex. 17, 2; to attempt or assay a word Job 4, 2; w. inf. to try to do something Deut. 4, 34.

נְכָח Ps. 4, 7, see נְכָח.

(fut. דקר) akin to געסי, to pluck up or tear away; fig. to turn out of a house Ps. 52, 7; to expel or banish, Prov. 2, 22 (مور) they expel; to demolish a building Prov. 15, 25. - Niph. דקר to be driven out or expelled Deut. 28, 63.

רקס] Chald. (Pe. obs.) i. q. Heb. יקס. – Ithpe. to be dragged or pulled out Ezr. 6, 11.

(w. suf. הָסָיבָה, pl. w. suf. הָסָיבָה, pl. w. suf. וּסָרָבָיהָם offering Deut. 32, 38. 2) i. q. וּסָבָרָהָם a molten image Dan. 11, 8. 3) an appointed one, a prince (of. הַשָּׁרָם Josh. 13, 21 (comp. בָסָרָ. 2) Ps. 2, 6); r. בָסָרָ.

(נְסֹך: , inf. נְסָך: akin to jour out a (יקה מאה מאה to pour out a libation or drink-offering (Sept. σπένδειν) Hos. 9, 4; esp. in making a truce (cf. σπένδεσθαι σπονδήν) Is. 30, 1; fig. to shed forth a spirit of sleep Is. 29, 10. 2) to cast metal Is. 40, 19. Hence constitute or appoint a king Ps. 2, 6.-Niph. to be appointed, set up Prov. 8, 23.-Pi. to pour out largely a drink-offering, to offer as a libation 1 Ch. 11, 18.-Hiph. (fut. apoc. יַסָּד) to pour out a libation Gen. 35, 14. -Hoph. (fut. וכסה to be poured out as a libation Ex. 25, 29.

نَسَجَ akin to إَنَسَجَ iI i. q. Arab. نَسَجَ akin to קבן, 1) to intertwine or weave; hence שַכָּה the warp. 2) to cover Is. 25, 7; hence בַּכָּה I.

a libation, only in - Pa. [19] i. q.

Arab. نسك, fig. to sacrifice, to offer or present Dan. 2, 46.

קָסָרָים (w. suf. וְמָכָים; pl. וְסָרָי) m. 1) a drink-offering or libation Gen. 35, 14; opp. to בְּנְקָדָה Joel 1, 13. 2) i. q. הַסָרָה II, a molten image Is. 41, 29; r. נְסָךָ: I.

וְסָטָן (prop. Niph. part. of סָטָן) m. prop. marked out or specified, hence a field or lot of ground, only Is. 28, 25; r. סָטָן.

עסט I i. q. Syr. בוֹ, akin to סיט, שוֹ, אַיַאָ to be sick, to pine away; part. בים a sick man, a patient, only Is. 10, 18. --- Cf. νόσος.

לעני, inf. ג'ס, imp. pl. pluck or pull out nails, door-posts, tent-pins Judg. 16, 14, Is. 33, 20. 2) to break up a camp Gen. 33, 12. 3) to remove, to journey Gen. 12, 9. — Niph. to be pulled or torn away, of tent-cords Job 4, 21. — Hiph. ג'ס, (fut. ג'ס) to cause to break up a camp, to lead forth Ex. 15, 22, cf. Ps. 78, 26. 52; to remove 2 K. 4, 4, trees Job 19, 10, to quarry stones Ecc. 10, 9, 1 K. 5, 31.

רָסָסָן (only 1 pers. fut. אָסָק for אָסָק) to ascend or go up, only

Ps. 139, 8; this r. is only assumed, cf. Aram. pop, معند assumed for php, سند.

רָשָׁרָ Chald. (assumed for בָּבָּר) to ascend. — Aph. דְשָׁרָ (inf. בָּבָר Dan. 6, 24) to bring or take up Dan. 3, 22. — Hoph. (by Hebraism) בייד to be taken up Dan. 6, 24.

بیت Pr. n. (eagle-like; from بیت Arab. نستو eagle, w. adj. ending نستو of an idol of the Ninevites Is. 37, 38; cf. جنبت.

(obs.) prob. akin to r. אניי, געיין (obs.) prob. akin to r. אניין, געיין, to lean or incline; hence

קר, pr. n. (prob. an incline or slope, r. גָּעָד,) of a place in Zebulon Josh. 19, 13.

עלור Zech. 2, 17 for נעור, perf. Niph. of r. עוד I; see Gram. § 72, Bem. 9.

לעררות (denom. from נפררות) f. pl (no sing.) youth i. e. time of youth, only Jer. 32, 30; see Gram. § 108, 2, a

עלרָרִים (denom. from נְצָרֹרִים) m. pl. (no sing., Gram. § 108, 2, a) youth or childhood 1 Sam. 12, 2; fig. of the early times of a nation Jer. 2, 2; cf. באָרָים.

אָדָרָאָל pr. n. (perh. God's inclining, ד. דְּצָרָ) of a place in Naphtali Josh. 19, 27.

נְעָרִים בו וְנָיִהָים, pl. נְעָרִים adj. m., (עָרָיבִים (עָרָיבוּים) f. pleasant or agreeable Ps. 133, 1, of music or singing Ps. 81, 3, of a person Cant.

1, 16; pl. (as subs.) delights or pleasures Job 36, 11, Ps. 16, 11; pleasant regions Ps. 16, 6; r. 22.

(fut. جَحِلَّ) prob. akin to Aram. <u>مَعَلَّ</u>, <u>Arab.</u> <u>مَعَلَ</u>, to go in or enter, hence to fasten, to bott a door 2 Sam. 13, 17; part. pass. بتلا botted or fastened, said of a garden or fountain Cant. 4, 12; to shoe, put on sandals Ez. 16, 10. — Hiph. to shoe 2 Ch. 28, 15. Hence spip, b; and

(du. נְעֵלִים, pl. נְעֵלִים, once نَعْلَ Josh. 9, 5) f. i. q. Arab. إنعَلَ a shoe or sandal Josh. 5, 15; Did נעל ברגלו to put on one's shoe Ez. יא, 17; 'דַלָּץ נַעָלו מַעַל דַ to put off one's shoe Is. 20, 2; also w. the verbs Ex. 3, 5, שלה Ruth 4, 7 where the act is a symbol of the transfer or surrender of property, hence to throw the shoe upon, דְשָׁלִיךָ נַצַל צַל i. e. to take possession, to occupy Ps. 60, 10; הלרץ הנצל one stripped of the shoe, i. e. dispossessed or disseized of a property or title Deut. 25, 10; du. נַבַלָּרָם a pair of shoes Am. 2, 6, pl. Cant. 7, 2, Is. 11, 15; r. 53).

(fut. ילעם) perh. akin to pleasant or sweet, of food Prov. 9, 17; fig. to be agreeable or charming, of a friend Cant. 7, 7, of wisdom Prov. 2, 10, of a land Gen. 49, 15; impers. to turn out pleasant or well, w. > of pers. Prov. 24, 25; hence

pr. n. m. (pleasantness) 1 Ch. 4, 15.

DZ m. pleasantness Prov. 3, 17; beauty or charm Ps. 27, 4; grace or favour Ps. 90, 17, Zech. 11, 7.

ו בעברה 1) pr. n. f. (pleasant, r.

נְעֵבן) Gen. 4, 22. 2) pr. n. of a place in Judah Josh. 15, 41; cf. נַעֲמָהָד.

נְכָּכָי: (for נְכָּכָוּ) patron. of pr. n. נְעָרָי אַגָּרָי, Naamite Num. 26, 40.

יייס פֿרָבָר pr. n. f. (for נְעָבָר pleasant or sweet, adj. from נְעָב , r. נְעָם Ruth's mother-in-law Ruth 1, 2, Sept. Nooµµɛίν, Vulg. Noemi.

נְשָׁצָי m. 1) pleasantness נְשָׁצָי plantings of delights Is. 17, 10. 2) pr. n. m. α) Gen. 46, 21; β) 2 K. 5, 1.

נְבָּאָתי gentil. Job 2, 11, see נְבָאָתי אָבָאָס (obs.) i. q. Chald. אָנֵץ, akin

to yy, to fix in; hence

لَعْضُ m. i. q. Arab. نُعْضُ, a thorn-hedge, thicket of thorns Is. 7, 19.

I i. q. Syr. کن, mimet. akin to المنبخ, Syr. المنبخ, prop. to make a harsh or rough sound, to growl or roar as a young lion, only Jer. 51, 38; hence perh. يو I.

II prob. akin to אוו נדר III, to stir, hence to shake a garment Neh. 5, 13, the hand Is. 33, 15; to shake off leaves Is. 33, 9. — Niph. און to shake oneself Judg. 16, 20; to be shaken off, fig. to be got rid of Job 38, 13. — Pi. און to shake off i. e. to scatter Ex. 14, 27. — Hith. און to shake oneself free from anything, w. Jis. 52, 2.

ו נְצָרָים I (pl. דָצָר) m. prob. roughness of voice (r. דָצָן I), hence puberty, when the voice breaks or changes, hence prob. youthfulness or youth in 1 Sam. 30, 17 איש נַצָר איש four hundred men of youth, i. e. young men; but esp. (if not always) as concrete, a youth, a boy Gen. 21, 17, in the older Heb. (chiefly in the Pentateuch) also a girl (בַּבָּרָם נַצָּרָרם Gen. 24, 14, so נַצָּרָרם Sin Buth 2, 21 (cf. לָהָ π מֹנָ boy or

girl). — As to age $gradential product in the set of a months Ex. 2, 6, of a weaned child in the set of the boy was a child 1 Sam. 1, 24, of a lad of puberty (أوم م)(c) Gen. 34, 19; esp. a servant 2 K. 4, 12 (cf. <math>\pi a \hat{c} \zeta$, L. puer, our lad or boy = servant); also soldier 1 K. 20, 15. — Perh. akin to Sans. nara (man), Pers. U, dvhp, W. nër (a lord), nerth (might), prob. L. Nero.

שני II (ד. יעד II) m. prop. a shaking out or scattering; hence a straying or scattered flock, only Zech. 11, 16.

וְעָרָים m. i. q. גְעָאּרְים, boyhood or youth Job 83, 25; r. נְעָר I.

(pl. נְעָרוֹח, c. נְעָרוֹח, 1) f. of נְעָרוֹח, a girl Job 40, 29; a young woman Judg. 19, 3; a young wife Buth 2, 6; a handmaid or servant Prov. 9, 3 (cf. our maid for servant). 2) pr. n. of a town in Ephraim Josh. 16, 7, called נְעָרָן in 1 Ch. 7, 28. 3) pr. n. f. 1 Ch. 4, 5.

נעורות see לאָרוֹת.

דְעָרַי pr. n. m. (youthful or scattering) 1 Ch. 11, 87, but קַעָרַי in 2 Sam. 23, 35.

קערךה pr. n. m. (prob. servant of 1 Ch. 3, 22.

נְעָוּרִים, see גְעָרִים.

ולליך f. tow, as being shaken or beaten off from flax Judg. 16, 9; r. נער II.

pr. n. Memphis, see קל.

مَعَمَّعَ (obs.) i. q. Arab. بَعَلَمَ akin to Chald. بَتِد , بَتِد , بَتِد , *بَعَر do come out, to* sprout; hence JEJ pr. n. m. (sprout) Ex. 6, 21.

(כרק w. - firm; r. נפרז (כרק w. - firm; r. נפרז f. 1) a sieve or winnowingfan Is. 30, 28. 2) a high place or height; only in pr. n. הור הור לפוח דור Height or Heights of Dor 1 K. 4, 11, Josh. 11, 2.

עַבּרָסָים pr. n. m. (expansions, r. נְפָּרְסָים Ezr. 2, 50 (Q'ri), but נְפָרָסִים in K'thibh.

רַבָּר (fut. רְפָה, inf. רְפָה Ez. 22, 20, imp. f. بَغْمَعُ i. q. Arab. نَغْمَعُ , akin to נפה, נפה; (which see), to puff, to blow or breathe Gen. 2, 7; fig. of fragrance, hence man; to blow on, w. z, as the wind Ez. 37, 9; wind Eg to blow up a fire Is. 54, 16; כפרה (מרח a blown pot, i. e. a pot over a blown fire Jer. 1, 13; to blow away, w. I Hag. 1, 9; mg to breathe away the soul, to give up the ghost Jer. 15, 9. - Pu. to be blown up, as a fire Job 20, 26. lliph. to cause to puff, pant or sigh Job 31, 39; fig. to puff at, to contemn, to treat w. contempt Mal. 1, 13. ----Mimetic akin to TR, TR, TR, E. puff, pant, L. paveo.

ס pr. n. (prob. breezy, r. דעס,) of a town of the Moabites Num. 21, 30.

(only pl. יְמִרּלִים) m. giants Gen. 6, 4, Num. 13, 33; r. נְמָר II.

קרָסָים pr. n. m. (i. q. כָּבָיסָים) Ezr. 2. 50 (K'thibh).

שר pr. n. m. (prob. animated or cheerful, r. שאין) Gen. 25, 15.

קרשָׁטָים pr. n. m. Neh. 7,52 Q'ri, a hybrid form, mixing up נְפִרשָׁים and נְפִרשָׁים.

קסי (obs.) prob. akin to אוין, prop. to blow a coal, hence to glow,

burn, then to be bright red; prob. hence

וֹשָׁן m. a precious stone of a glowing or bright-red colour, prob. a carbuncle (Sept. מֿטּאָרָאָבָ) Ex. 28, 18.

יפל , inf. לפל, w. suf. נפלר 2 Sam. 1, 10, נפלו 1 Sam. 29, 3) akin to גְבָל (which see), גְבָל, to fall Ps. 37, 24; in battle, to be slain Judg. 20, 44, w. בְּרֵד, בַּרֵד, Num. 14, 43, Lam. 1, 7; part. 5) falling Job 12, 3, fallen 1 Sam. 5, 3, slain Judg. 8, 10; to attack Job 1, 15; to fall ill Ex. 21, 18; to drop or fall in the birth, to be born Is. 26, 18 (cf. abortion); to fall away in flesh Num. 5, 21; to fall or frown, of the face in sorrow or anger Gen. 4, 5 (opp. to generation נְשָׁא מָנים to look pleased); to fail or fall, of courage 1 Sam. 17, 32, of promises Josh. 21, 43, of states 2 K. 14, 10; to fall out or happen, of a lot Jon. 1, 7; w. 5 of pers. to fall to Ps. 16, 6; to befall or turn out, of events Buth 3, 18; w. بت, to fall lower or to be inferior Job 12, 3; to alight from, w. byg Gen. 24, 64; hence to settle down or encamp Judg. 7, 12; to fall before, w. לְּפָנֵי, said of prayer or supplication when presented or accepted Jer. 36, 7; 37, 20; to fall away or desert 1 Sam. 29, 3, w. 57 Is. 54, 15, w. אָל Jer. 52, 15. -- Hiph. אָל Jer. 52 (fut. apoc. 507, inf. once 500 Num. 5, 22, Gram. § 53, Rem. 7) to cause to fall Gen. 2, 21; to throw or cast down, fuel Jer. 22, 7; to hurl down, stars from heaven Dan. 8, 10; to fell trees 2 K. 3, 19; to let fall in birth, hence fig. to bring forth, said of the earth Is. 26, 19; to cause to wither or waste away, a limb Num. 5, 22; to cast down or deject the countenance i. e. to look displeased Jer. 3, 12; to cast a lot Ps. 22, 19; fig. to allot to, w. 5 Josh. 13, 6; to lay down or present a petition Dan. 9, 18; to let

present a petition Dan. 9, 18; to let fall on the ground, i. e. cause to thin, of words 1 Sam. 3, 19; to leave off or desist, w. μ Judg. 2, 19. — Hith. to cast oneself down or lie prostrate Deut. 9, 25; fig. w. 25, to attack Gen. 43, 18. — Pil. 25, (see Gram. § 55, 2) to fall, only Ez. 28, 23. --- Cf. Sam. sphal, σφάλλω, L. fallo, G. fallen, fehlen, W. pallu, factu, Irish failightm, E. fail, fall, to fell.

קָלָא, או פּרָל סואנה to שָּלָא, פּרָח (cf. קָרָח בּהּחַ בּהָחַ בּהָחַ בּהָחַ בּהָחַ בּרָח פָלָא, פָּלָח (cf. קָרָח בּהּחַ בּהָחַ בּהָחַ בּהָחַ בּהָחַ בּהָחַ בּרָח ג'יין פּלָא, פּלָח (cf. קָרָח בּהּחַ בּהָחַ בּהָחַ בּהָחַ בּהָחַ בּהָחַ בּהַחַ בּהָחַ בּהַחַ בּהָחַ בּהַחַ בּהָחַ בּהַחַ בּהַחַ בּהַחַ בּהַחַ בּהַחַ בּהַחַ בּהַחַ בּהַחַ בּהָחַ בּהַחַר בּהָחַ בּהָחַ בּהָחַ בּהַחַי בּהַחַ בּהָחַ בּהַחַי בּהַחַ בּהָחַי בּהַחַ בּהַחַי בּהַחַי בּהַחַ ב

של, m. prop. a fall, hence an untimely birth, an abortion Job 3, 16; r. גַפָל

נְפְּלָאָרוֹ 2 Sam. 1, 26, for נְפְלָאָרָוֹה (w. ד, parag.), perf. Niph. of אָסָרָאָ Gram. § 75, Rem. 21, a.

נְפָלָל Ez. 28, 23 Pi'lal of נְפָלָן I; see Gram. § 55, 2.

ספס (obs.) prob. akin to אוש, Chald. נְמַשֹּׁש, to expand; hence נְמַשִּׁשָׁ,

V D (only in perf. inf. and part., the imper. and fut. being taken from r. γ3D) akin to γ3D, γ3D, to break or smash Judg. 7, 19; fig. to scatter or drive about Is. 11, 12; intrans. to be scattered, to spread abroad 1 Sam. 13, 11. — Pi. to dash in pieces Ps. 2, 9; to break up 1 K. 5, 23; to disperse or scatter, a people Jer. 51, 22. 23; hence γD2. — Pu. to be broken Is. 27, 9. Hence γD2, γ3D and

YEI m. a tempest, prop. a scat. | soul

נפּיץ∽

γ P. m. dispersion, only Dan. 12, 7.
P. Chald. (3 fem. rpp., 3 pl.
spp. Dan. 5, 5 in K'thibh but Npp.
in Q'ri; imper. pw) perh. akin to
pw, to go or come out, go forth Dan.
8, 14; fig. of an edict, to be promulgated Dan. 2, 13 (cf. ἐξῆλθε δόγμα Luke 2, 1); *p> come ye forth Dan.
8, 26. — Aph. pwy: (*pw. Dan. 5, 3),

to bring out or lead forth Ezr. 5, 14. Hence ארבי Chald. (def. ארבי) f. out-

going, fig. expense Ezr. 6, 4.

(Qal obs.) i. q. Arab. نَفَسَ v, to breathe, to live. — Niph. to take breath, fig. to be refreshed after fatigue Ex. 23, 12. — Mimet. akin to بيور بين المريم بيرام بيرام بيرام بيرام بيرام بيرام بيرام suggestive of breathing (esp. by the nose), like G. schnauben, E. sniff, snuff.

(in p. נַפָּשׁ, w. suf. נְפָשׁי; pl. רָפָשׁיה c. רָפָשׁיה נַפָּשׁיה Ez. 13, 20) c. gend., mostly fem. 1) breath Job. 41, 13; breath of life Gen. 1, 20. 2) breath of life Gen. 1, 20. 2) the animal spirit (ψυχή, L. anima), the vital principle, hence life Gen. 35, 18; this was is said to live, to die, to be poured out w. the blood, etc. Gen. 12, 13, Judg. 16, 30, Is. 53, 12; שָׁמַשׁ at cost or risk of life 2 Sam. 23, 17; tip) is also the seat of hunger, thirst, satiety, weariness, loathing etc. Prov. 25, 25, Num. 21, 5, hence '> rix craving of the appetite Deut. 12, 20 or passion Jer. 2, 24; a livelihood, food (cf. L. victus - victuals), fig. as supporting life Deut. 24, 6. 3) rational life, the soul or mind (L. animus), as the seat of feelings, affections, emotions, as love, confidence, fear, sorrow, etc. Is. 42, 1, Ps. 86, 4, Job 27, 2, hence the

soul is said to will, to know, etc. Ps. 139, 14. 4) fig. a living being or thing Josh. 10, 28; then a person Ex. 1, 5; the even w. The a dead person Num. 6, 6, also without mp, a corpse Num. 5, 2. 5) w. suf. (נְמָשֶׁר, הָמָשָׁר) often idiomatic for self (see Gram. § 124, 1, c and Note²); לקומם לשטט their food is for themselves Hos. 9, 4, cf. Is. 46, 2; in many cases the serves (as autoc) only for an emphatic or fuller expression of the pronoun, as in Ps. 3, 3, Is. 51, 23. 6) odour or fragrance (as something breathed), בַקי נַמָש smelling - bottles Is. 3, 20, prob. also in the rapy fragrant wood Prov. 27, 9; r. the

to breather or blow; perh. hence

רבין f. prop. breezy, then a height or hill, only Josh. 17, 11; but perh. i. q. רבין 2.

חָרָאָ pr. n. (waters of opening) Josh. 15, 9.

(only pl. נַקְּתוּלִים) m. wrestlings Gen. 30, 8; r. פַּתַל.

קרוב pr. n. of an Egyptian people, hence patron. אין Gen. 10, 13. ---- Perh. Copt. for dwelling (see אין דוב Ptach, an Egyptian deity.

קקלי pr. n. m. (my wrestling Gen. 30, 8, r. קקלי the sixth son of Jacob Gen. 49, 21, Sept. Νεφθαλείμ.

Υ. m. 1) i. q. ΠΣ, flower or blossom Gen. 40, 10. 2) a hawk (Sept. lépaξ), an unclean bird Lev. 11, 16, Job 39, 26; r. ΥΣ.

ky, fy forth, hence κχτ) i. q. ττς, to fly, fly forth, hence κχτι κτς swiftly flying shall she go forth Jer. 48, 9, where the words γτη, κχη, form a παρονομασία or assonance.

(Qal obs.) akin tor. Thy, i. q. Arab. نصب, to be set or fixed: - Niph. 1) to be set over, w. by Ruth 2, 5. 2) to set oneself, to take one's stand Ex. 7, 15, waiting for some one Ex. 34, 2, or as administering judgment Ps. 82, 1. 3) to be set up or stand up, said of men, sheaves, waters Gen. 18, 2, Ex. 15, 8; hence to be firm or healthy, said of sheep in part. f. נְצָרָה Zech. 11, 16. ---Hiph. דער (fut. apoc. בער) to make to stand Ps. 78, 13; to set up or erect a column Gen. 35, 20, an altar Gen. 33, 20, a dominion 1 Ch. 18, 3; to set or sharpen a goad 1 Sam, 13, 21; fig. to set or fix, as bounds, a gate, a trap Deut. 32, 8, Josh. 6, 26. -Hoph. - to be set or placed Gen. 28, 12. - Perh. a pr. n. f. in Nah. 2, 8; see ⊐17. Hence

 \Box m. 1) i. q. Arab. نصاب *a* handle or haft of a dagger Judg. 3, 22; so called from the blade being fixed in it. 2) an officer or prefect 1 K. 4, 5.

دَيْدِتْرَبْ Chald. (def. (إبْتَرَبْهُ) f. firmness or hardness, of iron Dan. 2, 41.

.جد عور الكلا

(fut. וובי) 1) akin to אָדָי, דָּרָיָ, דָרָי, to fly or flee away Lam. 4, 15; hence אָדָין a pinion or wingfeather. 2) i. q. Arab. געיין to seize by the hair, then to strive or quarrel (only in Hiph.). 3) to lay or lie waste, to be desolate Jer. 4, 7. -- Niph. 1) to strive or quarrel w. each other (Gram. § 51, 2, b) Dent. 25, 11. 2) to be laid waste; part. pl. 2723 Is. 37, 26. — Hiph. to strive or contend, w. 52 Num. 26, 9; to wage war, w. 728 Ps. 60, 2.

וֹבָר I f. i. q. ווֹצָה, a wing-feather or pinion Job 39, 13; r. נַצָּה 1.

דער II (for אָדָי) f. refuse or excrement in the crop of a bird (cf. אָדָאָר, אָדָאָז) Lev. 1, 16; r. אָדָי.

50% Job 15, 33; r. γ₂, a flower or blog-

I (Qal obs.) akin to mus, پيتا, I) toshine بيتا, 1) toshine or gleam; fig. to be splendid or illustrious by deeds or position. 2) to be clear or pure, fig. to be true (cf. שָרָד"). 3) to last or endure; prop. to shine or excel in vigour. - Pi. 733 to out-shine or excel greatly, to take the lead or preside, w. על ו Ch. 23, 4, Ezr. 3, 8; hence part. כְּנָשֵׁת an overseer or leader 2 Ch. 2, 1, esp. the precentor or leader of the music in the temple, hence למנצה often in the title of Psalms, e. g. Ps. 11. - Niph. to be lasting, only in part. f. run Jer. 8, 5. Hence ran.

الإيلان II (obs.) prob. akin tor. المجيعة, i. q. Arab. نَضَعَ , to sprinkle or wet; hence الجيم.

-Ithpe. to out-shine, to surpass, w. by Dan. 6, 4.

וִצְּרָה

(עדר suf. בער (עדר w. suf. גער) m. juice or liquor as spurting in the treading of grapes Is. 63, 3, 6; r. ענד II.

רְאָנוֹדָ Gen. 44, 16 for רְאָנוֹדָ, Hithp. of אָזָדָ; see Gram. § 54, 2, a.

דער ח. 1) i. q. באָב, an overseer or officer 1 K. 4, 19. 2) a military post, a garrison 1 Sam. 10, 5. 3) i. q. בערב קלח; העבר קלח column of salt Gen. 19, 26. 4) pr. n. of a place in Judah Josh. 15, 43, now Beit Nesib.

קבר pr. n. m. (illustrious, r. נְצָר I) Ezr. 2, 54.

דְבָאר m. a saved or preserved one Is. 49, 6 K'thibh but גאין in Q'ri; r. גאין I.

📲 (Qal obs.) akin to r.) שָׁלַל,גָשָׁל i. q. Arab. نصل, to draw or pull out. - Niph. 1) to be delivered or saved Ps. 33, 16; to escape from, w. גַּפְּנָר Is. 20, 6; ינָצַל אֵלֵיך מֵעָם אֲדֹנָיו he shall escape unto thee from with his master Deut. 23, 16. - Pi. 52) (fut. רָנָאָל) to strip off a garment 2 Ch. 20, 25; to strip a person Ex. 3, 22; to deliver Ez. 14, 14. --- Hiph. דְעָצִיל (fut. apoc. דָשָל) to pull away, w. בדן to pull between, separate 2 Sam. 14, 6; to snatch away 1 Sam. 30, 22; fig. הערל ערן to escape the eye 2 Sam. 20, 6; to deliver or rescue Ex. 12, 27; part. מַצִּיל, often אין מַצִיל no one delivering Ps. 7, 3. - Hoph. to be snatched or plucked away Zech. 3, 2. — Hith. to strip or divest oneself of anything, w. acc. Ex. 33, 6.

לאבן Chald. (Pe. obs.) to pull out. — Åph. און (inf. האָליה Dan. 3, 29, w. suf. אוליה 6, 15) to deliver, part. אין Dan. 6, 28.

إلكا m. a flower or blossom, only pl. געים Cant. 2, 12; r. געים

אב אפר אבן, אפר אין.

i. q. γ_3 , ϵ_2 , ϵ_3 , 1) to shine or glitter, to sparkle, only part. pl. ϵ_2 i. 2, 1, 7; hence γ_2 a spark. 2) to bloom or blossom; hence γ_2 , ϵ_2 , ϵ_3 , ϵ_4 , prop. to move rapidly, to flash (cf. $ap\gamma \delta c$ shining and fleet); hence γ_2 a hawk.

II (obs.) prob. akin to بین i.q. Arab. نَضَرَ, to shine, to be verdant; hence

21; a branch Is. 14, 19; fig. offspring Is. 11, 1, Dan. 11, 7.

(נְצָר) מְצָרָה Ps. 141, 3 for נְצָרָה imper. Qal of נָצָר, w. דָ-ָר cohort. and Dagh. f. euphonic.

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(Qal obs.) i. q. بجت, to burn or blace. — Niph. بجت to be kindled or burned Neh. 1,3; fig., w. ب, to be angry with 2 K. 22, 13. — Hiph. see بجت.

Chald. (obs.) i. q. Heb.

Chald. adj. m. pure Dan. 7, 9.

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בור (fut. יקבר, יקבר, דעבג Job 40, 24) akin to אַרָּדָר, בָּקָב, 1) to pierce or prick Is. 36, 6; to bore a hole 2 K. 12, 10; ארוד בקדב a perforated purse Hag. 1, 6; to break in or crack a skull Hab. 3, 14. 2) to tick or mark, hence to fix or specify, as wages Gen. 30, 28; יקבים marked or distinguished men (cf. Arab. ieader, prince) Am. 6, 1 (opp. to istinguished men (cf. Arab. job 30, 8). 3) to curse (cf. our colloquial to cut for to slight or execrate, L. contemno) Lev. 24, 11. - Niph. to be marked or named Num. 1, 17. Hence

DPP m. 1) a bezel, the cavity in which a gem is set Ez. 28, 13. 2) pr. n. (w. art. **DPP** the cavern) of a place in Naphtali Josh. 19, 33.

 $\square \square \square \square \square$; f. a female, so called from the form of the sexual organ, in the human species Gen. 1, 27, and in beasts Gen. 6, 19; r. $\square \square$.

(obs.) prob. akin to יוֹבָי, i.
 q. Arab. نَعَدَ , 1) to prick or mark, to specify by markings, hence יוֹבָי.
 2) to mark or notch, hence to keep (a flock or herd), יוֹבָי herdsman or ahepherd.

רקדים) adj. m. spotted or speckled, prop. marked w. points Gen. 30, 32.

TD m. i. q. Arab. نقان, a shepherd or herdsman Am. 1, 1; cattle-dealer 2 K. 3, 4; r. بريم. קקרים (only pl. (אַקרים) m. 1) crumbs or crusts (perh. sharp or pointed) Josh. 9, 5. 2) a kind of cake (perh. crumbling or pricked w. holes), a cracknel 1 K. 14, 3; r. בָ

קרד f. a point or stud, as of silver Cant. 1, 11; r. בָּקָרוֹ

Arab. نقل , perh. akin to برجاه, to be pure or clean Jer. 49, 12. - Niph. fut. רפקה) 1) to be pure, innocent Jer. 2, 35; w. et be innocent of anything Ps. 19, 14; also to be innocent with respect to any interested party Judg. 15, 3. 2) to be free from punishment Ex. 21, 19. 3) to be quit of an oath Gen. 24, 8; fig. to be cleaned out or emptied, said of a city Is. 3, 26; to be destroyed Zech. 5, 3. - Pi. יכקה (fut. רפקה) to declare innocent, to acquit Job 10, 14; to cleanse, to forgive, w. acc. of pers. Ex. 20, 7, w. acc. of thing Joel 4, 21 ונקרתר דַכָּם לא נִקּרתר and I will cleanse their blood (that) I have not cleansed, but perh. better to read and I will avenge their ונקמחי blood (so the Sept. xal exinthow to αίμα αὐτῶν, also the Syr.).

קרדָא pr. n. m. (herdsman, r. קרד, Ezr. 2, 48.

יָּלַקַת, see יָּרָאָד.

שר (which see), also איף, to loathe, w. א Job 10, 1.

רקר (כ. קראים, פראים און איזי, שלו m. 1) clean or pure, fig. innocent Ex. 23, 7; 1) clean or pure, fig. innocent Ex. 23, 7; i. e. innocent in one's doings Ps. 24, 4. 2) clean or free, quit of an obligation Num. 32, 22, of a charge Ex. 21, 28, of military service Deut. 24, 5; r. הקי.

i. q. <u>י</u>קי (see Gram. § 23, 3, Rem. 3) *innocent* Joel 4, 19, Jonah 1, 14 (K'thibh).

נקדון (c. נקדון) m. cleanness, of the teeth, through want of food Am. 4, 6; of the hands, i. e. honesty of conduct Gen. 20, 5, cf. Hos. 8, 5.

נקראבה Is. 7, 6, see r. אין L.

רָקִרָקָ, pl. יְקִרְקָי, pl. יְקִרְקָי) m. a cleft or fissure Jer. 13, 4, Is. 7, 19; r. pp;.

נקל Is. 49, 6 for נקל perf. Niph. of נקל I; Gram. § 67, Bem. 5.

i. q. (נְקוֹם , inf. וְקֹם) i. q. Arab. فقم, akin to إيام or perh. to np, to avenge or take vengeance Lev. 19, 18, w. acc. Deut. 32, 43, w. דא Ps. 99, 8 of the pers. avenged; to take vengeance on, w. מַאָת, כָּן, 5, or acc. 1 Sam. 24, 13, Josh. 10, 13. - Niph. יקם (fut. רָנָקַם) 1) to be avenged or punished Ex. 21, 20. 2) to avenge oneself on, w. > Judg. 15, 7 or יקם Judg. 16, 28. - Pi. יקם to avenge 2 K. 9, 7. - Hoph. הַפָּם (fut. רקם) to be avenged Gen. 4, 15, Ex. 21, 21. - Hith. to avenge oneself Jer. 5, 9; part. מְתִנְקָם self-avenging or revengeful Ps. 8, 3.

(whence fut. Spin Jer. 6, 8), prob. akin to Spin II, prop. to loathe, hence to turn away Ez. 23, 18.

akin to إيرا (Qal obs.) prob. mimet. akin to إيرا , إيرا , إيرا , إيرا , *to strike* or beat. — Pi. إيرا *to cut down* or fell trees Is. 10, 34; fig. to destroy utterly Job 19, 26.

אָרָקָרָן II (fut. דְּקָרָן) akin to דְּקָר, said of festivals Ia 29, 1. — Hiph. said of festivals Ia 29, 1. — Hiph. דִּקּרָן to cast or draw around, as a hunting net, w. by Job 19, 6; to let go round i. e. to take by turns, w. acc. Job 1, 5; to round off, i. e. to shave around the head so as to leave a tuft of hair on the top Lev. 19,27; to surround or encircle Ps. 22, 17; inf. abs. דְשָרֵן or בָּשָרֵן as adv. round about Josh. 6, 3, 11.

קר m. i. q. Chald. אָרָקוֹק *a beat*ing or striking of olive trees, for shaking off the olives Is. 17,6; r. דְקָרָ I.

לקפר: f. a cord or rope, round the body (Sept. כאסטילסי), only Is. 3, 24; r. נכך II.

נסאב, (obs.) prob. mimet. akin to pierce or cleave open; hence אנקר ב

(fut. יְקוֹר, inf. c. יְקוֹר) akin to יְקוֹר, יְקוֹר, יְקוֹר, אָבָר, פָקוֹר, יְקוֹר to bore or prick out Prov. 30, 17. — Pi. יְקָר (fut. יְקָר) to pick out Num. 16, 14; fig. to pierce w. pain, said of the cold night Job 30, 17. — Pu. to be picked out, as stones from a quarry Is. 51, 1. Hence

קרה (כ, וקרה , pl. c. יקרה) f. a cavern or fissure Ex. 33, 22; pl. Is. 2, 21.

✓ 2 akin to vp, to spare or trap, intrans. to be snared Ps. 9, 17.
Niph. (vp) to be snared or trapped Deut. 12, 30. — Pi. vp. to lay snares Ps. 38, 13, w. ≥ Ps. 109, 11. — Hiph. to lay a snare for, w. ⊋ 1 Sam. 28, 9.

لمجاز Chald. (only part. f. pl. (دָרָשָׁדָ) akin to Heb. (גָבָט i. q. Arab. *نَعْسَ, to strike* or *knock*, said of the knees (نَعْسَى this knocking that, i. e. striking together Dan. 5, 6.

(pl. יוביות (cpl. יוביות) m. 1) a light or lamp Zeph. 1, 12; אור פר the light of a lamp Jer. 25, 10; fig. prosperity Prov. 13, 9, guidance Ps. 119, 105. 2) pr. n. m. 1 Sam. 14, 50; r. אור I.

ין i. q. זָר, a light or lamp, only Prov. 21, 4.

קר (obs.) prob. akin to גָנָע and נָנָע (obs.) prob. akin to דְנָע and גָנָע , to crush or cut in pieces; perh. hence

דְרָכָל שָׁרְאָבָר pr. n. m. (prob. Nergal, chief of the treasury) of a chief of the Magians Jer. 39, 13; also of a military commander Jer. 39, 3.

רַבְבָן m. a whisperer or slanderer Prov. 16, 28; obs r. דַבָּל בַ בַּנָ

לוֹרָדָים. (w. suf. יְרָדָים, pl. יְרָדָים) m. nard, spikenard Cant. 1, 12; 4, 13, 14.---- Akin to Sans. narada, νάρδος, L. nardus, prob. so named for its fragrant smell (like our nose-gay), perh. mimet. akin to Heb. יָרָשָׁר, Syr. בָּבֹר, Arab. יָרָשָׁר (to breathe), Sans. nas (nose), L. nasus, naris, pive; (nostrils). G. nase, E. nose, snore, Irish sron, W. trwyn. דריך) pr. n. m. (lamp of דיי) Jer, 32, 12.

Arab. בשין, to remove, to stray. Hiph. בשין, to remove, to stray. Hiph. בשין, to remove, to stray. to seduce Gen. 3, 13; to mislead or deceive, w. > or acc. Jer. 29, 8, 2 K. 19, 10; to surprise, to steal upon, w. >y only in Q'ri יניי בער על to for to remove, the start of the start pounce upon them Ps. 55, 16, where K'thibh ושירויו is better, see ושירוי and אניי II. - Niph. to be deceived Is. 19, 13.

NUT II i. q. البني II, to lends money on usury, w. a Neh. 5, 7; parts' مرتب (= البني) a lender or oreditor 1' Sam. 22, 2. — Hiph. to exact, to act the creditor, w. a Ps. 89, 23, perh. w. by in Q'ri of Ps. 55, 16, let death exact upon them i. e. demand the debt of nature, but see on איי I.

III (only inf. גָשָׁר) i. q. I, to forget, only Jer. 23, 39 ואָשָׁרוּ and I will utterly forget you; see Gram. § 23, 4, Rem.

(fut. אשר, inf. absol. אשר, C. אשא Is. 1, 14, אוש, האש, האש, w. suf. נְשָאָד , imp. נְשָאָד Ps. 10, 12, שא; part. pass. נְשָׁר , once נְשָׁר Ps. 32, 1 as if from righ, Gram. § 75, Rem. 21, c) akin to נָסָה, נָסָד II, 1) to lift up, raise or heave; to hold up one's head (ראש), i. e. to be cheerful Job 10, 15, Judg. 8, 28; to raise the head of a prisoner i. e. to set him free Gen. 40, 13, 2 K. 25, 27; to lift up the face ... (פַּנָים) i. e. to have a cheerful look , Job 11, 15; also without פַּרָים Gen. 4, 7; w. 5x of pers. to turn the face . (פָּנִים) towards, look at or regard 2 ... K. 9, 32, Num. 6, 26; to raise the voice (5)) i. e. call or speak aloud

nounce (hence Nig 2, an oracle, cf.

aveilev h Пטט(ח) Ex. 20, 7; to lift wp the hand (ד) i. e. to swear Deut.

32, 40; w. 5 of pers. to succar to Ez.

בָּבָּדו

off or take away Am. 4, 2. — Hiph. NULL 1) to make one bear iniquity ((yy), i. e. to cause him to suffer for his sin Lev. 22, 16. 2) to carry or fetch to, w. $y \ge 2$ Sam. 17, 13. — Hith. Numper (also Numper Num. 24, 7, Gram. § 54, 2, b) 1) to be exalted, w. >1 Ch. 29, 11. 2) to lift or set up oneself 1 K. 1, 5; w. > 2 Num. 16, 3; fig. to be proved Ez. 17, 14.

Chald. (imp. stp) 1) to bear or carry away, as the wind Dan. 2, 35. 2) to take Ezr. 5, 15. — Ithpe. to lift up oneself against, rise against, w. by Ezr. 4, 19.

ראש f. a present or gift 2 Sam. 19, 43; prop. part. f. Niph. of r. אשָר.

ل (Qal obs.) mimet. akin to بنیز (پنی پنی to blow or breathe. - Hiph. انجیت (fut. apoc. انجیت) to cause to blow, to raise the wind Ps. 147, 18; to blow or puff away Gen. 15, 11.

(Qal obs.) perh. akin to root المثالي I, to attach or seise; only in - Hipb. (fut. apoc. منهج) to reach, come up with Gen. 31, 25; to overtake Job 27, 20, Deut. 28, 2, Zech. 1, 6, used of time Gen. 47, 9; to obtain, to acquire or get Lev. 14, 21, Is. 35, 10; to bring near, apply 1 Sam. 14, 26; to assail Job 41, 18. - In Job 24, 2 منهج is merely another way of spelling aron for aron (to remove), Hiph. of aro I.

الإلى II, Arab. بَسَى III, Arab. بَسَى to forget Lam. 3, 17. - Niph. (fut. الإلى to be forgotten; خليم الإلى المرابع) to be forgotten; خليم الإلى المرابع (for جابع المرابع) to be forgotten (الجيم المرابع) for diamond (for جابع) to be forgotten by me Is. 44, 21. - Pi. to cause to forget Gen. 41, 51 (مالي)

20, 6; to raise the hand against, w. 2 Sam. 20, 21; יבל is his heart lifts him up, incites him Ex. 35, 21; also to inflate, puff up 2 K. 14, 10; to raise up or set in a balance, i. e. to weigh or try Job 6, 2, cf. Job 4, 2 (קטא) = (אָשָא). 2) to carry or wear a garment 1 Sam. 2, 28; fig. to bear sin, i. e. to suffer the punishment of sin Lev. 5, 1, Is. 53, 12. 3) to remove the head from off (w. בְּעָל) i. e. to decapitate Gen. 40, 19; hence fig. to remove sin, i. e. to pardon Ex. 10, 17; w. 5 of fault Josh. 24, 19, w. 5 of pers. Gen. 18, 24, Is. 2, 9; part. ושיא עין discharged or relieved of iniquity Is. 33, 24, also שָשָׁם אוטי Ps. 32, 1, sin or transgression being considered as a burden. 4) to take (cf. np?) Gen. 27, 3; to take a wife (num) Ruth 1, 4, Ezr. 9, 2; נטא פני to accept the face of, i. e. to be partial to Gen. 32, 21; hence נשורא מנים an accepted person, a favourite 2 K. 5, 1; to take the census or total, נשָא ראש i. e. to count up Ex. 30, 12, also ל מְּאָפָר Num. 3, 40; fig. to bear or endure Is. 53, 4; to permit or allow Job 21, 3. 5) intrans. to heave, of the earth Nah. 1,5. - Niph. אישא 1) to lift up oneself Ps. 94, 2; to be heaved or raised up Is. 40, 4; part. Nup lifted up, lofty Is. 2, 2. 2) to be borne or carried Ex. 25, 28; to be carried off 2 K. 20, 17. - Pi. נשא in 1 K. 9, 11) to elevate or promote Est. 3, 1; to lift up the soul for, i.e. נקש ל to set the mind on Jer. 22, 27. 2) to lift up, fig. to help Ps. 28, 9; hence

to make a present (cf. בָּשָאח;), w. ב

of material Ezr. 1, 4. 3) to bear

לאָדָי, see Gram. § 52, Bem. 1). — Hiph. אָדָי to cause to forget Job 39, 17; אָדָי לָרָ אָלוֹת פַעַיוָן לָרָ אָלוֹת פַעָין 17; אָדָי אָדָי לָרָ אָלוֹת פַעָין 17; אָדָיין פָרָ אָלות פַעָין 17; סין אָדָיין פָרָאָרי 10; of thy iniquity, i. e. remits some of thy guilt Job 11, 6 (cf. Ps. 108, 10). — The form שָׁדָי Deut. 32, 18 belongs to שִׁדָיוֹ

ווו (Qal obs.) akin to אושרין I, to be desolate or waste. — Hiph. אושרין to lay waste, Num. 21, 30 וושרין (perh. for waste.) and we laid them waste.

IV (obs.) prob. akin to

ifter or elevator (r. بَنَسَا IV = بَرَيْتَ (بَرَيْعَامَ اللَّهُ بَنَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ (بَرَيْعَامَ IV = بَنْ اللَّهُ ischiaticus) in the thigh reaching to the ankles, and serving for lifting the foot, only Gen. 32, 33.

تر الله Ez. 39, 26 and بني Ps. 139, 20 for بني *they carry* (r. بني); see Gram. § 74, Bem. 4 and § 44, Rem. 4.

געוואָדן f. a burden, only Is. 46, 1 געוואָדן your burdens; prop. part. pass. f. pl. of r. אנקי.

עמדי Ps. 32, 1 for נשלא Ps. 32, 1 for נשלא Ps. 32, 1 for נשלא Qal of געש (Gram. § 75, Rem. 21, c), to make assonance w. קסרי in the parallel clause.

עיד (w. suf. יְשָׁרָדָ Q'ri) m. a debt, only 2 K. 4, 7; r. נַשָׁר II. hence 1) a king 1 K. 11, 34; a head or chief of a tribe or family Num. 3, 24. 2) (only pl. (مواجبة) vapours, rising from the earth Jer. 10, 13; clouds Prov. 25, 14; r. Nip.

חוֹת f. forgetfulness or oblivion, only Ps. 88, 13; r. נְשָׁי I.

pl. women, see בָּשִׁים.

f. a kiss Cant. 1,2; r. דְשָׁרָ I.

שׁיש Ez. 21, 15, see שׁיש.

I (fut. إن and (أي عن and (أي and (in an anoy Hab. 2, 7; to lend on usury Deut. 23, 20 (prop. to bite off or exact interest). — Pi. to bite or sting Num. 21, 6. — Hiph. 23, 20.

ין דען II (obs.) akin to גען נישן; to recline or rest; hence געינה.

ער דער m. usury or interest Ex. 22, 24, Prov. 28, 8; r. נער I.

נְשָׁבָה (pl. נְשָׁבוֹת; r. נְשָׁבָה II) f. a cell or chamber Neh. 3, 30; see לִשְׁבָה.

סעיב (obs.) mimet. akin to שַׁיָ, Digitized by Google nownce (hence sty 2, an oracle, cf. aveiler ή Πυθίη) Ex. 20, 7; to lift wp the hand (") i. e. to swear Deut. 32, 40; w. 5 of pers. to succar to Es. 20, 6; to raise the hand against, w. ג 2 Sam. 20, 21; ג לבי his heart lifts him up, incites him Ex. 35, 21; also to inflate, puff up 2 K. 14, 10; to raise up or set in a balance, i. e. to weigh or try Job 6, 2, cf. Job 4, 2 (קטא = (קטה). 2) to carry or wear a garment 1 Sam. 2, 28; fig. to bear sin, i. e. to suffer the punishment of sin Lev. 5, 1, Is. 53, 12. 3) to remove the head from off (w. כְּעָל) i. e. to decapitate Gen. 40, 19; hence fig. to remove sin, i. e. to pardon Ex. 10, 17; w. , of fault Josh. 24, 19, w. ל of pers. Gen. 18, 24, Is. 2, 9; part. עלן discharged or relieved of iniquity Is. 33, 24, also Jun way Ps. 32, 1, sin or transgression being considered as a burden. 4) to take (cf. (אַשָּׁה) Gen. 27, 3; to take a wife (רעשׁא) Ruth 1, 4, Ezr. 9, 2; נְטָא פַּנָר accept the face of, i. e. to be partial to Gen. 32, 21; hence נשורא פנים an accepted person, a favourite 2 K. 5, 1; to take the census or total, ראש ראש i. e. to count up Ex. 30, 12, also י מְסָפָר Num. 3, 40; fig. to bear or endure Is. 53, 4; to permit or allow Job 21, 3. 5) intrans. to heave, of the earth Nah. 1,5. - Niph. אשא 1) to lift up oneself Ps. 94, 2; to be heaved or raised up Is. 40, 4; part. Non lifted up, lofty Is. 2, 2. 2) to be borne or carried Ex. 25, 28; to be carried off 2 K. 20, 17. - Pi. אשא (אשא in 1 K. 9, 11) to elevate or promote Est. 3, 1; to lift up the soul for, i.e. נקשא נקש ל to set the mind on Jer. 22, 27. 2) to lift up, fig. to help Ps. 28, 9; hence to make a present (cf. THE:), w. I of material Ezr. 1, 4. 3) to bear

off or take away Am. 4, 2. — Hiph. $(j^{i}z)$, i. e. to cause him to suffer for his sin Lev. 22, 16. 2) to carry or fetch to, w. bz 2 Sam. 17, 13. — Hith. kyp_1r_1 (also kyp_1r_1 Num. 24, 7, Gram. § 54, 2, b) 1) to be exalted, w. bz1 Ch. 29, 11. 2) to lift or set up oneself 1 K. 1, 5; w. bz Num. 16, 3; fig. to be proud Ez. 17, 14.

or carry away, as the wind Dan. 2, 35. 2) to take Ezr. 5, 15. — Ithpe. to lift up oneself against, rise against, w. by Ezr. 4, 19.

ואשון f. a present or gift 2 Sam. 19, 43; prop. part. f. Niph. of r. אשָר.

ل (Qal obs.) mimet. akin to (Qal obs.) mimet. akin to (ين ج بنوب بنور) to blow or breathe. - Hiph. اجتبت (fut. apoc. منوح) to cause to blow, to raise the wind Ps. 147, 18; to blow or puff away Gen. 15, 11.

(Qal obs.) perh. akin to root المجلد (Qal obs.) perh. akin to root المجلد (Qal obs.) perh. akin to root provided in the series of the series of the series of the come up with Gen. 31, 25; to overtake Job 27, 20, Deut. 28, 2, Zech. 1, 6, used of time Gen. 47, 9; to obtain, to acquire or get Lev. 14, 21, Is. 35, 10; to bring near, apply 1 Sam. 14, 26; to assail Job 41, 18. — In Job 24, 2 المجلد is merely another way of spelling for the component of the series o

الإلى I akin to بني III, Arab. نسب III, Arab. نسب III, Arab. iii, to forget Lam. 3, 17. — Niph. (fut. البنين) to be forgotten; المنب المراب المراب (for جام المراب) to be forgotten; المراب المراب (for جام المراب) to be forgotten by me Is. 44, 21. — Pi. to cause to forget Gen. 41, 51 (مينو) for

לָשָּׁדִי, see Gram. § 52, Bem. 1). — Hiph. דשָׁר to cause to forget Job 39, 17; אָרָה בַעָיוה בַעָיוה בַעָיוה /orgetteth for thee part (see קר ס. 360) of thy iniquity, i. e. remits some of thy guilt Job 11, 6 (cf. Ps. 103, 10). — The form שָׁרָה Deut. 82, 18 belongs to בָּשָׁרָה I.

ווו i. q. אני II, prob. akin to אני II, prob. akin to אני II, prob. akin to אני II, prob. akin (mostly at one per cent. a month, cf. Neh. 5, 11), w. ק of pers. Neh. 5, 10; part. איי ק of pers. Neh. 5, 10; part. איי מיי מיי מיי ג מיי מיי ג מיי מיי ג לווי ג לווי ג לווי ג לוויג
IV (obs.) prob. akin to

ifter or elevator (r. بَسَّل IV = אَرَשָׁרָ (קָשָא = IV בָּשָׁר וֹע בָּשָׁר (r. גָּשָׁר וֹע בָּשָׁר גָּשָׁר ischiaticus) in the thigh reaching to the ankles, and serving for lifting the foot, only Gen. 32, 33.

נְשָׁר Ez. 39, 26 and נְשָׁר Ps. 139, 20 for נְשָׁא they corry (r. נְשָׁא); see Gram. § 74, Rem. 4 and § 44, Rem. 4.

געולאָדן f. a burden, only Is. 46, 1 your burdens; prop. part. pass. f. pl. of r. אניים

קטור Ps. 32, 1 for נשוא part. pass. Qal of נשא (Gram. § 75, Rem. 21, *c*), to make assonance w. קטוי in the parallel clause.

(w. suf. יְשָׁרָך Q'ri) m. a debt, only 2 K. 4, 7; r. נַשָׁר II. N من m. prop. what is exalted, hence 1) a king 1 K. 11, 34; a head or chief of a tribe or family Num. 3, 24. 2) (only pl. من المنابع) vapours, rising from the earth Jer. 10, 13; clouds Prov. 25, 14; r. Nig.

קשרה f. forgetfulness or oblivion, only Ps. 88, 13; r. נְשָׁר I.

pl. women, see השיר pl. נשים

1 pl. fut. Hiph. of الإيار (see above), or perh. for 1 pl. fut. Hiph. of المعرفي المالي المالي fut. Hiph. of المعرفي (cf. Gram. § 67, Rem. 8).

f. a kiss Cant. 1,2; r. שָׁיָ I.

שיש Ez. 21, 15, see שיש.

if I (fut. שָׁהָ and (יָשָׁה) perh. akin to שׁבָר II, to cut or stick in, hence to bite or sting Gen. 49, 17; fig. to vex or annoy Hab. 2, 7; to lend on usury Deut. 23, 20 (prop. to bite off or exact interest). — Pi. to bite or sting Num. 21, 6. — Hiph. (מַשָּׁר to exact usury, w. b) Deut. 23, 20.

קשן II (obs.) akin to גישה, to recline or rest; hence ולשקו.

(الله: m. usury or interest Ex. 22, 24, Prov. 28, 8; r. ينبي I.

ון נְשָׁרָה; r. נְשָׁכָּה; II) f. a נְשָׁכָּה; II) f. a cell or chamber Neh. 8, 30; see לִשְׁבָּה.

(fut. مَعْنَ ; imper. مَعْنَ Ex. 3, 5) prob. akin to r. مَعْنَ , 1) trans. to draw or pull off Josh. 5, 15; fig. to reject, to cast off Deut. 7, 1. 2) intrans. to skip or drop off Deut. 19, 5, as fruit Deut. 28, 40. — Pi. to cast or drive out a people 2 K. 16, 6.

> שׁב (obs.) mimet. akin to שִׁבָּ;, Digitized by Google

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لمحر , Chald. بينور , Syr. لمحر, Arab. نسبَ, to blow or breathe; hence برنيوم and

Chald. f. breath Dan. 5, 23.

, דְבָשָׁב) (c. רְשָׁשִׁ, pl. רְוֹמָשָׁ) f. 1) breath Gen. 2, 7; a blast Job 4, 9; fig. of frailty Is. 2, 22; concr. breathing thing, animal Is. 57, 16, Josh. 10, 40. 2) mind or intellect Prov. 20, 27; r. בשׁם.

ملان علام الله الله الله على الله على (which see), ي to breathe or blow Ex. 15, 10; w. ج Is. 40, 24; hence المتاج and

לשבו (w. suf. וששי) m. prop. a blowing, the time when breezes blow (cf. רדין דיים Gen. 3, 8), hence 1) evening Job 24, 15; also night Is. 59, 10. 2) dawn, Ps. 119, 147.

saka, to bend or use a bow 1 Ch. 12, 2, Ps. 78, 9; perh. to arm oneself Gen. 41, 40; hence

PUD:, also **PUD:** Ez. 39, 9, m. 1) weapon Job 20, 24; armour in general 1 K. 10, 25; collect. arms **Ps.** 140, 8. 2) an armoury Neh. 3, 19.

Qual obs.) akin to ry; to burn.—Niph. to be kindled Ps. 78, 21. Hiph. to kindle Is. 44, 15, Ez. 39, 9.

تَسَرَّ (obs.) i. q. Arab. نَسَرَ, to tear or pluck to pieces; hence

(pl. גָשָׁרָים, c. גָשָׁרָי) i. q. Arab.

أَسْرُ, Syr. إَسْرَة, an eagle Ex. 19, 4, Ps. 103, 5; also vulture Prov. 30, 17 (cf. àctol in Matth. 24, 28).

לְשָׁר Chald. (pl. לְשָׁר) m. an eagle Dan. 4, 30, i. q. Heb. נְשָׁר

perh. akin to דַּשָּׁ, to become dry or parched, said of the tongue Is. 41, 17 (where דְּשָׁשָׁ ש. Dagh. euphon. is for דִּשָׁשָׁ); fig. to fail, of strength Jer. 51, 30. — Niph. to be dried up, as ebbing water Is. 19, 5.

רָשְׁחְזָרָה Prov. 27, 15 part. of Nithpa. of אוָשׁוָד ; see Gram. § 55, 9.

אָרָיָרָן m. a letter or epistle Ezr. 4, 7; said to be for Persian newisten, (to write), but perh. Semitic and akinto אָרָיָשָׁרָיָד), hence what is set or put down in writing.

נְשְׁחְוָנָא Chald. (def. נְשְׁחְוָנָא) m. letter or epistle Ezr. 5, 5.

נסאב, (obs.) prob. mimet. akin to הקפק (which see), to tread or trample; hence אָרָרב.

נְתִינִים K'thibh for נְתוּנִים Ezr. 8, 17.

(Qal obs.) prob. akin to pro, to cut up or sever. — Pi. to cut in pieces or dismember, an animal or a corpse Ex. 29, 17, Judg. 20, 6; hence

(pl. (קודים) m. a piece of flesh Lev. 1, 8, Ez. 24, 4.

(c. יְהִיבִים, pl. יְהִיבִים) adj. trodden, הִיבִים well-trodden way Prov. 12, 28; subst. path or foot-way Job 28, 7; r. בָּחַ-

(חָרָבָה (pl. נְהִיבוֹת) f. a foot-path Job 38, 20, Prov. 3, 17; r. נְחַב.

יות (only pl. כָּחָדָרָם) m. given or devoted ones, hence Nethinim or temple-bondmen 1 Ch. 9, 2, cf. Num. 8, 19; r. נָתָן.

לְתִרֹן Chald. (only pl. לְתִרֹן) m. temple-bondmen Ezr. 7, 24; r. נְתַן.

לעדין: (fut. אָרָאָ:) akin to גָּרָאָ: גָּרָאָרָאָ: (fut. אָרָאָ:) akin to גָּרָאָ גָּרָאָרָאָ: (intrans. to pour out Job 3, 24; אָרָאָרָאָ: עָרָאָרָאָ: עָרָאָרָאָ: 2 Ch. 12, 7. Dan. 9, 11.—Niph. גָּרָאָרָאָ: (inf. גָּרָאָרָאָ:) to be poured out Ex. 9, 33; anger Jer. 7, 20. 2) to be melted Ez. 22, 21.—Hiph. גָּרָאָרָיָ: (inf. גָּרָאָרָאָ:) Ez. 22, 20) 1) to pour out Job 10, 10. 2) to melt Ez. 22, 20.—Hoph. גָּרָאָרָדָ: 40 be melted Ez. 22, 22. Hence

רדר Chald. (obs.) i. q. Heb. נְתַל

dor נְתֵוּת, once נְתֵהָ (2 pers. נְתֵהָ for נְתֵוּת, הַתִּד , w. suf, הַתִּד, usually הַתָּד, w. suf, הַתָּד, imper. הַקָּר , הָזָר , הַנָה , הַוּך , הַמָן, fut. יְהַרָ, 1 per. pl. יְתַּוֹך Judg. 16, 5) i. q. Syr. ל מָרָד to give Gen. 24, 35; ל to yield fruit Ps. 1, 8; לכרק to give i. e. turn the back 2 Ch. 29, 6; כ' פנים אל כ' to turn the face towards Gen. 30. 40; ju 's to grant or shew favour Ps. 84, 12; מי הי who shall give? i.e. oh (or would) that! Ps. 14, 7, see Gram. § 136, 1: to suffer Gen. 20, 6; to give forth or utter Ps. 50, 20, to sound Ps. 81, B; to put Gen. 1, 17; to apply Ecc. V, 21: to impute Jon. 1, 14; to constitute or appoint Gen. 17, 5; to render or furnish 1 K. 10, 27. - Niph. to be given Gen. 38, 14; to be given up or delivered over Jer. 32, 24; to be set or placed Ecc. 10, 6; to be rendered or done Lev. 24, 20; to be set down or counted Is. 51, 12. - Hoph. (only fut. Fr) to be given Job 28, 15; to be

put or placed Lev. 11, 38. ---- Akin to הָעָן, דָקַון, II, קֿעַן, גָחַן, I, Sans. tan, דנּוֹעש, L. tendo, W. taenu, G. dehnen.

לת ליקד Chald.(only in fut רְכָהַן, inf. to give Ezr. 4, 13, Dan. 2, 16; but see רָת רָחב.

קרו א נקון pr. n. m. (gift) 2 Sam. 7, 2. pr. n. m. (God gives) Num.

1, 8, Sept. Ναθαναήλ, cf. John 21, 2. כָּתַרָ, see גָרָזָנָר.

נְתַלְדָה, הְתַלְדָה) pr. n. m. (דָּתָ gives) 1 Ch. 25, 2. 12.

קחן־בֶּלֶךְ pr. n. m. (king's gift) 2 K. 23, 11.

עַרַזין (Qal obs.) akin to נָרַזין, to break or crush. — Niph. א נָרַזי broken or crushed, only Job 4, 10.

ער (לעני אות (לעני אין) prob. mim. akin to דיס (לעני אין) prob. mim. akin to bestroy cities, houses, altars etc. Deut. 7, 5, 2 K. 10, 27; to break out teeth Ps. 58, 7; to kill persons Job 19, 10. — Niph. to be broken down or destroyed Jer. 4, 26. — Pi. to break or smash down Deut. 12, 3. — Pu. to be broken or smashed down Judg. 6, 28. — Hoph. to be broken up Lev. 11, 35.

 المعلى
 (fut. w. suf. المحلية Jer. 22, 24, Gram. § 58, 4, Bem.) akin to Arab.

 24, Gram. § 58, 4, Bem.) akin to Arab.

 i, to tear away Jer. 22, 24; part.

 pass. Particle Lev. 22, 24; fig.

 to draw off Judg. 20, 32. — Pi. to

 tear or break off bands Ps. 2, 3; to

 tear or dig up roots Ez. 17, 9; to

 wound by tearing Ez. 23, 34. — Niph.

 Pip: (fut. Prof. 1; to be form or broken

 off Is. 5, 27; fig. to be form away or

violently removed Job 18, 14; then to be separated Jer. 6, 29; fig. to be withdrason Josh. 4, 18. — Hiph. (imp. w. suf. בקון) to set apart Jer. 12, 3; to cut off Josh. 8, 6. — Hoph. קרק to be separated Judg. 20, 31. Hence

pn) m. scurf or mange Lev. 13, 80; fig. a scorbutic person Lev. 13, 33.

זְתַקְרָדָל Judg. 20, 32 perf. Qal 1 pers. pl. w. suf. and Dagh. euphonic, r. אָהַק.

ער (fut. רְּחַל) to tremble or palpitate Job 37, 1. — Pi. to leap or spring, of the locust Lev. 11, 21. — Hiph. (fut. apoc. יְחַל, imp. יוֹם) to cause to tremble Hab. 3, 6. --- Prob. mimet. akin to Sans. tras, τρέω, L. terreo, tremo, E. tremble, thrill.

II (Qal obs.) akin to Syr. בעל געל, Chald. נְתָאר, to loosen; hence נָתָר Hiph. יהָאָדר (fut. יַהָארי) to loose a yoke Is. 58, 6; to liberate a captive Ps. 105, 20; to set free the hand for action Job 6, 9. The chald is q. Syr. 321, Arab. *i*, to be loose, to fall off, as leaves, fruit. — Aph. to shake off leaves Dan. 4, 11.

חון חון ה. a kind of dissolvent (r. וו ווין ווי), a mineral salt, alkali, potash, natron or Egyptian nitre Jer. 2, 22 (differing from ארים, which is a vegetable alkali); it effervesces w. an acid Prov. 25, 20. ---- Hence ν(τρον, λ(τρον, L. nitrum.

prob. akin to إركان , inf. a. بابته) prob. akin to إرتبن , i. q. Arab. نعش syr. المله , to pluck or root up; fig. to extirpate a people Deut. 29, 27; to rase buildings or images Pa. 9, 7, Mic. 5, 13. — Niph. to be extirpated Jer. 31, 40; to be destroyed, of a kingdom Dan. 11, 4. — Hoph. بابته to be plucked up Ez. 19, 12.

「「二」 II (Qal obs.) akin to いヴ, to become dry. — Niph. to be dried up Jer. 18, 14, cf. Is. 19, 5.

נָתָהָ, see נָתָהָד, נָתָהָ

D

D Samžkh, the 15th Heb. letter, but as a numeral denoting 60 (Gram. § 5, Bem. 3). The name $\exists \varphi \varphi$ means a prop or support, which also its primitive or Phenician form pourtrays (see the Table of Ancient Alphabets); and hence the Greeks got the name and shape of their $\Sigma i \gamma \mu a$, whence the Roman 8. Its sound closely resembles that of \forall (Gram. § 6, 2, 2); hence in later Heb. the

ם interchanges – 1 w. its kindred sibilants ז, ג, ש (ש and ש), e.g. גָּבָּלְשַבְּלָז = עָלַס , שוֹר = I זוּר = I סוּר דוּסַבָּל בַּנַז = עָלַס , שוֹר = גוּר = I סַבָּר בּוֹשֵׁט = בּוֹשֵׁט שַבָּוֹשָׁט , שוֹם - גָשָר = קַבָּל דו סַבָּר = דָלַל = שוּל = דָלַל

D is at times a formative letter – 1) as initial (prob. in old Shaphel or Hiph. forms), e. g. סַלְשָׁם, לַכָּת סָכְוָר לַרָּאָרָ בַּסְנָלְגַל סָכְוָר לוֹשָׁהָ בַסְנָלְגַל גָּלְגַל = סְנָלְגַל גָרָרָם, גָרְשָׁס, בַּרְשָּׁס גָרָרָס, פָרָרָס, פָרָדָס, כָּרְשָּׁס גָרָרְסָט, see more under letters t and w.

(obs.) perh. akin to الجَبَّةِ II, i. q. Arab. اللَّهُ, to mark off, fig. to measure (cf. Chald. المَعْنِ to measure, whence مَعْنَ a portion of time, an hour); hence

קאָקים (pl. סָאָרָם, dual סָאָרָם for קאָקִרָם; cf. סָאָרָם for (מָאָקִרָם) f. i. q. Aram. אין געריד, געריד, אין געריד, געריד, געריד, געריד, געריד, Is. 27, 8; esp. a corn-measure containing one third of an Ephah (about 1½ peck Eng.), a seah Gen. 18, 6.

קארן, פּרנא m. i. q. Aram. אוסנן, אסינא, m. a shoe or boot, as used by travellers and soldiers (L. caliga), prop. mudboot, only Is. 9, 4; r. אַסָ.

לפון (only part. אָטָר) prop. denom. of אָאָדָ, akin to יָסָר (r. יָסָר), Aram. אָבָאָן, סָרָן, אָאָד (mire or clay); hence to wear mud-boots or shoes, to be shod for travelling or marching; part. אָטָס wearing boots, booted, only Is. 9, 4.

אָסָאָסָ Is. 27, 8 prob. for אָסָאָס (w. Dagh. f. conjunct.) prop. measure, hence very measurably or moderately; but see איס.

drinking, to tipple or tope Is. 56, 12;

part. בכ *a toper* or *drunkard* Deut. 21, 20; part. pass. אבס *drunken* Nah. 1, 10. --- Prob. mimet. akin to אַכָּר, וֹשָׁשָ, כוֹקשׁע, L. sorbeo, G. saufen, schöpfen, E. sip, sop, W. sippian, sopyn.

אָרָט (only pl. אָרָאָש ... – firm) m. *drunkards*, only Ez. 23, 42 (Q'ri), for סוֹרָאָרָם in K'thibh.

N→O (w. suf. אָסָרָאָן) m. 1) drink Is. 1, 22. 2) drinking bout or carousal Hos. 4, 18.

N→, pr. n. (perh. Ethiop. sabe man) of a son of Cush, and of a people descended from him Gen. 10, 7; the Sabeans were wealthy and tall in stature Ps. 72, 10, Is. 43, 3; 45, 14, prob. inhabiting Meroë, a part of Ethiopia.

סַבּוּ סַרְבוּ (perf. 3 pl. סָרְבוּ, שבותר; inf. כב, לסבב , סב w. pref. לסבותי כב, דסב, Gram. § 67) akin to שוב. to turn Prov. 26, 14; to turn to or approach 1 Sam. 22, 17; of inanimate things, to go or turn about 1 Sam. 5, 8; to traverse, w. acc. Is. 23, 16, w. Z Cant. 3, 3; to go around, to encompass Gen. 2, 11, Josh. 6, 3; to besiege w. acc. Ecc. 9, 14, w. 5 or >y 2 K. 8, 21, Job 16, 13; to surround a table, i. e. for taking a meal 1 Sam. 16, 11; fig. to turn or change, to become like, w. 🤉 Zech. 14, 10; perh. to be involved or implicated, as a cause, w. 2 1 Sam. 22, 22 (Arab. سبب). - Niph. נְסָב (3 fem. once נְסָבָה Ez. 26, 2 and נְסָבָה Ez. 41, 7 for נסבה, Gram. § 67, Rem. 11; fut. רְסֵבוּ, pl. רְסֵבוּ) to turn oneself, to turn Ez. 1, 9; to go round, of a boundary Num. 34, 4; to be transferred, said of property, w. > Jer. 6, 12; to surround, w. acc. Judg. 19, 22, w. עַל Gen. 19, 4. - Pi. סְבֵּב

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to turn, fig. to change 2 Sam. 14, 20. - Po. dige to go about, traverse, w. acc. Ps. 59, 7, w. > Cant. 3, 2; to encompass or encircle, w. acc. Ps. 26, 6, w. کي Ps. 55, 11; to surround Jon. 2, 4; fig. to defend Deut. 32, 10, cf. Jer. 31, 22. - Hiph. דַסָר (fut. רַכָּב (fut. רַכָּב or ⊐⊆7, Gram. § 67, Rem. 8) to cause to turn Ex. 13, 18, 2 Sam. 3, 12; to turn the face 2 K. 20, 2; to transfer 1 Ch. 10, 14; to lead or bring round Ez. 47, 2, of a wall 2 Ch. 14, 6; fig. to change a name 2 K. 23, 34; intrans. to turn round 2 Sam. 5, 23; to go about, traverse Josh. 6, 11; to surround or begind Ps. 140, 10. ---Hoph. באסב (fut. ראסב, Is. 28, 27, cf. Gram. § 52, Rem. 4) to be turned, as a door on its hinges Ez. 41, 24; as a roller, to revolve Is. 28, 27; to be surrounded Ex. 28, 11; fig. to be changed Num. 32, 38. Hence

קבה f. a turn or course of events, only 1 K. 12, 15; cf. נְקַבָּה 2 Ch. 10, 15.

ברבָּם, pl. סְבִיבִים, c. סְבִיבִים, pl. סְבִיבִים, c. סְבִיבִים, m. 1) a circuit 1 Ch. 11, 8, hence pl. סְבִיבִים surroundings or environs Jer. 33, 18; also of persons, neighbours Jer. 48, 17. 2) as adv. סְבִיב לָ round about Gen. 23, 17; סָבִיב מָעָרָיב מָעריב all round about Ez. 40, 5; מָבָיב לָ (prep.) around Ex. 40, 33; יַסְבָיב from around Josh. 21, 42; w. suf. of pers. זְבָב יַסְבָיב foround about him Ps. 50, 3; r. בַסָ.

סבר 2 K. 8, 21 for סבר, part. Qal of סבָב, see Gram. § 50, Rem. 1.

לְרָבָה) (only pl.) f. circles or circuits Ecc. 1, 6; סְרָרְבוֹח or surroundings Num. 22, 4; as prep. קרָרבוֹח דָאָדֶל tabernacle Num. 11, 24, w. suf. קרָרבוֹח הָטָא round about me Job 29, 5.

קבר (w. suf. סְבְרֹ w. Dagh. f. euphon.) m. a thicket, only Jer. 4, 7.

אָרָדָיָ Chald. f. a sambuca an instrument like a harp Dan. 3, 5; r. בָּכָדָ = בָּרָדָ --- Prob. the instrument and its name passed to the Greeks ($\sigma \alpha \mu \beta \dot{\sigma} \alpha \eta$, $\sigma \dot{\alpha} \mu \beta \upsilon \xi$, $\zeta \alpha \mu \beta \dot{\sigma} \alpha \eta$) from the East; akin to בָּבָי net-work, the chords perh. resembling trellis-work.

אָבָעָדָ Jer. 4, 7 for אָבָעָ from. קבָעָ w. suf. i—.

קְבְרַ pr. n. m. (perh. entangling, r. קָבָן w. adj. ending ----) 2 Sam. 21, 18.

לקול (fut. יְּסְׁבֹּר) prob. akin to קוֹבָי, Aram. יְסָבָר, to bear a burden Gen. 49, 15; fig. to bear penalty or chastisement for sins, thought of as burdens Is. 53, 4, Lam. 5, 7. — Pu. to be laden; hence part. heavy, big w. young, said of cattle Ps. 144, 14. — Hith. אמון fig. to become a burden Ecc. 12, 5.

Chald. to bear, to lift up. - Pô'al part. קסוֹרְלִין reared or raised, built up, of foundations Ezr. 6, 3.

ַטְבָל (pl. סַבָּלִים) m. a bearer or porter Neh. 4, 4; r. סָבָל

520 m. a burden Ps. 81, 7; fig.

responsibility, charge 1 K. 11, 28; r. >20.

כבל

סָבָל (א. suf. געס שָּלָן ש. dagh. f. euphon.) m. a burden ls. 10, 27; אנל סְבָלי his heavy yoke Is. 9, 3; r. כָּבָל סָבָלי

קבלוח: (only pl. e. סְבָלוֹה) f. burdens, fig. tasks Ex. 1, 11; r. סְבָל.

קבל Is. 9, 3 for אָבָל from אָבָל. אָבָל f. an Ephraimite's pronunciation for אָבָל, ear of corn, only Judg. 12, 6; r. אָבָטָ.

אָבָר ,סָבַל (obs.) akin to אָבָר, אָבָר, אָבָר, to raise or heap up; hence סכרים.

רְשְׁבָּר (fut. רְשְׁבֵּר) akin to Chald. (fut. רְשְׁבָר), Heb. קבַל, to hope or trust Dan. 7, 25.

סְרָרָיָם pr. n. (prob. two hills, r. קבר of a city near Damascus Ez. 47, 16.

דָּקָרָאָ pr. n. (perh. fond of repose, i. q. אַכָּקּדָאָ w. adj. ending אָסָ- for דָּקָרָ, see p. 284) of a Cushite people and region in Ethiopia (perh. Zingis) Gen. 10, 7.

סָרג pl. סָרָגים), see סָרָ.

(fut. منجد) i. q. Arab. , Syr. , to fall down before, to adore, w.b of the obj. of adoration, in Heb. used only of idol worship Is. 44, 15; 46, 6.

רְסְגָּך (fut. רְסְגָּר) to adore, w. 5 of obj. either an idol Dan. 3, 5 or a man of godlike powers Dan. 2, 46. לערר (r. גען) m. 1) enclosure or caul of the heart i. e. the pericardium Hos. 13, 8. 2) i. q. און דרי gold, i. e. pure, precious Job 28, 15. 3) a warlike weapon, prob. a battleaxe (cf. כמֹץמְטִי, Armen. sacr, L. securis, Sans. sagh to cut) Ps. 35, 3, where others take it for imper. of r. און and render close thou up (the way) to meet my pursuers, i. e. stop their pursuit.

רקבי (obs.) prob. akin to אָבָר, אָכָבָי, אָכָבָי, גָּבָא, אָכָבָי, גַּבָל גַלַל I, to hold fast or safe, hence to get or acquire; hence

קברי ל ג property or possession 1 Ch. 29, 3; היוה רחון the property of the Eternal, i. e. Israel Ex. 19, 5.

קבן (obs.) prob. akin to אָבָן IV, קבן I, אָבָ, prob. to check or control, to administer affairs; prob. hence

μ̄Ο (only pl. סְלָיָר m. a ruler or governor Jer. 51, 23; fig. nobleman Neh. 2, 16. --- Perh. this word is foreign and akin to Sans. sagana (i. q. εὐγενής) and to Pers.

קבן Chald. (only pl. סָבָן) def. (סְבָיָשָׁ) m. i. q. Heb. אָסָגָן a prefect or governor Dan. 3, 2; ים chief of the rulers Dan. 2, 48.

ענדי (fut. ישָׁר) i. q. ישָׁר I, perh. prop. to cut off or separate (comp. 3), hence to shut up, keep close Josh. 2, 7; to shut a door after one w. ישרי אדר אדי אדר אייר אייר אדי then to shut in 2 K. 4, 4; to close or stop up 1 K. 11, 27, w. acc. of material Gen. 2, 21; part. pass. ישל closed Ez. 46, 1, also select in ישל closed Ez. 46, 1, also select in ישל closed Ez. gold 1 K. 10, 21. - Niph. to be shut, as a gate Is. 60, 11; to be shut

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up or kept close 1 Sam. 23, 7; to shut oneself up or keep close Ez. 3, 24. — Pi. to deliver over, prop. to shut up in the power of somebody, w. \underline{r}_{1} 1 Sam. 17, 46, cf. 2 Sam. 18, 28. — Pu. to be shut up, as in a siege Josh. 6, 1. — Hiph. \underline{r}_{1} to shut up, as a house Lev. 14, 38 or person Job 11, 10; to deliver over, to shut up or abandon (comp. \underline{c}_{1} x km. 11, 32) to another's power, w. \underline{r}_{2} Ps. 31, 9, \underline{b} Job 16, 11, \underline{b} Am. 1, 6; to forsake or abandon Deut. 32, 30, Obad. 14. — Perh. akin to Sans. sagh to cut, L. seco, scindo, \underline{c}_{1} [\underline{c}_{1} .

קנר Chald. – אָנָר, Syr. , to shut or close Dan. 6, 23.

שלקריד m. (i. q. Chald. עַרָּרִידָא heavy rain, torrent of rain, only Prov. 27, 15. --- Prob. a Shaphel (= Hiph.) derivative of אַרָּר אָרָע בּל אָרָל אָרָע דער גענער אין גענער nence a causing to roll, rolling or rushing, i. q. Arab. אָרָע הענער of. אַלָּגַל = סְנַלָּגַל

עָרָיָא m. i. q. Chald. אַרָּזָא, Syr. *אָרָיָא, stocks*, a wooden frame for confining the feet (L. *nervus*) Job 13, 27; 33, 11; r. סָרַד.

n, to enclose or shut up; hence ج.

קדינים (pl סְדִינִים) m. a linen undergarment (Sept. σινδών), a shirt or shift Judg. 14, 12, Prov. 81, 24; r. סָכַן.

(obs.) perh. i. q. שָׁדָם, Chald. שְׁדָם, to burn, consume w. fire; hence

D, pr. n. (perh. lime-kiln or burning) of a city in the vale of Siddim, destroyed by fire Gen. 10, 19.

(cf. בָּחַן (obs.) perh. akin to בָּחַן (cf.

קדָר (obs.) i. q. Chald. קדָר, akin to פָרָר, to arrange or put in order, to set in a row; hence

(only pl. إلك إلك (only pl. إلك) m. i. q. Syr. , arrangements, order, only Job 10, 22.

קרו (obs.) prob. akin to אָרָעָר, אָדַער, גע קרע, to be round or circular; hence

קרל m. roundness, only in אַנן the round bowl Cant. 7, 3.

שׁיָבָּל m. a tower, prop. round tower or castle, i. q. Syr. אייביבי; דעייביבי the round-house, said of a fortified prison Gen. 39, 20.

X O (Qal obs.) perh. akin to זָשָׁר, to agitate, to move hither and thither. — Pilp. אַשָּׁאָסָ to drive or wrge (cf. inf. (w. suf. ד for ד וּדָרָר אָרָאָבָאָ inf. (w. suf. ד for ד וּדָרָר אָרָאָבָאָ by driving it, by sending it away, thou wilt contend w. it, only Is. 27, 8; but see דּאָשָׁאָס p. 429.

NO pr. n. m. (Copt. perh. devoted to σ i. e. Κρόνος) of an Egyption king, Sevechus, contemporary w. Hoshea king of Israel 2 K. 17, 4.

איסי ו. (ועוג גוסי) ו.ק.איט ו.ק.איט ו.ק.איס ו.ק. איס סי קס, to go off or back Ps. 58, 4; esp. from God, w. איס Ps. 80, 19; part. pass. איס gone off or backslidden in heart Prov. 14, 14. — Niph. איס (inf. abs. איס), fut. 14. — Niph. איס (inf. abs. איס), fut. איס to withdraw oneself, to draw back, esp. w. איזרא to go or twen back, to retreat, said of an army Ps. 35, 4, of the heart Ps. 44, 19; w. איזר איס to backslide from the Eternal Zeph. 1, 6. —

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Hiph. דְּשָׁינ (for הָּשָׁינ, Gram. § 72, Bem. 9) to put away Mic. 6, 14; esp. to put back a landmark, so as to encroach Deut. 19, 14. — Hoph. אָדָּד to be turned back or checked Is. 59, 14.

to hedge about or enclose, part. pass. hedged in or surrounded, only in Cant. 7, 3.

סרג (r. סרג I) m. i. q. אָרָג, refuse or dross, only Ez. 22, 18 in K'thibh.

ראַד m. a den or cage, only Ez. 19, 9; r. גָרָ

לוס (for ירָסָד, r. יָסָד) m. 1) a seat or sitting, then a session of persons, for consultation Ps. 89, 8, or for friendly talk Jer. 6, 11. 2) intercourse or association, ירָשָׁר מוֹד, my associates Job 19, 19. 3) deliberation or counsel, יוס קשיר מוֹד, without counsel, hurriedly Prov. 15, 22. 4) a secret, i. e. subject of private converse Ps. 25, 14, Prov. 11, 13. Hence

TO pr. n. m. (prob. a confidant) Num. 13, 10.

رمان (obs.) prob. akin to Arab.

10 (obs.) prob. akin to mpo, to sweep or clear away; hence

DPD pr. n. m. (off-scouring) 1 Ch. 7, 86.

filth, dung, only Is.5, 25; Sept. xoπρla, Vulg. stercus.

נוסדס (obs.) i. q. שויט, to turn aside or roam; hence

סטי pr. n. m. Neh. 7, 57, see סטי.

i (fut. : إلى المنابع المنابع) akin to المنابع. I to pour; hence 1) to anoint (after hathing, الشيك only for consecration) 2 Ch. 28, 15, w. P of oil Ez. 16, 9. 2) intrans. to anoint oneself, w. acc. of unguent Buth 3, 3. — Hiph. יַדְסָרָ (fut. apoc. יָסָך) to anoint oneself 2 Sam. 12, 20.

יון, איז (obs.) i. q. איז (ו, קאזין, I, job.) איזין, קסויב I, to enclose; hence בְּכָוּ

ידי, D III (obs.) prob. i. q. קבק. קבק, to tangle together; hence קק thicket or croud.

לדבירים Chald. f. a double pipe (w. a sack), bagpipe Dan. 3, 5, but ישלילי היא היא היא היא היא היא היא היא היא same as סעקסטילמ, Syr. היא היא Ital. zampogna. --- Prob. mimet. akin to געלילי adder, prop. hisser, expressive of the sharp whizzing or whistling of the instrument; see אין ג.

(I (obs.) perh. akin to בדן, to be soft or sticky; hence ו פידן.

ריקק, II (obs.) perh. akin to הָסָק, to be jagged or pointed; hence 2.

סְּפְהוֹשָׁ pr. n. (perh. Copt. COγAN opening or entrance, i. e. gate of Egypt on the south) of a city in the south of Egypt, Syene Ez. 29, 10; Συήνη, المَوْرَا المَعْنَاتُ المَعْنَاتُ المَعْنَاتُ المَعْنَاتُ المَعْنَاتُ المَعْنَاتُ المَعْنَاتُ المَعْنَاتُ to r. אָאָר, אָדָט II, csúw, to dart, to rush; hence perh. the name may refer to the rapids (ὁ χαταβῥάχτης) in that part of the Nile.

OPO I (obs.) prob. akin to trip I, perh. σεύω, to spring or leap, then to gallop; prob. hence στο 1.

D'D II (obs.) prob. mimet. akin to clζω, L. susurro, G. sischen, W. sisial, E. twitter; hence DiD 2 and p a swallow.

DID III (obs.) prob. akin to يَعْنِي , to gnaw or nibble; hence ترج = يترج 2.

ل (pl. مجت (m. 1) r. محت I, a horse Gen. 49, 17; collect. horses Ex. 14, 9. 2) i. q. محت (r. محت II) a swallow Is. 38, 14, and Jer. 8, 7 in K'thibh.

TOTO f. a mare, post. for a graceful woman (Sept. η [$\pi\pi\sigma\varsigma$) Cant. 1, 9.

7.70 pr. n. m. (horseman) Num. 18, 11.

אַסְאָרָיָע I (obs.) akin to Chald. אָסְאָרָיַע, to come together; hence אָסָרָיָס.

ערט. אוח (obs.) prob. akin to אוח נס אוח (obs.) prob. akin to אוח לא, to shoot forth; hence אים 2.

570 m. an end Ecc. 3, 11; rear of an army Joel 2, 20; r. 570 III.

(مَاتَلَة Chald. (def. مَعْلَم) m. an end Dan. 4, 8; r. 1760.

Π O I (obs.) prob. akin to FOX, κυρ, προ, to collect or scrape together, hence to sweep or snatch away; hence προ.

קראס II (obs.) prob. mimet. akin to אַקָּטָ (which see), to imbibe moisture; hence אָפָר

אר (fut. קרסי) to come to an end, to perish Is. 66, 17, Est. 9, 28. — Hiph. to bring to an end, to destroy Zeph. 1, 2, Jer. 8, 13; in each of these passages the inf. abs. of קראי is used for assonance to strengthen the meaning.

Chald. (3 fem. rpp) to come to an end, fig. to be fulfilled, said of prophecy Dan. 4, 30. — Aph. to bring to an end, to destroy Dan. 2, 44.

לין (r. קים ווווי) bulrushes Is. 19, 6. 2) sea-weed Jon. 2, 6; hence רם-סרן weedy-sea, pr. n. of the Red Sea, which abounds in sea-weed Ex. 10, 19; called also in Copt. **GIOM** $\Pi(\mu)$ Apl i. e. sea of weeds. 3) pr. n. (sedge) of a place Deut. 1, 1.

וֹשָּׁלָם (w. ד loc. דְּשָּׁלָם Hos. 8, 7) f. a whirlwind or tempest, sweeping in its course Job 21, 18; pl. רעבים Is. 21, 1; r. באס L.

קלי , apoc. יָסָד Jadg. Jadg. 4, 18) i. q. THE I, akin to TH, JC, to turn aside or go off, to depart 1 Sam. 6, 12; fig. to backslide or apostatise Jer. 17, 5; to pass away, of disease, punishment, anguish Lev. 13, 58, Ez. 16, 42, Hos. 4, 18, also of buildings 1 K. 22, 44; to forsake 2 Ch. 8, 15. - Hiph, דְּסָד (fut. spoc. א in Qal and known only by the context) to cause to depart, to put away Gen. 80, 32, Ex. 8, 27; to turn away, to seduce Deut. 7, 4; to retract a promise, to reject a prayer Is. 31, 2, Ps. 66, 20; to thrust aside, fig. to neglect Josh. 11, 15. - Heph. To be removed Lev. 4, 31; fig. to be destroyed Is. 17, 1. - Pil. of to turn aside or pervert Lam. 3, 11. Hence WD 1 and perh. 2.

דוס II (obs.) akin to אוש V, דוד, דוד, to pierce, dig or cut into, to hollow out; hence סיר and perh. 5.

אלי adj. m. און דייס f. 1) rejected, put back; as subst. banished one Is. 49, 21; pl. און prob. my renegades i. e. my forsakers Jer. 17, 18 in Q'ri. 2) a stray or wild shoot of a vine, only Jer. 2, 21 (see below). 3) pr. n. of a gate of the temple 2 K. 11, 6, for which in 2 Ch. 23, 5 there stands און מין...... אם 2 may rather be akin to r. און to knit together, hence a tendril or shoot, as binding or clasping like the vine.

(Qal obs.) prob. akin to rate I, to set or lay on; hence rate.

- Hiph. וְשָׁרו or וְשָׁרו Jer. 38, 22 (fut. יְשָׁרו זה יָשָׁרו קר Gram. § 72, Bem. 9, apoc. ישָׁרו ישָׁרו ישָׁרו לעשיר (ישָׁר זי ישָׁר פּ on, to incite 1 Ch. 21, 1, Job 2, 3; w. שָ to entice away from 2 Ch. 18, 81, Job 36, 18. Hence

איזע f. a garment Gen. 49, 11. Most take איזע דיס to be for איזע (r. יע, ס,), but better trace it to איזע, akin to איזע attive from איזע I; cf. $\lfloor \mu \alpha \tau_{10} \rangle$ akin to $\lceil \eta \mu_{1} \rangle$.

בחסי, inf. בחסי, inf. בחסי, inf. בחסי, akin to הסיס, i. q. Arab. (הידיש, 1) to drag along, to pull about 2 Sam. 17, 18, Jer. 15, 8. 2) to tear up, tear to rags; hence

לְתְבָוֹה (only pl. סְתְבָוֹה) f. rags, torn pieces, of stuff Jer. 38, 11.

Arab. مجتب (Qal obs.) i. q. بعد II, Arab. محتب , akin to جرب , to scrape off, to remove. — Pi. المتب to sweep off dust, only Ez. 26, 4. Hence

το, m. offscouring, succeptings, as an emblem of worthlessness or vileness Lam. 3, 45; cf. περίψημα 1 Cor. 4, 13.

שרוס m. aftergrowth, what used to spring up spontaneously the third year after sowing, perh. prop. hard or sapless vegetation (r. דע), only 2 K. 19, 24, i. q. סידע in Is. 37, 30.

רְּסָתָר (fut. יְסְתָר) prob. akin to דָסָ to go round or about, to traverse a land, esp. in order to trade Gren. 42, 84; סַתָר a trader (cf. נֶּ πορος) Gen. 28, 16; אין דֿעָקָלָן דָעָקָלָן king's traders 1 K. 10, 28. — Pilp. סְקַרְתַר to move about quickly, to palpitate, of the heart, only Ps. 38, 11, where some not so well take סְקָרְתַר bo be akin to קורָתָר), hence to burn w. feverish feeling.

ון (obs.) prob. akin to דון (obs.) prob. akin to דון עדיר I, 2, to be black or dark coloured; hence אייר 2.

סְרָוֹר (c. סְחַזי (m. 1) a mart Is. 23, 3. 2) trade-gain, profit Is. 45, 14 ; r. סְרָוֹר I.

קרו (w. suf. קרות) m. gain or profit in trade Is. 23, 18; also gain in general Prov. 8, 14; r. יוס I.

קרער (c. סרער) f. traffic, then fig. merchants Ez. 27, 15, cf. v. 21.

דייים f. a shield, only Ps. 91, 4; prop. what goes round, hence protecting armour; r. סקר I.

שוֹת (obs.) perh. akin to שׁעָה, שׁעָה to be sapless, dry, as stubble, straw and the hard aftergrowth; perh. hence הָרָוֹש

עס pr. n. m. (roaming, r. שאס) Ezr. 2, 55 (סיט Neh. 7, 57).

רשים Ps. 101, 8 errors or wrongs, see שָׁיָ from r. שׁיָשָׁת.

קרנים (pl. סרנים, cf. L. scoria) m. 1) refuse of metal, dross Prov. 25, 4; סרנים silver of dross, i. e. unrefined Prov. 26, 23. 2) base metal in general Is. 1, 22; r. אס I.

TO m. the name of the third month of the Heb. year, Sivan Est. 8, 9; from the new moon of June to that of July. ---- Prob. akin

to יין (זי), r. אָרָה to be bright or blooming, hence month of bloom.

of destruction, see r. 1770) of a king of the Amorites Num. 21, 21.

TO pr. n. 1) r. JO I (prob. loamy) of a city in the north-east of Egypt **Ez.** 30, 15. 2) r. JO II (prob. rugged or thorny) a desert near Sinai Num. 83, 12.

סיב pr. n. (prob. pointed or peaky, r. סון סון of the mountain where the law was given Ex. 16, 1, fully היי mount Sinai Ex. 19, 11; wilderness of Sinai, the surrounding desert Num. 1, 1.

סיר pr. n. (perh. mountaineer, r. WO II) of a Canaanitish people or race Gen. 10, 17; prob. near Lebanon, where was a city Sinna.

ידים סירים pr. n. m. pl., only in Is. 49, 12 the land of Sinim. Prob. China is intended; cf. Arab. שני אין אין China, בנ, China, לבנ, L. Sina, the Chinese.

D'O m. a swift or swallow, only Jer. 8, 7 Q'ri; see r. DHD II.

אָסָרָטָ pr. n. m. (prob. binder in chains, r. יָסָרָשָרָה; cf. יָשָרָשָׁרָשׁ chain) Judg. 4, 2.

مَكْرَبُ pr. n. m. (assembly, as in Chald.) Neh. 7, 47.

עדָדָאָ pr. n. m. (assembly-man, r. דָאָס I) Ezr. 2, 44.

(which see) where the D is prob. inserted for euphony, as in λιμπάνω for λείπω.

ליר (r. סדר II) m. 1) *a pot*, prop. a hollow vessel Jer. 1, 13, Ps. 60, 10; pl. הסדר *pots* Ex. 38, 3. 2) *thorns* or *briars*, only pl. סררים Ecc. 7, 6, Is. 34, 13; *sharp points* or *hooks*, for fishing, only pl. סררים Am. 4, 2. \overrightarrow{P} m. a thicket, fig. a croud or mass of people, only Ps. 42, 5; i. q. \overrightarrow{P} 2, r. \overrightarrow{P} III.

(w. suf. iD0, once iD0 Ps. 76, 3 in some texts) m. 1) a booth or hut Ps. 27, 5; poet. the tabernacle Ps. 76, 3. 2) a covert or thicket, hiding place of wild animals Jer. 25, 38; r. $\exists \subseteq 0$ I.

קר I (obs.) i. q. אָרָד I, to cut away, hence to castrate; hence קרי.

ון (obs.) i. q. אָרָקָי II, to look at or gaze upon; hence pr. n. רָסְבָר.

וֹשָׁטָ (c. רְשָׁט, pl. רוֹשָׁטָ) f. 1) a booth made of tangled or interlaced boughs, an arbour Jon. 4, 5; such booths were set up at the Jewish festival רוֹשָׁוֹין *the feast of taber*nacles Lev. 23, 34. 2) a tent for soldiers 2 Sam. 11, 11; then a dwelling in general, a house Am. 9, 11. 3) a covert for wild beasts Job 38, 40; r. בָּטָ I.

idol (إكثر) perh. an imitation in miniature of the holy tabernacle, which the Israelites carried about with them in the wilderness, only Am. 5, 26.

אָרָים (only pl. סְבָר ח. *a cunuch;* only in אָדָקרָיב: ד. **קבָר ג**.

סברים pr. n. (perh. booth - men, r. סבך I) of a people in Africa, Suk-

kiim, mentioned with the Libyans and Ethiopians 2 Ch. 12, 3.

עלָקה, 1 (2 pers. סָלָה, הַסָלָה, fut. ויסד (יסד II, סבע, 1) prob. to plait or interlace, hence thicket. 2) to cover over, w. >> Ex. 40, 8; fig. to shelter Ez. 28, 14, w. two accusatives (Gram. § 139, 2) Job 40, 22; intrans. to be covered, to hide, as 1273 in the cloud Lam. 3, 44, ---Hiph. יסך (fut. apoc. יסך) to hedge in, w. קפר Job 3, 23; to restrain Job 38, 8; to cover, w. 57 Ex. 40, 21; fig. to protect, w. 57 Ps. 5, 12, w. 5 Ps. 91, 4; דוסה רגליו to cover one's feet, i. e. to ease one's bowels 1 Sam. 24, 4. - Hoph. To be covered Ex. 25, 29.

עקבון: II (Qal obs.) akin to סְכְסֵוּ, וֹשְׁכָּח I, to cut. -- Pilp. סְכָסוּ to prick or sting, fig. to incite Is. 9, 10; w. א against Is. 19, 2.

m. perh. a covering or mantlet, used in a siege (L. testudo or vinea), only Nah. 2, 6; prop. active part. of r, إيراني I.

סָבָרָה pr. n. (covert, r. קָבָרָ I) of a place in the wilderness of Judah Josh. 15, 61.

(Qal obs.) akin to کَوی (which see), to be foolish. — Niph. to make or show oneself foolish 1 Sam. 13, 13; to act foolishly, to sin 2 Sam. 24, 10. — Pi. to make foolish or vain, fig. to frustrate a counsel Is. 44, 25. — Hiph. to exhibit folly 1 Sam. 26, 21; تَعَالَى المُعَالَى المُعالَى المُعالَى hou hast acted foolishly (see Gram. § 142, Rem. 1) Gen. 31, 28. Hence

לָכָּטָ m. a fool Jer. 4, 22.

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רקלק f. foolishness Eca. 2, 3; written אָבָלאין 1, 17; r. לבָסָ.

עדר, אידע, fo recline or rest, then to be accustomed or familiar, hence part. שלים, f. קבוד, associate or companion Is. 22, 15, 1 K. 1, 2; then to act the friend, to be useful, w. ל, by Job 22, 2; to avail Job 15, 8. - Hiph. to form acquaintance, to become familiar, w. של Job 22, 21; to know well Ps. 139, 3; to be accustomed, w. inf. Num. 22, 30.

II (Qal obs.) prob. akin to
I, to cut or wound, then to hurt.
Niph. to be cut or hurt Ecc. 10, 9.

 $7 \square \bigcirc$ III (Qal obs.) perh. akin to crouch, then to be poor; cf. Arab. $\dot{}$ μ to be needy, πτωχός from πτώσσω to cower or crouch. — Pu. to be impoverished, only part. $\dot{}$ μ το poor or needy Is. 40, 20.

ער (obs.) perh. i. q. אָבֶר I, to store or shut up; hence perh. הַסְבֶנֶא

קנר א (Qal obs.) i. q. קנר, Syr. , w. Arab. (אَשَرَ, to shut up. - Niph. to be shut up, stopped Gen. 8, 2. -Pi. to deliver over, to commit, w. קר. 19, 4.

لي ال i. q. تينو, to hire, only Ezr. 4, 5.

مَعَتَ (Qal obs.) i. q. Arab. مَعَتَ , akin to تَعْتَى, to be silent or still. — Hiph. to keep silence, only Deut. 27, 9.

על (pl. פלים) m. i. q. Arab. געיים (pl. פלים) a wicker-basket Gen. 40, 17; r. באשר משנג משנג און מענגע און מענגע מענגע און איז איז מענגע מענגע מענגע און איז איז מענגע מענגע איז איז איז איז מענגע געענגע מענגע מענגע מענגע מ

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(Qal obs.) akin to ایکوI, کو I, کی از برط بر برط بر برط بر برط بر برط بر lifted up, esp. of a balance. — Pu. to be weighed in a balance, fig. to be bartered or valued, w. p for, only part. pl. ترکی Lam. 4, 2.

Nộc, pr. n. (prob. i. q. hộc, highway) of a town near Jerusalem 2 K. 12, 21.

Neh. 11, 7, see אילס.

ر (Qal obs.) i. q. Arab. جاکر, prob. akin to این وی, وای to leap up. — Pi. to exult, only Job 6, 10.

קָלָד pr. n. m. (exultation, r. כָּלָד) 1 Ch. 2, 30.

to lift up, fig. to make light of, to slight (cf. 52p I) Ps. 119, 118. — Pi. to slight Lam. 1, 15. — Pu. to be suspended, esp. in a balance, to be weighed, w. \overline{a} of price, hence fig. to be bartered for Job 28, 16.

און (obs.) prob. mimet. akin to איליי II, L. sileo, W. syluo (attention), G. still, hence to be still or silent; prob. hence

 \overrightarrow{h} , m. a pause or silence, prob. a musical term or sign, ordering the voice or instrument to be hushed (Sept. $\delta(\dot{\alpha}\psi\alpha)\mu\alpha$); r. $\overrightarrow{h}\phi$ II. This word is found only in many of the Psalms and in Habakkuk, as in Ps. 7, 6, Hab. 3, 3, occurring sometimes in the middle of a verse or sentence, as in Ps. 55, 20.

עליה pr. n. m. (prob. for סַלּוּ exaltation, r. אָלָה I) Neh. 12, 7.

እግንር pr. n. m. (exalted, r. እንር) Num. 25, 14. עלדא pr. n. m. (exalted, r. אָסָ) 1 Ch. 9, 7; for which אָסָא Neh. 11, 7. לעלד (pl. סַלדיים) m. i. q. Arab.

the prickles of the palm-tree, a thorn Ez. 2, 6; r. کول II.

ָלָרָך m. thorn Ez. 28, 24; r.

(fut. rightarrow j, once rightarrow j Jer. 5, 7 K'thibh) to forgive or pardon Num. 14, 20; w. $\frac{1}{2}$ of sin Ex. 34, 9, of person Deut. 29, 19. — Niph. to be forgiven, w. $\frac{1}{2}$ of pers. and racof the sin Lev. 4, 20; 19, 22. —Prob. akin to <math>rightarrow to send away, hence to remit (cf. Is. 38, 17), like $dq(\eta\mu t.$

חלט m. one apt to remit or pardon, forgiving, only Ps. 86, 5; r. האַסָ

לַכָּ pr. n. m. (prob. a slighter; r. I) Neh. 11, 8.

ָּלָרְדָוֹה) (pl. וְּסָרָּרְזֹה) f. remission or forgiveness Ps. 130, 4; pl. Neh. 9, 17; r. בָּלָה.

: פָּרָשָׁ (obs.) prob. akin to דָּרַשָּׁ, i. q. Arab. אוֹשׁ *, to move* or *go*; hence דּעָרָדָר סָרָבָד pr. n. (prob. road or way) of a city in Bashan 1 Ch. 5, 11.

فقك

דיס וו (obs.) prob. to prick or price; prob. hence אין, קאלין, קאלין,

אסיין דען (obs.) to plait or interlace; hence by and געלטות.

לְלָרה f. a mound, rampart Jer. 32, 24; סְלָלָה טָלָה to throw up a rampart 2 K. 19, 32; r. לַלָּר I.

לָסָלָוֹת (only pl.) f. wickerbaskets Jer. 6, 9 ; r. לַלָּס III.

ر (obs.) prob. akin to المحتري (obs.) prob. akin to المحتوي المحتري المحتري المحتري (obs.) prob. akin to maggy i hence

לָלָע (in p. יָסָלָע suf. יָסָלָע (in p. יָסָלָע) א. suf. יָסָלָע (in p. יָסָלָע) א. 1) high cliff or precipice 2 Ch. 25,12; hence a rock Num. 20,8; ישׁר בוּשָּלַע the rock's tooth, i. e. a sharp point or a orag 1 Sam. 14, 4.2) pr. n. (rock, Πέτρα) of the ancient capital of Idumes, Petra Is. 16, 1; w. art. בַּשָׁלַע Judg. 1, 36.

סק (obs.) prob. an old Shaph. form of גָּדָם, אָנָדם, akin to גָּדָם, to swallow down, to consume greedily; hence

estable, only Lev. 11, 22.

קבר (Qal obs.) i. q. Chald. האביס (Qal obs.) i. q. chald. ה

m. perversity Prov. 11, 8.

 $P \ge Q$ (only 1 pers. fut. $p \Rightarrow$ for $p \ge p \Rightarrow$, see $p \Rightarrow$) akin to $y \ge p \Rightarrow$ $z \Rightarrow$

P. Chald. (3 pl. קלקי Dan. 2, 29) to go up, ascend Dan. 7, 3, Ezr. 4, 12. — Apb. הַשָּׁרָק (for הַשָּׁרָק) to lift or take up Dan. 3, 22; inf. הַבָּקָכָן (for הַשָּרָח) Dan. 6, 24, cf. הַשָּׁרָח הַשָּׁרָח).

T 20 (obs.) perh. akin to با جلام (obs.) perh. akin to با جلام I, to shake or stir about, in sifting meal; hence

אָלָסָ (w. suf. אָדָאָסָ Lev. 2, 2) fem. (but m. in Ex. 29, 40) fine flour Lev. 2, 1.

(only pl. סַמָּדִים) m. spices Ex. 30, 34; סַמָּדָר סָמָרָט incense Ex. 30, 7; r. סָכָר

לבר־כָבר thrower of Nebo i. e. belonging to him) of a Babylonian captain Jer. 39, 3. ---- Same sort of word as pr. n. שָׁמָנָ both prob. an old Shaph. form from r. אָבָר in Pi. מָנָר to overthrow.

رobs.) perh. i. q. Arab. to twist up; intrans. to be hard or firm; perh. hence

גער (obs.) perh. akin to אָשָר (obs.) perh. akin to אָשָר (obs.) to mark or stamp; cf. Aram. אַשָּל, גער אָשָר אָשָר אָשָר אָשָר אָשָר אָשָר אָשָר אָש

ישרי) akin to אָבָּעָי) akin to אָבָּעָ 1) to lay or place on Ex. 29, 10; intrans. to lean or press, w. צל Ps. 88, 8. 2) to uphold or support, as a prop



to lean on, w. acc. Ps. 37, 17, w. 5 Ps. 145, 14, w. two acc. Gen. 27, 37 with corn and new wine have I sustained him; part. pass. 700 upheld, firm Ps. 112, 8. 3) to draw near, prop. to lean to, w. 5x Ez. 24, 2. — Niph. to be supported or upheld, w. 52 Judg. 18, 29; to stay or lean oneself, w. 52 Is. 36, 6. — Pi. to stay, fig. to refresh Cant. 2, 5. Hence

קַבְרָרָהָ pr. n. m. (דָּרָ sustains) 1 Ch. 26, 7.

רשט (obs.) perh. akin to לעט (obs.) perh. akin to און קשל וו, to be like, to resemble; hence

לאָטָ, לאָטָ (Ez. 8, 3) m. a likeness or image Deut 4, 16; לכָשָ לָהָ the statue of resemblance, i. e. a carved image 2 Ch. 33, 7. --- Some think לאָטָ to be only a transposition for שָלָא, the usual term for likeness. לאָטָ may be akin to $\sigma\mu(\lambda\eta)$ (a chisel), as D'. Rödiger suggests.

and the for fragrant; hence b.

רשָׁם, (Qal obs.) akin to דַשָּטָ, Chald. אַשָּׁם, to mark off or designate. - Niph. אוסים, to be appointed, only part. נְסָטָן Is. 28, 25. Cf. כון בּטָטָן.

לישָׁרָר), to be prickly, to bristle, said of hair; hence to shudder, of a person whose hair bristles up w. horror Ps. 119, 120. — Pi. to stand on end, of the hair Job 4, 15. Hence

ראָסָ adj. m. hairy or bristly, said of the אָלָ Jer. 51, 27.

און (obs.) i. q. קנה to be thorny; hence אָנָהאָ and

of a town in Judah Ezr. 2, 35.

^ΔΣΞΞΟ pr. n. m. (Pers. perh. akis to συμβλητός or συμβουλευτής) Neh. 2, 10.

(obs.) akin to אָשָׁרָ, שָׁשָׂ, to be sharp or pointed, then thorny; hence

TOO m. a thorn-bush, bramble Ex. 8, 2.

of a rock over against Michmash I Sam. 14, 4.

קבה (r. סְבָר) m. perh. thorm-bush, only in pr. n. קריה סַ Josh. 15, 49.

קנראָדן pr. n. m. or f. (prob. bristly, r. אָטָר אָדָר) Neh. 11, 9 (אָנָאָר 1 Ch. 9, 7).

לכור (only pl. סַכָּרָרָם) m. blindness, the plur. to express state (Gram. § 108, 2, a) Gen. 19, 11. ---- Prob. a sort of Shaphel form from ריש, hence akin to לכור blind, w. ש dropped and שי prefixed (as if for שיס); so Ewald in his Lehrb. d. Heb. Sprache, § 122.

סְרָחֵרִי⊂ pr. n. m. (perh. wrathful, r. קר *to snort*, in Shaph. form, w. format. ending ------, see on כ) 2 K. 18, 13.

روفر (obs.) perh. akin to بخلا II, to wave or shake; hence

ַוְסָלָסָל (only pl. סָרָסָל) m. palmbranches Cant. 7, 9; of. נַלְנַל, לַכָּל, כַּלָסַל,

קָּבָּרָשָׁ pr. n. (palm-branch) of a town in the south of Judah Josh. 15, 81.

קבע (obs.) akin to זָנָב to wabble or waggle; akin to Syr. אבנבן a wabbling, Chald. סָנִין appendage. Hence

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שָׁטָּטָ pr. n. m. (perh. fragrant, r. דאָסָר w. format o, as in אָסָר and w. adj. ending -----) 1 Ch. 2, 40.

עָרָדָי, imp. דְאָרָ Judg. 19, 5, דְאָרָ 1 K. 13, 7) prob. akin to יס, 1) to uphold or support Prov. 20, 28; fig. to aid, animate Ps. 20, 8; esp. w. ב to sustain the heart, i. e. to refresh oneself Gen. 18, 5, w. acc. of the refreshment Judg. 19, 5. 2) intrans. to take refreshment 1 K. 13, 7.

ראסיי, בער Chald. (Pe. obs.) i. q. Heb. י. קעד Pa. י. קעד to aid or succour, w. ל Ezr. 5, 2.

to run or سَعَى i. q. Arab. سَعَى to run or rush; only part. f. المَعَ a rushing or violent wind Ps. 55, 9.

קיבורם . (ר. קצָטָ; c. קיבור קיבור, pl. קיבור סיבור, pl. קיבור סיבור (ג. 2, 21) m. 1) a cleft or flessure in a rock Judg. 15, 8. 2) a branch or bough Is. 17, 8.

קצף, Arab. אָשָׁשָ, to divide, to branch out. -- Pi. אָשָׁטָ (as denom. of סָצָר, see Gram. § 52, 2, c) to cut or lop off boughs Is. 10, 33.

קאָם adj. m. divided, hence doubleminded, uncertain; only pl. סַבְּמָרם doubters, skeptics Ps. 119, 113; r. אַכָּ

קעור f. i. q. אָדָעָ, only pl. אָסָעַשוּת branches Ez. 31, 6.

קעָשָּר (pl. סְצָשָר) f. division or party, then unsettled opinion; הסק to split or divide for the two opinions or parties 1K. 18, 21.

עניער (fut. יְּסָעָר) akin to יעניע II, to rush on, as a tempest, said of a foe Hab. 3, 14; to be agitated, as the sea in a storm Jon. 1, 11; fig. of the mind under trouble Is. 54, 11. – Niph. to be disquieted, of the wind 2 K. 6, 11. — Pi. אַסָעָ (fut. גַסָעָ for גָסָעָדָ, Gram. § 52, Bem. 2) to scatter, to toss or whirl about, as a storm of wind Zech. 7, 14. — Po. יסָעָ (Gram. § 55, 1) to be driven or whirled off by a tempest Hos. 13, 3. Hence

TYP m. a storm or tempest Jon. 1, 4.

קֿעָרָד f. storm or hurricane Pa. 107, 29; רי קּצָרוֹת רוּחַ קּצָרָד a stormy wind Ps. 107, 25, Ez. 13, 11.

קָּפָּרָם, pl. סָפָּרָם, Jer. 52, 19, רָסָפָּרָם 2 Sam. 17, 28, רָסָפּרָם 1 K. 7, 50, w. suf. דָסָרָ, r. דָסָרָ m. 1) basin Ex. 12, 22. 2) threshold Judg. 19, 27. 3) pr. n. m. 2 Sam. 21, 18; for which סְפַר 1 Ch. 20, 4.

אָשָׁשָ (obs.) prob. akin to Chald. יאָשָר, to feed, give to eat, as in Talmud; hence אושָסָי.

ר (fut. דבי) perh. mimet. akin to ppo, to smite, esp. on the breast in mourning Is. 32, 12; hence fig. to mourn (cf. χόπτω, χόπτομαι) Jer. 4, 8; w. לא ישל לא לא לא לא לא Gen. 23, 2, Zech. 12, 10, 2 Sam. 3, 31. - Niph. to be lamented Jer. 16, 4.

דָרָסָ I (fut. רְסָשָּר) akin to הָסָאָ, io add Is. 29, 1; w. אַל to add to or augment Num. 32, 14.

Arab. U., to take off, remove the hair, to shave Is. 7, 20; to take away life Ps. 40, 15; fig. to destroy Gen. 18, 23; intrans. to pass away, perish Jer. 12, 4. — Niph. to be taken away, to be destroyed Gen. 19, 15; to be taken or seized Is. 13, 15. — Hiph. to drag together, heap up, w. by Deut. 82, 23.

The I i. q. Arab. سَغَمَ , to pour or shed forth, hence (جَعَتَرَ); hence to Digitized by Google anoint, fig. to appoint 1 Sam. 2, 36. — Pi. to pour out Hab. 2, 15; fig. to make bald, by shedding the hair Is. 3, 17. — Pu. to be poured out or spilled, fig. to be prostrate Job 30, 7.

ר (Qal obs.) prob. akin to האסין, האסין, to add or join; - Niph. האסין to attach oneself, w. אסין Is. 14, 1. - Hith. to attach oneself, to adhere to, w. א 1 Sam. 26, 19.

ר אַרָּשָּׁם f. scurf or scab Lev. 18, 2; r. דאָס I.

ΈΟ pr. n. m. (perh. belonging to the threshold) 1 Ch. 20, 4, i. q. ης 2 Sam. 21, 18.

קסידורם (c. קסידורם po, pl. הססידורם) m. 1) spontaneous growth, prop. shedding, prob. what grows from the seed that drops or shales out Lev. 25, 5. 2) a flood, prop. a pouring forth of water Job 14, 19; r. הער I.

רָבָר f. a ship, esp. a deckedship Jon. 1, 5; r. אָפָק.

שָּרָר (כַּמָּר) m. a sapphire (כֹּמָה-שָּבוּטָס, Syr. (מֹבּבשׁ) Ex. 24, 10; pl. בַּפּרָרָים Cant. 5, 14.

رobs.) prob. akin to پَقِنْ, Arab. مَشَفَر, to be low, hence to be hollow; perh. hence

לבָּרָ m. a dish or bowl, only Judg. 5, 25, 6, 38. ---- Perh. akin to נְסָרָ 1, w. old format. ending ל----, as in לבָרָבָ.

לקין (fut. יָשָׁק) akin to אָשָרָ (fut. יָשָׁק) akin to געפן, to cover over, esp. to roof 1 K. 6, 9; to wainscot or clap-board 1 K. 7, 3; hence קרינוז and

DO m. a wainscoting or ceiling, only 1 K. 6, 15.

אָסָק akin to אָסָאָ, to collect or

receive, whence 50 prop. receiver. — Hith. 50 iron (denom. from 50) to place oneself at the threshold, to be a door-keeper Ps. 84, 11.

רָסָם I (fut. pien) perh. akin to אָבָי, אָשָׁען, to slap or strike Job 84, 26; to smits on the thigh, w. אָבֹייָן, or יֵבֹייָן, Jer. 81, 19, Ez. 21, 17; to clap the hands i. e. to exult, w. or without נַעָּרָיָן Num. 24, 10; Job 34, 37 אַבּייַר רְסָפּוֹט Num. 24, 10; among us exults.

PDO II i. q. prin II, to pour or overflow, hence 1) to be abundant; hence pro. 2) to be overfull, to vomit Jer. 48, 26.

PĐO (w. suf. ippo) m. abundance or sufficiency, only Job 20, 22; r. ppo IL

שם (fut. יָסָפּר) mimet. akin to דָפַר (צָפָרָן), to cut or scratch, then 1) to write (cf. 272 akin to בעב העב לעב לעב לא to cut in, then to write), hence part. The a writer, scribe. 2) to count or tell Gen. 15, 5, Job 14, 16. — Niph. 10 be told or numbered 1 Ch. 23, 3. — Pi. 1) to tell or number Ps. 22, 18. 2) to recount, tell, declare Is. 43, 26; w. ל, אָל אָדָנָר אָל bf pers. Ex. 18, 8, Gen. 37, 10, Ex. 10, 2; w. acc., کې of thing told Ps. 48, 12, Joel 1, 3, Ps. 2, 7. 3) to tell out, to celebrate the name or glory of God Ex. 9, 16, Ps. 19, 2. — Pu. to be recounted or told Hab. 1, 5; to be reckoned to, w. > Ps. 22, 31.

to be bright or brilliant; hence קפיר,

שט (properly part. Qal of r. בסָר (געניד) m. a writer or scribe Ps. 45, 2; שט די גענידן the writer's ink-holder Ez. 9, 2; בעלין בס the king's scribe,

royal secretary 2 K. 12, 11, also simply <u>prop</u> the secretary 2 K. 18, 18; a military secretary 2 K. 25, 19; then a general Judg. 5, 14; esp. a soriter of the law or a sacred scribe 1 Ch. 27, 32, Neh. 8, 1 (of. $\gamma pa\mu-\mu atsos N$. Test.).

The Ohald. (def. ארָשָּׁי) m. a scribe or secretary Ezr. 4,8; esp. a sacred scribe Ezr. 7, 12 i. q. Heb. کې.

ער (w. suf. אָשָרָים, pl. קאָרָים, c. קאָרָים, r. יוֹשָטָ m. 1) writing as an art; קאָרָים one acquainted with writing, i. e. able to read and write Is. 29, 11. 2) a writing, as a bill, letter etc. Jer. 32, 12, 2 Sam. 11, 14; pl. epistics Est. 1, 22. 3) a book Ex. 17, 14; יעָרָי מַטָּרָ בָּגַלַין מַטָּר גווין a book-roll or volume Jer. 86, 2, esp. the law Ps. 40, 8; often followed w. gen. of subject, as יעַרָּיר, מָ' וַתְּרָיר, מָ

D. m. 1) a numbering of the people, a census 2 Ch. 2, 16. 2) pr. n. of an Arabian city named w. Mesha Gen. 10, 30; still called juin Isför, situated near the port of Mirbát.

שָרָ Chald. m. a book Ezr. 4, 15; pl. ספרין Dan. 7, 10.

The pr. n. of a region to which exiles were taken from Jerusalem Obad. 20. According to the list of Persian tribes in the cuneiform inscriptions, some identify it w. Sparad on the Bosphorus, some w. Sardis, Bawlinson w. Sparta, but why not w. the $\Sigma \pi op d\delta \varepsilon_i$? Jewish tradition takes it for Spain. ---- If Semitic, the name may be from The to mark off or separate, w. format. ending T_, as in THE.

קקר f. i. q. אָפָרָ a book, only in Ps. 56, 9.

(only pl. ספרות) f. numbers, only Ps. 71, 15; r. ספר

רוחם pr. n. of a city whence colonists were brought to Samaria 2 K. 17, 24; prob. Sipphara on the east bank of the Euphrates, gentil. pop Sepharvites 2 K. 17, 31...... Perh. this name means borderers, from r. דָסָ to mark off, as perh. in

קרָת pr. n. m. (perh. a writer or scribe, cf. קרָלָת) Neh. 7, 57, רַשָּׁשָרָת in Ezr. 2, 55.

العندين fut. أبكون to stone, to pett with stones Ex. 19, 18; fully المحافي Deut. 13, 11. — Niph. to be stoned Ex. 21, 28. — Pi. 1) to stone, to pett w. stones 2 Sam. 16, 6. 2) to clear of stones a place (prop. denom. from bpo, Gram. § 52, 2, c) Is. 5, 2 (cf. Engl. 'to stone raisins', i. e. to clear out their kernels); w. المحيدي Is. 62, 10. — Pu. to be pelted or stoned 1 K. 21, 14. — Prob. akin to bpo to lift or weigh, bpo weight, hence a stone (as being heavy).

ער אלן. ה. דעס ל. 1) refractory, rebellious Jer. 6, 28. 2) sullen, illhumoured, said of the face 1 K. 20, 48; r. דעס.

שר (obs.) i. q. Chald. סְרָב (obs.) i. q. Chald. סְרָב, to be refractory or rebellious; hence

גָּרָב (for יָּרָב; only pl. יָרָב; m. rebels, only Ez. 2, 6. ---- Perh. akin to ידר I (קר) w. old format. ending ----, see on p. 74.

רביק Chald. (obs.) to cover. ----Prob. for לפל (r. סְבָל to carry or wear) w. for the Dagh. forte. Hence

לך בלין Chald. (only pl. סְרָבָּלין) m. garments, esp. for the legs, trousers Dan. 3, 21; cf. Arab. ערייש, Syr.

סַרָבּוֹך

μοι. --- Hence σαράβαλλα, σαράβαρα, L. saraballa, sarabas.

קרון pr. n. m. (perh. plotter or subduer, r. גישָ, Syr. (שליג) of a king of Assyria Is. 20, 1.

(obs.) prob. mimet. akin to דָרָר, i. q. Syr. גָּרָר, to fear or tremble; hence

סרד pr. n. m. (fear) Gen. 46, 14; patron. סרד Sardite Num. 26, 26.

join or knit together; hence יַּשְׁרָא II, to --- Cf. Sans. sirâ (string), σειρά, L. series, G. seil.

לָרָדָרָ f. 1) a turning away, apostasy or revolt Deut. 19, 16, Is. 1, 5; 31, 6. 2) a leaving off, ceasing from chastisement Is. 14, 6; r. ידע ס ו סדי.

קר. n. (turning aside, r. אָרָ I) of a cistern 2 Sam. 3, 26.

ערות וועס וו (זענ וויסר) perh. akin to ראש וויסר וויסר וויסר וויסר וויסר וויסר וויסר וויסר extended or recumbent Am. 6, 4; intrans. to spread, to be luxuriant, intrans. to spread to be luxuriant, יחר וויסר וויסר בג. 26, 12; part. pass. בג. 17, 6. 2) to be redundant, to hang over Ex. 26, 12; part. pass. וויסר hanging down with turbans, i. e. having flowing head-dresses Ez. 23, 15. — Niph. to be poured out, fig. to be dissipated, wasted or lost Jer. 49, 7, but see וויסר

ון (Qal obs.) akin to Syr. and Chald. פָרָח, to stink, to be corrupt. — Niph. only in Jer. 49, 7 their wisdom is corrupted or fetid; but see ו סָרָח

חרס (r. הרס I) m. a superfluity, then a remainder, only Ex. 26, 12. ָלָדְרוֹך m. i. q. שִׁרְיוֹן, a coat of mail Jer. 46, 4; r. הָטָרָי

עריסי, pl. סָרָסָד, c. סָרָסָד סָרָסָ, c. m. 1) prop. castrated, hence a cunuch (Sept. εὐνοῦχος, σπάδων) Is. 56, 3; a class of men esp. employed as keepers of the royal harem or as guardians of the women Est. 1, 10— 15, 2, 3; hence 2) courtiers or royal ministers, perh. not always castrated Gen. 37, 36; 39, 1, where the סָרָסָ is married.

קרָבָיָא def. pl. אָרָבָיָא (ef. pl. אָרָבָיָא) m. a chief officer or president Dan. 6, 3. --- Prob. from קר=סַר w. old adj. ending קר_, as in קרבנוג (see under letter >, p. 284).

נסאר (obs.) prob. akin to אים II, to pierce or penetrate; hence גערן I.

עָרָיָר (only pl. אָרָיָר , c. יָרָיָ) m. 1) r. יָסָ, i. q. Syr. יָשָׁר, an axle or pivot 1 K. 7, 30. 2) a prince or chief Josh. 13, 3; used only of the 5 lords or chieftains of the Philistines. ----In sense No. 2, prob. from יָשָר שָׁר w. format. ending יָשָׁר, as in יָשָר

(in Pi. to root out), i. q. Aram. רקע, שיש, to extirpate the testicles, to castrate; hence היינ

רָשָרָעָפָר i. q. אַטְעָפָד w. א inserted (cf: שָׁרָבִּים שַׁיָרָבָים), a bough or branch, only Ez. 31, 5.

קר (Qal obs.) i. q. קישׁרָן, to burn or consume by fire. — Pi. to burn up, only part. קיסָרָ a burner, esp. the one who kindled the funeral pile Am. 6, 10; hence

TĘŢĊ m. prop. burner, a nettle,

סיני

only Is. 55, 13. - Prob. from r. p. w. old format. ending - (see under letter 7, p. 135); cf. L. wrtica (- F. ortie) from wro, W. danad (nettles) from tan (fire).

שרים akin to אים I, to be refracfory or rebellious Hos. 4, 16; part. סרָרָה, לסרָרָה, סרָרָה, or stubborn, said of men and of beasts Deut. 21, 18, Hos. 4, 16; סרָר סוֹרָרָים rebels of rebels i. e. most rebellious Jer. 6, 28; fig. of the heart Jer. 5, 23.

וויקָסָ (obs.) prob. akin to אָרָי (obs.) prob. akin to שָׁרָי (obs.) prob. akin to to the forth; hence

לקר (ידָסְ Q'ri) m. prop. the rainy or powring season, winter, only Cant. 2, 11 ;Syr. John.

סְחוּר pr. n. m. (hidden, r. סָחוּר) Num. 13, 13.

רָסָתָר (fut. יְסָתָר Prov. 22, 3 in some texts) akin to בָּסָ, to cover or close up, then to hide Prov. 22, 3, where some read יָסָתָר — Niph. 1) to be hid Ps. 19, 7; w. יָסָר Ps. 38, 10, יַסָּתַר Hos. 13, 14, יַסָּר Ps. 38, 10, מַעַרָר Hos. 13, 14, יָסָר Jer. 16, 17, מָסָרָר Deut. 7, 20, יָסָר Am. 9, 3 of pers. from whom; part. f. pl. יָסָר secrets Deut. 29, 28; esp. secret sins Ps. 19, 13; perh. used adverb. (Gram. נסקרה הדרא נטמאה in נסקרה הדרא נטמאה (142, 3, a) in נסקר א she is secretly defiled Num. 5, 13. 2) to hide oneself Jer. 36, 19. — Pi. to hide Is. 16, 3. — Pu. to be hidden, part. f. n. ... hidden Prov. 27, 5. --Hiph. דְּמְאָד 1) to cover up or veil the face Ex. 8, 6; to hide or avert, w. Job 3, 10, esp. of the face (פנים) Is. 50, 6; hence fig. to disregard or ignore Ps. 13, 2; of sins, to pardon Ps. 51, 11; to cause to hide Is. 59, 2, as one averting בְּרָסְקֵר בְּנִים מְצָנוֹ faces from him, i. e. his distressing aspect making men turn their faces from him Is. 53, 3. 2) to keep secret Job 14, 13; to protect Jer. 36, 26. - Hith. non to hide oneself Is. 45, 15; fig. to vanish or disappear Is. 29, 14.

ר לעתיד Chald. i. q. Heb. אָסָתּר, to hide; only — Pa. to keep hidden or secret, part. pass. f. pl. def. אָקָרָרָא secrets Dan. 2, 22; fig. to cause to disappear, to destroy (cf. מֹשְמֵעוֹנֶשׁ) Ezr. 5, 12.

סְתְרָדָ f. covering or protection, only Deut. 32, 38; r. סְתַר.

סְרְרָיָה pr. n. m. (perh. for סְרָרָיָה protection of רָיָה, r. עָרָרָ Ex. 6, 22.

Y'Ă'yin, the 16th letter in the Heb. Alphabet, as a numeral serving for 70. The name or prob. means an eye, of which its primitive round or oval form (see Table of Ancient Alphabets) was a picture or sign; and hence the Greek and Roman O. The sound of \mathcal{I} (see Gram. § 6, 2, 1) is peculiar to the Semitic tongues, being sometimes a hard guttural (Arab. \$), a sort of g or gh w. a slight rattle in the throat, expressed in the Sept. by y or x as in youop for למד, Га́са for بني (Arab. فَزَة Ghazzah), 'Poβáx for רְבָע, but often much softer (Arab. s), very like X, and hence in Sept. either not shown at all, as in Báal for בַּכָל (cf. a like omission in the Heb. רעות for רעות, הַכָּר for Chald. הָעָר for Chald. הָעָר Sept. Bήλ), or shown only by a rough or soft breathing, as in Espaio; for עברר, 'Εμμανουήλ for עברי. - As we have no Eng. character or sound to match it, this letter (like N) is usually left unsounded, but latterly many orientalists indicate its presence by the sign ', writing ba'al for גבעל.

y seems to be prosth. in some words (perh. akin to the prosth. in in Hiph. forms), e. g. in 2y = 22, I, y = 22, y = 23.

של אין דער א

(only pl. עָרָרם) m. prob. thresholds or steps, only Ez. 41, 26, i. q. עָרָר (which see); ד. אָרָר.

עיב, איד (obs.) akin to עבר (obs.), איד איד, געבח, to cover or kide, hence to protect; hence .

(fut. רְעָבֹר) perh. akin to cleave or furrow, hence 1) to break up or till the ground Gen. 2, 5, cf. Deut. 15, 19. 2) to labour or work, opp. to right Ex. 20, 9 (cf. right toplough = Chald. right to serve); right toplough = Chald. right to serve; right tosorkmen (i. e. builders) of the city Ez. 48, 18. 3) to serve (i. e. to work for another) Num. 4, 87, w. 3 of pay Gen. 29, 20, cf. Hos. 12, 13; mostly w. acc. of pers. Gen. 27, 40, also w. 3 1 Sam. 4, 9 or right

צַבְרָאֵל

2 Sam. 16, 19 or by Gen. 29, 25, w. double acc. Gen. 30, 29. Often used of subjects or nations serving rulers, Gen. 15, 18 יעבדדם וענו איום and they (Israel) shall serve them (the Egyptians), and they (the Egyptians) shall oppress them. - Fig. to worship, i. e. to reverence and serve, w. God or idol in acc. Ex. 3, 12, Deut. 8, 19, w. Jer. 44, 3, w. דווית understood in Is. 19, 23 יעבדר מצרים את אמור את יעבדר מצרים ואת and Egypt with Assyria shall serve (the Lord), cf. Job 36, 11. 4) idiomatic w. , to labour by or in (another), to impose service on any one (i. q. הַזְצָבְרֹד) Lev. 25, 89 לא הַזְצָבִר thou shalt not lay on בו עברה עבר **Aim** (prop. thou shalt not work by him) the service of a slave. — Niph. ו נעבר 1) to be worked or tilled, of land Ez. 36, 34. 2) to be served or honoured, of a king Ecc. 5, 8. - Pu. to be worked (impers.), Deut. 21, 3 אַטר לאראבר בוא by which (heifer) work is not done, i. e. she is not yet yoked for labour, cf. Is. 14, 3 (see Gram. א 143, 1, b). - Hiph. הַעַבִיד 1) to cause to work or toil Ex. 1, 13, w. 2 acc. Ez. 29, 18; hence to make weary, to distress (i. q. הוֹנִרק) Is. 43, 23. 2) to enslave Jer. 17, 4. 3) to cause to worship 2 Ch. 34, 33. - Hoph. to be caused or induced to worship, viz. idols Ex. 20, 5, Deut. 13, 3. ---- It may be better (with Dietrich) to consider עַבָר as akin to עַבָר, to bind, then to labour or serve (under contract or constraint), hence עבד bond-servant; cf. δούλος from δέω to bind, L. servus from servo (= είρω) to join or fasten, as in series.

Chald. to make or do, i. q. Heb. البينة, e. g. an image Dan. 3, 1, a war Dan. 7, 21; w. <u>p</u> among Dan. 4, 32 or with Ezr. 6, 8. — Ithpe.

to be made or done Dan. 3, 29, Ezr. 7, 26.

עָבָד (in pause עָבָד, w. suf. עַבְד, pl. שָבָרִים, c. יַקָרָד; r. עָבָרִים) m. prop. labourer or bond-man, hence 1) a servant, mostly a slave Gen. 12, 16; עבד עבדים Gen. 9, 25 lowest slave or menial (see Gram. § 119, 2, Bem.); used of subject nations 2 Sam. 8, 2, courtiers Gen. 40, 20, soldiers 2 Sam. 2, 12, dependents Gen. 47, 19. - In the Heb. style of humility or marked politeness, a person addressing another used to call himself servant thy servant for I) and the other lord (see (see , e. g. Gen. 44, 83, cf. Dan. 10, 17. --- 2) עַבֵּר רְחוֹדָה servant or worshipper of m, e.g. Abraham Ps. 105, 6, Moses Deut. 34, 5, Joshua Judg. 2, 8, David Ps. 18, 1; also a minister or messenger of God, esp. applied to Messiah Zech. 3, 8, cf. Is. 49, 6, to prophets Is. 44, 26, Am. 3, 7, to Israel Is. 49, 3 and even to Nebuchadnezzar Jer. 25, 9. - 3) pr. n. m. (perh. for עַבְהָיָה servant of חי) Judg. 9, 26.

עבד בלה pr. n. m. (king's servant) Jer. 38, 7.

Vald. m. servant Ezr. 4, 11, worshipper Dan. 6, 21.

נגו see צבר לגו.

(w. – firm; only pl. w. suf. (אָרָרָידָש) m. work or deed (Syr.) אַבָרָ only Ecc. 9, 1; r. עָבָר אָ.

עובר see לבר.

דבר־ארם pr. n. m. (prob. serving Edom) 2 Sam. 6, 10.

עָרְדָא pr. n. m. (Chald. def. form of בָּבָ servant i. e. of יָרָש Neh. 11, 17, but עבַרְיָש in 1 Ch. 9, 16.

עְרְדְאָל pr. n. m. (God's servant) Jer. 36, 26.

עבודה שבירה (נברח 1, 14) labour Ex. 1, 14, עבודה עבירה עביר labour Lev. 25, 39. 3) work or business (i.q. הקלאקה) Num. 4, 47, cf. 1 Ch. 9, 19. 3) tillage or husbandry Neh. 10, 38, cf. 1 Ch. 27, 26. 4) service Gen. 30, 26, 1 Ch. 26, 30; esp. the sacred ministry or employment of the priests and Levites Num. 4, 23, Ex. 35, 24, 1 Ch. 28, 14. 5) fig. furniture (cf. our phrase 'a service of plate') Num. 3, 36; r. בער.

גרָדָר f. service, only collect. for servants (cf. θεραπεία Mat. 24, 45, L. familia, E. retinue) Gen. 26, 14, Job 1, 3; r. דַבָּצָ.

ערדון pr. n. (servile, r. ערדון) of a Levitical city in Asher Josh. 21, 30; also of several men, e. g. a judge in Judg. 12, 13, called רָדָ in 1 Sam. 12, 11.

לקרה f. servitude or bondage Ezr. 9, 8; r. עַבָד.

עַבְרָי pr. n. m. (prob. for עַבְרָי servant of דָ 1 Ch. 6, 29.

עָרָדָיאָל pr. n. m. (servant of God) 1 Ch. 5, 15.

קָרָה, דָּדָרָ אָדָרָ, דָּדָרָ, דָּדָרָ, דָרָרָ, דָרָרָ, to wrap up or cover, then to be thick or fat Deut. 32, 15; hence אָרָרָ, אָרָי

קר (only pl. יעָבוּז, r. יעָבוּז, f. i. q. בְּקַר לא 2 cloud, only 2 Sam. 23, 4 בְּקָר an unclouded morning.

עַבֹרָה 1 Oh. 28, 14, see עַבֹרָדָה.

עבום m. a pledge or paum, only Deut. 24, 10–12; r. עָבָי.

עבור (only c. עָבוּר) m. produce or grain, only in עָבוּר זָאָרָאָ Josh. 5, 11. 12; r. עָבָר.

צבות, 500 אבות.

לעברים (fut. אָבָרי) akin to דָשָרָא, אָבָרי (fut. דָבָרי) akin to אָבָרי pledge or pawn, either in borrowing Deut. 24, 10 or in lending Deut. 15, 6; hence ארייער אין אין אין tricate, tortuous, Joel 2, 7 ארייר הערידים לא רְעָבָרים אָבירי הייר they do not twist (or turn) their ways, i. e. they move in a straight course. — Hiph. שיערים to cause to pledge, hence to lend (on a pledge), w. aco. of pers. Deut. 15, 6, w. double acc. Deut. 15, 8. Hence

ניבט (r. עָבָט, see Gram. § 84, 32) m. prop. intensive for עבוש *a pledge* or *pawn*, property taken in pawn, fig. *extortion* or *robbery*, only Hab. 2, 6.

שָׁרָי m. denseness, compactness Job 15, 26, 2 Ch. 4, 17; r. עַבָּד.

עָבָר' (w. suf. יְעָבִי') m. thickness 1 K. 7, 26; r. עַבָּה

ערידא Chald. (def. ערידא, e. קערידא) f. i. q. Heb. ערידה, labour or work Ezr. 4, 24; business or administration Dan. 2, 49; r. עבר,

(obs.) prob. akin to אָעָבָר (obs.) prob. akin to אָעָבָר to swell or rise up; hence אָדָר אָדָל, perh. ביּדָל

עבע (obs.) perh. akin to איז, דען, to be white or bright; hence perh. איז.

א האבורי , יצבר (fut. האבריר האבורי Buth 2, (3) i. q. Aram. حضز , يود , Arab. مبر , Arab. مبر , 1) to pass over, to cross e.g. a land, river or sea Josh. 2, 23, acc. Judg. 11, 29, Gen. 31, 21, Is. 23, 2, w. 7 Gen. 12, 6, Josh. 8, 11 or בחוד Num. 33, 8, also w. acc. of place whither Jer. 2, 10 or w. مجر Num. 32, 7; hence fig. to transgress (Sept. παραβαίνω) Hab. 1, 11, e. g. a command Num. 22, 18, Est. 3, 3, a law Is. 24, 5 or a covenant Deut. 17, 2. Said of the wind passing over (i. e. blowing), w. Z Ps. 103, 16, of water (overflowing) Is. 8, 8, w. 57 Ps. 124, 4, of wine (overcoming) Jer. 28, 9, of an enemy (invading) Is. 28, 19, Dan. 11, 10, of a prayer (entering) Lam. 3, 44, of a razor (shaving) w. 57 Num. 6, 5. 2) to pass or go through, w. acc. or ברן Num. 20, 17, w. ברן Gen. 15, 17; money passing or בסת לבר לפתר current for the merchant Gen. 23, 16, cf. 2 K. 12, 5. 3) to go past or beyond Gen. 37, 28, w. acc. Gen. 32, 32, w. געל 1 K. 9, 8, w. געל Gen. 18, 8; לבְרָרם passers by Ps. 129, 8, also עוֹבְרֵי דַרָדָ Job 21, 29. Fig. to pass away, to vanish or perish, of time Cant. 2, 11, of things or persons Is. 29, 5, Job 6, 15, Ps. 37, 36; to forgive, w. > of pers. Am. 7, 8, fully עבר צל פַשָּע to pass over a trespass Mic. 7, 18. 4) to pass, w. many shades of meaning as the context and construction may indicate (so too in Eng.), e. g. of myrrh, to distil or drop freely Cant. 5, 5; w. 7 to enter Judg. 9, 26, Deut. 29, 11, or w. acc. Mic. 2, 13; w. למני to lead Gen. 33, 3, w. אָקרי to follow 2 Sam. 20, 13; w. c depart Ruth 2, 8, Ps. 81, 7, or to swerve Deut. 26, 13; w. by to affect or trouble Num. 5, 14, Deut. 24, 5, also to be transferred Is. 45, 14. - Niph. נַעֲבַר (fut. רֵעָבַר) to be passed or crossed over, only of a stream Ez. 47, 5. - Pi. עַבָּר (fut. רְעָהֵר) to cause to pass through (perh. a bar or bolt), hence to fasten or shut up 1 K. 6, 21. Here also perh. belongs Job 21, 10 שורו עבר his bull copulates (prop. penetrates), but see below under דַעָר II. – Hiph. דַעָר דַעַר (fut. יעביר, apoc. יעביר) causative of Qal in most of its senses, hence 1) to cause to pass or cross over (a stream), w. double acc. Gen. 32, 24 or w. acc. and Z Ps. 136, 14; said of a razor, to make it shave Num. 8, 7, of a people or persons or things, to remove Gen. 47, 21, 2 Ch. 35, 23, Jonah 3, 6, of property, to transfer Num. 27, 7; to cause to transgress 1 Sam. 2, 24. 2) to cause (or allow) to go through, a land Deut. 2, 30, a river Josh. 7, 7; w. איף or שיש to cause or make proclamation Ex. 36, 6, Lev. 25, 9, 3) to cause to go past or by 1 Sam. 16, 10; fig. הַכֵּביר חַטָּאָה to remit or forgive sin (prop. cause to pass away) 2 Sam. 24, 10, Job 7, 21. 4) to cause to go or come (i. q. הברא), hence to bring or offer, to dedicate Ex. 13, 12; esp. הַעַבִיר בָּנִים to consecrate children to למלך באש Moloch in the fire, prob. by burning them in sacrifice, cf. 2 K. 17, 31; 23, 10, Jer. 7, 81, Ps. 106, 37-39; to cause to enter 2 Sam. 12, 31; to turn away, e. g. the eye Ps. 119, 37, evil or reproach Est. 8, 3, Ps. 119, 39. - Hith. to overflow, only fig. 1) to break forth (in anger), to be wroth Ps. 78, 59, w. דְ Ps. 78, 62, w. דֵל Prov. 26, 17, w. Dy Ps. 89, 39, once w. acc. Prov. 20, 2 היתקברו prob. for

ליז (of. Gram. § 121, 4) he that is wroth against him, i. e the king. 2) to swell (w. pride), to be haughty (cf. טָאָרָגָרי) Prov. 14, 16; cf. בָּבָרָה ... Perh. akin to Sans. wpari (over), טָּתֹנָה, תֹנְסָמ, L. super, G. über, E. over.

וו אָשָר אוו to אָשָר II prob. akin to אָשָר III, - Pi. to bear, to be fruitful; only - Pi. to cause to bear, to impregnate, only in Job 21, 10 איר איר אוון gendereth (cf. Chald. איר עבר to be fruitful or pregnant, איר to be fruitful or pregnant, איר make pregnant, איר produce or crop, איר, איר make wirful, or fatus); but see Pi. of איר עבר I.

עָבָר (r. עָבָר I; w. suf. עָבָר, pl. עברים, c. עברים) m. prop. something beyond or across, hence 1) a region or country beyond (any limit or line, esp. a river or sea that is crossed), as בעבר הים in the land beyond the sea Jer. 25, 22, בְּעֵבֶר אָרָנוֹך on the other side of the Arnon Judg. 11, 18; esp. בְעֵבָר הַצְרָהָן (Sept. τὸ πέραν τοῦ lopbávov) the country beyond the עבר לירהן Jordan Gen. 50, 10, also עבר לירהן Num. 85, 14, mostly for Palestine lying on the east of Jordan Deut. 4, 41, rarely for that on the west side (the narrator taking his standpoint on the east of the river) Deut. צַבֶר הַזֶּהַר 5, 25, cf. 11, 30. So also צַבֵר הַזֶּהַר the region across the river (i. o. on the east or the west side of the Euphrates) Josh. 24, 2, 1 K. 5, 4; once אָבְרֵי נְדֵא Is. 7, 20. 2) a place over against, opposite side, 1 Sam. 26, 13 ויעבר הוד העבר and David erossed to the other side (of the plain); hence used for coast or side, e. g. בָל־עָבָרָיז all its coasts 1 K. 5, 4, בְּשְׁנֵר פֵּרְרֵהָם on both of their sides Ex. 32, 15; idiomatic in 1 Sam. 14,4 מֶהָצֶבֶר מְזֶח–מֶחָצֵבֵר מְזָח on this

side - on that side, but in v. 40 see Gram. § 124, ארד לעבר ארזר Bem. 4). - With pref. prep. it often serves as a preposition, as in α) to beyond, i. e. over or across אל-עבר Deut. 30, 13, over against Josh. 22, 11, towards Ex. 28, 26, w. אנרין forwards Ez. 10, 22; β) לעַבְרוֹ to his opposite (bearing), i. e. straight forwards Is. 47, 15; ץ) בעבר from beyond Job 1, 19, also הַעַבר ל beyond Is. 18, 1; ל פַבָר (w. פַּנִידָה) over against Ex. 25, 37. 3) pr. n. m. (prob. passer over or emigrant, r. I) Eber, an ancestor of the Hebrew race Gen. 10, 21-24; once collect. for עברים Hebrews Num. 24, 24 (see דְבְרָד); also of other men e. g. Neh. 12, 20, 1 Ch. 8, 12.

עָרַר Chald. m. same as Heb. עַרָר נְחָרָא bence אַרָר נְחָרָא the land beyond (i. e. west of) the river Euphrates, which was west of the Persians Ezr. 4, 10.

נקרוח באבריח 2.5 אַבָרוֹח 2.5 אַבָרוֹח 2.5 אַבָרוֹח 15, 28 K'thibh; r. עָבָר I) f. ferryboat 2.5 אין 19; pl. passages or fords, perh. in 2.5 אין 2.5 אין 19; passages of the wilderness, but the Q'ri has אַרָרוֹח דַאַרָּגָר

ידָרָרָז, w. snf. קרָרָז, pl. קרָרָז, c. אָבָרָז, w. snf. (אָבָרָזי, pl. קרָזי, c. קבָרָזי, קבָרָזי, f. prop. an overflowing or ebuilition of temper, Job 40, 11 אָבָרָזי קרָרָזו אָפָרָזי אָרָזי, hence fig. 1) anger or wrath Is. 14, 6, Prov. 11, 4. 2) pride or insolence (cf. טֿקָרָנָ) Is. 16, 6, Ps. 7, 7.

עבריים איבריים (pl. אָברִיים but אָברִיים Ex. 3, 18; fem. אָברִיים, pl. אָברִיים) gentilic n. or adj. *Hebrew* (Sept. Έβραῖος), either a patronymic from אָבֵי אָבָר 3 (cf. an appellative from גָבָר זעָר קר. of the country beyond (i. e. across the

Euphrates), hence emigrant, Gen. 14, 18 אברם העברי Abram the Hebrew or the emigrant (Sept. o περάτης, Aquila περαίτης, Jerome transitor), the term being fitly applied to the patriarch by the Canaanites, into whose country he had crossed over from Mesopotamia. - Hence the name Hebrew (not Israelite יקראלי) is used in the O. Test. either by foreigners Gen. 39, 14, or to foreigners Gen. 40, 15, Jonah 1, 9, or in opp. to foreigners Gen. 48, 32, Deut. 15, 12. In 1 Sam. 18, 7 אָבְרָים עֵבְרָה there seems to be a play (παρονομασία) on the name and its origin or root.

pr. n. m. 1 Ch. 24, 27.

דָרָהָים pr. n. (crossings or passes, r. עָרָהים) of a mountain-range beyond Jordan, over against Jericho Jer. 22, 20, Num. 27, 12; 33, 47.

עָבָרך pr. n. (prob. passage, r. גָבָרן) of a city in Asher Josh. 19, 28, where some texts read יַבָרוֹן.

יעריקה pr. n. (prob. passage, r. יעריקה) of an encampment, near Eziongeber on the Elanitic arm of the Dead Sea Num. 83, 34.

prob. akin to שֹׁמָשָ, to spoil or rot (i. q. Chald. שָׁבָשׁ), only in Joel 1, 17 שְׁרָשׁוּ מָרְרוֹת the grains (or seeds) perish.

(Qal obs.) akin to עַכָּשָ, דְּבָשָׁ, to knit or twist, to bind together; only — Pi. to complicate or pervert, only Mic. 7, 3. Hence

أي adj. m., f. البترجة, tangled or interlaced, of trees Lev. 23, 40, Ez. 6, 13; Syr.

(עַבְּהוּח or עַבְּהוּם (יְעָבָהוּ יָשָׁרָ) עַבָּה com. gend., prop. an interweaving, hence 1) cord or band Judg. 15, 14, Ps. 2, 3. 2) braid or wreath Ex. 28, 14 שנשה עברי wreathed work. 3) tangled or thick bough, perh. in Ez. 19, 11, where it may perh. be for עברית clouds (so Sept. slc μέσον νεφελών in Ez. 31, 14).

לגבר (only pl. נַגָּרָרם) m. loves or charms, Ez. 33, 32 שַׁרָר עַנְרָרם ing song; also fond regards, affection, Ez. 33, 31 ישָׁרון for they are making (i. e. avowing) love w. their mouth.

באָד Ps. 150, 4 in some texts for אָנָב אָנג also in Job 80, 81, see געוב.

עַנְבָרָה (w. suf. דְּנָרָהָ) lust or passion, only Ez. 23, 11; r. אַנָב.

ואָרָה אָרָה אָרָה אָרָה I. prop. something round (r. אָרָא), hence a round loaf, a cake Gen. 18, 6; דאָקרם אסטר-coale' cake i. e. baked in hot ashes 1 K. 19, 6; דינקי דינקי unleavened cakes Ex. 12, 39.

רעני (r. יעני m. 1) adj. chattering or twittering of the swallow Is. 88, 14. 2) subst. a variety of the swallow, a swift Jer. 8, 7, where it may perh. mean the crane.

לָבָרל (pl. עֲבָרלים) m. a ring, esp. ear-ring Num. 31, 50, Ez. 16, 12; r. גַבָל

(obs.) akin to 323 I i. q. 29* Digitized by Google

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Syr. , to turn round or roll; perh. also to skip or frisk about, like young cattle, cf. Aram. , hurry or speed.

אָלָלָ adj. m., f. עָּגָלָד, round or circular 1 K. 7, 23, pl. fem. in v. 81; r. גַיָּ

עָרָלָים (w. suf. עָרָלָן, pl. דָּגָלָים) m. prop. a frisky or skipping animal (r. גָּגָל), hence a calf Ps. 29, 6, Mic. 6, 6; בָּגָל פַרְפַק a calf of the stall i. e. fatted 1 Sam. 28, 24, cf. Mal. 3, 20; also a young bullock Jer. 31, 18. Fig. in Ps. 68, 31 גָּגָל גָּגָל clubes, like calves, following their leaders.

(r. לְבָלָה (pl. c. גְּבְלָה) fem. of גָּבָל (r. לָבָצ) a she-calf, esp. heifer or young cow i. q. קים Deut. 21, 3; גַּבְּבָרָה Hos. 10, 11 a tought heifer, i. e. used to the yoke; יַבָּלַבְּרָה Gen. 15, 9 a three years old heifer. — Also pr. n. of a woman 1 Ch. 3, 3.

עָבָלָר (w. suf. יָבָּגָלָח, pl. אָבָלָר, c. קנָלוח (w. suf. יָבָגָלור, prop. anything rolling or wheeling, hence a cart or wagon Gen. 45, 19, Is. 5, 18; a roller or sledge for threshing Is. 28, 28; a chariot of war Ps. 46, 10.

تَبَرَّحُالًا pr. n. (perh. frisky or rolling, r. پرخ a king of Moab Judg. 8, 12; also a city in Judah Josh. 10, 3, the ruins or site being still called عجلان *Ajlān*.

עָרָלָיָם pr. n. (two calves), see "צָרָלַיָם.

עָרָלָת pr. n. (perh. heifer) only in גָּרָלָה שָׁלָשָּׁיָה, prob. a place in Moab, near Zoar Is. 15, 5, Jer. 48, 34.

akin to אַגָם to be pressed or bowed down, hence to be sad, only Job 30, 25 קנְמָדו נַמְשָׁר soul was sad. (Qal obs.) akin to אַזָּגָ, to shut in or enclose; only — Nips. אַזָּגָרָן shut up or confine oneself, only Ruth 1, 13 אָלָרָן שָׁלָרָן שָׁלָרָן ישָׁלָרָן שָׁלָרָן ווו אָדָרָר אַזָּגָרָר ל. in הַעָּרָרָן 20, 3, b.

(obs.) prob. mimet. akin to אָרָר קרָא (which see), אָרָא, זְחָטְשׁ, to cry or make a shrill sound, to twitter or chatter; hence געוי the swallow or swift. But perh. אָנוֹי is akin to גָעָלָ, to move round, to circle (cf. זְטָסָלָ, L. gyrus); hence a bird of circling flight.

(r. עָרָה I) m. A) subst. 1) prop. progress, duration, hence long or indefinite time, eternity, i. q. byz, Is. 57, 15 שבן בר inhabiting eternity i. e. everlasting (cf. Is. 9, 5); כָּבָד for ever Ps. 9, 19, לעולם ועד Ps. 9, 6 for ever and ever, to all eternity (notice the euphonic change in ופר for ופר, like for דָרָם, cf. Gram. § 9, 3); עַדֵר עָד Ps. 83, 18 to eternity. 2) booty or spoil Gen. 49, 27. - B) prep. (poet. pl. עַלָי as עַלָי for עַלָּ), w. suf. אָרָין, אָדָין, אָדָיב, Job 32, 12 for עריהם ,עריכם K. 9, 18 for שריהם, prop. duration or continuance, hence 1) during, while, so long as 2 K. 9, 22 עד־זָנוּנָר אָרזָבַל during the whoredoms of Jezebel, Job 20, 5 ער לשנים during a twinkling, i. e. for a moment; before inf. in Judg. 3, 26 כד ההמהמהם while they delayed. 2) as far as, to, unto a) of space, as ער הַנָּהָר Deut. 1, 7 as far as the river Euphrates, cf. Ps. 46, 10; so after verbs of motion, e. g. NIL 2 Sam. 16, 5, NIC Job 11, 7, ٢٠ Job 4, 5, تدي Judg. 9, 52; also עַר לְ even to e.g. דָר לְ נעריל פּר even to afar 2 Ch. 26, 15, cf. Is. 57, 9,

once עד אלידים as far as to them 2 K. 9, 20; before inf. Num. 32, 13, Judg. 3, 3. β) of time, unto, until Gen. 26, 33 ער היום הזגר till this day (inclusive), Judg. 6, 31 ער הַבְּקַר until the morning (exclusive) i. e. before morning, Ps. 104, 23 עַרָד till evening; אַר־מָרַד, ער־מָר, ער־מָרָד, till when? how long? — also w. inf. as עד גשוחי Gen. 33, 8 until he approached. γ) of degree, up to, equal or like to, e. g. 1 Ch. 4, 27 עַד בְּנֵר equal to (or as much as) the children of Judah, Nah. 1, 10 ער-סירים עַר־מָאֹר like tangled thorns; עַר־מָאָר 1 K. 1, 4, ער-למאר 2 Ch. 16, 14, אף 2 Ch. to might, i. e. mightily or exceedingly (cf. E. to a degree for greatly). ---C) conj. 1) until, Ews, L. donec, w. perf. as in Josh. 2, 22 ערישבוי דוריקרם till the pursuers returned; w. fut. as in Gen. 38, 11, Hos. 10, 12: fully עַר־בָּי Num. 11, 20 or עַר־בָּאָשָׁר Gen. 26, 18 until that (cf. Gram. § 155, 1, e). In Ps. 110, 1 עַר־אָשָׁרת till I shall set, the Tr is inclusive (see above under B, 2, β), cf. Gen. 28, 15 and use of Ews in 1 Tim. 4, 13. 2) so that Is. 47, 7; fully ער־אָטָאר Is. 47, 2; Josh. 17, 14. 3) while (Ewc, dum), w. perf. as in 1 Sam. 14, 19, w. fut. Job 8, 21, w. part. Job J, 18; fully נער־אָשָׁר (for עַר־אַשָׁר) Cant. 1, 12.

לך Chald. same as in Heb. A) prep. 1) during or within Dan. 6, 8. 2) till or unto, אין שריפען afterwards, i. e. at last Dan. 4, 5. 3) to or for (of purpose), דיקרר דיך for purpose that Dan. 4, 14, for עלידר היי Dan. 2, 30. B) conj. די till that Dan. 4, 30; ere that Dan. 6, 25.

שָׁרָים (pl. עַרָּים, c. עַרָּים (frm ____) m. prop. part. of r. אנה (cf. עַרָּה) testifying, hence 1) a witness Prov. 19, 5, said also of things Gen. 31, 44, Is. 19, 20. 2) testimony or witness, Ex. 20, 15 עַרָד עָד עָד נס bear witness against. 3) a legislator or ruler, perh. in Is. 55, 4.

לד Gen. 8, 22, see עד yet.

עָדָה Chald., see צָרָא.

ערא pr. n. m. 1 K. 4, 14, see ערא.

ירָשָר, פרד (obs.) akin to ירָש, דָשָר, perh. רָשָר, prop. (so Dietrich) to bind or combine; then to set fast or determine a bound or time, hence ישָר, שָרָד, perh. רָשָר,

עודר see עודר.

עד I akin to Syr. אבן, Arab. אבן, 1) to go or pass on (hence אבן, עד, A, 1, perh. עד, only Job 28, 8. 2) to invade or assail (cf. עד, I, 1), hence prob. עד, 2, spoil or plunder. - Hiph. אעד prop. to cause to go off, hence to strip off or remove a garment Prov. 25, 20, cf. קעריו I, 1), Jonah 3, 6.

אניד זער, אראָד, ארא

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move Dan. 5, 20; to depose kings Dan. 2, 21.

דר, דרש pr. n. f. (ornament or beauty, r. דרש II) a wife of Lamech Gen. 4, 19; also a wife of Esau Gen. 36, 2.

וו (ד. אַדָּה), pl. אַבָּהוֹשָ w. -firm, w. suf. יבָשֹּיָה f. 1) as fem. of ז הַמַּצַּרָה f. 1) as fem. of ז a witness (fig. said of יבַד the pillar) Gen. 31, 52. 2) testimony or proof Gen. 21, 30. 3) a confirming or ratifying, hence ordinance or precept (only God's) Deut. 6, 20.

(only pl. (פָּדָים, prop. times or periods (i. q. Arab. גָּדָה), only of the menses or monthly sickness of women, only Is. 64, 5 בּּדָר מָשָּרָם struous garment; ר. בָּדָב.

לדר also ארי איז pr. n. m. (prob. timely or seasonable, r. (prob. timely or seasonable, r. (קדי) of the prophet *Iddo*, author of some lost historical works 2 Ch. 12, 15; 13, 22; and of the grandfather of the prophet Zechariah Zech. 1, 1; also of another person 1 K. 4, 14.

 the law Ex. 25, 22, also איד העני tabernacle of the law Num. 9, 15; pl. only w. suf. ייד his precepts 1 K. 2, 3 or ייד לא עריקדי 1 K. 2, 3 or ייד איז איז איז א א עריקדי 1 K. 2, 3 or ייד א א עריקדי thy precepts Neh. 9, 34 and often in Ps. 119. 3) in title of Ps. 60, 1 and Ps. 80, 1 the sense of Ps. 60, 1 and Ps. 80, 1 the sense of Ps. 60, 1 and Ps. 80, 1 the sense of pr. to mark the style or spirit of the psalm.

עָרָיָדָים; w. suf. עָרָדָיָ, pl. פָרָדָים m. 1) r. יָבָדָי I, prob. duration or time of life, hence age, only Ps. 103, 5 where it is parallel to יָבָרָים youth. 2) r. יָדָשָ II, ormament or adorning Ex. 33, 4; עַרָּיָרָ finest ornaments Ez. 16, 7; also gear or trappings of a horse viz. his bit and bridle Ps. 32, 9.

דָאָל pr. n. m. (God's ornament) 1 Ch. 4, 36.

דָרָהָל אָרָרָה, אָרָרָה pr. n. m. (ornament of יקר צ. 22, 1; 2 Ch. 23, 1.

إ يورت adj. m., بابتوت f. (r. [يورت ا delicate, voluptuous Is. 47, 8; also pr. n. m. Neh. 7, 20.

עָדִיכָא pr. n. m. (prob. luxurious, r. עַדָן J) i Ch. 11, 42.

עִרָיט pr. n. m. (prob. for עָרָיט) luxurious, r. נגן I) 2 Sam. 23, 8, where the true reading and sense are very doubtful.

pr. n. (double booty, r. צָרָחָיָם I) of a city in Judah Josh. 15, 36.

סבבי (obs.) perh. akin to יחָדָל (obs.) to cease or rest; hence

עָרָלָי pr. n. m. (perh. restful) 1 Ch. 27, 29.

שלק", pr. n. (perh. repose or resting-place, r. אָדָל w. format. ending ד-) of a city in the plains of Judah Josh. 12, 15, and of a cave in its vicinity 1 Sam. 22, 1, Sept.

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Οδολλάμ, Adullam; hence gentil. n. τ. τ. Αdullamite Gen. 38, 1.

1. (Qal obs.) prop. to be soft, delicate or pleasant; hence — Hith. to indulge or delight oneself, only Neh. 9, 25. --- Perh. akin to *f*δομαι, άνδάνω.

עָנָד II (obs.) prob. akin to עָנָד, to bind; hence prob. גַּעָר bands Job 38, 31.

עָרָיָם (r. זְדָרָ I) m. 1) only pl. עָרָיָם delights or pleasures Ps. 36, 9, delicacies Jer. 51, 34, רש עם בָּרָיָם w. delights i. e. charmingly 2 Sam. 1, 24. 2) pr. n. Eden (delight), the pleasant region in Asia (prob. Armenia) in which was the garden (א) or Paradise of our first parents Gen. 2, 8 – 15. ----Cf. ήδονή, έδανός, ἕδνον.

קרן pr. n. (pleasantness, r. דָרָן I) of a place in Mesopotamia or Assyria 2 K. 19, 12, cf. Am. 1, 5.

ער קנה , ער לו (for פר הונה) till now, get Ecc. 4, 2. 8.

NJJY pr. n. m. (delight) Ezr. 10, 30

עדכה pr. n. m. (pleasure) 1 Ch. 12, 20; 2 Ch. 17, 14.

לדָרָה f. pleasure (esp. sexual), only Gen. 18, 12.

צֶרֶן אפר, אַרֶכָּה.

עֹרָשָׁי, f. עֹרָשָׁי, probakin to אָשָׁשָׁ, אָשָׁשָׁ, to overflow, hence to be full or ample, of curtains hanging in full folds Ex. 26, 12; to be redundant or in excess, to remain over, of food Ex. 16, 23, of money Lev. 25, 27, of persons w. שי or a in Num. 3, 46-49. - Hiph. דְדָרָד to make redundant, to have something to spare Ex. 16, 18.

אדר akin to סָרָר, 1) to arrange or marshall, an army for battle, 1 Ch. 12, 33 ולַצֵּרֹר בְּלֹא לֵב נְלֵב even to set (i. e. the battle) in array without heart and heart (i. e. with one heart, Gram. § 108, 4), comp. v. 38. 2) to set in order, i. e. to dig or dress a vineyard, cf. Niph. 1 and קעהר. 3) to muster (comp. 729), hence to miss or find wanting, cf. Niph. 2. - Niph. ו כָבָהָר (1) to be set in order, to be cultivated, of a vineyard Is. 5, 6, of hills Is. 7, 25. 2) to be missed or absent in a mustering, of men 1 Sam. 30, 19, of things Is. 59, 15; comp. allow to want 1 K. 5, 7. Hence

עָרָר (w. suf. אָדָרָים, pl. בָּרָרָים, e. בָּרָרִים) m. prop. an array or muster, hence 1) a herd or drove (מֹזְמֹזָה) of cattle Joel 1, 18; esp. a flock (ποίμνιον) of sheep or goats Gen. 29, 2, Cant. 4, 1. 2) pr. n. (a herd) of a city in south of Judah (perh. i. q. בָּרָל עָרָר בָּוֹן) Josh. 15, 21; also name of a man 1 Ch. 23, 23.

עָדָר pr. n. m. (herd) 1 Ch. 8, 15. עַדְרָיאָל pr. n. m. (God's flock) 1 Sam. 18, 19.

لت الله (obs.) prob. akin to نام I, to beat or pound; hence

(only pl. צָּרָשָׁה) f. lentils Digitized by Google

4

Gen. 25, 34; still called عدس 'adas by the Arabs and much used by the common people.

צַדוּת see צָדָת.

مرتبع Chald. (obs.) i. q. Heb. برابع to bend or twist; hence المرتبي.

אָלָאָ pr. n. (prob. overthrow or ruin, r. גָּוָה = עָיָא) of a Babylonian province 2 K. 17, 24; but עָּרָה in Is. 37, 13.

ערק (Qal obs.) akin to גדון, to cover or envelope (hence אנוס, cloud); only in — Hiph. דער to becloud, fig. to degrade, only Lam. 2, 1 (Sept. ביצילגיע

לובר pr. n. m. (worshipper or servant, r. אָבָר) of the grandfather of king David Ruth 4, 17; also the name of sundry others 1 Ch. 2, 37; 11, 47; 26, 7; 2 Ch. 23, 1.

לאל pr. n. m (perh. circle or compass, r. איש) of the giant-king of Bashan Num. 21, 23.

אנה דוס אויד, דוג , דוג, to move round, to dance, to form a circle; hence אָנָד a cake (of round form), whence as denom. to bake a cake, only in fut. w. suf. אויד בעניק thou shalt bake it.

אָדָב , אָדָב , אָדָב , אָדָב , אָדָב , אָדָב , אָדָב , אָדָב , אָדָב , אָדָב , אָדָב , אַר , אַדָּב , אַר , אַ dancing or festive instrument of music (r. גָּבָר), a pipe or flute Gen. 4, 21. ---- Perh. from r. אָדָב (to dance) w. old adj. ending ----, as in גַּדָב.

אלד, rarely אד as in Gen. 8, 22 (w. suf. אנידה אידה אידה איד איד איד איד. איד איד איד איד.

עוֹדַנָּה, עוֹדַנָּה Lam. 4, 17 Q'ri, עוֹדַנָּה once tir Is. 65, 24; Gram. § 100, 5) m. prop. continuance or duration (r. בעודי e. g. Ps. 104, 33 בעודי in my continuing i. e. while I last; but practically only an adv. still, while, yel, again Gen. 4, 25, Ps. 84, 5; hence further or longer Gen. 8, 10, Is. 5, 4, besides Gen. 43, 6. - Often used (like יש and אין) as implying or representing the verb. to be, e.g. Gen. 45, 8 הַזּגוֹד אָבִי הַזי is still mgfather alive? cf. Ps. 78, 80. So also w. the pron. suffixes (cf. Gram. § 100, 5), e. g. Josh. 14, 11 בובי דאים PIT while yet I am to-day strong, Gen. 18, 22 עודנו למד he was yet standing, Num. 11, 33; Lam. 4, 17 Q'ri עיברנו הקבינה while we continue (i. e. continually) our eyes languish, but better the K'thibb (פרנינה referring to צוֹדַיהַן) גוֹדֵינָה while they last (i. e. constantly) our eyes fail. - Used also w. pref. prep. as בְּכָרָם while yet (opp. בְּכָרָם) 2 Sam. 12, 22, within or during Gen. 40, 13, Is. 7, 8; מַעוֹד ever since Gen. 48, 15, Num. 22, 30.

Qal only fut. بعتة Lam. 2, (Qal only fut. المحال 18 in K'thibh) prob. akin to Tax, עָרָד, 1) to turn or wind, to bind; cf. נארָה (bundle) in Talmud, and Pi. below. 2) fig. (as in other verbs of binding, cf. קנה, הול) to be strong or firm, hence a) to endure or continue (whence τίσ); β) to certify or assure (whence "y), to exhort or comfort, in K'thibh of Lam. 2, 13 קח-אַעידָך how shall I comfort thee? γ) to ratify or sanction (whence ערה II). - Pi. עוד to bind fast or ensnare Ps. 119, 61. - Pil. virt to set up or support Ps. 146, 9; this form may be from כָּרָד in the same sense. - Hiph. הַכָּר to testify or

עוים

bear witness Mal. 2, 14; w. acc. against Am. 8, 13, or for i. e. to praise Job 29, 11 (comp. μαρτυρέω in Luke 4, 22). 2) to cause to testify, to take for witness, Is. 8, 2, to invoke w. > against Deut. 30, 19. 3) to affirm or assure solemnly, to protest, w. א of pers. Gen. 43, 3 דַזְעָר הַיָּגָר the man strongly protested בני הארים to us; to adjure or admonish 1 Sam. 8, 9, Ps. 50, 7; to comfort Lam. 2, 13 Q'ri; to rebuke Neh. 13, 15; to enjoin or ordain, w. acc. of thing and ב of pers. 2 K. 17, 15 אַר בָּדִדֹתַיי his ordinances which אשר דוצרר בָם he ordained for them. - Hoph. TREE to be testified or declared Ex. 21, 29. - Hithpol. דיקצור to set up oneself or to be established Ps. 20, 9 (Sept. ανωρθώθημεν); this form may be from עָרָד in the same sense.

די pr. n. m. (prob. for לוֹתָד a setter up, r. אי פראד, prophet 2 Ch. 28, 9; also of a prophet's father 2 Ch. 15, 1.

,akin to גָבָט, גָבָט, דָבָט, prop. to bend, to twist; used only fig. to be perverse, to sin Dan. 9, 5; hence ישָׁר - Niph. אָיָד: 1) to be bent or bowed down (in distress) Ps. 38, 7, Is. 21, 3. 2) to be perverted, part. נבנה, f. נבנה perverse, Prov. 12, 8 נצוח לב perverse of heart, 1 Sam. 20, 80 son of the perverse one of rebelliousness, i. e. of Pi. To subvert or overturn Lam. 8, 9, Is. 24, 1. - Hipb. ng to cause to bend, to make crooked or wrong, to pervert right Job 33, 27, way Jer. 3, 21; fig. to act wrong, to sin 2 Sam. 7, 14, Ps. 106, 6.

עָרָה (r. צָּוָה) f. overthrow, hence a ruin, only Ez. 21, 32.

pr. n. (=עָּרָה ruin) of a city

or province Is. 37, 13; its people were called עַרָּים 2 K. 17, 31.

עוון, see זיז wrong.

Tiy, see is strength.

אנח נס שלא, ארח, Arab. אנה, perh. to מוסט, to flee or haste for refuge, only inf. in נקיצור לפר הקצור ליד ליד ליד ליד ליד ליד ליד ליד ג. 30, 2. - Hiph. היד ליד ליד rescue or save in haste Ex. 9, 19, w. obj. implied Is. 10, 31, Jer. 6, 1.

I (obs.) prob. akin to דריק, דורץ III, to cut or grave; hence עש graving tool.

ערט אוו (obs.) prob. akin to וו בָּטָה II, ניש I, to rush or dash; hence אָבָיָה; see אָבָיָד II.

לקרים (only pl. עַרָּים) pr. n. 1) gentil. of אַנָּיָר 2 K. 17, 31. 2) of a Canaanite people (prob. dwellers in ruins, from עַנָּרָ Deut. 2, 23. 3) עַנָּרָים pr. n. (prob. the ruins) of a place in Benjamin Josh. 18, 23.

אָרָלָא Chald. (only pl. w. suf. גַרָיָקוּ; י. פָרָאָד; f. perversity or sin, only Dan. 4, 24.

עָרָילים (only pl. צָרָילים) m. prop. suckling (r. צול), then child Job 21, 11.

adj. m. wicked or perverse, only Job 16, 11; r. גָּנָל.

עַוּר see צַוּר.

עולם

קריח עַרָיח pr. n. (prob. ruins, r. כָּנָה) of a town in Edom Gen. 36, 35.

עלות (Qal only part. f. pl. עליה) perh. akin to גַּלָע לרַיַ to suckle or give milk; שרוח עָרוח שווch cows 1 Sam. 6, 7; also of ewes Ps. 78, 71, Is. 40, 11; hence מִעוֹלַל עוֹלָל and

by m. a suckling or infant, a child Is. 49, 15; Syr. ألف boy.

ער (Qal obs.) akin to אָאָ, דָּבָל (Qal obs.) akin to אָאָ דָבָל (קבל to turn or twist, fig. to be wrong or perverse. — Pi. (fut. יִרְבָל to commit wrong or act wickedly Ps. 71, 4, Is. 26, 10. Hence

עָרָל (c. געל Ez. 28, 18, w. suf. קולו m. perverseness or wickedness Job 34, 32, Ez. 3, 20.

לְבָל (r. אָרָל) m. a wrong-doer, transgressor Job 18, 21.

לול yoke, see איל.

עלה (r. עָלָה) f. perverseness or wickedness, wrong Job 6, 29; גַּרְכַּוּלָח son of wickedness, i. e. a wicked person Ps. 89, 23; w. - parag. שָּרָהָה Hos. 10, 13; see עַלָּהָה

לאָלָה I (w. ד – parag. געלה Job 5, 16, pl. אילויס; r. געלויס f. i. q. געלייס wickedness, wrong Is. 61, 8, Ps. 64, 7.

עֹלָה II (r. גָּלָה) f. 1) burnt-offering Judg. 6, 28 (see גָּרָה I). 2) step or stair Ez. 40, 42.

אולער (דָּלָה ד. 1) prop. ascent, hence step or stair, only Ez. 40, 40 (i. q. נְּלָה II, 2). 2) prob. i. q. נְלָה the Most High in Job 36, 33 עַלִיעָילָה concerning the Supreme, or perh. akin to אָלָע vegetation, hence עַל־עַלָּק may be over grass or pasture.

(עוֹלָלָים (pl. דּוֹלָלָים, w. suf. דּוֹלָל (pl. דּוֹלָל) אין (pl. דייק) m. same as דייק) אין אין (גער (גער (גער), child Jer. (גער (גער), נער (גער), נער (גער), גער) אין (גער), אין (גער), גער) אין (גער), אין (גער), גער) אין (גער), אין (גער) עללים (pl. פּוֹלָלים, c. דְּלָלִים w. suf. אַדְלָלִים (i.q. דָּלָלָים) m. poet. for אָדָלָים Is. 3, 12) prop. suckling, hence an infant or child Lam. 2, 11, even in the womb Job 3, 16, in the arms Lam. 2, 20, of tender age (cf. לָלָי) a boy Jer. 9, 20.

(only plur., c. עֹלָלוֹת (only plur., c. דָּלְלוֹח; r. עָלָלוֹת I) f. gleanings Jer. 49, 9, Is. 17, 6.

עוֹלָם, seldom עלם (pl. דּוֹלָם, c. עולמי; r. דָלָם I) m. prop. a wrapping up or hiding; hence A) indefinite or uncertain time, eternity (in a popular or vague sense, except when used of God); used 1) of time long past, antiquity, Gen. 6, 4 בעולם from ancient time or of old, cf. Is. 63, 16; before creation Prov. 8, 23, before and since the Babylonian exile Is. 42, 14; 61, 4. 2) of the distant future, ever, a) of persons, life-time or whole term of life 1 Sam. 27, 12, Deut. 15, 17; β) of a class or race, its whole existence or duration 1 Sam. 2, 30, Ps. 18, 51; γ) of the earth or world, perpetuity (bordering on the metaphysical sense), Ecc. 1, 4 הארץ לעולם the earth standeth for ever, Ps. 104, 5 בל-המוט עילם it shall not be moved for ever, cf. Gen. 49, 26; also of death Jer. 51, 57 and the grave Ecc. 12, 5; δ) of God, perpetuity or everlastingness (in the strict sense, without beginning or end), and we we God of eternity i. e. the Eternal Gen. 21, 33, Is. 40, 28, cf. Ps. 90, 2; s) for poetic or rhetorical effect, in invocations or benedictions for ever e. g. 1 K. 1, 31, Ps. 61, 8 (cf. 72, 5). - Plur. צוֹלַמים (cf. alw̃ves) ages, ancient times Is. 51, 9, Ecc. 1, 10; endless ages Is. 26, 4, Ps. 145, 13. B) prob. as in Chaldee and Talmud (Sept. alw), world, hence workly

thoughts or cares, only in Ecc. 8, 11 (comp. ἀγαπῶν τὸν ϫόσμον 1 John 2, 15, αἰών τοῦ ϫόσμου τούτου Eph. 2, 2); but perh. Σἰτίς skin to Arab. Li intelligence or reason, see r. Σἰζ.

I (Qal obs.) prob. skin to ג'בי, דעם II (Qal obs.) prob. skin to ג'בי, ג'ד, bence to obscure. — Hoph. (fut. ג'בי, to be obscured or tarnished, only Lam. 4, 1, but this may belong to ניקעם I.

דיים II (obs.) prob. akin to דיים, to glow or burn; hence צָיָם.

ערך I (obs.) akin to אָנָה I, דְּנָה I, to lie down or rest, to dwell; hence מַעוֹך and גַעוֹך.

(cf. vsów, L. nuo), to move or agitate, hence perh. to twinkle (as the eye) and to wave or bubble (as a fountain), hence 772; see Gram. § 82, 1, Note.

[之] (for][支]; hence

ערן ז Sam. 18, 9 in K'thibh, but ערן in Q'ri, see ערן.

עוון, rarely אָרָוֹן (o. עָוֹן, also אָרָוֹן אָרָיָדָ, sus. גַוּוּ, גַוּרָן גַוֹרָנָ גָוָרָ, גוּ געני, געני

לונה (r. דון I) f. prop. a lying down, hence cohabiting (as man and wife; cf. שבור, only Ex. 21, 10. — Here prob. belongs the pl. איז in Hos. 10, 10 Q'ri בְּאָסָרָם לְשָׁחֵר עוֹנִקָם in their adhering to their 2 cohabitings i. e. their idolatrous connexion w. the 2 golden calves; but most prefer to take it for state their 2 sins i. e. both the calves, cf. Am. 8, 14; but see under אַ זָיָ 3.

(only plur., prob. for אָרָצָים); r. דע אָרָא m. *perversities, waywardness*, only Is. 19, 14.

(fut. דָעָר, apoc. דָעָה, רֶעָה, רֶעָה, רַעָק, perh. 3 sing. f. רְעָה w. חparag.) akin to ZIZ, Syr. Lo cover (cf. הַעּיּה, הַעיּה, הַעּיּה); hence 1) to shelter or hide, esp. under the wings, only Is. 31, 5 בצפרים עַפוֹת as birds sheltering (their young, cf. Mat. 23, 37); hence ving, ving, cf. כָּנָה) fowl, whence as denom. comes - 2) to fly, of birds Prov. 23, 5, 26, 2, of an arrow Ps. 91, 5, of a host Hab. 1, 8, of a fleet Is. 60, 8; fig. of a dream Job 20, 8, of life Ps. 90, 10, of the eyes Prov. 23, 5 K'thibh (see Gram. § 146, 4). 3) to be overcast or darkened, perh. so only in Job 11, 17 הַנָּקָר הִרְרֵה let it be gloomy (i. e. though thou art in distress), it shall be as the morning (i. e. yet thou shalt be happy); but see FIF. 4) to faint or swoon (prop. to be covered or shrouded in darkness, cf. נְכָלָה (עַלָה, עָלָה) 1 Sam. 14, 28, Judg. 4, 21; akin to to fly about, to flit Gen. 1, 20, Is. 14, 29. 2) make to flit, to brandish a sword Ez. 32, 10. - Pilp. (obs.) נפעפרם to flutter or flit; hence עפעסים to cause הַדְּבֶּרָה to cause to fly, only in Q'ri of Prov. 23, 5. -Hith. דוקעופה to fly off, fig. to vanish Hos, 9, 11. Hence

TV (no pl.) m. prop. a wing (r. (19), used only as collect. birds, foul Gen. 1, 21, Ps. 50, 11.

Chald. (def. גוֹתָא) m. birds or foul (i. q. Heb.) Dan. 2, 88.

ביבי Jer. 40, 8, see ציבי. לוברת, see לוברת.

עיד I (only imper. איד) akin to יַצָּר, perh. to אָצָר , prop. to fasten or fix, hence to counsel or decide Judg. 19, 30, Is. 8, 10.

עיץ II (obs.) perh. akin to אדי (cf. pij=qui), to bloom or flourish; perh. hence

pr. n. (perh. thriving or fruitful, r. (24) of a people or tribe (Gen. 10, 23; 22, 21; 36, 28) and of their land (Sept. Adoîtai, Adoîtic) Job 1, 1, Lam. 4, 21, ארץ הערץ ביער Jer. 25, 20, prob. lying in the northeast of Arabia Deserta, between Edom and the Euphrates or Chaldea; see Delitzsch in Comment. on Job 1, 1.

(Qal obs.) akin to pur I, , to be close or tight, to be pressed. - Hiph. Tigress, w. down, only Am. 2, 13.

רעיי I (fut. דָעיר Q'ri Job 41, 2, imper. cohort. דָּרָה, part. דֶר, cf. מֵת, cf. perh. mimet. akin to קרָא , גַּעַר, אָדָר, to cry or call, hence to be astir or awake (opp. ישׁך), part. ער calling i. e. watching or awake (of the heart) Cant. 5, 2, יענה caller and answerer i. e. every living person Mal. 2, 12; עָאָרָה לַמָּה הִישָׁן Ps. 44, 24 awake! why sleepest thou? cf. Is. 51, 9; also to rouse or stir up, in Q'ri of Job 41, 2. -- Niph. רעור (fut. רעור) to be awaked or aroused from sleep

Job 14, 12, Zech. 4, 1; fig. of the wind Jer. 25, 82, of a people Jer. 6, 22, of God Zech. 2, 17. - On-Hab. 3, 9 see under TI. - Pil. to awake or rouse one out of his aleep) Cant. 2, 7, cf. Job 3, 8; fig. to excite or stir up Prov. 10, 12, Ps. 80, 3, hence to brandish or flourish 2 Sam. 23, 18, Is. 10, 26. - For עוֹרָר in Is. 23, 13 see under עָרָר L. - Pilp. to call or excite, hence prob. רעערי Is. 15, 5 in some texts for ר קרערא, ד being vocalised as in שהיש הַרָשׁ. – Hiph. הַדְּרָר (inf. w. הָרָשׁ. for בְּהַעִיר Ps. 73, 20, cf. Gram. § 23, 4) to cause to wake or stir, to rouse up out of sleep Cant. 2, 7, Zech. 4, 1, cf. Job 41, 2; fig. of a nest (i. e. the young birds) Deut. 32, 11, of God (moving men) Is. 45, 13, 1 Ch. 5, 26; also intrans. to awake (prop. to keep watch) Ps. 35, 23, w. to א התעובר Job 8, 6. - Hithpol על to rouse oneself Is. 64, 6, w. 3y Job 17, 8; fig. to exult Job 31, 29. --- Perb. akin to Sans. gri (to wake), έγείρω, άγρυπνος (prob. = έγρόμενος for έγειρόμενος, as άγρόμενος for άγειρόμενος).

ערי II (Qal obs.) akin to אָרָה I, ער I, prob. to אַרָע I, to be bare or naked; cf. יַכָּרור. – Niph. יַכָּרור (fut. רבור) to be bared, to be uncovered or unsheathed, only Hab. 3, 9. - Pil. to make bare, to expose or dismantle Is. 23, 13; see עַרָר I.

קו (obs.) akin to אוו דויר, צור III (obs.) III ערי קור, I, to dig, to hollow out; hence מְעָרָה cave.

IV (obs.) prob. akin to עדר II, קדר III, to go round, hence to encircle or enclose; hence vir skin, also prob. ערד city i. e. a walled town.

עו (obs.) akin to גור גול עו (obs.) גור אוו גור גול III, to suck; hence ער

עוו (Qal obs.) perh. akin to דָרָר, דָרָד, to glow or burn. lliph. to heat, only part. יַדָר Hos. 7, 4 heating or heater; see וו איר וו.

לאר Chald. m. chaff or hull Dan. 2, 35; prob. i. q. Heb. של covering or skin.

(Qal obs.) prob. akin to אוו ער (Qal obs.) prob. akin to אוו ער (קוב יר *hollow out*; prob. hence – Pi. אָבָר (fut. יקב) to blind the eyes (prob. by digging them out) 2 K. 25, 7, Jer. 52, 11 (Syr. ג'ב'); fig. of bribing a judge Ex. 28, 8, Deut. 16, 19. Hence

עִרְרָה . אָעָרְרָם . אָעָרְרָם . (פְּרְרָה . אָעָרָה . (פְּרָה .) blind Ex. 4, 11, Is. 42, 7 (כַּרָן .); fig. of the soul Is. 29, 18. ---- Cf. L. cœcus (prob. akin to cavus), Irish caoch (dark), W. coeg in coegdhalh (purblind), prob. akin to cou or cam.

דרב pr. n. Is. 10, 26, see עורב

עָרָרֹן (r. דָרָרָן) m. blindness Deut. 28, 28, Zech. 12, 4.

עַרָרִים only K'thibh of Is. 30, 6 עַרָרים asses; see עַרָרים.

לְרָרָת f. blindness, only Lev. 22, 22; r. אָנָרָת

עריש I (only imper. אוא (סרש) akin to שאו, ראש, to hasten or hurry, only Joel 4, 11; but see שא II.

لابت II perh. akin to تعذير II, to collect or gather, perh. in Joel 4, 11 where Sept. συναθροίζεσθε and Syr. أكتلمه (أكتلمه) perh. hence تجرير براي I, perh. يربع.

(Qal obs.) akin to \vec{v} ; (which see), to bend or crook. — Pi. to make bent or crooked Ecc. 7, 13; fig. of justice, to wrest or pervert Job 8, 3; of a man, to wrong Lam. 3, 36; of a way, to turn aside or subvert Ps. 146, 9. — Pu. part. \vec{v} ; proceed Ecc. 1, 15. — Hith. to bend oneself or stoop Ecc. 12, 3. Hence

עָרָאָד (w. suf. אַ פַּיָּרָאָד w. – firm; r. געיס *t. wrong* or *oppression*, only Lam. 3, 59.

ערתי pr. n. m. (prob. helpful or succouring, r. ערח) 1 Ch. 9, 4; Ezr. 8, 14.

 $\overline{12}$ (r. $\underline{112}$; in pause $\underline{12}$, pl. $\underline{112}$) adj. m., $\underline{112}$; (pl. $\underline{1122}$) f. 1) strong, mighty, fierce, of a people Num. 13 28, the wind Ex. 14, 21, waves Is. 43, 16, anger Gen. 49, 7, a lion Judg. 14, 18, a king Is. 19, 4, a border Num. 21, 24; $\underline{121}$ fierce of face i. e. flerce looking Deut. 28, 50. 2) as subst. in Gen. 49, 3 $\underline{122}$ strength i. q. $\underline{122}$; also a stronghold

or fortress Am. 5, 9; ferocities or as adv. fiercely in Prov. 18, 23.

לאָר (pl. דָּיָב) f. she-goat Gen. 15, 9; but also prob. epicene a goat, קוד עוים kid of the goats Gen. 27, 9; סוד עוים Deut. 14, 4 a head of the goats, i. e. one goat. Fig. דָיָר עוים hair Ex. 26, 7, cf. 1 Sam. 19, 13. ----Prob. r. 11, (cf. אָרָל, r. אָרָל), if not akin to דָיָן (which see), alosw, alt, Sans. aj (to dart), ajas (a buck) G. geiss, E. goat.

לא Chald. (pl. לְּדָין) f. she-goat Ezr. 6, 17.

17, rarely 777 (w. Maq. -15, w. suf. עד or עד, עדי Ps. 81, 2; r. נקני m. 1) strength or might, of God Job 12, 16, men Ps. 29, 11, beasts Job 41, 14; poet. warriors Judg. 5, 21. 2) firmness or stability Judg. 9, 51, הַזְכֵּרְתָּה לבדרר עז Ps. 30, 8 thou didst set firmness to my mountain, i. e. didst confirm it; hence fig. defence Ps. 28, 8; in a bad sense, לז פּנים effrontery Ecc. 8, 1. 8) glory or splendour (from the display of power) Hab. 3, 4, Ps. 96, 6, comp. Ps. 132, 8 and 2 Ch. 6, 41, hence for the ark Ps. 78, 61. 4) praise or musical celebration, נא instruments of praise 2 Ch. 30, 21.

۲٫۶ pr. n. m. (strength) 2 Sam.
6, 3, but بعر in v. 6; of others in
1 Ch. 8, 7 and Neh. 7, 51.

DINJY (r. $\exists i \exists j$) m. prob. a sending away or dismissing, hence prob. an averting or expitation (cf. $d\lambda \xi \xi (xa$ xoz, L. averruncus), used only inLev. 16, 8. 10. 26 in connection w.the goat that was let go or dismissed into the wilderness on the dayof atonement; hence it may meanthe goat itself, the scape-goat (as if $for <math>\exists i \exists departing goat$; so Vulg. caper emissarius, prob. Sept. dxo $\pi o \mu \pi a \bar{i} o \zeta$, Kimchi אַכָּיר דָאַטְקָלַת אָבָ goat that is sent away), or may denote the design and use of the goat as explaining or taking away the sins of the people Lev. 16, 20–22, cf. John 1, 29. — Some take אוזיז for a pr. n. (Azazel) of the place to which the goat escaped, or of some evil spirit or demon to which it was consigned. — Prob. from r. אוז, whence אוגן (cf. אוזיק כל to או אומין (cf. בוק כויק כויק).

I (fut. יְעָזֹב) perh. by metathesis akin to Aram. par, 1) prop. to let go or set loose, to release, prob. in Ex. 23, 5 giz giz ing thou shalt verily loosen (the ass) w. him (the owner, by helping him), cf. Job 10, 1 I will set loose my complaint i. e. cease to check it; hence part. pass. In freed, in the proverbial phrase עצור ועודב bond and free i. e. every body Deut. 32, 36, 1 K. 14, 10, 2 K. 9, 8. 2) to leave, to forsake or abandon, e. g. a person Gen. 2, 24, God Deut. 31, 16, the law Prov. 28, 4, a place Jer. 25, 38, a land Ez. 8, 12 (hence That a desert Is. 6, 12), mercy or kindness Ruth 2, 20, property Ps. 49, 11; hence to leave off, to omit Hos. 4, 10, to dismiss wrath Ps. 37, 8, to remit debt Neh. 5, 10; w. ל, אל or על of pers. Mal. 3, 19, Job 39, 11, Ps. 10, 14. - Niph. <u>cer</u>t to be forsaken Neh. 13, 11, Is. 7, 16; to be abandoned, w. ל Is. 18, 6. – Pu. דְּנָב to be left or forsaken Jer. 49, 25, Is. 32, 14.

עדב II (fut. יבָוֹב) perh. akin to גער (נר. קר ב בָּוַק), to bind or fasten, hence to fortify, only Neh. 8, 8. Hence

נְבְרֹלֹן (only pl. כָּזְבוֹיָם) m. prob. i. q. אָרָבוֹן, 1) barter or trading, hence gains or profits (cf. בָּרָבוֹן Ez. 27, 27. 2) market or fair Ez. 27, 19 אוּדָל בְּצָוְבוֹנְרָה נְהַוּ in thy fairs.

די אין פֿובר pr. n. m. (prob. set free, ד. אין w. old adj. ending אין, see under letter p) Neh. 3, 16.

לְאָדָ pr. n. m. (perh. for דָּוֹשָ strong is fortune) Ezr. 2, 12, Neh. 10, 16.

(obs.) prob. akin to مع or ایت, to harbour or succour, cf. Arab. وزدیو to comfort; hence يزديز

יחדי pr. n. f. (strong place, fem. of vy) Sept. Γάζα (cf. Acts 8, 26), Gaza, one of the 5 chief-cities of the Philistines, near the southern border of Palestine Gen. 10, 19, Josh. 11, 22; gentil. איז Gasite Judg. 16, 2.

777 2 Sam. 6, 6, see MJY.

אָעָדוּהָרָה (r. בַּוָּצָ I) f. 1) abandonment or forsaking Is. 17, 9; desert or ruins Is. 6, 12. 2) pr. n. of mother of Jehoshaphat 1 K. 22, 42; also of Caleb's wife 1 Ch. 2, 18.

TTTY (r. 115) m. might or strength, of God Ps. 78, 4, of war Is. 42, 25.

대가 (r. 11곳) adj. m. strong or mighty Ps. 24, 8; also subst. force, collect. for warriors Is. 43, 17.

צַזָר פּפּפ, צַדָרָר.

 deep became mighty, cf. קרם צרם Is. 43, 18. – Hiph. און to make strong or bold, only שנים to be impudent Prov. 7, 13, קרים Prov. 21, 29. Hence קרים אר שניין דראר דען דראר אר שניין דראר דען דראר געון דראר דין דראר אר שניין דראר געון דראר דין דראר אר שניין דראר געון דראר דין דראר אר שניין דראר געון דראר געון דראר

ידי pr. n. m. (my might or = 1 Ch. 5, 31.

NY pr. n. 1 Ch. 11, 44.

רען אל, see אנויאל.

עַלְלָרָה , עָרָרָה , עַרָּהָה) Uzziah (B. C. 811–759) 2 K. 15, 13, Is. 6, 1, called also אַוָרָה 2 K. 14, 21 and אַוַרָרָה 2 K. 15, 6.

pr. n. m. (strong) Ezr. 10, 27.

مَنْ (obs.) prob. akin to بَابَر, Arab. بَوْل , to depart or remove; prob. hence ابتزي, which see.

אָקָאָרָע דָר ח. m. (perh. deathstrong, cf. צַלְמָוָת) one of David's valiants 2 Sam. 23, 31; also a place Neh. 12, 29.

to be strong; hence

117 pr. n. m. Num. 84, 26.

PIZ (Qal obs.) prob. akin to μöŋ, pöŋ, Chald. pöŋ, ἀσχέω, to work or till. — Pi. piŋ to till or cultivate, only Is. 5, 2.

RPI Chald. (w. suf. جزم f. ring or signet Dan. 6, 18. --- Perh.

akin to Chald. r. pin to hold fast, i. q. Syr. مَوْصُل , akin to مَوْصَل

fallow, r. piz) a city in the plain of Judah Josh. 10, 10.

ניע (fut. יַעַזֹר, pl. יַדַּזָרא) prob. akin to אַזָר, אַזַר, Syr. גאַז, 1) prop. to begird or enclose, whence gird a court. 2) to strengthen, to help or aid, w. acc. of pers. Ps. 109, 26 עזרני help me! or w. ל Job 26, 2 or 2 Ch. 20, 23, w. 20 1 Ch. 12, 21, w. אָקור (implying motion after) 1 K. 1, 7; part. vir helping and pass. עזר helped Is. 81, 3. - Niph. עזר helped Is. 81, 3. to be helped or aided Ps. 28, 7, 1 Ch. 5, 20. - Hiph. דוע to help, part. pl. מעזרים (Gram. § 53, Rem. 5) helpers 2 Ch. 28, 23; inf. לבזרר (for לְהַעָּזִיר for to help, Gram. § 53, Rem. 7) in K'thibh of 2 Sam. 18, 3. Hence

עָוָר (w. suf. נְעָוָר m. help Is. 30, 5; often as concrete helper Ps. 70, 6, Gen. 2, 18. 2) pr. n. m. (help) 1 Ch. 4, 4, but נְעָרָה in v. 17.

קָדָר n. m. (help) Neh. 12, 42. רָעָדָר אָדָר pr. n. m. (helper) Ez. 11, 1, Jer. 28, 1.

NTY pr. n. m. (help) *Ezra*, the priest and scribe ($\gamma \rho \alpha \mu \mu \alpha \tau s \delta \varsigma$), who in 458 B. C. led up a colony of the Jews from the exile in Babylon to Jerusalem, and wrote the book named after him Ezr. chaps. 7–10, Neh. chap. 8.

עוראל pr. n. m. (God's help) 1 Ch. 12, 6.

קוֹרָה; (w. suf. גָּוְרָחָנָא, w. דָּשָׁרָה; parag. אָדָרָחָא Ps. 44, 27, see Gram. § 80, Rem. 2, f.) f. help or aid Ps. 22, 20, Lam. 4, 17; r. עָנָי.

עָזָרָיָה pr. n. m. (perh. for כָּזְרָיָה, help of די 1 Ch. 27, 26.

עַוָרָאָל pr. n. m. (God's help) 1 Ch. 5, 24; Jer. 86, 26.

עַוֹרְיָדָה', אַוַרְיָדָה', אַוַרְיָדָה', אַוַרְיָדָה', פוּקיָדָה', יַוֹרָדָה', עוֹרָדָה', עוֹרָדָה', גיאָד ז', ניאָד ז', גיאָד ז', גיאָד ז', אוויר אוויר see.

עורקם pr. n. m. (prob. help rises) 1 Ch. 3, 23.

גוֹרָ (r. אָזָי) f. help Ps. 60, 13; poet. for זְּהֶרָה, like זְּהָרָה for זְהָרָה; see Gram. § 80, Rem. 2, b.

גֿוָז, see אַזָּע.

Dy (r. CF) I) m. a graver or style for carving letters on stone or metal Job 19, 24, Jer. 17, 1; prob. also a writing-pen or reed (χάλαμος) Ps. 45, 2, Jer. 8, 8.

אָטָאָ Chald. (r. דָיָדָ) f. same as Heb. דְאָדָ, counsel or discretion Dan. 2, 14.

וו (Qal obs.) prob. akin to נו עום III, אין גרט III, עום געום III, אין געום געום עום עום עום אוו אוו אוויגע

- Hiph. הנשה (fut. spoc. יעט) to make haste, w. 5% 1 8am. 14, 32 in Q'ri. - For [1] 1 Sam. 25, 14 see 1917 II.

עָבָד (r. עָבָד) m. prob. holder or receptacle, a vessel, found only Job 21, 24 עםיניו מלאו חלב prob. his vessels (e. g. pails, pans) are full of milk (from the flocks), so Delitzsch in his Comment. on Job, where see also other renderings; cf. Chald. רביביך a vat.

השרטע f. a sneezing (cf. Syr. A Lais, Chald. ترامع), only Job 41, 10 דְטָשׁתִיד his sneezings; r. שׁטָאַ.

고OZ (obs.) prob. akin to Arab. فَطَلَ, to be dark (cf. Syr. مُطَلَ; hence

m. a bat, as stirring and prowling at dusk Lev. 11, 19, Is. 2, 20. --- From עַטָל w. old adj. ending η- (see letter D, p. 501); cf. vuxτερίς, L. vespertilio.

102 (obs.) perh. akin to 理, to bind together, hence to hold; perh. hence נְמִד

(fut. רְעָטֹק, קינס) prob. akin to קינה, שיקה I, קלא i. q. Syr. . () to cover, w. > of obj. Ps. 73, 6. 2) intrans. to be covered, w. acc. Ps. 65, 14, Job 28, 9 יעטק רפיך he hides himself in the south (or on the right-hand). 3) fig. to swoon or faint Ps. 61, 3, Is. 57, 16; part. pass. קשע languished or faint Lam. 2, 19; weak or weary Gen. 30, 42. - Niph. (only inf. w. אָ הַעָּטָם for אָרָשָׁנָטָם, cf. Gram. § 53, Bem. 7) to be overcome or exhausted Lam. 2, 11. - Hiph. Treat to show languor, to be weakly Gen. -30, 42. - Hith. to swoon off, hence to languish or faint Lam. 2, 12, Pa. 77, 4, Jonah 2, 8.

פי

(fut. רַעָשׂר) akin to אָאָטָר) אַ קתר, בתר, to surround or encompass for attack, w. 58 1 Sam. 23, 26, for defence, w. 2 acc. Ps. 5, 13. - Pi. אָטָר to encircle w. chaplet or diadem, to crown, w. acc. Ps. 8, 6; 65, 12; w. 5 of pers. Cant. 3, 11. - Hiph. הפטיר to make or confer a crown, said of Tyre Is. 23, 8 האַכטירה crown the crown-dispensing. Hence

עטרות .pl עטרות (c. עטרה, pl עטרות, c. קברות) f. 1) a crown or diadem, of royalty 2 Sam. 12, 30, often fig. Job 19, 9, Prov. 12, 4; a garland or chaplet, of festivity Is. 28, 1. 2) pr. n. f. (crown) 1 Ch. 2, 26. --- Hence τιάρα, L. tiara.

pr. n. pl. (crowns) of a city 1) in Gad Num. 32, 8, east of the Dead Sea, on a mount now called *Attârûs*. 2) on the border of Ephraim Josh. 16, 7, called also prob. עמרות אָרָר (crowns of Addar) Josh. 16, 5, now Atâra. 3) in Judah, דַרָּרוֹת בֵּרָת crowns of the house of Joab) רואב 1 Ch. 2, 54. 4) אַטוֹתָאָרוֹת נטוֹק a city in Gad Num. 32, 35.

(obs.) to sneeze. --- Prob. mimet. akin to عطَس, Chald. يعين , L. tussio, W. tisio (to sneeze), E. tush. Hence עטרשה.

pr. n. (prob. for עַרָּ overthrow or ruin, r. ערה; cf. ערה) always w. art. the ruin) except in Jer. 49, 3, آلار Ai, a royal city of the Canaanites, east of Bethel, on the northern border of Benjamin Gen. 12, 8, Josh. 7, 2 (Sept. Άγγαί, Vulg. Hai); but NIT in Neh. 11, 31, 7 1 Ch. 7, 28 (in some texts) and עַיָּה Is. 10, 28.

עָיָר , for אַוָּר , r. אָוָד; pl. אַיִר, אייד, אָיִד

Mic. 3, 12) m. prop. overthrow, hence 1) a ruin Mic. 1, 6, pl. ruins Jer. 26, 18, Ps. 79, 1. 2) קיים pr. n. (ruins) α) a city in Judah Josh. 15, 29; β) part of mount Abarim Num. 33, 45, fully קיי קיברים (ruins of the passes) Num. 21, 11.

צר see ערא,

עיב 500 , דרב.

אָדָלָ pr. n. (prob. hill, r. גָּדָלָ קָרָאָדָל mount *Ebal* (Sept. Γαιβάλ), near Shechem, opposite to mount קרִיָּרָש Deut. 11, 29, Josh. 8, 30; also a various reading for גָּרָיָש (which see), and the name of an Idumean Gen. 36, 23.

עיד, see עיד.

ערוך pr. n. (prob. a ruin, r. דָּוֹן) a city in Naphtali 1 K. 15, 20.

עַלּוּת pr. n. (prob. overthrow, r. (ஜ) of a town 1 Ch. 1, 46 in K'thibh for דישים.

ענידה, see שיש and דעיש.

D? (r. 239 III) m. ravenous beast (as rushing or pouncing on the prey) Jer. 12, 9; esp. a bird of prey, an eagle (cf. àετός) Job 28, 7, symbol of a conqueror Is. 46, 11; collect. ravenous birds Gen. 15, 11, Is. 18, 6. Hence

ער see עוירם,

עילום m. (same as דילום) eternity, only 2 Ch. 33, 7.

עָלָל pr. n. m. (prob. i. q. אָדָל chief, r. דָלָט one of David's captains 1 Ch. 11, 29, but אָלְטוֹן in 2 Sam. 23, 28.

pr. n. (perh. concealment, צַילָם r. קעלום j; cf. עַילום ועַילוי גין גַי son and of his descendants and their country Gen. 10, 22, Is. 21, 2, Elam, Sept. Έλάμ, Έλαμῖται Is. 21, 2 (cf. Acts 2, 9), Έλυμαῖς 1 Mac. 6, 1, a Persian province whose capital was Susa Dan. 8, 2 (prob. now *Chūzistân* (موزستان); used as masc. for the people Is. 22, 6 and fem. for the land Is. 21, 2 (see Gram. § 107, 4, a). — Also pr. n. of person in 1 Ch. 8, 24, and of place (תַּכָּלָם אָרָוֹר) in Ezr. 2, 31.

(w. - firm; r. געָיָם II) m. heat or glow, only Is. 11, 15 בְּצָיָם in the heat of his spirit, i. e. anger.

TZ, see تا II; whence

ערנים dual נעיני , w. suf. עין; dual עין, c. עַרנוֹת; pl. עַרַנוֹת, c. עָרנוֹת, only for fountains, except in Hos. 10, 10; r. נדך II) f. prop. what stirs (see Gram. § 82, 1, Note) e. g. twinkling of the eye and waving of a well; hence 1) the eye (i. q. Syr. مُعَدُّل Arab. عيس) Gen. 44, 21, Job 42, 5, Ex. 21, 24; fig. גַינים רָמוֹת lofty eyes, i. e. haughty looks or pride Ps. 18, 28; ערן בערן eye to eye i. e. directly or openly Is. 52, 8, Num. 14, 14, but an eye for an eye in Deut. 19, 21; לדר ערנים disclosed of eyes i. e. having the mind's vision clear Num. 24. 4. - Among the many shades of meaning notice esp. a) face or presence in לְעֵרנָי Gen. 23, 11, בַבֶּרנָר Gen. 19, 14, סַעָרנָר Num. 15, 24; β) look or appearance Num. 11, 7, cf. Zech. 5, 6; the swrface Ex. 10, 5; also sparkling or bead of wine Prov. 23, 31. Hence as denom. 77 to ogle. 2) a fountain or spring (w. ערנות . pl. אַרָנוֹת, c. עריה) אַרָנוֹת . ווס - שר Gen. 16, 7, Ex. 15, 27; this word occurs in many names of places, e.

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g. a) a city in Simeon Josh. 15, 32, also a place in north Palestine Num. 34, 11; β) דֵרן לגַל (fuller's fount) a well east of Jerusalem in the valley of Kidron (now called Job's well) Josh. 15, 7, 1 K. 1, 9; ץ) ערן אדר גדי (kid's fount) on the west shore of the Dead Sea Josh. 15, 62, Ez. 47, 10; ô) דרן נורם (gardens' fount) in the plain of Judah Josh. 15, 34, also a city of the Levites in Issachar Josh. 19, 21; ε) עַרן דאר Ps. 83, 11 and צרן הור (abode-fount) in Manarseh, near mount Tabor Josh. 17, 11, 1 Sam. 28, 7, now Endûr; ζ) swift fount) in Issachar Josh. 19, 21; η) עֵרן דָזצוֹר (well of the close) in Naphtali Josh. 19, 37; (panic-fount) Judg. 7, 1; ערן הרוד (θ ו) ערן משפט (justice-fount) Gen. 14, 7, cf. Num. 20, 13; x) ערן עולים (2 calves' fount) in Moab on east shore of the Dead Sea Ez. 47, 10; λ) يرجز (שׁמָשָׁ (sun-fount) on the confines of Judah and Benjamin Josh. 15, 7; μ) ערן וואנין (the dragon - well) near Jerusalem Neh. 2, 13; v) ערן (apple-tree-fount) Josh. 17, 7. 3) in Hos. 10, 10 the K'thibh דינהם may be for ערֹנָתָם, same as the Q'ri (חָיָה = חַיַה, עַוֹּה = עַיָּה (cf. מָיָה) their sins i. e. idols, viz. the 2 golden calves (cf. Am. 8, 14); but צונה אפו אפנ.

עָרָן, pl. עָרָן f. eye (i. q. Heb. עַרָן) Ezr. 5, 5, Dan. 7, 8.

ער (denom. from יער) to eye to eye or ogle, hence to suspect or envy, only part. ער סו ער ער סו ער ער אויין 9, where the K'thibh is עו ה same sense.

ערך, see ערך.

pr. n. (2 fountains) a place

in Judah Gen. 38, 21, but קיים (see Gram. § 88, Bem. 1) in Josh. 15, 34.

צַינָים see צֵינָם.

ייברביל סי אַרבָרביל Ps. 73, 7 for ערבריביל of. Gram. § 91, 2, Rem. 3) their eyes; but Sept. reads א מסוגום מטֹדשׁיע (Vulg. iniquitas eorum) as if the text were בינבו

ערקן pr. n. m. (springy, cf. L. fontanus) Num. 2, 29; cf. דָנָרָ

קרא, akin to דְּכָּה, to languish or faint, only Jer. 4, 81. Hence

ער (pl. דָּרָפָּר adj. m., דָּרָפָּר f. languid, faint or weary Gen. 25, 29, Job 22, 7, Is. 32, 2.

ערקד (w. ד - parag. דערקד Job 10, 22; r. דיד) f. 1) darkness Am. 4, 13. 2) pr. n. (dusk) a place and people in Midian Gen. 25, 4, Is. 60, 6; also of a woman and a man 1 Ch. 2, 46. 47.

"פֿרָק pr. n. m. (fainting, r. דָרָק) Jer. 40, 8, where דֹּרָק in K'thibh.

עור see verb עור, see verb.

ער I, rare ער Num. 21, 15 (w. suf. ערדי, pl. ערדי, c. צריד, w. suf. עריהם, once pl. עריהם Judg. 10, 4) f. prop. enclosure (r. עוד IV) or perh. watching or guarding (r. עור I), hence i. q. קיר, a city Gen. 4, 17; הערר, a city Gen. 4 the city Ez. 7, 23 and simply ערד Is. 66, 6 used for Jerusalem, called also ע׳ דאַן דען Ps. 46, 5 and ע׳ דאַן דען the holy city Is. 52, 1, cf. Mat. 27, 53; used often for one's native town Gen. 24, 10 (cf. $\pi \delta \lambda \iota \zeta \Delta \alpha \beta \delta \delta$ for Bethlehem Luke 2, 4, πόλις αύτῶν Naζapét Luke 2, 39). – Very often in proper names, e. g. of a man 1 Ch. 7, 12 but ערדי in v. 7; esp. of places, מ) עִרר הַשֵּלַה (the salt city) in the wilderness of Judah near the

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Dead Sea Josh. 15, 62; β) (אָרָשָׁ (snake-city) 1 Ch. 4, 12; ץ) שָׁשָׁשָ אַ (sun-city) in Dan Josh. 19, 41, prob. i. q. שָׁשָׁש Josh. 15, 10; ל) אַ דָּרָקרָרָים (the city of palms) i. e. Jericho Deut. 34, 3. ני דָּדָרָיָס (the city of destruction) i. e. Heliopolis Is. 19, 18.

עדר (r. עני VII) m. heat, hence anger, only Hos. 11, 9.—In Ps. 73, 20 בדיעיר is for בעיר in waking (r. 10 ניתי I; of. Gram. § 23, 4).

דיך III (r. דו ערד V) m. anxiety or distress, only Jer. 15, 8.

עירין Chald. (r. עירין pl. פירין) m. watcher, used as a name for angels in later Jewish times, as if guarding men (cf. Ps. 91, 11) Dan. 4, 10. 14.

ערדה (w. suf. דירה Gen. 49, 11, pl. ערדה עדיקי: r. אור (עוד עדיקי) איז (ערדיקי), אור (עדיקי), אור (ערדיקי), אור prop. suckling, hence a young ass, a foal or colt Gen. 32, 16, Job 11, 12; also an ass (full grown) Judg. 10, 4, Is. 30, 24. 2) i. q. איז (only pl. ערים (only judg. 10, 4 for assonance with ערים asses.

וֹיָלָיָא pr. n. m. (prob. watcher, r. איז I) a priest of David 2 Sam. 20, 26; also 2 of his captains 2 Sam. 23, 26. 37.

ערָדָד pr. n. m. (prob. shy, r. צָרָדָ Gen. 4, 18.

עָרר pr. n. m. (perh. for עָררוֹן wakeful, r. עויד I) 1 Ch. 4, 15.

עִרָּרָם זי, pr. n. m. (prob. watchful, r. א עוד I w. adj. ending ⊐ –) Gen. 36, 43.

ערם, צָירְשָּרם (pl. צָירְשָּרם; ru שָרָם, קַירָם) adj. m. naked or stripped (i. q. עָרָוֹם) Gen. 3, 7. 10. 11; also as subst. nakedness Ez. 16, 7; 23, 29.

ערָש (r. דיש II) m. prop. group of stars, hence a constellation, prob.

E

the Great Bear (L. ursa major) Job 38, 32, same as the Job 9, 9.

עָרָה pr. n. (prob. i. q. עָרָה ruin) of a place Is. 10, 28; see עָרָ

עקבע I (obs.) prob. akin to דָּשָׁב I, Arab. אוֹע (to plait), Chald. עקברש (to detain), to bind, hence to spin or weave; hence איזע.

בבציע II (obs.) prob. akin to אָבָאָב II (obs.) prob. akin to געאָב גן קבג גע קבג to burrow; hence אַבָּבָר and

עְרָבוֹר pr. n. m. (i. q. דֶרְבוֹר mouse) Gen. 36, 38; Jer. 26, 22.

עברבירא m. spider Job 8, 14, Is. 59, 5; Chald. איש שברבירא Prob. r. קבע I (to spin) w. old format. ending w- (as in שיקר, see under letter w); cf. G. spinne (from spinnen), E. spider (for spinder, like spindle, from spin).

קרָבָר (pl. c. עַבְּקַרַי) m. mouse, esp. field-mouse Lev. 11, 29, 1 Sam. 6, 4, Ia. 66, 17; Syr. בססבן Prob. r- אבססבן (todig or burrow)w. old format. ending ---, as in אַנְקָרָר : see under letter .

Dy pr. n. (perh. enclosure or fortress, r. ΞΞ) a harbour-city in Asher, north of Carmel Judg. 1, 31, Sept. Άχχώ, Vulg. Accho, Strabo Άχη or Πτολεμαίς, now the Akka, hence Acre; perh. in Mich. 1, 10 iog for idyg, where Sept. iv Άχείμ.

עָכוֹר זי דָעָרָד pr. n. (trouble, r. אָבָר Josh. 7, 26) of a valley near Jericho Josh. 15, 7, Hos. 2, 17.

(obs.) perh. akin to איז, (obs.) perh. akin to איז, איקד, איקד, איז, to hem in or enclose; hence

רקע (obs.) akin to גָּבָר, to trouble; hence אָבָר and

עביש (Qal obs.) akin to עביש, שביש, to wind or coil; hence איביש, and אוגעביש anklet, whence as denom. ----Pi. איביש to wear anklets, only Is. 3, 16.

ער (ד. דער (ד. דער) אין אין (ד. דער)
עָרָטָד pr. n. f. (prob. anklet, r. (אָרָטָד) Josh. 15, 16, Judg. 1, 12.

ניעבר (fut. יעבר) i. q. Arab. אין (fut. יעבר, איבר), to trouble or disturb Gen. 34, 30, 1 Sam. 14, 29, Prov. 11, 29. – Niph. אין to be troubled or stirred Ps. 39, 3; part. fem. יעעבר being troubled, then as subst. trouble or disturbance Prov. 15, 6. Hence יעבר

پَرْר pr. n. m. (troubler, i. q. إپْرْר 1 Oh. 2, 7.

لا (obs.) akin to بيج (obs.) akin to بيج , بيج , Arab. مَكَسَ (to bind), to wind or coil; hence

צְׁלְשׁוּב m. adder or asp (Sept. acrat,), only Ps. 140, 4. --- Prob. r. בשבש (to coil) w. old format. ending בשבש, comp. ברצב and see under letter ⊐, p. 74.

לא סר על (ד. דָּלָה) m. 1) subst. height or elevation, hence for גָּלָרוּ the High One or Most High, Hos. 11, 7 אָל־צָל יַקָרָאָרָדוּ to the Highest they (prophets) call him (Israel); Hos. 7, 16 no-height i. e. an ל

idol (cf. 5x-N5 Deut. 32, 21, see Gram. § 162, 1, Rem.). 2) as adv. highly or on high, 2 Sam. 23, 1 (who) was highly exalted; 520 from on high Gen. 49, 25, Ps. 50, 4. Hence in constr. state

(r. צָלָה ; pl. c. צָלָי only poet., w. suf. אָלַיָה, גָלָיך, גָלָיך, גָלָיד, גָלָי, גָיָלָי, עלימו , poet, עליהם אליכם אלינוי; Gram. § 103, 3) prop. what is high or above, over or upon, hence 1) prep. on or upon, above or over (ἐπί, ὑπέρ; cf. Gram. § 154, 3, b), w. manifold shades of meaning (to suit context and idiom), e. g. a) of rest, as על-דָאָרֶץ on or above the earth Gen. 1, 15, ווישב על דעמטרו Gen. 48, 2 and he sat on the bed, לא ישמע על דעד Ex. 23, 13 it shall not be heard on thy mouth i.e. in thy mouth (as we say in our idiom); β) of motion, as to mount (צַלָּדו עָל), to lay upon the altar (על - הַמִּוְבֵּה) Lev. 1, 7, so w. verbs of adding רָסָק עַל Deut. 13, 1, cf. Gen. 28, 9, Is. 32, 10, Jer. 4, 20, commanding or ruling (פַּקַר אָיָה, מָשָׁל, מָלָד), relying (הַטָּח, pitying (הַטָּח, covering or sheltering (עַטָה, בָּסָה, גָּנָן); hence it answers to for w. verbs of defending or favouring, e. g. עַכָּר עַל Dan. 12, 1, גלוח על Judg. 9, 17, Job 42, 8; on account of (i. e. of ground or motive), e. g. on thy account Ps. 44, 23, esp w. verbs of emotion (הֶכָה, כָּפָר, אֶיַכָּח, גֶּכָה, גֶּכָה, רְחֵם, דְּרָח, etc.); of or concerning, w. verbs of hearing or speaking e. g. Gen. 41, 15 ged about thee, cf. Judg. 9, 3, Ps. 32, 5. - By figure (or difference of idiom), אש may seemingly stand even for under, e. g. בל־פור under face of Gen. 1, 20 (where Vulg. has sub; so we say 'flies walk on or over the ceiling',

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for under), cf. Num. 3, 4, Job 6, 28; at or by, e. g. על־פָּתָה at the door Job 31, 10, בָּלָר by or near him Gen. 18, 2, cf. Ex. 18, 13, Job 2, 1; in, so often in 😴 in me (prop. on me) Lam. 3, 20, Hos. 11, 8, Ps. 42, 6; to, unto or towards $(\epsilon \pi i)$ e. g. על - המלך to the king Est. 3, 9, צל - המלך to the heart Buth 2, 13, cf. Job 22, 2; against (cf. $\epsilon \pi i$ w. acc.) e. g. lo! I am against thee Ez. 5, 8, cf. Job 16, 4, Is. 10, 20 (cf. רִוֹכָה, בַב (חַשָּׁב, סַבָב); with (added on) e. g. the mother with (upon) אם צל-צנים the children Gen. 32, 12, cf. Ex. 35, 22, Lev. 19, 26; according to, after, e. g. על שם after the name Gen. 48, 6 (cf. xaleiobai באל דוויסג), דַבל־פַרך according to thy mouth (utterance) Gen. 41, 40 (where others perh. better on thy mouth they shall kiss), cf. Ps. 56, 1; 110, 4. 2) conj. (for על־אשׁר see Gram. § 155, 2, g) although Job 16, 17, cf. Is. 53, 9, w. inf. דָל דְרָאָש though thou knowest Job 10, 7; because (fully על־אָשֶׁר Deut. 29, 24) w. perf. Gen. 31, 20, Ps. 119, 136. 3) often compounded w. other particles; α) קצל prop. as according to, hence according as, suitably to Is. 63, 7, בְּכַל ... בְּכַל according to . . . 80 Is. 59, 18. β) يروخ from upon, בַכַל הַאָבָל from upon the camel Gen. 24, 64, cf. Gen. 40, 19, fig. Ex. 10, 28, Is. 34, 16; above Ecc. 5, 7; from at or near (w. verbs of motion) Gen. 17, 22; 18, 3, Job 19, 13, Is. 7, 17; near or by Jer. 36, יוי (א מעל ל γ) מעל מישעל פיע over or above Gen. 1, 7, Neh. 12, 37; by or near 2 Ch. 26,

גַלִידָי , בְּלְידִי , Chald. (w. suf. בָלִידִי , בָלִידָא) prep. i. q. Heb. אָז, מי סר שאסת Dan. 2, 10; over or above 3, 19; 6, 4; for or because of

19 (cf. Syr. خدک عنے 1 Sam. 22, 6).

Ezr. 4, 15; about or concerning Ban. 6, 13; to or unto (for >>) Dan. 4, 24, Ezr. 7, 18, esp. w. verbs of motion Dan. 2, 24; 4, 33, Ezr. 4, 11. 17.

לעל Jer. 5, 5 (w. suf. לעל Jer. 5, 5 (w. suf. לעל I or II) m. a yoke for the neck of draught beasts Deut. 21, 3, 1 Sam. 6, 9; emblem of slavery Gen. 27, 40, Is. 9, 3, of affliction or chastisement Lam. 1, 14.

کچ Chald. (obs.) same as Heb.

د به Chald. (r. برخ prep. i. q. بر above or over, only w. بن Dan. 6, 3. الم بر pr. n. m. (yoke) 1 Ch. 7, 39. م بر (obs.) prob. akin to Syr. م بر جرداز, to prevail; hence in بجر-حرداز .

stutter or stammer; hence

גאָלָרָם (only pl. דְּלָרָם) adj. m. stammering, only Is. 52, 4; cf. Arab. בוב barbarian.

(fut. דְצָלָה, apoc. רְדֵלָ) i. q. Arab. Me (to be high) to go or come up, to ascend or mount up, Sept. άναβαίνω (opp. רָרָד) Gen. 19, 28, w. acc. of place whither Gen. 49, 4 or w. אָל Ex. 24, 13, דְ Ps. 24, 3, אָ Is. 22, 1, צַל Is. 14, 14, whence, w. פָר Cant. 4, 2; of pers. to whom, w. Ex. 19, 3, يخ Josh. 2, 8 but mostly 57 against Joel 1, 6, 2 K. 17, 3. Esp. used of motion to any higher point (real or fancied), e. g. to Palestine (as high and hilly) from Egypt Gen. 13, 1, Assyria Is. 36, 1, Babylon Neh. 7, 6, from every land Zech. 14, 16; also to the sanctuary or temple (from any where) Deut. 17, 8, Ps. 122, 4. - Its various shades of meaning

עַלְנָך

easily explain themselves as figurative or idiomatic; e. g. to rise or be high, i. e. to excel, of a good wife Prov. 31, 29, cf. Deut. 28, 43, hence עליוך (and prob. עולה Job 36, 83) the Supreme; to rear (of a horse), perh. Jer. 46, 9, cf. Nah. 3, 3; to sprout or grow up, of vegetation Gen. 40, 10, Deut. 29, 22 (hence perh. עולה for grass in Job 36, 33, cf. עלה), poet. of the ground, w. acc. (see Gram. § 138, 1, Rem. 2) Is. 5, 6, Prov. 24, 31; to come up on the heart על־כָּב i. e. to be thought of or remembered Is. 65, 17, Jer. 3, 16 (cf. avaβaiveiv έπι την χαρδίαν Acts 7, 23); to be put on, of a yoke Num. 19, 2, a garment Lev. 19, 19, a sacrifice (on the altar) 1 K. 18, 36; to be added or entered, of a record 1 Ch. 27, 24. -Niph. נצלה (fut. רבלה) 1) to be high or exalted, of God Ps. 47, 10, w. 5 above Ps. 97, 9. 2) to rise up or move on Num. 16, 24, Ez. 9, 3, Jer. 37, 11. 3) to be led or taken up Ezr. 1, 11, cf. Ez. 36, 3 where prob. إيترطة is for , הזבלה but see עלל III. – Hiph. והזכלו once הדבלה Hab. 1, 15 (fut. הבלה, apoc. ידל) 1) to cause to go up, hence to lead or bring up, of persons or things (Sept. ἀναβιβάζω, ἀνάγω) Gen. 37, 28; 50, 25, 1 Sam. 8, 8, 2 Sam. 6, 2; to cause to rise or rear (of waves), w. 5 for acc. Ez. 26, 3, of a horse Nah. 3, 3; to lay upon i. e. kindle, lights Ex. 25, 37, esp. to offer Gen. 22, 2, **Is.** 57, 6, Job 1, 5. 2) to take up or remove Ps. 102, 25. 3) to put on (sackcloth) Am. 8, 10; to overlay 1 K. 10, 17, Ez. 37, 6; to enrol 1 K. 9, 21. - Hoph. הזכלה (for הדכלה, Gram. § 63, Bem. 4) to be made to go up Nah. 2, 8; hence to be offered or sacrificed Judg. 6, 28; to be recorded or enrolled 2 Ch. 20, 34. — Hith.

(only fut. apoc.) to make oneself

high, to pride oneself, only Jer. 51, 3. — Perh. akin to Sans. alitas (grown), L. altus (from alo), adultus (from adolesco), $\delta\zeta_{0\varsigma}$ ($\zeta = \lambda$, e. g. $\delta\zeta_{0\varphi} =$ oleo), Gael. allim (to nourish). Hence

לָעָלָי (c. רוּשָׁשָ, w. suf. אושָׁשַ Ps. 1, 8, pl. c. ישָׁשָ) m. prop. vegetation or sprouting, hence a leaf Gen. 8, 11, Job 13, 25; mostly collect. foliage, leaves Gen. 3, 7, Ps. 1, 3, Is. 34, 4; r. רוֹשָׁשָ.

אָלָכָל adj. m. *high*, only in pr. name, see אַלְכָלָא.

עלה II (for צָּוָלָה, אַ זְּצָוְלָה) f. wickedness or wrong Is. 61, 8, Ps. 64, 7; א עוֹלָה I.

ללי סי געלי Chald. (only pl. בָּלָה) f. same as Heb. ועלי I burnt-offering or holocaust, only Ezr. 6, 9; ר. אלי.

קלק Chald. (c. ראָד, def. אָלָד, pl. אָדָי, r. אָדָי, f. cause or occasion, a ground of accusation (cf. altia Mat. 27, 27) Dan. 6, 5; i. q. Syr. בעל

עָלָרָד, א עָלָרָד, 1) transposed for *wickedness* or *wrong*, only Hos. 10, 9. 2) pr. n. (perh. evil) a tribe in Edom Gen. 36, 40, 1 Ch. 1, 51 where עַלָּדָה in K'thibh.

(only pl., cf. Gram. § 108, 2, a) m. young days, youth Ps. 89, 46, Job 33, 25; fig. prime or vigour Job 20, 11, cf. Is. 54, 4; r. 555 11.

עַכָּרָך pr. n. m. (prob. wicked) Gen. 36, 23, but יַלָר ו Ch. 1, 40.

지마하고, (r. p23) f. prop. licker or sucker, hence a leech or perh. vampire, only Prov. 80, 15.

גלות pr. n. 1 K. 4, 16, perh. i.q. גְּבָלות q. v.

לבלי (fut לאַד) akin to לאָד, אָלָאָ prob. to אָלָע I, prop. to move or hop about, to dance, hence to exult or rejoice 2 Sam. 1, 20, Ps. 68, 5, w. ק of motive Hab. 3, 18, Ps. 149, 5; fig. Ps. 96, 12. Hence אין

Thy m. a rejoicer, only Is. 5, 14.

עַטַל (obs.) prob. akin to אָעָד (which see), אָלָאָט לָרָט לָרָט גָרָה to cover or kide, to be dark; hence

עָלָטָד f. darkness or gloom Gen. 15, 17. Ez. 12, 12.

אָלָ m. a pestle, only Prov. 27, 22; r. אָלָה to be lifted or raised.

לָלָ pr. n. m. (prob. high, r. אָלָ) Sept. Hλ(, *Eli*, the high priest in Shiloh 1 Sam. 1, 3.

לל adj. m., only fem. אָלָיז kigh (opp. בּלָיה), then upper Judg. 1, 15, pl. נקליות Josh. 15, 19; ר. בַלַיּוֹת

צַלְנָה see צַלְרָה.

i T אָלָדָ (r. דְּשָׁשָ) f. 1) upper room or loft, on the flat roof of an eastern house (cf. ὑπερῶον) Judg. 3, 23, 2 K. 4, 10; fig. for the heavens Ps. 104, 3. 2) ascent or stairs 2 Ch. 9, 4.

לְלְרֹוֹך (r. אָלָרוֹן, m., אָלָרוֹן f. high or upon (opp. הַרָּחוֹן) Gen. 40, 17, Ez. 42, 5; fig. 1 K. 9, 8 and this house רְתְרָה עָלְרוֹן let it be high or exalted (i. e. though it be eminent), every passer-by will be shocked. 2)

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esp. of God, the Highest or Supreme, קליון פעל Gen. 14, 18, אַלידים אָליון 18, דחוור על Pa. 57, 3, or simply אַליון Pa. 9, 3, Is. 14, 14.

עָלְיוֹדָץ Chald. (only pl. עָלְיוֹדָן, cf. Gram. § 108, 2, b) m. the Supreme Dan. 7, 18; r. צָלָא.

ליל (r. יוֹשָׁגָ) adj. m., אַיָּרָשָ f. exultant (city) Is. 22, 2; פּרָידם exulters Is. 24, 8, יעַרָר פַּרָידם proud boasters Is. 13, 3, Zeph. 3, 11.

ליל (אָבָל II) m. prop. a vessel, hence prob. a crucible, only Ps. 12, 7 אַבָּלָיל לָאָרָשָ a crucible of earth i. e. an earthen crucible (> sign of gen. case, cf. Gram. § 115, 2), or perh. a furnace or work-shop (as from r. >>> I to be active).

עלילָה (pl. אָלָילָה, ג. אָלָילָה, I) f. 1). work or deed Ps. 14, 1; mostly pl. doings (L. facinora), exploits or achievements, of God Ps. 9, 12, Is. 12, 4, of men Ez. 14, 22, Zeph. 3, 7; בָּרָרָם Deut. 22, 14 deeds of words, i. e. bad, causing scandalous talk.

קלילָדָה (r. צָלִילָד I) f. same as קַלִילָד, doing or achievement, only Jer. 32, 19.

עליצה (r. נָלָץ) f. exultation or rejoicing, only Hab. 3, 14.

עלית Chald. (r. עלית Chald. (r. גלית Heb. בליה, an upper room or loft, only Dan. 6, 11.

לבביע I (Qal obs.) prob. akin to לבביע I (Which see) to turn or move round, perh. to bind (cf. לבי), to be astir or active. — Po. לביי I) to roll Job 16, 15; where many prefer to thrust, as from r. לבי III. 2) to make a stir, act or do (toil), to meddle, to vex, w. b of pers. Lam. 1, 22; perh. part. לביים a child (as restless or worrying), but better from r. לאש to suck. 3) to glean (prop. to go about

picking up the remaining fruit of a vineyard) Lev. 19, 10, Deut. 24, 21; fig. to extirpate Jer. 6, 9. — Po'al by to be done or inflicted, w. b of pers. Lam. 1, 12. — Hith. bryry to be busy or meddling (lustfully), w. p of pers. Judg. 19, 25; esp. to vex or mock (Sept. $i\mu\pi al \zeta \omega$, Vulg. illudo) Num. 22, 29, Jer. 38, 19; also to bestir or exert oneself, to achieve (wonders or exploits) Ex. 10, 2, 1 Sam. 6, 6. — Hithpo. bistry to perform or perpetrate, only Ps. 141, 4.

דעל גער (obs.) prob. akin to געל II (obs.) prob. akin to געל ג, געל ג, געל ג, ג, it o enclose or contain; hence perh. אַל מ

לבע III i. q. Chald. אָלָאָ to enter, perh. in Ez. 36, 3 (כל. Gram. § 67, Rem. 3) and ye entered, but see Niph. of אָלָד – Po. אָלָד to cause to enter, to thrust or stick in, perh. in Job 16, 15, but see אָלָד I.

727 Chald. i. q. Heb. بربلا III, Byr. 💫, to go or come in, to occur (hence Tiz occasion or cause), to enter; perf. 3 sing. m. by Dan. 2, 16, fem. לעלה (K'thibh בלים) Dan. 5, 10, part. pl. m. עלין (K'thibh נללין) Dan. 4, 4; hence of the sun (cf. Heb. Niz), to go down or set Dan. 6, 15. -Aph. הכבל (for דובל w. J inserted for the Dagh. f. which the J should admit but excluded) to cause to enter, to lead or bring in, w. acc. Dan. 2, 25, w. 5 (sign of acc.) Dan. 5, 7; imper. דעלה Dan. 2, 24, inf. העלה Dan. 5, 7 but דְּכָזֶלָה in 4, 3. -Hoph. לקד (like Heb.) to be introduced Dan. 5, 13.

עללות see אללות.

or wrap up, to hide (cf. כוֹלָם); part. pass. עלום hidden, only in Ps. 90, 8 נכלבני our secret sin. - Niph. נכלבני to be hid or concealed, w. 72 Lev. 5, 2, w. בַּצֵרנָר Num. 5, 18; part. נֶעָלָם hidden 1 K. 10, 3, fem. is buried or covered up Nah. 3, 11, pl. נעלמים sly or crafty ones, dissemblers Ps. 26, 4. - Hiph. דעלים (fut. רעלים) to hide Ps. 10, 1, 2 K. 4, 27; w. ערנים not to notice Is. 1, 15, cf. Prov. 28, 27, w. The not to hear or listen Lam. 3, 56; fig. to darken Job 42, 3. --Hith. to hide oneself or be hidden Job 6, 16; אַל־תִּזְעָזָם מָתִהוּזָיז do not hide or withdraw thyself from my supplication Ps. 55, 2, cf. Deut. 22, 3.

العكري ال (obs.) prob. akin to بالع ال (obs.) prob. akin to بالع ال بال ال (obs.) prob. akin to it (secually), Arab. غَلَم (Syr. حَصر) to feel sexual desire; hence يولاهما براج

(obs.) perh. i. q. Arab. غلم, to know or understand; hence perh. بخرج science Ecc. 3, 11, but see vie

(in p. צָלָם r. עָלָם I) m. a youth, young man of age to marry 1 Sam. 17, 56; 20, 22, but נַכָּר in v. 21.

עָלָם .see עוֹלָם and r. עָלָם.

לבָלָד (pl. רובאָד : ר בלאַ II) f. a maiden or young woman of age to marry, Sept. אבאיג, המסלאיס; (regular term for ראבים) Gen. 24, 43, Is. 7, 14; usually applied to a virgin, perh. not necessarily, as we may gather from Prov. 30, 19, Cant. 6, 8; רבאים Is. 7, 14 the young spouse, a particular one prob. being present to the prophet's mind (Sept. h παρθένος, cf. Mat. 1, 23).

פלביון

צַם

nip ליבָלמוֹת prob. according to maidens i. e. with female voices (our treble or soprano), to indicate the style of music or singing 1 Ch. 15, 20, Ps. 46, 1; cf. בַבַּל.

דְלָבְלְרָוֹן pr. n. (prob. hiding-place, r. עָלָבון I) of a place in Benjamin Josh. 21, 18, but צַלְבָין in the parallel passage 1 Ch. 6, 45; also נְלָבוּרְרָה צַלְכוֹן a station in the wilderness Num. 33, 46.

אַלְמָה see צַלְמוֹת.

געלטרת (r. עלטרת) געלטרת (f. prob. same as עלטרת, *eternity* (Bept. בּוֹג דסטֹג מוֹשׁעמג, Vulg. *in sœcula*), only Ps. 48, 15, where many read על־בְּעָת *till death*. — In title of Ps. 9, 1 געל־בָעָמוֹת is prob. for עליםוּת see עַלְמַרָּח אַ מָלָמָר

בְלְבַּר Chald. (only pl. def. בֶּלְבַר) Elamites Ezr. 4, 9; see בֵּילָם.

דָלָבְעָרָד Ps. 90, 8 our secret sin (see גָּבָם I), but many texts show the pl. צָלָבִינ

אַגאָאָד pr. n. m. (a covert, r. דָלָם I) 1 Ch. 7, 8; 8, 36.

צלמון see צלבת.

לָעָלָץ) akin to אָלָאָ (fut. רְעָלֹס) akin to אָלָץ, to rejoice Job 20, 18. – Niph. to exult, fig. Job 39, 13 בְּלָסָח בְּלֵקִרְרְנָרָם ostriches' wing exults, i. e. moves itself proudly; cf. Iliad. 2, 462 מֹקמאלים אליגם אדנה אינים to gladden or enjoy oneself (in love) Prov. 7, 18.

דעלק אנא או געאל prob. akin to לאיז אנא געאל I, to suck or swallow; only Pi. איז they suck up Job 39, 30; perh. for רְלַכָּלְעָד Pilpel of אָלאָ, cf. Gram. § 55, 4.

עלע Chald. (pl. דְלָדָן) f. same as Heb. אַלָע, a rib Dan. 7, 5. (Qal obs.) prob. akin to faint or swoon. — Pu. 1) to be covered Cant. 5, 14. 2) to be overcome, to faint away Is. 51, 20. — Hith. 1) to veil oneself Gen. 38, 14. 2) to faint away or be overcome, by heat Jonah 4, 8, by thirst Am. 8, 13. Hence

التي (prob. for التي روتية, Gram. §80, Rem. 1, d) f. prob. languor, fig. for languishing or drooping (of trees) Ez. 31, 15.

עלט (fut. יְבָלֹץ) akin to זאָד, אָלָטָ to rejoice or exull 1 Ch. 16, 32, w. ב in Ps. 5, 12, Prov. 11, 10; w. ל against Ps. 25, 2.

(which see), to lick, to suck; hence mpby. Akin to E. lick, leech, Gael. liaigh; cf. βδέλλα (from βδάλλω to suck), L. hirudo (from haurio).

Dy or Dy (former w. conj. accent or in c. state, the latter w. disj. accent, or w. art. (rarely) masc. (rarely fem. as Ex. 5, 16, Judg. 18, 7, Jer. 8, 5), w. suf. צַמִּר , pl. צַמִּר, c. צַמִּר, c. rare pl. עַכְמָר c. עַכְמָר Neh. 9, 22. 24, a people or nation, prop. aggregation or community (r. Dys I to bind, cf. δημος from δέω) Gen. 34, 16, Is. 2, 4; very often for Israel, e. g. עם יהוח 2 Sam. 18, 7, עם יהות Num. 11, 29, אַלודים Judg. 20, 2, בע זאלידים Judg. 20, 2 Deut. 7, 6; also for heathens Gen. 23, 12, esp. in pl. עַשָּרם Is. 8, 9, Ps. 33, 10, but comp. Gen. 49, 10; בנר עבר sons of my people Gen. 23, 11 and poet. בת למי daughter of my people Lam. 2, 11, both for my countrymen or fellow-citizens. - Note these shades of meaning, a clan or tribe Judg. 5, 18, esp. בַּמָרם (of

Israel) Deut. 32, 8, Is. 3, 13; family or kindred 2 K. 4, 13, Lev. 21, 1, so in ing kindred Gen. 49, 29, cf. 17, 14; a troop, of soldiers Num. 31, 32. Judg. 5, 2, of attendants Ecc. 4, 16, 1 K. 19, 21, of animals Prov. 80, 25, Ps. 74, 14 (cf. i); mankind Is. 42, 5, Job 12, 2, Ps. 45, 13.

עָקָדָה Chald. (def. אַשָּט סר דְּעָשָ, pl. def. עָקָרָאָ) m. same as Heb. עָק people Dan. 3, 4, Ezr. 7, 13; cf. Syr. במוסבן, pl. במוסב.

עמדי w. suf. עמדי or עמדי Gen. 3, 12 (see קמהם , כמכם , כמנה (כמה or (כמה) prep. with, in most of its meanings, like σύν, cum (prop. a subst. combination or union, r. עַמָם I to join), hence 1) of accompaniment or association Gen. 13, 1, Nah. 3, 12, hence used twice for its kindred particle also or withal in range ערנרם also fair of eyes 1 Sam. 16, 12; cf. 17, 42; esp. w. verbs of helping and sharing 1 Ch. 12, 21, Prov. 29, 24, 2 Ch. 1, 9, of opposing, against (e. g. נלקום, ריב עם), of favouring Gen. 32, 10, Josh. 2, 12, Ps. 50, 18, of comparing Ps. 88, 5; 143, 7, of co-enduring, as long as Ps. 72, 5, cf. Dan. 3, 33. 2) of nearness or proximity, at, by, near, as עם באר at or by the well Gen. 25, 11, cf. 35, 4; hence for at one's house e. g. Gen. 24, 25 τ (Sept. παρ' ήμιν, Vulg. apud nos) i. e. at our house, cf. 1 Ch. 13, 14; also among or amidst (cf. μετ' ανδράσι) Is. 38, 11, Ps. 120, 5, עם־אפרים among the Ephraimites 2 Sam. 13, 23. - تع and الله (like σύν and μετά) are practically equivalent; but see גאיז III. — בַּעָם (for כן עם, comp. מאח from with (cf. Fr. d'avec) Gen. 13, 14, Deut. 15, 12; from near Ex. 21, 14; from one's

house Ex. 8, 8; from one's hands Ex. 22, 13, Ps. 121, 2; from one's fancy Job 34, 33; from among Ruth 4, 10.

D. Chald. (same as Heb. D.) with Dan. 7, 13; as long as or during Dan. 3, 33; 7, 2.

ו (fut. <u>ר</u>עמד) 1) to stand (cf. Dap to rise) Gen. 24, 30, 31; 41, 3, of a pillar (כמרד) Deut. 31, 15, of water Josh. 3, 16, of cities Josh. 11, 13; w. לְּפְנֵי (once אֵת־פָּוֹנֵי 1 K. 12, 6) to stand before Gen. 18, 22, esp. to wait on or serve Deut. 1, 38, to cohabit (bestially) in Lev. 18, 23 where the Vulgate has succumbet, see עַמָד II. 2) to halt or stay, stop not Gen. 19, 17, Jer. אל-העמד 4, 6; w. 3 of place Josh. 10, 13, w. or by of pers. Gen. 45, 1, 2 Sam. 20, 11; w. פן to desist Gen. 29, 35. 3) to stand up or arise (like DAP, Sept. av(στημι) Lev. 19, 16, but mostly in later Heb. e. g. Dan. 12, 1, 2 Ch. 20, 5; w. בל against Dan. 8, 25. 4) to stand fast, to persist or endure Ps. 33, 9, cf. 102, 27, Ecc. 1, 4, Ex. 18, 23; hence to withstand or resist, w. לפנר Ps. 76, 8, w. בפנר Josh. 21, 42, w. כן Dan. 11, 8, w. נגד Ecc. 4, 12. -- Hiph. העמיד (fut. ו (דַכְּמִיד) 1) to cause to stand, to set or place Gen. 47, 7, Ps. 31, 9; to set up or erect, e. g. a statue 2 Ch. 33, 19, a house Ezr. 9, 9, doors Neh. 6, 1; to appoint to office 1 K. 12, 32, 1 Ch. 15, 16; to establish or confirm 2 Ch. 30, 5, w. 5 of pers. 2 Ch. 33, 8. 2) to fix or settle one's face 2 K. 8, 11; to make a stand, fig. to hold out 2 Ch. 18, 34. 3) to cause to arise, to raise up Job 34, 24, Neh. 6, 7. 4) to cause to persist or endure, to maintain or preserve 1 K. 15, 4, Prov. 29, 4; also to confirm or ratify (cf. D.P.)

2 Ch. 35, 2, Dan. 11, 14. — Hoph. קיקבי to be set or placed Lev. 16, 10, of. 1 K. 22, 85.

דבלד II (fut. יְּכָטֹד) perh. akin to pay (which see), Ethiop. $\pm \sigma \Phi$ tamaka (to sink or dip), to sink down, to recline (in cohabiting, of. Job 31, 10), perh. in לארחובלר Lev. 18, 23, which Jerome renders non succumbet (but see נְקָר I); comp. Byr. خصر محمد the day sank (in Ephraemi Syri Opera, Vol. I, p. 81) referring to the sun's dipping or setting (comp. dust and mergitur as used of the setting sun). - Hiph. to cause to sink or succumb, perh. in Ez. 29, 7 ricord and thou shalt make להם כל-ביחונים all their loins sink (cf. Sept. xai συνέχλασας αύτῶν πᾶσαν ὀσφύν. Vulg. et dissolvisti omnes corum renes), but most prefer to take here as transposition for and thou shalt cause to shake וְהַמְעָרְהָ (comp. Ps. 69, 24), so in the Peshito ithou hast made to tremble. ---- to sink or dip is said to be obsolete in Heb. though found in Arab. حَطَم and in Syr. عَجَسَ = عَجَدَ akin to Copt. WMC (хатаποντίζειν, βαπτίζειν); see D^r. Bödiger on קמד in Appendix to Gesenii Thesaurus Ling. Heb., p. 105, also the note on Ez. 29, 7 (No. 34) in my Reading Book on p.856 of the Student's Heb. Grammar (Bödiger's Gesenius), published by Asher & Co., London.

 in אָרָפָּר (see on letter א, p. 185); cf. δμαδόν=δμοῦ.

לעד (w. suf. ינסיד; r. עסד) m. later Heb. for שרים *a place* or station, prop. a standing (Sept. στάσις) Dan. 8, 17, Neh. 8, 7; perh. a stand or platform in 2 Ch. 84, 81.

עַמוּד אפס, גַמָר

יעָרָדָה (r. גָּמָד I) f. a station or resting-place, a domicile, only Mic. 1, 11.

יִכְּבָר see יִכְּבָרָר

קר (obs.) akin to דָרָאָ II, to bind or join together; hence אַבָּרָד

iT2³/₂ (c. Γμ3, w. suf. Γμ3, pl. rins; r. τ33 I) f. 1) prop. subst. combination or junction, but serving as prep. w. > as Γμ3, (except Γμ3, Ecc. 5, 15) with, at, by or near (akin to D3) Ex. 25, 27, Lev. 3, 9; by the side of, i. e. over against 2 Sam. 16, 13, cf. Ez. 40, 18; also prop. for a match, i. e. like as 1 Ch. 24, 31, Γμ3, τ wholly like as Ecc. 5, 15; perh. besides Ez. 45, 6; Γμ3, close by 1 K. 7, 20. 2) pr. n. (community) of a town in Asher Josh. 19, 30.

עַמוּד ז עַרָּדָ (r. דַעָרָד I) m. 1) pillar or column Judg. 16, 25, 1 K. 7, 2; דאָשָׁע לַילָה the pillar of cloud by day and the pillar of fire by night Ex. 13, 22. 2) a stand or platform 2 K. 11, 14, cf. דעס.

1 K. 11, 1, דְּאָרָיוֹית in Q'ri of Neh. 13, 23.

סוט pr. n. m. (prob. burdenbearer, r. נערט Amos Am. 1, 1.

ר מָעָנוֹן pr. n. m. (profound, r. דְעָגָ) Neh. 12, 7.

727 pr. n. (my people) Hos. 2, 1.

אָל אָדָאָ pr. n. m. (prob. God's people) Num. 13, 12; 1 Ch. 3, 5, but אַלייָנָב in 2 Sam. 11, 8.

עָבָּר דוּדר pr. n. m. (prob. for עַבָּר דוּדר tribe of Judah) Num. 1, 10.

אַנְלְדְוָבְר pr. n. m. (perh. liberal people) 1 Ch. 27, 6.

people) in K'thibh of 2 Sam. 13, 37, where עַבְּרָדוּדָן in Q'ri.

בָרָבָ pr. n. m. (prob. voluntary people) Ex. 6, 23.

אָרָיאָזָ Chald. (only pl. def. ארקריקון f. profound or unsearchable things, only Dan. 2, 22; r. pgy.

קביר (r. עָפַר אָפָר) m. a swath or heap of cut grain Jer. 9, 21; mostly a sheaf or bundle (cf. נְפָר אָשָ) Am. 2, 13, Zech. 12, 6.

עָּמָרשָׁרַי pr. n. m. (Almighty's people) Num. 1, 12.

קברה (r. דָּבָרָה) f. 1) society or fellowship, Zech. 13, 7 הַבָּר פְּבָרָה man of my fellowship i. e. my companion. 2) i. q. דָק, neighbour or fellow-man Lev. 5, 21, hence w. masc. syntax Lev. 19, 17.

تَعْمَلُ (fut. جَعَلْ) prob. akin to بَعْمَلُ (fut. جَعَلْ), syr. بَعْمَلُ , to labour or toil Prov. 16, 26, Ecc. 5, 15; w. a of thing Jon. 4, 10, w. acc. Ecc. 1, 3 مَتَعَال مُتَعَال مُعَال مُتَعَال مُعَال مُعَال مُتَعَال مُعَال مُعَال مُتَعَال مُن مُعَال مُعال مُعَال مُعال مُعال مُعال مُعال مُ לָבָלָ (a. לָבָלָ w. suf. לָבָלָ m. (once f. Ecc. 10, 15) 1) labour or toil Ecc. 2, 11, of the mind Ps. 73, 16; fig. fruit of labour Ps. 105, 44. 2) trouble or travail, distress or misery (Sept. πόνος, κόπος, μόχθος) Gen. 41, 51, Deut. 26, 7; Job 16, 2 לַבְרָשָׁ דְרָאָד לָבָרָעָ troublesome comforters; Is. 53, 11 אָרָדָעָר לָבָעָשׁ רְרָאָד לָבָעָשׁ וֹנָי גָעָשָׁ הָאָד לָבָעָשׁ וֹנָי גָעָשָׁ הָרָאָד לָבָעָשׁ גָעָשָׁ גָעָשָׁ גָרָאָד נו. e. his sorrow and pain, cf. v. 3) he shall see (his fruit or reward); also oppression Is. 10, 1, wrong Num. 23, 21. 3) pr. n. m. (travail) 1 Ch. 7, 35. --- Cf. μῶλος, L. moles, E. moil.

לְעָלָ (pl. יְעֵכָל, r. יְעֵכָל, adj. m. labouring or toiling Ecc. 2, 22, hence as subst. labourer or worker Judg. 5, 26; suffering or miserable Job 3, 20.

I akin to עים I (which see) i. q. Arab. A, to cover or hide Ez. 31, 8, w. double acc. (of. Gram. § 139, 2) Ez. 28, 3. — Hoph. איז to be dimmed or tarnished Lam. 4, 1, but see איז I.

עבין II (obs.) akin to שַשָּאָ, דַשָּ to join or combine; hence שַשָּ, דַשָּ דַשָּ דַי Prob. akin to מֿעַמ, טָעָסָ, אָמָעָסָ, אַמוּטָל, סָטָע, גָטָע געניס, אָמָעס, אַניעל, סַטָּע, געניע אָרָ Sans. sam, L. cum, con, simul,

עַם see עַבְיָבִירם.

לב see עבלר Chald.

Sept. Έμμανουήλ, *Immanuel*, symbolic name of a child Is. 7, 14, cf. Mat. 1, 23.

לבעיט i. q. (fut. רְעַמט) i. q. דְעָט, to lift up or heave Zech. 12, 3; to heave on, to load Is. 46, 1, w. 52 Gen. 44, 13; to carry or bear Is. 46, 3; fig. to oppress, w. א Ps. 68, 20. – Hiph. דְעָבָריס to load, w. 52 1 K. 12, 11. Hence

קביסָרָה pr. n. m. (דְּדָן lifts up) 2 Ch. 17, 16.

עְרָאָעָד pr. n. (perh. a quaking, r. בְרָאָד שָרָא prosth. ז, cf. אָלַל=צָלַן I; see letter א מנוע in Asher Josh. 19, 26.

עָרָדָ perh. akin to שָׁרָד II (cf. שָׁרָה I = שִׁרָשָׁ I = שָׁרָשָׁ), i. q. Syr. באבע ארבע לשָרָ, to sink down, to dip, to be deep (cf. רְשָׁרָ), fig. to be unsearchable Ps. 92, 6. — Hiph. to make deep, only fig. רְלָשָר אָרָה Is. 31, 6 they make deep a revolt, i. e. they deeply revolt; often as adv. (cf. Gram. §142, Rem. 1) w. another verb, Is. 7, 11 שָׁרָשָׁר שָׁרָאָ Is. 30, 33; w. inf. and לָ Jer. 49, 30 ארבע שָׁרָר שָׁרָשָׁר שָׁרָשָׁר שָׁרָשָׁר שָׁרָשָׁר i. e. dwell in depths or recesses, cf. Is. 29, 15. Hence

(כְּהַקַר adj. m. (only pl. c. כְּהַקַר deep, only in עָּהַקַר שָׁפָּה deep of lip (cf. Gram. § 112, 1, Rem. 3) i. e. of hard or obscure speech Is. 33, 19, Ez. 3, 5. 6.

אָמָשָ adj. m., דְשָׁטְעַ f. deep Lev. 13, 3; fig. unfathomable or unsearchable Ps. 64, 7; pl. f. בְּכָּקִיח deep things Job 12, 22.

עַבָּרָ (w. suf. צָבָרָן, pl. צַבָּרָן, c. דָּבְקַד (דָבָק: r. דְבָק) m. 1) deep place or depth Prov. 9, 18. 2) a valley, a low but open and extended plain, bordered by high ground (diff. from hard, נַרָזל, אַר Ps. 65, 14, Num. 14, 25, fitted for cultivation Job 39, 10 and for battles Job 39, 21, Hos. 1, 5; in Jer. 21, 13 First the valley stands fig. for Jerusalem; pl. עַמָּקִים in 1 Ch. 12, 15 stands for valley-men, unless perh. (as many think) it is for גַנָקרם. — אַנָקרם appears in sundry pr. names, e. g. מ) על (the terebinth valley) near Bethlehem 1 Sam. 17, 2. β) 😴 τάς (the valley weeping) Ps. 84, 7. ץ) ב הברבה (the valley of the blessing) south of Tekoa 2 Ch. 20, 26, now Bereikût. ô) 🤰 the king's valley) perh. near המלך the Dead Sea Gen. 14, 17, 2 Sam. 18, 18. ב) על רפאים (valley of giants) south-west of Jerusalem, running from the southern border of the Hinnom-valley towards Bethlehem and Philistia Josh. 15, 8, Is. 17, 5. ζ) ע' קאָדָרים (valley of the flats) now the site of the Dead Sea Gen. 14, 3. η) אָ' קַצָרץ (border-valley) a city in Benjamin Josh. 18, 21. See also סְבּוֹת הָצִרץ רְהוֹשָׁפָט רְזְרְכֵאל.

רָאָלָ (r. דְּבָשָ) m. depth, only Prov. 25, 3.

ער (Qal obs.) prob. akin to קבר (III, דע II, to bind or collect, to contain, hence אָבָר , שָׁבָד - Pi. to bind sheaves, only part. אַבָּד sheaf-binder Ps. 129, 7. - Hith. to bind for oneself (Gram. § 54, 8, c), to pawn or pledge (cf. בָר I), hence to trade, w. בְ in, only Deut. 21, 14; 24, 7.

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לבָלָר Chald. (def. נְכַרָאָ) m. same as Heb. בَרَין Syr. לבין, wool Dan. 7, 9; cf. אַמָר.

 $\vec{\nabla}$ (pl. אָבָרים, m. 1) i. q. אָבָרים, a sheaf or bundle (Sept. δράγμα) Ruth 2, 7, Lev. 23, 10, Job 24, 10. 2) an omer (Sept. γομόρ), a dry measure of 3 1/2 quarts, equal to the 10th of an ephah Ex. 16, 16, 36; diff. from אוֹם which was equal to 10 ephahs Ez. 45, 12.

r. n. (perh. submersion, r. Arab. عَمَر to plunge), Sept. Γομόβόα, Gomorrah, one of the 4 cities of the plain, sunk in the Dead Sea Gen. 10, 19; 13, 10; Is. 1, 9.

לְלָרָדָי pr. n. m. (perh. sheaf-like, r. יָקָרָי) of a king of Israel, builder of Samaria 1 K. 16, 16, Sept. און און also of other men 1 Ch. 7, 8; 9, 4; 27, 18.

שְׁלְבְרָם pr. n. m. (perh. exalted family) Amram, the father of Moses Ex. 6, 18; patron. עַכְרָתָי Amramite Num. 3, 27.

ער איז אָנגע same as אָנגע, to carry or bear, only part. pl. דְּנְאָט in Neh. 4, 11. Hence

۲ אָשָׁשָׁל pr. n. m. (load or burden) 2 Sam. 17, 25; another in 2 Ch. 28, 12.

עָרָשָׁי pr. n. m. (burdensome) 1 Ch. 6, 10; another man 2 Ch. 29, 12.

עַשִׁיַשַ pr. n. m. (perh. a heaver, r. די איז in Pilel form w. adj. ending ----) Neh. 11, 13.

אמת, see האיז.

(obs.) perh. akin to $\xi \in \mathbb{C}^{(n)}$ (cf. $\xi \in \mathbb{C}^{(n)}$), perh. to be convex or bulging, hence be round or globular; hence perh. $\xi \in \mathbb{C}^{(n)}$ and

בוַל pr. n. (prob. grape-town) a

city in Judah, south of Hebron Josh. 11, 21, still called 'Anâb.

ענבי Lev. 25, 5, see אנבי

עַנְבְעוֹד Deut. 32, 32 prob. for עַנְבְעוֹד, see גַיָנָב

(Qal obs.) prob. akin to Arab. i to coquet, hence perh. to live delicately (cf. 5). — Pu. to be made delicate, to be incurious Jer. 6, 2. — Hith. 1) to make oneself delicate Deut. 28, 56. 2) to delight or enjoy oneself, w. 52 Job 22, 26, Ps. 37, 11, w. 12 Is. 66, 11. 3) to make oneself merry, to sport or mock, w. 52 Is. 57, 4. Hence

الإرقار adj. m., تَرْجَعَ f. delicate or effeminate Deut. 28, 54, 56, Is. 47, 1. الإرتر m. delight or enjoyment Is. 13, 22; 58, 13; r. يَرْدِ

קבך (fut. אַכָּרן) prob. akin to אָבָרן, (fut. גַּבָּרן) קענע, to bind, w. גַּבן Prov. 6, 21, w. גָ גַל Job 31, 36.

آ الإر (fut. אָנָה', apoc. בַיָּרָס') perh. mimet. akin to אָנָה' I) אָרָס', אָרָס I, prop. to utter a sound or raise a cry; hence 1) to cry or shout Ex. 32, 18, Jer. 51, 14, Is. 13, 22; hence to sing, w. ك Num. 21, 17, Ps. 147, 7; to declare or propose (cf. Arab. בַיָּר, אָרָטָ) Gen.

41, 16, Job 33, 13; to pronounce or decide Ex. 23, 2. 2) mostly (and perh. originally) to answer or respond to some call or question either expressed Ps. 3, 5, Job 19, 16, Is. 50, 2, or suggested by the circumstances Job 3, 2, Zech. 1, 11, Cant. 2, 10 (cf. ἀποκρίνομαι in Mat. 11, 25); w. acc. of pers. (but w. >> 2 Sam. 19, 48) Gen. 23, 14, or of thing Ecc. 10, 19, Prov. 18, 23, Job 40, 2, w. 2 acc. (pers. and thing) Job 9, 3, 1 Sam. 20, 10. Fig. prop. to answer in (a person's ענה ב cause), hence to witness or testify. either for as in Gen. 30, 33 or against as in Num. 35, 30, Job 16, 8; fully ענה ער Ex. 20, 16 to bear witness against, cf. Deut. 19, 16. - Niph. Typ to be answered Job 19, 7; to be refuted Job 11, 2; also (i. q. Qal 2) to answer, w. 5 Ez. 14, 4. 7. - Pi. to sing Ex. 32, 18, Is. 27, 2; cf. Syr. - Hiph. to cause to sing, only part. Typ in Ecc. 5, 19 God makes (man) sing in the joy of his heart; but see under y II. ---- Perh. akin to Sans. kan (to sound), γέγωνα, L. cano, W. canu (sing), cuyn (lament), Gael. canam (sing), O. G. han (to sing or crow), whence hahn, henne, E. hen, perh. hinny.

§ 23, 4). - Pi. mp (fut. mp) to humble, to oppress or afflict Gen. 16, 6, Ex. 22, 22, Ps. 88, 8; hence to prostrate Ps. 102, 24. Esp. w. to force or violate a woman Gen. 34, 2, Lam. 5, 11; w. icpj to afflict one's soul i. e. to use selfdenial, to fast Lev. 16, 31, Is. 58, 3, fully כמשו בשום Ps. 35, 13. --Pu. to be oppressed or afflicted Is. 53, 4; inf. inits his trouble Ps. 132, 1. - Hiph. הפנה to afflict or oppress 1 K. 8, 35, Ps. 55, 20; to humble 2 Ch. 6, 26, perh. also in Ecc. 5, 19 God humbles (man) in his heart's joy, but see under עַנָה I. - Hith. to humble or submit oneself Gen. 16,9; to be afflicted 1 K. 2, 26, Ps. 107, 17.

עני , part. עני , part. עני , pl. עני , part. עני , pl. עני , q. Heb. עני , to answer or speak Dan. 2, 7; 6, 17; w. of pers. Dan. 2, 47.

II Chald. i. q. Heb. אָנָד II, to be lowly or oppressed, only part. pl. <u>עני</u>ן the oppressed Dan. 4, 24.

עָרָדָ pr. n. m. (perh. affliction, r. דָעָרָד II) a son of Seir and the Edomite tribe named after him Gen. 36, 20. 29; also a grandson of Seir Gen. 36, 2. 24.

עלר⊆ pr. n. m. (prob. bulging, r. ענב ענב 1 Ch. 4, 8.

עַנְלָדָה : עָנָן וּן f. humility, piety Prov. 15, 33, Zeph. 2, 3; used of God, gentleness or condescension, only Ps. 18, 36 גַנְהָהָ הַרְבָּנִי thy

condescension makes me great, cf. 2 Sam. 22, 36.

עַרָרָדָאָ f. same as עַרָרָדָ, mechness or piety (Sept. πραύτης), only Ps. 45, 5; r. אָדָאָ II.

קנק Josh. 21, 11 for אָנוֹש II, which see.

ענה (r. ענה ji f. prob. cry or call (of. געויז ענה Ex. 32, 18), only Ps. 22, 25 ענה ענה cry of the afflicted, where Sept. δέησις, Vulg. deprecatio, Syr. אביין ibut many prefer to render it affliction, as from און ענה

לָלָי (pl. אַנָּאָים, o. אָנָאָים) adj. m., f. דָעָן Is. 10, 30, same as אָזָע (r. דָעָן II), toiling or suffering, poor or helpless Ex. 22, 24, Ps. 12, 6, Job 24, 9; lowly or meek (Sept. πραύς) Zech. 9, 9. For the pl. אָנָיִים the K'thibh often has אָנָיִים, as in Ps. 9, 19, Is. 32, 7.

(עָרָד (in pause עָרָי); w. suf. עָרָי) m. affliction or suffering Gen. 16, 11; אָרָי sons of affliction i. e. sufferers Prov. 31, 5, אָרָט ליין distress, i. e. a memorial of Egyptian bondage Deut. 16, 3; r. דעָרָין עַרָּד גוו עָרָד.

קיקוָד pr. n. m. (prob. for קיקוָ bowed down, r. אָרָד II) Neh. 12, 9.

דָרָרָא pr. n. m. (prob. דָּ answers, r. עַנָד I) Neh. 8, 4.

עָרָד meek Num. 12, 8 in Q'ri, for yp in K'thibh.

עָרָים pr. n. (prob. for עָרָים fountains) of a city in Judah, Josh. 15, 50.

עריך (ד. דער ח. 1) work or labour Ecc. 3, 10; hence business Ecc. 8, 16, דער לער לער לער i. e. troublesome pursuit Ecc. 1, 13. 2) a matter or thing Ecc. 4, 8.

of 122 I., the poor or suffering ones.

(obs.) perh. akin to הָרָק (obs.) perh. akin to הַדְּכָן, to be close or tight; hence הַעַנָה.

(obs.) perh. akin to דְּעָכָם, to be hard or stony; hence perh. נעניים.

לעכם ערצים pr. n. (for ערצים doublefountain, of. Gram. § 83, 1, Rem. 1) a city in Issachar 1 Ch. 6, 58, but a city in Issachar 1 Ch. 6, 58, but gardens' fountain) in Josh. 19, 21.

pr. n. (perh. hardy, r. בָּזָט pr. n. (perh. hardy, r. בָּזָט) of an Egyptian people Gen. 10, 13, 1 Ch. 1, 11; Sept. 'Eveneticle, 'Avamielu.

ינקר אָנהַלָּךָ pr. n. m. (perh. king's response or oracle, for נְעָה עָלָה ; cf. ראָש for דָר דָר סָט of an idol of the Sepharvites or Sipparenes, only 2 K. 17, 81.

(Qal obs.) prob. akin to 127, 173 II, to cover or kide; hence 1;37 cloud. — Pi. 129 (denom. from 139) to cloud or over-spread with a cloud, only Gen. 9, 14 139 7257 (for 73157) in my clouding clouds, i. e. when 1 becloud the sky. — Po. 1979 (fut. 1977, part. 1979 or 1979, cf. Gram. § 52, Rem. 6) to act coverly, to use occul' arts, hence to use magic, to conjure Lev. 19, 26; mostly part. magician or enchanter Deut. 18, 10, Is. 2, 6, fem. 1735 enchantress Is. 57, 3; comp. 1735, 1935. Hence

الَيْ (c. إيْ w. suf. نَيْنِي pl. تَعْبَيْنِ r. إِنْ m. 1) a cloud, as covering the sky Ex. 13, 21; collect. clouds Gen. 9, 13, Job 26, 9, Ps. 97, 2; fig. a crowd or host Ez. 30, 18 (cf. مَوْمَنَ بِعُوْمَنَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ سِعْرَتُهُ اللَّهُ اللَّ denom. Pi. إلى to cloud or overspread w. a cloud Gen. 9, 14. 2) pr. n. m. (cloud) Neh. 10, 27.

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رَحِيْنِ Chald. (only pl. c. <u>حَجْرَ</u>) m. clouds Dan. 7, 13; i. q. Heb. بَجْرَا.

לָכָרָד, i. q. עָכָרָד, but prob. collect. (cf. Gram. § 107, 3, a) clouds or a mass of cloud, only Job 3, 5; r. אַשָּ

עָרָרָ pr. n. m. (perh. my covering) 1 Ch. 8, 24.

עָרָלָ Gen. 9, 14 for עָרָלָ inf. Pi. of אָנָן, w. suf. ----; see Gram. § 10, 9, Rem.

דְעַנְלְיָדָה pr. n. (דְּיָ covers or protects), 1) of a man, Sept. 'Avav(aç, Neh. 3, 23. 2) of a place in Benjamin Neh. 11, 32.

(obs.) prob. akin to אניק (obs.) prob. akin to קעק (obs.) prob. akin to קעק

עָרָקָ (c. צָרָקָי, pl. c. אָרָקָ, w. suf. בְּרָקָיָדָ m. a bough or branch, prob. as covering the tree Mal. 3, 19, Ps. 80, 11.

Chald. (pl. w. suf. بنجتی) m. bough or branch, only Dan. 4, 18; cf. Syr. اشته branch and المناخ a mane.

גַנָאָד adj. m., דְעָנָאָד f., branchy, full of boughs, only Ez. 19, 10; r. גַנָאַ

קק (only w. suf. בָּוָשָׁכָם) m. bough or branch i. q. קנה, only Ez. 36, 8.

 load or supply him (the manumitted slave).

בָּכָשָׁ m. 1) a collar or neck-chain Cant. 4, 9; pl. אַכָּקִים Prov. 1, 9, רוֹדָאָד Judg. 8, 26. 2) pr. n. m. (prob. long-neck or giant) Anak, an old giant Josh. 15, 13 but piy Josh. 21, 11, hence the race אָבָרָי אָרָא Anakilcs Deut. 2, 10, אָבָר צָרָ Num. 13, 33, who dwelt in Hebron Josh. 11, 21;

cf. Arab. أعنَق long-necked or tall.

(obs.) perh. akin to يور I, to be young or vigorous; hence

אָדָר pr. n. (perh. manly) of a man Gen. 14, 13; also of a city in Manasseh 1 Ch. 6, 55, else אַדָּעָה Josh. 12, 21.

(fut. toy) prob. akin to τ, to urge or constrain (cf. àváσσα, ἀνωγα), hence to mulct or amerce Dent. 22, 19, w. > of pers. Prov. 17, 26; of forced contribution in money 2 Ch. 36, 8, in kind Am. 2, 8. — Niph. tryp: to be mulcted or fined Ex. 21, 22; to be punished Prov. 22, 8. Hence

DJ m. a mulct or fine Prov. 19, 19; a war-contribution 2 K. 23, 33.

شرط Chald. (i. q. Heb. رطب m. a fine or mulct, only Ezr. 7, 26.

אָלָעָד pr. n. 1) of a man (prob. audience, r. אָעָד I) Judg. 8, 31. 2) in name of a place (perh. echo) אָרָיד ראָש Josh. 19, 38.

לעָדָ Chald. perh. i. q. Heb. ועַרָּאָ time; see אַבָּנָה

רוֹהָשָׁ (perh. pl. of רְשָׁרָ, cf. דּשָׁרָ) pr. n. 1) of a man (prob. answers) Neh. 10, 20. 2) a priests' city (prob. declivities, r. רְשָׁר II) Anathoth, in Benjamin, birth-place of Jeremiah, about 3 miles north-cast of Jerussian

Josh. 21, 18, Jer. 1, 1, now Anâtha; Gentil. يوبنيت Anathothite 2 Sam. 28, 27.

עַרָּאָדָ 2 Sam. 22, 86, see עַרָּאָדָ II. דְעָרָאָדָרָ pr. n. m. (prob, answers of דָי, r. דָיָד I) 1 Ch. 8, 24.

تركي (c. ترجي m. prop. trodden out i. e. from grapes (r. ترجي), hence new wine or must (L. mustum) Joel 1, 5, Am. 9, 18, prob. intoxicating Is. 49, 26; made also from pomegranates Cant. 8, 2.

ملت akin to Chald. سيت , to trample or tread down, to crush, esp. grapes, only Mal. 3, 21 مرتيعة and ye shall trample down; hence يجب .

(Qal obs.) perh. akin to עש I, to rowse; perh. in fut. Po. רעיבין in Is. 15, 5 they shall raise or excite a cry; but see אין I.

(obs.) prob. akin to جعب (obs.) prob. akin to جعب, جيت, to cover or deck w. verdure; hence "

עיפה אפר, גפרז.

(only pl. אַשָּרָד, of. Gram. § 93, 6, Bem. 6) m. boughs or foliage Ph. 104, 12; r. אָשָר.

تَعْمَا Chald. (w. suf. माकू) m. bough or foliage Dan. 4, 9; cf. Syr. المُعْمَا bough and مُحْمَد foliage.

לפל (Qal obs.) akin to אָבָל, אָבָל, Arab. (Qal obs.) akin to rise; hence אָבָל, - Pu. אָשָל to be snoollen wp, fig. to be lofty or arrogant Hab. 2, 4. --Hiph. אָבָשָר to make a swell (cf. רוויד), fig. to act proudly or presumptuously Num. 14, 44, cf. Deut. 1, 43. Hence

) m. prop. a swelling up, hence 1) a kill Is. 32, 14; hence as pr. n. yhere is a set of the se

be high or hilly; hence

שְׁלָבָר pr. n. (prob. hill-man) only in בְּבָר דְּצָבְר, s town in Benjamin Josh. 18, 24.

אַרָאָשָרָ (only dual בּעַאָרָ, כ. אָאָשָאָ, w. suf. דער שוויער) m. the eyelids, prop. flickerers or flitters (r. דער in Pilpel, see Gram. 55, 4, cf. L. palpebræ) Job 16, 16, Ps. 182, 4; poet. beams or rays Job 3, 9; 41, 10.

אָבָד II (obs.) perh. akin to אָבָד, אָבָד II, to be strong or nimble; hence perh. אָקָר.

(obs.) perh. akin to بين , Arab. مَعَمَر , to be whitish or gray ; hence ترهدت

expressive of humiliation and worthlessness Gen. 18, 27, cf. Ps. 103, 14.

שטי pr. n. m. (perh. vigour, r. דעני) Gen. 25, 4.

שָׁלָשָר (pl. דְּשָׁרָים) m. prop. vigour or nimbleness, hance a fawn or young deer, a gazelle (cf. אָלָ) Cant. 2, 9; 8, 14; r. עַבּר II.

קרָד אָרָדָר pr. n. (prop. f. from בָּדָר) a place in Benjamin Josh. 18, 23, for which we get בית לְנַקרָה in Mich. 1, 10; another place in Manasseh Judg. 6, 11; also a man's name 1 Ch. 4, 14.

לערון, pr. n. (perh. gazelle-like) a city on the border of Benjamin 2 Ch. 18, 19 in K'thibh, but גַּאָרָרָן in Q'ri, prob. the Ἐφραίμ of John 11, 54; also a mountain on the confines of Benjamin and Judah Josh. 15, 9; also name of a Hittite Gen. 23, 8.

לְכָרָרָ pr. n. (a couple of gazelles), sec אבריד: דבר II.

אָבָּרָרָא (r. יבָּדָ) f. lead, prob. so named for its whitish colour (cf. יבָּרָ Ex. 15, 10, אָבָן דְעֹיַשָּׁיָה the leaden weight Zech. 5, 8.

ערקה Job 10, 22, see ערקה.

עָצָי (w. suf. יִצָאָים pl. עַצָּים, c. עַצָּיַ; r. hyp) m. 1) a tree Gen. 2, 9; often collect. trees e. g. עַץ פָרָי fruit-trees Gen. 1, 11, cf. Is. 10, 19, but pl. يعد trees in Judg. 9, 8-15. 2) wood or timber Hab. 2, 11, Deut. 4, 28, Is. 40, 20; a wooden post or stake, a gibbet or cross (L. patibulum) Gen. 40, 19, Deut. 21, 22. 28 (cf. Gal. 3, 13); perh. a stick or rod for correction Ez. 21, 15; fig. a wooden idol Jer. 2, 27. The pl. often stands for pieces of wood, e. g. boards or timbers for building Ex. 25, 10, Is. 60, 17; sticks (for fuel) Gen. 22, 3, Lev. 4, 12. --- Akin to Chald. אַדָ (tree), prob. to Syr. (Chald. org) wood.

Qal obs.) mimet. akin to דאָב, דאָב, אָדָאָד (see Gram. § 30, 2, Rem.), prop. to cut or hew, hence 1) to form or fashion, cf. 233, 233, 233. 2) fig. to pain or distress (cf. E. to cut up, of the feelings) 1 K. 1, 6, part. pass. f. אַציּבָה רוּדָז afflicted of (in) spirit Is. 54, 6; intrans. to feel pain, to be distressed, cf. rians. ---Niph. 2353 to hurt oneself, w. 2 of thing Ecc. 10, 9; fig. to be pained or grieved Gen. 45, 5, w. אל or אָד (of cause) 1 Sam. 20, 34, 2 Sam. 19, 3. - Pi. ZEV 1) to shape or fashion Job 10, 8. 2) fig. to pain or vex Is. 63, 10; to wrest or torture Ps. 56, 6. -Hiph. דיבארב 1) to figure or portray, prob. in Jer. 44, 19 לחקצבה for to make her image (the cakes having the form of the goddess), but most render for to worship her, cf. Vulg. ad colendum eam. 2) to vex or offend Ps. 78, 40. - Hith. to distress oneself Gen. 6, 6; to be angry or wroth Gen. 34, 7.

distressed or grieved Dan. 6, 21.

עָעָר (only pl. אָאָדָי, c. אָאָדָי) m. images or idols, as things fashioned or devised (r. גָעָר 1 Sam. 31, 9, Hos. 4, 17.

שַבֶּרָם (ר. בַּצָרָ pl. שַּבָרָם, w. suf. פעריק, שַבָּרָם Is. 58, 3 w. Dagh. f. euphon.) m. 1) a thing fashioned or devised, hence a vessel or utensil of earthen-ware Jer. 22, 28. 2) labour or trouble Prov. 10, 22; pain or grievance Gen. 3, 16, Prov. 15, 1; pl. toils Ps. 127, 2, בַּבַרַכם Is. 58, 3 your toils or tasks, i. e. which you impose on your slaves.

לָאָר (r. דַאָדָ; w. suf. דָאָדָן) m. 1) i. q. אַדָר an image or idol Is. 48, 5;

Ps. 139, 24 אָדָר idol-way i. e. idolatry, or perh. way of trouble or wrong, as in Sept., Syr. and Vulgate. 2) labour or pain Is. 14, 3, 1 Ch. 4, 9.

(דָאָבוֹן : יָעָבָר : יָעָבָר ; r. 1) labour or travail, hard toil Gen. 3, 17; 5, 29. 2) pain Gen. 3, 16 עַאָרוֹטָן וּקרוֹטָן thy pain and thy conception i. e. thy painful pregnancy, cf. Gram. § 155, 1, a.

עַבְּרָח (c. בְּבָר, pl. c. בִּבָּר, r. בָּבָר (c. בִּבָּר, pl. c. בִּבָּר, r. בָּבָר (c. בַּבָר, prob. לבי (c. בַּבָר (c. בַּר (c. בַּר (c. בַּר (c. בַּר (c. בַר (

עַאָצביכֶם Is. 85, 3, see עַאָצביכָם.

ر (obs.) akin to تلقرم (which see) Arab. عَضَدَ, Aram. تَضَدَ, to cut or hew; hence يتيج.

Lev. 3, 9.

לצוו, f. 1) fem. of אָדָא, wood, collect. timber Jer. 6, 6; prob. in Prov. 27, 9 his friend's sweetness (rejoices the heart) why more than fragrant wood. 2) r. יִדָּעָ (c. דַאָּדָ, w. suf. יעצחיד, pl. עצות, w. suf. עצחיד Is. 47, 13 for yxing), counsel or purpose, hence a) advice, given or taken 2 Sam. 16, 20, אַכָּשָׁר עַבָּרָזי men of my counsel, i. e. my advisers Ps. 119, 24; also admonition (by prophecy) Is. 44, 26; β) plan or design Is. 19, 3, Ψ. the man of my design i. e. the executor of my plan Is. 46, 11; esp. decree of God Job 38, 2; γ) wisdom or deliberation, esp. of God Is. 11, 2,

Jer. 32, 19 المَّزْ بَاتَكِتْبَ the great in counsel. — Pl. النَّعَيْنَ counsels Deut. 32, 28, Is. 47, 13; cares Ps. 13, 8.

עצרים (pl. שַצרים אַדָּאָרים (pl. שַצרים adj. m. 1) strong or mighty Gen. 18, 18, Joel 2, 2; plur. as subst. warriors or heroes Prov. 18, 18, Is. 58, 12; poet. fangs or claws, only Ps. 10, 10 poet. fangs or claws, only Ps. 10, 10 by his fangs (cf. Gram. § 146, 4), where others render by his strong ones or his strength (cf. נַעָּאָרָם). 2) numerous Num. 32, 1, Ps. 35, 18.

אָבָרוֹך בָּבָר back-bone, of. אָאָד) of a sea-port of Idumea on the Elanitic gulf of the Red Sea (cf. אַרָליז) Num. 33, 35, 1 K. 9,26; called later Βερενίχη, but Arab. ל אַבָּעָשָׁת.

(Qal obs.) prob. akin to לאַדָּלָ (Qal obs.) prob. akin to לאַדָּלָ (Qal obs.) prob. akin to לאַדָּלָ (Qal obs.) לאָדָל (Qal obs.) לאָדָר לאָדָר (Qal obs.) לאָדָר לאָדָר (Qal obs.) לאָדָר
مَكْرٌ adj. m. slothful, only as subst. a sluggard Prov. 6, 6; 15, 19.

לאָלָה (dual בְּלָהָים) f. sloth, lasiness Prov. 19, 15; dual double sloth i. e. extreme laziness Ecc. 10, 19.

רא עַאָלא f. sloth, only Prov. 31, 27; r. געי.

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עצם (pl. אַצָּמָיע, דוסאָש w. suf. Tinxy Ps. 22, 18) f. 1) bone, Gen. 2, געבעבר געבעבר bone from my bones. The pl. may esp. for bones of the dead (cf. רוד, רוד) Ex. 13, 19, 2 Sam. 21, 12. 2) body, physical frame Lam. 4, 7. 3) self (cf. 1, L. ipse), only of things, e. g. בְּצַב מִיּוֹם מַיּוֹם Gen. 7, 13 prop. in the bone or body of that day, i. e. in that very day; DYSP as the heaven itself Ex. 24, 10; in his very perfection or prosperity Job 21, 23 (cf. Gram. § 124, Rem. 3). 4) pr. n. (prob. strength, r. (22) of a city in Simeon Josh. 15, 29.

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لَكَكُلُ (w. suf. مَرْجَعَ) m. 1) strength Deut. 8, 17, Job 30, 21. 2) body i. q. בעבי 2, Ps. 139, 15; r. مَكْتَعَ.

וֹזְעָעָץ f. 1) strength Is. 40, 29. 2) throng or multitude Nah. 3, 9; r. באָ

קיבטון pr. n. (strong, r. עַבְּטוֹן) of a city on the south border of Palestine Num. 34, 5; w. ה loc. עַבְּטָלָה v. 4.

רובאָשָׁ (only pl.) f. strong defences, bulwarks, only fig. in Js. 41, 21 your strong arguments, cf. Job 13, 12; r. באַשַ.

be firm; perh. hence

נְעָבָלָיָ (perh. w. suf. יָבָעָלָי) m. prob. spear, only in 2 Sam. 23, 8 where the text and meaning are very uncertain, but the K'thibh ידעני may be for ידעבני whose spear (= אָשָׁר עָבָעָי, of. Gram. like אָשָׁר עָבָליָדָ for יָשָעָר אָשָׁר, of. Gram. § 100, Rem.).

(fut. רְּצָצֹר, רְצָצֹר, רְצָצֹר, אָבָר) prob. akin to דְצָר, אָבָר, to enclose or surround, hence 1) to close or shut up Deut. 11, 17, Gen. 16, 2, w. בָּצָר, Gen. 20, 18; to restrain or imprison 2 K. 17, 4, 1

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Ch. 12, 1, hence the phrase $\exists xy \\ \forall xy \\ bond and free, i. e. every body 2K.9,$ 8. 2) to hold back, to detain Judg. $13, 16, w. <math>\exists$ Job 12, 15, w. \flat 2 K. 4, 24; to retain Dan. 10, 8; also to hold out, to have power 2 Ch. 14, 10; 20, 37. 3) to rule or control, w. \exists 1 Sam. 9, 17. 4) to gather or amass, cf. $\exists xy, \\ \neg xy, \\ \neg xy

Judg. 18, 7.

עצר m. 1) a shutting up or closing, Prov. 30, 16, בצר רדם closing of womb i.e. barrenness. 2) constraint or oppression Is. 53, 8, Ps. 107, 39; r. בצי.

Is. 47, 3, see דַצָּרָרָ 2.

I (fut בְּכָב) prob. akin to בָּעָד I (fut בִּכָר) prob. akin to בָּעָד I, to spin or weave, to bind, hence (cf. בַּעָד, בַּרָ) fig. to plot, to deceive or trick Hos. 12, 4 (w. play on בַּעָד in v. 3), Gen. 27, 86, Jer. 9, 3. — Pi. to bind fast or hold back (= Chald בַּעָד to delay), only Job 87, 4 בַעָר אָר אָר לפּג מַעָר אָר them back, i. e. God does not delay the lightnings; but perh. it is He does not deceive them, i. e. God lets men see flashes when he thunders.

בובע וו prob. akin to בקר וו, בקב, 1) to be bulging, protuberant or prominent; hence אנכו, whence

perh. as denom. - 2) to take by the heel, to supplant Hos. 12, 4, cf. Gen. 25, 26 (but see Spy I); hence

עקבי (כ. בעַק, w. suf. $i \supseteq D_{2}$, pl. c. אַ מְקָבִי, מְקָבָי, שָׁקָבָי, אָ Dagh. f. euphon.) m. prop. protuberance, hence 1) a heel Gen. 8, 15, Job 18, 9; hoof of a horse Gen. 49, 17, Judg. 5, 22; fig. step or foot-print Ps. 56, 7, 77, 20 אָ מְקְבוֹיְהִיָרָ thy foot-steps, cf. Cant. 1, 8. 2) fig. the rear of an army Gen. 49, 19, Josh. 8, 13. 3) r. $\Box D_{2}$ I, a deceiver or supplanter, a plotting foe, only Ps. 49, 6 $\Box D_{2}$ iniquity of my supplanters.

שָׁקָבָּח (. 1) prominent or killy (r. בְּסָבָ f. 1) prominent or killy (r. בְּסָ II), as subst. a kill or knoll (opp. בָּסָ II), as subst. a kill or knoll (opp. 15, 40, 4. 2) r. בְּסָ I, deceitful or treacherous Jer. 17, 9; perh. deceived or betrayed in Hos. 6, 8 בִּסָבָ בְּסָ betrayed by blood (Vulg. supplantata sanguine), but perh. better tracked w. blood i. e. full of bloody foot-prints (cf. בַּכָּ 1).

שר אנה. דער אנה אנה. דער אנה

קרָבָר (r. בְּקַב I) f. deceit or treachery, only 2 K. 10, 19.

אָבָד אָגַד אווח (fut. יַפָּקֹד) אווח (אָבָד,

Arab. عقد, to bind or tie, only Gen. 22, 9. Hence

דָרָקָ (pl. אָקריס) adj. m. prop. banded, hence striped or streaky Gen. 80, 85.

קָרָד m. binding or union, only in pr. n. בירו עקד 2 K. 10, 12. 14.

to check or press in; hence rppp.

기尺깃 (c. 기맛, w. — firm) f. oppression, only Ps. 55, 4; r. pv.

עקוב pr. n. m. (prob. supplanter, i. q. פקב) of sundry men, e. g. 1 Ch. 3, 24; 9, 17; Ezr. 2, 45; r. בעע L.

(Qal obs.) prob. akin to y, jpy, to turn or wind, to twist or pervert. — Pu. part. perverted or twisted, only Hab. 1, 4. Hence

לָרָלָעָל (cf. Gram. § 84, 23) adj. m., האָראָראָד ג., winding or crooked, zigzag, Judg. 5, 6 אָראָראָר עַקַלְקָל winding ways i. e. by-paths; plur. as subst. zigzags, fig. perverse ways Ps. 125, 5.

וֹרָשָלַעָל (from אָבָשָיַ w. adj. ending אָי־; r. אָבָשָ) adj. m. winding or tortuous, of a serpent, only Is. 27, 1.

(obs.) prob. akin to کچی; Chald. کمکر, syr. کمکر, to be best or crooked; hence

קר pr. n. m. (crooked) Gen. 36, 27, but יַכָּקוֹ in Num. 33, 31.

Chald. (Pe. obs.) to root out (cf. קק, i. q. Heb. אָקָר. – Ithpr. to be extirpated Dan. 7, 8.

קדר prob. akin to קדר, i. q. Arab. גער, to bore or dig, to pierce or penetrate, cf. באר rooling in, scorpion, Chald. בקר rool:

רַשְׁרָה אָשָׁרָה (c. רְשָׁרָה) f. barren or sterile, of a male or female Deut. 7, 14, Ps. 113, 9; r. בָשָר 2.

רָשָׁרָ m. 1) prop. a rooting in (r. געָקר to dig), a transplanting or ingrafting, hence fig. a settler or a naturalised foreigner (opp. אָאָרָר), only Lev. 25, 47. 2) pr. n. m. (perh. a foreign settler) 1 Ch. 2, 27.

רקי Chald. (c. קסי m. prop. root, hence stump Dan. 4, 12; cf. r. קסי.

קרבים) m. prop. piercer or stinger (r. קסָר, hence 1) a scorpion Ez. 2, 6. 2) fig. a scourge, prob. w. sharp points or knots 1 K. 12, 11. --- From r. קסָר w. old adj. ending --- (see under letter -, p. 74); perh. akin to σχορπίος.

קררן ער א. (perh. settlement or colony, cf. יקר) Ekron, the northernmost of the 5 chief cities of the Philistines Josh. 13, 3, Judg. 1, 18, Sept. 'Axxapώv, 'Axapώv, now 'Aqfr; gent. יקריר Ekronite Josh. 13, 3, pl. 1 Sam. 5, 10.

ער (Qal obs.) prob. akin to אָבָשָׁ, לס wind, to twist or worest. - Niph. נְשָׁשָׁ to be perverted, only part. in c. state in נְשָׁשָׁ Prov. 28, 18 perverse of 2 ways, i. e. turning now one way then another, cf. v. 6 now one way then another, cf. v. 6 Pi. to pervert the right Mic. 3, 9, fig. one's ways Is. 59, 8, Prov. 10, 9. — Hiph. איז איז גער איז or declare perverse, only Job 9, 20 require he (God) declares me wrong or guilty, יבְּקָשֵׁר for יַבְּקָשֵׁר, cf. Gram. § 53, Rem. 4. Hence

עַקָּשָׁש בּוּ אָפָאָש פּרָ אָפָאָש adj. m. 1) perverse Deut. 32, 5, Prov. 8, 8; Ps. 101, 4 בְרַב צְשָׁש מַ *a perverse heart*, Prov. 17, 20 בְרַב צְשָׁש כָּרָ אָפָש פּרָאָניין heart, plur. Prov. 11, 20. 2) pr. n. m. (perverse) 2 Sam. 23, 26. Hence

חוֹשׁהָא f. perverseness or falseness Prov. 4, 24, af. 19, 1.

ער I (r. עד IV) f. a city, old form for ער פרים, hence pl. ער (Gram. § 96), only as pr. name ער Num. 21, 15, v. 28 ער מואָב (Moab's city), the capital of Moab Is. 15, 1.

ער (r. עד ד) m. i. q. ער enemy, 1 Sam. 28, 16 ער ער לאין foe, perh. for עליק against thee; plur. foes Is. 14, 21, Ps. 189, 20.

7 Chald. m. enemy i. q. Heb. 7, Dan. 4, 16.

ער (prop. part. of עד I) m. 1) a caller, only Mal. 2, 12 ער יענין and answerer i. e. every person. 2) pr. n. (caller or watcher) of a son of Judah Gen. 38, 3.

עור skin, see ער

I (fut. בְּיָבֶי) prob. akin to or braid, to interweave, cf. אָרָב and prob. בְיָב 1 also to mingle or compound, cf. בְיָב 2, Syr. בּיָב to mix. 2) to exchange or barter, to traffic Ez. 27, 9. 27. 3) to pledge or pawn (as a sort of barter) Neh. 5, 3, fig. Jer. 30, 21; to be or give security, for a person's safety Gen.

43, 9 1 will guarantee him, or for his debt, w. aco. of pers. Prov. 11, 15, w. > Prov. 6, 1, w. >> Prov. 17, 18, fig. Is. 88, 14 >> Prov. 17, 18, fig. Is. 88, 14 >> be surety for me, i. e. undertake thou my defence, cf. Job 17, 3; hence 120. — Ilith. 20 is intertake thou my defence, cf. Job 17, 3; hence 100. — 100 is intertake thou my defence, cf. Job 17, 3; hence 100. — 100 is intertake thou my defence, cf. Job 17, 3; hence 100. — 100 is intertake thou my defence, cf. Job 17, 3; hence 100. — 100 is intermingle oneself or intermeddle, w. 100of thing Prov. 14, 10. 2) to intermingle, to have intercourse, w. 100 of pers. Ps. 106, 35, w. > Prov. 20, 19, w. Dy Prov. 24, 21, by marriage Ezr. 9, 2; also to bet or wager, w. rw with 2 K. 18, 23, Is. 36, 8.

גערב Chald. same as Heb. ערב I, Syr. בי, to mix. — Pa. to commingle or combine, part. pass. קערב mixed Dan. 2, 43. — Ithpa. part. pl. קרערברך commingled Dan. 2, 43.

דיר I (obs.) akin to דִירָב, to be dry or parched, to be sterile or waste; hence עַרָבָרו

דער (fut. רְּשָׁרַב) perh. akin to אָשָר (w. old formative ending ---, see letter -, p. 74), to suck, hence prob. אָד (הביד, hence to be stored or pleasant (comp. רְשָׁרָם), w. b of pers. Prov. 3, 24, Jer. 6, 20, w. by Ps. 104, 34, Ez. 16, 37.

דיד, III (obs.) prob. mimet. akin to שור I (w. old formative ending ביד, see p. 74) to cry or call, to croak; hence prob. שיב crow or roven. ערָב, גערָב, גערָב, גערָב, גערָב, גערָב, גערָב, גערָב, גערָב, גערָב, גערַב, גערַג, גערען, געען, געעען, געעע, געעעע, געעעע, געעעעע, געעעען, געעען, געעע, געעעעע, געעעע, געעעע, געעעע, געעעע, געעעע, געעעע, געעעע, געעע

בר (r. אָרָב II) adj. m. sweet or pleasant Prov. 20, 17, Cant. 2, 14.

ערב II) m. prob. the gadfly, so called for its sucking the blood Ex. 8, 17, Ps. 78, 45, Sept. צטאטָאָטנ*ו dog-fly*, said esp. to suck the blood of cattle and to cause painful sores.

ערבי 2 Ch. 9, 14, בי Is. 21, 13 (r. ד, ד) pr. n. (prob. waste or barren, cf. ערבי) Arabia Jer. 25, 24, Ez. 27, 21; gentil. n. ערבי 20 and ערבי Neh. 2, 19 Arab or Arabian, pl. ערבי 20 Ch. 22, 1 and ערביים 20 Ch. 22, 1 and דארג אין 20 Ch. 22, 1 and tract of country (not very extensive) on the east and south of Palestine, as far as the Red Sea (cf. 'Apaβía Gal. 1, 17; 4, 25).

ערב, ביוע (r. ערב, j) m. 1) woof or weft (in weaving) Lev. 13, 48— 59. 2) also אַרֶב, pr. mixture, hence a mixed multitude or mass, esp. of strangers or foreigners, Ex. 12, 38, Neh. 13, 3, w. art. ביער ג. 10, 15, Jer. 25, 20, Ez. 30, 5; cf. E. rabble, riff-raff.

קרַבָּרָם dual אָרָב (in pause עָרָב, dual אָרָב pl. קרַבָּרָם Jer. 5, 6; r. עַרָב II) m. (fem. 1 Sam. 20, 5) evening Gen. 1, 5; at or in the evening קרב Digitized by GOOGLE ניר (as adv. נער ב, 1, לער ב, Gen. 49, 27, נער (as adv. acc.) Ex. 16, 6. - The dual occurs only in the phrase ברן הטרבים between the 2 evenings Ex. 12, 6, the time for killing the paschal lamb Lev. 23, 5, and for offering the daily evening sacrifice Ex. 29, 39, prob. the interval between sunset and dark (cf. Deut. 16, 6), as the Karaites and Samaritans hold, or perh. the time between the sun's declining $(\delta \epsilon i \lambda \tau_i - \pi \rho \omega \epsilon \alpha)$ and its actual setting (δείλη δψία), as the Pharisees insisted and the Jews now hold.

ערבי (pl. ערבי, איביר (pl. ערבי, דער) איביר a raven, called so prob. for its cry or croaking, not for its black colour (as if from r. ערבי II) Gen. 8, 7, Ps. 147, 9; prob. also a crow Deut. 14, 14. 2) pr. n. (raven) of a prince of Midian Judg. 7, 25, cf. Is. 10, 28. Prob. mimet. like Sans. kârava, xópaξ, χορώνη, L. corvus, cornix, G. krähe, rabe (O. G. hraban), E. crow, raven, Kelt. brān.

ו עַרְבָרָא f. a wilderness or desert i. q. עַרְבָחָה, only Is. 51, 3 עַרְבָחָה wilderness; ד. אַרָר Hence gentilic n. עַרָב ו Ch. 11, 32, referring to some place unknown.

of Jordan) אישה באָאָה פּוָשָר אושה. 22, 1. 2) pr. n. (a waste or desert) of a city in Benjamin Josh. 18, 18, fully גיא גרח הַפָּרָבָר הָאָרָבָר perh. the gentil. n. גרח הַפָּרָבָר 2 Sam. 23, 31.

(r. עָרָבָר I) f. 1) survety or security Prov. 17, 18. 2) pledge or pawn, 1 Sam. 17, 18 בַרָבָח their pledge.

ערבון (r. דָרָבון I) m. a pledge or earnest Gen. 38, 17, Sept. àģģaβών (cf. 2 Cor. 1, 22). — This word passed (by means of Phenician commerce) over to the Greeks (àģģaβών) and the Bomans (arrhabe, arrha).

אָדָב 500 עַרְבִי, אַכְרָבי. עַרָב 500 אַרְבָּיָם, see עַרְבַּיָם.

צַרְבָּתִי 2 Sam. 23, 81, 500 צַרְבָתִי 2 Sam. 23, 81, 500 גַרְבָתִי 2 גַרְבָתִי גַרָ

A $_ \neg$ I (fut. רְבָרל) prob. mimet. akin to גָדָ , to cry or call, to bray or low (of a beast, as longing for something), fig. to long or pant, w. by Ps. 42, 2 or stored Joel 1, 20. --- Mimet. r. akin to Sans. $r\hat{a}_{c}$ (to roar), שׁׁׁסִשְׁיָל, L. rugio, rudo, W. rhŷo, E. roar.

אָדָהָ , דָרָהָ II (obs.) akin to אָדָהָ , אָדָהָ, to arrange or lay out; hence עריקר.

ער (obs.) prob. akin to דָּרָד, קרָד, to tremble or fear, as a shy or wild animal; hence

אירד, אירד and

TJY pr. n. (prob. wild ass) of a royal Canaanite city in the wilderness of Judah Num. 21, 1, Josh. 12, 14; of a man 1 Ch. 8, 15.

עָרָד Chald. (only pl. def. צָרָד Chald. (inly pl. def. בָּרָד, a wild ass Dan. 5, 21.

ער (Qal obs.) akin to ער II, Digitized by Google

(only pl. קרוח, f. prob. cleared or open places, meadows (cf. מַשְׁרָה), only Is. 19, 7; ר. עַרָה

ידיקדע (part. pass. f. of ידיקדע) f. prop. something arranged or laid out, hence prob. a bed or parterre (in a garden) Cant. 5, 13, Ez. 17, 7.

ערוֹד (ד. אָרָד) m. a wild ass (i. q. Chald. פָרָד), only Job 39, 5, Sept. δνο: מֿדָאָרָסָר, L. onager; cf. אַדָּשָ.

obscenity or foulness, פּרְיַת דָּכָר foul or hateful thing Deut. 23, 15; s blemish Deut. 24, 1; disgrace or ignominy Is. 20, 4, 1 Sam. 20, 30.

ליך Chald. f. prop. exposure, hence damage or injury, only Exr. 4, 14; i. q. Heb. אָרָיָא.

(פְרָש, עָרָוֹם (עָרָוֹם (פָרָמי, ד. שְׁרָשָׁ, דָרָוֹם) adj. m., שְׁרָשָׁי, f., naked Job 1, 21, Hos. 2, 5; also barely clad, ragged Job 22, 6, Is. 58, 7 (cf. יטעיטֹק James 2, 15); half-dressed, wearing only the tunic or under-garment (עָקָשָׁי) 1 Sam. 19, 24, Is. 20, 2 (cf. יטעיטֹק in John 21, 7).

ערום (pl פָרוּם, r. פָרוּם II) adj. m. sky or crafty Gen. 3, 1, Job 5, 12; prudent, sagacious Prov. 12, 16; 14, 18.

צירים, בפר צרים.

לערובר, ארובר, ארובר

עריך (כ. אָרָדָץ אָרָדָץ) m. ierror or horror, only Job 30, 6 אַבָּרִדּץ בְּחָלָים in terribleness of valleys i. e. in most dismal ravines (cf. Gram. § 119, 2); perh. better in cleft or fissure (Sept. דְשָׁרָאָמו, Vulg. cavernæ), as from r. אַרָדָץ II, cf. אָרָדָץ.

לות Hab. 3, 13 inf. Pi. of שָׁרוֹוֹז in Is. 19, 7 it is pl. of דָּעָרָאָ .

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pr. n. m. (prob. watchful, r. الالا a son of Gad Gen. 46, 16.

אָרָיָרָ (r. אָרָעָ I) f. same as אָרָיָרָ makedness, as adj. in Ez. 16, 7 אַרָ שרם וְשָרָיָ thou wast naked and nakedness, i. e. utterly naked; as adv. in Hab. 3, 9 thy bow אָרָיָה הַעֹר was made guite naked.

(only pl. עָּדִיסָּדָה) f. prob. grits or groats, coarse meal Num. 15, 20, Ez. 44, 30, i. q. Byr. לוֹשׁעָׁן; r. שָׁרָסָ.

(only pl.) m. *clowde*, only ניקים ג 5, 30; r. אָרָא II or perh. r. גערָא I.

עָרִיצָים, hence w. -- firm; pl. עָרִיצָים, c. עָרִיצָים; r. (עָרַעָ) m. 1) adj. terrible or mighty, of God Jer. 20, 11, of nations Is. 25, 3, of a man Ps. 37, 35; fierce or violent Job 15, 20; עָרִצָּר גוֹיָם the most violent nations Ez. 28, 7. 2) subst. a tyrant Is. 13, 11, Job 27, 13.

(pl. אָרָרִים; r. עָרָרָיָן) adj. m. destitute or forlorn, hence childless Gen. 15, 2, Lev. 20, 20.

, שֶּרְבָח.w. הcohort, שֶׁרֹהָ, fut. ארה) akin to ארח (שרה) II, ארה, 1) to set in order, Gen. 22, 9, Lev. 24, 8 (cf. בַעַרֶכֵת 1); to prepare, a table Prov. 9, 2, weapons Jer. 46, 3; esp. a) w. בְּלָחֲמָה to marshal or prepare battle Judg. 20, 20, w. ny with Gen. 14, 8, w. לקראת against 1 Sam. 17, 2; also without כִּלְחָפָה, to muster, w. 🛰 Judg. 20, 30, w. > Jer. 50, 9, w. על 2 Sam. 10, 10, w. על Jer. 50, 14, w. acc. Job 6, 4 רערכונר for יערכו לר (cf. Gram. § 121, 4); β) w. (מִמְרָן) to array words, w. אַל Job 32, 14, also without בעלים Job 37, 19 לא נצריך we muster not (words) by reason of darkness, cf. Is. 44, 7; to direct words Ps. 5, 4; γ) w. שַשָּשָׁ to set in order a cause in court Job 13, 18; 23, 4, cf. Ps. 50, 21. 2) w. > or by to compare Is. 40, 18, Ps. 40, 6, w. acc. Job 28, 17 שָרֵיכָי אל shall not match it (Gram. § 121, 4). 3) to estimate or value Job 36, 19. — Hiph. ---- Cf. dpéyw, L. rego, G. reihen. ---- Cf. dpéyw, L. rego, G. reihen. ---- Cf. dpéyw, L. rego, G. the shew-

bread Ex. 40, 23. 2) preparation or outfit, a suit or set, of clothes Judg. 17, 10, of armour Job 41, 4. 3) estimation or value Lev. 5, 15; hence estimate or price Lev. 27, 3, Job 28, 13, אָשָׁשׁ מָשָׁ מָשָׁ מָשָׁ מָשָׁ מָשָׁ i. e. my own equal Ps. 55, 14.

ערכה Job. 33, 5, Gram. § 63, Bem. 1.

perh. denom. from obs. foreskin, to circumcise; only fig. of a fruit-tree in Lev. 19, 23 אָר-פָרָוֹ יַרְשָׁרָשָׁת and ye shall foreskin its foreskin, its fruit, i. e. ye shall cast away the fruits of the young tree, as if they were unclean during the first 3 years of its bearing. — Niph. to expose one's foreskin, fig. to uncover one's nakedness, only imper. by in Hab. 2, 16. Hence

לךלה (pl. אָרָלות, c. עָרָלות) f. the foreskin (Sept. axροβυστία, Vulg. præputium) Gen. 17, 11-25, 1 Sam.

18, 25; fig. אָרָלָת לָרָב heart i. e. its moral insensibility or uncleanness Deut. 10, 16, Jer. 4, 4; also fig. said of a fruit-tree in Lev. 19, 23 אָרָלָת לָרָד *its foreskin* i. e. its fruits for the first 3 years of its bearing, which fruits the law ordered to be cast away as if unclean. --- Perh. fem. of an obs. אָלָא, perh. for ל - שָׁ an old diminutival form of שׁ skin (see on format. ending - under letter b, p. 312), hence a small skin, cf. L. pellicula.

א ערום naked. ערים naked.

ערם Ez. 23, 29, see צֶרם.

ערָם (w. suf. פָרָמָם; r. עָרָם II) m. craftiness, only Job 5, 18.

לְרָשְׂה f. 1) guile or cunning Ex. 21, 14, Josh. 9, 4. 2) prudence Prov. 1, 4; שרם II.

שְׁרְבּוּך m. the plane-tree, oriental maple-tree Gen. 30, 37, pl. Ez. 31, 8; prob. called so on account of its bare or almost rindless trunk; r. בין I.

יער איז pr.n.m.(prob. watchful, r. אוועד), gent. ער *Eranite*, both in Num. 26,86. נסא (obs.) prob. akin to אָרָס (obs.) prob. akin to אַרָס, to be gritty or coarse; hence אַרָּסָא.

עָרִעוֹר Judg. 11, 26, see עַרָעוֹר.

עָרָעָר (r. עָרָי) adj. m. destitute or forlorn Ps. 102, 18; perh. also in Jer. 17, 6, but prob. better shrub or heath, see ערוער 1.

צריצר see צרצרי, ציצר.

רְשָׁרָם) akin to רְשָׁרָם) ikin to רְשָׁרָם), to drop or distil Deut. 33, 28, fig. Deut. 32, 2; hence עַרִיפִים.

ער בו (obs.) akin to ער עיב II, to be dark; hence עָרָשָל, כו. לַרְשָעַת,

ער אוו (obs.) perh. akin to III (obs.) perh. akin to incline or bend; hence לְּכָשָּׁר, whence the denom. —

ור (fut. רְצָרֹם) to break the neck, of an animal Ex. 13, 13, Is. 66, 8; fig. to destroy Hos. 10, 2.

לָרָך (w. s.f. עָרָפּר) m. neck, esp. the nape, of a beast Lev. 5, 8, of man Gen. 49, 8, Job 16, 12; idioms, נַרָן נָרָן to offer or turn the nape or back, either in contumacy 2 Ch. 29, 6, w. קַרָּר עָרָן Jer. 2, 27, or for flight Josh. 7, 12, w. קַרָּן v. 8, cf. Ex. 23, 27; קַרָּן אָר אָרָנ hard of neck i. e. stubborn Ex. 32, 9.

קרָה pr. n. f. (prob. for נְקָרָה a fawn) Buth 1, 4. 14.

שָׁרָשָּׁל m. darkness or obscurity Deut. 4, 11, Ps. 18, 10, i. q. Syr. אָרָה : דָרָאָד II, see letter 5, p 312.

part. <u>אין לפרין terrible</u> Ps. 89, 8. – Hiph. to inspire w. awe, part. אין object of awe Is. 8, 18; to show fear at, to be afraid of, w. acc. Is. 8, 12; 29, 28.

مَرَى akin to Arab. مَرَى Syr. גָּם, to gnaw or bite, only in part. Job 30, 3 גָּם מָּרְקָרָם צָּרְזָר אָשָׁרָק desert, said of famished men in a desert; also in v. 17 עָרָקָר אָאַרָק שיק gnawers (i. e. my biting pains) rest not. But בָּרָש may be to flee, as in Aram. בָּרָש, בָּרָב, and hence in Job 30, 3 it may be fleeing into the desert (Sept. בָּנָס אָנָק אָנָט אָנָר in Job 30, 17 בָּרָש may be my veins (cease not from throbbing), i. q. Arab.

ער ו (Qal only imper. ער) akin to איד II, דער I, דער I, פר ע שיר I, דער I, דער I, פר ע שיר I, דער I, דער bare or naked, only Is. 32, 11 שיר ער ער ער to lay bare, hence to demolish Is. 23, 13. — Pilp. ערער (only inf. ערער) to lay bare, to rase Jer. 51, 58; hence utterly bare, to rase Jer. 51, 58; hence דרחער ערער to be wtterly rased, only Jer. 51, 58.

ער פון (obs.) prob. akin to עייר IV, to enclose or encircle; hence ג ערוער 2.

ישר (obs.) perh. akin to אָרָער, to sprout or vegetate; perh. ערוער ו, שַרְעָר.

(obs.) prob. akin to Syr. بين *to feed;* hence pr. n. بين *بون* روي (obs.) prob. akin to Arab. غرش, to roof or arch over; prob.

ערשיר, pl. דערשי, w. suf. בישיר (w. suf. בישי, pl. rob. w. a canopy or curtains, hence a tent-bed Cant. 1, 16, Deut. 3, 11, Ps. 6, 7; i. q. Aram. אביש, של.

m. 1) i. q. της, prob. the Great Bear (constellation) only Job
9, 9. 2) r. της, a moth Job 4, 19,
Is. 50, 9, i. q. τος, σής.

علام (obs.) prob. akin to عابر, to be bright or shining, then to be green in vegetation; hence

W. Dagh. f. euphon.) m. prop. growth or vegetation, hence herb or plant Prov. 27, 25, used as collect. herbs Gen. 1, 11, serving as food for men Gen. 1, 30 and for beasts Deut. 11, 15, hence prob. vegetables and herbage in general Am. 7, 2, Jer. 14, 6; named as emblem of transitoriness Ps. 72, 16, Is. 37, 27; Syr. Loss, Arab.

تَعْتَى Chald. (def. المَهْتِي) m. same as Heb. مَعْتَى , herb or herbage Dan. 4, 22; 5, 21.

צַשוּקים

cities 2 Ch. 82, 29; w. > of result Gen. 12, 2 I will make thee לגור ברול for (or inte) a great nation (Sept. ποιήσω σε είς έθνος, Vulg. faciam te in gentem), w. acc. Am. 4, 13, w. double acc. Ex. 38, 3 (see Gram. § 139, 2), cf. Ex. 27, 3; a) used of God, to form or create, e. g. man Gen. 1, 26, the world Gen. 2, 2. 3, hence in part. with his maker Job 4, 17, ינס my maker Job 35, 10 (cf. Gram. § 108, 2, b); β) to produce or yield, e. g. of a cow making milk Is. 7, 22, of a person gaining fatness Job 15, 27 (cf. Gram. § 53, 2, Note), of a tree bearing fruit (cf. xap nov noisiv Mat. 3, 8, also Aristot. de Plantis 2, 10) Gen. 1, 11, of a field or a vineyard yielding a crop Gen. 41, 47, Is. 5, 2. 10; γ) to earn or gain, e. g. wealth Gen. 31, 1, Deut. 8, 17 (cf. ποιείν βίον, L. pecuniam facere, our make money), slaves Gen. 12, 5, wages Is. 19, 10; δ) to prepare, e. g. food (cf. E. 'a made dish') Gen. 18, 7, a repast Gen. 21, 8, the beard or feet 2 Sam. 19, 25, the nails Deut. 21, 12; of God planning events Is. 37, 28; s) esp. to offer or sacrifice Ex. 29, 36, Ps. 66, 15, Hos. 2, 10, ellipt. cf. רַיחוֹר to sacrifice to דַשָּה לָיחוֹר (cf. lepà péceiv Odys. 5, 102, also péceiv θεφI. 2, 400) Ex. 10, 25; ς) to appoint or constitute 1 Sam. 12, 6, 1 K. 12, 31, w. > for Jer. 37, 15; () to perform or accomplish, e. g. a purpose Is. 30, 1, vow Judg. 11, 39, w. 10 to cause that Ecc. 3, 14; η) to keep or observe, e. g. the sabbath Deut. 5, 15, the passover Ex. 12, 48, also of time, to spend Ecc. 6, 12 (cf. ποιείν χρόvov Acts 15, 38). 3) to do or act Gen. 6, 22, Ps. 115, 8, Is. 46, 6; esp. a) to fulfil e. g. the law Lev. 20, 22, God's will Ps. 103, 21, right Gen. 18, 19, Ps. 9, 16, wrong Gen. 34, 7,

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Is. 53, 9; w. ל, ב, of pers. Gen. 22, 12, Is. 5, 4, Ruth 2, 19, w. double acc. Jer. 38, 9, Is. 42, 16 (cf. άγαθά or xaxà ποιεῖν τινα, see Gram. § 139, 2). — Niph. (مجربيات), fem. נְצָשָׂה, part. נְצָשָׁה, fut. יַצָּשָׁה, once היעטר Ex. 25, 31 for היעטר, apoc. Upp) 1) to be made or done Gen. 20, 9, Ex. 12, 16; to be formed 1 K. 10, 20; to be created Ps. 33, 6; to be prepared, e. g. for food Num. 6, 4, for sacrifice Lev. 7, 9; to be kept or celebrated 2 K. 23, 23, Est. 9, 28; to be perpetrated, of a wrong Deut. 17, 4, Mal. 2, 11. 2) to happen, w. 5 of pers. Ex. 2, 4, Is. 3, 11. - Pi. ripp to handle or press, only Ez. 23, 3. 8, comp. Kal in v. 21. -Pu. to be made or created, only I was made Ps. 139, 15.

निपृष्ट्रा (obs.) prob. akin to Arab. مَعَان , to be shaggy or hairy ; hence भएड़.

לשור לפאר Gen. 50, 20 and לשור Gen. 31, 28 for דעור יו יוה inf. of העשי; Gran. § 75, Bem. 2.

cf. Gram. § 23, 4, Note) 2 Sam. 2, 18, written as بنوية: 1 Ch. 2, 16; 2 others 2 Ch. 17, 8, Ezr. 10, 15.

עשה Jer. 22, 4 for אַשה inf. abs. of שָׁשָׂה.

ףעטין (r. דְּשָׁשָ) m. oppressor, only Jer. 22, 3, cf. דְשָׁשׁ in 21, 12.

or violences Ece. 4, 1, Job 35, 9;

but this is also part. pl. pass. the oppressed in דְּשָׁשָׁים Eco. 4, 1, of. Ps. 146, 7; r. בָּשָׁיָם.

שטר, אשר (denom. from אישר) m. a ten or decad, a) of days Gen. 24, 55, also for the last of the decad (cf. dexác, in like sense), the tenth day, of the month, Ex. 12, 3 אישר שילי, Lev. 16, 29; β) of the strings or chords of a musical instrument, hence a ten-stringed instrument, a decachord Ps. 92, 4, fully נכל עשור ten-stringed lyre Ps. 83, 2.

אשר (r. איז adj. m. wrought or prepared, only Ez. 27, 19 ברָוָל חושי prepared iron i. e. steel.

עַשְׁוָת pr. n. m. (perh. steel, r. נְעָשׁרָ 1 Ch. 7, 88.

עָשָׁראָל pr. n. m. (made of God) 1 Oh. 4, 35.

דְשָׁיְרָה pr. n. m. (made of דְשָׁיְרָ) 2 K. 22, 12, also 3 others equally unknown.

לעדר (pl. שָׁשָּרים, r. יָצָשָרים) adj. m. rich 2 Sam. 12, 4; but as subst. a rich man Prov. 10, 15, Buth 3, 10, Jer. 9, 22, a) in a good sense, influential, noble Ecc. 10, 20; β) in a bad sense, proud or violent Mic. 6, 12, prob. also in Is. 53, 9 where יָשָׁשִׁר is in parallelism w. יָשָׁי in preceding clause of the verse, of. πλούσιος Mat. 19, 23.

עַשָּׂירָי (from עָשָׁירָי) ordinal adj. m. tenth Gen. 8, 5, f. עַשִּׁירִיָּח Is. 6, וא סירייין Ex. 16, 86, tenth part Lev. 5, 11.

לשיר Chald. Dan. 6, 4, see עשיר.

(سلب (fut. الجنب) prob. akin to ترتب I, to smoke Ex. 19, 18, fig. of God's anger Deut. 29, 19, Ps. 74, 1. Hence

يَשْتِ (c. إَسْتَعَ Josh. 8, 20 or إَسْتَعَار (c. إِسْتَار الله عَلَيْنَا الله عَلَيْنَ الله عَلَيْنَ الله عَلَي

Ex. 19, 18) m. 1) smoke Gen. 15, 17, fig. Ps. 18, 9, Is. 14, 31; vapour, breath Job 41, 12. 2) pr. n. (smoke) of a place Josh. 15, 42.

ן (pl. אַשָּׁיָים) adj. m. smoking Ex. 20, 18, pl. Is. 7, 4; г. זעָטָ.

707 Er. 19, 18, see 74.

(fut. pipp) prob. akin to pin, prop. to grasp or press, hence 1) to oppress e. g. persons Mic. 2, 2, Prov. 14, 31, Job 10, 8, a people 1 Sam. 12, 3, Is. 52, 4; fig. Prov. 28, 17. 2) to cheat or defraud, w. acc. of pers. Deut. 24, 14 and of thing Mal. 3, 5. 3) fig. to overflow, of a river forcing its bounds Job 40, 28. - Pg. to be forced, only Is. 23, 12.

Puypr.n.m.(oppression)1Ch.8,39.

DW7 m. 1) oppression Ecc. 5, 7, **1s**, 59, **18**. **2)** an extortion Lev. 5, 28. 8) distress Is. 54, 14; r. **PW2**.

to strive; only in Hith. to quarrel Gen. 26, 20. Hence

DDD pr. n. (strife) Gen 26, 20.

تَكَتَلَكُ (r. put) f. distress, only Is. 88, 14 ب المجتبي distress to me.

(fut. אָשָׁר i. q. אָשָר II, Aram. אָשָר אָשָר, prob. akin to אַשָּר אָשָר, אָשָר, prob. akin to אַשָּר אָשָר, אָשָר, prob. akin to אַשָּר אָשָר, אָשָר, אָשָר, אָשָר, אָשָר, אָשָר, אָשָ Job 15, 29, Hos. 12, 9; perh. to abound in, only in K'thibh of 1 K. 22, 49 Jehoshaphat איש שמש rich in ships, but the Q'ri perh. better reads אַשָּר אָבָייר better reads אַשָּר אָבָייר Ch. 20, 36, 1 K. 9, 26. – Hiph. Ch. 20, 36, 1 K. 9, 26. – Hiph. 1) to make rich, to envich Gen. 14, 23, 1 Sam. 2, 7; 17, 25; Ps. 65, 10 אַשָּשָׁר בָּרָז תַשָּשָׁר אָז envichest it. 2) to become rich, prop. to make riches (cf. Gram. § 53, 2, Bem.) Ps. 49, 17, Prov. 10, 4, w. aco.

of thing Dan. 11, 2. - Hith. to feign oneself rich Prov. 13, 7. Hence לאיר and

עשר (w. suf. דעשי) m. rickes or soealth (Sept. האסטֿדסג) Gen. 81, 16, Ps. 52, 9.

לענין (fut. אישר (fut. אישר)) only denom. from אישי נפא, hence to take the tenth of, to tithe 1 Sam. 8, 15. 17. – Pi. to give the tenth of or to tithe Gen. 28, 22, Deut. 14, 22, Neh. 10, 38. – Hiph. אישיר to pay tithes, only inf. w. prep. געשיר גריעשיר, גריעשיר (see Gram. § 53, Bem. 7) Neh. 10, 39, Deut. 26, 12.

עשור see עשור.

full or rich number. - Hence the denom. verb juy to tithe.

לשי Chald. f., עשיר m. ten. Dan. 7, 7. 24; אין twelve Dan. 4, 26; pl. עשירין twenty Dan. 6, 2.

נכאר ten, see עשריד.

עַשְׁרָה Chald. ten, see עַשְׁרָה נַשֵׁי ten, see עַשַרָה

ecre, 800 144.

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נפין (pl. אָשָרוֹיָד Lev. 14, 10) m.; testh part, a testh, a dry measure;, esp. for grain and meal Lev. 14, 21, prob. 10th part of an ephah (hence about 3 ½ quarts), equal to the משיג.

עָשָׂרִים *twenty*, see גָּשָׁרִים Chald. *twenty*, see גַּשָׁרִין קשָׁרָת Gen. 31, 7, see עַשָּׁרָת גַּשָׁרָת *tens*, see גַּשָׁרָת

(obs.) prob. akin to من الله, Arab. من , to gnaw or devour; hence wy moth.

(3 pl. perf. in pause سلمت Ps. 31, 11) prob. akin to شروت (which see), to become saplese or dry, to wither or waste away, fig. to grow old Ps. 6, 8; 31, 10.

רשָׁעָ Lev, 25, 21 for רְשָׁשָ from r. רשָט, see Gram. § 75, Bem. 1.

(Qal obs.) perh. akin to riwy I, to form, hence to think (cI) Chald. ruyy). — Hith. to bethink oneself, to consider, only Jonah 1, 6. Hence ruyy.

אות, to be bright or fair, only Jer. 5, 28 אותי איסטי they are fat, they shine; hence prob. איסטי Venus. אותי f. a device, artificial work, only Cant. 5, 14; r. היסטי.

think or plan, only Dan. 6, 4.

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שָׁשָׁ an old word for one, only in שָׁשָׁ בָּעָשְׁרָח אָשָׁ בָּעָשָׁרָח בָּגָאָר 7, Num. 7, 72 eleven, also eleventh Deut. 1, 3, expressed also by שָׁשָׁר בָּאָ and אָשָׁשָׁ רְעָשָׁ (Gen. 32, 22), which elearly mean one-ten (like בַּא-סֿבּנת, L. wa-decim, W. wa-deg, Ir. yn-deg, Breton wa-mek, Cornish id-nak); so that it is almost certain that שִׁשָׁשִׁ is only an extreme corruption of אָשָׁי is only an extreme corruption of דַשָּ הָאָרָא (see Gram. § 97, 2, Note); comp. the no less notable corruption of E. eleven from one-ten and twelve from two-ten, F. onze from wa-dix, G. elf from ein-zehn.

עָשָׁראֹניָדיו (only pl. w. saf. דְשָׁראֹנָדָי); r. דעשי) f. thoughts or plans, only Ps. 146, 4.

(צַשְׁהִרת .c. צַשׁׁהָרוֹת (pl. עַשׁׁהוֹרֹת) pr. n. f. (Sept. Άστάρτη, Vulg. Astarte) Ashtoreth, a Phenician goddess 2 K. 23, 13, whose worship passed over to the Israelites 1 K. 11, 5. 33, and the Philistines 1 Sam. 31, 10; named along w. >> Judg. 2, 13, 1 Sam. 7,4 and prob. called also דְשָׁעָד 1K. 15, 13. She was worshipped or honoured by deeds of licentiousness and prostitution 2 K. 23, 7, cf. Deut. 28, 18, hence answering to Appooling and Venus. - The plur. עשׁתרוֹת denotes 1) statues of Ashtoreth Judg. 10, 6, like בכלים and בכלים 2) prob. ewes or dams, only in עשהרות צאן eves of the flock (Veneres pecoris) Deut. 7, 13. 3) pr. n. (Astarte images) the city of king Og in Bashan Deut. 1, 4, fully horned Astartes), צשתרות קרנים prob. meaning horned statues of Venus Gen. 14, 5, now Tell Ashtereh, ruins north-west of Edrei; gentil. n. אָאָקָת 1 Ch. 11, 44. --- Perh. akin to אָאָקָת (which see), referring to the star or planet Venus; but prob. from r. דעני (to shine) w. old format. ending --- (see on , p. 576) and fem. ending ---, hence the fair one, the beauty.

עקד (w. Maq. דען, w. suf. עקד; pl. עקות (עקרה v. suf. עקרה (עקרם) com. time (Sept. mostly xapoc, often, ώρα, seldom γρόνος), prop. what is bounded or fissed (r. ערד = ברד), or passing on (for נָרָה, r. כָּרָה I, cf. קים = לה (לבה = לח) Gen. 8, 11, Ps. 10, 5; השים אל-ער from time to time 1 Ch. 9, 25, w. Jy Ez. 4, 10; in, at, about the time קעה Jer. 50, 16 (w. art. בעה Gen. 21, 22), לעָת Gen. 24, 11, דעָת Dan. 9, 21 (w. art. ryp about or at the (this). time Ex. 9, 18, cf. Josh. 11, 6, noup. Judg. 21, 22), also simply עד as adv... acc. for may now Ez. 27, 34 (Sept. אַטֿא, Vulg. nunc); עַרָּה קַרָּה Gen. 18 10. 14 about the time (as to) life i. e. at the return of this time next year. (cf. Gen. 17, 21), or rather according to the time of gestation, namely in about 9 months, between the conception and birth of a child (cf. 2 K. 4, 16. 17). Esp. season a) of the year, שׁבָיר בְּעָתוֹ (Cant. 2, 12, Ezr. 10, 13, בְּעָתוֹ בְּעָתוֹ rain in its season Deut. 11, 14, of fruit Ps. 1, 3, רא־עה no-time i. e. untimely Job 22, 16, cf. ro timely or' long Hos. 13, 13; β) of life e.g. youth Ez. 16, 8; γ) of doom or end Is. 13, 22, Ecc. 9, 11, 12, also of prosperity Ps. 81, 16. In Ecc. 3, 11 perh. time as opp. to eternity, but see under עולם B. Plur. שחות, הקרים B. Plur. לחים, היולם vicissitudes Is. 33, 6, Dan. 9, 26, Est. 1, 13, Job 24, 1, lots or destinies Pa. 31, 16; בוחז עמים Neh: 9, 28 many times. -- Perh. akin to Eroc.

judge) of a town in Zebulon, only w. r loc. p ray Josh. 19, 13.

تَبَعَ Ez. 23, 43 now (for البع), only in Q'ri, butry in K'thibh as in Ez. 27, 34.

(Qal obs.) akin to Syr. ک. Arab. کند. to be set or prepared; hence جبت . — Pi. بوبت to make ready Prov. 24, 27. — Hith. تبتوجت to be prepared or destined, w. 5 Job 15, 28. --- Prob. akin to 707.

(obs.) prob. akin to אניח, to succour; hence עודין.

They (in p. Figs, from row w. Fi parag., Gram. § 90, 2) adv., prop. at the time, hence 1) now (vov, L. nunc) Gen. 32, 5, opp. to past time (TN) Joah. 14, 11 and to future Is. 9, 6; Fig Figs now this time or here 1 K. 17,24. — Perh. also like our now (vov), to express emphasis or incitement with little or no reference to the time, mostly w. imper. e. g. EPP Figs now! arise Gen. 31, 13, Figs Figs 1 K. 1, 18, also in questions Is. 36, 5. 10. Fig. presently, soon 1 K. 12, 26, Job 7, 21.

עדי (r. עָרָאָד) m. same as אָרָאָד ready or prepared, in K'thibh of Est. 8,13; pl. in Q'ri of Is. 10, 13 עַרָאָרָשָׁרָ their prepared things i. e. treasures.

(only pl. שרארים) m. kegeat Gen. 31, 10. 12, leading the flock Jer. 51, 40; hence fig. leaders Is. 14, 9, Zech. 10, 3. --- Prob. from obs. r. אַכָּר שָׁרָד שָׁרָד זי לָרָד שָׁרָד שָׁרָד שָׁרָד penetrate or prick, hence denoting the male of the goats, cf. יאָדָי

ציז 200 יצידם, ציחות.

TTY (from Ty w. adj. ending ----)

adj, m. *timely* or opportune, only Lev. 16, 21.

לארד (pl. דידים) adj. m., seady Est. 3, 14, Job 15, 24; prepared or skilful Job 3, 8; also as subst. in pl. fem. יעדידו treasures in Q'ri of Is. 10, 13, but דעדיד in Deut. 32, 35 future things, as prepared of God; r. דע.

Thy Chald. ready Dan. 8, 15.

עָרָדָ pr. n. m. (דָּ succours, r. עָרָדָ) Neh. 11, 4.

צת see להדם.

ף (r. אָזָע (r. אָזַע) adj. m. splendid or stately, only Is. 23, 18.

(עָדַק ר. עַהִיקים, c. ־p--; r. עָדַק, adj. m. 1) removed (from the breast), weaned Is. 28, 9. 2) old 1 Ch. 4, 22.

PFY Chald. adj. m. ancient, of age or years Dan. 7, 9. 13. 22.

زمَعَتَهُ (obs.) i. q. Arab. غَتَهُ, to turn in, to lodge; hence

if pr. n. (lodging or inn) of a city in Judah 1 Sam. 30, 80.

to hide or secrete; hence

עָקלי pr. n. m. (perh. secretive) Ezr. 10, 28.

דָרָלָרָז pr. n. (prob. דָּ hides, r. נְעָזְלָרָה) of sundry persons, 1) f. a queen of Judah 2 K. 11, 1, also עַרָלָרָא 2 K. 8, 26. 2) m. 1 Ch. 8, 26; Ezr. 8, 7.

צַתַלְיָה 500 צַתַלְיָדָה.

(Qal obs.) prob. akin to Chald. איזי (אראל), Arab. געלאל, to burn, only – Niph. געראל, to be burnt or parched up, only Is. 9, 18.

(obs.) prob. akin to Arab. عني (Aram. عني), to be strong;

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דר pr. n. m. (powerful) 1 Ch. 26, 7.

ערגראל pr. n. m. (God's mighty one, r. אָרָאָר a judge in Israel Josh. 15, 17; Γοθονιήλ in Judith 6, 15.

fut. רְעָהַאָן) prob. akin to pros, נַיַזָק, 1) to move, to be removed (cf. נַקָּדָיק 1) Job 14, 18; 18, 4. 2) to be advanced (in years), to become old (cf. prty 2) Job 21, 7, Ps 6, 8. 3) to let go or make free, cf. pry. 4) to be venerable or stately, hence noble or splendid; cf. אָדָק, דָיק, — Hiph. ו to displace or remove Job 9, 5, esp. one's tent or nomadic camp Gen. 12, 8; 26, 22. 2) to transfer or copy, hence to collect (writings) Prov. 25, 1, Sept. έξεγράψαντο, Vulg. transtulerunt. 3) to take away, Job 32, 15 בזעתיקו מהם they take away words from them, i. e. their words are taken away (see Gram. § 137, 8, Note), or perh. words move away from them i.e. abandon them. Hence

ראסל אלן. m. bold or arrogant (of neck) Ps. 75, 6; also as subst. loose or wicked talk 1 Sam. 2, 3; contumacy, arrogance, אין דער אין to speak wantonness Ps. 31, 19; 94, 4. Of. Arab.

אָרָאָן adj. m. stately or splendid, only Prov. 8, 18 הון צָרֵק Vulg. opes superbæ.

 fume in worship; hence ינתר 1. 2) to pray or supplicate (cf. ערד 2), w. of pers. Ex. 8, 26, Job 33, 26 or Gen. 25, 21, prayer being accompanied by incense (cf. Luke 1, 10), or brought to mind by it (cf. µvnµoσυνον τῆς προςευχῆς Tob. 12, 12, Acts 10, 4). - Niph. נְעָקָר (fut. רְשָׁתַר, inf. abs. לעתור 1 Ch. 5, 20) prop. to be censed, hence to let oneself be entreated, i. e. to hear and answer (prayer), w. 5 of pers. Gen. 25, 21 and די graciously ויעתר לו יחוח heard him, 2 Sam. 21, 14, Is. 19, 22. - Hiph. יַדְאָחִיר (fut. יַדָּאָחִיר) to pray or make supplication, w. 5% or 5 to Ex. 8, 4; 10, 17, Job 22, 27; w. 5 or for Ez. 8, 5. 24.

ער (c. עוב) m. 1) fragrance or perfume Ez. 8, 11. 2) fig. suppliant, worshipper Zeph. 8, 10; г. ער I.

דרח לכז pr. n. (abundance, r. עָרָד) a city in Simeon Josh. 15, 42.

ערר (r. ערד II) f. abundance or riches, only Jer. 33, 6.

to set or determine; perh. hence re.

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D Pē, the 17th Heb. letter, as a numeral denoting 80. Its name $\aleph g = \Re g$ means prob. mouth, though its primitive form does not well suggest that organ (see Table of Ancient Alphabets). Its sound may either be hard, like Gr. $\pi = p$, and then it is written as **B** (w. Daghesh), or soft, like Gr. $\varphi = ph = f$, and then it has not the Dagh. (see Gram. § 6, 3). — On final \exists_{7} , see Gram. § 5, 3.

D is a formative adj. ending (like
 , see p. 74) in אַנַטַלַ and אָרָדָרָקָר;
 cf. Arab. גענילין (aurata res), akin to לבֹנָ brightness; see

ND i. q. The, here only Job 88, 11.

(Qal obs.) mimet. akin to THE, SEX (which see), TXE, to breathe or blow, to puff. — Hiph. to blow off, fig. to scatter as with a breath or puff Deut. 32, 26. Hence THE and

לאָרָר (c. ראָש, dual אָאָרָר c. ראָשָר אָד פּאָרָד בע 25, 26; akin to רעש דע סרק דע א דע sides of Moab, i. e. the whole Num. 24, 17; C, TRE the west quarter Ex. 27, 12, TRE north quarter Ex. 26, 20; w. H- loc. Test towards the southern region Josh. 18, 15; HIT TEST TEST CONTROL TO wards sunrising Ex. 38, 13. 2) extremity or corner, e. g. of a field Lev. 19, 9, of a bed Am. 3, 12; esp. the border or corner of the hair or of the beard Lev. 19, 27; 21, 5; HEN CONTROL TO CONTROL OF A term of contempt for the Arabs, who clipped their hair in the style forbidden to the Hebrews Jer. 9, 25; ef. our round-heads.

أيم (obs.) i. q. Arab. أيم to be fat; hence جاتة.

to fill the mouth w. food, to eat in mouthfuls; hence perh. Chald. 179.

עָרָדר (Qal obs.) prob. akin to דָתָ, גָּרָדר, to glow (cf. בָּארדר), hence to shine, to be beautiful. — Pi. בָּזר adorn, beautify Is. 60, 7; fig. to enrich Ps. 149, 4. — Hith. 1) to glorify oneself Is. 44, 23; fig. to vaunt, boast oneself, w. bagainst Judg. 7, 2. 2) to be adorned or beautified Is. 60, 21.

I (Qal obs.) prob. denom. from קרו (Syr. אול) fruit. — Pi. to pick off fruit i. e. to glean from a fruit-tree, only Deut. 24, 20.

עסאני וו (which קצר II (obs.) akin to אָאָר (which see), Arab. אָדָר II, פּדָר, *io dig* or bore, esp. in the earth, whence אַדָּר

אָשָרים, pl. פארים, c. פארים, w. suf. פארים בע, 24, 23) m. a head-ornament or dress, tire or turban, worn by females Is. 8, 20, priests Ex. 39, 28, bridegrooms or others Is. 61, 10, Ez. 24, 17; г. שָׁשָ.

פאר אפר, פארכם פאריי, אירי

ורארית (for אורים, only pl. אולארים, w. suf. אילארידים בב. 31, 8) f. green branches, perh. as the adornment of a tree (ר. אָשָׁר, or as its product (akin to ב. 31, 5.

(for האָרָה) f. a bough, covered w. leaves, only Is. 10, 85.

אראד (for אָאָראר, like אָאָראר) m. a glow or flush, אראר קבצי פאראר all faces acquire a flush, i. e. w. anxiety Joel 2, 6, cf. Nah. 2, 11; r. אָאָר ---- Perh. akin to $\pi \tilde{v} \rho$, G. feuer, E. fire.

קאר: חופאר: חופארי - מורארי חופארי חופאר - מורארי חופארי חופאר - מוראר

لقار (only pl. الإدم m. unripe figs, only Cant. 2, 13 (Sept. δλυνθοι). ----Prob. akin to σῦχον, Span. higo, L. ficus, W. figys G. feige E. fig. From

(obs.) akin to AP, to be hard or stiff, hence (of fruit) to be waripe; hence AP.

לאָל (r. פּגַל אָשָׁ) m. 1) filth, abomination, אַשָּר פּגַע unclean flesh Ez. 4, 14. 2) an abominable thing Lev. 7, 18; pl. שרק פּגָלים broth of unclean meats Is. 65, 4 in Q'ri, but קיק in K'thibh.

בָּחַל (obs.) prob. akin to בָּרָ

to be loathsome or fetid; hence bian.

שניל Is. 65, 4, see שניל Is. 65, 4

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קנע (fut. יקנע) perh. mimet. akin to ypa, wia, ypa, prop. to strike or push against, hence 1) to fall wpon, w. p of obj. Josh. 2, 16; to smite or slay Judg. 8, 21; w. p of means Ex. 5, 8. 2) to assail (w. petitions), to intreat, w. > of person Jer. 7, 16, w. 5 for somebody Gen. 23, 8. 3) to hit or chance upon, to meet with, w. acc. Ex. 23, 4, w. > Num. 35, 19. 4) to reach to, border on, w. z or by Josh. 16, 7; 19, 11. 5) fig. to agree or come to terms with, hence to accept, w. acc. Is. 47, 3, to make peace, w. דְּמָנּרֹע 64, 4. -- Hiph. דְמָנּרֹע 1) to cause to fall on or to lay upon, w. J Is. 53, 6. 2) to cause to supplicate Jer. 15, 10. 3) to assail, part. מתורע an assailant Job 36, 32; to assail (w. petitions), to intreat, w.] Jer. 36, 25, w. 5 for somebody Is. 53, 12; part. דְּתָהָרָ intercessor Is. 59, 16. Hence

710 m. hap or chance, event 1 K. 5, 18, Ecc. 9, 11.

קרִליאָל pr. n. m. (God's intervention, r. פָנָד) Num. 1, 13.

(Qal obs.) prob. akin to קנג (Qal obs.) prob. akin to קנג (קנג, קוג - Pi. קונה to grow stiff or languid, קור בקבר אח-נחל hausted to cross the brook 1 Sam. 30, 10, 21. Prob. hence

עָשָּׁרָים (חָשָּׁרָים ג פּּגָרים בּיָשָּׁ ה. a corpse Is. 14, 19, fully ג מַגָר מַר מַשָּרָים dead corpse 2 K. 19, 35; carcase of a beast Gen. 15, 11; collect. dead bodies 1 Sam. 17, 46; fig. an idol, considered as a mere carcase Lev. 26, 30. ---- Prob. from r. אָגָר, but perh. akin to אָגָר, r. אָבָ

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UID (fut. wap) akin to yap, to strike or touch upon, hence 1) to fall upon or attack Ex. 4, 24. 2) to fall in with, to meet, w. acc. Gen. \$2, 18, w. 7 Prov. 17, 12. — Niph. to come in contact, to meet together Ps. 85, 11. — Pi. to kit or light upon, to meet Job 5, 14.

(fut. השיי) prob. akin to sever, hence 1) to ransom or redeem Ex. 13, 13; w. א of price Ex. 34, 20, w. א of state from which Deut. 7, 8; fig. to let go or dismiss Num. 18, 15. 2) to preserve Ps. 34, 23. — Niph. to be redeemed Lev. 19, 20; to be set free or released Is. 1, 27. — Hiph. Trapp. to let (somebody) redeem, to set free Ex. 21, 8. — Hoph. (inf. היקדי) to be redeemed Lev. 19, 20.

קַרָדָאָל pr. n. m. (God redeems, t. בָּדָה) Num. 34, 28.

קרהצור pr. n. m. (the Bock i. e. God redeems, r. פרח Num. 1, 10.

(קרדים (like קסדי, only pl. שָרדים) m. 1) price of redemption, ransommoncys Num. 3, 46. 2) part. pass. m. delivered or redeemed ones Is. 35, 10; r. הקה.

קדון pr. n. m. (redemption, r. דיים) Ezr. 2, 44.

CHTE or NTE f. 1) division or separation Ex. 8, 19. 2) redemption, deliverance Ps. 111, 9; r. 779.

קרָדָ, דָּדָרָשָּׁ pr. n. m. (דָּדָ delivers) 2 K. 23, 36; 1 Ch. 27, 20.

קִדְיוֹם m. ransom (Sept. λύτρον), only Num. 3, 49; r. דיק.

קִדְּוֹן or פְּרָדֹן m. ransom Ex. 21, 30, Ps. 49, 9; r. פָּרָה.

מָתוּד (obs.) akin to מָתוּד, שָּׁתַן (which see), to lie open, to stretch

or spread out; hence j. Prob. akin to Sans. pat (stretch out); πετάω, πεδίον, L. pateo, pando, E. pad in paddock (small field), where -ock is an old dimin. ending, as in hillock.

קדן pr. n. (a plain) of the open country between the Tigris and the Euphrates Gen. 48, 7; fully נענין אין (plain of Aram) Padan - Aram or Mesopotamia Gen. 25, 20; w. ה ווס Gen. 28, 2.

פּהָכָה Gen. 28, 2, see פּהָכָה.

(obs.) prob. akin to Arab. (cobs.) prob. akin to Arab. (cobs.) to fatten; hence

קָרָר (w. suf. מִּדְרוֹ) m. fat or grease, Lev. 1, 8. 12.

קדהת Ex. 8, 19 for קדת

(obs.) prob. mimet. akin to

פור ,פרה ,פר איז, w. suf. פרה (c. פר, שי and פידום, פידם, פידו, poet. Ps. 17, 10; pl. פרמי 1 Sam. 18, 21 or min Prov. 5, 4 edges; see Gram. § 96) m. 1) the mouth (prop. the breather) of man Ex. 4, 11, of beasts Num. 22, 28; the beak of birds Gen. 8, 11; קבר פרז heavy of mouth, i. e. slow of speech Ex. 4, 10; pp me a smooth mouth, i. e. flattering or false speech Prov. 26, 28; fig. speech or talk Ps. 49, 14; sound of an instrument Am. 6, 5; command, " according to the command of Gen. 45, 21, so also בַּתָּר, אָל פּוּ Josh. 15, 13, 1 Ch. 12, 28; hence 💘 io keep the commandment of Ecc. 8, 2; sentence Deut. 21, 5, counsel Jach. 9, 14, evidence Deut. 17, 6. 2) an

opening or entrance e. g. of a well or sack Gen. 39, 2, 42, 27; the neck of a garment Ex. 39, 23; ingress to a city Prov. 8, 3. 3) edge of a sword, prob. so called from its cutting or devouring Gen. 34, 26; pl. only for edges, there being no Heb. pl. for the literal or natural mouth. 4) a portion or part (prop. a mouthful) פר שנים portion of two i. e. a double portion Deut. 21, 17, 2 K. 2, 9, but two-thirds in Zech. 13, 8. 5) i. q. and side Ezr. 9, 11, esp. bank of a river Is. 19, 7. -With prepositions, ccording to Num. 6, 21, כפר אָשֶׁר according as Mal: 2, 9; ccording to Gen. 47, 12, Hos. 10, 12; עליםר according to Gen. 43, 7, אָשֶׁר אָ *according as* Lev. 27, 8.

TD (perh. for $i = -\pi i n$ this place, cf. addroß here) adv. 1) here Gen. 19, 12; $\pi i n$ from here, hence, Ez. 40, 10 $\pi i n$ on this side on that side. 2) hither 1 Sam. 16, 11.

שמה ועמה ועמה, here, isp hence and hence, i. e. on this side and on that side Ez. 40, 10; cf. isp__iv. 26.

البتانية pr. n. m. (perh. i. q. Arab. نومة mouth) 1 Ch. 7, 1; but البتانية in Gen. 46, 13, Num. 26, 23, Judg. 10, 1.

(fut. 14D, apoc. 10) akin to 110, 1) to be rigid or chilled, to turn cold, of the heart, under a shock of surprise Gen. 45, 26; to get benumbed or torpid Ps. 77, 3; fig. to be inert, said of an unenforced law Hab. 1, 4. — Niph. to become chilled or inert, fig. to be depressed, low spirited Ps. 38, 9. Hence

Lam. 2, 18 give no thermission, only tham. 2, 18 give no the rest to thyself, cf. Gram. § 116, 1.

De (obs.) prob. akin to Syr.

to slip or fail, 122 (fault), to fall or fail; hence TP.

기관 Gen. 46, 18, see 73, 48.

(fut. השריץ) mimet. akin to געניין (which see), Byr. (which see), Byr. (which see), Byr. (which see), Byr. (which see), Eyr. (which see)

Syr. (obs.) perh. akin to Eyz, syr. (is trample down, hence to despise or reject; perh. hence

DB pr. n. (perh. trampling down) of a warlike people of Africa, descended from Ham Gen. 10, 6, Nah. 3, 9; prob. the Libyans, so Sept., Vulg. and Josephus.

לקראר pr. n. m. (perh. God's despising, r. פרט Ex. 6, 25.

שוֹשׁים pr. n. m. (prob. Coptic akin to מוֹשִׁי מִרָע i. e. belonging to the sun) of the chief officer of Pharaoh's body-guard Gen. 37, 36.

סוֹטָד פּוֹטָד פּרָטָד of Heliopolis, father-in-law of Joseph Gen. 41, 45; Sept. Πετεφρη i. q. Copt. ΠΕΤΕΦΡΗ i. e. he who belongs to the sun.

שוש (prop. part. of ששָ) m. a breaking out, of water Prov. 17, 14; r. ישָשָ

(obs.) prob. akin to Chald.,

Y7D

TEP, Sans. *pig*, L. *pingo*, ποιχ-ίλος, to paint or colour, esp. the eyelids; hence

TE m. a cosmetic or pigment, said to be made from antimony and much used by the Heb. women for giving a dark colour to the rims of their eyelashes (Sept. στίμμι, Vulg. stibium), אום ערצרם בזרך 2 K. 9, 30 to set the eyes in the pigment i. e. to colour them; 'עַרָע עָפּ' עָ Jer. 4, 30 to rend the eyes w. the eye-paint i. e. to make them appear larger and finer by drawing a black line on the edges of the eyelashes; Is. 54, 11 I am laying thy stones in the stibium, i. e. using it as mortar w. beautifying effect; fig. adorning in general, wetter TTD ornamental stones 1 Ch. 29, 2.

DI (obs.) perh. akin to >>>, to split or divide; hence >is bean.

تا (obs.) prob. akin to المربح to be wonderful, hence strong or mighty; hence prob. من 2 meaning an elephant or mighty creature, akin to Arab. في , Sans. pâla (lord), L. polleo, perh. bellua, W. mîl in môr-vîl (sea-monster or whale).

أور , a bean 2 m. i. q. Arab. أور , a bean 2 Sam. 17, 28, Ez. 4, 9; r. با 1.

نمان 1) pr. n. of a people and country in Africa (parh. Copt. BOλO or ΠΟλΟ), named together with عالم and ما الماد 19. Is. 66, 19. 2) pr. n. m. (prob. elephant, r. مات II) of a king of Assyria 2 K. 15, 19.

Chald. (obs.) prob. akin to rxp, to breathe; hence

for Figh Dan. 7, 5) m. same as Heb. Figh a mouth Dan. 4, 28; fig. opening or entrance Dan. 6, 18. (fut. 75%) prob. skin to ryp I, to turn away, hence 1) to set, of the sun, hence to be dark; see phr. 2) to turn about, to writhe in agony, only Ps. 88, 18.

קוד (prop. part. of אָנָד) m. a corner, שַׁעָר דַשּוֹנָת the corner-gate 2 Ch. 25, 23; called also אָעָר דַשּוֹנָת K. 14, 13.

שרלי prob. patron. n. (perh. for שרלי גרילה from גרלני, cf. גרילה from גרילי as Towell suggests), only השרעי the Punite Num. 26, 23.

לאם pr. n. (perh. darksome, r. 1) of a place in Edom where the Israelites camped Num. 33, 42; it lay between Petra and Zoar, and was named by the Sept. Φινών, by the Greek Fathers Φαινών, Φέννη.

ZID (obs.) akin to ΣΩ, to shine. ---- Akin to Bans. bhâ, φάω, φῶς. Hence

다깃한 pr. n. f. (splendour, r. 3여명) Ex. 1, 15.

(fut. יִפּדּץ) prob. mimet. akin to YE, YE, to break or batter, hence 1) to scatter or disperse Ez. 46, 18; part. pass. pl. פרצים scattered, dispersed Zeph. 3, 10. 2) intrans. to spread abroad, of a people Gen. 11, 4, of a flock Ez. 34, 5. 3) of fountains, to overflow Prov. 5, 16; fig. to abound Zech. 1, 17. -Niph. yin; to spread abroad, of a people or army Ez. 11, 17, 2 K. 25, 5; to be scattered, of a flock 1 K. 22, 17. - Pil. yrib to batter in pieces Jer. 23, 29. - Pilp. yexe to dash to pieces Job 16, 12. - Hiph. To to scatter or disperse Is. 28, 25, Ps. 18, 15; part. מְמָרֹץ a scatterer or destroyer Nah. 2, 2; to drive away Job 18, 11; to burst forth (in anger) Job 40, 11;

intrans. to spread out Job 38, 24, Ex. 5, 12.— Hitbpol. דְּקָפּוֹצָץ to be battered in pieces Hab. 3, 6. — As to the form in Jer. 25, 34 I will scatter you, see

רדים I to move to and fro, to stagger or be unsteady, Is. 28, 7 אר קליליד they stumble in judgment. — Hiph. אר דים to move about Jer. 10, 4. ---- Perh. akin to Sans. vag (move), L. vago, vacillo, G. wackeln, E. wag, waggle.

PD II (Qal obs.) i. q. Chald. pp to go out. — Hiph. pr to send forth, to supply (food) Is. 58, 10; to furnish or supply Ps. 144, 13; to draw forth or obtain Prov. 3, 13; to carry out or make successful Ps. 140, 9.

ר (r. דום I) f. an obstacle or stumbling-block, only 1 Sam. 25, 31; i. q. בְּכְשׁוֹל.

ערד I akin to דָּרָר I, to break in pieces, prob. inf. absol. יוש in Is. 24, 19. – Hiph. הַפִּרר to break up, fig. to frustrate Ps. 33, 10.

קרָר , פָּדֵר , פָּדַר , גאוה to פּרָר , פָּדַר , פָּאַר , פָאַר , פָאַר , קאַר , to excavate or dig; hence היידם.

שרים m. a lot (prop. a piece or part, r. שוּרִים D Est. 3, 7; pl. שוּרִים lots Est. 9, 24; hence שוּרִים ס רְכֵי הַפּוּרִים, the feast of Purim i. e. lots Est. 9, 29. 31. 32. ---- Prob. akin to Pers. 3, behre, L. pars; cf. xληρος lot from xλάw to break.

דרך ד. a wine-press Is. 63, 3; a vat, prob. a wine measure Hag. 2, 16; r. שור II.

אָרָרָאָ pr. n. m. (prob. Persian for אָרָדָא given by lot) Est. 9, 8.

עדים I (2 pl. perf. קּשָׁקֶם Mal. 3, 20; fut. ביים) akin to אוים, to scatter or spread abroad; fig. to caper about or move proudly, as a horseman on a prancing steed Hab. 1, 8; to scamper, as sportive calves Jer. 50, 11. — Niph. to be scattered Nah. 8, 18.

U.D II (obs.) perh. akin to with, to flow; hence jurg. --- Cf. Sans. payas (flow), πήγη, G. bach, E. beck, brook.

Arab. نات, to be open or parted; hence ris.

קרד pr. n. m. (perh. i. q. קרד simplicity, r. פָּקדו 1 Ch. 2, 53.

⁷D m. 1) adj. *purified*, by removal of dross Cant. 5, 11. 2) subst. *gold* as refined Ps. 21, 4; distinguished from common gold Ps. 119, 127; r. **1**D I.

I (Qal obs.) akin to זַבָּ, Arab. לב שנש ל, to separate, fig. to refine metals by separating the dross, hence שנש ל, to separating the dross, hence שנש ל, to separating the dross, hence שנש ל, to separate dross, hence שנ

וו akin to Arab. 5, to be supple or active, ידָיין קרא וויצי 49,24 and the arms of his hands were active. — Pi. או to leap or jump about 2 Sam. 6, 16.

akin to JR, to scatter, rip Jer. 50, 17. — Niph. to be dispersed Ps. 141, 7. — Pi. JR to scatter or throw about Ps. 147, 16, Ps. 53, 6; to disperse Joel 4, 2; to scatter one's ways, i. e. to rove about Jer. 3, 13; to spend freely or distribute Ps. 112, 9. — Pu. to be scattered Est. 8, 8.

הש I (pl. שִׁדָּע w. Dagh. impl.,

קרום II perh. w. suf. אָדָם their governor Neh. 5, 14, but see קרום.

לער (fut. יקעה) akin to זעש, to shake or tremble, then to be afraid Deut. 28, 66, w. יע of Ps. 27, 1; w. יא, to turn trembling to Jer. 36, 16, Hos. 8, 5; to palpitate, of the heart in violent joy Is. 60, 5. — Pi. יעש to be afraid Is. 51, 13; to be cautious Prov. 28, 14. — Hiph. to cause to tremble, of the bones Job 4, 14. Hence

קּרְתָּה f. fear or dread Jer. 2, 19; ד. הַשָּ

יוֹדָשָׁ (prob. for אָשָׁה c. דְשָׁה, w. suf. שָּׁהָשָׁ once שָּׁהָשׁ Neh. 5, 14 for שָּׁרָשָׁ unless שָּׁהָשָׁ should be read; pl. c. דוֹשָׁה 1 K. 10, 15, w. suf. שָּרָאָר also pl. c. שַּׁרְאָר Neh. 2, 7, as if from a sing. איש שַּרָאר אָרָאָר פּרָרָג, as if from a sing. רוֹש Neh. 2, 7, as if from a sing. מוֹש חָשָׁר אָרָאָרָאָר a governor of a province Jer. 51, 28. ---- Said to be akin to Sans. paksha (friend, viz. of the king); but perh. akin to mit to smite or beat, or i.q. Syr. عمد an equal or friend.

ה a pasha or prefect Dan. 3, 2.

חודש (only pl. c. מַּדְוּוֹה) m. prefects or pashas Neh. 2, 7; but see אָדָשָ

akin to אָתָשָ, to shake, hence to be unstable, only part. אַשָּׁתִים vain or frivolous Judg. 9, 4, false or fickle Zeph. 3, 4; hence

메ಾ m. prop. instability, hence fig. levity or wantonness (of lust), only Gen. 49, 4.

ness, only Jer. 23, 32; r. 179.

akin to کی (Qal obs.) perh. mimet. akin to کی (which see), to strike or hammer, hence perh. to expand or spread out; hence הים. - Hiph. (perh. denom. of הים a snare) رقص to ensnare, only inf. absol. ترقص in Is. 42, 22.

שָּרִדים (w. Dagh. f. impl. for עַרָּדָים) ווּג וּגָדָין m. prob. i. q. אָדָרָם, Arab. גָּבָּהָל, live coal; fig. lightning Ps. 11, 6, but see אָד snare; r. בַּקָם.

obs.) perh. akin to par, to glow, to be hot; fig. i. q. Chald. قصب Arab. فعر , to be black like coal. Hence

이가의 (for 마가의) m. coal, collect. coals Is. 44, 12.

םרְםָ Neh. 5, 14, see הָּתָה.

ر Chald. (obs.) i. q. Syr. , to form or fashion, as a potter; hence

The Chald. m. a potter Dan. 2, 41; Syr. أيفتار, Arab. في

dig or excavate; hence

רח (pl. בּרָיזים) m. but fem. in 2 Sam. 17, 9, *a pit* 2 Sam. 18, 17; fig. destruction Lam. 3, 47.

is NIP Ez. 22, 20, inf. Qal of TP; to breathe.

שָּׁתָה, see הַשָּׁשָ.

pr. n. m. (prob. pasha of Moab) Ezr. 2, 6.

אתר f. a hollow or sunken spot, a kind of leprosy Lev. 13, 55; r. דידף.

to shine or sparkle; hence

ττοῦ f. the topaz, a kind of precious stone Ex. 28, 17. — Hence prob. τοπάζιον, cf. Ewald's Lehrb. der Heb. Sprache, § 186, a.

קטור sdj. m. free or exempt, only 1 Ch. 9, 33 Q'ri; r. פֿטַיָּ.

1 Ch. 9, 33 K'thibh.

مُعْطِّيسٌ m. i. q. Arab. فِطِّيسٌ a hammer. Is. 41, 7; fig. applied to Ba-

bylon Jer. 50, 23; r. 209.

ערשיידאין Chald. (pl. w. suf. דְשִׁישִׁישִיּשִׁים m. i. q. Syr. (מَرْعَالُ مَعْرَى a tunic Dan. 3, 21 in K'thibh, but אישיידאין in Q'ri; r. שׁטֵשָ.

1) to cleave, break open, then to let out (water) Prov. 17, 14. 2) to set free, part. pl. שבורים free, exempt 1 Ch. 9, 33; intrans. to go free 1 Sam. 19, 10. — Hipb. to make an opening or gaping, הקביר בְּכָשָׁר Ps. 22, 8 to gape w. the lips i. e. make a mouth in mockery. Hence

שְׁשָׁשָׁ m. prop. an outburst, hence' a firstling or first-born, as bursting open the womb Ex. 13, 12; fally רָשָׁ חַת Num. 3, 12.

תקרה firstling Num. 8, 16.

للكتكون (obs.) i. q. Arab. للمكتفي to hammer out; hence المحتي ---- Prob. mimet. akin to Sans. badk (strike); πατάσσω, L. batuo, E. beat, batter, W. baedhu.

WLD Chald. (obs.) to spread out or expand; hence Chald. WD and

DDD Chald. tunic, only in Q'ri of Dan. 3, 21, see Chald. D'up.

"D month of, or my mouth, see TD.

NOT⁻⁻**D** pr. n. of a city of Lower Egypt Ez. 30, 17, Βούβαστις, Bubastis. ---- The name prob. means 'dedicated to Diana', Bast being the Copt. name of that divinity, and **The** the Copt. article.

TE (r. הואד) m. failure or misfortune (cf. Syr. לפיר ברו, 22, Job 30, 24; ברו לפיר ברו, Job 12, 5 for misfortune there is contempt i. e. the unfortunate are despised.

to speak; hence (obs.) i. q. الجرب, to breathe,

קר f. i. q. דש mouth, only fig. edge of a sword; only pl. ירַכַּר פַּרְוֹת Judg. 3, 16 two edges.

(only pl. פּוֹיָה) mouths, fig. edges of a sword, only Prov. 5, 4, i. q. פּרָה, ר. פּרָה.

י דָּוּחִרָּוּת שָּׁרָ pr. n. (prob. Copt. the place of sedges) of a place in Egypt near the northern end of the Red Sea Ex. 14, 2; without א עות. 33, 8,

easily blown away Ex. 9, 8; r. 1749.

pr. n. m. (perh. careful or attentive, r. אבל) Gen. 21, 22.

פּלֵגַשׁ, see פּרַלָּגָש.

D'P edges 1 Sam. 13, 21, see m.

. 지수가 f. fat or fatness, only Job 15, 27; r. 또 말.

. סרָרָשָ pr. n. m. (prob. erpent's mouth, for דָּרָדָא) Phinchas, Sept. Φινεές a son of Eleazar Ex. 6, 25; also a son of Eli 1 Sam. 1, 3.

י קרא pr. n. (perh. darksome, i. q. קרא of an Idumean city Gen. 36, 41.

(I) III (only pl.) f. mouths, used only fig. for the edges (of a twoedged sword) Ps. 149, 6, and for the *teeth* or *points* (of a threshing-dray) Is. 41, 15. — Formed by reduplication of Fig mouth.

(of the knees), only Nah. 2, 11; r. PB I.

רשים pr. n. (prob. gushing stream, r. שים II) Pishon, a stream issuing from the garden of Eden Gen. 2, 11; perh. the Phasis or the Indus.

DN'B, see bing.

guileless, r. r. m. (prob. simple or guileless, r. r. p.) 1 Ch. 8, 35.

TE m. a flask or bottle 1 Sam. 10, 1; r. Tr or

to drop or distil. — Pl. to flow out in drops, to drip Ez. 47, 2.

whence prob. jp. (obs.) perh. akin to pix, whence prob. بقرت hollow out; hence prob. إي.

(obs.) perh. akin to Arab.

قَصَل VII, to be careful or attentive; perh. hence جَتَ

קבר (obs.) prob. akin to גְּבָר, to be young; hence

קרת הצרים pr. n. m. (prob. young offspring of the roes) Ezr. 2,57. שי האבירם Neh. 7, 59.

אליפל אפי, אפי

(Qal obs.) akin to الجج II (which see), to separate, פָלָל II (which see), to separate, to distinguish, fig. to make wonderful or marvellous (cf. G. sonderbar). — Niph. נְפָלָא to be distinguished, great or extraordinary 2 Sam. 1, 26; to be hard or difficult Gen. 18, 14; to be marvellous Ps. 118, 23; part. f. marvellous נְקָלָאוֹת Deut.30,11,pl נְקָלָאָת deeds, miracles (of God) Ex. 3, 20, Ps. 72, 18; as adv. הולאות wonderfully Job 37, 5. - Pi. Non to set apart, fig. to consecrate ; פלא נדר Lev. 22, 21 to dedicate a votive offering i. e. to fulfil a vow. -- Hiph. לדה also דופליא, like a verb לידה Deut. 28, 59, Is. 28, 29, ef. Gram. § 75, Rem. 21, a) to set apart, i. e. to dedicate something Num. 6, 2; to make distinguished, e. g. favour, by bestowing largely Ps. 81, 22; inf. as adv. radiantly 2 Ch. 2, 8; to do marvellously, deal wonderfully Is. 29, 14; דְּפָלִיא לַצְשוֹת Judg. 13, 19 to act marvellously in doing i.e. to act wonderfully. — Hith. to distinguish oneself Job 10, 16. Hence

אלאים (in pause אלא, w. suf. אלא, pl. אלאים, also ופלאיר וו שלאים (שלאים) ה וו שלאים (שלאיר איז איז איז איז איז איז איז איז איז מ marvel or miracle Ex. 15, 11; pl. איז adv. wonders Dan. 12, 6; pl. שלאיו as adv. wonderfully Lam. 1, 9. 2) as concrete, marvellous or wonderful one, of the Messiah, only Is. 9, 5. ----Cf. πέλωρ.

مَعْنَ adj. m., التَّبَعَيْنَ f., wonderful Judg. 13, 18, Ps. 139, 6, both in K'thibh.

קאָדָה pr. n. m. (דָ makes to differ) Neh. 8, 7.

ר אָלָאָָשָ pr. n. m. (prob. mighty controller) of an Assyrian king 2 K. 15, 29; see r. אים וו and אָאָ; also בּקַלָּסָ 2 K. 16, 7, see הַלָּאָ.

The set of the set o

גביים Chald. to divide, part. pass. divided Dan. 2, 41.

עָלָנִים (pl. אַלָּנִים, c. אָלָעָי, w. suf. עוֹשָׁשָ (pl. אָלָגָים, c. אָלָעָי, w. suf. עוֹשָׁבָי (קּלָנָיי) ג אָלָדע (קּלָנָיי) ג אָלָדע (ג אָלָדע) ג אָלָדע (ג אָלַדע) ג אָלָדע (ג אָלַדע) ג אָלָדע (ג אָלַדע) ג אָלדע (ג אָלַדע) ג אָלדע (ג אָלַדע) ג אָלַדע (ג אָלַדע) (ג אָלַדע) ג אָלַדע (ג אָלַדע) (ג אָלַדע) (ג אָדע) (ג אָלַדע) (ג אָדע) (ג אָלַדע) (ג אָדע) (ג

גע Chald. m. a kalf, only Dan. 7, 25; r. אַלָג. קלאָדָ (only pl. הוֹצָשְׁ: r. גֹעָשָ דוֹ) f. streams or brooks Judg. 5, 15, Job 20, 17.

לְבָּוֹת f. a division or class of the priests, only pl. אָלָגָר 2 Ch. 85, 5 (of. בְּבָל ג. ; פַקרֹקָת); ו.

קלָבָר Chald. (pl. w. suf. דָּבָרָאָדָרָוּן) f. division or class Ezr. 6, 18; r. בָּבָּר

שֹׁלָשָׁשׁ (w. suf. שׁלָבָשׁרם (w. suf. שׁלָבָשׁרם (w. suf. שׁלָבָשׁרם (w. suf. שׁלָבָשׁרם (m. suf. מּלָגשׁרם (m. suf. מּלָגשׁרם (m. suf. Judg. 19, 1; opp. to first or chief wife Cant. 6, 8. 2) a paramour (b πάλλαξ) Ez. 23, 20. — Prob. from גער ווויש: מֹל ווויש: שׁלָב II w. format. ending שׁלָ, שׁ in שׁלָם (see on letter שׁ); hence prob. πάλλαξ, παλλαχή, παλλαχίς, L. pellex.

(obs.) prob. i. q. Arab. to cut up; hence

לקרה (only pl. הוֹשָׁשָׁ) f. iron or steel i. q. Syr. אבליה, Arab. אוני, only in אוני, אוני, אוני, אוני, אוני, w. the fire of steels are the chariots i. e. the war-chariots have flashing steel-blades or scythes (cf. W. pladur).

שֹׁלְדָשׁ pr. n. m. (perh. steely, r. שָׁלָ w. old format. or adj. ending שִׁ-) Gen. 22, 22.

(Qal obs.) akin to $k \not = p$. to separate or distinguish. — Niph. to be separated, fig. to be distinguished or favoured Ps. 139, 14. — Hiph. to set apart or select Ps. 4, 4; to make great Ps. 17, 7; to distinguish or make notable Ex. 8, 18; to make a difference, w. T = Ex. 9, 4.

۲۹۵ pr. n. m. (distinguished, r. ۲۹۹) Gen. 46, 9; patron. ۲۹۹ Palluite Num. 26, 5.

pr. n. (perh. distinguished,

r. אָלָאָ of an unknown place or person; perh. hence gentil. n. קלוני 1 Ch. 11, 27. 36.

to cleave, esp. to plough (cf. Arab. L'I akin to spi I (which see), to cleave, esp. to plough (cf. Arab. L'I husbandman) Ps. 141, 7. — Pi. 1) to cleave (as an arrow) Prov. 7, 23; to cut up or slice (vegetables) 2 K. 4, 39. 2) to let break forth (from the womb), to bring forth young Job 39, 3.

to till or labour, hence to serve, esp. to serve God, to worship, w. 5 Dan. 3, 12; 7, 14.

שְׁלְחָא pr. n. m. (perh. ploughman, r. פָּלָח) Neh. 10, 25.

קלָתן Chald. (c. שָלָתן) m. service of God, worship Ezr. 7, 19; r. שַלָּת.

Dep prob. akin to the I, to slip out, fig. to escape Ez. 7, 16. — Pi. 1) to get off, to escape Job 23, 7. 2) to let slip or drop (from the womb), to bring forth Job 21, 10; to set free or deliver Ps. 18, 3. — Hiph. to rescue Mic. 6, 14; to place in safety Is. 5, 29. Hence

(only pl. פַּלָטִים) m. an escaper or fugitive Jer. 44, 14; r. פַּלָשַ

تَكْتَى pr. n. m. (escape, r. تَجْرَى) 1 Ch. 2, 47.

ם לב m. deliverance Ps. 32, 7; r. נ-לָשָ אַלָטָה Ex. 10, 5, see אַלָטָה.

פּלְטַד, פַּלְטָד, pr. n. m. (prob. delivers, for מַלְטָדָה) Num. 13, 9; Neh. 12, 17.

אל pr. n. m. (God's deliverance) 2 Sam. 8, 15, but אל in 1 Sam. 25, 44.

קַלְקָיְדָאָ, פְּלַקְיָדָאָ pr. n. m. (קּיַ delivers) 1 Ch. 3, 21; Ez. 11, 1.

לי (in pause פלי) adj. m. wonderful, only in Q'ri of Judg. 18, 18 for פלאי which see.

קליאָם adj. f. wonderful, only in Q'ri for קלאיים in K'thibh of Ps. 139, 6; r. אלא.

קר, ח. m. (דָּשָׁ distinguishes, r. שָׁלָם) 1 Ch. 3, 24.

שלים m. escaped one, a fugitive, i. q. אָשָׁט צ K. 9, 15; coupled w. ישָלים Josh. 8, 22; שָּלָים the escaper Gen. 14, 13; שַלָּים Jer. 44, 28 escapers of (or from) the sword; r. באָב

(only pl. שְלֵישִׁים) m. i. q. שְלֵישִׁים, escaper or fugitive Num. 21, 29, Is. 66, 19; r. שַלָש.

קליטה also העלים Ex. 10, 5 (r. געש ליים) f. escape or deliverance Joel 3, 5; concrete and collect. escaped ones or fugilives Gen. 82, 9.

נחלילים (only pi, פָלילים) m. a judge Ex. 21, 22; בין פּלילים Job 31, 11 the crime of the judges (in some texts, others reading כָּוֹך) i. e. crime for them to punish; r. לאַם.

קלילה f. judgment or right, only Is. 16, 3.

לילי adj. m., קליליק f., judicial Job 31, 28; fem. as subst. judgment Is. 28, 7; r. אַלָּג.

ز (obs.) i. q. Arab. فَلَكَ , to be round : hence

קלבו (w. suf. קלבו) m. 1) a circle,

esp. environs of a city Neh. 3, 9. 2) i. q. Arab. *i(i), a spindle*, as being of a rounded form Prov. 31, 19. 3) a rounded stick, a staff 2 Bam. 3, 29. — Cf. φ2λαγέ.

(Qal obs.) prob. akin to Rin, Inin, Arab. 1, to separate, fig. to discriminate, to use discernment; perh. also to intervene or intercede, but only in Hith. which is perh. better referred to an obs. r. to fall down, comp. This in Deut. 9, 25 to prostrate oneself (in prayer), cf. minut. - Pi. to think Gen. 48, 11; to judge 1 8am. 2, 25; fig. to punish (cf. xataxpive) Ps. 106, 30; w. > to adjudge to Ez. 16, 52. - Hith. perh. to act as umpire or mediator (but see above), then to intercede for, w. בְּצָר Gen. 20, 7; w. 57 Job 42, 8, w. 5 1 Sam. 2, 25; w. by to make intercession or entreaty to Num. 11, 2, Is. 45, 14; generally to proy 1 Sam. 2, 1; w. 3 Gen. 20, 17, 5 Dan. 9, 4, 52 1 Sam. 1, 10, לפני Neh. 1, 4 to pray to; also w. by for something Is. 37, 21, or towards 1 K. 8, 80.

کَرُكِ pr. n. m. (judge, r. کُتُبِهِ) Neh. 3, 25.

קלָלָדָ pr. n. m. (דְּיָ judges) Neh. 11, 12.

(obs.) prob. akin to 55%, TOW, Syr. 55%, to rend or cleave, to separate, then to be distinct or single, as an individual or person; hence

אַלְמֹנִי (cf. אָלָמוּ from r. אָלָמוּי adj. m. a distinct or definite one, such a one (cf. b סֿבּוֹעמ), only Dan. 8, 13; prob. akin to אָלֹיָי

,فَلَان adj. m. i. q. Arab. (أَفَلَان

Syr. عنه , such a one (prop. distinct, akin to جنه), found only in the phrase منه (cf. & deiva, our M^r. So and So), of person Ruth 4, 1, or place 1 Sam. 21, 3; جنه being prob. from rips to separate, to single out. 2) gent. n. from المجر (which see).

אָלְטָאָ, דּבְאָב, איי הּבּלְטָאָ, איי היבאָ

Q2D (Qal obs.) i. q. 1229, to be even or level. — Pi. 1) to smooth or make level, to prepare (a path) Ps. 78, 50; then pray bays Is. 26, 7 the track of a just man dost thou make level. 2) to weigh out (prop. to make even the balance), hence fig. to deal out Ps. 58, 3; to consider or ponder Prov. 5, 21. Hence

(prop. a level) Prov. 16, 11, Is. 40, 12, in each passage w. לאלינים, hence prob. the yard or beam from which the scales hang down.

(Qal obs.) prob. akin to y ج., to break. — Hith. to be broken or shattered, fig. to quake or tremble (cf. rup), only Job 9, 6. Hence

지민것의 f.trembling or shuddering, horror Job 21, 6, Is. 21, 4.

UP I (Qal obs.) prob. to turn or move round. — Hith. to roll oneself, to wallow Jer. 25, 34, in ashes or dust Ez. 27, 30, Mic. 1, 10.

UDP II (obs) prob. akin to τός, πός, Eth. **ΑΛΠ** falasa to emigrate (cf. **ΑΑΠ**. falâsi a rover), to rove or wander; hence πώχη. --- Perh. akin to Sans. pal (to go), πόλος, πολέω, L. palor.

of a maritime region on the southwest of Palestine, *Philistia* Ex. 15, 14, Is. 14, 29. — Hence Παλαιστίνη (Joseph. Antiq. 1, 6, 2), *Palestine*, this name being applied also to the whole land of Israel (Joseph. Antiq. 8, 4).

קלשר (pl. אידם, אדם, Am. 9,7) gentil. n. from קלשר, *Philistine* 1 Sam. 17, 4. 8; אלשר ב. 23, 31 *the Philistine sea* i. e. the Mediterranean sea. This people emigrated from Egypt Gen. 10, 13. 14.

مَعْتَتَ (obs.) i. q. Arab. قَعْتَ to flee or escape; hence

ראָם pr. n. m. (fleetness) Num. 16, 1.

לברי (r. דאס) adj. m. swift or fleet, as subst. runner or courier (cf. Arab. לעביע a swift horse, runner), collect. runners, couriers, always named w. קרחי 2 Sam. 8, 18; 15, 18; hence prob. part of the band of runners and executioners, which may have formed the king's body guard.

DD Chald. m. mouth Dan. 4, 28 i. q. Heb. 779.

וְשָּׁרָ (w. suf. דְשָׁם) m. i. q. אָם, a corner (of a street) Prov. 7, 8; pl. אָבָר Zech. 14, 10; r. בָּבָ

 we be scattered; esp. after verbs of fearing, cautioning, swearing Gen. 31, 31, Deut. 4, 23, Judg. 15, 12; the verb following "] being mostly in the future form (as in the above examples), but the verb may be in the perf. when the past is referred to, e. g. xyy] 2 Sam. 20, 6 *lest he have found*, cf. 2 K. 2, 16. Often w. ellipsis of the verb of fear or caution which must be taken from the sense or context e. g. Gen. 3, 22; 44, 34, Is. 36, 18, 2 K. 2, 16.

be tender or delicate, fig. to be pleasant or savoury; hence

20 m. perh. sweetmeat or pleasant confection, only Ez. 27, 17.

(fut. דַפָּרָ, apoc. דָפָרָ, זָשָּר, (101, 10) 1) to turn, trans. only in ניק to turn the neck Josh. 7, 12, Jer. 2, 27; else always intrans. or neuter, e. g. Ex. 7, 23, w. direction whither in acc. 1 Sam. 13, 18, or w. לא Gen. 24, 49, אל 1 Sam. 13, 17, ל Is. 53, 6; to turn away Deut. 30, 17; to pass away or decline, of the day Jer. 6, 4; to be on the turn, said of morning or evening Ex. 14, 27, Gen. 24, 63. 2) to twen in order to look Ecc. 2, 12; fig. to regard or have respect to Deut. 9, 27; hence of mere things having a certain aspect or direction, דומינה צפינה Ez. 8, 3 the gate looking northward; so of a boundary Josh. 15, 2. - Pi. TIB to turn away, to remove Zeph. 3, 15; to turn about, to set right or prepare Gen. 24, 31, Is. 40, 3; to make room or clearance Ps. 80, 10. - Hiph. (fut. apoc. מָקָר) trans. to turn Judg. 15, 4, 1 Sam. 10, 9; intrans. to turn back, whether to flee Jer. 46, 21, or to look while fleeing Jer. 46, 5; w. 5% to

hetake oneself to Jer. 47, 3. — Hoph. to be turned back Jer. 49, 8; to be turned or directed, of the position of a gate Ez. 9, 2.

(only pl. פָּנִים, c. פָּנִים, cf. Gram. § 108, 2, a; sing. only 339 and "In a pr. named) m. but f. in Ez. 21, 21, 1) the face or countenance (prob. as turning and looking, r. פּנָה) Gen. 38, 15; said of animals Job 41, 6. The form קנים is also used as a real pl. faces Ez. 1, 6. It mostly takes a pl. verb or adj.; but has (cf. Gram. § 146, 2) a sing. verb. in פני Lam. 4, 16 the יהוֹח לא יוֹסִים Lam. 4 face of the Lord will no more regard them. 2) presence or person (πρόσωπον) אני דלכו Ex. 33, 14 my presence (or person) shall go, cf. 2 Sam. 17, 11, Prov. 7, 15; לעֵר פְּנֵיה at the time of thy presence Ps. 21, 10, cf. Ps. 31, 21; בחם דשנים Ex. 35, 13 bread of the presence, the shew-bread; שָׁכְּהַד Num. 4, 7 the presence-table, the table of shew-bread. 3) looks or appearance, דו פורם Deut. 28, 50 hard of face i. e. of shameless looks; נפלו פנים Gen. 4, 6 looks have fallen i. e. are cast down or sullen. 4) surface Gen. 1, 29; then aspect, view or condition of any thing Job 26, 9, Prov. 27, 28. 5) front Jer. 1. 18; fig. edge Ecc. 10, 10; as adv. Urin in front, before Ez. 2, 10, 2 Ch. 13, 14. - With prepositions: - לְמָנִרם forwards Jer. 7, 24, aforetime, of old Deut. 2, 10, Josh. 11, 10; בלפנים from of old or ancient times Is. 41, 26; מענים in front, before 2 Sam. 10, 9; אל -פני to the front or before Lev. 9, 5, in presence of Ex. 23, 17, on the face of Lev. 14, 58; with or with or in presence of Est. 1, 10, in front of or before Gen. 38, 18, פַאָרו־פּנַר from the presence of, from before Gen. 27, 30, 2 K. 16, 14; בַּמַנֵי in front of, before Ez. 42, 12; לְמָנֵי presence of, before Gen. 6, 11, Num. 8, 22 (hence as adj. - anterior, in front, only 1 K. 6, 17); before (of time) Am. 1, 1, Gen. 13, 10 כאני שהת רחוח את סים before the Lord destroyed Sodom, prob. Job 4, 19 sooner than a moth; after the manner of, as or like 1 Sam. 1, 16, perh. Job 4, 19 as the moth (is crushed); מלפני from before (of place) Lev. 9, 24, 1 Ch. 16, 33; before (of time), אַטָּר הַרָה מִלְפָנֵינא Ecc. 1, 10 which was before us i. e. before our days; מְפָנָי from before, before Ex. 14, 19, from the presence of Judg. 9, 21, Is. 17, 9, because of Is. 10, 27; ישני on the front of, before Gen. 82, 22, towards Gen. 18, 16, on the face of (see on by, p. 469) Gen. 1, 20. 29, against Ps. 21, 13, besides, in addition to Ex. 20, 3, Job 16, 14; מצל פני from upon the face of 1 Bam. 20, 15.

(קונה רושים) f. 1) prop. a turn, hence a corner, turn, exterior Job 1, 19 or interior Prov. 21, 9; אבן קנה Job 38, 6 the corner-stone, also simply שנה 51, 26; ראָם אַרן Ps. 118, 22 head of the corner, i. e. chief corner-stone; דער רושים 2 K. 14, 13 the corner gate. 2) cornertower or pinnacle 2 Ch. 26, 15. 3) fig. a prince, prob. as a corner-stone of the state Judg. 20, 2, collect sing. in Is. 19, 13.

ספראָר 1) pr. n. (face of God, see קרו קרו ספר) of a place beyond Jordan near the Jabbok Gen. 32, 32. 2) pr. n. m. 1 Ch. 4, 4.

(פָּנָדּן=שְּׁרָא, כּוּ, פּוּן= פָּנָד, cf. פּּנָדּן= פָּרָא m. coral, only pl. פּּנְיָרִים in K'thibh of Prov. 3, 15 for פּּרְינִים in Q'ri.

פּניאַל pr. n. (= פּניאַל) Gen. 32, 31, פּניאַל m. face, see פּנישַ

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סקרט (r. בענש) m. prop. what is cut off or separated, hence the interior of a house (cf. our withdrawingroom, whence drawing-room), hence prob. בילפגרט from within i. e. on the inside (Sept. ἐσώτατος), only 1 K. 6, 29.

וס אַרָיָרָד (prob. from אָפּרָים) אין אָפּרָיָד loc.) as adv. within, in the interior 1 K. 6, 18, hence קַלָּרְיָדָר קַלָּרְבָרְהָרָ בָּרִיּבָרָק Ps. 45, 14 all glorious is the king's daughter in the inner apartment (Sept. צַׁמשׁפּע, Vulg. ab intus); השמר לַמַרְיָדָר לָמַרָיָדָר inwardly to (i. e. on the inside of), Ez. 40, 16, השַרָיָדָר on the inside, within 1 K. 6, 19.

אָנִיסִים f., pl. אָנִיסִים f., pl. אָנִיסִים m., אַנִיסִיוּת f., inner, interior 1 K. 6, 27; 2 Ch. 4, 22; r. אָנָם.

(only pl. פָּרָיָם, r. נָשָׁן) m. corals Job 28, 18, where many prefer pearls; red corals Lam. 4, 7.

(obs.) prob. akin to אַלָם (obs.) prob. akin to אָלָם sever or separate; hence אָרָים

(obs.) prob. akin to obs. r. (קוני (see קוני), Sans. bhâ (to shine), bhan (glitter), φάω, φαίνω, φανός, φαεννός, L. bonus, G. fein, E. fine; prob. hence קוני

(Qal obs.) akin to بود Arab. i, to be pleasant or tender. — Pi. to treat tenderky, to indulge, only Prov. 29, 21. — Hence perh. φοίνιξ palmtree and Φοινίχη, Phænicia, i. e. land of palms.

DD (only pl. פּסָט; r. סָשָט) m. end or extremity (cf. אָפָט), esp. hand or fool as the end of the limb, hence קרונה פָסָים Gen. 37, 3, 2 Sam. 13, 18 the tunic of extremities, i. e. a long under garment reaching to the hands and feet, worn by the better classes.

DD Chald. (def. אַשָּׁש Dan. 5, 24) m. extremity; אָטָש Dan. 5, 5 palm of the hand i. e. the hand; r. בָּשָׁשָׁ.

פס דָּמָים pr. n. (perh. end of desolation, r. פָּסָר (קָּבָים) of a place in Judah (i. q. אָפָט דָפִּים) 1 Ch. 11, 13.

Chald. بقرة. (Qal obs.) akin to بقرة. التقريم. Chald. بقرة. Pop, to cut or divide; hence المجمع. — Pi. to discriminate or to consider accurately, to scan Ps. 48, 14.

אספר, pr. n. (division or boundary, r. קסע) of a mountain range on southern border of Sihon's kingdom Num. 21, 20.

abroad, to be abundant; hence

י קפר f. diffusion, abundance, only in ידי פפר בר בארץ Ps. 72, 16 let there be abundance of corn in the land.

hence fig. to leap, perh. to kimp, hence fig. to halt or vacillate in opinion 1 K. 18, 21, but see rop II; to pass over (prop. to leap over), w. by Ex. 12, 23, hence rop; hence to spare Is. 31, 5. - Pi. rop to leap about, to dance 1 K. 18, 26. - Niph. (fut. rop?) to be made or become lame 2 Sam. 4, 4.

רקבין II perh. akin to אָסָב (which see), Ohald. אָסָב to divide, only in 1 K. 18, 21 אָסָב לישָׁבי על שָׁרָד אָסָב אָסָרי אָסָב לישָׁבי אָסע long are ye dividing (i. e. hesitating) about the two parties? namely הַעָל and אַבָּעָל but see on סָסָר I.

디어린 pr. n. m. (limper, r. 거야필) 1 Ch. 4, 12.

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(in pause הספר, pl. מסוד (in pause הספר, pl. דבוי); r. rich I) m. prop. an over-leaping, then a sparing, so named from the angel of death's passing over or sparing the Israelites, when he slew the first-born of Egypt, a passover (Sept. πάσχα) Lev. 23, 5, mostly w. art. TOUT the paschal-lamb Ex. 12, 21, also the passover-feast Josh. 5, 10, but more fully דע השפח Ex. 34, 25 the feast of the passover; nogin neg to keep the passover Num. 9, 5; w. שׁחָש or זְבָה 2Ch. 30, 15, Deut. 16, 2 to slay the paschal lamb; אָכָל דְשָׁסָה to eat the passover sacrifice 2 Ch. 30, 18; pl. פסחים paschal lambs 2 Ch. 30, 17.

וֹתָּטָּשָׁ, (pl. בְּּטָהִדּים) adj. m. prop. leaping, then limping or lame Lev. 21, 18, Is. 33, 23; r. בעסון I.

לכם (only pl. פסילים, r. לפסיט (only pl. evon, r. top) (1) m. carved images, esp. idols Deut. 7, 25. 2) pr. n. (sculptures or images) of a place near Gilgal Judg. 3, 19.

iobs.) akin to פָּסַג (which see), to split or divide; hence

TCD pr. n. m. (prob. divider) 1. Ch. 7, 33.

کوب (fut. کوب) prob. akin to <u>کوب</u>, *to cut, to carve*, an image Hab. 2, 18, stones Ex. 34, 1; hence

ر (in p. مَعْرَض w. suf. مَعْرَض m. 1) carved work or sculpture, esp. a carved idol Ex. 20,4; sometimes made of wood Is. 44, 15. 2) idol in general, even when molten, but prob. chased or finished w. the chisel Is. 44, 10.

קטָנְאָרָדן Dan. 3, 5 Chald. m. (= שְׁמְאָדַרְטָהָ Dan. 3, 5 Chald. m. (= שְׁמֹאַדְאָרָטָט, $() = \lambda$) a psaltery, lyre Dan. 3, 7. The Greek ending -tov often passes into \neg in Aramean, as in cuvéôptov = קומירין, χοινόβιον = בבבב

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רַשְּׁסָבּ pr. n. m. (perh. for בּכְבָּשָׁה expansion, r. הָסָשָ) 1 Ch. 7, 38.

(fut. العجب) mimet. akin to العجب, spy, to pant or gasp, hence to labour, in childbirth, only Is. 42, 1 +; to bleat (Syr. المعر), hence

متی pr. n. (bleating i. q. Syr. دختا) of a place in Idumea Gen. 36, 39, but يو in 1 Ch. 1, 50.

7 pr. n. 1 Ch. 1, 50, see 33.

(fut. גַשָּׁלָ-, once אָשָּׁרָ, Job 85, 6 for אָשָׁרָ, once אָשָּרָ, once מוש אָשָרָ, סוא אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָּרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָאָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, מוש אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, גער אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, גער אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, גער אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, גער אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, גער אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, גער אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, גער אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, גער אָשָרָ, אָש

לאָדָּן (w. suf. גָּפָעָלון פָּעָלון (w. suf. גָּפָעָלון גערי) זי. ראיז (פּעָלים Is. 1, 31; pl. פּעָלים) m. chiefly poetic synonym for געניין, 1) a deed or act Ps. 44, 2. 2) work or business Ps. 104, 23. 3) product or achievement Is. 45, 9. 4) gain or wages, as work's earning Prov. 21, 6, Job 7, 2.

(c. יפּעָלָה; r. יפּעָלָה) f. 1) a

doing or perferming of anything Prov. 10, 16; pl. ribys deeds or works, of men Ps. 17, 4, of God Ps. 28, 5. 2) i. q. bys 4, wages or reward of work Lev. 19, 13, Is. 62, 11.

לד Is. 1, 31 for אַכָּלָד, from אַדָּעָל; see Gram. § 93, Rem. 3.

שְּׁצַלַּיְדָיָה pr. n. m. (prob. for שְּׁצַלְיָדָי deed of די ד (די 1 Ch. 26, 5.

(inf. w. suf. أَوَكُونَ prob. mimet. akin to عَلَى to strike or beat e. g. a bell (المَكْتَر), anvil (مَكَتَوَ 1), or the ground with a footstep (مَكَتَو 2); fig. to wrge on, impel Judg. 13, 25. — Niph. to be excited or moved Gen. 41, 8, Dan. 2, 3. — Hith. to be agitated, only in المَكَتَرُ Dan. 2, 1. Hence

(pl. פַּנְמוֹת and פַּנְמִים) com. gend. prop. a stroke or beat (see below), then 1) an anvil (cf. L. incus from incutio), דלם עלם Is. 41, 7 to strike the anvil. 2) a tread or footfall Ps. 119, 133; fig. rumble or rattle of chariot-wheels Judg. 5, 28; then a foot as treading the ground Cant. 7, 2; pl. f. artificial feet Ex. 25, 12. 8) a tread or beat, fig. a time, any Josh. 6, 3 one time, once; שַכָּטָים troice Gen. 27, 36; שלש thrice thrice Ex. 28, 17; בַּמָּה מַנָסִים 1 K. 22, 16 how many times? פעמים בבות Ecc. 7, 22 many times, often; קבם ושׁבים בים Neh. 13, 20 once and again; Dyar this time, now Gen. 2, 23, Ex. 9, 27, cf. v. 14 עַקור הַפַּעָם הַזּאָר Gen. 29, 34 now this time, now indeed; עקעם-בקעם Num. 24, 1 one time as another, now as before; and - another now - now Prov. 7, 12.

שׁׁנְעֹוֹך m. a bell, as being struck when sounded Ex. 28, 33; r. באָשָ

צְּפְנָת-פַּעֵנָת see צָּקָנָת.

L

prob. akin to אַ II, דער II, דע II, דע II,

גאר (which see), prob. to bore or pierce (cf. מעוד), hence i. q. Arab. אלי syr. אלי של לי wide the mouth Job 29, 23 or w. ארדי (Gram. § 138, 1, Rem. 3, Note²) to gape w. the mouth Job 16, 10; fig. of the open or yawning grave (אאל, Sept. קלאר) Is. 5, 14; hence

ישַרָר pr.n.m.(perh.devoted to שַּרָר) 2 Sam. 23, 35, but יַשָרָי in 1 Ch. 11, 37.

(fut. بَعَيْتُ) mimet. akin to <u>مَتْ</u> (fut. بَعْيَتُ), Syr. المَتْ *io split* or divide, hence 1) to open wide the month Is. 10, 14; to gape upon in flerceness, w. > Ps. 22, 14; fig. of the earth in receiving blood shed on it Gen. 4, 11. 2) to snatch away or rescue Ps. 144, 7.

(which see), to break, hence fig. to burst forth, into joyous singing (ינָקר) Is. 14, 7. — Pi. to break in pieces Mic. 3, 3.

ל אייר f. prob. notchiness, hence dulness or bluntness of edge, only in 1 Sam. 13, 21 which some take for the file or rasp of the blacksmith (cf. Arab. أَصَارُ a notched sword); r. איי

Qal obs.) akin to جَدِّلْ (Qal obs.) akin to جَدِّلْ مَعْلَى, Syr. فَعَلَى, to cut or to mince. — Pi.to strip or tear off (bark), to peel Gen. 30, 37. Hence

קֿאָלוּח (only pl. געלוים) f. peeled spots or streaks on a green rod, only Gen. 30, 37.

Arab. متعلق , to strike to pieces, hence to split or rend, only Ps. 60, 4.

akin to تيتي, to cut or cleave,

esp. to wound Deut. 23, 2, Cant. 5, 7; hence

שָׁצָל (in p. אַזָּה w. suf. אָזָאָ pl. קַבָּעָים Job 9, 17) m. a wound Ex. 21, 25; coll. wounds Is. 1, 6; איש דֶרְהָר לְמַצְעָי Gen. 4, 23 a man have I slain for my wound i. e. inflicted on me or by me.

עביץ, פיזיע (obs.) akin to גיפֿין, פיזיע, to disperse; hence

24, 15.

ر (fut. مقطر) i. q. Arab. لمطرز to hack or notch, fig. to urge, press on w. a, either by entreaty Gen. 19, 3, Judg. 19, 7, or by assault Gen. 19, 9. — Hipb. to manifest persistency, hence inf. المطرح as subst. stubbornness 1 Sam. 15, 23. Hence

קביר (fut. רְפָרָי) prob. akin to to seek Ez. 23, 21; to visit 1 Sam. 17, 18; to inspect or muster Num. 1, 44, hence part. pass. פקוקרים mustered, numbered Ex. 30, 14; to look after or care for Jer. 23, 2; to look for (without finding), hence to miss 1 Sam. 20, 6, Is. 34, 16. 2) to search out, to visit judicially or make inquisition, hence to punish Is. 26, 14, w. by Is. 27, 3, by Jer. 46, 25, 3 Jer. 9, 8, w. acc. Ps. 59, 6; the offence is put in acc. Ex. 20, 5. 3) like Hiph., to cause to inspect; hence to set over or appoint, w. על of jurisdiction Num. 4, 27; part. pass. קקריים officers, overseers Num. 31, 48; to impose or enjoin, w. אָס of pers. Job 36, 23; to deposit or lay up 2 K. 5, 24. — Niph. to be mustered Ez. 38, 8; to be looked for, fig. to be missed 1 Sam. 20, 18; to be punished Num. 16, 29; to be set over, appointed Neh. 7, 1. — Pi. to muster Is. 13, 4. — Pu. to be mustered or numbered Ex. 38,

1. 21; to be looked for, fig. to be missed Is. 38, 10. - Hiph. to cause to inspect, hence to appoint (to office or rule) 2 K. 25, 23, w. ל or ק of office Gen. 39, 5, 1 K. 11, 28, Jer. 40, 5; to consign Jer. 37, 21; to charge or enjoin w. בָּרָ 2 Ch. 12, 10, בָּרָ Pa. 31, 6, nx Jer. 40, 7; to deposit or lay up Is. 10, 28. - Hoph. Tag to be chastised or punished Jer. 6, 6; to be appointed, part. מָשָּקַדִים 2 Ch. 34, 12; to be deposited with, w. rw Lev. 5, 23. - Hith. (fut. רְהָפָּקַר for יְהָפָּקַר) to be mustered or numbered Judg. 20, 15 (see Ewald's Lehrb. § 132, d). --Hoth. דירופקר (for דירופקר, Gram. § 54, 3) to be mustered Num. 1, 47. Hence

קדרך m. a deposit or store Gen. 41, 36; r. דפק.

Jer. 37, 13; r. 729.

TIPE (r. TPE) m. 1) office or charge, concr. ruler or officer Ex. 23, 23. 2) visitation or punishment, an allegorical name for Babylon, only Jer. 50, 21.

(only pl. פּשְקָּדִים; r. דְשָׁקָדָי m. mandates or precepts Ps. 19, 9; 119, 4.

(fut. (p = n), to open, esp. 1) w. (p = n), to open, to open the eyes 2 K. 4, 85, also to have the eyes open i. e. to be wide awake or watchful Prov. 20, 13; to give sight or cause to see,

sgid of God Gen. 21, 19. 2) w. to open the ears Is. 42, 20. — Niph. iso be opened, of the eyes, hence to receive sight Is. 35, 5; also fig. to be enlightened Gen. 3, 7. Hence

DPP pr. n. m. (opener) of a king of Samaria, 759 — 739 B. C. 2 K. 15, 25.

קרות adj. m. open-eyed or seeing, opp. to blind Ex. 4, 11; pl. קרות fig. prudent or wide-awake Ex. 23, 8; r. קרק.

eyes or ears) of a king of Samaria, B. C. 761-759, 2 K. 15, 22.

תיחר הקפת הזיף (in some texts, like הַהַלָּהֹל m. an opening (of a prison), then liberation, deliverance of captives, only Is. 61, 1; r. האָשָ

ירָשָּׁרָ m. prop. one set over or put in charge or command, then overseer or ruler Neh. 11, 9; קרד נָנָרָד officer Jer. 20, 1; a magistrate Gen. 41, 34 or a general 2 K. 25, 19; r. קסַר.

obs.) akin to کړې, Syr. (obs.) akin to کړې, Syr. (معر) to split or burst open; hence

לסוף (only pl. בקצה) m. wild cucumbers (said to burst on slightest touch when ripe), then architectural ornaments resembling the fruit 1 K. 6, 18.

קצָה (only pl.) f. wild cucumbers, so called from their readily bursting open when ripe, only in קקער שָׂרָה field-cucumbers 2 K. 4, 39; r. אָרָשָ.

דָקר in pause, and w. art. דָּזָר pl. פָרים קרים for פָרָי דָדָר II) m. 1) a bull, esp. young (cf. L. juvencus) Judg. 6, 26, hence בָּן־בְּקָר Ex. 29, 1 a bullock or a bull-calf; פַּר־רַשׁוֹר Ps. 69, 32 a young bullock, but פָּר־רַשׁוֹר Judg. 6, 25 prob. bullock of the herd; עם אַתרירם עם אַתרירם עם אַתרירם עם אַתרירם עם אַתרירם עם אַתרירם w. bulls i. e. young and old bulls. 2) fig. a sacrifice or victim, Hos. 14, 3 we will render אָקרים שָקרים אַמריי fices (even) our lips i. e. our praises, cf. Heb. 13, 15; also a prince, אָדרי געל־פָּרָין Jer. 50, 27 destroy all her bullocks i. e. slay all her princes. ----Cf. πόρτις, G. farr, förse.

גערה I (Qal obs.) i. q. אירה, to bear (fruit). — Hiph. to be fruitful, to bear fruit, only Hos. 13, 15.

אָרָשָ II (obs.) prob. akin to שָרָר , בָּרָד II, Chald. אָרָא, Arab. ל, to run swiftly or flee; hence

אָרָהָ, also אָרָה Jer. 2, 24 (pl. לעוֹם, com. gend. i. q. Arab. לעוֹם, a wild ass (סֿעמירָסָכ, L. onager) Ps. 104, 11; אָרָש Gen. 16, 12 the wild ass of a man i. e. an ungovernable person.

שראָם pr. n. m. (perh. wild-asslike i. e. indomitable) of a king of Canaan Josh. 10, 3.

דאתיו Ez. 31, 8 its boughs; see פארה.

ערות און אירים (pl ברוים 2K. 23, 11) m. perh. i. q. Pers. אָרָרוּ, לערוּ a summer-house, a sunny or open place, esp. the open porticos leading to the rooms built against the templa 1 Ch. 26, 18. --- Prob. akin to r. 1 Ch. 26, 18. --- Prob. akin to r. 1 Ch. 26, 18. --- Prob. akin to r. 25, 18. --- קרור בקאר (to be bright or shining) w. format. ending --- רָרָ ה as in בָּרָר בָּרָ

 to be scattered Neh. 4, 13, Gen. 10, 82. 2) to be divided or parted 2 Sam. 1, 23; part. (9) separated, i. e. a recluse or misanthropist Prov. 18, 1. - Pl. (9) i. q. Arab. (9), to turn aside Hos. 4, 14. - Pu. (9), to turn aside Hos. 4, 14. - Pu. (9), only part. (9), to separate Gen. 30, 40, w. (9) to make a division between Ruth 1, 17; to disperse Deut. 32, 8. - Hilh. to separate oneself Job 41, 9; to become dispersed Ps. 92, 10; be parted Ps. 22, 15.

קרָדָים, cw. suf. אַרְדָים, pl. אָרָדָים, c. אָרָדָים m. a mule (prop. bearer or carrier) 2 Sam. 13, 29, Ps. 32, 9; hence אָרָדָה Prob. from r. אַרָדָה (which see) w. format. ending אַרָּדָ (like אָרָדָי in אַרָדָר); hence akin to L. veredus, G. pferd, E. frey in palfrey, and prob. far in farrier.

רָדָם f. a she-mule 1 K. 1, 33.

ישרדות (only pl. שרדות) f. grains or corn-seeds Joel 1, 17; prop. separate parts (cf. Syr. בייבי kernel, Chald. קר grain of pomegranate); r. אבר

ון (obs.) i. q. אָדָאָ I, to be swift; hence אָרָה i. q. אָדָאָ.

bear or carry; hence perh. jimes --- Prob. i. q. ηφ Ι, akin to Sans. bhri, φέρω, L. fero, Gael. bairim, G. bären, E. bear, bring, bairn, breed, brood, brat; see

קרות (for קרח לפּרָח, fem. of קר, pl. קרות (for קרח ל. 1) keifer, young cow Gen. 41, 2; fig. קרות קרח Am. 4, 1 the heifers of Bashan that are in the mountain of Samaria i. e. the voluptuous women. 2) pr. n. (w. art. רקרה) of a town in Benjamin Josh. 18, 23.

(only pl. קפרית, for שַרָה) f. perh. for שַּרָה קאָרָה (r. שָׁקָד II to dig or bore) i. q. Arab. לֹוָל , rats or mice, only Is. 2, 20, where some texts have הוער שריה to rat-holes (cf. Gram. § 108, 3, c), but others better און to the rats; see הַשָּרָשָרָה.

קָרָא f. i. q. אָשָרָא, a wild ass Jer. 2, 24.

קאָרָה pr. n. m. (perh. for אָרָה) a. bough, r. אַרָה I) Judg. 7, 10.

ארוּדָא pr. n. m. (prob. a recluse, r. קרידא Ezr. 2, 55; see קרידא.

קרוֹזָי (r. פָרוֹזָי; only pl. קרוֹזָי K'thibh) m. villagers Est. 9, 19, in Qri קרוֹים; see קרוֹים.

קריה pr. n. m. (blooming, r. דיק I) 1 K. 4, 17.

שריך pr. n. (perh. akin to איפריס) of a gold-region 2 Ch. 3, 6; perh. according to Wilford in Asiatio Res. VIII, p. 276, it means castern parts, from the Sans. purva eastern.

פּרָבָר see פּרָדָר.

קרור (r. פרור II) m. pot or kettle Num. 11, 8, Judg. 6, 19.

(obs.) akin to تربع, i. q. Arap. , i) to separate, to spread out; then 2) to decide or rule; hence

(pl. w. suf. דָּשָׁרָזָי for בְּרָזָי) m. a leader of troops, only Hab. 8, 14.

קרוח (only pl. היאָדָי, r. יָשָׁר) f. i. q. Arab. אָרָץ פּרָזוֹת, open country as opp. to walled towns or cities; אַרָץ פּרָזוֹת Ez. 38, 11 the land of open regions; Ez. 38, 11 the land of open regions; as adv. אָרָזוֹת הַשָׁב Est. 9, 19 country-towns; as adv. אָרָזוֹת הַשָׁב Est. 2, 8 it (Jerusalem) shall abide as the country parts i. e. without walls or gates.

שָרָזוֹן (w. suf. פּרָזוֹני) m. dominion Judg. 5, 11; concr. rulers Judg. 5, 7; r. פָרַז

דַיָּדָי m. a countryman Est. 9, 19; דַר תַשְּרָזָר Deut. 3, 5 country-towns; גַרָּקָר תַשְּרָזָר ISam. 6, 18 country-village; ד. אָרַד

שִרָּדָ pr. n. (prob. countryman or rustic, r. פָרָד a Canaanitish tribe in Ephraim Josh. 11, 8.

קרוָל Chald. (def. פּרְוְלָא) m. i. q. Heb. פּרְזָל (which see), iron Dan. 2, 33.

קרת II prob. akin to הָרָת,

Aram. אָרָשָׁ, *אָרָאָ, to fly*, only part. f. pl. אָרָשֹׁר *birds* Ez, 13, 20, but see אָקָרוֹת f; hence perh. אָקרוֹת.

(w. suf. פּרְשָׁה, pl. w. suf. פּרְשָׁה, pl. w. suf. פּרְשָׁה, pl. w. suf. פּרְשָׁרָשָ, pl. w. suf. פּרָשָׁרָשָ (פּרָשָׁרִשָּׁה, 1) a flower, blossow Is. 5, 24; artificial flower Ex. 25, 33. 2) bloom, verdure Nah. 1, 4; r. שַׁרָש I.

ל אין דין f. progeny or brood, fig. the mob or rabble, only Job 80, 12; r. קרח I.

scattered or stray fruits (of a vineyard), only Lev. 19, 10.

קרִרִי, א. suf. קרִרִי, שָׁרָי, שָׁרָי, שָׁרָי, שָׁרָי, שָּרָי, אָשָרָי, but שָּרָי, r. קַרָּי, I) m. collect. fruit Gen. 4, 3; fig. result or consequences Is. 3, 10; פּרִי כַפִּים Prov. 31, 16 fruit of the hands i. e. the result or gains of industry; יָבָי fruit of the womb, offspring Deut. 7, 13. --- Cf. L. far, W. bara, G. beere, E. berry, pear.

ירָדָא pr. n. m. Neh. 7, 57, i. q. פָרידָא.

עריץ Is. 35, 9, but pl. שָּרִיץ, c. שָּרָיץ, w. --- firm) adj. m. violent or aggressive, as subst. tyrant, oppressor Ps. 17, 4; r. יבָשָ.

, הְרַחַ (obs.) akin to הָרַחַ I, הָרַחַ קרַע, 1) to break or crush, hence קרַע. 2) to separate, hence פּרֹהַת.

or rigour Ex. 1, 13, Lev. 25, 43.

נאלקר (w. - firm) f. a divider, esp. a curtain or vail Ex. 26,31, Lev. 4,6; r. בַּיָ

(fut. יְּקּרָם) prob. akin to הַקָּרָר I i. q. Syr. הֹשָׁל , to tear or rend (garments) Lev. 10, 6.

אַקְשָׁבְיָשַ pr.n. m. (Persian, prob. chief or foremost) Est. 9, 9.

קרַן: pr. n. m. (perh. dowered, obs. r. פרן: bo endow, w. old format. ending --, see p. 284) Num. 34, 25.

לקרט (fut. יפרט) akin to שוש, to sever or break, then to deal out, distribute Is. 58, 7. — Hiph. to cleave, divide the hoof Lev. 11, 4; part. the cleaver i. e. cloven footed, epithet of the ox Ps. 69, 32.

Chald. to divide, part. act. pl. קרָסָין dividers Dan. 5, 25; part. pass. קרָסָין divided Dan. 5, 28.

רסשים Chald. pr. n. Persia, the Persians Dan. 5, 28; ארָסָדָא the Persians Dan. 6, 29 in Q'ri.

רקי ה. 1) name of a bird, the ossifrage (Arab. ווצוש, the breaker) Lev. 11, 13. 2) i. q. קרקה, a cloven foot Zech. 11, 16; r. בָּ

רָסָד *a Persian*, Neh. 12, 22; see

2) to make bare Num. 5, 18; esp. to shave off the hair Lev. 10, 6; part. pass. שַראַ bare Lev. 13, 45. 3) to open up or begin, hence to take the lead, up or begin, hence to take the lead, Judg. 5, 2 when the leaderships (i. e. leaders, chieftains) in Israel led on, i. e. took the lead. — Niph. to be unruly, unrestrained Prov. 29, 18. — Hiph. 2 The dismiss or free (from labour), to allow to rest Ex. 5, 4. 2) to make unruly or insubordinate 2 Ch. 28, 19. Hence

ترج I m.i.q. Arab. نرج , shorn hair, then hair or locks Num. 6, 5.

ער די דו Copt. (only in pr. n. פּוֹסָד II Copt. (only in pr. n. יוֹשָרָ שׁרָיָש which see) m. the sum Gen. 41, 45.

קרעות (only pl. קּרְעוֹת, c, קּרְעוֹת, beut. 32, 42) f. leaderskip, then i. q. Arab. נֿק , a prince or leader Judg. 5, 2; r. אָרָע.

(obs.) perh. akin to Ethiop. عدون conjug. IX, to leap, spring; perh. hence

puce; cf. also W. chwanen (flea) from chwant (greed).

קרָעָתוֹן pr. n. (prob. taking the lead, r. פָרַע סוֹן סוֹן סוֹן סוֹן סוֹן Judg. 12, 15; gentil. הרְעָחוֹני *Pira*thonite Judg. 12, 13.

الإرب pr. n. (swift, r. إور المربي III, cf. Arab. فَرْضَى) of a small brook in the neighbourhood of Damascus 2 K. 5, 12.

(fut. יְפָרֹץ) akin to אָרָע, to break, make a breach Gen. 38, 29; to break down or demolish Is. 5, 5, עיר פרהצוז Prov. 25, 28 a city broken down, i. e. w. demolished walls; to break up, scatter 2 Sam. 5, 20; to break in upon Mic. 2, 13; to open up Job 28, 4; fig. to urge, w. 2 1 Sam. 28, 23; intrans. to spread abroad or increase Is. 54, 3; to spread, of a rumour 2 Ch. 31, 5; to overflow Prov. 3, 10. - Niph. to be spread abroad, part. יִפְרָץ diffused or common 1 Sam. 3, 1. - Pu. yis to be broken down, demolished, only part. f. ruggin in Neh. 1, 3. — Hith. to tear oneself away, to run away, only part. pl. 1 Sam. 25, 10. Hence

ער על פר אראים ארא אראיז אראי אראיז אראי אראיז אראי אראיז אראי אראיז אראי אראיז ז אראיז אראיז אראיז אראיז אראיז אראיז אראיז אראיז אראיז

קרָצוֹת (only pl. אָרָצוֹה) f. i. q. קרָצוֹת a breach, only Ez. 18, 5.

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pr. n. (prob. place בַּעַל פְּרָצִים of breaches) of a city 2 Sam. 5, 20.

the valley of Rephaim Is. 28, 21.

(fut. דְשָׁרָשָׁ) prob. akin to קרָשָּרָה (fut. דְשָׁרָשׁ) prob. akin to (cf. דְשָׁרָה) Ps. 7, 3; to break off Gen. 27, 40; fig. to deliver, set free Ps. 136, 24. — Pi. דְשָׁדָ to break off Ex. 32, 2; to break to pieces 1 K. 19, 11. — Hith. דְשָׁרָשָׁרָ to be broken in pieces Ez. 19, 12; to break off or remove from oneself Ex. 32, 3, cf. Gram. § 54, 3, c.

to deliver or redeem Dan. 4, 24.

مفروق (c. ٢٩) m. i. q. Arab. نظروق (c. ٢٩) m. i. q. Arab. syn. w. ٢٦ *broth* or soup, only Is. 65, 4 K'thibh; r. ٢٩.

Nah. 3, 1. 2) a place where two ways meet, a fork or cross-road Obad. 14; r. p.p.

I (inf. יום = סֹר perh. in Is. 24, 19) akin to אַפרע, ו פרע I, אַפר, אָפרע, , to break in pieces, to pound, צָםָר perh. Is. 24, 19, but see TI I. - Po. to cleave or cut in sunder, e. g. the Red Sea Ps. 74, 13. - Pilp. i. q. Arab. فَرْفَرَ, to shatter or shake violently Job 16, 12. - Hipb. (in pause הַפָּר, inf. הַפָּר, w. suf. בַּקָרְכֶם Lev. 26, 15) 1) to break or violate, a covenant Is. 33, 8, a law Ps. 119, 126. 2) to frustrate, bring to nought a counsel or plan 2 Sam. 15, 34. 3) to annul or set aside, e. g. religion Job 15, 4, a right Job 40, 8, anger Ps. 85, 5. 4). intrans. to fail, come to nought Ecc. 12, 5. - Hoph. To be brought to

nought or nullified Is. 8, 10. — Hithpo. דְשָׁמוֹיִרָד to be broken in pieces Is. 24, 19.

ער (obs.) prob. akin to וו (obs.) prob. akin to קיני, II (obs.) אייי אייי, דו (אייי איי), perh. אייי, אייי

III (obs.) i. q. Arab. ל, akin to איז דעון, to run swiftly; hence

fut. דָּרָד) mimet. akin to שָׁרָש, שְּרָש, prop. to separate (ef. Chald. Whip, Syr. Lais, Dapisaïes), hence 1) to distinguish, to specify or decide Lev. 24, 12. 2) to spread out, esp. the legs on horseback, to straddle, to ride; hence with - Niph. to be dispersed or scattered Es. 24, 12. --- Pu. win to be made distinct or clean Num. 15, 34; part. Distinctly uttered, as adv. distinctly, clearly Neh. 8, 8, where others perh. better render it interpreted or translated i. e. in Chaldee, cf. myg. - Hiph. to cleave or puncture, to sting Prov. 23, 32.

לערים (fut. שׁרָשָׁר) i. q. שָרָשָׁ, שָרָשָׁ, to divide or cut in pieces Mic. 3, 3; then to distribute Lam. 4, 4; to spread out, expand Num. 4, 6; fig. to lay open, make manifest Prov. 13, 16. — Niph. to be dispersed or scattered Ez. 17, 21. — Pi. שרָשָרָ (inf. w. suf. שרָשָרָש Is. 1, 15) to spread out the hands Is. 25, 11, Ps. 143, 6; שרָשָרָד ווּרָשָרָש Lam. 1, 17 she spreads out with the hands, i. e. stretches them out; to disperse or scatter Ps. 68, 15.

Chald. i. q. Heb. ترجع Only in Pa. to distinguish or make clear, part. pass. ترجعت made distinct, as adv. distinctly, only Ezr. 4, 18.

لَّرَسَ (for لَتَابَع, hence c. لَتَابَع, pl. (for لَتَابَع, Gram. § 84, 6) m. 1) a rider or horseman Jer. 4, 29, pl. Gen. 50, 9; men; i. q. Syr. المنعة of horsemen; i. q. Syr. مَانَة in Arab. مَانَ in Arab. is a horse-rider, jun a donkey-rider, a donkey-rider, 2) a horse, a saddle-horse (i. q. Arab. أَنَتَ الله. 5, 6, Ez. 27, 14; التَابَة 2 Sam. 1, 6 horsemen; r. لَتَابَة.

للتربي (r. تربي) w. suf. التربي) nr. 1) i. q. Arab. فرق , Syr. المربة, prop. what is separated or voided, excrement or dung Ex. 29, 14, Mal. 2, 3. 2) pr. n. m. (prob. distinction) 1 Ch. 7, 16.

Byr. فزمت a transcript or copy Ezr. 4, 11. ---- Said to be of Persian or Sans. origin, but perh. akin to ت.

(ירוֹק פּרְשָׁרָשָׁר) (only w. רו loc. רוֹק ירָיָק), from שָּרָשָׁר with format. ending יוֹשָר) m. perh. dung or dirt (cf. שָּרָשָׁר), only in Judg. 3, 22 יוֹק מוֹד (כל. שָּׁרָשָׁר), only in Judg. 3, 22 מוֹד (כל. שָׁרָשָׁר), only in Judg. 3, 22 יוֹק מוֹד (כל. שׁרָשָׁר), only in Judg. 3, 22 יוֹק מוֹד (כל. שׁרָשָׁר), only in Judg. 3, 22 יוֹק מוֹד (כל. שׁרָשָׁר), only יוֹק מוֹד (כל. שָרָשָׁר), only יוֹק מוֹד (כל. שׁרָשָׁר), only יוֹק מוֹד (כל. שָרָשָׁר), only יוֹק מוֹד (כל. שׁרָשָׁר), only יוֹק מ

וֹשָׁשָׁשָ (כ. רְשַׁשָׁשָ, כו. שֹׁשָשָ) f. distinctness or clear exposition, only Est. 4, 7; 10, 2; r. שׁשָשָ

akin to سنت (which see), to expand or spread out, only Job 26, 9.

pr. n. m. (prob. Chald.

expounder of the law, from r. אָרָשָׁ and קרָט Est. 9, 7.

to break forth, said of water; prob.

שְׁרָה pr. n. (prob. stream or torrent, cf. פָרָא 2) of a river, Sept. Edopátns, the Euphrates Gen. 2, 14; א. ה וסכ. הקר to the Euphrates Jer. 13, 4.

קרה (poet.) f. a fruit-tree Gen. 49, 22; r. הקה I.

קרת Jer. 13, 4, see קרת

סרְרָאָכָים) m. nobles or princes Est. 1, 8. --- Prob. akin to old Persian pardom (meaning foremost or first), πρῶτος, πρύτανις, L. primus, W. and Irish priv, G. fürst.

الله m. prob. for ترقيق, a transgression, only Job 35, 15; but perh. a rupture or fretting, from r. شرع.

رَبَعَتْ (fut. التَّبَعَتْ) akin to نَعْلَكَ اللَّهُ (fut. التَبْعَتُ) akin to نَعْلَكَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ Arab. فَعُنَّهُ, to spread, said of the leprosy Lev. 13, 7.

(Qal obs.) akin to تلكيم. تايتي to split or sever. — Pi. to tear in pieces, only Lam. 3, 11.

שטרוליד pr. n. m. (prob. splitter, e. التابع w. old format. ending مجد, see under letter) Jer. 20, 1.

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or spoil (the slain) 1 Sam. 31, 8. — Hiph. to strip any one Hos. 2, 5; to strip off (clothes) Job 22, 6; to strip of, w. 2 acc. Gen. 37, 23; to strip off (the skin), to flay Lev. 1, 6. — Hith. to strip oneself 1 Sam. 18, 4.

Aram. pup (fut. sup) akin to pup, Aram. pup (fut. sup) akin to pup, hence to be refractory, w. pupp 2 K. 8, 20; to rebel Am. 4, 4, w. p against Is. 1, 2; to transgress, to sin Prov. 28, 21, w. by against Hos. 8, 1; part. sup a transgressor Is. 48, 8, pl. sup Is. 53, 12. --- Niph. to break oneself off, i. e. to take offence, part. sup Prov. 18, 19 a fractious brother.

ΣUP prob. akin to right and to Chald. son, to stride or march, hence to rush upon (w. a), only in 1 pers. fut. w. IT cohort. right Is. 27, 4. ----Perh. mimet. akin to Sans. pad (to go), πάτος, L. passus, E. pad, path.

שׁשָׁר (in panse שַשָּׁרָ w. suf. שָּשָׁר, pl. בּשָׁעָד c. שָׁשָׁר ז', m. 1) rebellion Prov. 28, 2. 2) trespass or fault Gen. 31, 36; esp. transgression against God Ps. 51, 3; דירעקר על- בעארוי שַשָּׁר בעארוי שָשָׁר Job 34, 37 he adds transgression to his sin; where שַשָּׁ seems to be a stronger word than ושָׁאָר 3) fig. punishment for transgression Dan. 9, 24; trespass-offering Mic. 6, 7.

기연틙 m. a step or stride, only 1 Sam. 20, 3; r. 5일9.

אַשָּׁע akin to דעש akin to קשָׁע , to open wide e. g. the lips Prov. 13, 3. — Pi. to open or spread the feet (רְּלְרָם), for whoredom Ez. 16, 25.

קַרַר אָבָתר (obs.) akin to אָבָתר, fo split, fig. lay open, to explain; hence שַּׁשֵׁר.

Chald. to open up, to ex-

plain Dan. 5, 16. — Pa. to interpret Dan. 5, 12. Hence

ששר Chald. (def. קשָרָא, pl. אָשָׁרָא, m. explanation, interpretation, of dreams Dan. 2, 4.

「夏」 m. explanation, only Ecc. 8, 1; r. 可望.

رفتی (obs.) i. q. Arab. فَتَى to dissolve or separate, esp. to card or hackle e. g. flax (of. Syr. مُحَمَّمًا a carding); hence

可以知道 (r. 地位) f. 1) flax (in the plant or unwrought) Ex. 9, 31. 2) a wick made of flax Is. 42, 3.

ר אַשָּׁשָ Mal. 3, 20 for שַּשָׁשָ, r. שוֹש.

רש (w. suf. הוחים, pl. הוחים) f. a bit or morsel, as of bread Ruth 2, 14, fully הילהם Gen. 18, 5 a piece of bread, i. e. a little food; pl. הילהם bits or pieces Lev. 2, 6; הוחים קשליה קרוז Ps. 147, 17 casting forth his hail like morsels; r. היק.

ND (w. suf. אָרָדָש, pl. הוֹהשׁ) f. i. q. Syr. Lin, Arab. גער אין a socket or aperture, esp. the female member Is. 3, 17; pl. hinge-sockets, i. e. the holes or sockets to receive the pin of the door-hinge 1 K. 7, 50, r. ראש.

פתי see פתאים.

פּרזאָם (for פּרזע, from פּרזאָם w.

delicate food, dainties Dan. 1, 5. ----The word is said to be from Sans. paiti lord and Pers. و food, hence lordly food; but prob. from rep bit and ي food, hence like our titbit (i. e. teeth bit) or dainty.

(obs.) prob. akin to المحقق II, Chald. محقق, المحقق, to decide, hence to pronounce an opinion or sentence; hence محققة.

(obs.) prob. akin to הוקס, to stretch around, to envelope; hence

decree of a king Est. 1, 20; sentence of a judge Ecc. 8, 11; i. q. Syr.

סקרבים Chald. m. 1) an answer or response (cf. מֹתאֹבָה), hence a word, איז (cf. Heb. רְהָשָׁר בָּרָר, Ezr. 5, 11 to return word or answer; שַּׁרָח פּרָגָר Ezr. 4, 17 to send answer. 2) edict or decree of a king Ezr. 6, 11, of God Dan. 4, 14. --- Prob. from r. שָׁרָח שָׁרָאָ שָׁרָה אָ 84, 15), but said to be from old Pers. patigama, Armen. patkam word or edict.

לעד (fut. רְשָׁהָה, apoc. רְשָׁהָה) akin to הָשָׁה (fut. קּהַע, הַשָּׁה, apoc. רְשָׁהָה) akin to הקר הַשָּׁת (קור הַשָּׁת, 1) trans. to open or expand, said of the lips Prov. 20, 19. 2) intrans. to be open, said

of the heart in receiving impression or persuasion, hence to be enticed Deut. 11, 16, Job 31, 27; to be openhearted, susceptible, whence part. m. rung simple, easily misled Job 5, 2, fem. min Hos, 7, 11. - Niph. (1 pers. fut. apoc. אָפָר (אָפָר) to be persuaded Jer. 20, 7; to be enticed or seduced, said of the heart, w. 57 Job 31, 9. - Pi. The to persuade (cf. πείθω) Hos. 2, 16; to entice or seduce Ex. 22, 15; then to persuade with false appearances, to deceive (cf. ἀπατάω) Ps. 78, 36. — Pu. to be persuaded Prov. 25, 15; to be deceived Jer. 20, 10. -Hiph. (fut. apoc. rai) to lay open, to make wide or enlarge, יַפּא אַלארם לינפּר Gen. 9, 27 may God make wide room for Japheth, where note the marked paronomasia or play on the words and ran. --- Prob. akin to Sans. pat (to expand), πεδίον, πετάω, L. pateo, G. weit, E. wide.

קרוואל pr. n. m. (prob. God's opening, unless for בידאל man of God) Joel 1, 1.

שָּתוּדִים, pl. שָּתוּדִים m. sculpture, carved work 2 Ch.2, 13; שָּתוּדִד רוֹוָתָם Ex. 28, 11 carvings or engravings on a signet; דו הוֹתָם in Pi.4.

חור pr. n. (perh. view or expansion, r. קחר, of a place on the Euphrates where Balaam dwelt Num. 22, 5.

קרות (only pl. c. פרות) m. i. q. a bit or piece, only Ez. 13, 19; r. השָת.

(which see), הושָּׁשָ (fut. רְּשָׁשָׁה) akin to שָּׁדָה (which see), הושָשָ 1) to open Is. 26, 2, Jer. 13, 19, w. ל to Cant. 5, 2. 2) to lay open or uncover Am. 8, 5, הראש uncovered, open Num. 19, 15; then to draw a sword Ps. 37, 14; to release prisoners Is. 14, 17. 3) to open up Ps. 105, 41; hence fig. to begin Ps. 49, 5. 4) intrans. to open or your, of the ground Ps. 106, 17. - Niph. 1) to be opened Gen. 7, 11; fig. to be begun Jer. 1, 14. 2) to be loosed, as a girdle Is. 5, 27, a captive Job 12, 14. - Pi. The 1) to open Job 41, 6. 2) to loosen bonds Is. 58, 6; part. Then 1 K. 20, 11 one who loosens or unfastens, sc. his armour; to ungirdle or paralyse Is. 45, 1. 3) to furrow the ground, i. e. to plough Is. 28, 24. 4) to engrave wood 1 K. 7, 36, gems Ex. 28, 9; also to carve sculptured stones Zech. 3, 9. 5) intrans. to open, as a flower Cant. 7, 13; to lie open, as gates Is. 60, 11; fig. of the ear, to listen Is. 48, 8. — Pu. to be engraved Ex. 39, 6. — Hith. to loosen oneself Is. 52, 2.

Chald. i. q. Heb. אָרָאָדָא, to open, part: pass. f. pl. אָרָאָדָא opened, of windows Dan. 6, 11; used as perf. pass. אָרָאָדָא were opened Dan. 7, 10.

Ryr. المعني insight or explanation, only Ps. 119, 130; r. الته.

(c. פּרְזָחוֹן) m. an opening, only Ez. 16, 63; 29, 21.

TIME Ps. 55, 22, see mr.

קרויי pr. n. m. (די opens up) 1 Ch. 24, 16.

(in pause פְּתָּדִים, pl. פְּתָד Prov. 22, 3, פּתָאָים Prov. 1, 22, פּתַיָּם Prov.

רָשָּׁר Chald. (w. suf. אַרָשָׁ) m. i. q. Syr. בَשָׁש width or breadth Dan. 8, 1; see Heb. r. וּתָשָ.

איז איז איז f. prop. openness, then simplicity, foolishness, hence as adj. simple, foolish, only of a woman Prov. 9, 13; r. אָרָש

קרדוה (only pl. קרדוה) f. drauon swords, only Pl. 55, 22; r. קרַם.

קרילים , pl. פָּרִילִים m. prop. twist, then i. q. Arab. نَتَعِيل, a line or cord Num. 19, 15, used for suspending a signet Gen. 38, 18, for measuring Ez. 40, 3; r. אָקָר.

Qal obs.) to twist or twine, so in Aram. and Arabic; hence twine, so in Aram. and Arabic; hence $\neg \neg \neg \neg$. — Niph. to twist together, esp. to wrestle Gen. 30, 8; then to be twisted or tortuous, fig. to be crafty or deceit/ul, part. $\neg \neg \neg$ captious Job 5, 18, Prov. 8, 8. — Hith. to twist oneself, fig. to show oneself crafty or perverse Ps. 18, 27. — Perh. akin to $\pi\lambda tx\omega$, L. plecto, plico, W. plethu, G. flechten, E. plait, pledge.

לְתְלָהוֹל (like שְׁתַרְחוֹל, see Gram. § 84, 23) adj. m. twisted, crooked, fig. perverse Deut. 32, 5; r. הַתָּ. bhp pr. n. (Copt. the narrow place or pass) of a city in Goshen in lower Egypt Ex. 1, 11, Πάτουμος in Herod. II, 158, Copt. ΠΙ-ΘΟΜ.

مَعْتَبَةٍ (obs.) akin to المَعْتَبَة, to stretch out or lie along, hence مَعْتَبَة and

קָרָנִים) m. prop. length or extension (cf. (פּרָנִים), then an asp or adder Is. 11, 8; Syr. (פֿרָנָין, Arab. (גַּנָּיַן),

(which see), to open, esp. the eyes; hence

MP: m. prop. opening of the eyes, a wink or twinkling, then 1) suddenness, STPF in suddenness, i. e. without premeditation Num. 35, 22. 2) as adv. on a sudden Prov. 6, 15; see DXTP.

רְשָּׁה (fut. יְשָׁה) akin to שָּׁשָׁ, Chald. שְּׁשָׁה, to break or lay open, fig. to interpret a dream Gen. 40, 8; hence

חרוך m. explanation or interpretation, of a dream Gen. 40, 12. 18; pl. Gen. 40, 8.

שָרוֹס pr. n. (Copt. **ח-פד-pHC** the region of the sonth) of upper Egypt, Pathros (Sept. Παθούρης) Is. 11, 11; gentil. n. pl. אראיים Pathrusites, the people of Pathros Gen. 10, 14.

منابع akin to مرجع I i. q. Arab.

X Sadhë, the 18th Heb. letter, as a numeral denoting 90. Its name "IS (prob. from ITS I = TR I to catch or fish), and its primitive form V' (see Table of Ancient Alphabets) prob. indicate a fish-hook. Its peculiar sibilant sound (see Gram. § 6, 2, 3), always given in the Sept. as σ , is more like our ss in hiss, but articulated at the back of the palate and not at the teeth. — On final γ , see Gram. § 5, 3.

 Σ interchanges — 1 w. its kindred sibilants (see under each), e. g. $\gamma 2 \gamma$ $= i 2 \gamma$ = $0 2 \gamma$, $p_{17} = p_{17} \rho$, $p_{3} = i 2 \gamma$ $p_{17} = 2 w. palatals and linguals, e.$ $g. <math>b_{23} = 1 \nabla = b_{23} I$, $p_{17} = Aram. p_{17}$ $= p_{17} \gamma$, $p_{27} = p_{27} \gamma$, $p_{17} = Aram. p_{17} \gamma$ $= y_{27} \gamma$, $p_{37} = p_{37} \gamma$, $p_{37} = I = p_{37} \gamma$, $p_{37} = I = p_{37} \gamma$, $p_{37} \gamma$, $p_{37} = p_{37} \gamma$, $p_{37} \gamma$, p

NY imper. Qal of r. NY.

NZ, see Miz.

crement or dung Deut. 23, 14, used as fuel Ez. 4, 12; r. MC or NVS.

דאָד, see אַאַד.

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7182, in K'thibh of Ps. 144, 18 for xiz.

مَكْرَبُ Cant. 3, 11 imper. fem. pl. Qal of r. معت.

to overshadow, to cover; hence

סווע (only pl.) m. lotus-trees, only Job 40, 21. 22.

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(obs.) akin to 23 II, prob. to 333, 334, to collect, to enclose; hence 333, 334, 734, Ps. 144, 13 (K'thibh) f. collect. (m. if rams or he-goats be referred to, as in Gen. 80, 39) flock or flocks, small cattle (μ 3 λ a), sheep and goats, so called as being in flocks and folded Gen. 29, 10; often opp. to 724 large cattle Gen. 12, 16. Its noun of unity is 125 Ex. 21, 37; but in Ex. 12, 21 pix means a lamb (prob. for 323-3 Ps. 114, 4), cf. 723-32 a calf Gen. 18, 7.

المَعْتَ pr. n. (prob. rich in flocks, r. مَعْتَ of a city in Judah, only Mic. 1, 11; perh. same as المَعْتَ Josh. 15, 37.

- firm; r. MY or MXX m. prop. what comes forth, hence shoots Job 41, 8; offspring Is. 61, 9; productions Is. 34, 1.

TRY infin. Qal of NT.

(pl. אַבר: דָאָדָר) m. 1) a litter or sedan, as being gently borne Ia. 66, 20. 2) a species of lizard, prob. so called from its slow motion, only Lev. 11, 29.

Arab. (int. KART) akin to TIX, Arab. (int. KART) akin to TIX, or gather together for military service or war, to gather together against, with 2 Is. 29, 7, 8; for temple service, to serve Num. 4, 23. — Hiph. to muster or levy Jer. 52, 25. Hence

אָבָאוֹת (c. אָבָאוֹת pl. דְבָאוֹת, c. אָבָאיֹת, גַיָרָאוֹת, w. suf. אָבָאָיו אָבָאָין אַבָאוֹת (אָבָאוֹת)

m. (twice f. Is. 40, 2, Dan. 8, 12) 1) assembly for warfare, a troop, a host Ex. 6, 26; אַנְשָׁר דְשָׁבָא the men of the host, soldiers Num. 31, 53; Wir THEN captain of the host, commander-inchief Gen. 21, 22. 2) military service, warfare Num. 31, 6. 3) temple-service Num. 4, 23; fig. of affliction and calamity Job 7, 1. הליפות וצבא changes and a host, successive hosts, i. e. host succeeding host Job 10, 17; אבא השטרם the host of heaven, the angels Ps. 148, 2, 1 K. 22, 19, the stars or heavenly bodies Jer. 33, 22. Hence God is called אַלֹדָר צָבָאוֹד Jer. 38, 17, ארנר צבאות Is. 2, 12 (once רחוה צבאות Is. 10, 16), an epithet first used in 1 Sam. 1, 11, very often in the prophets, prob. for רחוֹה אֵלהֵר צָבָאוֹת or אדער אָז 🗱 אָרער, see Gram. § 114, 3, Bem. 2.

אָרָצָ pr. n. 2 Sam. 16, 4, see אָרָאָ ארָצָא Chald. (fut. רְצָהָא) perh. to

spring or issue forth, only fig. to sprill Dan. 4, 14, same as Syr. 12.

אָבָאות Cant. 2, 7, see אָבָאוֹת

ז גְּבְרָי 1 Ch. 12, 8, see גְּבְרָי; cf. Gram. § 93, Rem. 6.

Hos. 11, 8, المحرَّّة Gen. 14, 2, المحرَّة Gen. 10, 19, pr. n. (prob. gazelles, akin to معرَّف of a city in the valley of Siddim, destroyed with Sodom and Gomorrah. To be distinguished from 'the valley of Zeboim' 1 Sam. 13, 18, see معرَّة.

ן (obs.) perh. akin to אָשָּכָן, 1) to move gently, to go slowly; hence בָּבָ. 2) to glide away; hence perh. בָּבָ in Nah. 2, 8.

דְעַבְרָד pr. n. f. (with art. דְעַבְרָד the slow-moving, r. בָּגָב 1 Ch. 4, 8.

to war, to make war Is. 29, 7. 2) to go forth, to appear or shine, as a star;

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hence אָבָי 3) to be prominent or distended, to swell out Num. 5, 27. — Hiph. to cause to swell, to distend Num. 5, 22, where אבור is for היבעבור, see Gram. § 53, Bem. 7. Hence

אָבָד adj. m., אָבָד f. swelling or swollen Num. 5, 21.

2 Sam. 23, 36, see בבה

Thald. (r. مجتبة) f. will or pleasure; then affair, matter or thing, only Dan. 6, 18.

שרבי (r. אבי II) m. prop. a beast of prey, a hyena (Sept. Sawa), only Jer. 12, 9.

(fut. تعبير) perh. akin to بچر, to grasp w. the hand, hence to reach out, only Buth 2, 14.

לְרָד (in pause אָרָד : דְּבָר : אָרָד 2) m. 1) splendow, glory or beauty Is. 4, 2; דָעָרָד וּשָׁרָי i. e. Palestine Dan. 11, 16, so also אָרֶץ וַשָּרָי beauty Dan. 8, 9. 2) gazelle 1 K. 5, 3, prob. so called from its beauty. Pl. אָרָד 2 Sam. 2, 18, דָרָאר 7, 59, דָרָגָד 1 Ch. 12, 8, דָרָאר 7, 59, זָרָג אָר 1 Ch. 12, 8, הו. 6.

۲۲ pr. n. f. (gazelle, fem. of ۲۶) 1 Ch. 8, 9.

אָרָיָדָע pr. n. f. (gazelle, fem. of גַּבּאַלָּן, הָבָרִיָזָא, i. q. Aram. אָבָריוָא, דָּבּאָלָן, דַבּאָנָי, Taβιθά i. e. Δορχάς Acts 9, 86) the mother of king Joash 2 K. 12, 2.

קרי (fem. of אָרָדָ) f. a roe, a shogazelle Cant. 4, 5.

אָבאָים or אָבוים, see אָבוים.

געבע I (obs.) i. q. אָבָע, Syr. געבע, to dip or immerse, hence to dye or colour; hence גבע perh. אַבָע, perh. גבע

تَعَلَيْ ال (obs.) prob. akin to المَعَوْرَ عَلَيْهُ seize, to raven; hence مَعْمَعْ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ المُعْمَةُ المُعْمَةُ المُعْمَةُ المُعْمَةُ المُعْمَةُ مَعْمَةً المُعْمَةُ مُعْمَةً المُعْمَةُ المُعْمَةُ المُعْمَةُ مُعْمَةًا مُعْمَةً مُعْمَةًا مُعْمَةً مُعْمَةً مُعْمَةًا مُعْمَةًا مُعْمَةًا مُعْمَةًا مُعْمَةًا مُعْمَةً مُعْمَةًا مُعْمَةًا مُعْمَةًا مُعْمَةً مُعْمَةً مُعْمَةًا مُعْمَةًا مُعْمَةًا مُعْمَةً مُعْمَةً مُ

immerse. — Pa. to soak Dan. 4, 22. — Ithpa. to be drenched Dan. 4, 30, where ἐβάφη in Greek.

דרעון pr. n. m. (perh. coloured, r. אָרָעון i) of a son of Seir Gen. 86, 2.

ערעים pr. n. (prob. hyenas, r. די II) of a valley and town in Benjamin 1 Sam. 13, 18, Neh. 11, 34; perh. the modern *ed-Dubba*.

, שָׁבָר (fut. יְצָבֹר) akin to שָׁבָר to heap up Hab. 1, 10; to store up Gen. 41, 35, Job 27, 16; hence

(only pl.) m. heaps, only 2 K. 10, 8.

to bind or hold together; hence

(only pl. צָרָקים) m. bundles or sheaves, only Ruth 2, 16.

ראב Chald. m. side, אין on the side of, in respect to Dan. 6, 5; אין against Dan. 7, 25.

۲۲ Chald. m. design, intention, is it with design? i. e. purposely Dan. 3, 14.

I (obs.) perh. akin to אַבָּל I (obs.) perh. akin to אָבָל and אָבָל = רָשָר, e. g. בָּשָׁר (דָבָל = רָשָׁר), to lean or rechne; hence perh. דָב 1.

דר (obs.) prob. akin to דיין, דג, to catch or hunt; hence א 2 and ידי סידי (w. ד loc. דידי) pr. n. (prob. catching or hunting) a town on the northern border-line of Palestine Num. 84, 8; still called Südüd.

hunt after, to lie in wait for Ex. 21, 13, with the to lie in wait for life 1 Sam. 24, 12. — Niph. to be hunted, to be laid waste Zeph. 3, 6.

צרדת, see צרדה.

pr. n. m. (just, r. ٦٣٤) 1) a priest in David's time 2 Sam. 8, 17. 2) father-in-law of Uzziah 2K.15,33. 3) grandson of Azariah 1 Ch. 5, 38; also sundry other unknown persons.

קדר (r. דָּרָדָ) f. a seeking, aim or purpose, only in בְּרָדָי on purpose, purposely Num. 35, 20. 22.

קשרים pr. n. (w. art. ארים) the sides or slopes, pl. of דיין) a town in Naphtali Josh. 19, 35. The Jerusalem Targum identifies it with Kefr Chittai, prob. the modern Hattin.

 العند من المعالية

 العند من المعالية

 والمعالية

 ָרדון 1 K. 11, 33, see אָרדון 1 K. 11, 33, see אַרדון אַרדון 1 K. 11, 1, see אַרדון 1 K. 11, 1, see

ド 1美 (fut. P파文) prop. to be right or straight, cf. P파 directness or evenness in Ps. 23, 3; hence, 1).to

be right or just, of God Ps. 51, 6, of laws Ps. 19, 10. 2) to be in the right, in a forensic sense Gen. 38, 26, of disputants Job 83, 12; hence to gain one's cause Job 11, 2. 3) to be righteous, upright, good as an individual Job 15, 14, w. לתני רחוח Ps. 148, 2, עם אל Job 9, 2, הַאָאָלוים Job 4, 17. - Niph. to be declared just, to be vindicated Dan. 8, 14. - Pi. (inf. w. suf. : Ez. 16, 52) to make righteous, to justify Ez. 16, 51; to pronounce righteous or innocent Job 33, 32. — Hiph. to make righteous or upright Dan. 12, 3; to pronounce right or innocent in a forensic sense Ex. 23, 7, in a disputation Job 27, 5. -- Hith. רענטה (see Gram. § 54, 2, a) to justify or clear oneself Gen. 44, 16. Hence

PTT (w. suf. דרק: m. 1) in a physical sense straightness Ps. 23, 8. 2) in a moral sense, rectitude, right Ps. 15, 2. Hence דרק: right sacrifices, i.e.such as are proper or due Deut. 33, 19; דרק: דרק: the God of my right i. e. knowing my rectitude and vindicating it Ps. 4, 2. 3) justice, of a judge Lev. 19, 15, of a king Is. 32, 1, of God Ps. 9, 9. 4) blame-lessness or probity Is. 1, 21. 5) de-liverance, prosperity or happiness as the result of rectitude Is. 45, 8.

Acence, prob. in Dan. 4, 24: so too in

Aram., Arab., Talmud and Rabbins; compare διχαιοσύνην for έλεημοσύνην in Matt. 6, 1.

(righteourness of F.) Zedekiak, 1) a king of Judah, 600-588 B. C., called formerly Fring 2 K. 24, 17. 2) a false prophet 2 Ch. 18, 10, cf. 1 K. 22, 11; also sundry other persons.

[[] 전 또. 16, 52, inf. of Pi. (마고포) of r. 가고, w. suffix.

קרא (Qal obs.) akin to אָדָע), וּדָדָ, to glitter or shine; only in — Hoph. part. אָדָע brightened, glittering like gold Ezr. 8, 27. Hence

Lev. 13, 30.

(obs.) akin to Γη, Γης ΙΙ, Γης, Γης (which see), to be bright or sunny, to become dry, parched. Akin to Sans. div (to shine), δαίω, ζέω, δῖος, θεός, L. dies, deus, divus, E. day, davon, G. tag, W.dydh, duw, Gael. dia, la.

(fut. 2) akin to 2) transferred from what is seen to what is heard (as with us), to be clear or shrill in tone, to shout out, i. q. to sing aloud Is. 12, 6; used of a horse, to neigh Jer. 5, 8; and of bulls, to bellow Jer. 50, 11.—Pi. to make clear or shrill, w. ijpp Is. 10, 30. — Hiph. To cause to shine Ps. 104, 15.

(which see), אָדָאָ ניסאָ, דּדָאָ (which see), אָדַאָר to shine, to glisten; hence אָדָאָר oil, whence as denom. — Hiph. to make or press out oil, only Job 24, 11.

(r. דָרָר (r. גָרָזר) f. properly light or

splendowr, then fig. a light, collect. lights or windows Gen. 6, 16. Dual דון prop. two-lights, i. e. between the increasing and the waning light (like אָרָרָ, אָרָבָ, אָרָבָ, אָרָבָ, (like אָרָרָ, אָרָבָ, אָרָבָ, אָרָבָ, ג. Mentioned together with אָרָבָ and בָּרָרָ to denote the times, during the day, when prayer was offered Ps. 55, 18. Fig. of prosperity or happiness Job 11, 17.

לאָ and אָ (ר. דְּזָגָ, cf. זְם from r. דְּיָם) m. commandment or precept Hos. 5, 11; אָ דָרָ דָּגָר גָ דָרָ קָרָ (added) to precept, precept to precept Is. 28, 10, 13, where Jerome aptly has manda remanda, manda remanda. The repetition and assonance of the short words are intended to set forth mimetically the drunken babble of the scoffers.

NU (obs.) akin to אָדָי, to go or come forth (as excrement, cf. Syr. Pa. אָלָג to make filthy); hence prob. אָדָע and

NIZ or NZ (only pl. DINZ) adj. m. fitthy (cf. Syr. $|\hat{l}_{j}$), of garments, only Zech. 3, 3. 4.

ראש לוא סיד איש (r. איש) f. excrement or dung Is. 36, 12 Q'ri; hence filth Is. 4, 4, ראש ליד filthy vomit Is. 28, 8; fig. of the pollution of ain Prov. 30, 12.

 but mostly used for the sing. (see Gram. § 108, 2, a, of. τὰ τράχηλα, L. cervices) Gen. 27, 16, "Τά τράχηλα, to fall upon the neck of, to embrace Gen. 83, 4. --- Prob. from r. "A III to turn, the neck having great facility of turning and moving about (of. στροφεύς, L. vertebra); or perh. from r. "A I = "J I to press, hence perh. the narrow part of the body.

NJY Chald. m. neck Dan. 5, 7.

גאָאירָדָכָם (only pl. w. suf. נגָאירָדָכָם) f. i. q. דגאָד neck, only Mic. 2, 8 your necks.

גיב (obs.) akin to די, to set, to plant; hence דיקא and

2 Sam. 23, 36, pr. n. (prob. plantation, r. ⊐13) a Syrian kingdom, fully b The Syrian kingdom, fully b Syrian kingdom, f

ער (fut. דאבי) perh. akin to ראש I (fut. דאבי) perh. akin to ראש I, prop. to set (mares or nets), hence to waylay, to hunt wild animals Gen. 27, 3, to catch birds with snares Lev. 17, 13; fig. of snares laid for men Lam. 3, 52. — Pil. דעניד lie in wait for Ez. 13, 18. — Hith. דעניד (Gram. § 54, 2, a) denom. from געיד to take as food for oneself on a journey Josh. 9, 12.

דיע II (obs.) perh. akin to דָּעָדָ 1, to mount or ascend; hence perh. קּנָד and אָדָרָי

(Qal obs.) akin to אָרָדָ, Syr. 10, to set up or place, to put together; hence אָדָ, רְיָצָר, יִצָ 2. – Pi. רְיָצָ (fut. Digitized by Google appe. 13; imp; 133, apoc. 13) 1) to constitute or appoint Ex. 18, 23; to set over, w. acc. of pers. and 32 of thing 1 Sam. 13, 14. 2) to institute, w. acc. of thing Ps. 7, 7. 2) to command, to charge, w. acc. of pers. Gen. 26, 11, w. 32 Gen. 2, 16, 38 Gen. 50, 16, 5 Ex. 1, 22. 3) to give a charge to any one, to commission Jer. 23, 32. — Pu. 133 to be commanded Lev. 8, 35.

<u>الم</u> **v** to cry out, to shout for joy, only Is. 42, 11. --- Mimet. r. akin to المَعْنَةُ, Syr. بُوْرٍ, Arab. بَرْمُو G. schrecken, E. shriek, W. scrēch.

. אָרָדָרָן (c. דערָ אָרָדָרָן, w. suf. אָרָדָרָן) outcry, loud cry (cf. Syr. גור גער,), of want Is. 24, 11, of sorrow Jer. 14, 2; r. דע:

סלע (obs.) perh. akin to גַלָּל II, to sink or plunge; perh. hence אַלָּל

i) λ f. depth of the sea, abyss, only is. 44, 27. — Perh. akin to λ j, λ II, Sans. sal (to agitate), $\langle \dot{\alpha} \lambda \eta$, σάλος, θάλασσα (cf. βυσσός = βυθός), L. salum; hence perh. as denom. λ II to sink or plunge in the deep; cf. ποντίζω from πόντος.

ערע (fut. דָּצָרָם) perh. akin to דְעָרָאָ to fast Judg. 20, 26; דְעָרָאָ did ye at all fast for me? Zech. 7, 5, see Gram. § 121, 4. Hence

Dil m. a fast, fasting 2 Sam. 12, 16; pl. niciz Est. 9, 31.

مَاغَ (obs.) i. q. Arab. مَاغَ to form or fashion; hence يعِيدِرا

צוער, see צועד.

דָעָע pr. n. m. (littleness, r. דָעָ) Num. 1, 8.

akin to 247, 1747, to flow, to run over, with 2 Lam. 3, 54. -

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Hiph. (fut. apoc. (12)) to cause to overflow Deut. 11, 4, to cause to float 2 K. 6, 6. Hence

לקע m. 1) honey-comb Prov. 16, 24; pl. בציד Ps. 19, 11. 2) pr. n. m. (perh. honey-comb) of a Levite, an ancestor of Elkanah 1 Sam. 1, 1, 1 Ch. 6,20 where Q'ri has ארקע 3) pr. n. (perh. overflow, r. קער ציק Sam. 9, 5.

רפוע pr. n. m. (prob. cruse, r. נְעָמָד 1 Ch. 7, 35.

דען pr. n. 1 Ch. 6, 11 (prob. i. q. דיק: 2)).

דובים pr. n. a spot near Pisgah Num. 23, 14 (גְמָחַרָם צוֹפָרם 1 Sam. 1, 1, see דָרָמָחַן 1).

דופר pr. n. m. (perh. chirper, r. IV) the Naamathite Job 2, 11.

VIX akin to YX; YR, 1) to glitter, cf. Hiph. 2) to bloom, perf. YX Ez. 7, 10. — Hiph. (fut. YX) 1) to glitter, to sparkle, prop. to emit splendour Ps. 132, 18; hence to glance forth, prop. to make the eyes sparkle, part. YXP Cant. 2, 9. 2) to bloom Ps. 90, 6; fig. Ps. 72, 16.

 I (Qal obs.) akin to P3,

 P1 III, to be narrow or close. — Hiph.

 P3, 1) to straiten, to press upon, w. >

 and aco. Deut. 28, 53; to blockade or invest, a city Is. 29, 7; part. P30

 oppressor Is. 51, 13. 8) to press, to urge, by entreaties or prayers, w. aco. Job 32, 18, w. > Judg. 16, 16.

to pour out Job 28, 2; fig. Is. 26, 16 where PPX is 3 pl. perf. Qal w. the older ending, cf. Gram. § 47, 3, Rem. 4.

P-Y III (Qal obs.) prob. akin to y, py III, to set up, to place; prob. hence py a column.

DIL m. distress or oppression, only Dan. 9, 25; r. Pax I.

TPTY (r. ptx I) f. oppression, distress Is. 8, 22, Prov. 1, 27.

דו, אין pr. n. f. (rock, same as אדי; comp. Bupella, Rochelle) Tyre, Túpos, from the Aram. NTHU, Hay, the celebrated port and emporium of Phoenicia, now called , or, Sur, situated on a peninsula. First mentioned Josh. 19, 29, in Kings and Chron. always in connexion with Hiram its king, and as in alliance with the Jews. Hence gentil. n. "X 2 צר Tyrian 1 K. 7, 14. - See also צר 2 a knife in Ex. 4, 25.

I (fut. דצר, apoc. דצר, cf. Gram. § 72, Rem. 4) akin to 3, to straiten, to press upon; hence 1) to bind up together, into a roll or package, perf. Ty Deut. 14, 25, fut. 2 K. 12, 11, apoc. ויצרי 2 K. 5,23. 2) to press in a hostile sense, to assail, w. acc. Ex. 23, 22, 59 2 K. 16, 5, ל 2 Ch. 28, 20; part. pl. האַרים *their* assailants or persecutors Est. 8, 11; to urge on, to excite, w. acc. and z Judg. 9, 31. 3) of a city, to press by siege, to besiege, w. acc. 1 Ch. 20, 1, אל Deut. 20, 12, אל Deut. 20, 19; also w. על of a pers. in a besieged city 2 Sam. 20, 15, w. 5x 1 Sam. 23, 8; fig. to beset, w. acc. Ps. 139, 5; Is. 29, 3 I will push ברחר עליה קבר Is. 29, 3 I will push forward posts (military) against thee.

🖓 🗹 II (fut. יָצוּר, apoc. יְצוּר) akin to TI, to cut or carve, to form or fashion Ex. 32, 4 (cf. Gram. § 72, Bem. 4) and he formed, also in 1 K. 7, 15; בְּטַרֶם אֲצוּרְהָ before I formed thee Jer. 1, 5 in K'thibh, but קיאר in Q'ri.

مار I, Arab. العام, to turn; hence perh. איא neck and איז hinge.

(pl. צורות, once צורים Job 28, 10) m. 1) a stone, from its compactness (74% I) Is. 8, 14, collect. stones Job 22, 24, cf. Gram. § 108, 1, c. 2) a rock Job 18, 4; from the idea of strength and protection, often used fig. of God Deut. 32, 15 and 81, Is. 30, 29, "TAX my rock Ps. 18, 3, דעור the rock Deut. 32, 4. 8) sharpness (r. TI II), or the edge of a sword Ps. 89, 44. 4) r. "II, form or shape Ps. 49, 15. 5) pr. n. (rock) of a chief of the Midianites Num. 25, 15; son of Jehiel 1 Ch. 8, 30.

Neh. 3, 5, see צַּרָאר Neh. 3, 5, אַרָּאר

(pl. צור r. צור II) f. form or shape, of a house or temple, only Ez. 43, 11.

Job 28, 10 rocks, see אדרות Job 28, 10 rocks, see אדרות

(only pl.) m. neck (see and comp. τὰ τράχηλα, L. cervices), only Cant. 4, 9; on 71the dimin. ending, see Gram. § 86, 2, Rem. 4, and on pl. w. sing. sense see Gram. § 108, 2, a.

pr. n. m. (God is the rock) Num. 3, 35.

pr. n. m. (the Almighty is the rock) Num. 1, 6.

ער אפא Neh. 3, 5, see צוּאר אויא.

(Qal obs.) akin to ry, ry, to set האדיה to set on fire, to kindle, only Is. 27, 4.

(r. אַרוֹית) adj. m., pl. f. אַרוֹית, 1) dazzling white, bright Cant. 5, 10; ny din clear heat i. e. bright sunlight Is. 18, 4; TIX I' a dry or hot wind, perh. the Simoom Jer. 4, 11. 2) clear or plain, only fem. pl. ritris Is. 32, 4 FIX III (obs.) perh. akin to | plain words or things, as adv. plainly.

NUZ, NUY pr. n. m. (dry, s. FUZ) Neh. 7, 46, Ezr. 2, 48.

 $f = \int \int \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{T}}

i 미곳 adj. m. dry or thirsty, only Is. 5, 13.

to be bright, to be of a dazzling white Lam. 4, 7; to be sunny or dry; hence איזיב -- To verbs from the biliteral root רג the idea of brightness and splendour often belongs (comp. דער דער, דער, as also to those from רג, דער, דע, as also to those from רג, דער, דע, see Gram. § 30, 2.

חוב (only c. גְּחִרָּהַ) m. dryness or parchedness, of a rock Ez. 24, 7.

חוקר f. waste or sunburnt land, only Ps. 68, 7; r. הקוע.

עודיוים (only pl. אַזִידִין Q'ri, גַיִּדִין גַיָּרוּשָׁ גַּזִידוּיִרִים K'thibh) adj. m., parched or sunburnt places, only Neh. 4, 7.

(obs.) akin to Aram.

지키고 또 f. bad odour, stench, only Joel 2, 20.

only Is. 58, 11; r. הואָגרוֹע (only plur.) f. droughts,

(fut. pry, before Maqqeph 'pry, Gen. 21, 6) akin to the later priv (Gram. § 2, 4, Rem.), to make a lowd and joyous noise, to laugh. With the exception of Judg. 16, 25 and Ez. 23, 32, found only in Pentateuch, e. g. Gen. 17, 17; w. > to laugh at any one Gen. 21, 6. — Pi. to laugh heartily or repeatedly, hence to sport, to be joyful Ex. 32, 6; to toy. with, to carees Gen. 26, 8. — Mimet. akin to Sans. kakh, xayá(∞, L. cachinnor, G. kichern, E. giggle, W. goglais (to tickle). Hence

21, 6; fig. object of ridicule Ez. 23, 82.

(which see), to be bright or white; hence

Ez. 27, 18.

white ones seem not to be found.

דְעַרָד pr. n. m. (brightness, r. גָרָדָר) Gen. 23, 8; 46, 10.

יא m. 1) dryness (for אין from גרי II), hence a waste land, a desert; hence גרים 2) a ship (for גרים גרים גרים גרים Is. 33, 21; pl. אין ships Num. 24, 24, 24, ביים Dan. 11, 30.

אָרָא pr. n. m. (prob. planter, r. 2 Sam. 9, 2.

T. Y (0. TY, w. suf. TY; T. TX I) m. 1) hunting, the chase Gen. 10, 9. 2) fig. game, venison Prov. 12, 27; also prey Job 38, 41. 3) food in general, esp. provision for a journey Josh. 9, 5.

(only pl. 파고3) m. catchers or hunters, only Jer. 16, 16; r. 파고 I.

food, whether prepared Josh. 1, 11 or otherwise Judg. 7, 8, said of manna Ps. 78, 25; venison Gen. 27, 3 K'thibh; provision for a journey Gen. 42, 25.

דרון אידר pr. n. (fishing or fishery, r. אידר I) the most ancient people Gen. 10, 15 and city in Phenicia, גולטי, Sidon (now Saida) Gen. 49, 13. Called אידון הַבָּה Josh. 11, 8, but

mase. when the people are meant Gen. 10, 15; hence gentil. n. צָּדִידִי Sidonian Judg. 3, 3, pl. צִדִידִים 1 Ch. 22, 4, דִדִיִים 1 K. 11, 33; fem. אַדִידִים, pl. צַדְיָרָים 1 K. 11, 1.

TY pr. n. m. (prob. fisher, r. TX I) Gen. 10, 15.

צירון אידרי.

I

דין I (obs.) akin to דין, to set or fix; hence איג.

וויאָדָד II (obs.) akin to אָדָד ito be hot or sunny, hence to be parched or arid; hence איון אָרוֹן and

וואָדָרָד (r.דיָצָוו) f. dryness or drought Job 24, 19; דיָג kand of drought, i. e. a desolate waste Ps. 63, 2, also without אָרָץ Ps. 78, 17; pl. אָרָץ parched places Ps. 105, 41.

וֹדָיָד (r. דָּיָד II) m. dryness, hence arid ground, a desert Is. 25, 5.

pr. n. (sunny, r. דָּרָן II) Zion, Sept. Liwv, Syr. a.o., the highest and southwesternmost of the hills on which Jerusalem was built. By the poets and prophets very often put for Jerusalem itself Is. 8, 18, also for its inhabitants Is. 1, 27, who are also poetically called עם בִּצְיוֹץ Is. 30, 19, דְנֵר צִיוֹץ Ps. 149, 2, ושָׁבָת צָּיוֹך Is. 12, 6; רושַבָת צָיוֹך Is. 12, 6; even in exile they are styled קרו ציון Zech. 2, 11; בין is also used of the city itself Is. 1, 8, where the mais perh. in genit. of apposition (Gram. § 116, 5) daughter, Zion, oftener still אָרוּצָיו בָרוּצָין 2 K. 19, 21, with the additional idea of inviolateness. But במה בנות מיוך are the females of Jerusalem Is. 8, 16. Once in c. state in ביון קרוש דשראל Zion of the Holy One of Israel i. e. sacred to Him Is. 60, 14.

(pl. דייי: r. דיין I) m. an

upright stone, a pillar, either as a waymark Jer. 31, 21, or on sepulchres 2 K. 23, 17, Ez. 39, 15.

דָּדָא, see דָּרָדָא.

the desert, a) of men, nomads Ps. 72,9; β) of animals, esp. jackals, etc. Is. 13, 21. 2) ships Dan. 11, 30.

D'Y Num. 24, 24, see "X 2.

7¹, see 14.

רכן (r. דְצָק, like רְשָׁל, m. an enclosure, hence a prison, only Jer. 29, 26.

דער pr. n. (smallness, r. געַגָּעָ) of a place in the tribe of Judah Josh. 15, 54.

5 1 Ch. 6, 20 Q'ri, see 572 2.

(۲. ۲۶۵) m. 1) a shining forth or brightness i. e. a burnished plate of gold worn on the forehead of the high-priest Ex. 28, 36-38. 2) a blossom or flowers Is. 40, 6; pl. تعریر for any flowers as architectural ornaments 1 K. 6, 18. 3) fig. (from the rapid motion or glancing of the wings of birds) a wing (cf. 72 2) Jer. 48, 9. 4) pr. n. (perh. blossom) of a pass leading from the Dead Sea to the high-lands of Judah, most prob. that now called the pass of 'Ain Jidy 2 Ch. 20, 16.

ארצים (from איז 3, w. fem. adj. ending אין) f. wing-like, hence 1) a lock of hair, forelock Ez. 8, 3. 2) tassel or fringe, worn by the Israelites on the corners of their garments Num. 15, 38, cf. Mat. 23, 5.

to Judah Josh. 15, 31, then to Simeon Josh. 19, 5, afterwards taken by the Philistines, and by them given to David 1 Sam. 27, 6; after the exile, re-inhabited by Jews Neh. 11, 28.

עפון ער איז איז איז איז איז גער (Qal obs.) prob. i. q. איז גער ו to go in a circle, to revolve, to turn; hence איז hinge. 2) to go; hence איז messenger. — Hith. only fut איז איז (Gram. § 54, 2, a) perh. they betook themselves to the way, they set off Josh. 9, 4, where some taxts better read איז איז איז איז איז (T and T interchanged, as often in Syr., see under letter T); so Sept. לתפטולסערס. Hence

דיב m. 1) the hinge of a door, that on which it turns Prov. 26, 14. 2) pl. אַרָרָם (cf. הַבָּלִים) turnings, writhings, throes of a woman in travail 1 Sam. 4, 19; fig. of terror Dan. 10, 16. 3) a messenger Prov. 13, 17. 4) r. אבר II, form or shape, then esp. an idol or image Is. 45, 16.

(צַלָל see אַלָּד III; w. suf. צָלָי (r. אַלָל) m. shadow, shade Ps. 80, 11. צל נטדי lengthened shadow, i. e. of declining day Ps. 102, 12; רְצָרֵר פַאֲל *my mem*bers are as the shadow, i. e. wasted away Job 17, 7. Used fig. 1) for any thing fleeting and transient. as days Job 8, 9, life Ps. 109, 23. 2) for shelter or protection Num. 14, 9; הְצֵל קוֹרָהִי in the shadow of my roof, i. e. the protection of my house Gen. 19, 8. Used of God Ps. 17, 8, יתצל שָׁדֵי in the shadow of the Almighty Ps. 91, 1, cf. Is. 49, 2; 522 in the shade of ההקרח בצל העסח wisdom, in the shade of money, i. e. in both there is defence Ecc. 7, 12.

Heb. 72, by, to bend, to incline; to

only in — Pa. x¹/₂ i. q. Syr. to pray or implore Dan. 6, 11.

דָרָלָא (fut. דְּגָלָה, inf. דְּאָלָא) prob. akin to אַלָד II, to roast 1 Sam. 2, 15; hence אָלָג.

해야 pr. n. f. (shade) Zillah, a wife of Lamech Gen. 4, 19.

אַלָּדְל אָצָלָדָל Q'ri (r. אָצָלָדע IV) m. something rolling or round, hence a round or cake, only in אַלָּדע a cake of bread Judg. 7, 13; comp. Ex. 29, 23.

[] 것 I, once [] 것 Jer. 12, 1 (fut. יצלח) prob. akin to אַלָּש, Syr. , to scoop or cleave (cf. بخير), to break through; hence 1) to go through a river, to ford, w. acc. 2 Sam. 19, 18. 2) to fall suddenly upon, to invade, w. acc. Am. 5, 6 (see על II), על Judg. 14, 19, 5 1 Sam. 16, 13. 3) to pass or go on well, to succeed, of a business Is. 53, 10; to thrive, of a plant Ez. 17, 9; to prosper, of a person in any matter Ps. 45, 5; w. 5 to pass for, to be good or fit for any thing Jer. 13, 7. - Hiph. דעליה 1) to cause to prosper, to give success to, spoken of God Gen. 24, 21, of a person 2 Ch. 26, 5. 2) to do successfully, to prosper, w. aoc. Ps. 1, 3, esp. w. 77 in acc. as in בַּצְלִיהַ prospering his way, i. e. successful Ps. 37, 7, Deut. 28, 29. 3) intrans. to be successful, of an undertaking Jud. 18, 5, of a person 1 K. 22, 12.

<u>ַּצ</u>ּלְבֵינָת

Chald. (Pe. obs.) i. q. Heb. The first of push on, hence — Aph. The first of push of

יחוקאַע (r. אָדָע I; only pl. הוראָצ, w. – firm) f. prop. what is cut or scooped out, hence dishes or platters 2 Ch. 35, 13. Comp. σχάφη, σχαφίς from σχάπτω.

גלודר f. a dish, only 2 K. 2, 20; r. געד I.

רוביב f. a dish Prov. 19, 24; r.

עלי (c. צְלָה; r. עָלָה) m. roast, roasted flesh Ex. 12, 8, Is. 44, 16.

אַליל Judg. 7, 13, see אַליל

I (3 pl. perf. المجلّخ, fut. 3 pl. f. المجلّخ, jer. 19, 3, cf. Gram. 5 67, 5, Rem.) prob. mimet. akin to 5 (1, 5, Rem.) prob. mimet. aki

עדיל II perh. akin to גיל II perh. akin to גיל (which see), to sink or plunge in the deep, only Ex. 15, 10.

דעליל IV (obs.) prob. akin to און IV (obs.) געליל געליל IV (obs.) אַלָּל

ì

לָלַל (i. q. יַצָּלָ w. suf. יַצָּלָן, pl. אַלָּלִים (i. q. יַצָלָ w. suf. יַצָלָן, pl. אַלָּלִים (אַלָי גַיָר אַיָרָ גַיָר אַלָן, r. גַילָלָים) shadow Cant. 2, 17; יַדָר גָרָב shades of evening Jer. 6, 4.

יעָלְפּרָ pr. n. m. (perh. shelter of the presence i. e. God's, from אָלָ and אָבָר) with the art. 1 Ch. 4, 3.

رobs.) akin to پنج III, پنج (obs.) akin to پنج III, to be dark or shaded; hence

שלאַיָּד (w. suf. יבּאָבָ pl. שַּאָלָעָ, c. יבּאָבָים m. 1) a shade or shadow; fig. vain show Ps. 39, 7; an illusion Ps. 73, 20. 2) image or likeness (cf. σxίασμα, σxιαγραφέω) Gen. 1, 26; pl. images of things 1 Sam. 6, 5, of men Ez. 16, 17; esp. idols Num. 33, 52.

בֹּלָעָא, בְּאָלָ Chald. (def. אָלָבָא) m. an image, an idol Dan. 2, 31.

עלבון pr. n. m. (shady, r. שַׁלָבון w. adj. ending ז'-) Salmon, 1) a dark, thickly-wooded mountain near Shechem, a kind of "Black Forest" Judg. 9, 48; hence the figure in Ps. 68, 15. 2) one of David's captains 2 Sam. 23, 28, called עילי in 1 Ch. 11, 29.

דְלָכוֹתָה yr.n. f. (shady) a station of the Israelites in the desert Num. 33, 41.

לכבור (perh. for אַכָּבַיר from r. גָבְרָאָ like אַבָּרָאָ, רְשָרָאָ) only poetic, thick darkness Job 3, 5, of a prison Ps. 107, 10, esp. of אָמָשָׁ Job 10, 21; fig. of calamity Ps. 44, 20, of distress Job 16, 16, Jer. 2, 6. ---- This word may perh. be compounded of אַ and רָשָׁ (cf. רְשָׁרָשָׁ) and so mean shadow of death or death-shade, esp. in Ps. 28, 4 where it is in Sept. σχιά θανάτου, in Targum אָדָעָא רְמוֹתָא in Syr.

אָלָאָלָע pr. n. (prob. for אָסָגָע shelter denied) a prince of the Midianites Judg. 8, 5.

ر (part. يَكْتُع) akin to مَعْرَبُر بَعْرُ (part. يَكْتُع) akin to مَعْرُبُر one side; hence to limp or halt (comp. Chald. يَكْتُع to halt) Gen. 82, 32; part. 1. التَعْرَبُ يَعْرُبُونَ يَعْرُبُونَا لَعَانَ اللَّهُ

עַלַע (c. צַלַע Ex. 26, 26, once צַלַע 🗴 2 Sam. 16, 13, w. suf. "353 Jer. 20, 10, pl. אַלַעוֹת, c. צַלָעוֹת Ex. 25, 12, fem. (but m. צלעים in 1 K. 6, 84) 1) a rib, prob. as being bent Gen. 2, 21; pl. f. דַלְעוֹה ribs i. e. beams or joists of a building 1 K. 6, 15 (cf. our ribs of a ship). 2) the side, of a man e. g. שמרד גלפר keepers of my side i. e. my bosom friends and companions Jer. 22, 10; of a mountain 2 Sam. 16, 13, of the tabernacle Ex. 26, 26, of an altar Ex. 27, 7, of the ark Ex. 25, 12; pl. m. sides or leaves of a double בלעים door 1 K. 6, 34. 3) a side-chamber of the temple Ez. 41, 6, collect. a side-story or gallery of these chambers (comp. בָּית צַלְעוֹח 2) 1 K. 6, 8, הַצָּוֹע Ez. 41, 9 is the space for these chambers between the temple walls. 4) pr. n. (prob. slope) a city in Benjamin 2 Sam. 21, 14.

שלא m. a halting, hence a fall or overthrow Ps. 35, 15; r. אלג

 $\nabla \sum_{i=1}^{2}$ (obs.) i. q. Byr. $\sum_{i=1}^{2}$, to gash or cut, to split; hence

되었고 pr. n. m. (prob. gash or wound) Neh. 3, 30.

אָלָפְדָוֹד pr. n. m. (perh. sharp wound, from א מוֹד and גַּלָם Num. 26, 33.

from y and my a place on the border of Benjamin 1 Sam. 10, 2.

이야지 (obs.) prob. akin to 다그 I, to cleave; hence

phy pr. n. m. (prob. a cleaver), one of David's captains 2 Sam. 23, 36.

٣٠٠٠ pr. n. m. (prob. shady, from البغ = المجير, w. adj. ending منه) 1 Ch. 8, 20; 12, 20.

דפרס see צם

NALY (fut. אמָדָי; perf. אָמָדָ Judg. 4, 19 w. N omitted, see Gram. § 74, Rem. 4, רוטיג Buth 2, 9, Gram. § 75, Rem. 21, c) perh. akin to דער, to thirst Ex. 17, 3; fig. דעראל אמָג to thirst for God Ps. 42, 3; comp. διψῶντες in Mat. 5, 6. Hence

NOY m. thirst Ex. 17, 3, Ps. 69, 22.

איבע adj. m., דאָסַדָּ f., thirsty 2 Sam. 17, 29; as subst. a thirsty land, a desert Is. 44, 8; fem. Deut. 29, 18 און און און און און און to destroy the full with the thirsty i. e. one and all, or every soul.

해야고 f. thirst, of sexual desire, only Jer. 2, 25; r. 8일3.

אָשָׁאָ m. thirsty land, arid desert Is. 35, 7; r. אַסָאָ.

(cf. the second
לאָקדים (with suf. אָסָדָי, pl. אָסָדָי, c. אָסָדָים m. 1) a pair, a yoke, of oxen 1 Sam. 11, 7, of asses Judg. 19, 10; collect. pairs Is. 21, 7. 2) a yoke, as a measure of land, i. e. as much land as a yoke of oxen could plough in a day (cf. L. jugerum) 1 Sam. 14, 14, Is. 5, 10.

veil Cant. 4, 1.

דְאַרָּקִים (only pl. אַבּרָקים) or אָשָאָין ד. דָאָקים m. dried grapes pressed into cakes, raisin-cakes 1 Sam. 25, 18; hence Ital. simmuki.

(part. צֹמַת fut. רְאָמָה) perh. akin to Toby (which see), to sprout, to spring up or flourish, of plants Gen. 2, 5, of hair Lev. 18, 37; fig. of persons Job 8, 19, of a people Is. 44, 4; of events, to turn out Is. 48, 19. - Pi. max to spring forth or grow, of hair Ez. 16, 7, of beard 2 Sam. 10, 5. --- Hiph. דְּצָמִיהַ (fut. דָצָמָרָד) to cause to sprout Gen. 2, 9, Is. 61, 11, w. double acc. Ps. 147, 8; to bring forth Deut. 29, 22; fig. to cause the horn to grow הצביה קרך i. e. to increase power Ps. 132, 17; אַצְמִיהַ I will give offspring Jer. to cause righteous- הְצָמִיהֵ צְרָקָה to cause righteousness to spring forth, i. e. to become visible or conspicuous Is. 45, 8. Hence

דעבע m. a sprout, collect. w. ארש Gen. 19, 25, אריע Is. 61, 11, אַרָּמוֹ אָרָא אָרָא אָרָא אָרָא אָרָא אָרָא beds of sprouts Ez. 17, 10; fig. אַרָא אַרָא אַרָא sprout of רְדָ, perh. the Messiah Is. 4, 2, who is doubtless meant by אָרָא אָרָאָ אָרָאָ גָרָא ז'א Zech. 6, 12, ellipt. דוטָע Zech. 3, 8.

לְעָבָיד (pl. אָבָידים; r. דְאָבָיד) m. 1) a bracelet Num. 31, 50, w. כַל יְדָים Gen. 24, 22. 2) a lid or cover of a vessel, closing or fastening it Num. 19, 15.

יייַגָּרָים (r. בַּעָרָם) ווּאָר אָדָים from r. דָעָרָס) m. a snare or noose Job 18, 9; מוּ מוּאָר בַּעָרָם קרָלָם and the snare gapeth for their substance, i. e. intriguers or plotters seek to rob them Job 5, 5.

געריק (ר. האָשָ f. extinction, destruction; hence בְּבְּמִרְח until extinction, i. e. so long as a thing endures, for ever, only Lev. 25, 23, 30.

סאָר (obs.) akin to דַשָּוָ and prob. Chald. דַשָּיָ, 1) to braid, to bind; hence אַשָּיי. 2) to veil, to cover; hence אָשָּיָ.

PAY to become dry, of the breasts, only Hos. 9, 14; hence Park.

to cut off, or to Arab. فعر (conjug. IV) to cover; hence

(in pause אָקָד, w. suf. אָרָאָר m. wool, perh. so called as being clipped Lev. 13, 48; גַיַן בָּיָר *i wool* Judg. 6, 87; fig. for woollen garments Ez. 34, 3; akin to Aram. געלין גערָא.

ראבי דר. n. (perh. fleecy) of a Canaanitish people, apparently the inhabitants of *Simyra* (prob. now *Sumra*), near the river Eleutherus Gen. 10, 18.

ef. تحترب pr. n. (perh. two fleeces, ef. تحترب) a city in Benjamin Josh. 18, 22, prob. preserving in its name a trace of the Canaanitish Zemarites.

עַרָּקָרָיָז (w. suf. אָאָרָאָדָ: r. אָאָרָרָז) f. folinge or boughs of trees Ez. 17, 3, 31, 3; prop. fleece or locks of trees, cf. λάχνη, L. coma arborum.

אָשָׁמָי prob. akin to אָשָׁמָי, to make waste, to destroy Lam. 3, 53. — Niph. (1 perf. אָמָמָק:) to be extinct, as torrents Job 6, 17; to be cut off, of a person Job 23, 17. — Pi. to ruin Ps. 119, 139. — Hiph. אָמָרָארָי destroy Ps. 54, 7. — Pi'lêl (Gram. § 55, 2) אָמָרָארָי S5, 2) אַמָרָארָי אָרָמָרָארָי utterly destroy me.

ראיז צ Buth 2, 9 for איז 2 sing. f. perf. Qal of איז; see Gram. § 75, Rem. 21, c.

דמיתה see צמתח

יבת Ps. 88, 17, see אַמָרוּרָי

אַמֵאחִד Judg. 4, 19 for אָמָאָר, r. גַיָאָזָי, see Gram. § 74, Rem. 4.

אל העוד (only pl. אל אל אל אל אל) m. thorns Prov. 22, 5; אל מאלי even out from the thorns, i. e. the thorn-hedges Job 5, 5; r. אָי דו.

http://pr.n.(perh.thorn)a desert south of Palestine, west of Idumea Num. 13, 21. With المدر المربع Josh. 15, 3.

ATT (obs.) akin to بعتر, بعتر I, to enclose or cover; hence

المَثْرَة or المَثْنَة (w. suf. الأَثْرَية) m. flock, of small cattle, sheep Num. 32, 24, Ps. 8, 8.

דער Ps. 8, 8, same as איצ which see. דער (pl. רואני) f. 1) r. אין II, thorn, then a hook for fishing Am. 4, 2. 2) r. אין I, a shield, covering the whole body Ps. 35, 2; fig. Pa. 5, 13. 8) r. 25 III, cold Prov. 25, 13.

راب (۲. ۲۹۲; pl. المالية) m. what contains or holds, hence an aqueduct 2 Sam. 5, 8; a canal or conduit, hence poet. a waterfall or cataract Ps. 42, 8.

I (fut. 727) akin to 327, to let oneself down, to alight Josh. 15, 18, Judg. 1, 14; once of a stake, to sink or penetrate Judg. 4, 21; the word occurs only in these places.

עִרָרָיָם (only pl. עִרָּרָיָם) m. thorms or prickles Num. 83, 55, Josh. 23, 18; r. אָעָ II.

المعنى (r. جَعَنَى) m. something scound round the head, turban of common men Job 29, 14, tiara of a high priest Zech. 3, 5, of kings Is. 62, 3 in Q'ri.

קרָפָה; r. דָּגָרְפּוּה; f. אָרָפָה; f. head-dresses, of women, only Is. 3, 23.

(cf. Syr. i. q. Chald. تربع to be hard (cf. Syr. joid, a stone), only in part. pass. بندي withered, dry, of ears of corn Gen. 41, 23.

עביל I (obs.) perh. akin איז III, to cover, to overshadow, prob. hence דיז 2.

קבין, to be II (obs.) akin to אָבָן to be sharp or pointed; hence אַנָין, דעָד, 1, דעָד,

الله (obs.) to be cold, parh. akin to علي II to be sharp or piercing; hence المعني 3.

עָלָ Josh. 15, 37, see אַמָר Josh. 15, 37, see

727

קון (fat. דְּצָלָק) prob. akin to קון, קון, קון, קון, קון, קון, קון, גענא מיש אין אין, קון, קון, as a turban or tiara Lev. 16, 4; to roll together Is. 22, 18; hence

אַנָפָר, f. a ball, only Is. 22, 18, where others perh. better understand a rolling.

 العلي
 (obs.) prob. skin to بعنها العلي

 and piri (which see), to compress, to shut in; hence العلي

(obs.) prob. to hold or contain (so Dietrich); hence vity.

(whence روایت (whence روایت), to hold or cover, i. q. Arab. مندرق in مند a holder, a chest or case; hence

לקריד (only pl. c. אַנְקּרוּז (only pl. c. אָנָקּרוּז) f. holders, tubes or pipes, through which the oil passes from the vessel (אָנָד) into the lamps, only Zech. 4, 12. Prob. from r. אָנָק w. format. ending ---, as in אָנָק see letter , p. 576.

(fut. TST) prob. akin to TST II, TST, Arab. Sec, to step or stride, to mount or scale, hence 1) to go up, to ascend Gen. 49, 22 where TST for TST (see Gram. § 146, 3). 2) to step in a stately manner, to march in solemn procession Jer. 10, 5, hence of God Ps. 68, 8; of the gait of an amorous youth, to trip or saunter, w. acc. Prov. 7, 8; to march through a land, w. acc. Hab. 3, 12. — Hiph. to cause to step down, to drive down Job 18, 14. Hence עַרָדָ (w. suf. אָעָדָד pl. דָעָדָ, c. גַעָּדָד (w. suf. גַעָדָי) אָעָרָד (c. גַעָדָי) m. a step or pace 2 Sam. 6, 13. גערד (c. דָעָדָד) f. 1) a going or marching, of God 2 Sam. 5, 24. 2) pl. אַעָרָד step-chains, short chains worn by oriental females, attached to the anklet (גער) of each foot, to compel them to take short, mincing steps (גַעָדָ), only Is. 3, 20; cf. דָעָבָאָ.

A skin to 35, 1) to lean or incline, of a vessel tipped over for pouring Jer. 48, 12. 2) to be bent, bowed down, of a captive in bonds Is. 51, 14. 3) to lie down, for harlotry Jer. 2, 20. 4) prob. to bend or toss back the head, hence to be proud or defiant Is. 63, 1, where the Syr. aptly has ______. — Pi. to cant or incline, a vessel for emptying it Jer. 48, 12.

געור K'thibh of Jer. 14, 3 for געיר, which see.

ריאין (r. הַצָּאַ) m. a veil Gen. 24, 65.

ליָעָרָד adj. m., אַעָּרָד f. 1) small Jer. 48, 4 Q'ri, a) in age, younger Gen. 19, 31, w. אָ and לְיָמָד Job 30, 1; β) in number, few Is. 60, 22; γ) in estimation and value, little or least Jer. 14, 3, contemned or despised Ps. 119, 141; worthless, of flocks Jer. 49, 20. 2) pr. n. of a place named only in 2 K. 8, 21; r. אָדָ

ידעריד, (r. אַדעריד) f. youngness, minority in age, youth Gen. 48, 33; smallness, Dan. 8, 9 אַדעריד, from littleness, i. e. prob. from small beginnings.

التي akin to التي II, to load beasts of burden, to pack up, hence to migrate, as the nomads, only Is. 33, 20.

72 pr. n. Zoan, the metropolis

of lower Egypt, on the east bank of the Tanitic arm of the Nile Is. 19, 11, Ps. 78, 12, 43; in Sept. Távıç, Vulg. Tanis, Copt. XAN1, XAANS said to mean 'low region'; now called Sân. --- Perh. akin to r. 125, hence a packing place or emporium.

wanderings, r. יעַנָּרָּים) a city of the Kenites in Naphtali Josh. 19, 83; but אַנָרָט in K'thibh of Judg. 4, 11.

קטַק (obs.) perh. akin to אָעָק, to cover or veil; hence אייז.

(only pl.) m. prob. carvings, hence sculptured work, only 2 Ch. 3, 10; r. ביע.

P \checkmark (fut. **P** \checkmark) same as **P** \checkmark (see Gram. § 2, 4, Rem.), to call or cry out, from pain Gen. 27, 34, for help Ps. 34, 18; to cry out to, w. be of pers. e. g. God Ex. 8, 8, idols Is. 46, 7, a king Gen. 41, 55; w. \flat 2 Ch. 13, 14; w. acc. of thing complained of Job 19, 7. — Niph. to be called, to come together Judg. 7, 23. 24. — Pi. P \checkmark to cry out aloud 2 K. 2, 12. — Hiph. to call together, to convoke 1 Sam. 10, 17. Hence

الكَبَرِ (c. ٢٢٢٢) f. a cry, from pain Gen. 27, 34, for help Ps. 34, 18; w. gen. of subject Ps. 9, 13, of object Gen. 18, 21; التَجَيَّة Gen. 19, 13 their cryi.e. the cry of their sins calling for punishment, or the cry against them.

עַרָּאָרָי) akin to אָרָדָי, אָרָר (fut. גָּרָדָי) akin to אָרָר, Syr. גָּרָי, to compress, hence to be pressed together or straitened; fig. to be little or small Jer. 30, 19; to be low or poor Zech. 13, 7; to be despised Job 14, 21.

אַער, אַצע pr.n. (smallness, comp. Gen. 19, 20) Zoar, Sept. Σηγώρ, a city near the Dead Sea, where Lot took refuge Gen. 13, 10. Its first name Bela ">= (Gen. 14, 2) was changed as stated in Gen. 19, 22. It belonged afterwards to Moab Is. 15, 5.

DY skin to TOX, to adhere or cling, only Lam. 4, 8.

בָּרָז I (fut. דְּשָׁרָ, apoc. בְּצָה, part. f. mys, perh. akin to pro, to look about, to view from a distance, hence maxo; part. mpis watchenan 1 Sam. 14, 16, scout 2 Sam. 13, 34; fig. of prophets, also called seers Is. 52, 8. Hence esp. to look out for any thing, to await, reis xerrois Ephraim expecteth i. e. help Hos. 9, 8; to watch or observe closely, w. acc. Prov. 15, 8, Ps. 66, 7, 7 2 Gen. 31, 49; to lie in wait, w. > Ps. 37, 32; to look one out for. i.e.to select (cf. ראה אלי בורב אלי בורב אלי בורא אלי בורא אלי בורב אלי בורב אלי בורב אלי בורב אלי בורב אלי בור he is selected for the sword (103 for אַמַדָּא, see Gram. §75, Rem. 5) Job 15, 22. - Pi. to look out sharply, to watch closely Hab. 2, 1; part. 1939 a watchman Is. 21, 6, fig. of a prophet Mic. 7, 4; w. by of obj. for which one looks or expects Lam. 4, 17, w. 3 Mic. 7, 7, absol. Ps. 5. 4. ---- Perh. akin to σχοπός L. specto, G. spähen, E. spy, W. ysbio.

to spread, to be broad. — Pi. to spread over, to overlay with wood 1 K. 6, 15, with stones 2 Ch. 3, 6, with gold Ex. 25, 11. — Pu. to be overlaid, part. pl. to spread.

רַבְּיָל (r. בּוּק: f. inundation, only Ez. 32, 6.

שער pr. n. m. (watch-tower, r. דָּבָּדָ I) Gen. 36, 11, also בָּבָי 1 Ch. 1, 36.

38, 17.

기회꼬 (r. 1954; c. 기회부, w. ㅋ loc. דקוֹנָדָן) com. gend. (fem. Is. 43, 6, Cant. 4, 16) prop. the hidden or dark (cf. ζόφος); hence the north, as opposed to the south (the bright or sunny region, see דָּמוֹן) Ex. 26, 20; אַרֶץ אָרֵץ land of the north, i. e. Assyria Jer. 3, 18 or Babylonia Jer. 6, 22, the armies of these nations invading Palestine always from the north; > , (see Gram. § 116, 1) on the north of Josh 8, 11, without 5 Josh. 11, 2; w. n- loc. n:ip; northward Gen. 18, 14, Jer. 1, 15; also w. prep. ->x northward; ming on the north Josh. 15, 10; in the northward of Judg. 21, 19; בְּשָׁנֶר גָמָוֹזֶה from toward the north Jer. 1, 13. Poet. for the north wind Cant. 4, 16, and for the northern heavens, nearly equivalent to the heavens generally as that was the part of the firmament seen in Palestine Job 26, 7. 2) pr. n. (north) of a city in the tribe of Gad Josh. 13, 27, with 7 loc. Judg. 12, 1.

194 Num. 26, 15, see 7 94.

الله (r. ۲۹۵) m. 1) adj. m. northern, coming from the north, of locusts Joel 2, 20. 2) patron. n. Zephonite Num. 26, 15.

JEZ Ez. 4, 15 K'thibh for JEZ.

לופע (pl. אפרים) com. gend. (m. Ps. 102, 8; f. Lev. 14, 4, Is. 31, 5) i. q. Syr. (جُوْرَ, 1) a small bird or sparrow, prop. chirper, akin to L. passer (seer. אפער). The word is generic, applied to all the varieties of small passerine birds, of which 144 species are said to be found in Palestine Ps. 11, 1; רופע לקיל בפון little bird i. e. at early dawn, at the first sound Ecc. 12, 4; collect. Gen. 15, 10. 2) pr. n. (chirper) the father of Balak king of Moab Num. 22, 2.

to spread out, to be broad; hence

The pr. n. m., see mpiz.

지민의 f. a cruse, a jug, for water 1 Sam. 26, 11, for oil 1 K. 17, 12; r. 미및.

"Py, see iby.

וֹשָּרָ (r. דָּבָד I) f. a watch-tower (i. q. בְּצַפּיְתוּל), only Lam. 4, 17 בְצַפּיָתוּל in our watch-tower, or perh. in our looking out i. e. our hope.

רדי (r. האַצָּ) f. a flat or broad cake Ex. 16, 31; cf. האמל, האמצטניג.

TELEVIER Ps. 17, 14 K'thibh for TELEVIER

ישריבי (only plural c. אראיבי, r. אראיבי II) m. excrements or droppings of beasts, only Ez. 4, 15 in Q'ri, but ארצי in K'thibh.

אַפּר (c. אָפּר דָשָׁר II) m. a hegoat, prob. hairy one, named from its shaggy covering (like קליר) Dan. 8, 21; fully העזר העזים Dan. 8, 5.

קפרדין Chald. (pl. אָפּרדין) m. hegoat (i. q. Heb. גָּפּרין) Ezr. 6, 17.

סר לו אַפּרָד (r. אָשָ I) f. 1) a crown or diadem Is. 28, 5. 2) a circle or cycle, the vicissitude or turn of human things, e. g. Ez. 7, 7 the circle comes round to thee i. e. thy turn is come.

קפן (fut. יָצָפֹּך) akin to סָפָן, וָקָרָק, 1) to hide, to conceal Ex. 2, 2, esp. for protecting Josh. 2, 4, גמונידה thy hidden or protected ones Ps. 83, 4; part. pass. JUL hidden or secret place, i. e. sanctuary Ez. 7, 22; intrans. to hide, to lurk or lie in wait, w. > Prov. 1, 11, absol. Ps. 56, 7 Q'ri. 2) to lay up, to treasure or hoard Hos. 13, 12; w. 5 to lay up for any one Ps. 31, 20; part. pass. pass. hoards, treasures Job 20, 26. Fig. בַּלָב to lay wp in the heart Ps. 119, 11, also The reg with Prov. 2, 1. 3) to restrain or check Prov. 27, 16; w. 7 to keep back from, to deny to any one Job 17, 4, לְבָם צָקַנָת מְשָׁבֶל their heart hast thou kept back from intelligence. - Niph. to be hidden from any one, i. e. to be unknown to him, w. 79 Job 24, 1; to be laid up for any one, i. e. destined or appointed for him, w. 5 Job 15, 20. — Hiph. to hide Ex. 2, 3; to hide oneself, to lie in ambush Ps. 56, 7 K'thibh. Hence

Sept. Zopoviac, Zephaniah, 1) the prophet Zeph. 1, 1. 2) an ancestor of Samuel 1 Ch. 6, 21. 3) also priests Jer. 21, 1, Zech. 6, 10.

 <u>אַפּ</u>אָפָה

viour of the world); or according to Brugsch, *p-so-nto-p-ench* (prince of the life of the world). The title is Egyptian but modified so as partly to resemble Hebrew, and hence the Jews were led to fancy the whole title meant 'revealer of secrets', rugs perh. suggesting 'a secret' (r. 1933) and 1939 'a revealer' (as if perh. akin to Pp, qa(vou to show), see Gesenii Thesaurus Ling. Heb. p. 1182.

אנא I (obs.) mimet. akin to קבָּג, אַפָּג (which see), Syr. אָן, to hiss as a serpent, hence אָבָא, אָזָרָאָ, perh. also dom(c, L. aspis, E. asp.

אסייע II (obs.) to shoot forth, as branches, hence איייגי; to discharge, as excrement, hence אייגייגי.

דאָריָד, Is. 22, 24, see אָרָדָעוֹת Is. 22, 24, see

יושבא viper i. q. השבח, see אבע יושבין

기루꼬투꼬 (r. FRI) f. a water-side plant, a willow, only Ez. 17, 5. Among the Arabs of Palestine safsaf



DY I (fat. rist) to wind, to wend about Judg. 7, 3; hence appr.

DY II (obs.) prob akin to TI I, to cover, hence to be haivy or shagg; prob. hence "I'I'.

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EX III (obs.) mimet. akin to "DO, to scratch; hence juy.

DY IV (obs.) mimet. akin to The (which see), to twitter or chirp, as small birds, hence אפויד; prob. also to sing or croak, as frogs, hence 27 194 --- Cf. τρίζω, L. stridor, G. zirpen, E. chirp.

ראַשָּׁר Chald. (only pl. דְשָׁר, c. """, def. """") fem. in Dan. 4, 18 and in Q'ri of v. 9, i. q. Heb. Tint, a bird Dan. 4, 11.

א m. in pl., but as sing. only collect. fem. a frog Ex. 8, 2; pl. בער העים Ex. 7, 27-29. The only water frog of Egypt and Palestine is the edible frog. ---- Prob. from r. Tox IV to croak and إتج marsh i. q. Arab. دَدَاع , hence a marsh-croaker, cf. Ewald's Lehrb. d. Heb. Sprache, § 106, c.

TEX pr. n. f. (a little bird, r. ער IV) Zipporak, the wife of Moses Ex. 2, 21.

אפור אפרים, אפרים

(pl. w. suf. צַפָּרְנֵיהָ; r. בָּצָווו) אַפָּרָוי m. 1) the nail of the finger Deut. 21, 12, i. q. Chald. ימשר. 2) the point of the stylus which was tipped with diamond Jer. 17, 1. ---- Of. G. sporn, E. spur.

DY (obs.) prob. akin to بَتِرَبّ, rpp, to bind on, fig. to adorn; hence

NEX f. the capital of a column, only 2 Ch. 3, 15; i. q. Syr. La.

NEX pr. n. (prob. watch-tower, r. TEX I) Zephath, a Canaanitish city, afterwards called Hormah Judg. 1, 17. Its very extensive ruins, retaining the ancient name, in the form of Sebáta, have been very lately discovered. Hence

FILEX pr. (perh. Zephath-ward, w. n--- loc.) the name of a valley belonging to Mareshah 2 Ch. 14, 9.

ביץ see צרץ 2.

P¥ 2 K. 4, 41, imper. Qal of r. Pr I.

까PY Is. 26, 16, see Par II.

obs.) prob. akin to پېچۈ, by, to wind round, to bind or tie wp; hence אקלון and probably

אַקלַג see אַקלַג.

m. a sack or bag, prop. a bundle (r. 523), only 2 K. 4, 42.

DPY Job 38, 38 infin. Qal of r. דַצָּק I.

יאר (r. בר) but אין w. distinct. accent or w. art. as דַשָּׁר (w. suf. ברי); pl. צרה, c. צרה). A) adj. m., דרה f. strait or narrow, close or compressed Num. 22, 26, Is. 59, 19, "I a close seal (in adv. acc.) Job 41,7; the fem. in Prov. 23, 27 באר צרים a narrow pit or well; but the fem. is hardly used except as subst., see noun on next page. B) subst. 1) an adversary or enemy Gen. 14, 20, Num. 10, 9, 2 Sam. 24, 13; elsewhere mostly poet. Job 16, 9, also in later prose Est. 7, 4. 2) straitness or narrowness of place 1 Sam. 2, 82; fig. a strait, distress or affliction Job 15, 24, bread of affliction Is. 30, 20; לחם צר time of distress Job 38, 28; ער צר w. prep. "In the distress Is. 26, 16,

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The in my distributes 16,7. 5) i. q. **WE a stone**, prob. from its compactness Is. 5, 28.

J pr. n. (prob. rock, cf. ¹³) a place in Naphtali Josh. 19, 35.

If (r. [¬]¬γ) m. 1) a rock – [¬]¬π Ha.3, 9. 2)r. [¬]π II, a knife Ex. 4, 25, where it may however be a finit or sharp stone (see No 1 above), as in Sept. ψήφος, Syr. ¹β[¬], Vulg. acutissima petra, comp. Josh. 5, 2. 3) i. q. ¬π (which see), Tyre Ex. 4, 25, Josh. 19, 29.

בר adj. m., גְרֶבֶה £. burning, only Prov. 16, 27.

الإرتي (for نيري) f. a burn, i. e. a scar caused by a burn Lev. 13, 28, or by an ulcer or inflammation v. 23.

رمان (obs.) prob. akin to Arab.

(obs.) prob. akin to Arab. فَرَوْرٍ to flow or coze, as from a wound; hence

עריקיד, for אָרָה, fem. of דָיָרָ, of דָיָדָ, w. suf. דְּיָרָאָ, pl. דְיָדָר, w. saf. דָיָרָאָ, w. --- firm) f. 1) a female adverency, esp. a rival, as another wife 1 Sam. 1, 6. 2) a strait, distress or affliction Gen. 42, 21, plur. דִידָּקָרָאָרָאָ 5, 19; w. דִי-- parag. (cf. Gram. § 80, Rem. 2, f) in Ps. 120, 1 יידָקָרָאָרָאָרָאָ the distress to me i. e. my distress. The sister of Bavid 1 Ch. 2, 16, and mother of Joab, Abishai and Asabel 2 Sam. 2, 18.

mother of Jeroboam 1 K. 11, 26.

דויד, איי ייזג.

I (obs.) perh. akin to אַרַדָּ to be clear or bright, to be conspicuone; hence דָרָיעָ

II prob. mimet. akin to TY (which see), to cry aloud Zeph. 1, 14. — Hiph. TY to shout, as for battle, to raise the war-cry Is. 42, 13.

די Tyrian 1 K. 7, 14, gentil. n. from 'ג'; see ג'י.

(in pause "is, w. 1 copul. Gen. 37, 25; r. "is) bainom (Sept. bytlvy, Vulg. resina) of Gilead; opobalsamum, the produce of the Balsamodendron Gileadanse, traced by tradition and science to Arabia; also regarded as one of the most precious productions of Palestine Gen. 43, 11. The tree producing it was borne in triumph through the streets of Bome, by Pompey and by Vespasian.

تيا Gen. 37, 25 for يا which see. جوت 1 Ch. 25, 3 gentil. n. for بلات. see يد ع.

(r. 173 I) m. a tower Judg. 9, 46. 49; perh. a watch-tower 1 Sam. 13, 6, where the sense is obscure and many understand holes or pits, as if from an obs. r. 173 to cleave or dig.

(of. pay I = pay), to long for, to be needy; hence

יר אבר m. need, only 2 Ch. 2, 15; i. q. Syr. ביס, Chald. איז איז.

ארער לאריער *i. a stinging* thing, hence *a wasp* or *hornet* Ex. 23, 28, Deut. 7, 20, Josh. 24, 12, always collectively with the art. ארער Four species of hornets, larger than ours, have been found in Palestine.

אָרְעָר, see אָרָעָר,

ערַער (w. suf. אָרַשָּרַזָ w. -- firm; r. דָרָאָ f. leprosy, of persons, the white leprosy, בַּשָּׁב like the snow Ex. 4, 6; also of houses (prob. a nitrous scab or crust) and of garments (prob. mouldiness) Lev. 13, 47-59; 14, 84-57.

צָרְצֶת, see צְרְצָתִי.

تَبْتَكَ pr. n. m. (goldsmith) Weh. 3, 31 w. the article.

Zarephath, Sept. Zaservić (cf. Luke 4, 26) of a Phenician town on the coast between Tyre and Sidon 1 H. 17, 9, 10; w. 17- loc. 19, 13, cf. Obad. 20 with 79; now Surafend,

אָרָה (8 perf. דָּר or אָרָ, f. אֶרָה, f. אֶרָה, אָרָרוּ spl. אָרָד; fut. אָרָדי) akin to אויד I, to press together, to compress, hence 1) to bind up or together, with **p** in Ex. 12, 34; fig. 1 Sam. 25, 29 the life of my lord shall be bound up in the bundle of life with God, i. e. will be under God's safe care — a figure esp. apt from a careful woman. Comp. Hos. 13, 12 the guilt of Ephraim is bound up together, i. e. in a bundle, carefully reserved for punishment; to wrap up, Hos. 4, 19 the wind hath wrapped her up in its wings, i. e. seized her to carry her away; to shut up, to confine 2 Sam. 20, 3. 2) to press upon, to distress or persecute, w. aco. Num. 83, 55, w. Num. 25, 17, 18; part. "I's an adversary Ps. 6, 8; also to vex or annoy, of two wives Lev. 18, 18, 1 Sam. 1, 6; intrans. and impers. to be pressed, straitened or distressed, e.g. Is, 49, 20 the place לי is strait for me i. e. too narrow; but גר לי mostly means it is strait to me i. e. I am in a strait Ps. 31, 10, or I am in anguish 1 Sam. 28, 15; w. על, I grieve for 2 Sam. 1, 26. — Pu. part. מצֹרָד bound up Josh. 9, 4. ---Hiph. הצרחר (1 perf. הצרחר, inf. הצר, fut. "2 1 K. 8, 37, pl. "2 Neh. 9, 27) to press upon, to straiten, w. Jer. 10, 18; to besize Deut. 28, 52; to distress or harass Neh. 9, 27; TOD in the time of distressing him 2 Ch. 28, 22; part. f. muse muse

THE is sty distrone Pa. 16,7. 5) i. q. **The stone**, prob. from its compactness Is. 5, 28.

J pr. n. (prob. rock, of. "is) a place in Naphtali Josh. 19, 35.

11 (r. 172) m. 1) a rock - 132 **Ra.3**, 9. 2)r. 723 II, a knife Ex. 4, 25, where it may however be a flint or sharp stone (see No 1 above), as in Sept. $\psi \eta \varphi \varphi \varsigma$, Syr. $\mu \gamma \gamma \gamma$, Vulg. acutissima petra, comp. Josh. 5, 2. 3) i. q. 112 (which see), Tyre Ex. 4, 25, Josh. 19, 29.

קדָרָ (Qal obs.) akin to קדָר, קדָעָ (Qal obs.) akin to קדָר, קדָע ג, שִירָע, to burne or scorch. — Niph. to be burned or scorched, only Ez. 21, 3. Hence

גרָבָז adj. m., אָרָבָז L. burning, only Prov. 16, 27.

רבידי (for נברבי) f. a burn, i. e. a scar caused by a burn Lev. 13, 23, or by an ulcer or inflammation v.23.

(obs.) prob. skin to Arab.

יוֹדָיָרָאָ pr. n. (always w. art. ידָיָבָאָר the cool) a city in Manasseh 1 K. 11, 26; w. דָרָ loc. אָרָדָאָ 2 Ch. 4, 17; in Judg. 7, 22 אָרָדָאָ (מחמר) וterchanging, as in בָרָ בָרָ

ر (obs.) prob. akin to Arab. فَرَوَ *to flow* or *ooze*, as from a wound; hence

אָרָקראָ (for קּרָאָ, fem. of גָּרָאָרָאָ, w. suf. דּאָרָאָ, pl. דּרָאָ, w. saf. דּרָאָרָאָ, w. ---- firm) f. 1) a female adversary, esp. a rival, as another wife 1 Sam. 1, 6. 2) a strait, distress or affliction Gen. 42, 21, plur. דיאאסט 5, 19; w. די---- parag. (cf. Gram. § 80, Rem. 2, f) in Ps. 120, 1 א נקריר ליד the distress to me i. e. my distress. The sister of Bavid 1 Ch. 2, 16, and mother of Joab, Abishai and Assist 2 Sam. 2, 18.

אראָרה pr. n. f. (leprous, r. דְעָרָה) mother of Jeroboam 1 K. 11, 26.

דר אס אוויד.

I (obs.) perh. akin to דָּדָאָ I (obs.) perh. akin to דָּדָאָ to be clear or bright, to be conspicuons; hence אַרָּאָ

(which see), to cry aloud Zeph. 1, 14. — Hiph. To shout, as for battle, to raise the war-cry Is. 42, 13.

לי *Tyrian* 1 K. 7, 14, gentil. n. from 's; see גוֹד.

(in pause τ's, w. ' copul. (in pause τ's, w. ' copul. (Sept. δητίνη, Vulg. resina) of Gilend; opobalsamum, the produce of the Belsamodendron Gileadense, traced by tradition and science to Arabia; also regarded as one of the most precious productions of Palestine Gen. 43, 11. The tree producing it was borne in triumph through the streets of Bome, by Pompey and by Vespasian.

Gen. 37, 25 for بلانه which see. بجرت 1 Ch. 25, 3 gentil. n. for بلارت see بيت 3.

(r. 131) m. a tower Judg. 9, 46. 49; perh. a watch-tower 1 Sam. 13, 6, where the sense is obscure and many understand holes or pits, as if from an obs. r. 172 to cleave or dig.

(cf. אַרָּג I = אָרָא), to long for, to be needy; hence

יוֹדָאָ m. need, only 2 Ch. 2, 15; i. q. Syr. גָרָבָא, Chald. אַדְרָבָא.

ארער f. a stinging thing, hence a wasp or hornet Ex. 23, 28, Deut. 7, 20, Josh. 24, 12, always collectively with the art. ארער Four species of hornets, larger than ours, have been found in Palestine.

יוֹצָרְעָר, pr. n. (perh. a hornet, r. יבָרָעָר, a town in the plain of Judah Josh. 15, 33, but inhabited by Danites Josh. 19, 41, the birth-place of Samson Judg. 13, 2; now called Sür'ah. It still existed after the exile Neh. 11, 29; gentil. n. יבָע Zorite 1 Ch. 2, 54, יבָעָד, Zorathite 1 Ch. 2, 53.

אָרְצָר see אָרָצָר.

ארָעָר (w. suf. ארָאָרָאָש, -- firm; r. דָעָן f. leprosy, of persons, the white leprosy, בַּשָּׁכָ like the snow Ex. 4, 6; also of houses (prob. a nitrous scab or crust) and of garments (prob. mouldiness) Lev. 13, 47-59; 14, 34-57.

צְרְעָת see צְרְעָת'.

ערבן (fut. רְצָרֹק) akin to אָדָרָ I, ביא, 1) to glow, to smelt, esp. of gold and silver, to refine Ps. 12, 7; part. ארבן a smelter or refiner, goldsmith, a worker in gold and silver Judg. 17, 4; part. pass. אראָ, refined, pure, sincere Ps. 18, 31. 2) fig. to try, to prove any one Ps. 17, 3. — Niph. to be tried, to be purified Dan. 12, 10. — Pi. only part, אראָ, a refiner Mal. 3, 2. 3. Hence تَبَتَّ pr. n. m. (goldsmith) Weh. 3, 31 w. the article.

Zarephath, Sept. 2. (smelting - house) Zarephath, Sept. Zapartá (cf. Luka 4, 26) of a Phenician town on the coast between Tyre and Sidon 1 H. 17, 9, 10; w. n- loc. mprz, cf. Obad. 20 with my now Surafend.

אָרָה f. אָרָד or אָרָד, f. אָרָד, f. אָרָד, 3 pl. אָרָרוּ (רצר) akin to אוי געירוי I, to press together, to compress, hence 1) to bind up or together, with z in Ex. 12, 34; fig. 1 Sam. 25, 29 the life of my lord shall be bound up in the bundle of life with God, i. e. will be under God's safe care - a figure esp. apt from a careful woman. Comp. Hos. 13, 12 the guilt of Ephraim is bound up together, i. e. in a bundle, carefully reserved for punishment; to wrap up, Hos. 4, 19 the wind hath wrapped her up in its wings, i. e. seized her to carry her away; to shut up, to confine 2 Sam. 20, 3. 2) to press upon, to distress or persecute, w. aco. Num. 89, 55, w. איר Num. 25, 17, 18; part. צֹרֶר an adversary Ps. 6, 8; also to vex or annoy, of two wives Lev. 18, 18, 1 Sam. 1, 6; intrans. and impers. to be pressed, straitened or distressed, e. g. Is. 49, 20 the place דר לי is strait for me i. e. too narrow; but גר לי mostly means it is strait to me i. e. I am in a strait Ps. 31, 10, or I am in anguish 1 Sam. 28, 15; w. על, I grieve for 2 Sam. 1, 26. - Pu. part. מצֹרָד bound up Josh. 9, 4. ---Hiph. הצרחר (1 perf. הצרחר, inf. הצר, fat. אַרָּגר 1 K. 8, 37, pl. אָצָרי Neh. 9, 27) to press upon, to straiten, w. > Jer. 10, 18; to besiege Deut. 28, 52; to distress or harass Neh. 9, 27; Tan in the time of distressing him 2 Ch. 28, 22; part. f. 1130 1000

a woman suffering pains i. e. in childbirth Jer. 48, 41. Hence

(pl. nin'ty Gen. 42, 85) m. 1) a bundle Cant. 1, 13, esp. of money, a purse or bag Gen. 42, 85; fig. 1 Sam. 25, 29. 2) a grain or corn, prob. as compact or hard in distinction from the loose and light chaff, only Amos 9, 9. 3) a little stone, a pebble, only 2 Sam. 17, 13. 4) pr. n. m. (bundle) 1 Sam. 9, 1.

الجتثيب عهه ليجترثيه

געין אר ה. m. (prob. for געין splendour, r. געין) 1 Ch. 4, 7.

the dawn) a city in Reuben Josh. 13, 19; so called perh. because the early light shone upon it, comp. the Swiss Strahleck (sun-beam corner).

2 Qôph, the 19th letter of the Heb. Alphabet, also denoting the Its general form in number 100. early examples (see the Table of Ancient Alphabets) was Vor P, whence the old Gr. Ο χόππα (now obsolete except as a numeral for 90) and the early Boman & our & (see Gram. § 5, 8, Note 3); the primitive shape being prob. a rude picture of the nape or back of the head, which is prob. meant by the name gip (Arab. قف). Its sound is that of k (or q without u, of. F. que) strongly articulated at the back of the mouth (see Gram. § 6, 2, 3).

P interchanges — 1 w. its kindred palatals א. ד. כ (see under each); — 2 w. gutturals, e. g. דָוָ = דָוָ = דָוָדָ קַדָּב , דְשָׁש = קַשָּׁש , רָזר = אָכָר = קַשָּׁש קַדָּב , דְשָׁש = קַשָּׁש , רָזר = אָכָר = קַשָּׁש אָכָר , Chald. אָבָר = אָרָאָ = Heb. אָבָר אָרָאָר = אָרָאָ = אָרָאָ ווון, רבור = אָרָאָ = אָרָאָ ווון, רבור = קַדָּר אָרָאָ (cf. L. cum = בָּטֹי = סֹט); – 5 w. dentals or linguals e.g. דַדָּשָ Πρψ=ηηψ, ρυχ=τψΠ = Arab.
 Ethiop. ΤΟΦ tamaka (cf. χόπτω
 τύπτω, χοίρανος = τύραννος, L.
 quatuor = τέτταρες).

(w. suf. מָאָ m. vomit, only Prov. 26, 11; r. מָאָר or אוֹף.

(which see), to spue or vomit; prob. hence rap.

DNP Hos. 10, 14, for **DP** from **DNP**, Gram. § 72, Bem. 1.

THE ALSO THE IS. 34, 11 (C. THE ALSO THE IS. 34, 11 (C. THE ALSO IS AND ALSO AND ALS

22 m. prop. a hollow or cavity,

bence cab, name of a dry-measure, only 2 K. 6, 25, according to the Rabbins, equal to nearly two quarts; τ . $\exists q \in L$ Hence $\chi \alpha \beta \circ \varsigma$, cf. L. cupa, E. cup.

קבע אָבָע II (obs.) akin to קבע אָבָע, to be arched or vaulted; hence קבע.

חַבְף (r. איף) f. i. q. Arab. גָּיָא, the mass or ventricle of ruminants, only Deut. 18, 3.

קבה (r. אָדָר, w.suf. מְדָב,) f. female genitals (cf. השׁ), only Num. 25, 8.

קבה קל מלאמ Num. 22, 11 for בה, imper. Qal of קבר I, w. ה-, cohort.; cf. also אָרָה from אָרָה.

متعلم . i. q. Syr. اعتمر, Arab. , a tent or booth, of round or vaulted form, only Num. 25, 8; r. بت

YIP m. a gathering or crowd, nly Is. 57, 13; r. YP.

קבריד, (r. 1) a burying or interment Jer. 22, 19. 2) i. q. קבר grave or sepulchre Gen. 35, 20.

الجَبَرَ (Qal obs.) i. q. Arab. لَجَبَرَ to be before or over against, hence to meet. — Pi. جَnِP 1) to receive persons 1 Ch. 12, 18; to take anything offered Job 2, 10; to admit or allow a law, i. e. to observe it Est. 9, 23; to embrace instruction Prov. 19, 20. 2) i. q. IIP, to take 2 Ch. 29, 16. — Hiph. to cause to meet, hence to be opposite or over against Ex. 26, 5. — Perh. akin to L. capio, W.cipio, gavael. to receive or obtain Dan. 2, 6.

לבך or לשבף (in some copies) m, prop. the front, but used only as prep. before, in presence of, only 2 K. 15, 10; r. לבף.

ברך m. the front, what is over against (cf. Arab. ליש), then perh, battering-ram, as the attacker, only in קבלו Ez. 26, 9 the stroke of his battering-ram.

קבל (curse thou him) Num. 23, 13, for קבלד imper. Qal of r. קבלד I, w.suf. and > epenthetic; see Gram. § 58, 4.

גבע I (obs.) akin to גבע to be convex or arched; hence איר אין געבע.

i. q. Arab. (fut. 527) i. q. Arab. to hide or cover, fig. to act coverly, to rob Mal. 3, 8; to despoil, w. 2 acc. Prov. 22, 23.

VIP, (fut. YEP) akin to YEP, YEP, perh. YES, to collect or gather Gen. 41, 35; to gather together, assemble persons Judg. 12, 4. — Nipb. to be gathered, collected, said of corpses Ez. 29, 5; to gather themselves together, assemble Gen. 49, 2, Is. 43,

9; to flock or herd together, of beasts Is. 34, 15. — Pi. to take up in the arms Is. 40, 11; to gather or collect, things Is 62, 9, Mic. 4, 12, water in a pool Is. 22, 9, persons Is. 66, 18, also beasts Is. 34, 16. — Pu. to be anthered, part. f. rampo assembled Ez. 38, 8. — Hith. to assemble them-

11. Hence <u>التبا</u> pr. n. (God's assembling) of a city in Judah Josh. 15, 21; i. q. which see.

selves, to assemble Josh. 9, 2, Is. 44,

דָבָרָ f. a collection or heap, only Ez. 22, 20; r. אָבָף.

קבְצָיָם pr. n. (prob. two heaps, r. קבץ) of a city in Ephraim Josh. 21, 22.

קתר (fut. קתר) prob. akin to קתר, prop. to dig, hence to bury Gen. 23, 4, Ez. 89, 12. — Niph. to be buried Gen. 15, 15, Job 27, 15. — Pi. to bury many Num. 33, 4, 1 K. 11, 15. — Pu. to be buried Gen. 25, 10. Hence

קברים ב, (w. suf. קברים, pl. קברים, c. קברים) m. a grave or sepulchre Gen. 23, 9; plur. poet. in קברי Job 17, 1 graves are for me, i. e. as my portion.

וְבְרוֹת (only pl. הְבָרוֹת, c. וְבְרָה, c. וְבְרָה, c. וְבְרָה, c. וְבְרָה, c. זְבָר, j. f. graves Ez. 32, 22; poet. place of graves or burying-ground Job 21, 32. Hence

pr.n. (the graves קְרָרוֹת רְוּתָאָוָדָה) pr.n. (the graves of the lusting) of a place in the wilderness of Sinai Num. 11, 34.

to bow or in-

cline oneself, mostly w. المنظرة which is of stronger meaning Gen. 24, 26, المحفظ المعادة Ex. 12, 27 and the people bowed and prostrated themselves. Prob. hence pip.

17) f. cassia (cf. rwxp) Ex. 30, 24; prop. splittings, being the bark of an aromatic tree, somewhat like cinnamon; r. 77 I.

שלים (only pl. שראים, like (אָרָשָׁים) m. former times, only in שראים Judg. 5, 21 the brook of olden times, i. e. the prop of ancient fame for the battles fought on its borders in the plain of Esdrelon (see אישרים); but it may mean the brook of cocounters or battles (see Pi. of r. שרא), as some prefer.

שור (כ. שור שור, א. suf. שור, א. suf. שור, pl. שור, שור (כ. שור, א. suf. שור, pl. שור, ד. שור, adj. m. 1) holy (מֹזְנסֹ, מֹזְיסֹ,), said of men and of God Lev. 11, 44. 2) sacred, consecrated, said of places Ex. 29, 31, of days Neh. 8, 10, of men Lev. 21, 6. 3) as subst. שור the Holy one, i. e. God Is. 40, 25; the holy place, the sanctuary Is. 57, 15, Ps. 46, 5; pl. holy ones, said of angels Job 15, 15, of good men, saints Ps. 34, 10, esp. of the Jewish people, as consecrated to the true God Dan. 8, 24.

i. q. Arab. نَدَحَ, prob. akin to קוד perh. to קוד , to kindle fire Is. 50, 11; to burn Deut. 32, 22; whence to be bright or brilliant, as in האקד . Hence

רַרָּדָע f. a burning, then a fever Lev. 26, 16, Deut. 28, 22.

שִׁרִים) (w. ד וספ. (קִרִים) m. prop. the front, then the east Ez. 43, 17; דאר קורם Ez. 47, 18 the east side; ביים פרים east wind Ex. 10, 13, also simply קורם Job 27, 21, hence fig. a fruitless, vain thing Hos. 12, 2;

שרישין Chald. (pl. (אָרָשָׁין) adj. m. 1) koly Dan. 4, 5. 2) as subst. a koly one or soint Dan. 4, 10; pl. koly ones, said of angels Dan. 4, 14, of men Dan. 7, 21; same as Heb. שויק.

JZ (Qal obs.) i. q. Arab. بَعَمَ, prop. to be sharp, pointed, then to be at the head or in front, to be before, either in time or place; hence p. - Pi. op to be in front Ps. 68, 26; to precede, w. acc. Ps. 89, 15; to anticipate, be beforehand with Ps. 119, 148, fig. to make haste Jon. 4, 2, to be early Ps. 119, 147; to meet, to encounter, prop. to get in front of Ps. 88, 14; to succour Job 8, 12, Ps. 59, 11, or to oppose Ps. 18, 6. - Hiph. 1) to be beforehand with, to anticipate, in doing kindness, מי דוקדימני ואשנים Job 41, 3 who hath been beforehand with me, so that I should repay him? 2) to encounter or come against, w. בעד Am. 9, 10. Hence

ער (only w. ד loc. דָרָשָ) m. eastward Gen. 13, 14; 25, 6, Ex. 27, 13; see בָּדָם.

קרשה (ש. ה וסר הקרף, כל. השיף, from הקריק, pl. כ. הקרף, כל. השיף, from הקריק, pl. c. הקרף, m. prop. the front, hence 1) as adv. before (opp. to יוד) Ps. 139, 5. 2) the east Job 23, 8, בקריק from the east Gen. 11, 2, on the east Gen. 2, 8, 5) the east Job 23, 8, 24, הקריק east of Gen. 13, 14, הקריק קריק eastward Gen. 13, 14, הקריק קריק eastward Gen. 13, 14, הקריק ליק eastward Gen. 13, 14, הקריק קריק eastward Gen. 13, 14, הקריק פריק פריק פריק Ex. 27, 13. 8) i. q. Arab. ליק שיק beforetime, former times Ps. 78, 2, foretime, former times Ps. 78, 2, time, conduct of the fold of antiquity i. e. the ancient, eternal God; as adv. aforetime, of old Ps. 74, 2, before Prov. 8, 22; pl. e. שָּוֶד beginnings Prov. 8, 23; 4) pr. n., see בייבָדָי, ד. בייבָי

קקימידע Chald. (w. suf. pl. קקימידע Dan. 7, 13, קרָמָיהע Dan. 7, 13, קרָמָיהע Dan. 7, 13, קרָמָיהע Dan. 7, 13, ארס מין מין מין מין מין מין front, then as prep. before, in front of Dan. 7, 7; סין מין מין מין מין from before, from Dan. 2, 6, Ezr. 7, 14.

וֹעָרָדָיָD (r. בְּדָבָ) f. oldness, antiquity Is. 23, 7, former state Es. 16, 55, pl. former circumstances Ez. 36, 11; ועַרָדָשָׁעָ (see Gram. § 36 and § 155, 2, c) before, as adv. Ps. 129, 6.

וְבָרָה Dhald. f. former time, hence אַרְקָתוּדְנָא, אָרְקַרָמָת וְנָא from before this, aforetime i. e. of old time Dan 6, 11, Ezr. 5, 11.

son of Ishmael Gen. 25, 15.

ארבין (r. נקרט) f. eastern quarter, used only in c. st. רקר as a prep. eastward of, on the east of Gen. 2, 14, 1 Sam. 13, 5.

קרמוֹנָה (from קרמוֹנָה) adj. m., קרמוֹנָה f. eastern Ez. 47, 8.— Akin to Kάδμος the eastern man or Phenician, who brought alphabetic writing (Kaδμήϊα γράμματα) into Greece.

a city in Reuben Josh. 13, 18, and of a neighbouring desert Deut. 2, 26.

Chald. (pl. def. קדְמָיָהָא) edj. m., קדְמָיָהָא (pl. def. קדְמָיָהָא) f. def first Dan. 7, 4. 8. 24.

pr. n. m. (prob. God's antiquity or eternity) Ezr. 2, 40.

קדמירית (pl. קדמירים) adj. m., קדמירית (pl. קדמירית) (pl. קדמירית) f. i. q. קדמירית (pl. קדמירית) (provide the constant of th

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pr. n. n. (2008) or dark skinned r. We of a son of Ishmani (don, 23, 13, also of the tribe donconded from him Cant. 1.5, Is 31, 14; WE 32 Is. 31, 17 Kohnvense, Laser, a general Rabbino name for Araba.

Kidwa pr. a. (surbid, r. Kidwa the brook ranning in the valley of the same name between Joranaless and the mount of O'rea, and supplying itself into the Dead Sea 2 Sam. 15, 25; cf. John 15, 1 w with 2500; rei Kalpaiv minter-devent

CONSULA IN

The heavens, or it is so a

adv. turbilly, ag. mourn-

to be bright to be new or fresh underwished or clean in a physical state (cf. Hithpa's) 1 and 272 2),

but used only in a ritual or moral sense to be pure or holy Ex. 29, 37; te de connectated or sacred, of things Er. 13, 11. - Kiph. 1) to be treated. is hely, to be hellowed by any one, w. 3 Lev. 19, 3. 2) to show oneself huly or pure, either in bestowing Eavours Ez. 29, 41, or in inflicting Tuirments Num. 20, 13. 3) to be connecrated Ex. 29, 43. - Pi. 1) to senarity, to treat as holy, said of God Deux 32, 51, a priest Lev. 21, i, the subbath Ex. 20, 8. 2) to haliour. In pronounce holy Gen. 2, 3, w institute a boly thing Joel 1, 14, i K. 12, 20, 3) to consecrate, set apart for hely use Ex. 28, 41, Num. 7, 1, Josh. 7, 13; fig. to set apart for special service, as for war Jer. 51, 27, then to begin or inaugurate (by mund, cf. zerrisyopen) something of importance Joel 4, 9, Mic. 3, 6. - Pa. to be consecrated, part. 17200 1 Ch. 36, 18, esp. of soldiers Is. 13, 5. - Wigh. 1) to treat as holy Is. 3, 15. 2' to sanctify, to consecrate or devote Lev. 27, 14, DEVS TRUTT A Num. 8, 17 I have specially here them for myself, cf. Jer. 1, 3. — With. 1) to cleanse oneself physically and ceremonially) 2 Sam. 11, 4, often of the priests and Levites Ex. 19, 22. 2 Ch. 29, 15. 2) to shew encedy holy, of God as judge Ex. 38, 23. 3) to be hallowed or celebraked, of a fastival Is. 30, 29. ----If TT is not akin to TT and TT us above, cf. G. heilig, E. holy, prob. from G. hell bright), it may perh. be akin to ETE (1=1, as in PI= m) to divide or separate. Hence

(pl. rup) adj. m., rupp (pl. rup) f. 1) connectated, devoted, viz. to the hustful service of Astarte or Venus, in which both males and females prestituted themselves, hence

as subst. in. a sodomite (cf. xivatdoc), f. aprostitute, harlot Gen. 38, 21, Deut. 23, 18. 2) pr. n. of a place Gen. 14, 7, called also ארים בריע אווא. 32, 8, situated in the south of Judah.

שרוש see פרש P.

(w. suf. קושר, pl. פושר Lev. 2, 3, פַרָשָׁים, c. דָּשָׁי: r. פַרָשָׁים) m. 1) ho*liness* **Am. 4, 2; frequently in genitive** with adjectival force (see Gram. § 106, ו) מקום באקרש the holy place Lev. 10, 17, דור קושר Ps. 2, 6 my holy mount (see Gram. § 121, 6), קרשה Ps. 51, 13 thy Holy Spirit. 2) fig. a holy thing, something sacred or consecrated Lev. 10, 10; pl. consecrated things Lev. 21, 22, אַצרוֹת הַשָּרָשִׁים אַצרוֹת 1 Ch. 26, 20 the treasures of consecrated things, i. e. the consecrated treasures. 3) a holy place, sanctuary Ex. 28, 43, esp. the temple as distinguished from its courts 1 K. 8, 8. 4) קרשים holiness of holinesses, as superlative, most holy (see Gram. § 119, 2, Rem.), said of holy vessels, sacrifices etc. Ex. 30, 29, Lev. 2, 8; pl. קושר השרשי the most holy things Lev. 21, 22, said also of men and places, as invested w. special sanctity 1 Ch. 23, 13, Num. 18, 10, esp. said of the inner sanctuary, the Most Holy Place 1 K. 6, 16, fully wip 2 Ch. 3, 8.

البالي pr. n. (w. الماد. البالي بالي Judg. 4, 9. 10, Sanctnary, r. البالي Judg. 4, 9. 10, Sanctnary, r. البالي of three cities, one in the south of Judah Josh. 15, 23, another in Naphtali Josh. 12, 22, and a third in Issachar 1 Ch. 6, 57, called also بالبالي Josh. 19, 20.

קדש אפר קדשו ו

i. q. Chald. איז (fut. יקראי) akin to ויקדא, said of the teeth, to be set on edge

الرابط (c. کتاب, w. suf. (ربابط) m. 1) a calling together or being convoked Deut. 9, 10; 10, 4. 2) a convocation, assembly Judg. 21, 8; a multitude or croud Jer. 31, 8, said of troops Ez. 17, 17, nations Gen. 28, 8, the dead Prov. 21, 16.

of a station of the Israelites in the desert Num. 33, 22.

קרלה (r. קרל) f. an assembly or congregation Deut. 33, 4, Neh. 5, 7.

אָרָהָרָ pr.n. m. (caller or preacher, r. אָרָהָי, see Gram. § 107, 3, c) a title of king Solomon, as wisdom personified and preaching, the Preacher Ecc. 1, 1; Sept. ἐχχλησιαστής.

(cf. Niph.), to assemble, come together (hence רקר and רקר), perh. in Gen. 49, 10 where for רקרים וו קרויז), perh. in Gen. לי רקריז עמים וו קרויז), the Samar. text reads ירויזי the Samar. text reads ירויזיי so as to mean and to him shall the peoples assemble; but see רקריז.

אר חרד pr. n. m. (assembly) of a son of Levi Gen. 46, 11; written also אר ריקריר Num. 4, 14; patron. אריקריר Kohathite Num. 8, 27.

עָרָ or עָרָ (for אָדָר; c. עָרָ, w. suf. בּנָאָ a cord or line, esp. a measuring line Is. 34, 17, 2 Ch. 4, 2. 2) a string or chord of a musical instrument, fig. music,

דר אָרָדָרָדָי (w. suf. יקר קרי ד. דָרָדָרָדָן) m. akin to Arab. אָלָגָ the head Gen. 49, 26, Job 2, 7; דְרָדָרָ יָדָרָדָ Ps. 68, 22 the hairy crown, the scalp.

קר pr. n. m. (dusky or dark skinned, r. קר) of a son of Ishmael Gen. 25, 13, also of the tribe descended from him Cant. 1, 5, Is. 21, 16; קני קר Is. 21, 17 *Kedarenes*. Later, a general Babbinic name for Arabia.

קדר (r. קדר) f. darkness, obscurity of the heavens, only Is. 50, 8.

ת adv. turbidly, fig. mournfully, gloomily, only Mal. 8, 14.

ערקבית Num. 17, 2 (fut. יקבית) perh. akin to יקבית אוחר, to be bright, to be new or fresh, untarnished or clean in a physical sense (cf. Hithpa'el 1 and שווע 2),

but used only in a ritual or moral sense, to be pure or holy Ex. 29, 37; to be consecrated or sacred, of things Ex. 29, 21. - Niph. 1) to be treated. as holy, to be hallowed by any one, w. I Lev. 10, 3. 2) to show oneself holy or pure, either in bestowing favours Ez. 20, 41, or in inflicting judgments Num. 20, 13. 3) to be consecrated Ex. 29, 43. - Pi. 1) to sanctify, to treat as holy, said of God Deut. 32, 51, a priest Lev. 21, 8, the sabbath Ex. 20, 8. 2) to hallow, to pronounce holy Gen. 2, 3, to institute a holy thing Joel 1, 14, 2 K. 10, 20. 3) to consecrate, set apart for holy use Ex. 28, 41, Num. 7, 1, Josh. 7, 13; fig. to set apart for special service, as for war Jer. 51. 27, then to begin or inaugurate (by ritual, cf. xatápyoµai) something of importance Joel 4, 9, Mic. 3, 6. - Pu. to be consecrated, part. wipp 2 Ch. 26, 18, esp. of soldiers Is. 13, 3. — Hiph. 1) to treat as holy Is. 8, 13. 2) to sanctify, to consecrate or devote Lev. 27, 14, הַקְהַשָּׁתִר אוֹתָם Num. 8, 17 I have specially devoted them for myself, cf. Jer. 1, 5. — Hith. 1) to cleanse oneself (physically and ceremonially) 2 Sam. 11, 4, often of the priests and Levites Ex. 19, 22, 2 Ch. 29, 15. 2) to shew oneself holy, of God as judge Ez. 38, 23. 3) to be hallowed or celebrated, of a festival Is. 30, 29. ----If קרח and שרח is not akin to קרש and שרש (as above, cf. G. heilig, E. holy, prob. from G. hell bright), it may perh. be akin to דבן (ד=ד, as in בד (r) to divide or separate. Hence

עוֹשָׁרָם (pl. קושׁרם) adj. m., השָׁרָם (pl. קושׁרם) f. 1) consecrated, devoted, viz. to the lustful service of Astarte or Venus, in which both males and females prostituted themselves, hence

as subst. in. a sodomite (cf. xivatoos), 1. a prostitute, harlot Gen. 38, 21, Deut. 23, 18. 2) pr. n. of a place Gen. 14, 7, called also קרש ברנע Num. 82, 8, situated in the south of Judah.

שרוש, see שויזף.

עדשר (w. suf. פָּוָשִׁים, pl. טָדָשׁן Lev. 2, 3, קַרָשִׁים, c. דְשָׁי ; r. מָרָשִׁים) m. 1) ho*liness* **Am. 4**, 2; frequently in genitive with adjectival force (see Gram. §106, ו באקרש the holy place Lev. 10, place Lev. 10, דר קדשר Ps. 2, 6 my holy mount (see Gram. § 121, 6), רות קרשה Pa. 51, 13 thy Holy Spirit. 2) fig. a holy thing, something sacred or consecrated Lev. 10, 10; pl. consecrated אַצרוֹת הַקָּרָשִׁים Lev. 21, 22, אַצרוֹת הַקָּרָשִׁים 1 Ch. 26, 20 the treasures of consecrated things, i. e. the consecrated treasures. 3) a holy place, sanctuary Ex. 28, 43, esp. the temple as distinguished from its courts 1 K. 8, 8. 4) קרש קרשים holiness of holinesses, as superlative, most holy (see Gram. § 119, 2, Bem.), said of holy vessels, sacrifices etc. Ex. 30, 29, Lev. 2, 8; pl. קושר השר לי the most holy things Lev. 21, 22, said also of men and places, as invested w. special sanctity 1 Ch. 23, 13, Num. 18, 10, esp. said of the inner sanctuary, the Most Holy Place 1 K. 6, 16, fully wip בישרשים 2 Ch. 8, 8.

עופ, pr. n. (w. ד loc. הקרשה), Judg. 4, 9. 10, Sanctuary, r. of three cities, one in the south of Judah Josh. 15, 23, another in Naphtali Josh. 12, 22, and a third in Issachar 1 Ch. 6, 57, called also jup Josh. 19, 20.

קדשו, see קדשו.

אָדָאר (fut. רִיקָנָאר) akin to אָן אָן (fut. רִיקָנָאר) i. q. Chald. sip, to be dull, bhunted, said of the teeth, to be set on edge

Jer. 31, 29. - Pi. ripp to blunt, to turn the edge, said of iron, only Ecc. 10, 10. Qal obs.) mimet. akin to pand and grant to call. - Niph. to be called or convoked, to assemble Est. 9, 2, Ex. 32, 1. - Hiph. to call together, to convoke Num. 8, 9. This mimet. r. is akin to Sans. kal (to sound), xaλέω, L. calo, W. galw, Gael. glao, E. call. Hence

(c. קהלם, w. suf. מָהַלם) m. 1) a calling together or being convoked Deut. 9, 10; 10, 4. 2) a convocation, assembly Judg. 21, 8; a multitude or croud Jer. 31, 8, said of troops Ez. 17, 17, nations Gen. 28, 3, the dead Prov. 21, 16.

קרל pr. n. (convocation, r. קרל) of a station of the Israelites in the desert Num. 33, 22.

קדולה (r. קדולה) f. an assembly or congregation Deut. 33, 4, Neh. 5, 7.

DD pr.n.m. (caller or preacher, r. 5, see Gram. § 107, 8, c) a title of king Solomon, as wisdom personifled and preaching, the Preacher Ecc. 1, 1; Bept. έχχλησιαστής.

קרה (obs.) perh. akin to mp (cf. Niph.), to assemble, come together (hence קתה and הקרה), perh. in Gen. לו יקרת עמים in יקרת למי 49,10 where for the Samar. text reads "ron so as to mean and to him shall the peoples assemble; but see mpr.

N pr. n. m. (assembly) of a son of Levi Gen. 46, 11; written also the התקרותי Num. 4, 14; patron. קדות the Kohathite Num. 3, 27.

וף or זף (for קוה; c. זף, w. suf. מָנָה r. קָנָה) m. i. q. Arab. לעל, a cord or line, esp. a measuring line Is. 34, 17, 2 Ch. 4, 2. 2) a string or chord of a musical instrument, fig. music,

sound (Sept. φθόγγος) Ps. 19,5 where some propose to read the for the 3) rule (cf. our phrase 'line of conduct') Is. 28, 10. 4) might or provess (as in Arab.) ΤΡ-ΤΡ via Is. 18, 7 a very powerful nation, the reduplicated form ΤΡ-ΤΡ being intensive (comp. Gram. § 55, 4).

(S f. perf. العجر) mimet. akin to العجر, العجر), Arab. نعر, to spue out, to vomit, fig. to cast forth Lev. 18, 28. — Hiph. (fut. apoc. ۲۹۲) to vomit up Jon. 2, 11; fig. to cast out, said of a land starving out its inhabitants Lev. 18, 25; to disgorge, give back, wealth greedily gained Job 20, 15. --- Mimet. r. akin to تهم. yup I, G. köken, E. keck, hauk, W. hochi (to raise phlegm), chwydu (to vomit).

בר, נייב (obs.) akin to אָרָב I, קַבָר, to be hollow; hence אָבָה, שָׁרָה, but see בַּכָ

עובָע (c. דָם 1 Sam. 17, 38 w. change of accent) m. a helmet Ez. 23, 24; r. קבע I.

שָׁדָשָׁ only in Dan. 11, 30 for אָדָשָׁ, which see.

ורק (c. קית Jer. 81, 39) m. a cord

or rope, only in K'thibh 1 K. 7, 28, Zech. 1, 16; slways P or P in Q'ri.

אַקַת-קית pee מוֹדַי, see מוֹדַי

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(fnt. 147), perh. 177, Job 8, 14 but see 197) mimet. skin to Nip (which see), 77 I. 193, to loathe, to nauseate, w. acc. Job 8, 14, w. R Ps. 95, 10. — Niph. to loathe, w. 78 Ez. 20, 43. — Hith. 1977 to loathe Ps. 119, 158, w. R Ps. 139, 21.

Chald. (obs.) akin to Heb. yap III, yar, to cut off; hence D.p.

(which see), Arab. ألاً (which see), Arab. ألاً to speak out, to say; hence

(1), also (1), Ex. 19, 16 (pl. milp), milp) m. 1) voice, of men 1 Sam. 4, 6, Ps. 102, 6, also of God Gen. 3, 8, Deut. 4, 83; fig. of blood, crying for vengeance Gen. 4, 10; a rumour Gen. 45, 16. 2) cry or call, of beasts Job 4, 10, of birds Cant. 2, 12. 3) noise or sound of inanimate things, as thunder Ps. 104, 7, rain 1 K. 18, 41, musical instruments Job 21, 12, chariots rattling 2 K. 7, 6; fig. pl. peals or claps of thunder Ex. 9, 23.

קוֹלָרָה pr. n. m. (prob. for קוֹלָרָה) voice of יד Jer. 29, 21.

(perf. Dp, once DRP Hos. 10, 14, cf. Gram. § 72, Bem. 1; fut. کام, bp, apoc. Dp; imp. DP, w. ----- cohort. المجاب, part. Dp, once DP 2 K. 16, 7) i. q. Syr. کم, Arab. مُرْ 1) to rise up, to arise Gen 27, 81, Num. 24, 17; fig. to turn up or come to pass, of events Ps. 27, 3; often in a hostile sense, to rise against, to oppose or assail, w. >> Gen. 4, 8, w. p. Job 16, 8, w. >> Ps. 8, 2, w. DP Ps. 94, 16, also in part. w. suf. as "DP my opposers

or adversaries Ps. 18, 40, Typ Deut. 33, 11. 2) to rise again, as the dead Job 14, 12. 3) to stand up, to take or make a stand, to be established 2 K. 13, 21, 2 Ch. 21, 4, hence to continue or endure, to remain Josh. 2, 11, Is. 40, 8; to be confirmed or settled as a purchase Gen. 28, 17, a counsel Is. 8, 10; to be set or inert, of blind eyes 1 Sam. 4, 15. - Pi. DPp, (fut. only in the later writings, ef. Chald. DMP) to make to stand up, hence 1) to establish Ruth 4, 7, to enjoin on, w. >> Est. 9, 21; to perform or fulfil a prophecy Ez. 13, 6, an oath Ps. 119, 106. 2) to keep alive Ps. 119, 28. - Pil. Doip 1) to raise up, rebuild Is. 44, 26. 2) to rise up Mic. 2, 8. --- Hiph. בקרם (ht. רקר, רקר, 19, spoc. Dp) to raise up, cause to stand up 1 Bam. 2, 8; to excite, stir up or rouse Gen. 49, 9, Am. 6, 14; to cause to grow, of plants Ez. 34, 29; to raise up, constitute Judg. 2, 18, Josh. 5, 7; to set up, as a tent or altar Ex. 26, 30, 1 K. 16, 32, then to restore Is. 49, 6, fig. to perform or execute Deut. 9, 5, Is. 44, 26, Jer. 35, 16; to bring to a standstill, to stop or check a tem-2 Sam. 23, 1) to be raised up, erected Ex. 40, 17; to be constituted 2 Sam. 28, 1; to be performed Jer. 35, 14. -Hith. to rise up, get up Ps. 17, 7; part. קוקקי my adversary Job 27, 7.

קאָמִין, Phald. (part. אָאָמָי, pl. יְאָמִין, Q'ri יְאָמִין, fut. שּוֹין) to rise up Dan. 3, 24, fig. to arise, to exist Dan. 2, 89; to stand Dan. 3, 3, then to endure or remain Dan. 2, 44. — Pa. שיר (וחל. יושָר) to set up, hence to establish a decree Dan. 6, 8. — Aph. שיר, שיר, מוליין, part. שיריק, fut. שיר, and יושר יושר, erect Dan. 3, 1. 2) to appoint or constitute Dan. 2, 21. 3) to confirm or establish Dan. 6, 9. — Hoph. הקרעה (f. הקרעה) to be set up or made to stand Dan. 7, 4.

ترجم (w. suf. جربة الجربة) f. stature or height of men Cant. 7, 8, of a tree Ez. 31, 3, of a building Gen. 6, 15.

סוֹטְנְיוּה (r. דיף) f. uprightness, only as adv. upright, i. e. w. head erect, only Lev. 26, 13.

[]] I (Qal. obs.) mimet. akin to ripy I, to sound, to mourn or lament, hence ripp. — Pil. pp to lament or bevail 2 Sam. 1, 17, w. by, by of pers. bewailed 2 Ch. 35, 25, 2 Sam. 3, 33; part. f. pl. rippip female wailers, mourning women Jer. 9, 16. --- Prob. akin to Sans. kan (to sound), L. cano, γέγωνα, W. cwyno (to moan).

[1] II (obs.) perh. akin to TI, II, TI, II, II, II, to be sharp or pointed, to be prominent, cf. III.

רוב (obs.) prob. akin to דוב I, Arab. $\tilde{\mathbf{U}}$, to form or fashion (cf. [21]); fig. to gain or acquire, hence 2.

Dip i. q. r. pop, which see.

עריך I (obs.) prob. akin to קוד I, to bore or penetrate, to dig into (cf. <u>קעק</u>ע;

hence Arab. فَعَظ to copulate or cover, said of a male animal; hence أبت

ער וו (Qal obs.) perh. akin to mimet. r. אוי (which see), to vomit. - Niph. (only 3 f. perf. אויקר perh. for וקקר, cf. Gram. § 67, Rem. 9) to loathe, fig. to turn away, w. אוין Ez. 23, 18; but see r. אוין.

IP m. a he-camel or stallion, fig. a prince or noble, only Ez. 23, 23.

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to move in a circle; hence mapping.

FIP

(pl. c^m,
VIP II (Qal obs.) akin to YP, to be astir, to move. — Hiph. YP, to make a stir, hence 1) to awake from sleep Ps. 3, 6, or from death 2 K. 4, 31, comp. Is. 26, 19; fg. to arouse oneself, of God, imper. IFF, Ps. 35, 23; to hasten on Ez. 7, 6, where notice the assonance in YP. YP. 2) to awake from the sleep of death, to rise from the dead Is. 26, 19.

hence jurp, also yp the fruit-harvest or summer, whence the denom. verb

V·IP IV (denom. from 2) to pass the summer, only Is. 18, 6.

ער (pl. קוצים, יקב, יקב; r. קוצים, יקב; r. יקב, יקב; r. 1) a thorn Ez. 28, 24; collect. thorns Gen. 3, 18; pl. Judg. 8, 7. 2) pr. n. m. (thorn) 1 Ch. 4, 8.

ער (obs.) perh. akin אַבָּר, אָבָּר, to roll or curl up; hence

القربة (only pl. nig) f. i. q. Arab. لمعنى, Syr. المرية, locks of hair, forelocks, only Cant. 5, 2. PTP m. mighty power or great prowess, only Is. 18, 2; see 12 4.

וו (Qal obs.) prob. akin to II (Qal obs.) prob. akin to II to stir up or excite, to bubble or flow forth, of water. — Hiph. (3 f. perf. חַקָרָד, inf. יחַקָרָד, inf. יחַקָרָד, inf. to send forth (water), only Jer. 6, 7.

וון (obs.) prob. akin to III (obs.) prob. akin to UV, to knit or bind together, also to enclose; hence קרר and

(only pl. לאדים) m. i. q. Arab. *a thread*, pl. *threads* of the spider, *spider's webs*, only Is. 59, 5. 6. ---- Prob. hence χαίρος (thrumb). אין ד.

(r. 177); pl 177) (r. 177); pl 177) 2 Ch. 3, 7) f. a joist or beam, crossbeam 2 K. 6, 2, Cant. 1, 17; fig. a roof or house Gen. 19, 8.

ترجيع I (obe) i. q. Arab. بقيت I (obe) i. q. Arab. بقيت , perh. akin to wpy, to be crooked or bent; hence rigp and wip.

U.P II (only fut. Qal معتب) i. q. up;, to lay snares, only Ia. 29, 21.

ער (r. דיק I) m. same as שַּׁשָׁר (r. דיק I) bow, perh. in שָׁלָא and

קרשרה, pr. n. m. (prob. the bow of ד) 1 Ch. 15, 17.

TP imper. Qal of r. TP.

TP Ez. 17, 5 for TP, the being dropped as if in the imper.; see Gram. § 66, Rem. 2.

עוֹדָם Hos. 11, 8 for אָקָדָם 3 perf. Qal of אָקָדָם, w. suf. ש

DP (r. 25) m. prop. a cutting off, hence a check, then as adv. only (i. q. Arab. غ), only in the very obscure phrase cp core in Ez. 16, 47 as a little thing only i. e. but a small matter.

علوج (obs.) mimet. akin to بقطب (which see), Arab. قطب to cut off, fig. to destroy; hence

עָרָב (in pause עָרָב) m. 1) a cutting off, devastation, יעָב עָבָב 28, 2 a devastating storm. 2) esp. pest or plague Deut. 32, 24, Ps. 91, 6.

בְּשָׁרָק (w. suf. בְּשָׁרָק götöbh'khā', cf. Gram. § 93, 6, Rem. 3) m. pestilence, plague, only Hos. 13, 14; r. בַשָר

קטריד (r. קטריד I) f. incense, only Deut. 33, 10.

קטררה pr. n. f. (incense, r. קטרה) Gen. 25, 1.

שניק) (only fut. Qal מיֹדָי) mimet. akin to אָצָיך (see Gram. § 30, 2, Bem.), to cut or break off, hence to fail, only Job 8, 14, but see בייף.

לקטל (fut. לקטל) only poet. to kill or slay Ps. 139, 19, Job 18, 15. --- Prob. akin to האבן, טבט, perh. to אדנויש, אמויש, E. kill.

Dan. 5, 19, pass. Supp. to kill Dan. 5, 30. — Pa. to kill, slaughter Dan. 2, 14. — Ithpe. and Ithpa. to be killed Dan. 2, 18.

לכך slaughter or murder, only Obad. 9; r. לכך.

ער (fut. אור) prob. akin to דיף, דיף, prop. to be cut or curtailed, hence to be short, then to be small in general 2 Sam. 7, 19; fig. w. אָ to be unworthy of Gen. 32, 11. - Hiph. to lessen Am. 8, 5. Hence

עָקָרָים (שָּנָים (חַשָּנָי גער, פּגַר, פּגַר) 1) adj.m., אָשָיָר (פּגַר, רַשָּוָר) ג small, little Gen. 19, 11, Eco. 9, 14; young, younger, said of age Gen. 9, 24; also as subst. smallness (פָלָר רַשְׁשָׁן Is. 22, 24 small vessels; pl. רוֹם קַטָּרוֹם בּפּה. 4, 10 day of small things. 2) pr. n. Ezr.8, 12.

前日 (c. 四月) adj. m. (i. q. 四月) small or little Gen. 1, 16; young or younger Gen. 42, 34, youngest 2 Ch. 21, 17; poor (in means) Am. 7, 2.

[UP] (r. إت: p; w. suf. بوت potonni) m. prop. smallness, then the little finger, only 1 K. 12, 10, 2 Ch. 10, 10.

אָשָׁרְ (fut. קשָׁרְ) prob. mimet. akin to אָזָדָ, to break or pluck off, ears of grain or foliage Deut. 23, 26, Job 30, 4. — Niph. to be plucked off Job 8, 12.

I (Qal obs.) akin to עַרַד I to burn or fumigate, to smoke, esp. by burning fragrant wood or spices; hence קטורה, קטורה. - Pi. to burn incense Is. 65, 7; w. > to offer incense to, to cense Jer. 44, 17; Jup to burn the fat, as incense 1 Sam. 2, 16; part. f. pl. מַקַּתְרוֹה censers i. e. altars of incense 2 Ch. 30, 14. - Pu. to be censed, fig. to be made fragrant, part. f. arta aggira Cant. 8, 6 perfumed with myrrh and frankincense. --- Hiph. to cause to smoke, to burn as incense, fat, spices, etc. Lev. 1, 9, Ex. 30, 7, Lev. 2, 2; to offer incense 1 K. 13, 1, w. 5 1 K. 11, 8, Hos. 2, 15. ---Hoph. דַקָּשָר to be offered as incense Lev. 6, 15; part. שָׁקָטָר censed, hence incense Mal. 1, 11.

TI prob. akin to "كَبْرَ مَنْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ مَنْ مَنْ مَنْ مُنْ مُنْ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ مُن part. pass. 1. المن عن الله عن 22 closed courts, i. a. surrounded by walls.

TOP Chald. (only pl. 7750) m. joints, vertebra: of the back-bone Dan. 5, 6; fig. a knotty question Dan. 5, 12; r. 752 = 752 II.

TTP: pr. n. (burning or smoky, r. TGP I) of a town of Zebulon Judg. 1, 30.

(r. حول I; w. suf. حرب) f. smoke, esp. sacrificial smoke, incense Er. 30, 35, Ia. 1, 13; المجرب رابع Ps. 66, 15 smoke of rams i. e. trams or their fat burnt as incense.

البيك pr. n. (perh. for البيك small, e. بيك) of a place in Zebulon Josh. 19, 15.

۲۹. (w. suf. نتری) m. vomsif Is. 19, 14; see r. ۲۹.

which קיד (which קיד), fo vomit, only in imper. pl. קיד in Jer. 25, 27.

D.P. Chald. m. i. q. Heb. **7.P.** summer Dan. 2, 35.

ון קיטור (r. קיטור I) m. smoke Gen. 19, 28, Ps. 119, 83; vapour or cloud Ps. 148, 8.

שריים הוא שריאל, hence collect. opponents, only in קיקונ (see Gram. § 91, 1, Bem. 2) our adversaries Job. 22, 20; r. שיף.

D, Chald. (def. אקיף) m. i. q. Syr. مصدر, a decree or edict Dan. 6, 8; r. באף.

Chald. adj.m., منعد و Chald. adj.m., ۳۹۳ L. i.q. Syr. , enduring or lasting Dan. 4, 23. TYP. Lerising up, only Lem. 3, 63.

R. me 70 I and IL.

1.2 (w. smf. ivp) m. 1) & spear or lence (r. 70 III) 2 Sam. 21, 16. 2) pr. n. m. (prob. acquisition, r. 70 III akin to 702 I) of the eldest son of Adam Gen. 4, 1. 3) pr. n. (perh. spear) of a town in Judah, w. art. Josh. 15, 57. 4) pr. n. (perh. acquisition) of a tribe, whence gentil. 772 Kewile Num. 24, 22.

(wailing) of a town in Judah Josh. 15, 22.

(2 Ch. 2, 55) gentil. n. of a people, the Kenites Gen. 15, 19, descended from a certain Potherwise unknown, who dwelt among the Amalekites 1 Sam. 15, 6.

بَتَ P. r. n. m. (perh. smith, as in Syr. مُمَنَّطٌ, or lancer, r. Por MP III) of an antediluvian, descended from Seth Gen. 5, 9.

רצון (r. איף III) adj. m., קיצון 1. the last, extreme Ex. 26, 4.

TPP. m. perh. the ricinus plant, palma Christi (called in Egyptian x(xι, xούxι) Jon. 4, 6, where we find in Sept. xολοxύνθη gourd; prob. a sort of pumpkin plant, said to be now known under the name of g gara, in the region of Mosul or ancient Niniveh. ---- If Semitic, perh. from r. NP by reduplication (cf. yP), hence prop. vomiting, the seeds or juice of the plant being said to excite nausea in the stomach, cf. G. spei-kraut (vomit-plant).

קלקלין for אַלָּקלין, redupl. for קלין, r. קלין I = קלין I) m. shame, ignominy Hab. 2, 16.

יש, once ייף Is. 22, 5 (r. ייף III, pl. ייס (קרויה וו שעון, of a city, house, garden Num. 35, 4, 1 K. 5, 13; ייף קרויד קראר, אין Josh. 2, 15; ייקיר *the vall*seat i. e. by the wall of the rampart Josh. 2, 15; ייקיר שעון *the wall*seat i. e. by the wall 1 Sam. 20, 25, *wall-storw* i. e. perh. beating down a building Is. 25, 4. 2) a walledplace, city or fortress, only in pr. n. place, fortress of Moab) Is. 15, 1; ייס (fortress of Moab) Is. 15, 1; קרר דר הייס, ייס (prob. brick fortress) Is. 16, 7, 11. 3) pr. n. (perh. wall) of a country subject to Assyria, near the Black Sea 2 K. 16, 9.

סרף pr. n. m. (perh. mural, from די w. old format. ending , as in קיקורס, see p. 429) Neh. 7, 47, but Ezr. 2, 44.

שרף pr. n. m. (perh. a fowler, r. דיסף II or שריין) 1 Sam. 9, 1.

of a stream rising in mount Tabor and running through the plain of Ezdraelon (الإزريج) into the bay of Acre (التي), Kishon Judg. 5, 21, 1 K. 18, 40; now El-Mugutta.

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עריך 1 Ch. 6, 29 for אריך, D Chald. m. i. q. xiðapı;, a lyre or hasp Dan. 3, 5 in K'thibh, but in Q'ri D'n-p (which see). — Akin to our cithern and guilar; perh. of Semitic origin, akin to r. אויך שריך (to bind or string), w. old format. ending D— (see p. 429), hence aptly descriptive of a stringed instrument of music.

ל<u>י</u>[(pl. כַּלָים) adj. m., דַבָּף f. *light*, buoyant Job 24, 18, אַבָּרָלָיד 28am. 2,18 *light on his feet*, hence swift or fleet Is. 19, 1; as subst. a racer, said of a horse Is. 30, 16; as adv. swiftly Is. 5, 26; r. לַבָ

D Chald. m. i. q. Heb. 57p, voice Dan. 4, 28; sound of an instrument Dan. 3, 5.

b) i. q. bip voice; also inf. Qal of b) I which see.

(obs.) i. q. אָרָד I, to roast;

(Qal obs.) i. q. קרא, to convoke or assemble. - Niph. to be assembled, only in ייקלדא and they gathered together 2 Sam. 20, 14, where the Q'ri has אריקולא.

ון דאָלָד I akin to דאָד I (p = x), דאָד II, to roast or parch e. g. grain (see איר) Lev. 2, 14; also to burn a human being Jer. 29, 22; part. pass. דאָד as subst. parched corn Josh. 5, 11. — Niph. to be scorched, burnt, part. איר איר איר איר איר איר איר איר inflammation, fever Ps. 38, 8.

דר (Qal obs.) akin to לאבר I, to be light in weight. — Niph. to be made light, fig. to be slighted or despised Deut. 25, 3, Is. 16, 14; part. האבר slighted or despicable Is. 3, 5,

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Prov. 12, 9. - Hiph. to slight, to despise Deut. 27, 16. Hence קרקלון.

- Josh. 5, 11, see r. קלד I.

750 (c. קלני, w. suf. קלני, m. 1) lightness, fig. contempt Prov. 3, 35; a mean or despicable action Hos. 4, 18. 2) parts of shame (cf. L. pudenda) Nah. 3, 5; r. האמר II.

to scoop or hollow out; perh. hence

nn p p f. a pot or kettle 1 Sam. 2, 14.

تَعَلَّكُ prob. akin to تَعَلَّمُ i. q. Arab. قَلَمُ 1) to contract, part. pass. p shrunk, dwarfed (of. Arab. أَنْكُ a dwarf) Lev. 22, 23. 2) to draw or take in, to receive; hence تَعَرَّض asylum.

עָרָ א גע 1 Sam. 17, 17 (r. גע 1 Di m. roasted or parched grain Lev. 23, 14, Buth 2, 14.

קלי B, see ליא.

לי pr. n. m. (swift, r. לְלָל I) Neh. 12, 20.

קלָרָף pr. n. m. (prob. contempt, r. קלָרָוו) Ezr. 10, 23.

קליטא pr. n. m. (dwarf, r. קליטא Ezr. 10, 23.

I (fut. احجر, pl. المحجر Gen. 16, 4, I Sam. 2, 30, see Gram. § 67, Rem. 3) i. q. Aram. المحرر في المحروب المحروب المحروب المحلفة in weight, fig. to be swift 2 Sam. 1, 23. 2) to be lighter or less, to become diminished, said of receding floods Gen. 8, 11 (cf. Arab. (5). 3) fig. to be slighted or lightly esteemed, w. المحروب Gram. § 67, Rem. 5 (fut. المحروب Is. 30, 16) to be light in weight, fig. to be trivial, slight, part. f. The has a adv. slightly Jer. 6, 14;

w. לְנָבוֹך נְקַל K. 20, 10, לְנָבוֹך נְקַל Prov. 14, 6 knowledge is easy to an intelligent man; to be swift Is. 30, 16; to be of small account 1 Sam. 18, 23; to be slighted or vile 2 Sam. 6, 22. -Pi. 50 make light of, to revile Lev. 19, 14; to curse, w. acc. Lev. 29, 9, w. 7 Is. 8, 21; to blaspheme Ex. 22, 27; reflex. to bring a curse on oneself, w. > 1 Sam. 3, 13. — Pu. to be cursed Ps. 37, 22, Is. 65, 20. — Hiph. (inf. דקל, fut. יקל) to make light, to lighten, hence to lessen or remove a weight Ex. 18, 22; יבל אידידי פעליכם 1 Bam. 6, 5 he will lighten his hand from upon you; w. r part or some of -1 K. 12, 4; fig. to make light of, to slight or despise 2 Sam. 19, 44; to cause to be slighted Is. 8, 23. -Pilp. بقلقل, to shake وإجود pilp. برجود i. q. Arab. violently, to rattle or clatter w. arrows in a quiver, for divination Ez. 21, 26; fig. to polish or sharpen (cf. 5) Ecc. 10, 10. - Hithpalp. to be shaken, to quake violently Jer. 4, 24. ---- Prob. akin to Sans. chal (to push forward), **χέλλω, χέλης, L. cello, celer, W. cloi** (swift).

بالإلك adj. m. smooth, polished, of metal Dan. 10,6; but see Pilp. of

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aki at (mo(16, {

D, m. mockery or scorn Ps. 44, 14, Jer. 20, 8. Cf. xλέος.

רָבָאָף f. mockery, only Ez. 22, 4; ג. מאָק.

דין II perh. akin to אָרָד I, to ent into, to pierce or carve wood 1 K. 6, 29. ---- Of. Sans. hal (to scoop out), L. cælo, xoĩλoç, W. cylla, G. hohl, E. hollow.

עָלַע (r. אָלָד) m. 1) a sling 1 Sam. 17, 50. 2) i. q. Arab. גוש, a hanging or curtain Ex. 27, 9. 3) in 1 K. 6, 34 (the pl. קַלָּדָם prob. for גַּלָּצָים p = ב) leaves of a door.

לבָר m. a slinger, only 2 K. 3, 25. לכָל adj. m. light in weight, fig. mean or vile, only Num. 21, 5; r. לכָל

 $\nabla 2 P$ (obs.) perh. akin to 2 P II (y = z), to prick, pierce; hence

גער (obs.) prob. akin to בקר i. q. Arab. גע, to heap or pile up, to gather togelher; hence אקמוער.

TOP (c. NUP, pl. NUP) f. a stalk, ellect. stalks in the ground, esp. ding corn Ex. 22, 5; pl. fields of

> '' 15, 5; r. BP. (prob. God's '2, 21.

> > T station,

r. EFF) of a place in Gilead Judg. 10, 5.

שמושף, once המבושף Hos. 9, 6 (r. קבש m. nettle or thistle Is. 84, 13.

רע (obs.) perh. akin to אָזָאָ, דָאָדָא, to rub or bruise to pieces, to pound or grind; hence

חַבְּחָ m. i. q. Chald. אָקָאָ meal or flour Judg. 6, 19.

רקמת (fut. ניקמי) akin to אָשָרָ, אָשָרָ, Chald. ניקמי, Arab. געל, to bind or press together, to lay fast hold of Job 16, 8. — Pu. to be laid hold of Job 22, 16.

مَثَلَي R, once مَثَلَي Is. 19, 6, prob. akin to بينج, to pine away, to wither or die Is. 33, 9 (cf. Arab. نُعَنَ to be covered with insects, then to languish, of a plant).

with the hand Lev. 2, 2; hence

ער (obs.) prob. akin to שַׁבָּשָׁ, געבש , to burn, fig. to irritate or sting; hence שוש , and

קַבְּשׁוֹיִים (only pl. קַבְּשׁוֹיִים) m. nettles or thistles, only Prov. 24, 81.

<u>וף</u> (r. יאָדָ: o. דָם Deut. 22, 6, w. suf. יאָדָ, pl. יקויס) m. 1) a nest Is. 10, 14; fig. nestlings, young birds Deut. 32, 11. 2) an abode in general Num. 24, 21; pl. cells or chambers Gen. 6, 14.

N, (Qal obs.) akin to Arab. *iii*, to redden, to glow. — Pi. 1) to be jealous of, w. acc. Num. 5, 14, w. n Gen. 30, 1. 2) to make jealous by, w. n Deut. 32, 21. 3) to ency Is. 11,

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Prov. 12, 9. — Hiph. to slight, to despise Deut. 27, 16. Hence קרקלון.

- Josh. 5, 11, see r. קלר I.

לוֹך (כ. ווֹשָׁרָ, w. suf. יוֹשָׁרָ) m. 1) lightness, fig. contempt Prov. 3, 35; a mean or despicable action Hos. 4, 18. 2) parts of shame (cf. L. pudenda) Nah. 3, 5; r. ווֹשָׁרָ II.

to scoop or hollow out; perh. hence

 $n \square P f. a pot or kettle 1 Sam. 2, 14.$

للكي prob. akin to تلكي i. q. Arab. للكي 1) to contract, part. pass. Shrunk, dwarfed (cf. Arab. للكي a dwarf) Lev. 22, 23. 2) to draw or take in, to receive; hence بجزي asylum.

לָּיָם, once איָם 1 Sam. 17, 17 (r. I) m. roasted or parched grain Lev. 23, 14, Ruth 2, 14.

קלי p, see ליא.

לי [יַרָלָל pr. n. m. (swift, r. אַלָּל I) Neh. 12, 20.

קרָף pr. n. m. (prob. contempt, r. דָלָף II) Ezr. 10, 23.

לישא pr. n. m. (dwarf, r. קלי Ezr. 10, 23.

I (fut. هَتْمَتْ , pl. عَلَتْ وَهُ.
16, 4, 1 Sam. 2, 30, see Gram. § 67, Rem.3)i.q. Aram. bp, مَنْ, 1) to be light in weight, fig. to be swift 2 Sam. 1, 28. 2) to be lighter or less, to become diminished, said of receding floods Gen. 8, 11 (cf. Arab. قَنْ). 3) fig. to be slighted or lightly esteemed, w. تَعْتُ Gen. 16, 4. — Niph. bp; and bp; Gram. § 67, Rem. 5 (fut. bp; ls. 30, 16) to be light in weight, fig. to be trivial, slight, part. f. main and the slightly Jer. 6, 14; to be casy,

w. אָ 2 K. 20, 10, דַעָר לְנָבוֹך נְקַל Prov. 14, 6 knowledge is easy to an intelligent man; to be swift Is. 30, 16; to be of small account 1 Bam. 18, 23; to be slighted or vile 2 Sam. 6, 22. -Pi. 5pp to make light of, to revile Lev. 19, 14; to curse, w. acc. Lev. 29, 9, w. 7 Is. 8, 21; to blaspheme Ex. 22, 27; reflex. to bring a curse on oneself, w. 5 1 Sam. 3, 13. - Pu. to be cursed Ps. 37, 22, Is. 65, 20. — Hiph. (inf. דוקל, fut. ידיקל) to make light, to lighten, hence to lessen or remove a weight Ex. 18, 22; יַקַל אָז־יִדוֹ פַעַלִיכָם 1 Bam. 6, 5 he will lighten his hand from upon you; w. To part or some of -1 K. 12, 4; fig. to make light of, to slight or despise 2 Sam. 19, 44; to cause to be slighted Is. 8, 23. -Pilp. قلقل i. q. Arab. قلقل, to shake violently, to rattle or clatter w. arrows in a quiver, for divination Ez. 21, 26; fig. to polish or sharpen (cf. 5) Ecc. 10, 10. - Hithpalp. to be shaken, to quake violently Jer. 4, 24. ---- Prob. akin to Sans. chal (to push forward), χέλλω, χέλης, L. cello, celer, W. cloi (swift).

기기 II (obs.) perh. akin to 미승규 I, to burn or glow, to glisten ; perh. henco

Adj. m. smooth, polished, of metal Dan. 10,6; but see Pilp. of کچ I.

וֹשְׁלָרָ (r. לַשְׁרָ I; w. suf. in, יָדָרָ c. וֹשְׁלָהָ f. prop. a slighting or making light of, then a malediction or curse 2 Sam. 16, 12; fig. an accursed one Deut. 21, 23; pl. curses Deut. 28, 15.

Q2P (Qal obs.) prob. mimet. akin to byp (which see), to call out at or cry after; hence byp. — Pi. to mock or scoff at, as being too small Ez. 16,31.— Hith. to show oneself scornful at, to deride, w. 7 Hab. 1, 10. Hence

רָבָּאָ f. mockery, only Ez. 22, 4; ג. נאָק.

עָלַע (r. אָלָד I) m. 1) a sling 1 Sam. 17, 50. 2) i. q. Arab. געש , a hanging or curtain Ex. 27, 9. 3) in 1 K. 6, 34 (the pl. קַלָּדָם, prob. for גַּלָּאָר , p = 1) leaves of a door.

P2 m. a slinger, only 2 K. 3, 25.
P2, adj. m. light in weight, fig.
mean or vile, only Num. 21, 5; r. >>>1.

 U_{2}^{2} (obs.) perh. skin to U_{2}^{2} II (y = w), to prick, pierce; hence

i. q. Arab. 3, to heap or pile up, to gather together; hence >22.

in 22 (c. nap, pl. nipp) f. a stalk, collect. stalks in the ground, esp. standing corn Ex. 22, 5; pl. fields of standing corn Judg. 15, 5; r. DP.

pr. n. m. (prob. God's gathering, r. הקבו Gen. 22, 21.

7122 pr. n. (prob. stand or station,

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r. DFP) of a place in Gilead Judg. 10, 5.

שׁוֹשׁף, once שׁוֹשִיף Hos. 9, 6 (r. קַרָשׁי ח. nettle or thistle Is. 84, 13.

(obs.) perh. akin to אוָק, (obs.) perh. akin to אוָק, to rub or bruise to pieces, to pound or grind; hence

חבר m. i. q. Chald. אָקָאָא, meal or flour Judg. 6, 19.

לקלים (fut. ניקסים) akin to איזף, איזף, Chald. ניקסים, Arab. באל, to bind or press together, to lay fast hold of Job 16, 8. – Pu. to be laid hold of Job 22, 16.

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with the hand Lev. 2, 2; hence

עָלָםָ (w. suf. יאַקָם) m. a grasp, w. א לקסאים handful Lev. 5, 12; א לקסאים handful, i. e. plentifully Gen. 41, 47.

ערביע (obs.) prob. akin to שבים, שבים, to burn, fig. to irritate or sting; hence שושף and

(only pl. קַבְּלְשׁוֹרָים) m. nettles or thistles, only Prov. 24, 81.

וף. (r. יאָדָ: c. יאָדָ Deut. 22, 6, w. suf. יאָד, pl. יקנים) m. 1) a nest Is. 10, 14; fig. nestlings, young birds Deut. 32, 11. 2) an abode in general Num. 24, 21; pl. cells or chambers Gen. 6, 14.

Qal obs.) akin to Arab. , to redden, to glow. — Pi. 1) to be jealous of, w. acc. Num. 5, 14, w. Gen. 30, 1. 2) to make jealous by, w. J. Deut. 32, 21. 3) to envy Ia. 11, Digitize 36⁴ 000

13; to be envious at, w. μ or ζ Gen. 37, 11, Ps. 106, 16. 4) to be zealous for w. acc. Num. 25, 11 or ζ 1 K. 19, 10. — Hiph. to make jealous by, w. μ Deut. 32, 16; part. μαρά for w. μ Oram. § 75, Bem. 21, c) Ez. 8, 3. — Prob. akin to Sans. chand (to shine), γάνος, L. candeo, W. căn (white), cynnu (to burn), E. kindle.

Chald. i. q. Heb. ا برت I, to buy Ezr. 7, 17.

NJD adj. m. *jealous*, said of God Ex. 20, 5, Deut. 4, 24; r. NJD.

לאָרָאָרָ (pl. קוָאָרָד) f. jealousy Prov. 6, 34; envy Ecc. 9, 6, also obj. of envy Ecc. 4, 4; zeal or ardour Cant. 8, 6, Is. 9, 6; anger, indignation Deut. 29, 19; r. אָרָ

ער (obs.) perh. akin to ארן דיקר, דיקרי II (obs.) perh. akin to ארן דיקרי II, to stand or grow upright; hence

3) a stalk of corn, the halm Gen. 41, 5. 4) a case or stick for support in walking, fully השנה the support of the cane Is. 36, 6, mp crushed or shattered staff Is. 42, 5) measuring-rod, fully קנה האנהה Ez. 40, 3. 6) a balance-beam, then a balance Is. 46, 6. 7) the upper arm Job 31, 22. 8) the stem or shaft of a candelabrum Ex. 25, 31; pl. branches from the central stem for bearing the lamps Ex. 25; 82. ---- Same as Arab. Eij, Aram. مَلْمَا, mp, akin to xávy, xávva, L. canna, Irish cana, E. cane, canal, channel, canon.

קרה pr. n. (prob. reedy, r. קרה) of a stream on the borders of Ephraim and Manasseh Josh. 16, 8; also of a city in Asher Josh. 19, 28.

NDP adj. m. i. q. NP, jealous Josh. 24, 19, ardent or zealous Nah. 1, 2; akin to Chald. NP zealous, whence δ xavav($\tau\eta \varsigma$ in Mat. 10, 4, but $\delta \zeta \eta \lambda \omega \tau \eta \varsigma$ in Luke 6, 15.

ألكَتَصَ (obs.) i. q. Arab. قَنَصَ, to hunt; hence

TP pr. n. m. (hunting or chase) of an Edomite and a region named after him Gen. 36, 11, also of a progenitor and of a descendant . Caleb Josh. 15, 17, 1 Ch. 4, 15. Hence

TP, pr. n. (hunter) of a Canaanitish tribe Gen. 15, 19; also patronymic n. from 12: Num. 32, 12.

קיני see קני.

ריין, (w. suf. קרָיָבָר) m. 1) a creature or production (Sept. xrist;) Ps. 104, 24. 2) a getting or acquisition Prov. 4, 7. 3) possession, wealth Gen. 34, 23; r. היף L.

עניה (obs.) perh. akin to קין II, קיף II, to stand or grow straight; perh. hence

קברוך (c. w. Maqqeph - אָפָרון Ex. 30, 23) m. cinnamon Cant. 4, 14.

YIR (obs.) prob. akin to ايج, Arab. قنصَ, to hunt or chase after; prob. hence

ער אָנָדָ (only pl. c. קוֹבָי) m. hunts or chases, only in Job 18, 2 ער אָנָד גער אָנָד אָניע *low long will ye* institute hunts for words? i. e. prob. how long will ye be catching or perverting my words? But see under אָרָ and cf. Gram. § 116, 1.

תְּהָ pr. n. (prob. possession, r. דְּהָ I) of a city in the Hauran Num. 32, 42.

קראס (obs.) perh. akin to עדס, העים, to hold or contain; hence הקר, like וּלָק, from r. וּלָק.

בסריך, (fut. בסריך, but הקסמנה Ez. 13, 23) mimet. akin to ססף, שנים, בים, אין prop. to cut or divide, hence fig. to decide, w. בסף to divine a divination, said only of false prophets Deut. 18, 10, 1 K. 17, 17; part. בסף a diviner 1 Sam. 6, 2. Is. 3, 2; hence

שָּׁחָם (pl. מְסָבִים m. 1) decision, oracle or divination Num. 23, 23, pl. 2 K. 17, 17; קָסָם כָּל־מַמְזִי־כָּלָק Prov. 16, 10 an oracle is on a king's lips. 2) means or rewards of divination Ez. 21, 27, pl. Num. 22, 7. סבר (Qal obs.) mimet. akin to Sans. kas (to cut), אַדָּרָ, אָדָרָ, (which see), to cut off. — Po. סַיָּרָ to cut off fruit, only Ez. 17, 9.

חָסָף (r. הְסָרָ) f. a vessel or holder, only הַסָּר הַשָּׁר the writer's vessel or ink-holder Ez. 9, 2.

עלע (obs.) prob. akin to קלע I, to hurl or sling; hence

קילה pr. n. (perh. a sling, r. קילה of a city in Judah 1 Sam. 23, 1.

「見見 (r. 雪中) m. prop. a puncture, hence a stigma or tattoo, as a mark on the skin, only Lev. 19, 28.

رobs.) i. q. Arab. قَعَرَ, akin to קור I (which see), קר I, to be hollow or deep; hence

קצרת .c. קצרת ,pl קצרת ,pl קצרת ,pl קצרת , pl קצרת , w. suf. קצרוקרי f. a deep dish or charger Ex. 25, 29, same as Arab.

גער (fut. אָשָר in K'thibh of Zech. 14, 6) akin to אָדָר (which see), Arab. גער לא גער איז (which together, fig. to settle down or rest Zeph. 1, 12, comp. Jer. 48, 11; to thicken, to congeal or freeze Ex. 15, 8. — Niph. to be drawn in or hidden, perh. in K'thibh of Zech. 14, 6 הקרור רקרור רקרור לא לא the brightnesses (i. e. the stars) shall be withdrawn, where the Q'ri reads ארק אין - Hiph. to cause to draw together, to coagulate or curdle, of milk Job 10, 10. Hence

וֹתְּשָׁרָ m. a congealing or frost, in Q'ri of Zech. 14, 6; but see אָשָר in Niph.

(Qal obs.) prob. akin to NDP, to wrap or draw together, to

shrink. — Pi. to roll up, only in דעמריה בארג היי Is. 88, 12 like the weaver have I rolled up my life, i. e. my life is finished like a piece of cloth, that the weaver rolls up when finished. Hence

تقاب (Is. 34, 11) m. i. q. Arab. نَعْدَدُ , *a hedgehog* Zeph. 2, 14, so called because it rolls itself up.

329, 3, b) f. a shrinking or horror, only Ez. 7, 25; r. TPP.

קפר p, see קפוד.

(r. TEP. (r. TEP.) m. i. q. Arab. **5**, the arrow-snake, so called for its darting or springing motion, only Is. 84, 15.

TDP (obs.) i. q. Arab. قَنَزَ, Chald. وَعَامَ , to dart or spring; hence risp.

 $V \square P$ (fut. $\gamma \square P$) prob. akin to $\gamma \square P$, to draw together, hence to close, the mouth Job 5, 16, also the hand or the bowels i. e. to be niggardly or pitiless Deut. 15, 7, Ps. 77, 10. — Niph. to draw oneself up, the fig. (as in Arab. $\tilde{i} \Delta \tilde{i}$) to die Job 24, 24. — Pi. to skip or spring Cant. 2, 8.

VP. (r. γ\$P; w. suf. *P, perh. pl. c. *YP Job 18, 2) m. prop. a cutting off, hence limit or end, 1) of place, end or extremity, FP 2 K. 19, 23 the lodging-place of his extremity i.e. his highest abode, γPp from farthest parts Jer. 50, 26. 2) of time, close or termination, of a year 2 Ch. 21, 19, a war Dan. 9, 26; > γP 7 there is no end to, i. e. it is endless or innumerable Is. 9, 6, Ecc. 4, 16; γPp at the end of, after Gen. 8, 6, also γP 2 Ch. 18, 2. 3) fig. a) destruction Ps. 39, 5, γP 7 iniquity of destruction, i. e. ruinous guilt Ez. 21, 30. β) fulfilment, of a prediction Hab. 2, 3. γ) קדיקין Dan. 8, 17, γρ קדיקין Dan. 8, 19, קדיקין Dan. 12, 13, time of the end, final season, the last days, i. e. times of Messiah. — Perh. pl. c. קדיקין (perh. for קדי, w. 3 for the Dagh. f. as in Aram.) only Job 18, 2 קדי פלין (i. e. when) will ye set ends to words? i. e. when will ye cease speaking? but see γp.

Ϋ́́Ρ, 200 γⁱρ.

البوت (fut. جوت) mimet. (عود Gram. § 30, 2, Rem.) akin to بيت. بوتر, to cut wood 2 K. 6, 6, esp. to shear sheep Cant. 4, 2 (cf. Arab. قُصُرُ:

קצבי (pl. c. קצבי) m. 1) a cutting, hence form or shape 1 K. 6, 25. 2) end or extremity, קצבי קירים 2, 7 extreme parts (i. e. the bottoms) of mountains.

(Qal only inf. ۲۲۵۲) akin to דיף III, דיזף, to cut off, to end or finish, hence ۲۹۶; to destroy Hab. 2, 10; fig. to decide or judge, as Arab. مُخَى, hence تعت. – Pi. to cut off, fig. to diminish 2 K. 10, 32; to cut off the feet (۲۶۲۹) i. e. to disable or cripple oneself Prov. 26, 6. – Hiph. to scrape off (cf. 329) Lev. 14, 41, Sept. àποξέω. Hence

TYP (pl. c. TYP) f. same as TYP, end or extremity, TYPP at the end Ex. 25, 19; in pl. c. extremities or points of trees Ez. 15, 4 or wings 1 K. 6, 24, borders of a breastplate Ex. 28, 23, fig. margins or skirts of God's ways Job 26, 14, γ TYP Is. 40, 28 remotest parts of the earth, DAR JER JON JER JER 49, 36 the four quarters of the heavens; bounds,

1. e. the total, anixpa from their whole number Judg. 18, 2, 1 K. 12, 91.

الإترا عليه (r. أعتر) m. end, الإترابي (r. أعتر) m. end, المنتخر there is no end to a thing i. e. it is boundless or innumerable Is. 2, 7, Nah. 2, 10.

אָרָדָרָ (only pl. c. אָדָרָ, cf. Gram. 8 85, V, 13) m. end or extremity אַרָר אָרָץ ends of the earth Ps. 48, 11, 15. 26, 15.

וֹעָרָיָדָ (fem. of אָדָר; only pl. w. suf. אָדָידָדָ) f. end or extremity, only in K'thibh of Ex. 37, 8; 39, 4.

קצָר see הַצָּף.

to cut or pierce, fig. to be sharp or piquant; hence

ΠΣΡ m. black cumin (μελάνθιον), whose seed served for spicing, only Is. 28, 25.

קצין: (קצין: , pl. c. קצין, w. suf. קצין: (qādhin) a judge or magistrate Is. 1, 10. 2) a chieftain, leader of troops Josh. 10, 24; a prince Prov. 6, 7; г. קצון.

(pl. קריקר) f. 1) i. q. Arab. לכיביל, cassia, an aromatic bark not unlike cinnamon, named so prob. from being peeled or stripped off (r. אין), only Ps. 45, 9, where the plur. prob. refers to the strips or

chips to which the bark was reduced. 2) pr. n. f. (cassia) Job 42, 14.

Ϋ́, pr. n. (border, r. γτρ) Josh 18, 21.

עבור (Qal obs.) akin to אַדָּגָ, הַדָּגָ אָרָאָרָאָר cout, to cut or strip off, to break. — Pu. to be broken or bent, only part. f. pl. c. רושבים as subst. angles, corners Ex. 26, 23. — Hiph. to scrape off Lev. 14, 41; cf. הַדָּרָ in Hiph. — Hoph. to be angular, only part. f. pl. as subst. רושבים (for השבים, cf. Gram. § 53, Bem. 7) angles Ez. 46, 22.

i. q. Arab. أَعَفَ to break or cut in pieces (cf. بَعَبَ 1); fig. to break out, to be angry Est. 2, 21, w. تج, مج al Gen. 40, 2, Josh. 22, 18. — Hiph. to provoke or exasperate Deut. 9, 7. — Hith. to make oneself wroth, to become angry Is. 8, 21. Hence

μ) (in pause μ), w. suf. μ)
 m. 1) fragment, collect. chips or splinters (Sept. φρύγανον) Hos. 10, 7.
 2) anger or wrath Num. 1, 53; strife or quarrel Est. 1, 18.

to be wroth Dan. 2, 12; hence

APP Chald. m. anger or wrath Ezr. 7, 23.

TEXP t. a breaking, a broken

thing, perh. chip-wood, of spoilt trees only Joel 1, 7, where Sept. sugulasµds.

لا (2 pers. m. perf. البقية) akin to معنى (which see), Arab. معنى to cut off Deut. 25, 12, to trim by cutting, as the beard, only in part pass. بعته trimmed, cut Jer. 9, 25. — Pi. بعته, بعقه to cut off Judg. 1, 6, to cut in pieces 2 K. 24, 13. — Pu. بعقه to be cut off, part. pl. ميتيجم Judg. 1, 7.

YZP Chald. only in Pa. to cut off Dan. 4, 11.

(fut. יְּדָצֹר) akin to יְזָאָ, יָדָער (fut. יְדָצֹר) גע יוּדָאָ גער דו, to cut off, esp. to reap; fig. Job 4, 8, Is. 17, 5; יער a reaper Buth 2, 3, Ps. 129, 7.

הקצר, also אור (fut. הקצר, once הקצר Prov. 10, 27) prob. akin to לשל, i. q. Arab. לשל, to be short Is. 28, 20, part. pass. f. היאגי shortened Ez. 42, 5; fig. to be short, said of the hand, to be unable Num. 11, 23; also said of the spirit, to be impatient Job 21, 4. — Pi. אור to shorten Ps. 102, 24. — Hiph. to make short Ps. 89, 46. Hence

אָרָר m. shortness, only in דָבָר רוּהַן shortness of spirit i. e. impatience, only Ex. 6, 9; r. אַבָ

געָדָר (like גָּעָאָד; c. דעָדָ, w. suf. בּתָאָד Dan. 1, 5, pl. דעָדָר; r. דעָדָן) f. same as דעָדָר, דעָדָר, דעידָר, 1) end or extremity, hence rapp (for rapp, cf. Gram. § 20, 3, b) at the end of Dan. 1, 15; pl. ends, extremities Ex. 38, 5; extreme parts, of the earth Ps. 65, 9. 2) the total or whole Dan. 1, 2, Neh. 7, 70.

Heb. ryp, 1) end, ryp, 2 the sum or the whole Dan. 4, 31. 2) the sum or the whole Dan. 2, 42.

ר (pl. פָרָים) adj. m. cold or cool Prov. 25, 25, Jer. 18, 14; fig. *cool of spirit* i. e. calm, unexcited Prov. 17, 27 in K'thibh.

ר Is. 22, 5, see קיר wall.

ר (ר. <u>קר</u>ר) m. cold, only Gen. 8, 22. ---- Prob. akin to xpúoc, L. cruor, E. gore, Gael. cru, W. crau.

I (fut. רְקָרָא) mimet. akin to אָדָר, קדל (which see), גַּעָר, Aram. בן, קרז, 1) to cry, to call out Gen. 39, 14. 2) to proclaim or announce Is. 40, 2; 61, 1. 3) to call or summon Ex. 2, 8; to call together, to convoke Josh. 23, 2, part. pass. קרואים called or invited ones, guests Prov. 9, 18; to call on the name of i. e. to invoke 1 K. 18, 24, hence to celebrate or praise the name of Ps. 49, 12, Is. 64, 6, also to proclaim by name Ex. 33, 19. 4) to read aloud Josh. 8. אָ דְּסֵמָר (p to read in a book i. e. from a book Neh. 8, 8, w. בָּאָוֹנֵי or of the audience Deut. 31, 11, Ex. 24, 7. 5) to name, w. double acc. Num. 32, 41, w. 5 Gen. 1, 5, fully קרא שָׁם ל Gen. 26, 18. – Niph. to be called or summoned Est. 3, 12; to be read out Est. 6, 1, w. 3 of the book Neh. 13, 1; to be named or called Zech. 8, 3, w. acc. of name in Gen. 17, 5 לא דַקָרָא עוד אַת שִׁמָה אַבְרָם 5 no more shall they call thy name Abram (see Gram. § 143, 1, a), w. 5

to this it shall be called woman i. e. her name shall be woman; איקרא, w. or בעב , to be called by or after the name of somebody Is. 48, 1, Gen. 48, 6; ונקרא שמי עליה and my name shall be named on it 2 Sam. 12, 28. - Pu. קרא 1) to be called or named Is. 65, 1, w. 5 of pers. Is. 48, 8. 2) to be invited, selected or chosen Is. 48, 12. ---- This mimet. r. is familiar in many tongues, e. g. Arab. رقر , Sans. gri and kur (to sound), γηρύω, χράζω, χηρύσσω, χρώζω, χόραξ, L. corvus, cucurio, E. cry, crow, croak, G. krähen, schreien, Irish goirim, Old W. gawri, Breton kria, W. crio.

(cf. Gram. § 75, Bem. 22), to hit or come upon, fig. to occur Ex. 1, 10, to befall or happen to, w. acc. Gen. 42, 4, Job 4, 14. — Niph. 1) to be met with 2 Sam. 20, 1; to happen to be 2 Sam. 1, 6, w. تع Deut. 22, 6, 2 Sam. 18, 9; to happen or chance, w. by upon Ex. 5, 3; to occur Jer. 4, 20. — Hiph. to cause to befall, w. 2 acc. Jer. 32, 23.

גקרי, also רְקרי, Dan. 5, 7, part. pass. יקרי same as Heb. קרא I, 1) to call out or proclaim Dan. 3, 4. 2) to read out Ezr. 4, 18. — Ithpe. to be called or summoned Dan. 5, 12.

(prop. part. of קרא I) m. 1) prop. caller or crier, then a partridge (from its well-known cry) 1 Sam. 26, 20. 2) pr. n. m. (perh. partridge) 1 Ch. 9, 19.

קרא P Num. 16, 2, see קרא.

ון קרא (verbal noun from r. קראר) cf. Gram. § 133, 1 and 3) f. an encountering or meeting, but used only in c. st. or w. a suf. and w. pref. לקראח in c. st. or w. a suf. and w. pref. לקראח (for reaction, for encountering, meeting with, either as friends e. g. אויד היקר היקר דיקראר דיקר e. g. ביאר דיקר היקר ביאר לקראר דיקר father-in-law i. e. he went to meet him, or as foes Gen. 14, 17, Josh. 11, 20; often w. suffixes, as לקרארו לקרארו לקרארו to meet me, him, you, them; ויקרארו יקרארו לקרארו לקרארו לקרארו to meet me, him, you, them; יקרארו לקרארו יקרארו לקרארו לקרארו לקרארו לקרארו to meet me, him, you, them; יקרארו לקרארו to meet me, him, you, them; יקרארו לקרארו לקרארו to meet me, him, you, them; יקרארו לקרארו לקרא

imper. pl. פראנה Ex. 2, 20 for קראר imper. pl. f. Qal of NJDI; see Gram. §46, Rem. 3. TN 7 Is. 7, 14; Gram. §74, Rem. L **]**], also **]**]? Zeph. 3, 2 (inf. קרב, w. suf. קרב, Deut. 20, 2, f. קרבה Ex. 36, 2, see Gram. § 45, ו, Rem. b; fut. קרה) akin to קרח, II, prop. to hit or touch upon (cf. ברָב,), hence to draw near, approach Deut. 25, 11, the pers. or place being put w. אל Gen. 37, 18, על Ps. 27, 2, ל Job 33, 22, א Ps. 91, 10, ד 2 Sam. לפנר , 16, לפני , 1 Sam. 17, 48 לפני Josh. 17, 4, 540 Deut. 2, 19; esp. in order to worship God Ex. 16, 9, also for cohabiting Gen. 20, 4, Lev. 20, 16; קרב אליף Is. 65, 5 draw near to thyself i. e. approach me not; fig. to be coming near, of time Deut. 15, 9. — Niph. to come near Ex. 22, 7, Josh. 7, 14. — Pi. 1) to bring near Hos. 7, 6; to receive or admit Ps. 65, 5; to bring into contact, to join Ez. 37, 17; intrans. to be very near or close, w. ל and inf. Ez. 36, 8. - Hiph. ל 1) to bring near or cause to approach Ex. 28, 1; to bring into contact, to join Is. 5, 8; to bring on, of time Ez. 22, 4; esp. to bring near for sacred uses, to present or offer, a

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gift or sacrifice (cf. 只下) Judg. 3, 18, Lev. 1, 13; to bring forward a cause or suit before a judge Deut. 1, 17. 2) to draw near Ex. 14, 10; to be near or about to do anything Is. 26, 17. 3) ellipt. to remove, w. 只有rom, only 2 K. 16, 14.

Chald. to draw near Dan. 3, 26, w. 5, 5 of person Dan. 6, 21; 7, 16. — Pa. gr to present or offer Ezr. 7, 17. — Aph. to bring near Dan. 7, 18; esp. to offer or presentEzr. 6, 10.

קרָבְרָם (pl. אָרָבְרָם) adj. m. drawing near, approaching Deut. 20, 3 ; r. דַרָ

קרָבוֹת (like תְּחָב פָּרָבוֹת Ps. 68, 31) m. i. q. Syr. (בּקָרָבוֹת (בּקֹרָפָה (בּקֹרְפָה מַיָּבוֹת נְמָלָדָפָה מַיָּבוֹת) war 2 Sam. 17, 11, elsewhere only poetic, as in Job 38, 23; prop. collision or encounter, from r. בקר.

בָרָף Chald. (def. אָרָבָא, pl. אָרָבָרן) m. war Dan. 7, 21; r. בְּרַב.

קרָבָר (w. suf. קרָבָר, pl. w. suf. קרָבַר) m. prop. cavity or hollow (often xoula in Sept.), hence 1) the midst, interior of anything, esp. bowels, intestines Lev. 1, 13; fig. the mind or spirit as dwelling in the body 1 K. 17, 21, על־קרבי Ps. 103, 1 all that is within me, i. e. all my thoughts and affections. 2) as prep. in 535 amidst Gen. 45, 6, among Judg. 1, 32; w. verbs of motion into or through the midst of 1 K. 20, 39, Josh. 1, 11; also in בקרב from amidst or among, Ex. 31, 14, Deut. 13, 6. ---- 27 prob. is to be traced to the r. JP I (to dig or excavate), w. old format. ending ב---, as in אָרָנָב (אָרָיָבָה), see on 🗅, p. 74.

קרוב 272, הפר ברב

רָבָר; Ex. 36, 2 inf. Qal of בָרָב, see Gram. § 45, 1, Bem. b.

קרבה; r. קרבה; f. (קרבה

a drawing near, approach Ps. 73, 28, Is. 58, 2.

קרָבוֹת נסמיז Ps. 68, 31, see קרָבוֹת קרָבוֹת, once קרָבָן Ez. 40, 43 (c. קרָבָן, w. suf. קרָבָן, pl. w. suf. קרָבָן; r. בין) m. an offering or oblation Lev. 1, 2. This word occurs with the same meaning in Aram. and Arab.; hence χορβαν Mark 7, 11.

[국가 m. i. q. Syr. معذصد an oblation Neh. 10, 35.

(obs.) mimet. akin to גַּרַד (which see), זָרַז, to cut or hew; hence

קרָדָּפּעים וּפּ קרָדָפּגָים (w. suf. קרָדָפּגָים); pl. קרָדָפּעים 1 Sam. 13, 21, קרָדָפּגים Jer. 46, 22, קרָדָפּגים Judg. 9, 48) m. an axe 1 Sam. 13, 20, same as גַרָזָב ---- From r. דַרָשָ w. old format. ending ב---, as in קרָנות, see on letter 2, p. 330.

(fut. דקרה, once Dan. 10, 14, Gram. § 75, Bem. 22; apoc. ירקר) i. q. קרא II, to hit or touch upon, hence to encounter, w. acc. Deut. 25, 18; fig. to befall Gen. 42, 29, w. ל of pers. Dan. 10, 14; ריקר מקרה ל Buth 2, 3 and her הלפת השרה לבצו hap happened on a portion of the field of Boaz. - Niph. to fall in with, to meet or light upon, w. אַד Ex. 3, 18, אָל אַל or לקראר Num. 23, 3. 4. 16; absol. Num. 23, 15; fig. to happen 2 Sam. 1, 6. - Pi. דָרָה (inf. בָרֹית) to lay beams (of. mpp), to joist 2 Ch. 34, 11, Neh. 3, 3; then in general to frame or build Ps. 104, 3. — Hiph. 1) to cause to occur or let happen, i. e. to send success, w. למני Gen. 27, 20. 2) to make convenient or easy of access, perh. in Num. 35, 11 and ye shall make והקריתם לכם צרים convenient for you cities, but perh. better and ye shall build (see Pi.) for you cities. Hence

דער (כ. הקרה) m. hap or occurrence, only in במרח לילה Deut. 23, 11 from the hap of the night, i. e. involuntary seminal pollution.

לקריח (פרר רוש) f. cold or chilliness Ps. 147, 17, Nah. 3, 17; perh. pl. (cf. L. frigora) in Q'ri of Zech. 14, 6 קרוח וקפאון both colds and frost; but see Niph. of אפף.

Chald., see MTP.

גער (fut. יקר prob. mimet. akin to אָלָח (fut. יקר prob. mimet. or bare, esp. to make bald Lev. 21, 5. - Niph. to be made bald Jer. 16, 6. - Hiph. to be made bald Ez. 27, 31. - Hoph. to be made bald, only part. - Hoph. to be made bald, only part. - Hoph. to be made bald, 18.

קרש II (obs.) akin to דור, Aram. קרש II (obs.) מגוה לעיד, ליקר (דיקר, ליקר), ליקר קרש *קרבו, to congeal* or *freeze;* hence היקר, akin to xpúoc, xpúσταλλος.

ר חייך I) pr. n. m. (bald-head, r. דיך I) 2 K. 25, 23.

<u>ווון (like (גַר</u>ו m. a bald-headed person, having a bald spot on the crown or hinder part (diff. from נְגָרַ)</u> Lev. 13, 40. <u>וו קר</u>ות (w. suf. קרח ד. ד<u>י</u>ם) II) m. 1) *ice* Job 6, 16; fig. *cold* or *iciness* Gen. 31, 40. 2) *crystal*, as resembling ice Ez. 1, 22.

קרחי (w. suf. קרחי) m. 1) i. q. קרחי, ice or hail, only Ps. 147, 17 (in some texts). 2) pr. n. m. (prob. ice) Ex. 6, 21; patron. קרחי, Korahite Ex. 6, 24, pl. בקרחים 1 Ch. 9, 19.

אָרָדָא f. baldness, only Ez. 27, 31; r. דָרָד I.

ור ווייך (r. ווייך I) f. baldness, of the crown or back of the head Lev. 21, 5, Is. 3, 24; also of the front or forehead (i. q. נקרא: Deut. 14, 1.

ל (w. suf. יש, w. firm) f. baldness of the crown or back of the head Lev. 13, 42; fig. naplessness, bareness of cloth i. e. a thread-bare spot Lev. 13, 55; r. הכם I.

רָרָדו (in pause כָּרָדו ; רָרָדו) m. prop. encounter, fig. opposition or antagonism, אַרָרָן w. דָרָר יס קרי to walk with some body in opposition, i. e. to act at variance w. him Lev. 26, 21. 24; דָרְעָרוּ קרָר to walk with some body in the wrath of opposition i. e. to treat him w. displeasure for his contumacy Lev. 26, 28; r. דָרָף.

NTP (old part. pass. of NT I) adj. m. called, hence select or chosen Num. 16, 2, also in K'thibh of Num. 1, 16.

P, also קריד Chald. (def. קריד, def. קריק, a city Ezr. 4, 10. 15.

וֹרָאָר; f. a cry or proclamation (Sept. χήρυγμα), only Jon. 3, 2; r. יקר.

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and ערר I, all being expressive of enclosure and defence; cf. Keltic caer a walled town. - grocurs as part of many pr. names; e. g. city of Arba) the earlier קריה אינגע name of Hebron Gen. 23, 2; קריה ק' רערים (city of Baal) called also רערים Josh. 15, 60; קריה הצוח (street-town) a city in Moab Num. 22, 39; קרית יערים קרית forest-town, called also קרית שלים Ezr. 2, 25, simply קריה Josh. 18, 28, also בְּעָל) a city on the borders of Benjamin and Judah Josh. 9, 17; perh. bush-town, called קריה סנה also דְבָרָף and דְבָרָר) a city in Judah Josh. 15, 49; קריה-סמר (booktown, called also p) a city in Judah Josh. 15, 15; קרית־ערים (i. q. ק'־רָעָרָים) Ez. 2, 25.

קריה Chald. city, see אריק.

קריות pr. n. (cities) of a city in Judah (Sept. Καριώθ) Josh. 15, 25, hence prob. Ισχαριώτης (איש קריות) Mat. 10, 4; also of a city in Moab Jer. 48, 24.

קרית - יָשָׁרִים Josh. 18, 28, see קרית

רְרָתְים pr. n. (double city) of a city in Reuben Num. 32, 37; also of a city in Naphtali 1 Ch. 6, 61.

(fut. רְקָרֵם) akin to רְקָרֵם, Aram. אָקָרֵם, 1) to cover, to lay on skin, w. אַב Ez. 37, 6. 2) intrans. to spread over, w. אַב Ez. 37, 8.

(denom. from קרן) to have horns, fig. to emit streaks or rays of light, to eradiate Ex. 34, 29, comp. דיך in Hab. 3, 4. — Hiph. to put forth horns, then to be horned, said of cattle Ps. 69, 32.

קרְנַים (w. suf. קרְנַי , dual פָרְנַים, קרְנַים Dan. 8, 3, c. קרְנַי , p. pl. קרָנָי , c. קרָנוֹח, see r. below) f. a horn of an

ox, ram, buffalo Gen. 22, 13, Ps. 22, 22; an artificial horn 1 K. 22, 11, 6 horn-vessel (cf. our drinking-horn, powder-horn; see קרך בשרך) 1 Sam. 16, 1; a horn for blowing, a windinstrument Josh. 6, 5; tusk of an elephant, קרנוח שן ivory horns i. e. elephant's tusks Ez. 27, 15; peak or summit, as the mountain's horn (cf. Matterhorn in Switzerland) Is. 5, 1; beam or streak of light, in dual רְּכָרָם rays of light Hab. 3, 4. - TP is a symbol of power, then majesty or dignity, or (in a bad sense) pride or arrogance, hence ברים קרים to raise the horn of any one, i. e. to give him power or dignity Ps. 89, 18, to raise one's own horn, i.e. to become arrogant or threatening Ps. 75, 5; min קרן ישתי Ps. 18, 3 the Eternal is the horn of my salvation, i. e. He affords strength for vanquishing my enemies, comp. Jer. 48, 25. --- Prob. from r. קאר I (to pierce or dig) w. old format. ending]___, as in Ir [[see on letter 3, p. 390); akin to Sans. carnis (horn, said to be from r. $c\hat{a}r = E$. to gore), xépaç, L. cornu, Kelt. corn, G. and E. horn.

אָרָשָרָ pr. n. f. (the pigmenthorn) of one of Job's daughters Job 42, 14.

סקר prob. akin to קרע, to bow or bend, to sink down, only Is. 46, 1; hence

ערָסָי (pl. אָרְסָרָה, c. קרְסָר, w. suf. קרְסָרוּ) m. prop. *a bend*, esp. *a hook* made to fit in an eye for fastening Ex. 26, 6.

ברים 🐜 פרים.

קרטל (du. קרָאָלָים, w. suf. יקרָאָלָים) m. prop. a small bend (skin to קרָס w. dimin. ending א see letter , p. 312), hence ankle Ps. 18, 37, 2 Sam. 22, 37.

[יְקָרַע (fut. יְקָרָע) mimet. akin to TP, 1) to rend Lev. 13, 56, 2 K. 2, 12; to tear open a garment in token of grief Gen. 37, 29; hence to open, the heavens Is. 63, 19, windows Jer. 22, 14; קרע ערנים בפון Jer. 4, 30 to rend the eyes with the stibium or pigment i. e. prob. to paint a black streak on the rim of the eyelids so as to make the eyes appear more open and larger. 2) to tear to pieces 1 K. 11, 30, as a wild beast Hos. 13, 8; also to cut up or into fragments, a book Jer. 36, 23. 3) fig. to remove, take away, w. מַרָל 1 Sam. 15, 28, מַרָל 1 1 K. 11, 12, 77 1 K. 14, 8; intrans. to tear oneself away, to break off or revolt 2 K. 17, 21. 4) fig. to slander (cf. E. 'to pull to pieces' = to traduce) Ps. 35, 15. — Niph. 1) to be rent or torn Ex. 28, 32; to be torn down, said of a demolished altar 1 K. 13, 3. Hence

קרע (only pl. קרָצָים) m. a rending, then pl. pieces torn 1 K. 11, 30; rags, tattered clothes Prov. 23, 21.

עריך, (fut. ירָרץ) mimet. akin to destroy; hence perh. ירָרָף. 2) fig. to bite, אָרָשָׁ אָרָף to bite the lips, said of a plotter of mischief Prov. 16, 30; ירָשָׁרָיָם to bite the eyes i. e. to close them or to wink in derision and contempt Ps. 35, 19, also ירָשָירָים (cf. Gram. § 138, Rem. 3, Note²) Prov. 6, 13. — Pa. ירָדף to be torn or bitten off, fig. to be fashioned as an earthen vessel, which the potter forms by aipping off some of the clay Job 33, 6. Hence V.P.m. a biting or gnawing away, fig. destruction, only in Jer. 48, 20, where it may well be biter or stinger (Vulg. stimulator), hence a gadfly or breese (olstpoc).

ער Chald. m. i. q. Syr. אין, a piece, אָבָלא קרצוֹדָא דָי Dan. 6, 25 they ate up the pieces of Daniel i. e. they slandered him, cf. Heb. דָרָע 4.

קרקר pr. n. (i. q. Arab. קרקר ground or expanse; perh. akin to קרקע of a place Judg. 8, 10.

נס cut or split up; hence

עָרָשָׁים, (w. suf. קַרָשָׁים, pl. פַרְשָׁים, c. קרָשִׁים, w. suf. פַרְשָׁי קרָשָׁים, w. suf. (פְרָשָׁיי) m. prop. a cutting or plank Ex. 26, 15; collect. planking or banks, for rowers Ez. 27, 6.

(דָּלָח from דָּלָּח from דָּלָּח m. i. q. קַרְיָח *a city* Job 29, 7, Prov. 8, 3. — Cf. Chald. קַרְיָח, L. Cirta (the capital of Mauritania), קרָח חדשת קרח חדשת, i. e. new city) Carthage, found on ancient coins for Kapχηδών, L. Carthago.

קרָשָּר pr. n. (city, r. קרָשָּר) of a place in Zebulon Josh. 21, 84.

ור אָדָרָאָד Pr. n. (double city, prob. old dual of קרְנָהָדָם וּ, i. qָרָהָדָם וּ Ch. 6, 61) of a city in Naphtali Josh. 21, 32.

D m. 1) dry straw, esp. stubble Ex. 5, 12, which was usually burnt Ex. 15, 7. 2) chaff separated from the grain Is. 41, 2; r. wwp I.

NUP (obs.) prob. akin to HUP I, HUP, to hold or contain, as a vessel; prob. hence

NUP (only pl. Disc.) m. i. q. Syr. 120, Arab. 203, a cucumber or gourd, only Num. 11, 5. ---- Prob. akin to rup a bowl or cup, the shell of this vegetable often serving for a vessel, called calabash or gourd; hence prob. sixuo; by transposition.

(fut. مرتب to point or sharpen (the ear), fig. to be attentive, to hearken Is. 32, 3. — Hiph. to pay attention, listen Is. 10, 30; w. by, by Prov. 17, 4, Neh. 9, 34, b Ps. 5, 3, a Ps. 66, 19to hearken to, also w. acc. Job 13, 6; prop. to prick up (mostly w. 11%), as in مرتب Ps. 10, 17 thou will prick up thy ear, i. e. thou wilt be attentive. — Cf. L. ausculto (to prick up the ear) = auris + cello = ooc + xthlw, see lik. Hence

שְׁבָּח adj. m., only in f. שְׁבָּא pricking up, fig. attentive, said of the ear Neh. 1, 6; r. בַשָּׁב

שנית (r. שניים) adj. m., only f. pl. שיבוית pricked up, fig. attentive or sharp, said of the ears in 2 Ch. 6, 40, Ps. 130, 2.

ו (fut העליי, spoe שבי) to be sapless, dry or parched up. then to be hard, harsh, of words 2 Sam. 19, 44; to be severe, of anger Gen. 49, 7 or punishment 1 Sam. 5, 7; to be difficult Deut. 1, 17. - Niph. only in part. بجين hardly dealt with Is. 8, 21. - Pi. (fut. apoc. Up.) to make hard effort, הקשש בלו Gen. 35, 16 and she laboured hard in her childbearing. - Hiph. (fut. apoc. 2) 1) to harden e. g. one's own neck or heart Deut. 10, 16, Ps. 95, 8; also the heart of another Ex. 7, 3; fig. to render heavy, a yoke 1 K. 12, 4. 2) w.inf. (adverbially, Gram. § 142, Bem. 1) to make difficult, at the man Ex. 18, 15 he made it a hard matter to let us go i. e. would hardly let us go, cf. 2 K. 2, 10.

קשה

to turn of make round; hence Tit. I.

to hold or contain; hence rup a book

I = I (obs.)prob. skin to roo, to cover or protect; hence reper.

קשר ו (only pl. האָדָּרָ, c. האָדָרָ, w. suf. קשר ו (קשר) f. prop. a receiver or holder (r. השר ו), hence a vessel or bowl Ex. 25, 29, Num. 4, 7.

I Sam. 1, 15; strong or violent, of a wind Is. 27, 8; fierce, of a battle 2 Sam. 2, 17; difficult Ex. 18, 26.

a bowl; see noun rigp.

. Chup Chald. (i. q. Heb. بعضه) m. truth Dan. 4, 34; المناج of a truth, truty Dan. 2, 47.

אַשָּׁרָת Ex. 37, 16, קשוֹת Num. 4, 7, see noun הקד.

(Qal obs.) i. q. الله , Arab. نَسَعَ، to be hard. — Hiph. to harden Is. 63, 17; fig. to treat harshly Job 39, 16.

لَسُطَ (obs.) akin to تلاقب i. q. Arab. لَسُطَ , to weigh out, fig. to be just, true; hence

DEP Chald., see Dimp.

DPm. justness, only Prov. 22, 21.

נסא או או געשר (obs.) akin to שער, to weigh out; hence אייקאייקי.

CP m. hardness, fig. obduracy, only Deut. 9, 27; r. اتتوا I.

קשרף pr. n. (hardness, r. קשרן) of a place in Issachar Josh. 19, 20, but ביש in 1 Ch. 6, 57.

الرجية (r. ترجية) f. something weighed out (Arab. عنه), a weight of gold or silver (cf. جين), L. pondus, E. pound), prob. worth four shekels Gen. 33, 19 (cf. 23, 16), Josh. 24, 32.

קשָׁקשׁים (r. בַּשָׁרָ אוֹם, אָשָׁרָשָׁר, w. suf. קרשַרָשָרָר f. fish-scale Lev. 11, 9, שיקשים harness of scales i.e. a scaly coat of mail 1 Sam. 17, 5.

🖉 🛃 (fut. יקטוֹד) 1) to bind or tie Job 40, 29, w. by or p to bind on or to Gen. 38, 28, Josh. 2, 18; part. pass. f. greatly attached, w. 2 to Gen. 44, 30. 2) intrans. to be bound, to conspire Neh. 4, 2, part. pl. קארים conspirators 2 Bam. 15, 81; fig. to be well-knit, strong, part. The strong, robust Gen. 30, 42. - Niph. to be bound, fig. to be attached to, w. 2 1 Sam. 18, 1; to be fastened together, fig. to be completed Neh 3, 38. - Pi. to bind Job 38, 31; to bind on Is. 49, 18. - Pu. only part. שליות well-knit or strong cattle Gen. 30, 41. - Hiph. to bind one another, to form a conspiracy, w. 2 K. 9, 14. Hence يوخ

שור (w. suf. קשר) m. a conspiracy 2 K. 11, 14, קשר קשר קשר to form a conspiracy against 2 K. 14, 19.

קשָׁרִים (only pl. (מָשָׁרִים) m. a girdle Is. 3, 20; r. קשַׁר.

(which see), تبتيت (which see), تبتيت (which see), تبتيت (which see), تبتيت , i. q. Arab. قَدْمُ to be dry or withered, as a plant; hence the stubble, whence the denominative

gather straw or stubble, then fig. to gather or put things together in the mind, to reflect Zeph. 2, 1. — Po. wip to gather stubble Ex. 5, 7 or wood Num. 15, 32. — Hithpo. wippers to gather up oneself, fig. to collect one's thoughts Zeph. 2, 1.

تَسَ (obs.) i. q. Arab. قَسَ , to rub or peel off; hence مينيوي.

קשָׁתוֹת (w. suf. קשָׁתּיד, pl. קשָׁתוֹת, c. קשָׁתוֹת ן: r. בוֹשָׁתוֹת I) com. gend. a bow

רָאָרו

Gen. 21, 16; fig. rainbow Gen. 9, 13, Es. 1, 28; rainbow Gen. 9, 13, Es. 1, 28; rainbow Job of a bow i. e. an arrow Job 41, 20; collect. bows Is. 21, 17; 22, 3; rainbow Job 41, 20; collect. bows Is. 21, 17; 22, 3; rainbow Job 41, 20; collect. bows Is. 21, 17; 22, 3; rainbow Job 41, 20; collect. bows Is. 21, 17; 22, 3; rainbow Job 41, 20; collect. bows Is. 21, 17; 22, 3; rainbow Job 41, 20; collect. bows Is. 21, 17; 22, 3; rainbow Job 41, 20; collect. bows Is. 21, 17; 22, 3; rainbow Job 41, 20; collect. bows Is. 21, 17; 22, 3; rainbow Job 41, 20; collect. bows Is. 21, 17; 22, 3; rainbow Job 41, 20; collect. bows Is. 21, 17; 22, 3; rainbow Job 41, 20; collect. bows Is. 21, 17; 22, 3; rainbow Job 41, 20; collect. bows Is. 21, 17; 22, 3; rainbow Job 41, 20; collect. bows Is. 21, 17; 22, 3; rainbow Job 41, 20; collect. bows Is. 21, 17; 22, 3; rainbow Job 41, 20; bow of deception i. e. a bow bent for shooting, but from which no arrow is discharged, hence a symbol of unfulfilled purpose Ps. 78, 57. — In 2 Sam. 1, 18 rainbow Job 40; Job 40

ஸ்ஜ் (fron பஜ்) m a bouman, archer Gen. 21, 20.

to serve; perh. hence יקראל,

לה Chald. (obs.) perh. akin to שָׁרָה װ מָשָר to bind or tie, to string; perh. hence שִׁיָּדָיָה (which see) and

סרוס Chald. m. a harp, lyre Dan. 3, 5 in Q'ri; see קרברס

Rish, the 20th Heb. letter, and serving as a numeral for 200. Its earliest form Q (see Table of Ancient Alphabets) prob. pictures a head, which also its name $\forall \neg \neg$ (= Chald. $\forall \forall \neg \neg$ = Heb. $\forall \forall \neg \neg$) denotes; hence the Greek P (anciently also 4) with its name 'P \tilde{w} (for ' $P\tilde{w}\varsigma$), and our Roman B; see Gram. § 6, 2, 1.

רָרָאָד, apoc. רְרָאָד, infin. absol. רְרָאָד, Gen. 26, 28, c. רָאָזי, Gen. 48, 11, once רָאָזית, נאַזית

Hz. 28, 17, see Gram. § 75, Bem. 2) perh. akin to ray III, cf. opáw, 1) to see, w. aco. Gen. 7, 1; to see the sum Ecc. 7, 11 or else to see the light i. e. to live Ps. 49, 20. 2) to have sight, אַנָם דַלם רַאָּיתִי אָתֵרֵי בָאָי Gen. 16, 13 do I even here see after a vision? (of God) i. e. am I not dead or blinded? cf. Judg. 13, 22, Acts 9, 3-9. 3) to look at, to view Gen. 11, 5; to gaze at Is. 58, 2, Prov. 23, 31; to stare at Cant. 1, 6. 4) to regard, contemplate or consider Is. 26, 10, Ecc. 7, 14, w. 7 Ps. 106, 44. 5) to look to, see after Gen. 39, 23, 1 K. 12, 16; to look out anything, provide Gen. 22, 8, part. pass. looked out, selected Est. 2, 9. 6) to visit, go to see 2 Bam. 13, 5. 7) fig. to perceive or feel e. g. warmth Is. 44, 16, also to experience anything, as prosperity Ps. 34, 13, adversity Lam. 3, 1, death Ps. 89, 49, to enjoy sleep Ecc. 8, 16. 8) of mental perception, to perceive or understand Gen. 8, 6, רַאָה בָרן to discern between i. e. to mark the difference Mal. 3, 18. - Niph. to be seen Judg. 5, 8, 2 Sam. 17, 17; to show oneself, appear, w. פַּנָר ,אָת־פָּנָר ,אָת of person to whom Lev. 13, 7, Jer. 31, 3, Ex. 34, 23, Ps. 42, 3. 3) to be looked out, provided Gen. 22, 14. — Pu. (only 3 pl. 487) to be seen Job 33, 21. -, הַרָאָה fut. הַרְאָה (fut. הַרְאָה, apoc. (T) 1) to cause to see or to let see Gen. 48, 11; to show Ex. 25, 9; to cause to look at w. delight, w. A Ps. 59, 11. 2) to cause one to experience adversity or prosperity Hab. 1, 3, Ecc. 2, 24, w. 7 of thing seen or experienced Ps. 50, 23. - Hoph. to be caused to see, to be shown anything, part. אָשָר אָקָה נָרָאָה Ex. 25, 40 which thou wast caused to see; w. acc. of pers. (cf. Gram. § 143, 1, a) priest shall be made to see, i. e. it shall be shown him. — Hith. to look at one another, either as doubting what to do Gen. 42, 1, or as threatening to fight 2 K. 14, 8. Hence

ל, a vulture, only Deut. 14, 13, perh. so called from its sharp sight (r. דָאָד); but perh. akin to the name דָאָד), used for it in Lev. 11, 14.

קאָר (ראַצָּה (ראַצָּה) adj. m. seeing or viewing, only in בָּאָר עָרָי in view of my affliction; r. רָאָה.

(pl. ראים) m. prop. part. seeing, then subst. 1) a seer, ancient name for prophet 1 Sam. 9, 9; pl. Is. 30, 10. 2) i. q. אָאָר, a vision, יַבָּגר בָּרָאָר Is. 28, 7 they reel in the vision. 3) pr. n. m. (the seer i. e. God) 1 Ch. 2, 52, but רָאָרָה in 4, 2.

ארָבָן pr. n. m. (prob. see ye a son) of Jacob's eldest son Gen. 29, 32; patron. רארָבָני *Reubenite* 1 Ch. 11, 42, collect. *Reubenites* Deut. 3, 12.

inf. Qal of רָאָרָד (cf. Gram. § 45, 1, b), only Ez. 28, 17 ירִשְּרָק *I have set thee for* (them) to look at thee, i.e. for a spectacle to men.

יר ארָרָד, pr. n. f. (prob. exalted, r. רָאָר I) Gen. 22, 24.

רארת (r. רָאָד) f. a seeing or sight, only Ecc. 5, 10, but ראיה in K'thibh.

אָאָ m. *a mirror*, only Job 37, 18; r. הָאָה.

רָאָד (in pause רָאָד; r. דָאָר) m. 1) a vision or sight Gen. 16, 13. 2) view, appearance 1 Sam. 16, 12, out of sight Job 33, 21. 3) a spectacle or gazing-stock Nab. 3, 6.

קרָאָרָד pr. n. m. (קּאָרָד sees) 1 Cn. 4, 2, but הָרָאָד in 1 Ch. 2, 52.

רארם Ps. 92, 11, see רארם.

דאשק Josh. 21, 10, see ראשון.

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רָאָר (r. רָאָד) f. a seeing or sight, only Ecc. 5, 10, but רָאָר in Q'ri.

על (obs.) prob. skin to דָּצָל, to reel; hence הַרָאָלָת.

גער אין אין אין אין I akin to גער אין אין גער אין דער, to be high or exalted, only Zech. 14, 10.

חבר וו (obs.) prob. mimet. akin to roar or bellow; prob. hence

Job 39, 9 (pl. רָאָנים, רָאָנים, רָאָנים, רָאָנים, רָאָנים, Ps. 22, 22) m. prop. bellower (r. רָאָנים, II), hence buffalo or wild bull Num. 23, 22, doing much mischief with its fine horns Deut. 33, 17, Ps. 92, 11, 22, doing much mischief with its fine horns Deut. 33, 17, Ps. 92, 11, ---- Some have fancied the word to mean a unicorn (Sept. μονόχερως) or a rhinoceros, others a large antelope, according to the Arab.

הראברת (רדים בו רדים) f. pl. 1) heights, fig. sublime or unattainable things Prov. 24, 7. 2) pr. n. of a city in Gilead Josh. 20, 8, same as city in 1 K. 4, 13, also of a city in Issachar 1 Ch. 6, 58. 3) corals Job 28, 18, Ez. 27, 16, prob. so named from their being highly valued or honoured.

קאבַרת הָוָר pr.n. (southern height) of a city in Simeon Josh. 19, 8, called also רְמוֹח נָב Sam. 30, 27.

DN Prov. 10, 4 poor, see 17.

עלא (r. רוש) m. i. q. רוש, poverty, only Prov. 6, 11.

DAn. Chald. (w. suf. באשה, pl. באשה, pl. באשה Dan. 7, 6, w. suf. באשרק Ezr. 5, 10) m. 1) the head Dan. 2, 32, באשר Dan. 4, 2 visions of my

head i. e. dreams. 2) fig. the amount; sum total Dan. 7, 1; cf. Heb. thr.

(obs.) perh. akin to ترجع (obs.), fo tremble or shake, esp. of the head; perh. hence

I (prob. for איז); irreg. pl. for ראשים Gram. § 96, but w. suf. once דאטיד Is. 15, 2) m. i. q. Aram. تشمر , Arab. رأس , 1) the head Gen. 3, 15; fig. a person 1 Ch. 12, 28, לראש גבר Judg. 5, 30 to the head of a man i. e. individually to each person. 2) top or summit of high objects Gen. 8, 5, 1 K. 10, 19, tip or point of a sceptre Est. 5, 2, car of corn Job 24, 24, fig. highest part or chief position of a valley Is. 28, 1. 3) chief or prince Deut. 1, 15, min win a head of fathers, a patriarch, from whom fathers of families are derived Ex. 6, 25, also called האש ביה אבות Ex. 6, 14; פֿרָר דָראש priest of the head, i. e. chief priest 2 Ch. 19, 11; esp. chief city or capital Josh. 11, 10 (cf. Arab. الراس for Mecca); then chief, highest or best of its kind, e.g. of spices Cant. 4, 14, of gladness Ps. 137, 6. 4) the sum (L. summa) or total, prop. highest number in a series Ps. 139, 17, the principal of a deposit Lev. 5, 23; hence band or troop of soldiers Judg. 7, 16. 5) foremost part, front, when at the head of, i. e. in front Deut. 20, 9, from beginning even מראש וצר סוק to end Ecc. 3, 11; used of time, beginning of Ex. 12, 2, thing from the beginning Is. 40, 21. 6) DR-, once tin (Deut. 32, 32) as the name of a poisonous plant, prob. the poppy Deut. 29, 17, perh. so called from its head; שר ראש poppy-juice Jer. 8, 14; poison, even of serpents Deut. 32, 33, Job 20, 16.

רָבָבָא

UN[¬]II pr. n. (perh. chief) 1) of a northern nation, mentioned together with Meshech and Tubal Ez. 38, 2, prob. ancestors of the *Russians*. 2) a son of Benjamin Gen. 46, 21.

(only pl. w. suf. ראטוריקס (only pl. w. suf. ראטוריקס) f. beginnings, only Ez. 36, 11.

לעשר (from ראש) f. the beginning of a wall, only in דְּאָבְן הָראָשָׁ stone the beginning (in apposition, cf. Gram. § 113) i. e. the first corner stone Zech. 4, 7.

באשרום Ezr. 5, 10, see Chald. באשרום

י אַשׁוֹרָד 1 Sam. 26, 12, see בִרְאָשׁוֹת.

ראש heads, see שאיז.

, see אשור, see אשנה

אטיר adj. m., only in fem. first, only Jer. 25, 1.

ריב , see r. דָר.

ריב see noun, ירב,

אָרָב Job 35, 9 (before Maqq. דְבָב אָי, w. suf. אָרָב, pl. c. דְבָ, r. בָן I) m. multitude, largeness or abundance Is. 1, 11; קבר ness of the way Josh. 9, 18; אָלָב as adv. abundantly 1 Ch. 12, 40.

רֵב (in pause רֵב, pl. רַב; r. רָבָב I) adj. m. , רְבָה (c. רְבָת, w. י_ parag. רְבָּחי Lam. 1, 1, pl. רְבָּחי f. 1) much, large, numerous (mostly πολύς in Sept.) 1 K. 10, 2, Gen. 26, 14, pl. many Gen. 21, 34. 2) abounding in Prov. 14, 29, רְבָרם a woman abounding in sons 1 Sam. 2, 5; enough Gen. 45, 28, דֶכ-לָהָ enough for thee, it suffices thee Deut. 9, 26; as adv. רַבָּח, הַבָּח much Ps. 62, 3, enough Ps. 120, 6. 3) great or vast Gen. 7, 11, Ps. 31, 20; pl רַבְּים the mighty Job 35, 9. 4) as subst. a chief or master 2 K. 25, 8, Prov. 26, 10; abstr. greatness Ps. 145, 7. וְקַרָּד Job 16, 13 is perh. his arrows (cf. r. II), prob. his mighty ones.

11 to shoot, arrows Gen. **49, 23** (Gram. § 67, Rem. 1); hence perh. **5** for arrow in Job 16, 18.

r, (רְדָבָן Chald. (only pl. רְדָבָן) f. 37*Google myriads, tens of thousands Dan. 7, 10 Q'ri.

רְבָבָדוֹ f. great multitude Ps. 3, 7. esp. a myriad Lev. 26, 8; pl. רְבָבוֹח (כ. רְבָבוֹח, רְבָבוֹח, אַ אַרָבוֹח, לאַ אָרָבוֹח, לאָנוּת) thousands 1 Sam. 18, 7.

I akin to דָּעָד, to spread a bed Prov. 7, 16.

, perh. (بَخَرَ, perh. (بَخَرَ), perh. المَرْجَدِينَ II (obs.) i. q. Arab. بَرْجَد (بَحَدَ اللهُ المَرْجَعَة ال

רָבָד Gen. 41, 42, see רְבָר.

ירב apoc. ירב or אנה to דָבָב I, 1) to multiply, to increase Gen. 7, 17. 2) to be large or abundant Ps. 49, 17, to grow up Gen. 21, 20. Job 27, 14; fig. to be long, of a way (cf. our 'great way off') Deut. 14, 24, to be strong or mighty, of God Job 33, 12. — Pi. to multiplicate Judg. 9, 29; to make or get much by, w. 2 Ps. 44, 13; to make to grow, to bring up the young Ez. 19, 2. – Hiph. הרְבָּה (fut. רֵרָבָּה, apoc. וורבה, imper. apoc. דרב, inf. abs. דרב Gen. 3, 16, הַרְבָּוֹת, c. (הָרְבָּוֹת) 1) to cause to be much, to multiply or increase, w. acc. Gen. 3, 16, Job 34, 37, w. 5 Hos. 10, 1; followed by inf. it has the force of the adverb much, greatly, דְרָבְהָה לְהָהְפָלֵל 1 Sam. 1, 12 she mulliplied to pray i. e. she prayed much (see Gram. § 142, 2). to have or produce many, קרבה רגלים having many feet (cf. Gram. § (52, 2, Rem. 1) Lev. 11, 42. 3) inf. ראסא, seldom c. דובה Prov. **425**, 27) as adv. much, greatly 2 K. 10, 18, יאָשָׁר דִרְבֵּח מָאֹר 1 Sam. 26, 21 and I have very greatly erred; w. subst. it has the force of adj. great or much Gen. 15, 1, 2 Sam. 8, 8, many as in הקרים אל many books Ecc. דרבה נפל 112, 19; di subst. multitude דרבה נפל •70

בק דְעָב 2 Sam. 1, 4 a multitude of the people has fallen, so also רחיד in Am. 4, 9. 4) to make great, fig. to exalt or dignify Ps. 18, 36.

to grow, of a tree Dan. 4, 8. — Pa. to make great, fig. to exalt Dan. 2, 48.

וֹבָר (ר. בְרָב I) prop. adj. f. of בַי great, hence as subst. capital or suctropolis, then pr. n. 1) of the capital of the Ammonites 2 Sam. 11, 1, fully Deut. 3, 11. 2) of a city in Judah Josh. 15, 60.

רבל Chald. (def. רְבוּקא) f. greatness, amplitude, fig. majesty Dan. 4, 19.

לבי Gen. 49, 28, see r. בבי II.

לוֹם. Syr. בְּבָרוֹ – רְבָרָז – זָבָרָז, Syr. (io הוֹם, רְבָרָז, Syr. בָּהָז, also בָרָבוֹז, Ezr. 2, 64 (dual רְבוֹז בוֹז, pl. רְבוֹז Dan. 11, 12, רבוית Ezr. 2,69) f. prop. a great multitude, then esp. a myriad Jon. 4, 11; dual. two myriads, twenty thousand Ps. 68, 18; pl. myriads Dan. 11, 12, Ezr. 2, 69.

רבוא Ezr. 2, 64, see בוֹם and cf. Gram. § 23, 3, Rem. 3.

רַבָּע, see רַבַּוּע II.

רבות f. prob. i. q. הבות a myriad, לבות two myriad Neh. 7, 71.

Ps. 68, 18, see וביתרם Ps. 68, 18, see

(only pl. רְבִירִם) m. i. q. Arab. (הָבִירִם, copious rain, hence a shower, either as consisting of a multitude of drops (r. יָבָב I), or perh. as pelting (r. יָבָב II, cf. יָבָב) Deut. 32, 2, Jer. 3, 3.

רְבָד (c. רְבָד) m. a collar or neckchain, as an ornament Gen. 41, 42, Ez. 16, 11; r. רְבָד II.

יָבִרָּצָי = וְבָרָצָי (from obs. אָאָדָע = וְבָרָצָי; pL

ירְבִיעִיח , ordin. adj. m., רְבִיעִיח or גְנֵי וְבָיעִיח , fourth Gen. 1. 19, בְרַיעו sons of the fourth ones, i. e. children of the fourth generation 2K. 10, 30; f. קביעירו fourth of anything, a quarter Ex. 29, 40; see וְרָבָע

יָבִיעָאָח רְבִיעָיָא אָרָביעָיָא (def. (def. בְבָיעָי fem. def. (רְבַעָּיְתָא) ordin. adj. fourth Dan. 2, 40; 7, 19.

רְבָר pr. n. (prob. populous, r. [יְבָר I) of a city in Issachar Josh. 19, 20.

(Qal obs.) perh. akin to Arab. (J.), to commingle or saturate, as bread dipped in oil. — Hoph. to be saturated, only part. f. having been dipped in oil Lev. 6, 14.

רְבָר (obs.) prob. akin to רְבָר (w. format. ל, cf. p. 312), Arab. (i), to be abundant, fertile; hence

רְבְּלָה pr. n. (fertility) of a city in the region of Hamath, on the river Orontes, to the north of Palestine Num. 34, 11, Jer. 39, 5 w. דוכר. ירְבָלָחָד, traces of it are found in a place now called *Bibleh*.

קג אפנ רבימג.

pr. n. m. (prob. chief eunuch, see קריס) official title of a Chaldean magnate 2K. 18, 17, Jer. 39, 3.

I (inf. c. רְבְּשָׁה, cf. Gram. § 45, 1, Rem. b) akin to רְבָּעָה, to couch or *lie down*, esp. to *lie down with*, of bestiality Lev. 18, 23; the word has the same force in the Talmud and in Chald. generally. — Hiph. to cause to gender, of beasts Lev. 19, 19.

רְבָע II (denom. from obs. רְבָע שׁרָבָע four) to be four sided, square, part. pass. רְבָעָר f. רְבָע having four sides, square Ex. 27, 1, Ez. 41, 21. - Pu. to be made four-sided, square, part. 5 po four-sided, square 1 K.7, 81.

רְבָע I (w. suf. רְבָע; r. נְרָבָע; J) m. 1) *a lying down*, only Ps. 139, 8. 2) pr. n. m. (prob. repose) of a Midianitish king Josh. 13, 21.

רְבָעָרוּ (pl.w.suf: רְבָעָרוּ) m.i.q. 1) a fourth part Ex. 29, 40. 2) a side of a square Ez. 43, 16; akin to r. דְרָבָע. 11.

וֹבָע (akin to רָבָע II) m. a fourth, fourth part, quarter Num. 23, 10, 2 K. 6, 25.

לַבַּעָים (only pl. רְבָּעָהם, of. שֹׁלָשָׁ, שָׁלָשָׁים m. prop. one who stands fourth, hence in pl. men of the fourth generation Ex. 20, 5.

דבעה Ez. 41, 21, see רבעה II.

(fut. רָבַע) akin to רָבַע i. q. Arab. ريض, to lie down, couch as flocks, herds, and other animals Gen. 29, 2, Ps. 104, 22; to lie along, of a monster Ez. 29, 3; to sit, as a brooding bird Deut. 22, 6; prob. to crouch. לפרת השאת רבץ Gen. 4, 7 at the door sin crouches i. e. lies as a wild beast lurking for its prey, comp. Ps. 87, 8, 1 Pet. 5, 8 (see Gram. § 147, Rem. 2); fig. to rest Job 11, 19; to repose, of quiet or deep springs Gen. 49, 25; to settle down, of a lasting curse Deut. 29, 19. — Hiph. 1) to cause to lie down, of a flock Jer. 33, 12, fig. of persons Ps. 23, 2. 2) to lay or set stones in cement Is. 54, 11. Hence

רְבָּדְ (w. suf. רְבָּדִי) m. a couching or resting-place, of cattle Is. 35, 7, of men Prov. 24, 15.

(obs.) i. q. Arab. (אָדָבָק), to tie or fasten up an animal; hence קַרָשָ and

זרָקר, pr. n. f. (a noose, fig. a fascinating beauty) *Rebekah*, the wife of Isaac Gen. 22, 23.

רָבְרָב Chald. (redupl. form of כַּבְרָב, only pl. יַבְרְבְרָבו, m., יַבְרְבְרָבו, see Chald. i. q. Syr. ioid, great; hence

רְבְרְבָנִין Chald. (only pl. רְבְרְבָנִין) m. nobles, grandees Dan. 4, 83.

ירְבְשָׁרָן pr. n. m. (head butler, יב and r. הַשָּׁטָן of an Assyrian general 2 K. 18, 17.

בתו Lam. 1, 1 for בבו adj. f. sing. c. w. — parag. (see Gram. § 90, 3, *a*).

(obs.) prob. akin to רָנָם I, to heap up; hence אַרְגֹּב and

קָרָב, (only pl. רְנָבָים, c. יְנָבָים, cm. (רְנְבָר הַשָּׁר, c. יָבָר וּשָׁר הַשָּׁר, c. יָבָר וּשָׁר הַשָּ prop. *heaps*, then *clods* of earth Job 21, 33; 38, 38.

(obs.) prob. akin to דָבַע, Arab. to move or stir, Aram. (see Gram. \$ 55, 5, Note ²); prob. hence בָּגָ

(fut. יְרָעָל, שוּשׁר, j prob. mimet. akin to remove 2 Sam. 7, 10; to be moved or excited, w. > of cause Is. 14, 9; esp. to be agitated, from anger Prov. 29, 9, grief 2 Sam. 19, 1, fear Is. 32, 10, joy Jer. 33, 9. — Hiph. to cause to stir or move, to agitate Job 9, 6, Is. 13, 13; fig. to disturb or trouble w. acc. 1 Sam. 28, 15, w. > Jer. 50, 34, to provoke Job 12, 6. — Hith. to agitate oneself, to be enraged, w. >× at Is. 87, 28.

Chald. i. q. Heb. רְנָז to be excited or angry. — Aph. אַרָּנָז to provoke or anger Ezr. 5, 12; hence

Dan. 3, 13.

 fig. agitation or trouble Job 3, 17, Is. 14, 3; anger or wrath Hab. 3, 2. 2) commotion or rumbling, in the sky, thunder Job 37, 2. — Cf. the name Βοανεργές i. e. τζι, οίδι βροντής Mark 3, 17.

أَجْآً] adj. m. agitated, palpitating, of the heart, only Deut. 28, 65.

רָבְוָד f. commotion or trembling, only Ez. 12, 18; r. נון,

(<u>ר</u>גל prob. denom. from) (<u>ר</u>גל akin to Testir or move about on foot, hence 1) to pad or paddle, to tread, esp. clothes in washing or fulling, hence רגל a fuller (cf. Old E. a walker). 2) to gad or tramp about w. tales or scandal, hence to slander or backbite, Ps. נס to tattle on the רְנָל צָל לְשוֹך 15, 3 tongue, i. e. to use the tongue for calumny. - Pi. to go about much or often, hence 1) to gad about tattling, to slander, w. 2 2 Sam. 19, 28. 2) to pry about, to spy out Josh. 14, 7; part. מָרָגַל a scout or spy Gen. 42, 9. - Tiph. הִדְרָגַל (= Hiph., and Syr. . , see Gram. § 55, 5) to cause to use the feet, to teach to walk, of a child Hos. 11, 3.

לְהָלִי (in pause הְרָלִי, w. suf. הְרָלִי, pl. dual הְרָלִי, c. רְרָלִי, w. suf. רְרָלִי, pl. only fig.) com. gend. (seldom masc.) a foot of man or beast Ez. 1, 7, Lev. 13, 12; fig. a track Ex. 11, 8, a foot-step, pace Gen. 33, 14; a step or tread, fig. a time (cf. אָרָלָים 3), only in pl. הָלָלים לְרָלָים לוויד לוויד thrice Num. 22, 28. --- Prob. from obs. r. אָרָלָי, as in אָרָטָ; see on letter b, p. 312.

רְגָל or רְגָל Chald. (dual רְגָל, def. בְּגָל, w. suf. רְגָלי, m. a foot, of men Dan. 2, 33, of beasts Dan. 7, 4.

לָלָל (from רְּנָלִים; pl. רְּנָלִים Jer. 12, 5) m. i. q. Arab. (أَجِلٌ, *a foot-man*, one who goes on foot Ex. 12, 37; esp. *a foot-soldier* 1 Sam. 4, 10; once w. איש Judg. 20, 2.

רְגָלָים pr. n. (prob. fullers, r. רְגָלִים) of a town in Gilead 2 Sam. 17, 27.

I prob. akin to דָרָב , to heap up or pile, hence to pelt, esp. w. stones, hence to throw stones at, to stone, w. acc. of pers. Lev. 24, 14, w. לי ס בד בב 23, 47, Lev. 24, 16; w. לָאָרָן, אָגָרָים, אָאָרָיים, אָאָרָוּ stones 1 K. 12, 18, Lev. 20, 2, Num. 14, 10.

נספר. אוח (obs.) perh. akin to paint or variegate; perh. hence

וון (obs.) prob. akin to קום III (obs.) בגנם III (cbs.) רָקָש

Chald. (Pe. obs.) prob. akin to גָּכָל , דָכָל , גָּל hence to translate, only in — Taph. שִׁרְנָש to interpret, only in part. pass. שְׁרְנָש להַרָּנָש להַרָּנַש להַרָּנָש להַרָרָים להַרָּנָש להַרָּנָש להַרָרָים להַרָרָים להַרָּנָש להַרָרָים להַרָרָנָש להַרָרָים להַרָרָים להַרָרָים

رَجْم pr. n. m. (i. q. Arab. إَرْتِطَ friend) 1 Ch. 2, 47.

דָרֶם הֶזֶלֶד pr. n. m. (the king's friend) Zech. 7, 2.

רְבָרָה (r. רְבָם I) f. a heap, then a crowd of men, only Ps. 68, 28.

רָבָם prob. mimet. akin to רָבָם, to murmur Is. 29, 24. – Niph. (fut. יָבָו to rebel (cf. Gram. § 51, 2, b), Deut. 1, 27, Ps. 106, 25.

דָבָע I prob. mimet. akin to דָבָע, דָבָע, לי make a stir or commotion, hence 1) to alarm or terrify Is. 51, 15. 2) intrans. to tremble, esp. of the eyelids, to blink or wink, hence y. 3) to shrink or contract, fig. to heal up, of ulcerated skin, perh. in Job 7, 5. — Hiph. to cause to tremble (of the eye), to wink Prov. 12, 19, then fig. to give a sign by the eye, to give a wink Jer. 49, 19.

יש סר און דער
רְגָצֵר אֶרָץ, adj. m. quiet, רְגָצר אָרָץ Ps. 85, 20 the quiet ones of the land.

לב (ר. צי ד, ג' ד, בי ד, ג'
د برین akin to برین , to rage Ps. 2, 1 (cf. ἐφρύοξαν Acts 4, 25). تاریخ Chald. (Pe. obs.) i.q. Heb. نریخ, to rage.— Aph. to hasten tumultuously, w. کي Dan. 6, 7.

שָׁלָשׁ (r. רְּגַשׁ) m. crowd Ps. 55, 15, called so for its noise or agitation.

(רְבָשָׁד, (r. בְּשָׁד, f. crowd Fs. 64, S. ד. בי Is. 45, 1 for די inf. c. Qal of r. בי (see Gram. § 67, Rem. 3); but in Judg. 19, 11 a contraction for די, ד. ק. see r. בי.

(part. דֹד, inf. דֹד, is. 45, 1, cf. Gram. § 67, Bem. 3) akin to דָדָד, to tread down, trample out, fig. to subdue, subjugate Ps. 144, 2, Is. 45, 1. — Hiph. (fut. apoc. דָדָד) to make a stamping or treading, fig. to overlay, spread over, as if by treading, said of gold-beating 1 K. 6, 32.

Gen. 46, 3 inf. c. Qal of r. , but also imper. (w. - cohort.) in Gen. 45, 9; see Gram. § 69, Rems. 1 and 2.

(fut. יִרְהֵה, apoc. יִרְהֵה) akin to רָרָר', 1) to tread down, trample, esp. to tread grapes Joel 4, 13, also to press out honey Judg. 14, 9, from some fancied resemblance in the action; fig. to subdue, crush Is. 14, 6. 2) to tread along, walk at the side of, w. על ידי Jer. 5, 31; to walk over, w. 7 Ps. 49, 15; fig. to run along, spread, of fire Lam. 1, 13. 3) to tread on, fig. to have dominion over Lev. 25, 53, w. 2 id. Gen. 1, 26; to exercise lordship Ps. 72, 8. - Pi. (fut. apoc. ",) to crush to pieces, fig. to subdue utterly Judg. 5, 13. -Hiph. (fat. apoc. Tread down, fig. to subdue Is. 41, 2.

רָדָר pr. n. m. (subduer, r. רְדָר) 1 Ch. 2, 14.

(יְדִידִיּרָם, pl. (w. suf. יְדִידִי, pl. (יְדִידִים, prop. a spreading over, hence a veil Cant. 5, 7, Is. 3, 23; r. יָדַר.

(Qal obs.) mimet. akin to Arab. (Qal obs.) mimet. akin to Arab. (Cal obs.) mimet. akin to sleep heavily; hence το sleep Jon. 1, 5; to be stupefied or stunned Dan. 8, 18, Ps. 76, 7. — Prob. mimet. akin to Sans. drâi (to sleep), dapθávw, L. dormio, G. traum, E. dream, drone. רבם Ps. 68, 28 part. Qal of דיייי w. suf. ם----

gentil. pr. n. pl. of a people descended from Javan, mentioned along with נתאים 1 Ch. 1, 7; prob. the Rhodians, but some good texts read דינים as in Gen. 10, 4.

[(fut. יְרָהֹק, once יְרָהֹק Ps. 7, 6 for הדרק or ידרק, cf. הדרק Ex. 9, 23, p. 165) prob. akin to רְדָר (הַדָּר *press* or push, to drive, hence 1) to follow Judg. 3, 28. 2) to pursue, chase Gen. 14, 14, w. אָדָער Gen. 35, 5, אַדָער Judg. 7, 25, Job 19, 28 or acc. of obj. Gen. 14, 15; part. רֹדָה pursuer, persecutor Ps. 7, 2. 3) fig. to be eager after Is. 5, 11, Ps. 34, 15. 4) to chase away Lev. 26, 36. - Niph. 1) to be pursued, על צַיָּארֵנוּ נְרְהַפָּנוּ Lam. 5, 5 upon our neck have we been pursued, i. e. as if our foes sat on our necks to drive us. 2) to be chased away, fig. to be past or done with, only part. נְרָקָם Ecc. 3, 15. - Pi. 1) to follow, go after Hos. 2, 9; to pursue or drive Nah. 1, 8; fig. to be eager after, e. g. righteousness Prov. 15, 9. - Pu. to be chased or driven away Is. 17, 13. — Hiph. to give chase to, pursue Judg. 20, 43. — Hoph. to be chased, only part. מִרְהָה (which see) as subst. persecution Is. 14, 6.

רְדָרָת Gen. 44, 26 inf. c. Qal of r. רְרָר, Gram. § 69, Rem. 1.

(fut. רְרָתַב) prob. mimet. akin to אָרָתַם, Syr. בסוי, 1) to rage, be violent against, w. p Is. 3, 5. 2) to urge or press Prov. 6, 3. – Hiph. to arouse or excite Ps. 138, 3, Cant. 6, 5. Hence רְתַב, בחַב and

(only pl. רְדָבָרם) adj. m. irascible or proud, only Ps. 40, 5; r. רָדַר.

לזרי m. 1) violence or pride. לזרי Job 9, 13 proud helpers. 2) a רָחָב sea-monster Job 26, 12, so called for its fierce nature, perh. the crocodile; hence poet. a name for Egypt Ps. 87, 4, Is. 51, 9, cf. 30, 7; r. רְדֶעֹב.

(w. suf. רְדָעָם) m. pride or boasting, only Ps. 90, 10; r. רְדָהַב.

(obs.) prob. mimet. akin to (which see), to cry out; hence

pr. n. m. (outery) 1 Ch. 7, 34, in K'thibh רוֹהַנָּה.

(only fut. ארָדא prob. akin to , ירדע , to tremble, to be alarmed, only Is. 44, 8, where some texts read אַל־תָּרָאוּ fear ye not.

] (obs.) i. q. Aram. רְדָשׁ: גל אוח to דרך , רדץ , רדי akin to דר , רדץ , to run or flow; hence

(only pl. רְדָשִׁים) m. 1) a watering-trough Gen. 30, 38. 2) a curl, lock of hair Cant. 7, 6, so called from its flowing appearance.

m. a carved or fretted ceiling Cant. 1, 17 Q'ri; so called from its trough-like hollows; cf. φάτνωμα from φάτνη, L. lacunar from lacus.

(obs.) mimet. akin to דעם, דבים, to be noisy or in tumult; hence ידום *throng* (cf. Arab. גאַרְרָדָם in אַרְרָדָם.

ראַ Chald. (for רְאַי', w. suf. רֵּלַ, r. ראח (ראח) m. look, appearance or form, only Dan. 2, 31.

m. 1) i. q. רוב which see. 2) perh. for ריב strife Job 33, 19 Q'ri.

1, see **1** to strive or contend; comp. ירבעל

אַרָתַי, to run or flee (for refuge, cf. אָרָתַד, קראד); to run about or ramble, as an animal broken loose, fig. to run riot, to be unrestrained Jer. 2, 31, רחוידה עוד רד עם-אל Hos. 12, 1 Judah is yet unrestrained with God. i. e. makes light of His authority. --Hiph. ירד (fut. ירדי) to break loose, to cast off restraint Gen. 27, 40; fig. to wander Ps. 55, 3.

(fut. יִרְנֶח, S pl. יִרְנֶח) perh. akin to ry, to drink to the full or copiously, then to partake largely, indulge in, as pleasure Prov. 7, 18 or dainty food, w. بت Ps. 36, 9; fig. to be drenched or sated, w. 70, said of the sword Jer. 46, 10. -רוח דו to be soaked with, w. פן Is. 34, 7; fig. to be sated, of the devastating sword Is. 34, 5. 2) to drench Ps. 65, 11; fig. אריוה המעחר I will water thee w. my tears Is. 16, 9, where prob. ארויק should be read; to satiate Prov. 5, 19, Jer. 31, 14. - Hiph. to give to drink Jer. 81, 25, Lam. 8, 15; to water or irrigate the ground Is. 55, 10; fig. to satiate Is. 43, 24. ---- Perh. akin to Sans. ri (flow), btw, L. ruo, rigo, rivus, Rhenus, Rodanus, W. rhewyn, rhyd, E. run. Hence

(c. רְנָח) adj. m., לָנָה f. drunken, filled with drink Deut. 29. 18; watered, of a garden Is. 58, 11.

רוהנה, see רוהנה.

(obs.) akin to Syr. 115, to hide or keep secret; prob. hence 17. רוֹדָן, see יוֹדָן.

(fut. רּהַד) akin to רּהַד, Arab. (), to breathe, to have breathingroom, hence to be roomy; only impers. kin to רדץ, Arab. | לו גנה is spacious to i. e. one

breathes freely or feels relieved 1 Sam. 16, 23, Job 32, 20. — Pu. to be made spacious, only part. קון airy, spacious Jer. 22, 14. Hence

m n. 1) i. q. Arab. (), breathing-room, a space Gen. 32, 17. 2) fig. relief Est. 4, 14.

(Qalobs.) prob. akin to דָרָוָח, to breathe or blow (of. Arab. לוֹס לוֹס, to blow, of the wind); hence דָרָח, - Hiph. דָרָרָח (fut. דָרָרָח, apoc. - רָרָרָח, apoc. - Hiph. דָרָרָח (קָרָח, apoc. - אָרָרָדָח, apoc. - Hiph. גָרָרָח (קָרָח, apoc. - אָרָרָדָח, apoc. - Hiph. גָרָרָח , apoc. - Hiph. גָרָרָח , apoc. - אָרָרָח , apoc. - אָרָרָק , apoc. - אָרָרָק , apoc. - אָרָרָק , apoc. - אָרָרָק , apoc. - גָרָרָק , apoc. - גָרָק ,

(w. suf. רָרָד, קובאר, pl. היהדי, Jer. 49, 36) com. gend. 1) the breath of the nostrils or mouth Job 4, 9, Ps. 33, 6; השרב רוים to take breath Job 9, 18; ראה breath breath of life, vital breath Gen. 6, 17; fig. anger or pride Zech. 6, 8, Ps. 76, 13; evanescence or transitoriness Job 7, 7. 2) air, wind or breeze Job 4, 15, רדת למy-breeze, i. e. the cool of evening Gen. 3, 8, wind or *tempest* Gen. 8, 1, Job 1, 19; fig. 1) quarter of the heavens, whence a wind blows, רות קדים eastern quarter Ez. 42, 16, אָרָבָע רוּהוֹת the four quarters of the heavens Zech. 2, 10. 2) emptiness or vanity, הְבְרֵי רוּחַ vain words Job 16, 3, רַעַרוֹך rain vain desire Ecc. 1, 17, לָרוּחַ for the wind, i. e. to no purpose Ecc. 5, 15. 3) soul, spirit or life, as the breathing principle (like τρ. 1, ψυχή, L. anima), said of men and beasts Ecc. 3, 19. 4) mind, intellect, disposition (dunds, vous, L. animus) Job 20, 3, Ps. 51, 12, Is. 19, 3, Es. 11, 19, דבקו wise intellect Is. 11, 2, אין מוסט מוסט מוסט מוסט מוסט מוסט מוסט 5, 14. 5) אין דאין דיין אין דיין לויזיה Spirit Gen. 1, 2, Is. 40, 13 (also רדין קושר, but always w. suf. as מוסט רדין Ps. 51, 13), that gives effect to the will of God in the world of matter and of mind.

ראות Chald. (def. אראיז, pl. c. ראיז) i. q. Heb. 1) wind Dan. 2, 35; pl. Dan. 7, 2. 2) spirit or mind (L. animus) Dan. 5, 20. 3) inspiration or insight Dan. 4, 5.

(w. suf. רְרָתָרָז:, r. רְרָתָרָז) f. a breathing Lam. 3, 56; fig. breathingtime, respite Ex. 8, 11.

וְרָדָרָה (רְרָה דְרָדָר) f. abundance or fulness Ps. 66, 12, רְרָדָר Ps. 23, 5 my cup (i. e. portion) is abundance i. e. satisfying my desire.

ריים (fut. יָרָגם, apoc. יָרָגם, דרם , Ex. 16, 20) akin to דרם I, דרם רָבָם, 1) to be or become high, Gen. 7, 17, Job 22, 12; fig. to be lofty, proud, of the eyes Prov. 30, 13. 2) to breed, only in וילצים Ex. 16, 20 and it (i. e. manna) bred worms, but see רְבָם II; fig. to be puffed wp, of a proud heart Deut. 8, 14. 3) to rise up, to exalt oneself, fig. to show oneself great and mighty Ps. 21, 14, w. z against Ps. 13, 3. 4) to be raised up or elevated, as a high-way Is. 49, 11; fig. to be exalted, dignified, of a prosperous city Prov. 11, 11, personal prowess Ps. 89, 17, said also of a hand Deut. 32, 27 and head Ps. 27, 6; part. בָּמָה and רָּמָה (which see). - Pil. Dyin 1) to raise up, make high Ps. 107, 25; hence of a house, to build Ezr. 9, 9; of a plant, to make to grow, to cultivate Ez. 31, 4; of

children, to rear or bring up Is. 1, 2, 2) to lift up high Ps. 27, 5; fig. to make prosperous 1 Sam. 2, 7; to exalt or extol Ps. 30, 2. - Pul. riga to be lifted up, fig. to be made to prosper Ps. 75, 11; part. מרוֹפָם exalted or dignified Neh. 9, 5. - Hiph. Trees (fut. יְרָרָם, apoc. יְרָהָם, imp. יְרָרָם, before a monosyllable 2 K. 6, 7) 1) to set up high Job 39, 27. 2) to make high, to raise e.g. a throne Is. 14, 13, monument Gen. 31, 45, standard Is. 62, 10; fig. to exalt or dignify 1 K. 14, 7, Ps. 3, 4; to exalt (w.]]) the horn i. e. to advance power or influence 1 Sam. 2, 10, Ps. 75, 6. 8) to raise or lift up, as a cloak from the ground 2 K. 2, 13, w. 5 Ex. 7, 20; hence to offer or present Ex. 35, 24, 2 Ch. 30, 24; to lift up one's feet i. e. to set out, to go off Ps. 74, 3. 4) to put high, as a raised object 1 Sam. 9, 24; fig. to exhibit Prov. 3, 35; 14, 29. 5) to take away or remove Josh. 4, 5; then to take Lev. 2, 9; esp. to select, make a levy, raise a contribution Num. 31, 28. - Hoph. הארם to be raised up, fig. to be presented Ex. 29, 27; to be taken up or removed Lev. 4, 10. — Hith. (fut. אָרוֹכָם for אָרוֹכָם, see Gram. § 54, 2, b) to raise oneself up, to be exalted Is. 33, 10; fig. to show oneself high or arrogant Dan. 11, 36.

Chald. (part. pass. מים as perf.) to be high, fig. to be lifted up or proud, of the heart Dan. 5, 20. — Pal. איז דיים to lift up, fig. to exalt Dan. 4, 84. — Ithpal. איז מים to lift up oneself, w. איז against Dan. 5, 23. — Aph. אירים to lift or make high, fig. to dignify Dan. 5, 19.

שלח m. height, as adv. on high Hab. 8, 10; r. רום.

DP, **D**, m. height Prov. 25, 3; fig.

loftiness or *pride* Is. 2, 11, w. ערירם Is. 10, 12, בב Jer. 48, 29; r. רדם.

Chald. m. height Dan. 3, 1.

רוברה (r. רובר) f. loftiness or pride, only as adv. proudly Mic. 2, 3.

pr. n. (height, r. רְעָרָה) of a place near Shechem 2 K. 23, 36.

רוְטָם (r. רוּם) m. exaltation, only Ps. 66, 17.

(only pl. רוֹמְכָּוֹת) f. praises or extollings, only Ps. 149, 6; r. הום. הובירת (r. רום) f. a lifting or

rising up, only Is. 83, 8.

pr. n. m. (prob. exalted as to help, r. רוֹבַלְבְוּתָי לֵזֶר וראם 1 Oh. 25, 4.

(Qal obs.) perh. i. q. Arab. (ب زان (Qal obs.) perh. i. q. Arab. (ب زان (Qal obs.) perh. i. q. Arab. (ب زان (Qal obs.) perh. i. q. Arab. (ب زان (Qal obs.) perh. i. q. Arab. () (Qal obs.) pe

I (Qal obs.) to strike against. - Pul. רימה to be struck or shattered, only Job 26, 11. Hence רימה.

II (obs.) prob. akin to אף, to see up or stitch, fig. to heal; hence קרויקות.

(fat. יָרָדּץ, apoc. יְרָדּץ) skin

to run, said of men Num. 11, 27, horses Am. 6, 12, locusts Joel 2, 9; fig. to make haste, to do gwickly Is. 59, 7; לְשַעָן יִרדּץ קוֹרָא □ Hab. 2, 2, so that the reader in (or of) it may run along, i. e. prob. so that one may read it quickly or as he runs by it; part. יק a runner or courier Job 9, 25; esp. a royal messenger 1 Sam. 22, 17, 2 K. 10, 25. - Pil. yxin to run fast, as a chariot Nah. 2, 5. - Hiph. There's (imp. (דרי) 1) to cause to run Jer. 49, 19; w. בְּכָל to chase away Jer. 50, 44 Q'ri; to hurry, fig. to stretch forth quickly Ps. 68, 32. 2) to bring quickly Gen. 41, 14.

Qal obs.) prob. mimet. akin to pr, pg, II, to pour or flow out, to empty itself. - Hiph. 1) to pour out itself, empty itself, of a cloud Ecc. 11, 3. 2) to pour out, empty out Mal. 3, 10, hence to convey as a pipe Zech. 4, 12; fig. to scatter about Ps. 18, 43, to draw a sword Ex. 15, 9, to lead out troops Gen. 14, 14. 3) to cause to be empty, to empty e. g. sacks Gen. 42, 35; fig. to cause to famish Is. 32, 6. — Hoph. to be poured out Jer. 48, 11; fig. to be spread forth, שַׁמָן הארַק שׁמָן perfume is thy name poured forth Cant. 1, 3. ---- Cf. epeúyopai, L. ructo, E. retch.

Deut. 32, 32 poppy, see שלא.

עריש, to shake or tremble, hence (cf. אדעעלה from אדעה שלה be poor or in want Ps. 34, 11; part. ער (also אין Prov. 10, 4, pl. אשרם Prov. 13, 23) poor, povertystricken Ps. 82, 3. — For שין Jer. 5, 17 see שין I. — Hithpol. to feign oneself poor, to plead poverty, part. Prov. 13, 7.

נעב

pr. n. f. (perh. i. q. רָּהָן friendship) Buth 1, 4.

Chald. (def. רָזִי, pl. רָזִי, def. רָזִין, r. דור) m. a secret Dan. 2, 18, 29.

make thin or lean, fig. to waste away, to destroy Zeph. 2, 11. — Niph. to become thin, to be wasted away In. 17, 4. Hence

אָלָזָה adj. m. thin or lean, only fem. גיָנָד, of cattle Ez. 34, 20; fig. meagre or poor, of soil Num. 13, 20.

ערור (י. דָיָד I (r. דָיָד) m. 1) leanness Ps. 106, 15, Is. 10, 16. 2) scantiness, of measure Mic. 6, 10.

ורָזוֹן II (r. יָדָש) m. a prince, only Prov. 14, 28; i. q. יָדוֹן.

קור pr. n. m. (perh. lean, r. רָוּך) 1 K. 11, 23.

(obs.) prob. mimet. akin to בְרָזָה to cry out or shout; hence בְרָזָה.

יוָדָי (ר. דָיָד) m. leanness or wasting, only in בַוּר-לָי Is. 24, 16 wasting wato me/ i. e. I am undone.

prob. akin (by transposition) to Aram. المنحب , بنهن , Arab. بنمن , to wink, only Job 15, 12.

(obs.) i. q. Arab. (أَزَنَى to be heavy or weighty, hence (cf. r. גَزَنَى to be honourable or mighty; hence וו קוון II and

וון, רוון (prop. part. of רוון) m. a noble or prince Ps. 2, 2, Is. 40, 23, Hab. 1, 10.

Jer. 49, 36, see noun TTL

perh. akin (by transposition) to די, to be wide, of the open mouth 1 Sam. 2, 1; to be large,

spacious, of a room Ez. 41, 7; to expand, as the heart with joy Is. 60, 5. - Niph. only part. נרחב broad or spacious, of pastures, only Is. 80, 23. --- Hiph. 1) to make broad, to widen Ps. 18, 37, Is. 57, 8; to open wide the mouth Ps. 81, 11, w. why to widen desire, to be very greedy, said of the grave Is. 5, 14; to widen w. 3, 2) to make room for, give entrance to Gen. 26, 22, Prov. 18, 16; β) to grant deliverance to Ps. 4, 2. 2) to enlarge a site Is. 54, 2, TTTT Mic. 1, 16 make thy baldness larger! hence to extend a region or boundaries Deut. 33, 20, Ex. 34, 24; fig. to expand or open (w. 2) the heart Ps. 119, 32, but in ברות לבבר Ps. 25, 17 it may perh. mean my heart's troubles are enlarged, or prob. troubles have enlarged my heart, i. e. have caused it almost to burst. Hence

אָדָעָר (c. רְחָב), pl. c. רְחָב) adj. m., (c. רְחָב), f. 1) wide, of the sea Job 11, 9; broad, of a thick wall Neh. 3, 8; large or capacious, of a region Ex. 3, 8, of a cup Ez. 23, 32; רְחָב רְחָב רְחַב רְחָב Gen. 34, 21, wide on both hands i. e. spacious on all sides; fig. comprehensive Pa. 119, 96, w. לקב grasping or ambitious Ps. 101, 5, Prov. 28, 25. 2) as subst. breadth of heart, fig. ambition, only Prov. 21, 4. 3) pr. n. f. (perh. capaciousness) Rahab, the harlot in Jericho Josh. 2, 1.

ערָתַב : רָתַב; r. רְתַב) m. breadth, roominess Job 36, 16; pl. wide places, דְּהְבְנָהָ צָר־רַתְבַי־אָרָא Job 38, 18 hast thou surveyed even to the breadths of the earth?

רְחָבֹ (w. suf. רְרָשׁה) m. width or breadth Gen. 6, 15; fig. comprehensiveness, of mind 1 K. 5, 9; r. רָרָוב Dan. 9, 25 (r.), also Thin, m. in Zech. 8, 5) f. 1) a street (prop. a broadway, of. $\pi\lambda a \tau s i a$) Gen. 19, 2; collect. streets Est. 6, 9; pl. Prov. 1, 20. 2) a broad space, place of general concourse Deut. 18, 17, Job 29, 7, Is. 59, 14. 3) an area or court, before the temple 2 Ch. 29, 4, before a palacegate Est. 4, 6. 4) pr. n. (street) of a city in Asher Josh. 19, 28; the father of Hadadezer 2 Sam. 8, 3; a Levite Neh. 10, 12.

דָרָבָה) f. width or breadth, fig. liberty, בְּרָבָה as adv. at large, only Ps. 119, 45.

pr. n. (roominess) of a well Gen. 26, 22.

pr. n. (perh. streets of city) of a city in Assyria Gen. 10, 11.

pr.n. (prob. streets of the river) of a city prob. on the Euphrates Gen. 36, 37.

יָה, רְדַבְדָד, pr. n. m. (דְּתַבְדָה enlarges) 1 Ch. 23, 17; 24, 21.

pr. n. m. (the people's enlargement, cf. Εὐρύδημος) of the son of Solomon, king of Judah (Sept. 'Ροβοάμ), 995-958 B.C. 1 K. 11, 43.

(obs.) i. q. Arab. 5, to crush or pound. ---- Prob. mimet. akin to Sans. ruj (break), βήγ-νυμι, L. frico, W. briwo, E. bruise. Hence

ווֹאָדָם) m. mill-stone, only in dual הַתָּרָם a pair of millstones, a hand-mill Ex. 11, 5, Is. 47,

.رَحُوَاي Arab. .

רדוב אפר הדוב, איד

adj. m. compassionate, said only of God Deut. 4, 31, mostly w. קנק Ps. 103, 8; r. רָדֵם.

pr. n. m. (sympathizing, r.

רָרָשָׁם) Ezr. 4, 8; for which also רָרָשָׁם) Neh. 7, 7, דום Neh. 12, 15.

. [חוֹס], also בחֹס Deut. 30, 11 (pl. רחקים) adj. m., רחקים (also רחקים), pl. ריחקות) f. 1) of place, far off, distant Deut. 29, 21; prin as à brother (living) far off Prov. 27, 10; Prov. 31, 10 far בחק מפורורם מכרה beyond corals is her price. As subst. distance Josh. 3, 4; grange at a distance Gen. 22, 4, also to a distance Prov. 7, 19, so too ער מרחוק Is. 57. 9; pin from afar Job 38, 3. 2) of time, a) future, far distant, times far off in the for a long למֵרְחוֹם for a long time to come 2 Sam. 7, 19; β) past, hence מָרָחיֹם long ago Is. 22, 11, also Is. 37, 26. לפרחוק

or carve; hence

m. a carving, fret-work on ceiling, only Cant. 1, 17 K'thibh.

בְּחָרָם a hand-mill Jer. 25, 10, אר בָּחָה a hand-mill Jer. 25, 10,

רְתִיקִין Chald. (pl. רְתִיקִין) adj. m. i. q. Heb. רְתוֹק, far off or distant Ezr. 6, 6; r. רְתֵּי

(obs.) prob. akin to (which see), to be glowing or warm, then to be loving or fond; hence

לְחָדָל (pl. (רְחַלָּים) f. 1) an eve Gen. 31, 38, Cant. 6, 6. 2) pr. n. f. (ewe or sheep) Sept. 'Ραχήλ, Bachel, one of Jacob's wives Gen. 29, 16, Jer. 31, 15.

ערה (fut. ירְהָשׁם) prob. akin to ירָהם, הוּם (תַּשַּה II – יָרָהָם), הַעָּם (which see), רְהָשָׁ, to glow, to feel warm with tender emotion; hence (as in Syr. (מָשֹב נוֹשָׁב) to love Ps. 18, 2. - Pi. רְדָתָם (fut. רְרָחָם) to be compassionate Lam. 3, 32; to pity, w. acc. Is. 60, 10; to have pity, w. be on Ps. 103, 13. - Pu. אין to be compassionated, to find mercy Prov. 28, 13; part. f. רְחָטָה for הַקָּרָאָסָר (see Gram. § 52, Rem. 6) Hos. 1, 6. Hence

של ה. i. q. Arab. היה *a carrion* vulture, a small white vulture with black wings, said to be very fond of its young, and hence prob. its Heb. name (r. הקס, comp. הקסק) Lev. 11, 18.

רַדָּוֹם (pl. (רַתַּאָים (pl. בַּתַּאַים) f. 1) i. q. a womb Gen. 49, 25; fig. a maiden, perh. so called for her womb Judg. 5, 30. 2) pr. n. m. 1 Ch. 2, 44. 3) in pl. רְחַמִים the bowels, as the seat of warm and tender emotion, sympathy or pity (cf. σπλάγγνα έλέους Luke 1, 78 and simply the onlay va 2 Cor. 6, 12, Sept. only in Prov. 12, 10 but common in the classics); fig. tenderness, affection Gen. 43, 30: pity, compassion Zech. 7, 9; esp. of the divine pity or mercy Ps. 25, 6, mentioned together with TOT Ps. 103, 4; שוֹם רְדֵוֹמִים ל Is. 47, 6 or נתן ר'ל Deut. 13, 18 to show pity or favour to some one.

(w. suf. הַשְׁרָש) com. gend. the belly (prob. as seat of warmth and emotion, r. רְחָטָ, esp. the womb Num. 12, 12, Ex. 13, 2, הַשָּׁרָם from the womb i. e. from one's birth Ps. 22, 11, Job 3, 11, הַשָּׁרָם קרָהָם from the womb of the dawn, poet. of the early morning, as the mother of the dew Ps. 110, 3.

(only dual רַדַשְׁרָאָד, f. i. q. רָדַשְׁרָאָד, a maiden or damsel, only Judg. 5, 30; r. רָדָם.

(see Gram. § 90, Bem. 2, e)

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f. i. q. ٢٢٠٠, Arab. زَخَمَة, a carrionvulture, only Deut. 14, 17.

אָרָקָרָה Hos. 1, 6 for אָרָקָרָה part. fem. Pu. of הַרָקָר.

רְחָלָנָרָ Chald. (only pl.) i. q. Heb. רְחֵשִים, compassion Dan. 2, 18.

בְחַבְיָיִי adj. m., רוּבְחָבְיִיּ f. pl. sympathising, compassionate Lam. 4, 10; r. ברֵחַ.

נס (obs.) perh. akin to גָּנַן, to murmur; perh. hence אדָרַוּנָה.

I perh. akin to Arab. *i, to be soft*, fig. to be tender or sore, i. e. full of sympathy Jer. 23, 9.

_ (fut. רָרָדָע, inf. רָרָדָע, once Ex. 80, 18, cf. Gram. § 45, 1, Rem. b) perh. akin to tim, prop. to overstow or overwhelm, hence 1) to wash, lave the body (never garments, as expressed by בָּבָט Gen. 18, 4, parts of sacrificial victims Ex. 29, 17; fig. to wash the hands in innocency, i. e. to declare oneself guiltless Ps. 26, 6, comp. Mat. 27, 24. 2) to wash away filth Is. 4, 4. 3) to bathe, take a bath Ex. 2, 5, w. 7 and acc. to bathe in Cant. 5, 12, Ex. 30, 20, ellipt. w. p of the vessel from which the water was taken (cf. από χρήνης λούεσθαι Herod. 3, 23) Ex. 40, 31. – Pu. to be washed or cleansed Prov.

30, 12. — Hith. התרבה to bathe or wash oneself Job 9, 30. Hence

(w. suf. רַוָּזָצָי) m. a washing Ps. 60, 10.

Chald. to trust. -- Ithpe. יאַרְרָדָש to trust, w. אַרָרָדָש on Dan. 3, 28. --- Prob. akin to Heb. אָרָדָש, to run, hence to take refuge, to trust.

ל ג a washing, of sheep Cant. 4, 2; r. רָדָז

(fut. רְרָחֵקת, inf. רְרָחֵקת Ez. 8, 6, cf. Gram. § 45, 1, Rem. b) perh. akin to $rac{r}{r}$ ($\tau = \tau$), Arab. رحك, to thrust or push off, hence 1) to be distant or remote, of place Deut. 12, 21, of time Mic. 7, 11. 2) to go far, w. בַּדָל Job 30, 10, בַּדָל Jer. 2, 5. - Niph. to be put away or removed Ecc. 12, 6 K'thibh. -Pi. put far away, (fut. רָרָהָס) to put far away, to remove Is. 6, 12; 26, 15. — Hiph. 1) to cause to be distant, to remove Job 11, 14, w. סַרָּ Ps. 88, 19, סַרָּל Jer. 27, 10; as adv. w. inf. (cf. Gram. § 142, Bem. 2) הרחים ללכת to make distant to walk i. e. to walk or go far Ex. 8, 24. 2) to go far off Josh. 8, 4; inf. prog as adv. far away Ex. 33, 7.

רחות Chald. (obs.) i. q. Heb. רְהַדָּק Chald. (obs.) i. q. Heb. רְהַדָּק to be distant, hence adj. רְהַדָּק חָרָהַק (only pl. רְהַקָּים) adj. m. going far off, departing or removing; only in ברוסרה Pa. 78, 27 those

ing; only in רְחֵקִיה Ps. 73, 27 those departing from thee, prop. thy departing ones; r. רְחַק

יָרוֹק, see pinיַ.

שרות prob. akin to רְדָדָל, to boil up, to overflow, fig. to boil over, of the heart in meditation Ps. 45, 2; hence רְדָדָלָי

לבחת f. a winnowing - shovel, a fan, only Is. 30, 24; r. בביר (cf. גבַר (cf. גבַר , בביר); cf. L. ventilabrum from ventus.

אוח ליקב (fut. ירְשָׁב) akin to אָשָׁר, i. q. Arab. (עֹדָ to be moist or succulent, only Job. 24, 8; hence

בטק adj. m. sappy, in full verdure, only Job 8, 16.

i. q. Arab. (ע), to push or thrust forth, only perh. in יעלידיד Job 16, 11 he casts me on the hands of the wicked, but prob. for יִרְשֵׁנִי we should read (as in some texts) יִרְשֵׁנִי for יִרְשֵׁנִי, see יַרָשֵׁנָי.

נסאב, (obs.) prob. mimet. skin to רְעַר רְעָר , to tremble; hence

DU, m. trembling, shuddering, only Jer. 49, 24.

(obs.) akin to געב (which see), to be moist or sappy; hence (by adding the old format. ending w___, see p. 608) came probably

(Qal obs.) prob. mimet. akin to شریخ, شریخ, to smash, to break in pieces. — Pi. to dash in pieces, children against stones 2 K. 8, 12; to dash to the ground, by archery Is. 13, 18. — Pu. to be dashed in pieces, against stones Hos. 10, 14.

ין (for אָוי אָז, as אָ for אָוי) m. i. q. Arab. ג, *a watering*, esp. *rain*, only Job 37, 11 (see נְקָרָח); r. רְנָה.

ידר or ביד, (perf. רָרָב, הָבָאָ,

רבות, fut ירבות, apoc. ירבות, inf. , part. רב; see Gram. § 73) prob. akin to 227II, to cast or hurl at, hence 1) to strive or quarrel, to contend against, w. acc. Job 10, 2, w. Dy Gen. 26, 20, אָד Judg. 8, 1, אָל Job 33, 18, 2 Gen. 31, 36; to contend for anybody, w. > Judg. 6, 31, about anything, w. >>Gen. 26, 21. 2) esp. to contend or plead in court, to defend, w. acc. of pers. Is. 1, 17, w. ריב to plead the cause of 1 Sam. 24, 16, Ps. 119, 154, w. 70 to defend a cause (so as to deliver) from opponents Ps. 43, 1, cf. Gram. § 141; hence part. 27 a defender Is. 19, 20. - Hiph. to contend against, to oppose, only part. המעריב adversary 1 Sam. 2. 10, Hos. 4, 4.

ריבי, also רַיבָּי, Job 29, 16 (w. suf. רִיבִי, pl. רִיבִי or רִיבִי, c. רִיבִי) m. 1) contention, guarrel Gan. 13, 7, יד מיש ריב an opponent or adversary Is. 41, 11; fig. discord or disturbance, in the bones Job 33, 19 in K'thibh. 2) a cause or suit before a judge Ex. 23, 2, יד מיש a litigant Judg. 12, 2, a complainant in a suit Job 31, 35. 3) a plea, יבִיִה מוֹשׁ Job 31, 6.

ריב ? pr. n. m. (prob. contentions, r. ריב 2 Sam. 23, 29.

רות, see r. רות; hence

m. smell or odor, fragrance Gen. 27, 27, Cant. 1, 12; דית the scent or odour of thy nose i. e. thy breathing Cant. 7, 9, fig. Job 14, 9.

Chald. m. the smell, of fire Dan. 3, 27.

ראם אפו, בים

רַיַעָּבֶם m. only in רַיַעָּבָם Job 6, 27 your friend, see גע II.

(only pl.) pounded grains, grits 2 Sam. 17, 19; r. רוק I.

רָדָּק (r. דָּק) m. emptiness, רְדָּק an empty vessel Jer. 51, 34; fig. a vain thing Ps. 2, 1; 4, 3; as adv. to no purpose, in vain Ps. 73, 13, so too w. pref. לְרָיק Lev. 26, 16, רָדָ 49, 4, also בְּרָי רָק Hab. 2, 13.

רִקִקִים ,also P. Gen. 87, 24 (pl. רְקִים 2 Sam. 6, 20) adj. m., וּבְקִים (pl. יַקִים) f. empty Judg. 7, 16, Gen. 41, 27; fig. hungry Is. 29, 8, impoverished Neh. 5, 18, vain or idle (of a word) Deut. 32, 46, worthless or vile Judg. 9, 4, Prov. 12, 11; r. דק.

(from \neg w. ending \neg , see Gram. § 100, 3) adv. emptily, a) with empty vessel Jer. 14, 3, or empty handed Buth 3, 17; β) vainly or without effect 2 Sam. 1, 22, Is. 55, 11; γ) for nought, without ground or cause Ps. 7, 5; cf. EF.

ראר (r. ראד) m. spittle or saliva 1 Sam. 21, 14; perh. slime or juice in Job 6, 6 as explained under קלמיר.

ש. *poverty*, only Prov. 10, 15; r. רוש א.

m. poverty, only Prov. 28, 19; r. ראש.

דישרן Job 8, 8, see רַאשוון.

קר (pl. רַבָּר) adj. m., רְבָּר (pl. רַבָּר) f. 1) tender or delicate, said of fresh foliage Ez. 17, 22, children Prov. 4, 3, cattle Gen. 18, 7. 2) weak or feeble 2 Sam. 3, 39, Gen. 29, 17. 3) soft or gentle Prov. 25, 15, voluptuous Deut. 28, 54; as subst. pl. יַבָּר לַבָּר לָבָר לָבָר לָבָר לַבָּר לָבָר לַבָּר לַבָּר לָבָר לָבָר לָבָר לָבָר לָבָר לַבָּר לַבָּר לַבָּר לָבָר לַבָּר לָבָר לַבָּר לַבָּר לַבָּר לַבָּר לַבָּר לָבָר לַבָּר לַבָּר לָבָר לַבָּר לַבָּי לָבָר לַבָּר לַבָר לַבָּי לָבָר לָבָר לָבָר לָבָר לַבָּי לָבָר לַבָּי לַבָר לַבָּי לָבָר לַבָּר לַבָּר לַבָּר לַבָּר לַבָּל לָבָר לָבָר לָבָר לַבָּר לָבָר לַבָר לַבָּר לַבָּין לַבָּר לַבָּר לָבָר לַבָּין לָבָר לַבָּר לַבָר לָבָר לַבָּר לַבָּר לַבָּר לַבָר לָבָר לָבָר לָבָר לָבָר לָבָר לַבָר לַבָר לָבָר לָבָר לַבָר לַבָר לָבָר לַבָר לַבָּר לָבָר לָבָר לָבָר לַבָר לַבָר לָבָר לָבָר לַבָר לָבָר לָבָר לַבָר לַבָר לַבָר לַבָר לָבָר לַבָר לַבָר לַבָר לַבָ

hearted 2 Oh. 13, 7, timid Deut. 20, 8; r. רָכָך.

ר, (r. רְכָך:) m. softness or delicacy, only Deut. 28, 56.

באב [(fut. יִרְעָב) see below, 1) to ride a beast, w. acc. ord a horseman 2 K. 9, 19, w. 57 Gen. 24, 61 or w. אָ Jer. 17, 25, רֹכְבֵר אֲחֹנוֹת *riders of* she-asses Judg. 5, 10. 2) to drive or ride in a vehicle 1 K. 18, 45, w. acc. Hagg. 2, 22, or w. 7 Jer. 22, 4; esp. of the Eternal as riding on a cherub or a cloud Ps. 18, 11, Is. 19, 1. - Hiph. (fut. w. ' consec. ויירפיב) 1) to cause to ride on a beast Est. 6, 9; fig. to let the hand ride or rest on a bow in shooting 2 K. 13, 16. 2) to cause to ride in a vehicle Gen. 41, 43, to convey by carriage 2 K. 23, 30, or otherwise 2 Sam. 6, 3; fig. Job 80, 22. 3) to cause to draw, to drive as a draught-beast in the yoke or harness Hos. 10, 11. ---- Perh. akin to רְכָג, allied to obs. r. רְכָל (which see), to move or travel, w. old format. ending 2-, see p. 74. Hence

רְכְבָר (in p. רְכָבָ w. suf. רְכָבָ , pl. c. רְכָבָ m. 1) chariot Judg. 5, 28; esp. a war-chariot Ex. 14, 7; collect. Jugar 1 K. 22, 31 captains of the war-chariots; also chariotforces, esp. the horses 2 Sam. 8, 4, the wartiors 2 Sam. 10, 18. 2) a span or pair of horses, באמר 10, 18. 2) a span or pair of horses, באמר 10, 18. 2) a span of pair of horses, באמר 10, 18. 2) a span of pair of horses, באמר 10, 18. 2) a span of pair of horses, באמר 10, 18. 2) a span of pair of horses, באמר 10, 18. 2) a span of pair of horses, באמר 10, 18. 2) a span of pair of horses, באמר 10, 18. 2) a span of pair of horses, באמר 10, 18. 2) a span of horsemen i. e. two horsemen riding abreast, in this sense באמר 10, 18 stone, prop. rider or runner (cf. 5005) Deut. 24, 6, 2 Sam. 11, 21.

چچ pr. n. m. (prob. camel-rider, cf. Arab. رکّب (camel riders) the father

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of a nomad race 2 K. 10, 15; gentil. n. רְכָבִים *Rechabites* Jer. 85, 2.

עָרָבוֹ) m. 1) a rider or horseman 2 K. 9, 17. 2) a driver or charioteer 1 K. 22, 34; r. בְכָ

וְרָבָרוֹ f. a riding, only Ez. 27, 20; r. רָרָב.

רָכָה pr. n. (perh. side, akin to רָכָה) of a place 1 Ch. 4, 12.

שלב m. vehicle or chariot, only Ps. 104, 8; r. יָרָב

ערשים, also רְכָרשׁם, Gen. 14, 11 (w. suf. רְכִרשְׁם) m. wealth or property as fields, cattle, household stuff 1 Ch. 27, 31, Gen. 12, 5, Ezr. 1, 4; r. שׁבָק I.

אַנְשָׁר רָכִרל m. tale-bearing, אַנְשָׁר רָכִרל Ez. 22, 9 slanderers; as adv. דְּיָלָן; רָכִרל to walk slanderously, to go about as a tale-bearer Lev. 19, 16; r. רְכָל.

(perf. "ה, fut. "בה pp] 1) to be tender or delicate, hence adj. "]; fig. to be winning or soothing, of words Ps. 55, 22. 2) to be weak, fig. to be timid, of the heart 2 K. 22, 19. — Pu. "בה to be softened, mollified Is. 1, 6. — Hiph. to soften, fig. to make timid Job 23, 16.

(only part. Qal) akin to גָּגָל (only part. Qal) akin to לכָל to go about, hence 1) to trade, לכָל a trader or a merchant Cant. 3, 6; pl. Ez. 27, 13; fem. Ez. 27, 3. 2) to gad about as a talebearer, hence בָּרָל.

רְכָל pr. n. (prob. trafficking, r. (רְכָל) of a city in Judah 1 Sam. 30, 29.

רְכָלָה f. trade or traffic Ez. 26, 12; r. יְכָל

ر (fut. ٢٢ (٢٢) perh. akin to رَكَسَ , *i* o bind on or fasten Ex. 28, 28; perh. hence

(only pl. רְכָסים) m. rugged

or rough places (cf. The provide states) Is. 42, 16), only Is. 40, 4, but perh. better chains or ridges of hills.

(pl. c. רְכְסָ) m. prob. crookednesses or conspiracies of men, only Ps. 31, 21, where many prefer snares; r. כָּכָ

wealth or property Gen. 12, 5.

עם דו (obs.) perh. akin to גָּבָשׁ, (which see), רְכַב, *to stir, to move* fast of a race-horse; perh. hence

m. a race-horse or courser Mic. 1, 13, Est. 8, 10; Syr. أَحْمَا horse.

יכוש see, וכש,

ער (ח. רְּסָים) adj. m., רְסָרָ (מ. רְסָרָם), pl. רֹרָםי) *t. higk*, as an uplifted hand Is. 26, 11, a mountain Deut. 12, 2, a tree Is. 2, 13, a throne Is. 6, 1; *tall* Deut. 1, 28; *exalted* Ps. 113, 4; pl. רַסָרָ *kigh* things Job 21, 22; fig. raised, lowd, of the voice Deut. 27, 14; supercilious, proud, of the eyes Ps. 18, 28; r. ברו.

^D7 II pr. n. m. (high) Buth 4, 19, for which Άράμ in Mat. 1, 3. Other men in Job 32, 2; 1 Ch. 2, 25.

ראב Ps. 22, 22, see ק. ראב noun ראב, see noun ר

רְקָת Chald., see r. רְקָת.

ן דָרָשָרָ, to throw or cast, to hurl, w. ב Ex. 15, 1, 21; esp. to shoot w. the bow, שַרָּשָרָ לַצָרָ bow-shooter, an archer Jer. 4, 29, pl. 'p יוֹצָי Ps. 78, 9. – Pi. רושי to throw down, to trip up, fig. (cf. σφάλλω, L. fallo) to deceive Gen. 29, 25, יברי לַצָרָ לַצָרָ 1 Ch. 12, 17 to deceive (and betray, cf. Gram. § 141) me to my enemies; cf. רָבָין 2. – Cf. β[πτω.

ו (obs.) perh. akin to דְרָתָה II (obs.) perh. akin to נו רְתָה II, to be slack; hence ו רְתָה

Heb. The integral is a chald. i. q. Heb. The integral is a characteristic of thrown Dan. 3, 20; fig. to lay down, to set Dan. 7, 9; to lay or impose, to assess, w. b? Err. 7, 24. — Ithpe. to be thrown or cast, w. b Dan. 3, 6.

וֹרָבָּעוֹ I (c. דְּבָּת, w. – firm) f. a height 1 Sam. 22, 6; esp. a sacred height Ez. 16, 24; r. רום.

וו קר. ח. 1) of a town in Benjamin Josh. 18, 25. 2) of a town in Ephraim 1 Sam. 1, 19, fully דְּיָבְחָיָם צַרָּזָים for watchers) 1 Sam. 1, 1. 3) a town of Naphtali Josh. 19, 36. 4) a town of Gilead 2 K. 8, 29. 5) ליב דער cene of Samson's slaughter the Philistines Judg. 15, 17. 6) א רְיָבָיָ הַשָּׁבָצָה לָיָ a town in Gad. 7) בָיָ בָּעָב ל South-Ramoth 1 Sam. 30, 27.

a worm, collect. worms Ex. 16, 24, fig. of frail man Job 25, 6.

i.q.Arab. (w. suf. : יבי; r. المرابع (w. suf. : יבי; r. المرابع); r. i.q.Arab. (م), i) pomegranate, either the tree Num. 20, 5, or the fruit Cant. 4, 3; also an artificial ornament made like it Ex. 28, 33. 2) pr. n. of a city in Simeon Josh. 15, 32, of another in Zebulon Josh. 19, 13, and of a place near Michmash Judg. 20, 45. 3) pr. n. m. (prob. exalted, r. 20, 15) of a man 2 Sam. 4, 2, also of a Syrian idol 2 K. 5, 18.

pr. n. (pomegranate of the breach) a station of the Israelites in the wilderness Num. 33, 19.

רבולל קרול pr. n. (rich in pomegranates) of a place in Zebulon 1 Ch. 6, 62, i. q. מול קרמין Josh. 19, 13. דר קבות pr. n. (heights) 1) of a son of Bani Ezr. 10, 29. 2) Bani Ezr. 10, 29. 2) Josh. 20,8. lead Josh. 21, 36, also באמות Josh. 20,8.

קבורת נָגָב pr. n. (heights of the south) of a city in Simeon 1 Sam. 30, 27, also רָאמָת נָ׳

וּרָכָּהוּ (w. – firm; r. דְכָּהוּת) (w. – firm; r. דְכָּהוּת) prop. a castaway, hence carcass, collect. corpses, only in בָכַּהוּרָה Ez. 32, 5, where Vulg. has samics twa.

קרו (obs.) prob. akin to r. וֹרָאָד J, to cast or hurl; hence

(pl. רְּמָדִידָם, w. suf. רְמָדִידָם) m. i. q. Syr. לַסֹמים, Arab. ג'סֹמים, a lance or spear Num. 25, 7, Jer. 46, 4.

קרָרָד, pr. n. m. (דְּיָנא high) Ezr. 10, 25.

(for אַרָּפּרם, only pl. w. art. דָרָרָמים) m. the Syrians, only 2 Oh. 22, 5.

(obs.) perh. akin to רְּבָּתוּ, to cast, perh. hence to bear young, to foal, of a mare; hence

مَتَكَمَ f. i. q. Arab. رَمَكُمْ , a mare, only Est. 8, 10.

(obs.) prob. akin to ججر, Arab. بَرَيْل to abound; hence

יבילָדָד pr. n. m. (wealth of דָיָלָדָד) of the father of Pekah, king of Israel 2 K. 15, 25.

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I i. q. רוים, to be high Job 22, 12 where some texts read 727 for imp. pl. 127 Job 24, 24; part. f. רוֹמַמָה high or wplifted Ps. 118, 16. -- Niph. (fut. pl. and) to lift up oneself Ez. 10, 15, imper. pl. Triat Num. 17, 10.

ח רמם prob. to creep or swarm, only in Ex. 16, 20 Internet and it (the manna) crept with worms (cf. Gram. § 138, Bems. 2 and 3), where Syr. has فسف o and the Vulg. et scatere cepit vermibus, both agreeing in the sense to swarm. ---- Prob. mimet. akin to רָמָש, perh. to έρπω, L. repo, E. creep.

III (obs.) perh. akin to (cf. בק=P;), whence נוסא, blood, hence to be blood-coloured or red; perh. hence רמין pomegranate, cf. our blood-orange.

רמון, see רמך.

רמס (fut. רָבָס) skin to רָבָס, 1) to tread, as a potter does clay Is. 41, 25, w. 2 Nah. 3, 14. 2) to tread down, trample on 2 K. 14, 9, Ps. 91, 13; hence to step or stand on, fig. to profane Is. 1, 12, Ez. 26, 11, comp. Apoc. 11, 2. - Niph. to be trodden town Is. 28, 3.

(fut. יִרָמשׁ) prob. akin to DDT II (w. format. ending D---, see p. 608), to creep or crawl, move about, of land animals Gen. 1, 26 or aquatic Gen. 1, 21; also to teem or swarm with, said of the earth Gen. 9, 2; in general to stir or roam about Ps. 104, 20. Hence

things, either of land animals, rep- to have long cars; see

tiles, insects Gen. 1, 25, or aquatic Ps. 104, 25; Gen. 9, 3.

pr. n. (heights of Gilead) 1 K. 3, 14; see يذرية

pr. n. (prob. i. q. רְבָּה) of a city in Issachar Josh. 19, 21.

patron. 1 Oh. 27, 27.

רן (c. pl. רָזָי) m. a showting, rejoicing, only in רַנֶר קַלָּט Ps. 32, 7 shouts of deliverance; r. 77 L.

I in mimet, akin to 127 L, to clang or clash, only in בלרו הרבה THE Job 39, 23 against him rattles the quiver i. e. arrows.

(w. suf. רְנָיָם; r. וְרָנָן I) 1) f. a shouting, either for joy Ps. 30, 6 or for grief Jer. 14, 12. 2) pr. n. in. 1 Ch. 4, 20.

I (inf. רָן־ Job 38, 7; imp. רברק once רבין, in pause יברק, fut. יבר, Prov. 29, 6, pl. f. [. Prov. 8, 3) prob. mimet. akin to 778 II and , to make a tremulous sound, to trill the voice, to shout, mostly for joy Lev. 9, 24, Is. 12, 6, also for distress (to wail) Lam. 2, 19, w. acc. of the obj. Is. 61, 7; fig. of the heavens Is. 44, 23. - Pi. rs. to shout for joy Is. 26, 19; w. acc. of the obj. or ground Ps. 51, 16 or w. 7 Ps. 33, 1, 55 Jer. 51, 48, 3x Ps. 84, 3, 5 Ps. 95, 1; fig. of trees Ps. 96, 12. - Pu. to be joyously shouted, only in בַּדָרָמִים לארירָדָן Is. 16, 10 in the vineyards there shall be no joyous shouting.—Hiph. 1) to cause to shout for joy, fig. Ps. 65, 9. 2) to raise a shout Deut. 32, 43, w. 5 Ps. 81, 2. - Hithpo. only part. in מִקרוֹנֵן מִדָּרָן making oneself noisy (i.e. shouting) from wine Ps. 78, 65.

II (obs.) perh. akin to אָרָן m. only collect. creeping i. q. Arab. , to prick up the ears,

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(مال (أَبَنَتَبَتُ وَمَال مَال مَعْلَى) f. female ostriches, only Job 39, 13; so called from their loud cry or wail, r. اِجَرًا (cf. Arab. زِعَار female ostrich, from its voice or cry).

[כַּן (prop. inf. of דָּדָ I) m. joyous shouting Is. 35, 2.

רְנָנָד (pl. רְנָנוֹח Ps. 63, 6) f. a shout of joy Job 3, 7; r. רָנָד I.

ורָסָר, pr. n. (perh. breach or ruin, r. ידָט, j) of a station of the Israelites in the wilderness Num. 33, 21.

רָּסְיסָים (only pl. רְּסִיסָים, כ. יְסָיסָי m. 1) r. רְסָיסָ II, drops of dew, יְסָסָ לַרְלָד Cant. 5, 2 night-drops i. e. the heavy dew of night. 2) r. רָסָס I, ruins Am. 6, 11.

(obs.) i. q. Arab. رَسَنَ, to bind with a cord or halter, to curb; hence

(w. suf. בְּכָל (w. suf. בְּכָל (m. 1) a curb or bridle Ps. 32, 9; בְכָן בְּפָרַ שְׁלֵחוּ Job 30, 11 they throw off the bridle in my presence, i. e. they act rudely; fig. the jaws (cf. χαλινοί for bridles and jaws), of a crocodile Job 41, 5. 2) pr. n. (prob. a check or fortress, r. כָּכָן (כָּקָ, 12)) of an ancient city of Assyria Gen. 10, 12.

ג (obs.) prob. mimet. akin to crush or break; hence י. בָּסָיס 2, הַבָּד

DD II (only inf. أن i. q. Chald. أن كر Syr. أن Arab. أن رف , to sprinkle, to moisten or wet, only Ez. 46, 14; hence إرض Perh. akin to Sans. rasa, L. ros, δρόσος.

 said of material things Num. 13, 19, 2 K. 2, 19, Prov. 20, 14; also of moral qualities Gen. 24, 50, Judg. 2, 11. 2) evil, hurtful or noxious, said of wild beasts, disease, weapons, etc. Gen. 37, 20, Deut. 28, 59, Ls. 82, 7. 3) wicked or evil, said of persons, deeds, thoughts, etc. Gen. 6, 5, Ps. 5, 5, Prov. 2, 12. 4) wretched or unhappy Gen. 40, 7, Is. 3, 11. — B) as subst. m. 1) wrong-doing Ps. 97, 10, נעטרת רע to do a wrong 1 Sam. 29, 7, w. b or vith (against) Gen. 31, 29, Jer. 39, 12; פּּעַלֶּר רַע, עַטָּי רַע wrong-doers Ps. 34, 17, Mic. 2, 1. 2) calamity or adversity Gen. 44, 34, רְמֵי רָע days of calamity Ps. 49, 6. 3) wickedness or mischief Job 1, 1, אַנשר רע Prov. 28, 5 wicked men, דע mischievous counsel Ez. 11, 2.

ראַעָ, ד. (w. suf. רָּשָׁר, r. יָרָשָׁר) m. cry or shout, for joy Ex. 32, 17 or grief Mic. 4, 9; a roaring, esp. thunder Job 36, 33.

Job 6, 27 (w. ____ firm; for רְעָרוּ, w. suf. רְעָרוּ, jpl. רַעים, w. suf. רָעָד, רַצַידָם; r. רָעָד II) m. 1) a friend, a familiar Gen. 38, 12; esp. a lover, dear friend Cant. 5, 16, Jer. 3, 1. 2) associate or fellow Ex. 20, 14, Prov. 3, 29. 3) serving for adj. pronoun (see Gram. § 124, Bem. 4) another, שַּׁעִרוּ רְקָרָא Is. 34, 14 one satyr shall call unto his fellow, i. e. to another; but mostly preceded by איש, איש אמרד איש Judg. 6, 29 and they said a man to his fellow, i. e. to one another; used also in speaking of things Gen. 15, 10 ויהד בתרי לקראה רצחו and he set each its part over against its fellow, i. e. one part of each against another corresponding part.

דע (only w. suf. רַיָּר, pl.

קיבָיז; r. רְשָׁד II) m. a thought or desire Ps. 139, 2, 17.

2 (r. 527 II) m. 1) badness, ill condition or quality Gen. 41, 19, Jer. 24, 2. 2) wickedness Is. 1, 16, Jer. 4, 4. 3) wretchedness Neh. 2, 2.

The field of the

(fut. יְרָשָׁב) perh. akin to (fut. יְרָשָׁב), to be wide or capacious, hence (1) to hunger Is. 8, 21, w. ל for something Jer. 42, 14. 2) to be famished, to suffer famine, said of a country Gen. 41, 55. — Hiph. to cause to hunger Deut. 8, 3; to let famish Prov. 10, 3. Hence

עָרָבָ (w. suf. רְצָבָם) m. 1) hunger Lam. 5, 10; רְצָב לַלֵּחָם a hungering for bread Am. 8, 11. 2) famine Gen. 12, 10, Buth 1, 1, בְרָצָב to die by the famine Jer. 11, 22.

קיבָר (pl. רְבָר) adj. m. רְבָר) f. hungry Ps. 107, 5; fig. famished, exkausted Job 18, 12; r. רַבָּר.

עָבוֹן; r. (כ. יַבָּבוּן; r. קַבוֹן) m. famine Ps. 37, 19, Gen. 42, 19 שֶׁבֶר רַצְבוּן בַּהַרְכָם corn of the famine (i. e. for the supply) of your houses.

(fut. רְרָשָׁר) i. q. Arab. א, akin to (ל = ד), to tremble or quake Ps. 104, 32. — Hiph. to quiver or shake, part. עַרָּשָׁר Dan. 10, 11. Hence

שת m. a trembling or fear Ex. 15, 15, Ps. 55, 6.

וְעָנָדָה f. a trembling or fear Job 4, 14, Ps. 2, 11, Is. 83, 14; r. יָעַד.

יַרָש I (fut. יִרְשָׁח, apoo. יַרְשָׁר, perh. Job 20, 26) 1) to feed, take food, as a flock Is. 5, 17, w. >>, > or acc. of the pasture Gen. 41, 2, Is. 44, 20; 49, 9; fig. to have subsistence Is. 14, 30, Ps. 37, 3 (but see דעה II). 2) perh fig. to consume or devour, to destroy (but see רְעָה III), by sword, fire or oppression Job 20, 26, 24, 21, Mic. 5, 5; perh. fig. to delight in Prov. 13, 20, Hos. 12, 2, but see רעה II. 3) to pasture or tend, w. acc. of flock Gen. 4, 2, also w. 2 1 Sam. 16, וֹצָה shepherd, f. רֹצָה 11; part. m. רֹצָה shepherdess, hence to be a shepherd Cant. 1, 7; fig. to care for, to rule or govern as a prince, leader or teacher 2 Sam. 5, 2, Ecc. 12, 11, Jer. 2, 8, w. Ξ Ps. 78, 71 (cf. Homer's ποιμένες λαῶν), also applied to God Gen. 48, 15, Ps. 23, 1; to nourish Hos. 9, 2. — Hiph. to cause to feed, to pasture Ps. 78, 72, but here some texts read ויירעם.

ון אָדָאָ אָדָאָ דון, 1) to wish or will, to desire Ps. 37, 3, Hos. 12, 2; hence אַרָאָר רָצָאָר 2) to delight in, hence to like, w. acc. Prov. 13, 20; 29, 3. — Pi. דער 13, 20; 29, 3. — Pi. make agreeable or friendly, to befriend or win, w. ל Judg. 14, 20. — Hith. דער (fut. apoc. רָאָרָר , see Gram. § 75, Rem. 8) to make oneself friendly, to associate oneself, w. דע with Prov. 22, 24.

וון (fut. יִדְשָׁה, אַסָּסָג, אָסָטָ, אָסָעָ, אָסָטָ, אָדָשָׁה, אָסָ prob. mimet. akin to דְשָׁרָ, זי break or destroy, א. דְשָׁרָ, Mio. 5, 5, Job 20, 26; to crush or shatter Jer. 2, 16; fig. to oppress Job 24, 21.

יר (c. דְעָר א רָשָׁר, w. - firm, w. suf. 10; hwrt, disadvantage Jer. 21, 10; hwrt, disadvantage Jer. 39, 16; גער אָר גָעָר אָר גָעָר אָר to treat badly Gen. 26, 29, Ps. 15, 3; wickedness, sin Gen. 6,5; see also אַרָ

ער אין דער (w. --- firm, c. רְעָר, w. suf. Prov. 6, 3, cf. Gram. § 98, 9, Bem.; r. רְעָר II) m. a companion or friend 2 Sam. 15, 37.

(pl. דְבָּוֹז : r. דָבָוּ I) f. female companion or friend Ps. 45, 15, Judg. 11, 37 Q'ri, רְצָיֹה K'thibh.

ל, *a breaking, a crash* Is. 24, ובָּרָק 19, אָשָׁן *a broken tooth* Prov. 25, 19 (on the irreg. accent cf. Gram. \$ 80, Bem. 2, e); ד. דָרָע I.

יד pr. n. m. (for בְּשָׁוֹ friend, r. נו קפון II) Gen. 11, 18, Sept. 'Payaũ, cf. Luke 3, 35.

רעל Chald. (only c. רְעָלָה) f. will or pleasure Ezr. 5, 17; r. רְעָא.

רעאָל pr. n. m. (God's friend) of several persons Gen. 36, 4, Ex. 2, 18.

יאָר m. pasture, only 1 K. 5, 3; r. רָעָה I.

pr. n. m. (friendly, r. רָּצָה II) 1 K. 1, 8.

(for דְּשָׁה; r. דְּשָׁה]) m. shepherd Is. 38, 12, Zech. 11, 17.

רַצְיָרוּ (w. suf. רַצְיָרוּ, perh. pl. רַצְיָרוּ Judg. 11, 37 K'thibh) f. female friend or companion Cant. 1, 9; r. דַצָח

ור דעיון (r. דעיון II) m. wish or desire Ecc. 2, 22; cf. רעה 2.

רְצָיוֹך Chald. m. thought Dan. 4, 16; r. אַטָּא. (Qal obs.) akin to TY (= 7), to tremble, to reel. - Hoph. to be made to quiver, esp. to be brandished, of a spear, only Nah. 2, 4. Hence

חַדַעל m. a reeling or staggering, only Zech. 12, 2, i. q. הַדְעַלָה.

(only pl. רְּעָלוֹת) f. i. q. Arab. (כְּעָלוֹת, *a veil*, only Is. 3, 19, so called from its fluttering or tremulous motion; r. רָעָל.

דְצָלְיָהָ pr. n. m. (trembling of i. e. caused by Him) Ezr. 2, 2, but in Neh. 7, 7 it is רְעַקְיָח, which see.

(fut. רְּשָׁר , רְּשָׁר) prob. mimet. akin to בָּשָ , רְשָׁר , רְשָׁר , דָשָ , 1) to stir or move violently, be in agitation Ez. 27, 35; esp. to toss about, to rage, said of the sea Ps. 96, 11; fig. to be angry (see Hiph). 2) to rumble, to thunder; hence רַשָם – Hiph. 1) to make worth, to vex 1 Sam. 1, 6. 2) to make a rumbling, to thunder, said of God Job 40, 9, Ps. 18, 14. Prob. mimet. akin to Sans. raip (to stir), βέμβω, βοΐβδος, G. rumpeln, E. romp, rumble. Hence

שָׁרָם (w. suf. רַכְּסָך) m. thunder Is. 29, 6; סַקר רַכָּם thunder-covert, i. e. a black thunder-cloud Ps. 81, 8; his majestic thunder Job 26, 14; fig. roaring or shouting, of words of command Job 39, 25.

י דעבין 1) f. a quivering or waving, poet. the mane of a horse, only Job 39, 19; cf. $\varphi \delta \beta \eta$ (mane) akin to $\varphi \delta \beta \delta \zeta$ (fear). 2) pr. n. m. (prob. agitation, r. יעב סין) of a Cushite Gen. 10, 7, and of a Cushite tribe or region Ez. 27, 22.

רְעַלְרָה pr. n. m. (i. q. רְעַלְרָה trembling of רְשָׁ) Neh. 7, 7.

pr. n. (Copt. son of the sun) Ramesis, an Egyptian city in Goshen Gen. 47, 11; prob. named after a king called DHMCC i. e. sun's son.

(Qal obs.) to be fresh and green; only in — Pi'l. <u>تون</u> (Gram, § 55, 2), only 3 f. in pause <u>تون</u>, to become green, to be in foliage Job 15, 32, Cant. 1, 16; but perh. in both these places, it is the fem. of

קיננה (pl. רְעַנָיָ adj. m., רְעַנָן f. green, of a tree or foliage Deut. 12, 2, Jer. 17, 8; fig. fresh of oil Ps. 92, 11.

רְצָכַן Chald. adj. m. green, fig. flourishing or prosperous Dan. 4, 1.

ארע I (3 pl. perf. רע, inf. רע, רֹעָה; fut. רֹעָה, w. suf. רֹעָם Ps. 2, 9) mimet. akin to רָצָח, אוון, רְצֵץ, רָצֵץ, to break, to crush or shatter in pieces Ps. 2, 9; intrans. to break or to be broken Jer. 11, 16; 15, 12; inf. רְעָה prob. as subst. in רְעָה tooth of crumbling, i. e. a broken tooth Prov. 25, 19. - Niph. (fut. רַרַוֹעַ), see רַעַע II. -- Hiph. to break in pieces, to destroy Ps. 44, 3, Jer. 31, 28. - Hith. דִירְלַעֵּ to break itself up, to be broken in pieces Is. 24, 19; fig. to come to ruin Prov. 18, 24. ---- This mimet. r. is akin to Sans. ruj (break), ρήγ-νυμι, ρωγή, φάχος, φήσσω, L. frango, fragor, G. brechen, E. break, rag, W. rhwygo, rhych.

על וו (fut. רְעָל Gram. § 67, Rem. 3, imp. pl. רְעָי, inf. יָדָע) to be evil Is. 8, 9; רְעָ בְעַרְנָ to be evil in the eyes of, i. e. to seem bad to Josh. 24, 15; יע נע to be evil to, i. e. to go ill with Ps. 106, 32; fig. to be sad, of the heart 1 Sam. 1, 8 or face Neh. 2, 3; to be envious at, w. 2, said of the eye Deut. 28, 54. --Niph. (fut. רָרוֹע) to suffer evil Prov. 11, 15; to become evil or worse Prov. 13, 20. - Hiph. דרע, דרע, דרע (דרע , הרע , הרעתם , הרעה , הרעוי), inf. הרע , הרע in pause; fut. יָרָע, part. מֵרָע, pl. מִרְשָׁים) to do ill, act badly, opp. to דרטים Gen. 44, 5, esp. followed by inf. (cf. Gram. § 142, Bem. 1), as in הרבע לכשור to do badly for to act i. e. to act badly or to do cvil 1 K. 14, 9; to do evil to, to injure or afflict, w. ל Gen. 19, 9, 9 K. 17, 20, by Gen. 31, 7, 5 1 Ch. 16, 22, or w. acc. Ps. 74, 3.

Chald. (fut. יריק) i. q. Heb. גערוקע I (which see), to break in pieces Dan. 2, 40. – Pa. to crush, only part. קריקע Dan. 2, 40.

(fut. רְרָשָׁה) perh. akin to (fout, to distil or drop Job 36, 28, Ps. 65, 12. — Hiph. to drop or distil Is. 45, 8.

(fut. רְדָצָץ) mimet. akin to (which see), to break or dask in pieces Ex. 15, 6; fig. to oppress Judg. 10, 8.

(fut. דְּעָשׁ) prob. mimet. akin to בָּשָׁשׁ, רָשָׁשׁ, to rustle, to shake or wave, of growing corn Ps. 72, 16, to quake or tremble, of the heavens Joel 2, 10, of door-posts, walls Ez. 26, 10, Am. 9, 1, of the earth Is. 24, 18, Nah. 1, 5, w. זָט or יַשָּׁשׁ Jer. 10, 10, Ez. 38, 20. — Niph. to be shaken or agitated, of the earth Jer. 50, 48. — Hiph. 1) to cause to quake, to shake Ps. 60, 4, Is. 14, 16. 2) to cause to leap, of a horse Job 39, 20. Hence

WY m. 1) rumbling or rattling, of war-chariots Nah. 3, 2, noise or din, of battle Is. 9, 4, prob. thunder Ez. 3, 12. 2) leaping or bounding, of a horse Job 39, 24; brandishing, of a spear Job 41, 21, quaking of the earth, earth-quake Zech. 14, 5. 3) a trembling or agitation Ez. 12, 18.

גיפָה אוֹח (fut. יִרְפָּא) akin to וּרָפָּא I, to bind or sow together, to stitch or mend (cf. $\phi d\pi \tau \omega$), fig. 1) to heal a wound Ps. 60, 4 Q'ri, to cure a sick person Gen. 20, 17, w. > of pers. Num. 12, 13 or disease Ps. 103, 3; part. רֹפָא a physician Gen. 50, 2, Jer. 8, 22; fig. to forgive 2 Ch. 80, 20. 2) to mend 2 Ch. 7, 14, Is. 6, 10. 3) to allay or quiet, an uproar; see נְקָשָא 1. - Niph. to be healed or cured, of a disease Lev. 13, 18, of a sick person Deut. 28, 27; נרְפָא לַנוּ Is. 53, 5 prop. it has been healed to **us** i. e. we have been healed i. e. pardoned. - Pi. (1 sing. רפאחר, see Gram. § 55, Rem. 21, a) to repair 1 K. 18, 80; to heal or cure, a wound Jer. 6, 14, a sick person Zech. 11, 16; to make wholesome 2 K. 2, 21; also to cause to heal or get well, i. e. to provide means of curing Ex. 21, 19. — Hith. to get oneself healed, of a wounded man 2 K. 8, 29.

אָדָק II (obs.) perh. akin to Arab. גָּבָם, (to be lofty) and אָרָבָם, to be high, tall or gigantic; hence perh. רְקָא מון א. ח. אָדָן II.

גער א דָרָאָד III (Qal obs.) i. q. דְרָאָד II, to be relaxed or weak; only in Pi. to make weak, part. א קרָאָא Jer. 38, 4. Hence

רְאָלָאים I (only pl. רְאָלָאים) m. relaxed or feeble ones, departed or dead men Ps. 88, 11, Prov. 2, 18, Is. 14, 9; cf.

ł,

oxia, L. umbra, E. shade, for a deceased person.

אָרָאָא II pr. n. m. (prob. giant, r. קאָא II) of the ancestor of a gigantic race 1 Ch. 4, 12, w. the art. אָרָקא 1 Ch. 20, 4; also רְרָקָא 2 Sam. 21, 18.

(only pl. רְאָאָרוּ, r. אָאָרָן) (only pl. רְאָאוּרוּ, r. אָבָאָרוּ) f. medicines, means of healing Jer. 80, 13, Ez. 30, 21.

ורְשָאוּת (r. רְשָאוּת I) f. a healing or health, only Prov. 3, 8.

קאָלם) (only pl.) patron. n. (prob. gigantic, see גָּאָ II) *Rephaites*, a tribe of Canaanitish giants Gen. 14, 5.

דְפָאָל pr. n. m. (prob. God heals, r. רָפָאָ I) 1 Ch. 26, 7.

רְבֵר I (fut. רְרָשָּׁר) akin to רְבַר, to spread or stretch out Job 41, 22. — Pi. to spread, a bed Job 17, 18.

II (Qal obs.) i. q. Arab. *i. of support* or succour. — Pi. to stay or strengthen, fig. to refresh, with fruit Cant. 2, 5.

וֹתָהְשָּׁינֶה imp. קר אָרָשָרָי, imp. קר אָרָשָרָי, imp. קר אָרָשָר, imp. I (fut. pl. קר, imp. 21) i. q. קר אָרָשָר, imper. קר אָרָש, imper. קר

וון, to be slack, to sink or hang down, said of the hands 2 Sam. 4, 1, 2 Ch. 15, 7, Is. 13, 7, Jer. 6, 24; of די ידי from anything, to desist from Neh. 6, 9. Fig. of persons, to become faint or unnerved Jer. 49, 24; w. ידי to desist from Ex. 4, 27, to

cease from, anger Judg. 8, 3; also of things, to sink away or set, of the day Judg. 19, 9, to sink down, of fuel in the fire Is. 5, 24. - Niph. to become slack or indolent Ex. 5, 8. -Pi. Ty to loosen or untic, a girdle Job 12, 21; to let fall, the wings Ez. 1, 24; to make slack, esp. the hands, fig. to dishearten Ezr. 4, 4. - Hiph. וּזִרְפָּה (fut. יֵרָפָה, apoc. יַרָרָפָה; imp. דרפה, apoc. דרפה) 1) to slacken (w. T hand), to desist or leave off 2 Sam. 24, 16; w. cfrom Josh. 10, 6, also (w. 7] understood) to cease from, to let alone Deut. 9, 14, Judg. 11, 37, **Ps.** 37, 8, w. 5 of pers. for whom 1 Sam. 11, 3; to leave off or be still Ps. 46, 11. 2) to let off or dismiss Job 7, 19, Cant. 3, 4. 3) to leave off, work Neh. 6, 3, to cast off or forsake a person Josh. 1, 5. — Hith. 1) to shew oneself slack or indolent Josh. 2) to be fainthearted Prov. 18, 3. 24, 10.

ון דָשָּר 1) pr. n. (prob. giant, i. q. אָדָאָ II) of the head of a Philistine family, w. art. דְשָׁר 2 Sam. 21, 18, whose sons were noted for their tallness and prowess 2 Sam. 21, 16; see אָדָעָר II. 2) pr. n. m. (perh. healer, r. דְשָׁר I) 1 Ch. 8, 37, for which also

רְפָּד (c. רְפָּד) adj. m., רְפָּד (pl. f. slack, said of the hands 2 Sam. 17, 2; fig. feeble Num. 13, 18; r. רְפָה II.

אשך pr. n. m. (healed, r. גָּשָא I) Num. 13, 9.

רפות see הפות

(obs.) prob. i. q. Arab. نفي, to be rich; hence

TE: pr. n. m. (wealth) 1 Ch. 7, 25.

וֹתָּרָדָה (r. רָמָד I) f. a couch, prob. a litter or palanquin, only Cant. 3, 10. pr. n. (perh. refreshments, r. קפידים (וו קפידים) of a station of the Israelites in the wilderness Ex. 17, 1.

ישר ה. m. (prob. דְשָׁרָה) pr. n. m. (prob. דְשָׁרָה) 1 Ch. 9, 43; see also רָשָׁר 2.

(only כ, רְפָרוֹן) m. slackness or unnerving, of hands (בְּרָוֹן), only Jer. 47, 3; r. בָּפָה II.

סָרָרָפּשׁ (fut. יָרָפָשׁ) akin to סָרָדָס (fut. יָרָפָשׁ) akin to b, to tread or trample Ez. 34, 18; to trouble or muddle (streams) Ez. 32, 2. — Niph. to be troubled or fouled, of a fountain, part. יָרָשָרָס יָרָשָרָסָ דָרָדָרַסָּרָ 25, 26. — Hith. אָרָדָסָ on, fig. to prostrate oneself Ps. 68, 31, Prov. 6, 3.

DD Chald. to trample or stamp upon Dan. 7, 7.

רוּה אפר, ארים I.

רבין (Qal obs.) prob. akin to (p = x), i. q. גֿעָבין, to lean. — Hith. to lean oneself, w. איז, only part. f. ביק Cant. 8, 5.

لتي (obs.) prob. akin to ترجع (obs.) prob. akin to to to muldy or slimy; hence

UP, m. mud or mire, only Is. 57, 20.

(only Hab. קרארים, ורקארים) m. stable or stall, as the resting-place of cattle, only Hab. 3, 17; prob. from r. דָקָר II (of. רְאָרָק ד. רָאָל = דָּלָר), akin to אַרָאָן to lie extended.

(only pl. c. דָּאַד; r. רְצַץ) m. pieces or ingots, only Ps. 68, 31.

ער m. a runner or courier Job 9, 25; r. ידין.

I i. q. רדיך, to run, only inf. ביד Ez. 1, 14.

דער אין דער אין דער אין דער אין דער גער אין דער גענער אין דער אין דער אין דער איז דער איז דער איז דער איז דער א רע איזיד, see Gram. § 75, Bem. 21, a.

(Qal obs.) prob. akin to (

(fut. apoc. רָרָץ) akin to TI, 1) to delight in, to be pleased with, to accept, said of persons or things, w. 3 1 Ch. 28, 4, Ps. 49, 14, 2 Job 34, 9 or w. acc. of obj. Deut. 83, 11, Ps. 102, 15; part. רצוי (c. רצוי) accepted or acceptable, w. 5 Est. 10, 3, else in c. state Deut. 33, 24. 2) to be kind, to act graciously Ps. 77, 8; esp. of God as graciously receiving his worshippers and their offerings Ez. 20, 41, Am. 5, 22. 3) to appease or propitiate, to atome for sin Lev. 26, 41, comp. Niph. 2. - Niph. 1) to be graciously received Lev. 7, 18, w. for Lev. 1, 4. 2) to be paid off or discharged, to be satisfied or atoned for Is. 40, 2. — Pi. to conciliate Job 20, 10. — Hiph. to take pleasure in, to enjoy Lev. 26, 34. — Hith. to make oneself acceptable, to be pleasing, w. >> 1 Sam. 29, 4. Hence

(c. ⁷², m. 1) delight, acceptance Prov. 14, 35; לרצון, 'ל for acceptance i. e. so that the offerer may find favour Ps. 19, 15, Jer. 6, 20, Is. 60, 7; w. suf. לרצונכם for your acceptance, i. e. that ye may find favour Lev. 19, 5; also object of delight, a delight Prov. 11, 1, Mal. 2, 2) favor or grace Ps. 51, 20, 13. בעה רצון in the time of favor, while grace is being exercised Is. 49, 8; fig. gifts of grace Deut. 33, 23. 3) will or pleasure Ps. 40, 9, '9 Tin cruz to do according to the pleasure of any one Est. 1, 8; wilfulness Gen. 49, 6.

(fut. רְעָבָר) prob. mimet. akin to געי , i. q. Arab. (געי , געי , געי , i. q. Arab. (געי , געי) and געי , to break or crush, to pierce or stab, hence esp. to kill, to murder Ex. 20, 13, Deut. 4, 42; part. דעי a murderer Num. 35, 16, Job 24, 14, a man-slayer or homicide Josh. 20, 5. — Niph. (fut. דעי) to be murdered Judg. 20, 4. — Pl. 1) to dash in pieces, Ps. 62, 4 ארעין אין אין אין (a man), where some texts have ארעין (in Pu.) ye shall be crushed. 2) to kill many, to massacre Hos. 6, 9; part. דעין a murderer, assassin Is. 1, 21. Hence

 $\Pi \subseteq \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} m. 1$) a breaking or crushing, of bones Ps. 42, 11. 2) a crash or outburst, of the voice (cf. r. $\Pi \subseteq \mathbb{R}$) Ez. 21, 27.

البَيْت pr. n. m. (delight, r. البَيْت) 1 Ch. 7, 39.

pr. n. m. (perh. i. q. Arab. رُسِين

Damascus 2 K. 15, 37; also of another man Ezr. 2, 48.

i. q. Arab. (i), to pierce or bore, only Ex. 21, 6; hence 22.

i. q. Arab. (مَعَنَّفَ, to range or set in order, esp. stones to form a checkered pavement, only in part. pass. بعام tessellated or inlaid Cant. 3, 10; hence بعام 2.

רְשָׁה (obs.) prob. akin to גָשָׁה, to burn, to glow; prob. hence

ר דָּבָעָד, a hot stone or coal, only Is. 6, 6, where מֿטּסָמָגָ in Sept. 2) r. דְצָה, tessellated pavement Est. 1, 6, Ez. 40, 17. 3) pr. n. f. (perh. hot coal, r. בָּצָה) of a concubine of Saul 2 Sam. 3, 7.

עבויק (2 pers. אָיֹשָׁיַ, part. pars. רצרע, fut. ירוץ for ירוץ Is. 42, 4, also רָעָע Ecc. 12, 6) mimet. akin to רָעָנ, بَعِج , تَשْتَع I, i. q. Arab. رَضْ , 1) to break or crush, part. Truised or crushed Is. 42, 3; fig. to oppress Deut. 28, 33, Is. 58, 6. 2) intrans. to be crushed, to fall to pieces Ecc. 12, 6; fig. to break down, to fail Is. 42, 4. - Niph. נַרֹץ (fut. רָרוֹץ, cf. Gram. § 67, Rem. 5) to be broken Ecc. 12, 6, Ez. 29, 7. -Pi. yz to smash Ps. 74, 14; fig. to treat with violence, to oppress Job 20, 19. - Po. רוצי to oppress or crush Judg. 10, 8; but רוצץ in Nah. 2, 5 belongs to r. YT. - Hiph. (fut. apoc. for אָדָר to break or smash, only Judg. 9, 53. — Hithpo. yringi to dash against one another, to struggle, only Gen. 25, 22. — Cf. Sans. arksh (break), àpásow, þásow, G. reissen, E. crash, crush, all taken from the sound made by breaking or rending.

ר (ד. דְסָרָ ו) akin to דְזָ, 1) adj. m., דְסָרָ (pl. דְשָׁרָז וֹ (רָשָּׁרָ בָּשָׁר רָשָׁרָ בָּשָׁר רָשָׁר בָּשָׁר בָּשָׁר בָּשָׁר בָּשָׁר בָשָׁר בָשָר בַשָּׁר בַשָּ of flesh Gen. 41. 19; fig. gentle, of a whisper 1 K. 19, 12. 2) prop. subst. *leanness*, but used only as adv. of limitation or exception (cf. בָשָׁר סַרָּר כַשָּ only evil Gen. 6, 5, דָשָׁר סַרָר כַשָּ Job 1, 15, but Gen. 47, 22, surely Gen. 20, 11, Deut. 4, 6. — At times רְסָ stands removed from the word it refers to, e. g. רְשָׁרָדָר שָׁרַדָּר סַרָן נוֹצָד Is. 28, 19 it is a shudder only to catch the report, cf. Ps. 32, 6.

רדק (r. דרק) adj. m. empty, see רדק. — Prob. hence para in Mat. 5, 22 for a fool; or else from ה spittle, hence object of contempt (cf. хата́ятиσтоς).

ףל (w. suf. דָּקַי; r. דְבָזָ II) m. spittle or phlegm Job 7, 19, Is. 50, 6; cf. דָ.

קבר (fut. רְקָב) perh. akin to קב, to become porous or carious, to be rotten Is. 40, 20; fig. to decay or perish Prov. 10, 7; hence

(د. רְקָב) m. rottenness, of wood Job 18, 28, of bones Prov. 12, 4; fig. decay or wasting Hab. 8, 16.

קבון m. rottenness, only Job 41, 19; r. בקב.

(fut. רְיָקֹד) prob. akin to רְיָבָר (which see), to leap, for joy Ecc. 3, 4; to start, for fear Ps. 114, 4. — Pi. to leap or dance Is. 13, 22; to bound along, as a chariot in full speed Nah. 3, 2. — Hiph. to cause to leap or hop Ps. 29, 6.

(w. suf. בַּקָּתַדְ בַשָּׁתוֹ) f. 1)

r. pr. I, prop. thin, hence collect. the temples or sides of the head Judg. 4, 21. 2) prob. i. q. mp., prop. soft, hence collect. the checks Cant. 4, 3.

דרוך pr. n. (perh. meagreness, r. דרוך I) of a city in Dan. Josh. 19, 46.

רובה (fut. רבח) prob. denom. from רבח spice or scent, hence to make perfume Ex. 30, 33; part. רבח perfumer Ex. 30, 35, Ecc. 10, 1. – Pu. to be spiced 2 Ch. 16, 14. – Hiph. to season or spice, food Ez. 24, 10.

wine Cant. 8, 2. --- Prob. from an obs. r. רְקָרָ (akin to רְקָרָ I) to pound or beat; hence רְקָרָ but is pounded or crushed, spice, whence the denom. verb. רְקָר.

רְקָח m. perfume or scented ointment, only Ex. 30, 25. 35; r. הקח.

תַשָּת (pl. וַשָּׁתִים) m. a perfumer Neh. 3, '8; fem. רַשָּׁתִית (pl. וַבָּשָׁתוֹת) 1 Sam. 8, 13; r. רָקַת.

ָרָקָת (only pl. רָקָת; r. רְקָת) m. perfumes Is. 57, 9.

נ, קקיב (c. יְקִידָי, ד. יְקִידַ) m. expanse, prop. something beaten out or expanded, esp. the sky or firmament Gen. 1, 6, fully רְקִיבַ הַשְׁבֵים Gen. 1, 14.

רְקִיקִיקַי, pl. c. רְקִיקַי, pl. c. גְקִיקַי) m. a thin cake, a wafer Ex. 29, 2; r. pp I.

DD perh. akin to primit, to variegate or embroider, part. priembroiderer Ex. 26, 36. — Pu. prito be embroidered, fig. to be curiously or skilfully fashioned, said of a child in the womb Ps. 139, 15. Hence

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مجراً (perh. i. q. Arab. variegated garden) of a city in Benjamin Josh. 18, 27. 2) pr. n. m. (perh. party-colour) Num. 31, 8.

רְקְמָרָת (ר. בְקָמָר א. suf. רְקָמָר, dual רְקְמָר , pl. רְקָמָר (הַקָמָר , pl. רְקָמָר , colour work, בַּגַר הבבר , party - colour work, בַגַר הקמוח embroidered garments Ez. 16, 18, same as רְקָמָר in Ps. 45, 15; in Ps. 45, 15; double - embroidery, i. e. on both sides Judg. 5, 30. Fig. versicolour, variegation of hues, in an eagle's wings Ez. 17, 3, in stones of a tessellated pavement 1 Ch. 29, 2.

לער (fut. דָרָקי) akin to דָרָק I 1) to beat or pound, to stamp, the ground with the feet Ez. 6, 11; fig. to crush or overcome, foes 2 Sam. 22, 43. 2) to beat out, then to spread out or expand (cf. דָרְקי), said of God in laying out the earth Ps. 136, 6. — Pi. 1) to beat or hammer out, metal plates Ex. 39, 3. 2) to overlay or cover, w. metal plates Is. 40, 19. — Pu. to be beaten out, part. 10, 9. — Hiph. to spread out, the skies, only fut. בָרָקיָבָ Job 37, 18. Hence

רְקָצָ (only pl. c. רְקָצָ) m. plates of metal, only Num. 17, 3.

רקר, הקר, i. q. Arab. (גָקע, to pound or beat out, hence to be thin; hence רקר, הקר, גקר.

רדין prob. mimet. akin to אָרָק, רדין (which see), to hawk, to spit Lev. 15, 8.

רַפָּר pr. n. (perh. meagreness, r. רָפָר I) of a city in Naphtali, near the lake of Tiberias Josh. 19, 35.

ער (prop. part. of רוש adj. m. poor Prov. 14, 20; see r. רוש.

שׁוֹם Deut. 2, 24, שׂוֵ Deut. 1, 21, imp. Qal of יַרָבָי, יַרָיָא.

קריין (obs.) i. q. Chald. אָשָׁין, perh. akin to r. דָרָד, to be pleased, to consent; hence

וְשָׁרֹן m. pleasure or permission (cf. געון), only Ezr. 3, 7.

ראשיה Deut. 11, 12, see ראשיה.

فمر Arab. بنم akin to Syr. بنم Arab. نم and رسم to mark or write, to inscribe, only in part. بنه written Dan. 10, 21.

רקשים Chald. (fut. רְשָׁם) to write Dan. 5, 24, esp. to mark a signature, to sign an edict Dan. 6, 9.

fut. רְשָׁע) prob. mimet. akin to רְשָׁש I, רָצָא, to be fractious or obstreperous, fig. to be turbulent, lawless or wicked 1 K. 8, 47; as a forensic term, to be guilty or condemned, w., of the judge before whom Ps. 18, 22 (opp. צָרָשָׁר). -- Hiph. דַרְשָׁר צָ 1) to disturb, to make a tumult Job 34, 29; fig. to act turbulently or wickedly Job 34, 12; to violate, part. מַרְשׁיעֵי בִרִית Dan. 11, 32 covenant-violators; before an inf. it has adv. force (cf. Gram. § 142, Bem. 1) דרשיע לעשות to act wickedly 2 Ch. 20, 35. 2) as forensic term, to pronounce guilty or condemn Ex. 22, 8 (opp. to דיצריק); to gain a cause Is. 54, 17; hence to be victorious, w. 2 1 Sam. 14, 47. Hence

לשער (pl. רְשָׁעָר) adj. m., רְשָׁעָר) f. 1) turbulent, lawless or wicked Job 20, 29. 2) as subst. a lawless or wicked one, a transgressor Ps. 9, 6, pl. רְשָׁעָרם the wicked Job 3, 17, Ps. 1, 1; then, as forensic term, the guilty party Ex. 23, 7, Deut. 25, 1; רְשָׁעָר Num. 35, 31 wicked for to die i. e. obnoxious to capital punishment.

(w. suf. רְשָׁעים, pl. רְשָׁעים; r. (שע m. turbulence, lawlessness,

wickedness Ps. 5, 5; "עָשָׁר לָ לֹמָשָׁ לַ לָ מָשָׁר עָר wickedness Prov. 16, 12, "עָשָׁר wicked men Job 34, 8; pl. wicked deeds, only Job 34, 26; also injustice or fraud Job 34, 10; עָשָׁר fraud Job 34, 10; עַשָּׁר מוֹזְעָרָרָ will-gotten treasures, unjust scales Mio. 6, 10. 11.

ירָשָׁעָדי (c. רְשָׁעָז, w. suf. ירָשָׁעָדי; r רָשָׁעָדי (c. רְשָׁעָזי, w. suf. ירָשָערי, r ר (רָשָׁע) f. lawlessness or wickedness Ia. 9, 17, a wicked deed Deut. 25, 2; fraud Prov. 13, 6, cheating by false measure Zech. 5, 8.

עשען I (Qal obs.) akin to דָּצָץ (which see), to break in pieces. — Po. (fut. רְשָׁשׁ to destroy Jer. 5, 17. — Pu. רְשָׁשׁ to be broken down, destroyed Mal. 1, 4.

עש" II (obs.) perh. akin to אָרָשָׁרָאָ, to be firm or strong; perh. hence אָרָשָׁרָשָׁ.

רְשָׁחְ (prop. inf. c. Qal of דְשָׁחָ: w. suf. רְשָׁחָ ל. a net Ps. 57, 7; שָׁחָ to spread a net over any one Ez. 12, 13; רְשָׁח בְשָׁח בַּל net-work Ex. 27, 4.

[י] (pl. רַתּאַקוֹת 1 K. 6, 21 Q'ri) m. a chain Ez. 7, 23; r. רָתַר.

(Qal obs.) i. q. Aram.

made to boil, a pot Ez. 24, 5. — Pu. to be made to boil, to be in a ferment, to be greatly moved, of the bowels under strong emotion of the mind (cf.ζέων ἐν πνεύματι Rom. 12, 11) Job 30, 27. — Hiph. to cause to boil Job 41, 23. Hence

(pl. w. suf. רְהָחֵיָה, m. a boiling or seething, only Ez. 24, 5.

prob. akin to ۲٫ Arab. conj. IV, to bind or make fast, esp. to harness horses to a chariot, only imper. ۲٫ Mic. 1, 13; hence

(pl. (קרָמָים, m. i. q. Arab. , collect. (رَبَّعْ *genista*, a species of broom 1 K. 19, 4, Job 30, 4, a shrub growing in the deserts of Arabia, from which the best charcoal was said to be made Ps. 120, 4. --- Akin perh. to ratan, name of a cane-like plant in the East, from which withes, cords, ropes, etc. are made.

in pr. n. (i. q. Arab. نربت) pr. n. (i. q. Arab. نربت) broom-plant) of a station of the Israelites in the wilderness Num. 83, 18.

(Qal obs.) perh. akin to , to bind. — Pu. to be bound Nah. 3, 10. — Niph. in Ecc. 12, 6 where the Q'ri has דְרָחֵל shall be bound, but as this makes no suitable sense, the K'thibh בְרָחֵל shall be removed ought prob. to be retained, unless (as some propose) we adopt prop. shall be broken. Hence

וְרָחֲלָתָ (only pl. רְחֲלָתָ) f. a chain, only Is. 40, 19.

רְעַר (obs.) perh. akin to רְעַר, i. q. Aram. רְחֵת, ג', to lerrify; hence

הָתָיתָא m. i. q. Chald. רְתִיתָא, *terror*, only Hos. 13, 1.

💟 Shin, 💟 Sin, originally one letter 🛛 (see Gram. § 6, 2, 2), and still counted as the 21st in the Alphabet and used as a numeral sign for 300; hence the two may well, for both correctness and convenience, be placed together, as in this Lexicon, though they are generally arranged apart, as if they were really distinct characters. The name שרן or שין is prob. the same as jo and means tooth, which object appears to be rudely pictured in the ancient and the actual form W, w (see the Table of Ancient Alphabets); hence the Gr. \mathbf{M} and $\boldsymbol{\Sigma}$, called Záv in Doric, though later

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known only as $\Sigma(\gamma \mu \alpha, whence our S.$ The \mathfrak{W} when marked \mathfrak{W} sounds as sh, but as s when marked \mathfrak{W} (= \mathfrak{D} , see Gram. § 6, 2, 2); cf. what is said in Judg. 12, 6 about $\mathfrak{H}_{2\mathfrak{W}}$ being sounded as $\mathfrak{H}_{2\mathfrak{D}}$, and our own different sounds of s in sum and sure, also in pleasant and pleasure.



דאָשָ II (cf. אָבָר ד לָאָב II) to be at rest or quiet; hence perh. איזעי the resting-place of the dead, the grave or under-world; see איזע II.

کیں pr. n. m. (request, r. کیں I) Esr. 10, 29.

שאול פפי שאל.

Land

אָשָׁלָאָ part. אָשָׁלָ Chald. (1 pl. אָשָׁאָלָ, part. אָשָׁל I, to ask, interrogate, w. א of pers. Ezr. 5, 9, acc. of thing Dan. 2, 10; to demand of Ezr. 7, 21; hence

אָאָאָשָׁ) f. prop. inquiry or seeking, hence (like Arab. (مَسَالَة) a matter of inquiry, a cause or affair, only Dan. 4, 14.

וֹשָׁלָחִי I; w. suf. דְּאָלָ זָשָ אָרָ once אָלָשָ Job 6, 8, דָשָׁלָחַ 1 Sam. 1, 17 (w. Momitted, cf. Gram. § 23, 3), דָשָׁלָשָ Ps. 106, 15) f. 1) a request or petition, 'שָׁ אָשָׁלָ to ask a petition or make a request Judg. 8, 24, 'שָׁ דָשָׁ to grant a request Est. 5, 8, דָשָ יָסָ רָבוּא שָׁאָלָתי אָט מָר רָבוּא שָׁאָלָתי אָט מָר הַפָּו וּשָׁ אָר מָר מָרָא אָאָלָתי אָט מָר הַפָּו ג. Oh that my desire should come! (cf. Gram. § 136, 1). 2) a loan, as something requested 1 Sam. 2, 20.

שָׁאָלָק pr. n. m. (prob. I have begged of God, r. שָׁאָל וּ) 1 Ch. 3, 17; but in Hag. 1, 12 שֵׁאָל

ريجين (Qal obs.) akin to بين , to repose, only in — Pi'l. نيميز (Gram. § 55, 2) to be tranquil, to feel at ease Job 3, 18, Jer. 30, 10. Hence

אָשָ Josh. 17, 11, see שָׁלָ

(pl. البعروت 1) adj. (pl. البعروت m., البعرون) m., البعرون (pl. البعرون) f. quiet, comfortable, of a home Is. 33, 20; tranquil, living at case, of a person Job 12, 5; in a bad sense careless or heedless, selfsatisfied or proud Ps. 123, 4, Is. 32, 9. 2) subst. (w. suf. يَعْبَرُنَمْ m. selfcomplacency or pride 2 K. 19, 28, Is. 37, 29; r. يَعْبَرُ.

CNO Jer. 30, 16 in K'thibh for DOW part. of r. DOW; see Gram. § 67, Bem. 3.

(fut. FRED) prob. mimet. akin to FRED, TWD, 1) to breathe or blow, to pant, from anger Iz. 42, 14, haste Ecc. 1, 5 (comp. TTD] Hab. 2, 3), eagerness Pa. 119, 131. 2) to smiff up Jer. 2, 24; fig. to be eager or long for Job 7, 2, Ps. 56, 2, said of a trap or snare Job 5, 5; w. 52 Am. 2, 7.

Ny I prob. akin to "To and Syr. y. to be firm or enduring, hence to remain, to be left 1 Sam. 16, 11. - Niph. 1) to be left, to survive Gen. 7, 23; part. "Som a survivor Gen. 32, 9; pl. Gen. 14, 10; f. Is. 37, 31. 2) to be remaining, to continue Ex. 8, 5, Job 21, 34. -Hiph. 1) to leave or let remain Deut. 28, 51, Josh. 10, 28, Joel 2, 14; to retain Am. 5, 3. 2) intrans. to be left Deut. 3, 3, Josh. 8, 22.

II (obs.) prob. akin to Arab. بَعَرَ and تَعَرَّبَ بَعَرَ III, to snell up, to be full or plump; hence مَعْتَبُ flesh and مَعْتَبَ kneading-trough.

J. to ferment, turn sour; hence

تَبَعَبَّة (o. تَعْبَة, r. إَنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ mainder or residue, the rest Is. 10, 20, Zeph 1, 4.

كَلْتَ Chald. (c. بين , once بين Ezr. 7, 18) m. i. q. Heb. remainder, the rest Dan. 7, 7, Ezr. 4, 9.

שאר (w. suf. שָׁאָרָי; r. שָׁאָרָי II) m.

1) phumpness, אָבָלָד אָטָר אָטָר דָּקָלָד Prov. 5, 11 in the failing of thy ficsh and thy plumpness, i. e. when thou art enfeebled and wasted. 2) fiesh in general, human Ps. 73, 26, animal-fiesh, as food Ps. 78, 20, then food of any kind Ex. 21, 10; prob. poet. and collect. for human bodies slain in battle Jer. 51, 35. 3) fig. like אָטָק, blood-relative, kindred Lev. 18, 12, fully אָר בָּטָר בָּעָר בָּעָר בָּעָ

דאיף, leaven Ex. 12, 15, Deut. 16, 4; r. אַנָּשָ.

געשר ג blood-relationship, concr. kins-woman, only Lev. 18, 17; prop. a denom. from אין 3.

7, 24.

בשור ישר pr. n. m. (a remnant shall return) of Isaiah's son Is. 7, 3.

for المجترين (for المجترين II) f. destruction or rwin, only Lam. 3, 47.

TRUP (for regin, prop. inf. fem. of r. Rip; w. suf. TRUP, once Trup Job 41, 17) f. 1) lifting up, irrige Job 41, 17 at its rising up; lifting up of the head i. e. cheerfulness of countenance Gen. 4, 7. 2) a rising in the skin, pimple or boil Lev. 13, 2. 3) exaltation, majesty Gen. 49, 3, Ps. 62, 5.

N 및 (perh. captor, r. 戸史 I) pr. n. 1) of several men, e. g. the grandson of Cush Gen. 10, 7; a son of Joktan Gen. 10, 28, a grandson of Abraham Gen. 25, 3. 2) of two countries or regions, the one in Arabia Felix 1 K. 10, 1, the other prob. near the Persian gulf, settled by the NJO of Gen. 25, 3; gentH. n. pl. THYJO Sabcans Joel 4, 8.

ال (obs.) i. q. Arab. بَعْبَ, Syr. مُعَمَّ, to glow or burn; hence پُوت flame.

אברע II (obs.) prob. mimet. skin to אָשָר I, i. q. Chald. אַדָּע, to break; hence

בקש (only pl. שְׁבָרִים) m. pieces or fragments, only Hos. 8, 6.

I (fut. التيت، apoc. نمان) i. q. Arab. (مَسْ, Aram. عَرَبْ المَحْمَةِ، to take captive Gen. 34, 29, 1 K. 8, 48; to carry off cattle or property 1 Ch. 5, 21, Obad. 11; also to lead in triumph a band of captives Judg. 5, 12, Ps. 68, 19; to hold captives Ps. 137, 3; part. pass. pl. مَحْمَانُ وَحَمَانُونُ Ps. 137, 3; part. pass. pl. مَحْمَانُ وَحَمَانُ primes Judg. 137, 3; part. pass. pl. مُحْمَانُ primes Judg. 14, 14, Jer. 13, 17.

II (obs.) prob. akin to

שׁשׁ m. prob. an agate (Sept. dxdtn,c) Ex. 89, 12, one of the brilliant or precious stones in the highpriest's breastplate.

עוביאל pr. n. m. (perh. God's brilliancy, r. אָשָרָא II) 1 Ch. 28, 16, called also שׁרָאַל 24, 20.

ל Jer. 18, 15 in K'thibh, see שָׁבוּל.

עָקבעים (c. שָׁבְעָי, dual שָׁבְעָי, pl. שָׁבְעָיה, שָׁבְעוֹה, לָשָׁבְעָיה, שָׁבָעָיה, w. suf. שָׁבָעוֹה, w. suf. שָׁבָעוֹה, w. suf. denom. from שָׁבָע seven, hence a



אָשָׁן II (cf. אָבָר II) to be at rest or quiet; hence perh. אישע the resting-place of the dead, the grave or under-world; see אָשָׁן II.

) pr. n. m. (request, r. 380) I) Esr. 10, 29.

. שאול see שאל

Chald. (1 pl. x,), part. rogate, w. > of pers. Ezr. 5, 9, acc. of thing Dan. 2, 10; to demand of Ezr. 7, 21; hence

مَعْرَضَكُ Chald. (def. المَعْرَضَكُ) f. prop. inquiry or seeking, hence (like Arab. أَسَالًا a matter of inquiry, a cause or affair, only Dan. 4, 14.

וֹשָׁלָחִי I; w. suf. אָשָׁלָחִי I Sam. 1, 17 (w. Nomitted, cf. Gram. § 23, 3), דְאָלָחָי Ps. 106, 15) f. 1) a request or petition, 'שָׁאָלָי to ask a petition or make a request Judg. 8, 24, 'שָׁ לָשָׁ' to grant a request Est. 5, 8, דָשָׁי עָרָי רָשָּׁן Job 6, 8 who will grant my request may come? i. e. Oh that my desire should come! (cf. Gram. § 136, 1). 2) a loan, as something requested 1 Sam. 2, 20.

begged of God, r. שָׁאָלָק אַיָאָל but in Hag. 1, 12 שָׁאָל שׁנָאַן I) 1 Ch. 3, 17;

(Qal obs.) akin to بنجر, to repose, only in — Pi'l. بنجر (Gram. § 55, 2) to be tranquil, to feel at ease Job 3, 18, Jer. 30, 10. Hence

Josh. 17, 11, see الله Josh. 17, 11, see

(pl. أَيْعَرَبَتُرَاتَ 1) adj. (pl. تَعْرَبُتُونَ m., الْعَرَبُتَاتَ (pl. أَيْعَرَبُتَاتَ dj. (pl. أَيْعَرَبُتَاتَ dj. (pl. comfortable, of a home Is. 33, 20; tranquil, living at ease, of a person Job 12, 5; in a bad sense careless or heedless, selfsatisfied or proud Ps. 123, 4, Is. 32,

9. 2) subst. (w. suf. يَשْאِלָדֶ) m. selfcomplacency or pride 2 K. 19, 28, Is. 37, 29; r. يَعْمَر.

CNU Jer. 30, 16 in K'thibh for boy part. of r. Dow; see Gram. § 67, Rem. 3.

(fut. 520) prob. mimet. akin to 500, 700, 1) to breathe or blow, to pant, from anger Is. 42, 14, haste Ecc. 1, 5 (comp. 7967 Hab. 2, 3), eagerness Ps. 119, 131. 2) to smill up Jer. 2, 24; fig. to be eager or long for Job 7, 2, Ps. 56, 2, said of a trap or snare Job 5, 5; w. 52 Am. 2, 7.

I prob. akin to "I and Syr. ..., to be firm or enduring, hence to remain, to be left 1 Sam. 16, 11. - Niph. 1) to be left, to survive Gen. 7, 23; part. ..., survivor Gen. 32, 9; pl. Gen. 14, 10; f. Is. 37, 31. 2) to be remaining, to continue Ex. 8, 5, Job 21, 34. --Hiph. 1) to leave or let remain Deut. 28, 51, Josh. 10, 28, Joel 2, 14; to retain Am. 5, 8. 2) intrans. to be left Deut. 3, 8, Josh. 8, 22.

رobs.) akin to Arab. بلغ، to ferment, turn sour; hence

الْ عَبْلَةَ (c. تَعْبَدْ); r. تَعْبَدُ I) m. remainder or residue, the rest Is. 10, 20, Zeph 1, 4.

Ezr. 7, 18) m. i. q. Heb. remainder, the rest Dan. 7, 7, Ezr. 4, 9.

ישאר (w. suf. שאר; r. שאר II) m.

1) plumpness, אָבָלוּה אָבָאָרָה אָבָאָרָה Prev. 5, 11 in the failing of thy flesh and thy plumpness, i. e. when thou art enfeebled and wasted. 2) flesh in general, human Ps. 73, 26, animal-flesh, as food Ps. 78, 20, then food of any kind Ex. 21, 10; prob. poet. and collect. for human bodies slain in battle Jer. 51, 35. 3) fig. like אָבָאָר בְּעָבוֹי (Lev. 18, 6.

TRU m. i. q. Ohald. "ixp, leaven Ex. 12, 15, Deut. 16, 4; r. "wig.

געיין ג blood relationship, concr. kins-woman, only Lev. 18, 17; prop. a denom. from איין 3.

7, 24.

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7

shall return) of Isaiah's son Is. 7, 3.

chor المجتون; r. الجتون II) f. destruction or rwin, only Lam. 3, 47.

ראש (for דאָשָׁ, prop. inf. fem. of r. אָשָׁי (for דאָשָׁ, once דע Job 41, 17) f. 1) lifting wp, דעשי Job 41, 17 at its rising wp; lifting wp of the head i. e. cheerfulness of countenance Gen. 4, 7. 2) a rising in the skin, pimple or boil Lev. 13, 2. 3) exaltation, majesty Gen. 49,3, Pz. 62, 5.

N그哎 (perh. captor, r. ロッサ I) pr. n. 1) of several men, e. g. the grandson of Cush Gen. 10, 7; a son of Joktan Gen. 10, 28, a grandson of Abraham Gen. 25, 3. 2) of two countries or regions, the one in Arabia Felix 1 K. 10, 1, the other prob. near the Persian gulf, settled by the NJO of Gen. 25, 3; gentil. n. pl. DWJW Sabcans Joel 4, 8.

אבעיין II (obs.) prob. mimet. skin to אָשָׁבָי I, i. q. Cheld. אַשָּׁבָי, to break; hence

שָׁבָרים (only pl. שְׁבָרִים) m. pieces or fragments, only Hos. 8, 6.

I (fut. التيت، apoc. in) i. q. Arab. (in, Aram. عرب) (in, for take captive Gen. 34, 29, 1 K. 8, to take captive Gen. 34, 29, 1 K. 8, 48; to carry off cattle or property 1 Ch. 5, 21, Obad. 11; also to lead in triumph a band of captives Judg. 5, 12, Ps. 68, 19; to hold captives Ps. 137, 3; part. pass. pl. المحبة captives Is. 61, 1, المحبة ring Gen. 31, 26 female captives of the sword i. e, women taken captive in war. ---Niph. to be captured Gen. 14, 14, Jer. 13, 17.

II (obs.) prob. akin to I, to glow or gleam; hence

עש m. prob. an agate (Sept. dxátn,c) Ex. 39, 12, one of the brilliant or precious stones in the highpriest's breastplate.

שׁרָהאָל pr. n. m. (perh. God's brilliancy, r. דְשָׁבָ II) 1 Ch. 28, 16, called also שׁרָאַל 24, 20.

לעבול Jer. 18, 15 in K'thibh, see שָׁבִיל.

עָרָצָים (c. אָיָבָיָם, dual שָׁבָצָים, pl. שָׁבְצָיח, שָׁבְצָיח, אָ שָׁבָצָיח, אָיָבָצָיח, אָיָבָצָיח, אָיָבָצָיח, אָיָבָצָיח, אָיָבָצָיח, אָיָבָצָים, או denom. from אַבָּצָי seven, hence a

seven, 1) like έβδομάς, a period of seven days, a week or sennight Dan. 9, 27, Γκή Σμο week of this one, i. e. her week Gen. 29, 27, Γιζώ μετ 34, 22 feast of weeks, i. e. the Pentecost, celebrated at the close of seven weeks (i. e. on the 50th day, ή πεντηχοστή Acts 2, 1) from the Passover, Γιζώ μετ 21 the feast of weeks of days, i. e. celebrated each time for seven whole days, viz, the Passover. 2) a period of seven years Dan. 9, 24 (cf. hebdomas annorum, Gell. N. A. 3, 10).

וּשָׁרַעָּר (c. אָברּעָד), pl. אָברּעָד), also אָבעָדָעָ pl. אָברּעָד); r. אַבעָד), f. an oath, a swearing 1) for confirmation, an oath Lev. 5, 4, אָשָבען אָבעָד לעריד oath Josh. 9, 20, אָד אָבען העריד of (i. e. by) the Eternal Ex. 22, 10; esp. a covenant oath 2 Sam. 21, 7, hence אָד אָבעריד אָבען masters of oath to any one i. e. confederates w. him Neh. 6, 18 (Sept. בֿעסָסָגָט). 2) for imprecation, a cursing or curse Is. 65, 15, fully הָאָבון לאָבען לא ניס of cursing Num. 5, 21.

ישרית (r. שבית ו) f. captivity Num. 21, 29; concr. captives, אוב שביר to bring back the captives Deut. 30, 8, Zeph. 3, 20, also שוב שבית Jer. 33, 7; also fig. for affliction or calamity, השריש שב ארישריש ke (God) turned the affliction of Job, i. e. restored his prosperity Job 42, 10, cf. Ez. 16, 53, perh. also in Ps. 14, 7.

דער I (Qal obs.) prob. mimet. akin to אייד i. q. Arab. אייד, to call or speak aloud, to shout for joy; hence אייד - Pi. אייד (fut. אייד) to praise or celebrate Ps. 63, 4, Ecc. 8, 15, w. ל to Ps. 145, 4; to felicitate or congratulate Ecc. 4, 2 where אייד for nawy (cf. Gram. § 52, Bem. 6). — Hith. to glory in w. 7 Ps. 106, 47.

II (Qal obs.) prob. akin to rupo II, rupo, to pour out, to diffuse or scatter; hence — Pi. to allay or still billows Ps. 89, 10; to quiet anger Prov. 29, 11. — Hiph. to make still, to calm billows Ps. 65, 8.

($\vec{v} = n$), to beat, fig. to castigate or rule; hence

שֹׁשָׁשָׁ also שִׁשָׁשׁ (w. suf. שִׁשְׁשׁ, pl. דְּשִׁשָׁ, c. שִׁשְׁשׁ) m., but f. in Ez. 21, 15. 1) a staff or rod, for beating Ex. 21, 20; fig. correction or punishment Is. 10, 5. 2) a kind of flail Is. 28, 27. 8) a shepherd's crook Lev. 27, 32, Ps. 23, 4. 4) a staff or wand of office Judg. 5, 14, esp. a sceptre, of a king Gen. 49, 10, Ps. 2, 9; fig. a) a tribe, considered as ruled by the chieftain's staff Deut. 18, 1; β) rule or sway Ps. 45, 7. 5) a lance or spear 2 Sam. 18, 14. --- Cf. σxηπτρον, L. scipio.

רשבט Chald. m. same as Heb.

שֹׁשָׁשׁ m. i. q. Syr. אָבָא, the eleventh month of the Hebrew year, from the new moon of February to that of March, *Shebat*, only Zech. 1, 7. — Said to be Persian, but perh. from an obs. Heb. r. אַבָּשָׁ קראָ so perh. akin to אָבָשָ rest, alluding to the inert state of nature in that hardest time of winter, for

Jerome says that the month was 'in acerrimo tempore hiemis'.

שרי (in pause שָׁרָי, w. suf. שָׁרָי), שָׁרָי שָׁרָין (in pause שָׁרָי, w. suf. שָׁרָין, ivity Deut. 21, 13, שָׁרָין I. m. 1) captivity Deut. 21, 13, שָׁרָין Lam. 1, 5 or דָלָן שָׁרָי, to go into captivity Jer. 20, 6. 2) concr. a captive Ex. 12, 29, also collect. captives Num. 31, 26, Ps. 68, 19. 3) booty or prey Is. 49, 24, Am. 4, 10.

שבר pr. n. m. (perh. brilliant, r. ער II) Ezr. 2, 42.

שְׁרָר pr. n. m. (perh. taking captive, r. שָׁרָה I) 2 Sam. 17, 27.

עָבָר (c. שָׁבַר; r. שָׁבָד I) m. a flame Job 18, 5; Sept. קאלג.

שְׁבָיב Chald. (def. שְׁבָיב, pl. שְׁבָיב, pl. שֶׁבִיב, Dan. 7, 9) m. i. q. Heb. שֶׁבִיב, מָ flame Dan. 3, 22.

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ערָדָ, ערָדָע (r. שְׁרָדָ) **1** f. captivity Jer. 48, 46; concr. and collect. captives Deut. 21, 11, 2 Ch. 28, 5.

קר (fem. of שְׁרָדָ 2) f., a female captive, only Is. 52, 2.

עָרָרל (pl. c. שְׁבָרלָ Jer. 18, 15, where שָׁבָּרלָ in K'thibh; r. שָׁבָּרָלָ (שָׁבָּרָ , Arab. a. אַבָּבָּאָ, שָׁבָרָלָא, Arab.

שָׁרָס (only pl. שָׁרָסָים; r. שָׁרָסָ m. reticules or nettings, used in female head-dress (cf. L. reticulum), only Is. 3, 18, Sept. דע פֿאָתאַלאַגע.

יקיביע (from שָׁבַע) ordin. num. adj. m., שְׁבִיצִית f. the seventh Gen. 2, 2, Ex. 21, 2.

שברדי see שברדית.

שבות captivity, see שבית

שָׁתַּך (obs.) akin to שָׁתָּן, to pour or shed; prob. hence שׁוֹבָן.

יָרָבַק, סָבָך: (obs.) akin to יָרָבַק, נס interveave, braid; hence

שְׁבָרִים (only pl. שְׁבָרִים) m. lattices or latticework, only 1 K. 7, 17.

אָבָאָ Chald. Dan. 3, 7, same as סַבְּכָא, which see.

(חו היקשָרָה; ר. 1) a net Job 18, 8. 2) lattice, latticework, fret-work before a window or balcony 2 K. 1, 2, esp. around capitals of columns 1 K. 7, 18, Jer. 52, 22, 2 Ch. 4, 12.

רשבע (obs.) prob. mimet. akin to אַבָּל (obs.) rob. mimet. akin forth, hence 1) to flow or stream, hence אָשָׁבָל, ושָׁבָל 2. 2) to move on or advance; hence שָׁבָל a way. 8) to shoot forth, to grow, hence שָׁבָל 1.

לשָׁל m. i. q. Arab. אייעדע the skirt or train of a robe, only Is. 47, 2; from r. אָבָל, hence prop. the *flowing* part of a garment.

לול (r. לשָבָל ; cf. Gram. § 84, Rem. 32) m. *a snail*, only Ps. 58, 9, prob. so named from its making a wet and slimy track.

אָשָּבָל (r. שָׁבָל 3) f. a twig or branch, only pl. e. in שְׁבֵלי הַצַּרְחָר Zech. 4, 12 the two olive-branches.

עָּבָלָים (pl. שְׁבָלִים, c. שְׁבָלִים) f. 1) r. שָׁבָלים 3, an ear of corn Job 24, 24, Gen. 41, 5; Aram. (שָׁבַל אָ מָבוֹלָא, מָבוֹלָא, Arab. (שָׁבָל ... 2) r. שִׁרָלָא a stream or flood Judg. 12, 6, Ps. 69. 8; Syr. ברבלן a river-bed.

נס אנו ליש (obs.) prob. akin to נַשָּׁם, to be fragrant or balmy; hence

DIU pr. n. (prob. fragrance) of a city in Reuben Num. 32, 3.

קבָרָה) pr. n. (i. q. בְּבָרָה) of a city in Reuben Num. 32, 38, in a region abounding in vineyards Is. 16, 8, 9.

to kide, hence perh. to be shy; hence

אָבְעָד, also אָבְעָד, n.m. (perh. shyness) of a royal officer under Hezekiah Is. 22, 15, 2 K. 18, 18.

אָבְנָד, אפפ אָיָבְעָ.

עָּקָרָרָדָר חָי חָיָבַרְיָדָר חָי חָיָבַרְיָדָר חָי חָיָבַרְיָדָר חַי חָוֹפּאַ פר protects, r. (שָׁבַן) 1 Ch. 15, 24, but שְׁבַוְיָד in Neh. 12, 8 and שְׁבַוְיָד 1 Ch. 24, 11.

De W (obs.) prob. akin to אָבָשָ, Chald. שָׁבַשָ to interveave, to make netting; hence prob. שָׁבָש.

prob. denom. from නයුත් seven, hence perh. to use or call seven, i. e. either to slay seven victims (Gen. 21, 28) or to call seven witnesses (cf. Herod. 3, 8), in ratification of some agreement; hence to swear or make oath, only part. pass. in שָׁרְעֵר דושבעד Ez. 21, 28 sworn ones of oaths, i. e. men bound by taking oaths. -Niph. ישבע (fut. ישבע) prop. to use or name seven (victims or witnesses) as to oneself, i. e. to bind oneself by an attested oath, to swear Gen. 21, 24, w. h by Josh. 2, 12, w. 5 to Gen. 24, 7, w. על about Lev. 5, 24. נְשָׁבַע w. למִרְמָח or למִרְמָח to swear to the falsehood Jer. 5, 2 or to a deception Ps. 24, 4, i. e. to swear falsely. - Hiph. to cause to take an oath, to bind by oath Gen. 50, 5, Ex. 13, 19; fig. to adjure, to charge solemnly Cant. 2, 7, Jer. 5, 7.

עָקָעָד I (כ. אָבָעָ) card. num. f., שְׁבְעָּק עָ. suf. שְׁבְעָק (c. גָשָרָע, w. suf. שְׁבְעָק) m. seven (see Gram. § 97, 1 and § 120), in the absol. usually before the noun e. g. שָׁבָע שָׁרָים שָׁבָע Gen. 5, 7, in later Heb. after the noun e. g. אַרִים שָׁבָע 2 Ch. 13, 9; in the constr. when the numeral is considered as an abstract noun e. g. τητά a keptad (έπτάς) of days, a week (cd. έβδομάς) Gen. 8, 10; w. suf. Τητροφ their seven i. e. the seven of them 2 Sam. 21, 9. Dual form τητή seven/old Gen. 4, 15; pl. form τητή seven/old Gen. 4, 15; pl. form τητή seven/old Gen. 50, 3. Σητή as adv. seven times Lev. 26, 18, Ps. 119, 164. --- Prob. akin to Sans. saptan, έπτά, L. septem, Kelt. saith, seith, G. sieben, E. seven; see Gram. § 97, 1 Note².

ערבינדו I m. 1) i. q. שָרבינדו an oath Gen. 21, 31, in the pr. n. בָּאַר שֶׁרַע (oath-well) which see. 2) perh. pr. n. of a town in Simeon, Josh. 19, 2. 3) pr. n. m. 2 Sam. 20, 1.

, Z I Deut. 14, 29, Is. 9. 19 (fut. קבא) prob. akin to אַכָּג אָדָע, אַדָּע, i. q. Syr. مشبع, Arab. شبعً, 1) to be satisfied, satiated or filled Ps. 17, 15, w. food Deut. 6, 11 or drink Am. 4, 8; fig. of the irrigated earth Ps. 104, 16, of the eye feeding on sights Ecc. 1, 8, the sword feeding on carnage Jer. 46, 10, and of greed satisfied w. money Ecc. 5, 9; with 79, 3 and acc. of the source of satisfaction Job 31, 31, Ps. 65, 5, Ex. 16, 19. 2) to be sated with, tired of Job 7, 4, Is. 1, 11. - Pi. Jaw to satisfy, w. acc. Ez. 7, 19, w. 2 acc. Ps. 90, 14 (cf. Gram. § 139). - Hiph. to satisfy Ps. 107, 9, w. acc. of person and thing Ps. 132, 15, w. > of pers. and acc. of thing Ps. 145, 16, w. קן, אָ of thing Ez. 32, 4, Lam. 3, 15. Hence

עַבָּעָש, pl. שָּבָעָ) adj. m., אָבָעָד f. satisfied, satiated 1 Sam. 2, 5; fig. rich Deut. 33, 23; full Gen. 35, 29, Job 14, 1.

JIU m. satiety Ecc. 5, 11; abundance Gen. 41, 29, Prov. 3, 10 r. JIU.

קבָעָה, see אָבְעָה n. of a well Gen. 26, 83.

אָבְעָה (c. רָשָרָעָה) m. seven Dan. 4, 13, Ezr. 7, 14.

שבועה, בפי שבועה.

לקרק f. i. q. אַבָּשָ, satiety Is. 56, 11, דער to the full Is. 23, 18; r. אַבָּשָׁ

שְׁרְעָה) f. satiety or fulness Ez. 16, 49.

שבעים seventy, see שבעים seventy.

only Job 42, 13; see Ewald's Lehrbuch d. Heb. Sprache, § 269, c.

שבע seven, see שבעה

שבע sevenfold, see שבשל.

VIV (Qal obs.) akin to تَعَبَّنْ, Syr. حَصَى, Arab. حَصَى, to interweave.
Pi. to interweave, to variegate, so as to produce a sort of plaid Ex. 28, 39. — Pu. to be interwoven, fig. to be set or enchased, as gems in gold Ex. 28, 20. Hence

V⊋Ū m. an interweaving, fig. confusion or giddiness in the head, verligo, only 2 Sam. 1, 9.

ר (obs.) perh. akin to אוֹם (obs.) perh. akin to אַבָּאָ i. q. Aram. אָשָׁרָ, *i. leave* or *forsake*, hence אָבָאָר, דָשָוֹש

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P Chald. (inf. page Dan. 4, 28, imp. page) to leave Dan. 4, 12; hence σαβαχθανί = توקאי Syr. thou hast forsaken me Mat. 27, 46. - Ithpe. to be left Dan. 2, 44.

דער ו (fut. יְשָׁבֹר) prob. akin to break or fracture Ex. 12, 46; to rend, of wild beasts 1 K. 18, 26. 28; part. pass. WIN broken or maimed, in a limb Lev. 22, 22. Fig. in many applications, e. g. to break or rend the heart i. e. to make very sad Ps. 69, 21; part. pass. לעבאדר לב the broken of heart Ps. 147, 8; to break thirst, i. e. to quench it Ps. 104, 11; to break up a people, i. e. to destroy it Is. 14, 25; to break off a limit, i. e. to mark it off or set it Job 38, 10. - Niph. to be broken Ez. 6, 11; to be wrecked, of a ship Jonah 1, 4; to be injured or maimed Is. 8, 15, Ex. 22, 9, part. fem. דעוברה Ez. 34, 4; fig. to be contrile, לשברי לב the broken or contrite of heart Ps. 84, 19; to be routed, of an army 2 Ch. 14, 12; to be destroyed or perish, of a kingdom Jer. 48, 4, of a city Is. 24, 10, of persons Prov. 6, 15. ---Pi. שָׁבָר) in pause Ex. 9, 25 Gram. § 52, Rem. 1) to break in pieces, to shiver Ex. 34, 1; to fracture, bones Is. 38, 13; to wreck, ships Ps. 48, 8; to crush or smash, teeth Ps. 3, 8. — Hiph. to cause to break or burst open, to open (i. e. the womb) Is. 66, 9. - Hoph. to be broken Jer. 8, 21.

ון (obs.) prob. akin to דָרָה II (to feed), or to דָרָה I, to bear fruit, esp. corn; hence prob. שָׁרָה whence as denominative

אָשָרָך I, thrice אָשָרָן as in Is. 30, 14 (w. suf. שִׁרָךָ pl. שִׁרָרָא, w. suf.

ige i, r. שברית I) 1) m. a breach, fracture or wound Is. 30, 18, Lev. 21, 19; fig. destruction Jer. 6, 14; a breaking down or depression, of spirit Is. 65, 14, Job 41, 17; interpretation (prop. a breaking or bursting open), of a dream Judg. 7, 15. 2) pr. n. son of Caleb Ben-Hezron 1 Ch. 2, 48 (שברים Josh. 7, 5 prob. not a pr. n. but subst. stone quarries, Keil).

שְׁבָר (w. suf. שִׁבְרָם) prop. produce, esp. grain Gen. 42, 1; r. שָׁבָר שִׁבָר II.

שריק perh. akin to שבין (cf. קבר perh. akin to קבין (cf. קבר קבין, to see or look, w. p at Neh. 2, 13. — Pi. שבי to look out, to expect or wait Ruth 1, 13; to look to, w. אבי Ps. 104, 27; to look for, w. b Ps. 119, 166; to hope, w. inf. Est. 9, 1. Hence

שְׁבֶרִי (w. suf. שְׁבְרִי) m. expectation or hope Ps. 119, 116.

שָׁבָרוֹן (c. שָׁבְרוֹן) m. prop. a breaking, fig. sharp pain Ez. 21, 11; destruction Jer. 17, 18; r. שַׁבָּר.

🖉 (fut. רְשָׁבֹּי, rarely רַשָּׁבֹי Lev. 26, 34) prob. akin to 202 (inf. שׁבָח, שׁבָה, to set or lay, hence 1) to rest (so in Sam., Aram., Arab.) Ex. 23, 12, שבת לבר ארח Is. 38, 8 the wayfarer resteth, i. e. from his accustomed journey; to rest from labour, w. 🔁 Gen. 2, 2; to rest from the gate, i. e. to cease going thither Lam. 5, 14; to lie fallow or untilled, of land Lev. 26, 34. 2) to cease or come to an end Josh. 5, 12; to fail Gen. 8, 22; to cease from doing anything w. and inf. Job 32, 1, Hos. 7, 4. 3) esp. (prob. denom. from **PROV** to keep the sabbath (Sept. $\sigma \alpha\beta$ - $\beta \alpha \tau(\zeta_{siv})$ Ex. 16, 80, fully w. **PROV** Lev. 23, 82. — Niph. to cease, come to an end Is. 17, 3. — Hiph. to cause to rest, to make quiet or still Ps. 8, 8; to let rest from, w. **PROV** Ex. 5, 5; to cause to cease Ps. 46, 10, Dan. 9, 27; to cause to fail, w. > of pers. Ruth 4, 14; to put away or remove, w. **P** of place from which Ex. 12, 15, w. > of pers. for whom Jer. 48, 35; fig. to destroy, do away with Deut. 32, 26, Am. 8, 4. Hence

ישָׁרָח I (שְׁרָח in pause, w. suf. interruption or loss of work Ex. 21, 19; a ceasing or abstaining from strife Prov. 20, 3.

עָשָׁרָאָ II (w. suf. דְּבְאָדָ, prop. inf. of r. (יְשָׁב, 1) a sitting or staying Ps. 27, 4; fig. a sitting still, quietness Is. 30, 7. 2) a seat Am. 6, 3; also a place 2 Sam. 23, 7.

רשע (c. רשע w. suf. יהשט pl. נשבחות, c. היהבעי; r. שבחות) com. gend. 1) rest from labour, esp. a day of rest, a sabbath Ex. 16, 25, Neh. 13, 18, the 7th of each week, from Friday evening to Saturday evening, fully רום דושבר day of the sabbath, the sabbath day Ex. 20, 8, hence Lev. 24, 8 *on* בִּיוֹם דֵשְׁבָּת בִּיוֹם דֵשְׁבָת each sabbath day, so also שַׁבָּח שָׁבָּח 1 Ch. 9, 32; שָׁבָת שֶׁבָּת to keep the sabbath Ex. 31, 13, Lev. 23, 32, also w wipp to keep it holy or sacred Ex. 20, 8. 2) a week Lev. 23, 15 (cf. πρώτη σαββάτου Mark 16, 9, δίς τοῦ σαβ. Luke 18, 12). 3) the sabbath year, every seventh-year in which the land had rest or lay fallow Lev. 25, 2.

שׁרָעָשָׁ m. a sabbath-keeping or sabbatism (cf. σαββατισμός Heb. 4, 9), a festival in which labour was

suspended Lev. 23, 24, 39; used of the weekly sabbath Ex. 31, 15, of the great day of atonement Lev. 16, 31, and of the sabbatical year Lev. 25, 4, which last is also called אַרָּאָיָ ישָׁרָשָׁיָ in v. 5. ---- From אָשָׁרָאָי format. ending אָה-, hence prop. sabbatic season.

שְׁבְחִד Ps. 23, 6 either for שִׁבְחִד my dwelling, or for יַשָׁבְחָד I dwell.

לקבע pr. n. m. (perh. sabbathborn, from נשבת) Ezr. 10, 15.

אָבישָׁג ח. wandering, error, only in אָבישָׁג and prob. שַׁנָּם (which see).

(obs.) akin to אָנָא, שְׁנָג, ושָׁנָד, II, to wander about; hence שָׁנָראָם and

に対 pr. n. m. (wanderer) 1 Ch. 11, 34.

(Qal obs.) prob. akin to TN3 I, to grow or mount up, to become great. — Hiph. 1) to give growth to, to make great, w. 5 (cf. Gram § 154, 3, e) Job 12, 23; fig. to magnify or dignify Job 36, 24.

געייי) i. q. אָרָע קעי, Byr. אייי, Heb. אָשָׁי (which see), to be great Ezr. 4, 22, שַׂגַא Dan. 3, 31 may your peace be great! a form of salutation.

prob. akin to $\exists \exists a, to be$ high Deut. 2, 36; fig. to be exalled or extolled Job 5, 11. — Niph. $\exists a \exists b \exists to be$ to be lofty or high Is. 26, 5; fig. to be supreme Is. 2, 11, to be safe Prov. 18, 10, to be difficult Ps. 139, 6. — Pi. to raise or set on high, fig. to strengthen Is. 9, 10, to make safe Ps. 20, 2, w. $\exists from Ps. 107, 41. -$ Pu. to be made safe Prov. 29, 25. — Hiph. to exalt oneself Job 36, 22. אָשָּׁרָא, אָשָּׁרָא, דע אָשָּׁרָא, און שָׁבָרוּ גע און און אָדָאָ to wander, to roam, fig. to err Lev. 5, 18, also to do wrong or transgress Ps. 119, 67.

אָשָׁגָשָׂ, assumed r. for שִּׁגְשָׁ, but see r. שׁיֹנ II.

(שָׁנָנְהוֹ: שְׁנְנָחוֹ: ר. שָׁנָנָחוֹ: f. a wandering or roaming, hence 1) error or mistake, שַׁנֵּנ שְׁנָנָה commit an error Lev. 5, 18, הַשְׁנָנָה by mistake Josh. 20, 3. 2) wrong or transgression Num. 15, 25.

גען דער אוח נוסא און (obs.) perh. akin to געל to call or cry out, to sing aloud; hence perh. שָׁגָּין.

II akin to بغير , Syr. (معرف بالمعالي), Syr. (balance of the second second (as a second
(which see), to grow, to become great Job 8, 7, Ps. 92, 13. — Hiph. to cause to grow, to increase Ps. 73, 12.

שְׁנוּל עָדָר חַי חָשָּוּ חָרָ חַי שָּוּגוּ 1 Ch. 2, 21, also שְׁנִרב 1 K. 16, 34 K'thibh.

ען (Qal obs.) prob. akin to שָׁיָדָ (Qal obs.) prob. akin to שָׁיָדָ (ג to look, to gaze. — Hiph. דְשָׁיָרָת to view, to take a look, w. דָיָ Cant. 2, 9; to look or gaze at, w. אַי Ps. 33, 14, Is. 14, 16.

X جَلَّ (r. (.) adj. m. great or mighty Job 36, 26.

N D Chald. adj. m., **N** D Chald. adj. m., **N** D Chald. adj. m., **N** D An. great Dan. 2, 31, much, many Dan. 4, 9, Ezr. 5, 11; as adv. much or greatly Dan. 2, 12.

שְׁרָאָד, r. שָׁרָאוֹת) (only pl. ישָׁרָאוֹת) f. a wandering or error, transgression, only Ps. 19, 13.

ביבי 1 K. 16, 34 K'thibh for בינים.

(שְׁבְּרֹוֹח ; pl. דְּבָרֹוֹק (like שִׁבְּרֹוֹק) m. a loud hymn, an enthusiastic song, in title of Ps. 7; הָבָּל שְׁבְרֹוֹח of dithyrambic songs or odes Hab. 3, 1. — Perh. from r. דְשָׁבָו I referring to loudness of tone; but prob. from r. בַּשָׁבָו I alluding to the ravished wildness of the strain (cf. διθύραμβος).

مَعَتَى (fut. مَعَتَى) i. q. Arab. مَعْتَى (fut. مَعْتَى) i. q. Arab. arab

أَيْتِ f. a consort, e. g. of a king, hence a queen Ps. 45, 10, Neh. 2, 6.

לשובל Chald. (only pl. w. suf. שובל לשובל *wives* or consorts, esp. queens, as opp. to לדוגן concubines Dan. 5, 23.

שָׁנָם הוא בעור איא בעור clause בעור הא בעור פרא בעור *in their* (the suf. ב- referring to אין man as collect.) erring he is flesh, i. e. because of their transgression men are mortal, see של which may be noun from r. בעל (to wander), or the inf. (like של ער בער איא בעל § 67, Rem. 3; but perh. אין הא בעל is for אין בער איא בעל (i. e. because also) he is flesh, as in Sept., Targûm, Syr. on ایست: منبک بیم and Vulg.

(Qal obs.) prob. i. q. Arab. (Qal o

m. madness Deut. 28, 28. (obs.) i. q. Chald. אָלָעָרָעָרָ (cobs.) i. q. Chald. אָלָ

akin to to to cast or send forth; hence

עַבָּר Deut. 7, 13 for שָׁנָד; cf. Heb. גָבָר for גָבָר.

עָרָע (c. זְרָע); cf. אָשָרָ as c. of זְרָע m. prop. what is cast forth (cf. ינָרָש), hence a fatus, the young or offspring, only of animals Ex. 13, 12, Deut. 7, 13; r. אָשַרָ.

ער אים Is. 17, 11, see אים II.

שרה (dual שָׁרָה, c. יָשָרָ, r. יָשָׁרָ, r. יָשָׁרָ, m. the breast or pap, of woman Cant. 4, 5; also of animals, the teats, Cant. 4, 5; also of animals, the teats, Dissings of teats and womb, i. e. abundance of milk and of young cattle. --- Prob. same as ישָ, Aram. ישָרָ, אָרָג, Arab. ישׁרָ, דורטח, דורטלכ, G. sitze, E. teat, titty, W. teth, diden, Irish did, Breton tes, all being prob. mimetic, taken from the mouth of sucklings.

The (only pl. τημ; r. ται = τημ) m. idols, prop. oppressors or destroyers, then wicked sprites or demons (Sept. δαιμόνια, cf. 1 Cor. 10, 20) as objects of idol-worship Deut. 32, 17, Ps. 106, 37; Syr.

TO I m. i. q. 70 (which see) the breast Job 24, 9, Is. 60, 16.

עד II, דוט (ר. שיד) m. prop. force, then 1) violence Jer. 6, 7. 2) ruin or destruction Job 5, 21, Is. 13, 6; in imprecation, שר לדם Hos. 7, 13 ruin to them!

שהים see שד.

6

(3 perf. pl متحق Ps. 17, 9 (3 perf. pl متحق and שרור Jer. 49, 28; inf. שרוד Jer. 47, 4 and 10 Hos. 10, 14; fut. ישור Hos. 10, 14 Ps. 91, 6 for ישר, w. suf. רְשָׁרָם Prov. 11, 8 Q'ri and ישורם Jer. 5, 6) akin to me, to be strong or mighty, then to use force or violence, to oppress or destroy Ps. 17, 9, to spoil Jer. 47, 4, to prey upon Jer.5,6; part. שׁרַר as subst. destroyer or robber Job 12, 6, שבד בארורים Jer. 15, 8 a destroyer at noon-day, i. e. a bold, open robber, opp. שוֹדְדֵי לַיְלָח Obad. 5 nightrobbers; part. pass. שׁדרה destroyed Judg. 5, 27, also بنف Ps. 157, 8 the ruined one. — Niph. to be ruined Mic. 2, 4. - Pi. שׁרֵּד to ruin Prov. 19, 26. - Pu. שָׁהַד (also שָׁהַד Nah. 8, 7) to be devastated, of a city, land, fields Is. 15, 1, Jer. 4, 20, Joel 1, 10; to be ruined, of men Jer. 4, 13. - Po'el (fut. أَسْرَبَ) to destroy Hos. 10, 2. - Hoph. (fut. ידשר for שֹׁיָד, cf. Gram. § 27, Bem. 1) to be destroyed Hos. 10, 14, Is. 33, 1.

(Qal obs.) akin to rriv, to stretch out, to be level or even. — Pi. to make even, e. g. land or field, to harrow Is. 28, 24, Hos. 10, 11, Job 39, 10.

(obs.) akin to ترتيج, Aram. جربج, to send or shoot forth, to shed or pour, akin to Arab. أن to moisten; hence perh. تون.

akin to אייר, קרא (obs.) i. q. Arab. אייר, akin to דיר, אייר ווו, to stretch out, to kie extended or wide; hence

שָׁרָוֹת .c. שָׁרָוֹת , pl שָׁרָה, c. שָׁרָה and שִׁרוֹתַידֵים, שׁרוֹתָם, שִׁרוֹתָם, also שָׁרֵיך (שָׂרֵיך, שָׁרֵיך) m. 1) the open or plain, the field as tillage or pasture Gen. 81, 4, Buth 2, 2; opp. to cities Gen. 29, 2, to vineyards (which were enclosed Is. 5, 2) Ex. 22, 5, then the country in general Judg. 9, 82; שֹׁרָה a sportsman Gen. 25, 27, דער השורה wild beasts Gen. 2, 20, בְּשָׁרָה נַשְׁרָה field-herbs, wild plants Gen. 2, 5; country towns, i. e. villages or hamlets 1 Sam. 27, 5; fig. fieldproduce Ex. 22, 5, Ecc. 5, 8. 2) a field, a piece or parcel of land Gen. 23, 9, Lev. 19, 10, fully הלמה part of a field Gen. 33, 19. 3) country or the שהה ארם the territory Gen. 14, 7; שהח the country or plain of Aram Hos. 12, 13; pl. אָיָדָר מוֹאָב the plains of Moab Buth 1, 1. 4) the land, opp. to the sea Ez. 26, 6.

(cf. אָבֶרָה,), akin to Arab. אָבָר, mistreës or lady, then wife, only in איבני, mistreës Ecc. 2, 8 wife and wives, i. e. perh. the queen and the concubines (of. 1 K. 11, 8 and Ecc. 7, 28).

Job 19, 29 Q'ri for שָּׁשָּׁשָׁן, which see.

m. poet. for min, field or country Deut. 32, 13, Ps. 8, 8.

שרי (from r. שָׁשָׁר w. adj. ending, as in קרלי see Gram. § 86, 2, 5) adj. m. forceful or mighty, only of God, hence the Almighty, either w. אַאַ מָּשָׁר in אַל מָשָר God Almighty Gen. 17, 1, or often without it as in Num. 24, 4, Buth 1, 20, Ps. 91, 1. In Ex. 6, 3 שר מָשָר is is (soil. the character of

i. e. as) God Almighty (cf. Fr. en Dieu), see Gram. § 154, 3, a, γ .

ארך pr. n. m. (prob. lightshedding, from r. אור and אור Num. 1, 5.

שניים pr. n. (prob. plains or fields, r. בעסק באסיים of a plain, only in ענסיד the Valley of Siddim i. e. the valley of the plains, covered by the Dead Sea Gen. 14, 3.

ישׁרָדָרן only in K'thibh of Job 19, 29 (where the Q'ri reads שָׁרָדָר) prob. only a contraction from אַשֶׁר הָרן and therefore for הָרן (דירן סוי) and therefore for that (there is) judgment.

שֶׁרָה I (obs.) prob. akin to שָׁרָ (cf. r. שְׁלָה = שָׁלָה (II), to be even or level; hence שְׁנָטָה I.

ער דע II (obs.) prob. akin to שִׁרָשָׁר to parch or blast vegetation; hence שְׁרָשָׁר II.

יַשָּׁרְמוֹה I (only pl. שָׁרְמָוֹה, כ. זְשָׁרְמָוֹה, יַשָּׁרְמוֹה, יַשָּׁרְמוֹה, יַשָּׁרְמוֹ, יַשָּׁרְמוֹ, r. שָׁרָמוּ, a field Is. 16, 8, corn-fields Hab. 3, 17, also vineyards Deut. 32, 32.

וֹשְׁדָבָוֹ II (r. שִׁיָבָ II) f. akin to שִׁדָשָׁר, a parching or blasting, of vegetation Is. 37, 27.

akin to שָׁדָם, שָׁדָם II, to scorch or parch, then to blight or blast (as in Chald. שָׁדָם, only in part. fem. pl. שִׁדְוּם קַרָרם, fen. 41,6 parched or blasted of the east wind; hence

רָשָׁדָשָׁ f.i.q. שִׁדָשָׁד I, a parching or blight 2 K. 19, 26.

ושָׁדָשָׁן m. a parching or blasting, of grain Deut. 28, 22, Hag. 2, 17.

ראול. (Pe. obs.) i. q. Syr. איבר, prob. akin to איבר, Heb. איבר, to send out or put forth, to make an effort. - Ithpa. to exert oneself, to strive, only in part. דָּדָרָה דְּדָרָה הָשְׁתַדַר הַדָּלָקָרָדָר Dan. 6, 15 he was striving for to deliver him; hence לְּדְצָל

קדר (obs.) akin to אָדָר, קדָר, to arrange or order, to put in a row; hence

(only pl. rouse or suits, of chambers 1 K. 6, 9; ranks or files, of soldiers 2 K. 11, 8.

Chald. pr. n. m. (prob. strenuous, from r. שִׁדְרָאָ ending -, see p. 284) of one of Daniel's three companions at the court of Babylon Dan. 1, 17; 3, 12.

וֹשָׁרָת (c. השָׁ, w. suf. שָׁר Deut. 22, ו, שָׁרָת Sam. 14, 34) com. gend. a sheep or a goat (opp. to the collect. אָרָאָרָר וְשָׁה בְּטָּרָר וְשָׁה שָׁר בְטָרָר וְשָׁה שָׁר בְטָרָר וָשָׁר אָ לוּגָע Deut. 14, 4 one of the sheep and a goat; as collect. in Is. 7, 25; 43, 23; Arab. גוב, pl. גוב. --- Prob. from a mimetic r. האָשָׁ, which see.

رobs.) i. q. Aram. سبب, بوس., Arab. بغيد, prob. akin to سبب, بور. to confirm or establish, esp. by testimony, to testify; hence

שְׁוֹתוֹ (w. suf. שָׂוֹתִי, as if Aram. part.) m. poet. for אָג *witness*, only Job 16, 19.

קראדיקא Chald. (def. אוֹשָׁדִאָשׁיָשׁ) f. i. q. Syr. לבי *testimony*, used only by Laban, as an Aramean, in יני Gen. 31, 47 heap of testimony, i. e. a witness heap.

שהדי אם, שהדרתא.

דין דין prob. akin to לָשָׁר, to forget, only in דּר וְלָרָה הָשׁׁי Deut. 32, 18 the Rock that begat thee thow for-

gettest; here אָשָׁה is prob. a shortened form for הַשָּׁה; but see שָׁתָ I.

لَعَمَّ (obs.) i. q. Arab. مَعَمَّ , to be pale; hence

DijU m. 1) the onyx or sardonyx, a kind of precious stone, said to be in colour like the human nail Gen. 2, 12, Ex. 28, 9. 2) pr. n. m. 1 Ch. 24, 27.

קר (obs.) prob. akin to שָׁדַר I, שְׁדֵע to be bright or gleaming; hence

סידוליקים (only pl.) m. little moons or crescents (Sept. ביאליגעט, Vulg. lunuke), used as neck-ornaments for women Is. 3, 18, for men and camels Judg. 8, 21. 26.

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ען m. i. q. א*יָטָ vanity*, only Job 15, 81 in K'thibh.

אֹשָׁשָ shāw (r. אוש 2) m. 1) i. q. Arab. איש (r. אוש 2) m. 1) i. q. Arab. איש (אופע גער) איש (גער) איש

رobs.) akin to مَعْنَى ا, to make a noise, hence 1) to crash or smash, to destroy; hence النابي النابي النابي النابي عنه المنابي عنه النابي النابي النابي النابي النابي النابي عنه النابي الن be naught, vain or evil; hence النابي الن

אלט (only pl. w. suf. שוֹאַיָּקָם) m. crash, fig. destruction, ruin Ps. 35, 17; s. אוש.

אוש (prob. inf. of נְשָׁא) m. a lifting

or rising, only in גַּלָיז in the heaving of its billows Ps. 89, 10.

אֹשָׁשָ pr. n. m. (prob. vanity, r. שׁיָאָ 2 Sam. 20, 25 Q'ri for אָשָׁ in K'thibh.

וֹשָׁרָאָרָז (c. רְאָדָשׁ Prov. 3, 25; r. אָשָׁר 1) f. a crashing, then 1) a tempest Ez. 38, 9, in Q'ri of Prov. 1, 27 but K'thibh אָשָׁרָא (2) desolation, Job 30, 3 רְאָדָרָא (2) desolation, Job 30, 3 רְאָדָרָא (2) desolation; Job 30, 3 רַאָדָרָא (2) desolation; concr. desolate places, ruins Job 30, 3. 3) destruction or ruin Ps. 63, 10. Is. 10, 3.

באשר Jer. 42, 10 for שלי inf. abs. Qal of קשר; cf. Gram. § 69, 1, Bem.

שָׁבַת once שֶׁבָח (3 f. perf. שֶׁבָה, once שֶׁבַ Ez. 46, 17; fut. בישר, apoc. בשר, apoc. בשר inf. c. 그대한, once 그한 Josh. 2, 16, imp. cohort. הבָזשָׁ, הבָשֵׂ) akin to בבָם i. q. Aram. تاب , محمد , Arab. تاب , to turn or turn back, return Judg. 14, 8; point whence, put w. 9 Ruth 1, 22, מַאָחֵרָי Ruth 1, 16; point whither, w. Gen. 8, 12, Est. 7, 8, 5 Gen. 18, 33, --- loc. Ex. 4, 21, also w. acc. 2 K. 2, 25; to turn or bend round, as a boundary Josh. 19, 12. Joined with another verb it has often the force of an adverb again (cf. Gram. § 142, Bem. 1), or the Lat. and Eng. pref. re-, e. g. אָלשוּב וַלַקַדָּתָר Hos. 2, 11 I will return and take, i. e. I will re-take, take back again; also without ואָקאָרָה אָרְצָה , יָשָׁרָרָה אָרְצָה (Gen. 30, 31 let me return, let me feed, i. e. let me again feed the flock. Part. עבר ושב Zech. 7, 14 passing and returning i. e. passing backwards and forwards. Hence w. > or > to come back to a possession, i. e. to repossess it Lev. 25, 10, Is. 23, 17. 2) fig. to be con-

verted Jer. 3, 12, w. 5x 1 K. 8, 38, Ps. 22, 28, על 2 Ch. 30, 9, Joel עד Joel 2, 12, דְ Hos. 12, 7; w. פָן from 1 K. 13, 33, also without כן in שבר משל twrners (i. e. converts) from transgression Is. 59, 20. 3) to swerve, to apostatise Josh. 23, 12; w. באדור ש Josh. 22, 16, 1 Sam. 15, 11, also w. נעל Ez. 14, 6. 4) fig. of state, condition, to return or come back again, to be restored 1 K. 13, 6, w. 5 Lev. 27, 24, said of cities, diseased members Ez. 35, 9, Ex. 4, 7; שוּב אַל־בָּשָר to return to dust Gen. 3, 19; 5 to turn into, be changed into Is. 29, 17; to be revoked, of a decree, opp. to Is. 45, 23; to cease, of anger Gen. 27, 44. 5) trans. to bring back Num. 10, 36; to turn away, to remove, prob. in השוב שבות to turn away captivity or calamity Job 42, 10 (see FH2W); part. pass. שוּבֵר מִלְחֵמָה Mic. 2, 8 turned away from war i. e. averse to it; to restore Nah. 2, 3. This trans. use in Qal often occurs, where the Q'ri has needlessly the Hiph., as in Job 39, 12, Ps. 54, 7, Joel 4, 1.-Pil. Ito cause to return Jer. 50, 19; fig. to convert Is. 49, 5; to restore, w. > Ps. 60, 3. 2) to cause to swerve, to seduce Is. 47, 10; perh. intrans. to backslide Jer. 8, 5. - Pul. to be restored or recovered, only שובב in part. fem. מָחָרֶב Ez. 38, 8 rescued from the sword. — Hiph. רשר (fut. ישרב, apoc. ישרב, 1) (fut. ישרב) 1) to cause to turn, w. by Prov. 20, 26, w. ק Mal. 2, 6. 2) to bring back Gen. 48, 21, w. ج, j, or acc. Gen. 28, 15, Deut. 28, 60, Deut. 1, 22; to reduce to dust or destruction, w. 55, עד Job 10, 9, Ps. 90, 3; to withdraw, the hand Ex. 4, 7, Lam. 2, 8; to drive back or repel Jer. 2, 24, Job 9, 12; to recover, spoil Gen. 14, 16, to rescue, w. 72 Ps. 35,

17; to restore Deut. 22, 1, then to make payment Num. 5, 7, also to compensate Ex. 21, 34; to requite or or דַלָּשִרב דָּבָר of person; דַלָּשִרב דָבָר to return word, i. e. to answer Is. 41, 28; to bring back word 1 K. 2, 30, also without דָרָר Hab. 2, 1, w. acc. of person 1 K. 12, 6; to reply 2 Ch. 10, 16, also אָסָרִים ל to answer Job 35, 4, Prov. 26, 16; to render, as tribute Ps. 72, 10; אל-לב זיי אל-לב to recall to mind Deut. 4, 39; also ב' על־לב Is. 46, 8; to repeal or revoke, a threat Am. 1, 3, a benediction Num. 23, 20. - Hoph. zwit to be brought back Ex. 10, 8; to be returned or restored Gen. 42, 28.

אָרָאָש, אָרָאָ (1 pers. perf. אָרָאָן, part. בּוּשָׁ perh. akin to שוֹם, דָיז, Aram. אָרָאָ (ג'ע ג'ג', to be white, hoary or gray, of the hair 1 Sam. 12, 2; part. גע grey-haired, hence an old man Job 15, 10.

עלקב (pl. שוֹבְבָרים; r. שׁוֹבָבִים; n. turning away, rebellious or apostate Jer. 3, 14. 2) pr. n. m. (renegade) 2 Sam. 5, 14.

שוֹבְרָשוֹ (r. דעט) adj. m., שוֹבָרָשוֹ ל froward, rebellious or refractory, of the Israelites Jer. 31, 22, of the Ammonites Jer. 49, 4; as subst. apostate or renegade Mic. 2, 4.

רָבָזע (r. שוֹיב) f. return, fig. conversion, only Is. 80, 15.

קר: pr. n. m. (prob. shedder i. e. of blood, r. שָׁרָה: of a Syrian general 2 Sam. 10, 16, שׁרָאָה: in 1 Ch. 19, 16.

קבה m. i. q. הָכָר, a thicket, then

thick branches, of an oak 2 Sam. 18, 9; r. שָׁבָן.

לבָל שׁוֹבָל pr. n. m. (prob. stream, r. לקביל 1) a son of Seir Gen. 36, 20; also another man 1 Ch. 2, 50.

רָשָׁרָבָ pr. n. m. (forsaker, r. דָשָׁרָבָ) Neh. 10, 25.

I (Qal obs.) i. q. גאס I, to draw back, withdraw; hence אים... Niph. אים (but גיס) in some texts), אריד פאר גארוי גבולה קשירג אווא גארוי אבולה קשירג אווא Job 24, 2 they move back the boundaries.

דו (Qal obs.) akin to איז, DII (Qal obs.) akin to איז, DII, to hedge in, to enclose. — Pilp. שנקעג to hedge about or fence in, only Is. 17, 11.

Job 5, 21, see שור II.

ر (only fut. (مَعْتَبَ) akin to بَعْتَبَ to use violence, fig. to lay waste, of a plague Ps. 91, 6.

ער I (obs.) akin to אוד (which see), to boil, to effervesce; hence שיר lime, whence

לידע II (denom. of שיר lime) to cover with lime, to plaster Deut. 27, 2. 4; Chald. איס, Arab. געל.

Arab. سوى (fut. النجرة) i. q. Syr. العلم), Arab. مركب prop. to spread or lay out, hence to be level or even (cf. النجرة), hence fig. 1) to be fit, becoming, w. 5 of pers. Job 33, 27, Est. 3, 8. 2) to be like or comparable w. 7 Prov. 3, 15, w. 5 Is. 40, 25. 3) to be equal or enough, w. 5 of person Est. 5, 13; to compensate, w. 5 of thing Est. 7, 4.

- Pi. Tit 1) to level, to make even Is. 28, 25; fig. to allay or quiet, the soul Ps. 131, 2, שורהר ער גם Is. 38, 13 I composed (scil. עלטר myself) till morning. 2) to make comparable or like, w. 7 2 Sam. 22, 34, Ps. 18, 34. 3) to set or place, w. לכָבְהָד before me Ps. 16, 8, perh. w. understood in Ps. 119, 80 לשְׁנֵיחָר לא sty judgments I have set before me, but prob. better I have deemed fit or right; also w. by on, upon Ps. 21, 6; 89, 20. 4) to lay out, to yield, שרי רשוד לה Hos. 10, 1, he yields fruit for himself. - Perh. in K'thibh of Job 30, 22 (Q'ri השיה) should be read השיה thou prostratest, i. e. thou dost completely cast me down; but see much **Hiph.** to make equal, to compare, w. 5 Is. 46, 5, Lam. 2, 13. - Nithp. (see Gram. § 55, 9, a form frequent in Rabbinic) to be like one another, of two things, only Prov. 27, 15.

שָׁוָת pr. n. (level place, r. שָׁוָת) of a plain beyond Jordan, called also בְּאָרָת פָאָר בַּאָרָ שָׁוָת v. 5.

The or The (obs.) perh. akin to the Arab. jui, to be bright, hence cheerful or lively; hence NTH.

(fut. יָשׁׁתָּה) akin to שָּׁרָה,

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קשט pr. n. m. (depression, r. קשט) Gen. 25, 2; hence patron. קאני Shuhite Job 2, 11.

קַיָּגָד I (obs.) prob. akin to אָשָּׁרָד, i. q. Syr. (مد , to grow or spring up; hence שִׁירָן 1.

וֹדְרָשׁרָן (r. דָשׁרָן f. 1) a depression or sunken place, a pit Prov. 22, 14, Jer. 18, 20; דְשָׁרְדָן בְשָׁרְדָן Jer. 2, 6 the land of desert and chasm, the region of Sinai. 2) pr. n. m. (pit) 1 Ch. 4, 11, but דְשָׁרָן in v. 4.

Job 2, 2) perh. akin to rive, inf. 1970, 10 to go about or move to and fro, as inspector 2 Sam. 24, 2, Job 1, 7. 2) trans. to brandish, to scourge, hence 1970; esp. to ply oars, to row, part. pl. 1970 rowers Ez. 27, 8; hence 1970 oar. — Pil. 1970 to stir about, to rove to and fro, for inspection Jer. 5, 1, of God's all-seeing eyes 2 Ch. 16, 9; fig. to examine or scrutinise, a book Dan. 12, 4. — Hith. 1970 (not 1971), see Gram. § 54, 2, a) to runs to and fro Jer. 49, 8. Hence

ששש m. 1) a scourge Prov. 26, 3; זוש ששש Job 5, 21 the scourge of the tongue, i. e. slanderous speech. 2) fig. a plague or infliction, a calamity Job 9, 23; ששיש שוש Is. 28, 15 overwhelming calamity.--שיש is prop. inf. c. of נשש II; see Gram. § 72, Rem. 2.

ראש akin to דקש, to turn aside or deviate, only part. pl. קשי כָוָב Ps. 40, 5 those turning away to a lie.

(part. שָׁכָה) prob. akin to שָׁכָה, דוג II סוג, דוג I, to interweave or interlace, hence to hedge or fence in, w. בַצָּר around Job 1, 10; to hedge in בַצָרים with the thorns, i. e. to set an effectual check Hos. 2, 8. — Pil. אומי בסרירים to intertwine or weave, fig. to form Job 10, 11, cf. Ps. 139, 13.

שון: (w. suf. שוֹם) m. i. q. Aram. קום, לשביל, twig or branch Judg. 9, 49; r. שור.

עוֹכָה: f. i. q. שוֹק, a twig or branch Judg. 9, 48.

עובה, שוכה, עובה עובה pr. n. for שובון (prob. hedging, r. שובון of two towns in Judah, one near Eshtemoa Josh. 15, 48, the other in the plain Josh. 15, 35.

שליבה pr. n. m. (perh. branch, ד. שליבהים) hence patron. pl. שליבה Sukathites 1 Ch. 2, 55.

שובה see שוכו

بَسَلَ (obs.) akin to Arab. بَسَلَ بَتِرِجْ to flow or stream, fig. to hang loose; hence

שולם (pl. c. שולם, w. suf. (שולם), m. the flowing part of a dress, hence 1) the skirt or train of a robe Lam. 1, 9, Is. 6, 1; אלים שולים Jer. 13, 22 to uncover the skirts, i. e. to disgrace deeply. 2) the hem of a garment Ex. 28, 83.

لَيْرَكْنُ (r. لَعْذَلْ m. 1) adj. prop. stripped, perh. barefooted Mic. 1, 8 Q'ri. 2) as subst. one carried off, a captive Job 12, 17.

שרלם pr. n. (perh. peaceful, r. לשיל according to Eusebius i. q. שינים in Issachar, which see. Hence perhaps

חיבלים gentil. n. f. from האלט, only w. article the Shulamite Cant. 7, 1; but perh. pr. n. f. (the peaceful, L. pacifica) of the beloved one of הלאין (peaceful, L. pacificus), Solomon.

I (only 3 perf. בעט ווישט I (only 3 perf. בעט ווישט וו ערט ווישט ו ערט ווישט
II (obs.) prob. akin to المناجع II (abs.) Arab. مَسْ, to have a smell; hence

(only pl. שוֹלָם) m. garlic, i. q. Aram. אסטען, אדקא, געריע, Arab. געריקא, only Num. 11, 5. Egypt was famous for garlics, Herodot. 2, 125.

ים שורם 💟 (perf. 117, iut. once Dig Ex. 4, 11, Dig, apoc. Dig; inf. abs. שוֹם, c. שוֹם, once שוֹם Job 20, 4) akin to DON, 1) to set, place or put Gen. 2, 8; 6, 16, Jer. 13, 1; לאם של to set a name to Dan. 1, 7; w. לפנר to lay before, i. e. to propound to Job 5, 8, Ex. 21, 1; שַׁכֵּל שׁ to lay down the meaning Neh. 8, 8; esp. to station troops 1 Sam. 11, 11. 2) to set or put down, a pledge Job 17, 3; hence to lay aside, esp. to treasure up, דְשָׁרמוּ Job 36, 13 they treasure up wrath (cf. Insauρίζεις σεαυτῷ όργην Bom. 2, 5). 3) to set, to plant Is. 28, 25; to set up, e. g. a throne Jer. 43, 10; hence to establish or found Job 34, 13, Is. 44, 7. 4) to make, a law (cf. vouov τιθέναι) Job 38, 83, Ps. 78, 5, a covenant 2 Sam. 23, 5. 5) fig. to make or constitute, to appoint Num. 6, 26, בר רשום אבם Ex. 4, 11 who maketh the dumb? לידם רַחַמִים to show mercy to Is. 47, 6; ש' בַרָרם to beget children Ezr. 10, 44. - Hiph. (part. בְּשָׁים) 1) to set, esp. to station troops for fighting Ez. 21, 21. 2) to lay by or treasure up, fig. to regard, remember Job 4, 20. - Hoph. (fut. bight) to be put or set Gen. 24, 33 Q'ri.

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רקלע 2 Sam. 13, 82, pass. part. f. Qal of r. איט settled or appointed; the K'thibh אייט has the same meaning.

שלבם, see בשלי.

שמר see שומר

to be still or quict; hence

לשהן pr. n. m. (quiet, r. לשהן) Gen. 46, 16; also patron. for שוגיי Shunite Num. 26, 15.

שוּנְרָם pr. n. (prob. for שוּנְרָם two resting-places, r. שוּרָ, or for שׁוּנָם, of a city in Issachar Josh. = -) of a city in Issachar Josh. 19, 18; hence

שרב שרום gentil. n. f. from שרב מאנם a Shunamitess 1 K. 1, 3.

סיש (obs.) akin to שוֹשָ, השָשָׁ, to plunder; hence בישרפה.

ער (Qal obs.) akin to אָרָדָ Chald. אָרָיָד to cry out. - Pi. אָרָיָד to cry out, esp. to call out for help Ps. 18, 42, w. אָרָ of pers. Job 30, 20.

שִׁרָעָ (w. suf. שִׁרְעָי) m. cry for help, (Sept. δέησις), only Ps. 5, 3.

לוש I (r. שִׁשְׁי m. i. q. שַּׁשָׁ, a cry for help Is. 22, 5.

ጋገΌ II (r. ፶າቲ) adj. m., 1) wealthy Job 34, 19. 2) *liberal* Is. 32, 5. 8) pr. n. Ez. 23, 23.

العالي (obs.) akin to אַשָּׁדָ, Arab. , to be broad, open, fig. to abound, to be wealthy; hence אושיע II. אושיע I (r. שוֹשָׁ m. i. q. שוֹשָׁ, a cry for help, only Job 30, 24.

שרע II (r. שרע) m. 1) wealth, only Job 36, 19. 2) pr. n. m. (abundance) Gen. 38, 2.

ערע ווו m. prob. i. q. אַבָּשָ an

oath, only in pr. n. f. 570-77 Bathshua 1 Ch. 3, 5.

אדע pr. n. m. (prob. wealth, r. דישיע 1 Ch. 7, 32.

אָשָׁרָעָזי (w. suf. שַׁרְעָזי) f. i. q. שַׁרְעָזי) a cry for help Ps. 102, 2.

עָשָּלָים (pl. שָׁדְּעָלִים (שְׁדָעָלִים) m. 1) i. q. Aram. אָבוּן, אָבַלָים (שִׁדְעָלִים) m. 1) i. a fox, also jackal Judg. 15, 4, Cant. 2, 15, Ps. 63, 11. — Perh. so called for its barking or growling from r. אַבָּשָׁ II, akin to אָבָע I, or from r. אַבָּשָׁ I, akin to אָבָע שִרָע וו סָרָת n. m. 1 Ch. 7, 36. 3) pr. n. (perh. burrow) of a district in Benjamin, אָבָע שַרָע שַרָע ז אַבָּע שַרָע שַרָע גער בָּעַרָע שַרָע אַרָע

לאַרָע, אוֹעָר (pl. שּׁוּצָרים) denom. from שָּׁעָ cf. פּרָם from בַּרָ m. a gatekeeper, porter, at the city gates 2 K. 7, 10, at the temple Neh. 12, 45.

קוע I prob. akin to אָשָעָ, Chald. איני, Syr. אין, to bruise or crush, only in these 2 passages, viz. אין קון לאנין לאנין לאנין קוע ליג ז לאנין לאנין אינין אינין לאנין לאנין לאנין he shall bruise thee as to the head, and thou shalt bruise (i. e. bite) him as to the heel (cf. Gram. 118, 3, § 139, 2, Bem.); הַשָּׁנְקָר געוון Job 9, 17 he crusheth (i. e. assaileth) me by tempest.

דער II prob. akin to דורן, to surround or enclose, to hide or shelter, only in Ps. 139, 11 darkness shall shelter me.

שובה see שופה.

עוביי patron. m. Shuphamite Num. 26, 39, from pr. n. m. באביבע

ן בָּזֹש (ר. דְשָׁשָ II) m. prob. bareness or baldness, only in pr. ח. שַׁיָרוֹת עַרָרוֹת Num. 32, 35; see עַרָרוֹת שׁנֹקן.

שָּׁרָוֹת, שָּׁשָׁ (pl. הָשָׁרָוֹת, c. הָשָׁיָבָּוֹשָ, r. בָּשָׁעָ 2) m. i. q. Arab. בָּשָׁרָ, a trumpet, cornet Ex. 19, 16, Job 39, 25; prob. named for its clear sound (cf. E. clarion); Sept. xspatívη, σάλπιγξ, L. lituus.

Più (du. קוֹשָׁרָה c. קוֹשׁרָ: r. קוֹשׁרָ: II)
f. i. q. Aram. più, ..., Arab. אָם, Arab. אָם, Arab. אָם, from the knee down Is. 47, 2; the fore-leg of animals, the shoulder Ex. 29,22; דיר שליקר על ביר און Judg. 15, 8 and he smote them leg upon thigh (cf. our phrase hip and thigh), i.e. he utterly vanquished them. --- Cf. L. crus=σxέλος prob. akin to xέλης(=L. celer) from xέλλω; E. leg = It. lacca, akin to L. leg-are, Sans. lagh (to run).

to cleave or cling to, fig. to desire; hence ngage.

PIU II (Qal obs.) prob. akin to prove, to run, to flow. — Pil. prove to cause to overflow, fig. to make abundantly fruitful, of the earth Ps. 65, 10. — Hiph. مرابع to run over, of vats Joel 4, 13; with acc. of wine, to overflow with Joel 2, 24. Hence

דען (pl. שְׁרָקִים, see Gram. § 93, Rem. 5; r. דעו וו) m. i. q. Aram. קאני, בסל, prop. *a run*, hence street, alley Prov. 7, 8, Ecc. 12, 4.

 too has collect. force in Gen. 32, 6, Deut. 15, 19.---- Cf. Sans. sthüras (bull), ταῦρος, L. taurus, W. tarv, Gael tarv, Breton taro, G. stier, E. steer.

FIU I or V (fut. לשיר, לשר Job 33, 27, apoc. לער to sing Judg. 5, 1; w. acc. of song Is. 42, 10, of the subject Ps. 89, 2; to sing to w. ל Ps. 137, 8 or ל Job 38, 27; to sing of or about w. 2 Ps. 188, 5 or ל Is. 5, 1; part. m. שר (pl. ל נשרים) singer, singers Ps. 68, 26, part. f. pl. female-singers 2 Ch. 35, 25. -Pil. שוֹרָר to sing, celebrate by singing Job 36, 24; to resound Zeph. 2, 14, 2 Ch. 29, 28; part. m. כְשׁרֵר (pl. משררים) singer, singers 1 Ch. 6, 18, קשרות f. pl. female-singers Ezr. 2, 65. - Hoph. (fut. רדשר) to be sung, of a song Is. 26, 1. Hence שִׁירָה, שִׁירָה. ---- Prob. mimet. akin to Sans. svar (to sound), συρ-ίζω, L. su-surro, G. surren, schwirren, E. shrill.

ו קאר (fut. רְשׁאר) akin to או ו קאר II (fut. או דאר) ו קאר II, דאר דאר II, דאר II, to move or go round, to walk about, esp. for traffic, w. ק in of the wares Is. 57, 9; to saunter or stroll about, perh. in Cant. 4, 8, but see או שאר

אריך) אוו (fut. אישר) akin to אוו דון, 1) to look round, to survey, perh. in Cant. 4, 8; to gaze at Job 35, 5; to look out for Hos. 13, 7. 2) to look after Job 24, 15; fig. to regard Job 85, 13, — Pil. שוריך in Job 36, 24, but see in אוויך I.

דע (obs.) prob. akin to קיצי I, קיצי, Maltese tavvar, Arab. לילו, to cleave, to plough; prob. hence Digit 40*y Google a wall 2 Sam. 22, 30; אַדּרְיָה IV) a wall 2 Sam. 22, 30; אַדּרְיָה Job 24, 11 between their walls. 2) (pl. w. suf. אָדָעָי, ד. איש III) out-looker, lier-in-wait, foe Ps. 92, 12. 3) pr. n. (perh. a look-out, r. איש III) of a city on the borders of Egypt and Palestine Gen. 16, 7, prob. near the site of the present Suez. The neighbouring desert is called איש מדער איזם Ex. 15, 22, מדער איזם Num. 83, 8.

לעוד I (only inf. w. suf. שוד) i. q. אר I, to go away or depart, w. only Hos. 9, 12.

דער (fut. apoc. ינשר) prob. mimet. akin to נקשר (cf. L. serra), to saw, only 1 Ch. 20, 3.

אוח (fut. apoc. ישָר) akin to ישָר, דע, to contend or strive, w. אָ against Hos. 12, 5; to prevail or rule over, w. אַ Judg. 9, 22. – Hiph. קשרר to make a ruler or prince Hos. 8, 4.

TW IV (obs.) perh. akin to Arab. أيسَر, to arrange, to set in a row; hence

שוֹרָה U f. a row, only in שוֹרָה שָׁשׁ שוֹרָה Is. 28, 25 he puts (i. e. plants) wheat in a row. In the east they often sow or drop wheat in rows or drills.

שהרות, see שור 1 a walk

שרק, see שורם.

עריע (obs.) prob. akin to אדין, to shine or glisten, hence to be while; hence שיש white marble, שיש byssus, שיש שולש, لابات الع. 35, 1; inf. تات , once تات الع. 35, 1; inf. تات , د. تات , imper. تات) akin to DO I, Arab. غار , to spring or leap, then to exult or rejoice Job 8, 22, at or over something w. by Deut. 28, 63 or p Is. 65, 19 or acc. Is. 35, 1 تات they shall be glad for them (cf. Gram. § 121, 4). — Hiph. only fut. wir to cause to spring, leap i. e. to fourish or wave a rod Ez. 21, 15.

שְׁרָיָה 1 Ch. 18, 16, see שֶׁרְשָׁא.

البالي (pl. تانينو , r. تعاني) m. 1) i. q. Arab. سَوْسَنَ , Aram. مَعَانَ , مُعَانَ , Aram. مُعَان , مُعَان , Aram. مُعَان , المُعان , Aram. مُعَان , i. q. مُعَان , Aram. مُعَان , jight artificial lily, hence , 2) i. q. مُعَان , and the lily Cant. 2, 16. 2) i. q. المُعان artificial lily, hence , 2) i. q. Ital artifi

ערשט (r. שוש) m. 1) a lily, esp. artificial lily, hence אישר דעשט און בעשר work 1 K. 7, 19, a kind of architectural ornament; אות אות אות אות 60, 1 the lily of testimony, prob. name of a melody or musical instrument. 2) pr. n. (also אישט בא 4, 8) Shushan (Sept. דע בסטמע), the chief city of Susiana Est. 3, 15, probably the present לעשי, on the banks of the river Choaspes, now the Kerrah. אישר כוע Shushan the citadel or palace Neh. 1, 1, where the Persian kings resided in winter. The name prob. means 'lily'.

קשוני (r. שליש) f. a lily Cant. 2, 1, Hos. 14, 6; also artificial lily 2 Ch. 4, 5.

Shushanites, gentil. n. pl. m. def. formed from שׁלשׁן w. old. adj. ז-,

ףשָׂדע 1 K. 14, 25 in K'thibh, where the Q'ri is שַישׁ, which see.

שוֹשֵׁיתי Is. 10, 13 for שׁוֹשֵׁיתי 1 p. perf. Poʻel of r. שָׁשָׁש = שָׁשָׁש, which see.

רשה, הש, ו p. (perf. הש, 1 p. יָשָׁית Ps. 8, 7, fut. יָשָׁתָּד, apoc. ישׁה, imper. ישׁה, inf. abs. שרם, שום Is. 22, 7, c. שרת) i. q. שום, שרם, to set, place or put, w. b, z on, in Ps. 21, 4; 73, 28; to set oneself or take a stand Ps. 3, 7; to constitute or appoint, w. double acc. 1 K. 11, 34, or w. acc. and prep. 5 Ps. 45, 17, by Gen. 41, 33; to found or establish, the world 1 Sam. 2, 8; to lay snares Ps. 140, 6; set a bound Ex. 23, 31; to put or set in a place, w. z, b Ps. 88, 7, Jer. 3, 19, also w. 2 of place and b of pers. Ps. 73, 18; to add on, w. by Gen. 30, 40, also to put on ornaments Ex. 33, 4; שרת דר ד to put the hand with, i. e. to cooperate with Ex. 23, 1; to lay on, impose w. y or > Ruth 3, 15, Ps. 9, 21; to make or constitute Ps. 110, 1, Is. 5, 6, w. acc. and 5 Jer. 2, 15; w. acc. and p to make as Ps. 21, 10, Hos. 2, 5; to effectuate or produce Ex. 10, 1, w. 5 of pers. for whom Gen. 4, 25, Hos. 6, 11. - Hoph. n Ex. 21, 30. על הרשה to be laid, w. אלי on Ex. 21, 30. Hence שית, שית, הש

השרקתיש pr. n. m. (prob. plantation, r. שָׁשָׁשָׁ w. old format. ending ה---, see on letter ה, p. 191) Num. 26, 35; patron. שַקליר Shuthalhite Num. 26, 35.

ביע Chald., perh. r. of שַוַר but see גיוב.

אָשָׁרָק akin to שָׁרָק, Chald. שְׁרָק, to burn or scorch, of the sun Cant.

1, 6; fig. to look piercingly, to scan, of the eye Job 28, 7.

(Qal obs.) prob. akin to TAT II, i. q. Arab. بَنَوَرَ , to bind, to twist together. — Hoph. to be twisted or twined, of stuff, part. بَسْتِهِ عَلَيْ twined byssus Ex. 26, 1.

עדר (r. שָׁחָשָׁן) adj. m. depressed or dejected (ישָׁח פַירַיָם Job 22, 29 downcast of eyes i. e. with dejected looks.

עשות: (w. suf. וושיט: r. דאש II) m. meditation, thought Am. 4, 13.

(imper. pl. שָׁרָשׁרָא, fut. שָׁרָשׁרָשׁ, fut. (יִשְׁרָשׁרָשׁ, to gladden, or gratify, hence to make a present, esp. to give a bribe Job 6, 22, Ez. 16, 83; hence

שרוד m. a present or gratuity 1 K. 15, 19, Prov. 17, 8; esp. a bribe Ex. 23, 8.

akin to שַׁדָּש, דע אָשָׁרָ, to sink down, to lie low; Jie down! Is. 51, 23. - Hiph. right to cause to sink or lie down, fig. to depress, the mind Prov. 12, 25. — Hitbpa'le'l רשתחור, apoc. השתחורה (fut. השתחורה, apoc. השתחורה for ישתחור, in pause ישתחור, pl. ישתחוי, see Gram. § 75, Bem. 18) to bow oneself down, prostrate oneself, as a token of respect Ruth 2, 10, sometimes w. the addition of אפרם ארצה Gen. 19, 1; the person before whom the prostration is made stands w. לָמָרָרָ 1 Ch. 29, 20, לְמָרָרָ Gen. 22, 12, לע Lev. 26, 1, אל Is. 45, 14; esp. to bow before God, to worship Gen. 22, 5; 47, 31, w. למני Ex. 20, 5, למני Ps. 22, 28; also w. > or >x of the direction of the act of prostration Ps. 99, 9; 138, 2. – משחתורתם in Ez. 8, 16 is prob. for משתחורם as in some texts. (שֹׁתָה, part. שׁוֹת) (inf. שְׁוֹחוֹת, מַשָּׁרָוֹת)

i. q. Aram. MPO, Low prob. akin to rupp, prop. to dive, hence to bathe, to swim Is. 25, 11. — Hiph. to cause to swim, fig. to bathe or drench, one's bed with tears Ps. 6, 7. Hence

אוש (for יושט) f. diving or swimming, i.e. deep enough to sink down in Ez. 47, 5.

אָשׁחוֹק, see pinią.

שרור, see שרור.

ישיחור see שחור.

ווי (r. ישָׁדוֹר (II) m. blackness, only Lam. 4, 8.

ג (w. suf. יְשָׁחַאָּהוֹ; r. הָשָׁחָשָׁן (w. suf. יִשְׁחַאָּהוּ; r. הָשָׁחָשָׁן) f. a pit or hole, only Prov. 28, 10.

(3 perf. שׁׁת ז perf. שׁׁת (3 perf. שׁׁת), 3 perf. pl. שָׁחַרוּ also שָׁחַרוּ, fut. דַשָּׁר, inf. c. mind, cf. Gram. § 67, Rem. 10) akin to אָשָרָה, שׁהָח (שׁרָה, to sink down, of hills Hab 3, 6; to crouch down, of beasts of prey Job 38, 40; fig. to be low or depressed Ps. 107, 39; to be humbled, of pride Is. 2, 11; to submit or abase oneself, וְדַלְכוּ אֵלֵיךָ שׁחוֹת Is. 60, 14 and they shall come to thee to submit. - Nipb. (only fut. (not) to be brought low Is. 2, 9; fig. to be low or weak, of faint utterance Is. 29, 4, also of singers scarcely audible Ecc. 12, 4. - Hiph. rog to cause to sink down, to bring low Is. 25, 12. -Hitbpo. non to sink oneself down, fig. to become depressed Ps. 42, 7.

ערשיש, inf. abs. שרשי, inf. abs. שרשי, i) to kill or slaughter, animals Gen. 37, 31; esp. to slaughter or sacrifice, victims Lev. 1, 5, also human victims Gen. 22, 10, Is. 57, 5. 2) to massacre Judg. 12, 6; to cause to die or perish Num. 14, 16; שרשים Jer. 9, 7 K'thibh (שרשים Q'ri) a killing ערוים II (only part. pass. אראב Q'ri) perh. i. q. Chald. ארשים Arab. אבל, to sharpen, only in אראב Jer. 9, 7 (Q'ri) a sharpened arrow is their tongue; but the K'thibh has אראב געוויס, see ארשים I.

שרוע דוו (only part. pass. שיבוי (שָׁרוּט) prob. akin to שיבויע, to spread out, only in און דייב שירויים ו K. 10, 16 out-spread gold i. e. beaten into plates or sheets.

נישְׁרָשׁ (fut. מַשְׁרָשׁ) perh. akin to דָשָׁרָשָ I i. q. Chald. דָשָׁרָש, to crush or press out, only Gen. 40, 11.

Hos. 5, 2, see r. שַׁתְשָׁה I.

וֹשְׁרִשְׁוֹ (r. שָׁתִיט I) f. a slaughtering of victims, only 2 Ch. 30, 17.

לידע (ד, ישרי) m. an inflamed or burning sore, esp. a boil or botch Lev. 13, 18; a carbuncle in the skin of a plague-stricken person 2 K. 20, 7, Is. 38, 21; in Job 2, 7 it is prob. elephantiasis, the most dreadful kind of leprosy.

סידיש (r. שוֹדָע) m. i. q. שוֹדָיס, prop. sprouting, esp. after-growth, what comes up the second season after sowing, only Is. 37, 30.

שַׁתָּרָן (c. שְׁתַרָּק: r. שְׁתָרֹן m. a

thin piece, esp. a board of wood, only Ez. 41, 16.

לְשָׁתְּרָאָ (r. שְׁתָּרָא), only pl. השׁתָּרָא), cf. Gram. § 87, 2, Bem.) f. a pit, only Lam. 4, 20, Ps. 107, 20.

ישׁתָר f., see שִׁתָר לאווי לאווי.

تَعَتَّلُ I (obs.) mimet. akin to by II, Arab. سَعَنَ , to growl, to roar; hence المتا lion. --- Prob. mimet. akin to المتار (which see), Sans. çâl (cry or call), xλείω, G. schall, schelle, L. calo, clamo.

تَعَلَّ II (obs.) i. q.Arab. سَحَلَ to peel or scale; hence مَتَعَلَ

עוול (r. שָׁחַל I) m. a lion, prop. roarer Job 4, 10.

ז שְׁחֵלָת f. shell of a kind of fragrant muscle, only in Ex. 30, 34; r. שָׁחַל II.

Aram. إستخس (obs.) i. q. Arab. مستخس , Aram. إنتيار , prob. akin to , prob. akin to in , to burn, to be hot or inflamed; in Syr. (Pa.) also to ulcerate; hence إنتيار

مَعْصَ (obs.) akin to بَعْرَابَ (obs.) akin to بَعْرَابُ فَعْمَ , to raise or lift up oneself, then to shoot up, of the after-growth; hence שַׁוּרָר שַׁ

مَنْتَوْبَ (obs.) perh. akin to التَوْبَرَ II, 1) i. q. Arab. سَتَعَفَّ, to shave off, esp. to plane or hew wood so as to reduce its thickness; hence التَوْتَرَبِّ. 2) i. q. Arab. سَتُعَفَّ, to be thin, Talm. التَوْتَرَبْعُ to pine; hence التَوْتَرَبْعَ and

so called for its lean appearance, perh. (as Sept. λαρός, Vulg. larus) the sca-mew, sca-gull Lev. 11, 16. חשרות (r. שָׁחַרָּ 2) f. leanness, esp. a decline or consumption Deut. 28, 22.

بَعْخَصَ (obs.) i. q. Arab. مُخَصَّ to raise or lift up oneself; hence

עוֹדָע m. up-lifting of mind, pride, as Talmud. אָרַר שָׁדָע, only in אָרָר שָׁדָע sons of pride, i. e. mighty and fierce beasts of prey, such as the lion Job 28, 8; 41, 26.

ם אָדָעָשָ pr. n. (heights, r. שָׁדָאָים) of a place in Issachar, only w. ה – loc. שַׁדְצִיקָים Josh. 19, 22; in K'thibh השָׁדְצִיקָים.

(fut. proj.) i. q. Aram. proj. (fut. proj.) i. q. Aram. proj.

רָשְׁחַשָ ה. 1) r. שְׁחַשָ 1, powder or dust Is. 40, 15. 2) r. שְׁחַשָ 3, the sky, (prop. expansion, cf. יָקִיפָ 3, the skies mostly pl. שְׁחָקִים (cf. יָקִיפָ the skies Jer. 51, 9, Ps. 36, 6. 3) a cloud (i. q. Arab. בַּיַחָי Job 38, 37; r. פָּהַשָ 3.

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Dire, Pilie (r. pir;) m. 1) laughter Ecc. 2, 2; fig. laughing-stock Job 12, 4. 2) merriment Prov. 10, 23; merry-making Judg. 16, 27.

איין, i. q. Aram. איין, איין, איין, *to be burnt*, hence to be black, of the skin Job \$0, 30; hence איירוע, איירוע.

HI (Qal obs.) perh. i. q. Arab. אושה, to fascinate. — Pi. to oharm, only inf. w. suf. אושה charm it away, only in Is. 47, 11, where many (perh. well) take it for its dawn (see שחר) i. e. good after the evil, or a change for the better.

עור (r. שָׁחַר) m. day-break, dawn Gen. 19, 15; as adv. at the dawning, i. e. early Ps. 57, 9; שור א son of the morning, i. e. the morning star Is. 14, 12; fig. prosperity, the return of brighter times Is. 8, 20, so also perh. א לער Is. 47, 11 its dawn i. e. returning prosperity; see שור שיר א שיר א לער א לער א לער א לער א שור א לער א שור א לער א שור א לער א

אָשָרוֹר, שָׁרוֹר, (pl. שָׁרוֹר) adj. m., שׁרוֹרית (pl. שׁרוֹרית) *f. black* or dark, of complexion Cant. 1, 5 or hair Cant. 5, 11, of a horse Zech. 6, 2; r. שָׁתַר II.

שרתור see שתר

שׁתורוּה (r. שׁתורוּה) I f. dators, fig. morning of life, youth, only Ecc. 11, 10.

עַרַוּרָז' (ike אָתַלָּאל), ד. **אַרַרּוּרָז' (ike אַרַיּר**ָאָ), אין אָשָרָזיָד (ike אָנָאָרָזָרָ אָדָאָ), adj. m., אָשָרָדוֹרָא ל*dark, swoarthy,* of the complexion Cant. 1, 6.

ישַרַוּרָיָה pr. n. m. (אָדַרָּרָה seeks, r. ג טַרָּאָדַר I) 1 Ch. 8, 26.

שִׁדְרָיִם pr. n. m. (perh. the two dawns, cf. (פֶּרְבָּים, צֶדֶרֵיִם 1 Ch. 8, 8.

(Qal obs.) perh. akin to nnn, to break to pieces, fig. to destroy. to corrupt. - Niph. to be spoiled or marred Jer. 18, 4; to be laid waste Ex.8, 20; to become corrupt, morally Gen. 6, 11. - Pi. run 1) to break down or destroy, absol. Jer. 5, 10, w. acc. Jer. 48, 18; to devastate, lands 2 K. 19, 12, a city, w. 5 1 Sam. 23, 10. 2) to injure, a person 2 Sam. 1, 14, an eye Ex. 21, 26; to destroy people Gen. 6, 17, Is. 14, 20; to waste or squander. w. my on the ground Gen. 38,9; fig. to violate a covenant Mal. 2, 8; w. to violate feelings or pity, i.e. to act without mercy Am. 1, 11; w. דְבָרִים נְעָרְמִים to spoil pleasant words Prov. 23, 8. 3) to act corruptly towards, w. > Num. 82, 15; fig. to become corrupt Ex. 32, 7, w. > Deut. 32, 5. --- Hiph. רְאָשׁתִירה 1) to break down or destroy walls Lam. 2, 8, palaces Jer. 6, 5, cities Gen. 19, 13; to devastate a land or kingdom 2 K. 8, 19. 2) to ruin or mar, a tree Deut. 20, 19, a beard Lev. 19, 27, a people Gen. 6, 13; w. to ruin oneself Prov. 6, 32; part. בְשׁחִית destroying, of a lion Jer. 2, 30, of an angel 2 Sam. 24, 16; w. art. הַשְׁשָׁחִיה the destroyer Ex. 12, 23. 3) to act cor-

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דעינון, to become corrupt Is. 1, 4, Ez. 16, 47; w. דָרָן סר דָרָרָשׁ to corrupt one's way or practices, i. e. to be of disorderly conduct Gen. 6, 12, Zeph. 8, 7. — דַרָשָׁרָר (destroy thou not) as a poetical title would seem to be part of some well-known song, see titles of Pss. 57, 58, 59, 75. — Hoph. דעיניין to be destroyed, fig. to be corrupted or spoiled, part. m. דעיניין Prov. 25, 26, but f. דעיניין (for דעיניין like ד' for ד' Gram. § 69, Rem. 1, cf. Ewald's Heb. Lehrbuch § 188, b) in Mal. 1, 14.

to corrupt; part. pass. f. rupt Dan. 2, 9; as subst. corrupt deed Dan. 6, 5.

לבין from ולארן (r. דָרָשׁרָ, cf. רָרָן from וֹשָׁרָן) f. a sinking in the ground, then 1) a pit Ez. 19, 4. 2) a cistern or reservoir Job 9, 31. 3) a grave Job 33, 24, Ez. 28, 8. 4) r. רְאָר שָׁרָר destruction of the body, corruption, prob. in רְאָר שָׁרָר to see corruption Ps. 16, 10, so Sept. idsiv diapdopav, cf. Acts 2, 27.

שט Job 2, 2 for שזש, see r. שזש II. שט (only pl. שָׁיָבָים) m. prop. deviations, fig. errors, transgressions, only Hos. 5, 2, but better as concr. transgressors; r. שזש. Cf. בָּטָבָים, בָּטָבָים,

אָשָׁשָ (fut. דְשָׁשָׁר, apoc. דְשָׁשָׁר) akin to אושר דון ארמש. אַסָר, אָשָׁש to turn aside, to deviate, w. אַזָע from Prov. 4, 15, w. אָד to Prov. 7, 25; esp. of an adulteress Num. 5, 12.

ושָׁשָׁ (for אָינאָ Arab. אָינאָ , pl. שׁים f. the acacia tree or Egyptian thorn, of which there are several species Is. 41, 19; דער מענים timbers, the wood used in constructing the tabernacle Ex. 25, 5. --- Said to be from the Copt. WONTF (thorn), but perh. from an obs. r. vyų (to be sharp or prickly), akin to yų.

(fut. (بنتيت i. q. Syr. م Arab. منع (fut. بنتيت i. q. Syr. م Arab. منع (fut. rows) i. q. Syr. a spread abroad Num. 11, 32, 2 Sam. 17, 19, Jer. 8, 2; fig. to make room for, w. Job 12, 23. — Pi. to spread or stretch forth, the hands in supplication Ps. 88, 10; hence rows).

טוֹטָש (r. שוּש II) m. i. q. שוֹש, a scourge, only Josh. 23, 13.

pr. n. (w. art. the acacias, see نوبت) of a valley in Moab Josh. 2, 1; fully برطر تمن (the valley of the acacias) Joel 4, 18.

רְשָׁבּון (fut. יְשָׁבּוּם) akin to שָּׁבָין, to lurk for, to way-lay or entrap Gen. 27, 41, Job 16, 9, Ps. 55, 4; hence אַבָּשָׁבָים.

مَعْتَ akin to שَنَשْ Chald. مَعْتَ مُعْتَ مُعْتَ مُعْتَ مُعْتَ Arab. مَعْتَ to way-lay, oppose, resist, أَنْ for to oppose him Zech. 3, 1; part. مَعْتَ opponent, adversary Ps. 109, 20; تَعْتَ adversaries of my soul Ps. 71, 13; hence

 $i \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow$ m. 1) an adversary or opponent Num. 22, 32, in war 1 K. 5, 18, in a law-suit Ps. 109, 6 (cf. Zech. 3, 1); w. i j against Num. 22, 22. 2) With art. $i \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow$ (without art. 1 Ch. 21, 1) the adversary, as pr. n. Satan, the hostile spirit Job 1, 6, Zech. 3, 1. 2 (cf. διάβολος, xal δ Σαταναζ...δ xατήγωρ Apoc. 12, 9. 10).

קשָׁרָה (r. שָׁשָׁרָה) f. 1) accusation or charge Ezr. 4, 6. 2) pr. n. (opposition) of a well Gen. 26, 21.

קשיק (fut. ישׁים) prob. akin to אַשָּרָה (fut. ישׁים) to rush out Ps. 78, 20; בּשָׁם שׁיַם Ez. 13, 13 a pouring rain; fig. to rush along, of a horse Jer.

John, Piling (r. ping) m. 1) laughter Ecc. 2, 2; fig. laughing-slock Job 12, 4. 2) merriment Prov. 10, 23; merry-making Judg. 16, 27.

אָדָר II akin to דָּדָר, i. q. Aram. אָדָר, *to be burnt*, hence to be black, of the skin Job 30, 30; hence שָׁדָרוֹר, שָׁדָרוֹר,

HI (Qal obs.) perh. i. q. Arab. אוֹשׁה, to fascinate. — Pi. to oharm, only inf. w. suf. אוֹשְׁהָיָשׁ charm it away, only in Is. 47, 11, where many (perh. well) take it for its dawn (see קיווי) i. e. good after the evil, or a change for the better.

ון שָׁרַד (r. שָׁדָד I) m. day-break, dawn Gen. 19, 15; as adv. at the dawning, i. e. early Ps. 57, 9; שור son of the morning, i. e. the morning star Is. 14, 12; fig. prosperity, the return of brighter times Is. 8, 20, so also perh. אין Is. 47, 11 its dawn i. e. returning prosperity; see שור שָׁרָד

adj. m., (שָׁהוֹרִים) adj. m., שׁחוֹרָה (pl. שָׁחוֹרָה) f. *black* or *dark*, of complexion Cant. 1, 5 or hair Cant. 5, 11, of a horse Zech. 6, 2; r. שָׁחַר II.

שרתור see שרור.

ושְׁחֵרוּת (r. שְׁחֵר I) f. dawn, fig. morning of life, youth, only Ecc. 11, 10.

שְׁתַוְדְיוֹדָ (like שְׁתַוֹּדְיוֹדָ; r. שְׁתַוְדְיוֹדָ adj. m., שְׁתַרְדוֹרָת *t. dark, swarthy*, of the complexion Cant. 1, 6.

שְׁדֵוֹרְיָה pr. n. m. (דְּיָה seeks, r. I) 1 Ch. 8, 26.

שְׁדֵרְיָם pr. n. m. (perh. the two dawns, cf. פִרְבָּיִם , צְהֲרֵיָם) 1 Ch. 8, 8.

(Qal obs.) perh. akin to חחת, to break to pieces, fig. to destroy, to corrupt. - Niph. to be spoiled or marred Jer. 18, 4; to be laid waste Ex.8, 20; to become corrupt, morally Gen. 6, 11. - Pi. rmd 1) to break down or destroy, absol. Jer. 5, 10, w. acc. Jer. 48, 18; to devastate, lands 2 K. 19, 12, a city, w. 5 1 Sam. 23, 10. 2) to injure, a person 2 Sam. 1, 14, an eye Ex. 21, 26; to destroy people Gen. 6, 17, Is. 14, 20; to waste or squander, w. אָרָצָד on the ground Gen. 38,9; fig. to violate a covenant Mal. 2, 8; w. to violate feelings or pity, i.e. to act without mercy Am. 1, 11; w. דְבָרִים נְצִימִים to spoil pleasant words Prov. 23, 8. 3) to act corruptly towards, w. > Num. 82, 15; fig. to become corrupt Ex. 32, 7, w. 5 Deut. 32, 5. - Hiph. ו to break down or destroy walls Lam. 2, 8, palaces Jer. 6, 5, cities Gen. 19, 13; to devastate a land or kingdom 2 K. 8, 19. 2) to ruin or mar, a tree Deut. 20, 19, a beard Lev. 19, 27, a people Gen. 6, 13; w. idin to ruin oneself Prov. 6, 32; part. משחרה destroying, of a lion Jer. 2, 30, of an angel 2 Sam. 24, 16; w. art. דַמָּשָׁרִיה the destroyer Ex. 12, 23. 3) to act cor-

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to corrupt; part. pass. 1. Intring corrupt Dan. 2, 9; as subst. corrupt deed Dan. 6, 5.

לעדע (ר. האש, כל. רבן from האס) f. a sinking in the ground, then 1) a pit Ez. 19, 4. 2) a cistern or reservoir Job 9, 31. 3) a grave Job 33, 24, Ez. 28, 8. 4) ר. העדע, destruction of the body, corruption, prob. in בקרת to see corruption Ps. 16, 10, so Sept. idsiv diaptopay, cf. Acts 2, 27.

DU Job 2, 2 for נושט, see r. נושט II.

שׁטָ (only pl. שָׁטָר m. prop. deviations, fig. errors, transgressions, only Hos. 5, 2, but better as concr. transgressors; r. נאט. Cf. טָרָ בָּיָם,

קשָׁשָ (fut. דְשָׁשָׁה, apoc. יְשָׁשָׁה) akin to שעון וו, Aram. אָשָאָר, אָשָ to turn aside, to deviate, w. שעה Prov. 4, 15, w. אָ to Prov. 7, 25; esp. of an adulteress Num. 5, 12.

שָׁטָר (for שׁיָשׁ, Arab. שׁיָשׁר, pl. שׁיָשׁל (for שׁיָשׁים, Arab. שׁיָשׁר, pl. לשׁטָר (for mich there are several species Is. 41, 19; שׁיָט מער מיים timbers, the wood used in constructing the tabernacle Ex. 25, 5. ---- Said to be from the Copt. WONTE (thorn),

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but perh. from an obs. r. Dry (to be sharp or prickly), akin to yy.

(fut. (بنتيت i. q. Syr. (fut. بنتيت i. q. Syr. (fut. 11, 32, 2 Sam. 17, 19, Jer. 8, 2; fig. to make room for, w. 5 Job 12, 23. — Pi. to spread or stretch forth, the hands in supplication Ps. 88, 10; hence بجنيت.

רשוט (r. שוט II) m. i. q. נוש, a scourge, only Josh. 23, 13.

pr. n. (w. art. the acacias, see نبعت) of a valley in Moab Josh. 2, 1; fully <u>מ</u>ל תַשׁל (the valley of the acacias) Joel 4, 18.

עַשָּטָן (fut. רְשָׁטֹם) akin to שָּטַן, to lurk for, to way-lay or entrap Gen. 27, 41, Job 16, 9, Ps. 55, 4; hence מַשָּׁטַם.

مَعْلَ akin to بَعْلَ , Chald. إِنْ مَعْلَ , Arab. مَعْلَ , to way-lay, oppose, resist, أَجْسَبَوْر for to oppose him Zech. 3, 1; part. إين opponent, adversary Ps. 109, 20; تَعْلَ adversaries of my soul Ps. 71, 13; hence

עִשְׁלָרָה (r. שָׁשָׁרָה) f. 1) accusation or charge Ezr. 4, 6. 2) pr. n. (opposition) of a well Gen. 26, 21.

אָשָׁרָשָ (fut. יְשָׁשׁרָ) prob. akin to אָשָרָש, 1) to rush out Ps. 78, 20; בּשָׁר שׁיַבָּר fig. to rush along, of a horse Jer.

8, 6. 2) to overflow, to overwhelm Is. 30, 28; to wash away, השכון Job 14, 19 its floods wash away (on the syntax, see Gram. § 146, 3); to spread abroad, of an invasion Dan. 11, 10; fig. to rush Jer. 8, 6; prob. to cause to prevail, w. acc. Jer. 10, 22. 3) to wash or rinse, w. ב Lev. 15, 11. — Niph. 1) to be overwhelmed, fig. to be vanquished, of an invading force Dan. 11, 22; to be rinsed Lev. 15, 12. — Pu. to be well rinsed Lev. 6, 21. Hence

קשָׁשָׁ, once קשׁשָ Prov. 27, 4 (r. קשָׁשָׁ, in. 1) a gushing or outpouring of rain Job 38,25. 2) an inundation, flood Ps. 32, 6; קשָׁשָׁשׁ anger is a flood, i. e. bursting forth w. damage Prov. 27, 4; קשָטָק אוב his end is in the flood, i. e. by a sudden and overwhelming calamity Dan. 9, 26; fig. an invading host Dan. 11, 22.

שיים, געווים, to carve or scratch, hence to mark with a graver or stylus, to write, only part. שיים prop. writer or scribe, Sept. γραμματεύς, Syr. איים, then like Arab. ייים, prefect, inspector, officer Ex. 5, 6; magistrate Deut. 16, 18; military director 2 Ch. 26, 11, Sept. χριτής.

קטָר Chald. i. q. Targum קטָר, Syr. אָנָה, the side Dan. 7, 5. In some copies שָטָר is read.

ישָׁטָרָר pr. n. m. (perh. magisterial, r. שִׁרְטֵי 1 Ch. 27, 29; in Q'ri שָׁעָרָ.

לוֹי (like דָּרָר, זָיַר, דָרָד, therefore) שָׁרָא שִישָ: m. gift or present, esp. tribute considered as a present, and to bring a present or tribute Ps. 68, 30, Is. 18, 7.

مَعْمِي (obs.) prob. i. q. Arab. تَعْمِي to will to bring.

אישָׁר (prob. for נְשָׂיא) m. i. q. נְשָׂא, elevation, only Job 20, 6; r. נָשָׂא.

N W pr. n. 2 Sam. 20, 25; see N. .

וֹשָׁא pr. n. (ruin, r. אוֹשָ) of a city in Issachar Josh. 19, 19.

elevation, נְשִׁיאֹן pr. n. (for נְשִׁיאֹן elevation, r. נְשָׁא of mount Hermon Deut. 4, 48.

שיבו (w. suf. שירבו) m. grayness of hair, old age 1 K. 14, 4; r. שיב.

יָדָר, 1) return Ps. 126, 1; r. דים. 2) dwelling or stay 2 Sam. 19, 33; r. דָשָׁר. 38; r. בַשָּׁי.

להבר, וכוב ווישר איש שריבי, ר. שויבה f. grayness or hoariness of hair Hos. 7, 9; fig. a grey-haired person, an old man Gen. 42, 38, fully איש שיבה Deut. 32, 25; also old age Ps. 71, 18; שיבה a good old age Gen. 15, 15.

ו שרג I) m. a refreat or turning aside, prob. to answer a call of nature, only שרג I K. 18 27 he has a turning aside or privacy, i. e. he has withdrawn to ease nature.

(r. تا تا ۳۳) m. i. q. Aram. بجتري (r. تا تا ۳۳), معرف , *lime* Deut. 27, 2, Is. 33, 12.

الب المربق I (fut. apoc. in pause المربق) i. q. Arab. لهن، to forget Deut. 32, 18, Sept. ἐγχατέλιπες.

to be noisy; hence ابتَضِبَ and

ר קיע pr. n. m. (perh. noisy) 2 Sam. 20, 25, in Q'ri אָשָׁיָ

ערה 1 Sam. 14, 34, see ערה. Deut. 22, 1, see עריך.

שרז see שרי.

אָדָשׁ pr. n. m. (prob. cheerful, r. נשויז 1 Ch. 11, 42.

Dan. 3, 17 Chald. inf. Shaph. of r. יוברקנא, which see.

II; hence עוֹדָת, see r. שׁרָת II; hence

חשרים; r. דשרים; r. דשרים II) m. 1) speech or discourse 2 K. 9, 11; meditation, i. e. he is in a fit of abstraction 1 K. 18, 27. 2) a song Ps. 104, 34. 3) complaint Job 7, 13, Ps. 55, 8.

Gen. 2, 5, Job 30, 4, Arab. شربان Gen. 21, 15) m. a sprouting, collect. shrubs Gen. 2, 5, Job 30, 4, Arab. شربي shîk (shrub), see Zeitschrift d. Morgenl. Gesellschaft for 1870, p. 234.

וו לאַנָּדָוּ (r. שוּהַ II) f. meditation Ps. 119, 97; אָקַרָיאַל Job 15, 4 meditation before God i. e. devotion.

שרוֹר שִׁרוֹר blackness, cf. Mέλας, also the Blackwater, a river in Ireland) of the Nile among the Hebrews (but אֹר אָר שׁׁר אָר אָר אָר among the Egyptians) Is. 23, 3. In Josh. 13, 3, 1 Ch. 13, 5 נו בול בשרוֹר לא בער בול שַרוֹר בול בשריים the boundary stream (i. e. Υυνοχορούρα) in S. W. Palestine.

אלביי pr. n. of a river in Asher Josh. 19, 26, prob. the dark torrent of burnt or baked sand (see (לבַיָּד), i. e. glass-river, as from the sand of this stream (i. e. the Belus), glass was first made; comp. אַרָּפָּר.

۵ (r. تعنق II) m. 1) i. q. تعنق a scourge Is. 28, 15 K'thibh. 2) i. q. تعنق an oar Is. 33, 1.

ת שָׁכֹּן, שָׁכֹּן, שִׁיכֹן, שָׁיכֹן, שִׁיכֹן n. (peaceful or quiet, r. שָׁכָּן II) of a city in Ephraim 1 K. 2, 27, the seat of the Holy Tabernacle Josh. 18, 1; hence gentil. n. שִׁיכֹנִי אוֹנ אוֹנ אוֹניי אוֹנ וֹנ אוֹנ אוֹנ

II prob. pr. n. m. (peaceful שילה) one, r. שָׁלָח II, cf. קיטור from r. קטר ישלום Shiloh, prob. the expected Messiah Gen. 49, 10 (cf. קטר שלר ישלום Is. 9, 5). — The ancient versions (Sept., Targûm, Syr., and Vulg.) took this word for שלר i to whom is or belongs (scil.) the sceptre or rule; w. which may be compared Ez. 21, 82 אבד שנוער until he comes to whom is the right (Sept. ψ καθήκει) i. e. to whom it belongs, namely the promised Messiah.

שרלד Jer. 7, 12, see שרלד.

שִׁילָל (r. שָׁלָל) adj. m. stripped, i. e. naked or barefooted, only in K'thibh of Mic. 1, 8; Q'ri שׁׁילָל.

עלדָר שָׁלֹרָד (1) gentil. n. from לידלי, a Shilonite 1 K. 11, 29, Neh. 11, 5. 2) gentil. of שָׁלָר for שֵׁלָר 1 Ch. 9, 5.

שוֹם and שוֹם, see ישׁרם.

ערבוך pr. n. m. (perh. strongsmelling, r. שונה II) 1 Ch. 4, 20.

to pour, Syr. 2, to urine, to piss;

עָשָרָיָם (only pl. שָׁיָרָים) m. urine, only in K'thibh of 2 K. 18, 27 and Is. 36, 12; in both places the Q'ri avoids this word as too vulgar, and reads instead בּיבֵי רַגְלֵים waters of the feet; cf. שָׁתַן.

איציע Chald. Ezr. 6, 15, see r. אין.

I; hence שדר, see r. שוו; hence

שרר (w. suf. שָׁירה, אָשָׁירה) אָשָּיר (w. suf. שָׁירָה, אַשָּירָה) אַשָּיר (שָׁירָה) אַשָּירָה) אַשָּירָים singing w. the voice 1 Ch. 6, 16; קַלָּר שָׁיר singing - instruments, i. e. instruments of music to accompany the voice 2 Ch. 5, 13. 2) a song, hymn either sacred Is. 42, 10, or secular Is. 23, 16; בְּכֵוֹה דָאָשׁיר the daughters of song, i. e. female singers Ecc. 12, 4; collect. songs 1 K. 5, 12, Ps. 137, 4. שַׁרָר שַעַלור song of the ascendings, prob. sung on the people's journeys or pilgrimages up to Jerusalem to keep the feasts or visit the temple (cf. שַׁעָּר שָׁבָר Ps. 122, 4), in titles of Pss. 120-134.

(pl. שִׁירוֹת Am. 8, 3) f. a song or hymn Ex. 15, 1, Is. 5, !; r. שור די שור I.

white marble or alabaster 1 Ch. 29, 2.

UU, see www.

אָשָׁרָשָׁ pr. n. m. (perh. brightness, r. שירי 1 K. 4, 3; see איריי.

D迎辺, once **D**辺辺 1 K. 14, 25, pr. n. m. (perh. illustrious, r. ビガン) Shishak, king of Egypt in the days of Jeroboam king of Israel 1 K. 11, 40. He is called Sesonchis (Copt. (山山)K, Sheshek) by Manetho, and is the first king of the twenty second dynasty. ---- Perh. akin to Heb. 世辺 (which see), w. old adj. ending P--; see on letter P, p. 550.

, see r. איש: hence

(w. suf. שִׁיתוֹ) m. akin to סות, prop. what is put on, hence attire or dress Ps. 73, 6; שִׁית זוֹנָת a harlot's dress Prov. 7, 10.

חשר (perh. r. שרח) m. a thorn perh. so named as being often set for defence, collect. thorns (always mentioned with שָׁרָיר) Is. 5, 6; 27, 4.

Jer. 5, 26 for שָׁיָ inf. of דָשָׁ; see Gram. § 67, Rem. 3.

(only pl. שָׁכָה: ד. שָׁכָה: J) m. i. q. Arab. אָעָרָט, a thorn or prickle, only fig. in געניביביבים לשָׁכָרָם בְּעַינִיבֶט for thorns in your eyes, i. e. most painful troubles Num. 33, 55. קשבו: (w. suf. أيتو; r. إيتوا II) m. a hedge or enclosure, only Lam. 2, 6.

(fut. בְּשָׁרֵא, inf. בַבָּשָל. w. suf. שָׁכָבָה Gen. 19, 33, also inf. בכ w. suf. שָׁכְבָה Deut. 6, 7) prob. akin to FPP I (which see) i. q. Aram. محص, 1) to lie down Ez. 4, 4; esp. to recline for resting, sleeping Ps. 68, 14, Gen. 19, 4, in sickness 2 Sam. 13, 6, in great grief 2 Sam. 12, 16 or vexation 1 K. 21, 4. 2) to lie with (אָח or acc. אָר of a אָר אָר), of a man w. a woman Gen. 26, 10, of a woman w. a man 2 Sam. 13, 11, of a man w. a man in sodomy Lev. 18, 22, and of man w. a beast Ex. 22, 18. 3) fig. to lie dead Is. 14, 8; those lying in the grave i. e. the buried Ps. 88, 6. - Niph. to be lain with i. e. to be ravished, only Q'ri of Is. 13, 16, Zech. 14, 2. - Pu. to be lain with, only Jer. 3, 2 Q'ri. — Hiph. to cause to lie down, to lay or set down 1 K. 3, 20, Hos. 2, 20; w. ארצה, to prostrate 2 Sam. 8, 2; fig. to empty out, of a vessel inclined or canted for the purpose, only in נִבְלֵר שַׁמֵּרם מִר רַשָּׁמָרם Job 38, 37 who shall empty the bottles of heaven? i. e. who can cause the clouds to rain? - Hoph. (imp. הָשָׁבָר Ez. 32, 19) 1) to be prostrated, of one slain Ez. 32, 32; part. בשָׁכָב laid out, of a corpse 2 K. 4, 32. 2) to lay oneself down, prop. to be caused to lie down, Ez. 32, 19.

אָשָרָבָה זָשָרָבָה (c. שָׁרָבָה זָשָרָבָה לַשְׁרָבָה שָׁרָבָה שָׁרָבָה שָׁרָבָה שָׁרָבָה שָׁרָבַה שָׁרָבַה זַיָש settling (or deposit) of the dew Ex. 16, 13. 2) a pouring out or emission, ושָרָבָה זָרַע emission of seed, hence a woman as to emission of seed, i. e.

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to have sexual intercourse w. her Lev. 15, 18.

שְׁכְבָת (w. suf. שְׁכְבְתוּ , ישָׁכְבָתוּ) f. a lying down, fig. copulation Num. 5, 20, used of bestiality Lev. 18, 23; fully שְׁכְבָת לְוָרֵע a lying down for seed i. e. sexual intercourse Lev. 18, 20.

(Qal obs.) prob. akin to prob II, שקר, to pour or flow, of seminal emission, only — Hiph. to copulate, only in part. pl. בישקר lustful, lecherous, of salacious stallions, only Jer. 5, 8; see on אליני.

ו (obs.) prob. akin to ער ו (obs.) ער גאוה to wiew; hence אַכָּאָ, *to look at*, בַּשְׁבָּרָה, שֶׂבְרָוּ

שלה 1 K. 4, 10, see שלה.

עָרָה (r. שָׁבָה I) f. i. q. Arab. *a thorn*, then a piercing weapon, perh. harpoon, only pl. Job 40, 31.

שׁכך pr. n. (prob. look-out, r. I) of a place near Ramah 1 Sam. 19, 22.

שְׁכָרָ (r. שְׁכָדָן)m. a viewing, fig. the mind, only Job 38, 36.

לוכע (r. לשכול) m. bereavement, fig. depopulation Is. 47, 8, abandonment Ps. 35, 12.

לשני adj. m., שעלי (pl. m.) f. 1) bereaved of children Jer. 18, 21; robbed of whelps, as a bear Hos. 13, 8. 2) barren, of sheep Cant. 4, 2.

שָׁבָּלִים see שִׁכּוּל.

שׁכוֹר שׁכוֹר (r. שָׁכּר ז, pl שׁכּר), שׁכּר (ישׁכּוֹר I) אַכּר (ישׁכּוֹר (שׁכּוֹר (שׁכּוֹר בי בָּאָר) ו) adj. m., שִׁכּר וּ לּשׁכּוֹר (drunken, star) שׁכּר שָר בָאר בָאר בָאר בָאר שׁכּר בַי בָאר אין שׁכּר בַי בָאר (drunken 1 Sam. 25, se. 2) as subst. a drunkard Joel 1, 5; drinking (as) a sol 1 K. 16, 9; ויַקְשְׁבָּהָ לְשָׁבֹרָה and he counted her for a drunkard 1 Sam. 1, 13; they reel like the drunkard Ps. 107, 27.

DW, rarely TDW Job 19, 14 (fut. ישבה) prob. akin to שבה II (which see), to forget Gen. 27, 45; ellipt. w. שָׁבַּחָמִי in מָאַכל לַחָמָי *I* forgot (and ceased) from eating my bread (cf. Gram. § 141) i. e. so that I did not eat Ps. 102, 5. - Niph. (part. fem. נְשָׁבָּחָת Is. 23, 15) to be forgotten Gen. 41, 30; part. pl. השבחים בני בגל forgotten by the foot, i. e. the miners swinging in the shaft are abandoned by their feet and trust to the ropes Job 28, 4. - Pi. npy to cause to forget, to make (men) forget Lam. 2, 6. - Hiph. to cause to forget, w. double acc. Jer. 23, 27. - Hith. nonder to be forgotten Ecc. 8, 10. Hence

עָּבָחִים (only pl. שָׁבָּחִים) adj. m. forgetting, w. acc. Is. 65, 11; שְׁבַחִי אֵלוּזים forgetters of God Ps. 9, 18.

לאבעי Chald. (Pe. obs.) i. q. Syr. לאבעי f, to find. — lihpe. הערקי to be found Dan. 2, 35, Ezr. 6, 2. — Aph. הערקי to find Dan. 2, 25, Ezr. 4, 15; hence to get Ezr. 7, 16.

שְׁרָזָה pr. n. m. (perh. lust, r. שֶׁרְזָה) 1 Ch. 8, 10; in some copies שֶׁרְזָה.

(קון (only pl. שְׁכָלָיך: r. שָׁכָלִיך: f. prop. a sight, hence prop. a signal or a flag, שְׁכָלִית הַתְּקָבָיוֹת the flags of delight, i. e. the gay flags of ships, only Is. 2, 16.

עָרָרָן (r. שָׁבָדָ I) m. i. q. Chald. קבָרן, Arab. אַבֿע, *a knife*, only Prov. 23,2.--- Prob. from r. שָׁבָרן (= ווּשָׂבָד ווּשָׂבָד I) שָׁבָדן (= גוו ווּשָׂבָד w. old format. ending אוֹה to ק- in גר see on letter כ, p. 390.

שָׂכִירָק, w. suf. שָׂבִירָק, pl. w. suf. שָׁבִירְק, r. שָׁבָיר (שָׁבָר, 22, 14) Ex. 22, 14; עָשָׁבָי שָׁבָיר Is. 16, 14 according to a hireling's years i. e. in exact or stipulated time.

אָרָרָדָה (r. אָיָבָרָדָה) f. a hiring, only in קַצָר דַוּאָרָרָח the hired razor Is. 7, 20.

ון ער דער I (obs.) i. q. אָרָער II, to cut in, to pierce; hence prob. שַׂרָן and שָׁרָש.

ון ער אין דער איז דער אין דע

iI, پتول (obs.) prob. akin to پتول (dobs.) prob. akin to بتوان ا to bind or twist together;

perh. hence אָשָׁכָלָאָד, (1 perf. דָשָׁכָלָאָר, in p. שָׁכָלָאָר (1 perf. שָׁכָלָאָר, in p. שָׁכָלָאָר (1 perf. שָׁכָלָאָר, in prob. akin to דָשָׁכָל (1, i. q. Chald. אָבָל, to become childless Gen. 43, 14, 1 Sam. 15, 33; to be bereaved of, to lose, w. acc. Gen. 27, 45; part. pass. f. אָבָל הוּלוולווּפוּא, fig. of a depopulated state Is. 49, 21. – Pi. אָבָל (1) to bereave of children, to make childless Gen. 42, 36. 2) to miscarry, of women Ex. 23, 26, of flocks Gen. 31, 38; to be unfruitful, of a vine Mal. 3, 11. — Hipb. 1) to make childless, אבור מַלְבָרָל one who bereaves i. e. a slayer of young warriors Jer. 50, 9. 2) to cause an abortion, hence to miscarry, of a womb Hos. 9, 14. Hence לָבְכוֹל שׁׁמָרָלָ

ָשָׁבָּלִים see שָּׁבָל.

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I prob. akin to אָלָד I, Chald. bap, to look at, fig. to consider, to be circumspect or prudent 1 Sam. 18, 30. - Pi. to act wisely, perh. to manage circumspectly or advoitly, w. acc. (אח-דרו), only in Gen. 48, 14, but see שָׁכֵל II. — Hipb. 1) to look at or view, to contemplate, prob. in Gen. 3, 6, but see No. 6 below. 2) to consider Dan. 9, 25; w. acc. Deut. 32, 29, by Prov. 16, 20, 5x Ps. 41, 2, 5 Prov. 21, 12, 7 Dan. 9, 13. 3) to be intelligent or prudent Ps. 2, 10. The inf. דַשָּׁכָרל Jer. 3, 15, דְשָׁבָל Prov. 1, 8, is used as subst. intelligence. 4) fig. i. q. דּצָלִרָת, to have success, to thrive or prosper Josh. 1, 7, Is. 52, 13. 7) to cause to prosper Deut. 29, 8. 6) to make intelligent or wise, to teach, w. acc. of pers. Ps. 32, 8, w. > of pers. Prov. 21, 11, perh. absol. in Gen. 3, 6 (see No. 1), w. two acc. Dan. 9, 22; part. as subst. בַשָּׁבִּיל *a poem*, see 385.

ער אלא דער (Qal obs.) prob. akin to Arab. אָאָדע, to bind, to interweave; hence prob. אָאָדע, -- Pi. אָאָדע to twist or complicate, only Gen. 48, 14 w. סיר אָאָד אָאָד אָאָד־רָדָין אָאָד־רָדָין אָאָד־רָדָין אָאָד גענען אָאָד אָרָד גענען אָד אָרָד גענען אָד

DY Chald. (Peal obs.) to look

שַׁבַן

at. — Ithpa. Spinger to attend to, to consider, w. 3 Dan. 7, 8.

שָׁכָל or שָׁכָל (w. suf. יאַשָּׁלָ וּשָׁרָט סָיָשָׁרָ וּשָׁרָט סָיָשָׁרָ וּשָׁכָל m. prob. perception or insight, hence 1) understanding or intelligence, prudence 1 Ch. 22, 12. 2) sense or meaning, שָּׁבָע to give the meaning Neh. 8, 8. 3) cunning Dan. 8, 25. 4) success Prov. 3, 4.

אַבְלוּת f. i. q. אָטָרָלוּת folly Ecc. 1, 17; r. אַבָּע I.

שׁרָלָרם (only pl.; r. לשָׁלָא) m. bereavement, childless state (see Gram. § 108, 2, a), only fig. in Is. 49, 20 שָׁתַלֶרָ.

לְלָלָעָר Chald. Ezr. 4, 12, see r. לְשָׁרְגָל שְׁרְלְחָנוּ Chald. f. understanding Dan. 5, 11; r. לְשָׁרָ

עָרָדָעָ I (obs.) prob. akin to דַיָשָׂ, אָבָלָ to bow or bend oneself, to stoop, as a shoulder under a burden; prob. hence אָבָל shoulder, whence prob. as a denominative comes

I Qal obs.) prop. to bend or incline the shoulder (see DID), hence to load or pack up a burden, which the wandering Arabs do w. their camels very early in the morning, or in the cool of the day, hence to be early. -- Hiph. דְּשָׁבִים 1) to rise early Gen. 19, 2, w. Ecgr in the morning Ex. 8, 16; as adv. early or soon (cf. Gram. § 142, Rem. 1) 2 K. 6, 15, Is. 5, 11, Hos. 6, 4. 2) fig. to act early or promptly, השבימו early or promptly, Zeph. 3, 7 they were early, they corrupted their doings(cf. § Gram. 142, 3, b) i. e. they soon corrupted their morals. - In Jeremiah the inf. is often followed by another inf., and has adverbial force, e. g. and I spake -- to וארבר דלשבם ורבר be early and to speak i. e. speaking betimes or early Jer. 7, 13; inf. אָשָׁכֵּים

for זַלְשְׁבָים Jer. 25, 3 (see Gram. § 53, 3, Rem. 2). Hence דַּשְׁבַר as adv. *early* in Prov. 27, 14.

loc. עכם (in pause ושכם) (in pause ישכם) (in pause ישכם חשבעה, once שבעה Hos. 6, 9, w. suf. m. 1) the shoulder or the shoulderblades, where burdens are borne Gen. 49, 15, diff. from אָרָאָ e. g. Job 31, 22 let my shoulder בְּחֵפִר מִשִּׁכְמֵה הפוֹל fall from its shoulder-blade; Store Store one shoulder, fig. w. one purpose and effort (cf. 'pulling together') Zeph. 3, 2) upper part of the back, the 9. to turn הפנה שכם to turn הפנה לאכם shoulders Is. 9, 3; the back 1 Sam. 10, 9; השיהמי שכם Ps. 21, 13 thou wilt make them set the back, i. e. make them turn to flee. 3) a ridge or tract of land Gen. 48, 22; cf. Arab. مَنْكَبٌ shoulder, also tract of land. 4) pr. n. (back or ridge) Shechem, now Nâblus (Νεάπολις), a city in Ephraim between Mount Ebal and Mount Gerizim Gen 12, 6; w. ה- loc. שָׁכָמָה or שֶׁכָמָה towards Shechem Josh. 24, 1, Hos. 6, 9. 5) pr. n. m. Gen. 34, 2. Root 🗗 💯 I.

שׁכָם pr. n. m. (shoulder, r. שׁכָם Josh. 17, 2; patron. שָׁרָאָ Shechemite Num. 26, 31.

הַבְיָשׁ f. Job 31, 22 prob. for הַשְׁשִׁשׁ its shoulder-blade, cf. Gram. § 58, 3, Rem. 1.

וֹשָׁרָי, אָשָרָן, inf. וֹשָׁרָי, w. suf. יָשָׁרָי, inf. וֹשָׁרָי, w. suf. יָשָׁרָי וֹשָׁרָי, bend down, to recline, hence 1) i. q. Syr. (הבי, to settle down, to rest, of the divine glory (Rabbinic רְשָׁרָיָד) Ex. 24, 16, of the pillar of cloud Num. 9, 17, of other clouds Job 3, 5. 2) to lie down, of animals Deut. 33, 20, of an inactive person Judg. 5, 17; hence to be still or remain quiet Ps. 55, 7. 3) to

abide or dwell Ps. 37, 27, to inhabit Prov. 2, 21; to dwell in, w. 3 Gen. 9, 27; part. pass. שֶׁכּוּן dwelling, prop. settled down (see Gram. § 50, 3, Rem. 2) Judg. 8, 11. 4) to live in, of animals in their habitats Job 26, 5; of mere things, to remain or stay anywhere Josh. 22, 19. 5) to be inhabited, of a land Jer. 46, 26, of a city Jer. 33, 16. - Pl. 1) to pitch a tent, to tent, w. I of place Ps. 78, 60. 2) to cause to dwell, w. acc. of pers. and 7 of place Num. 14, 30; fig. to cause to remain Jer. 7, 12. -Hiph. דְשָׁכָרן 1) to cause to settle down, esp. to pitch a tent Josh. 18, 1; fig. to cast down לָבָהָר to the dust Ps. 7, 6. 2) to cause to dwell Ps. 78, 55, Job 11, 14; to set a guard Gen. 3, 24.

dwell or perch, of birds on trees Dan. 4, 18. — Pa. to cause to dwell Ezr. 6, 12.

שָׁבָן (r. זָשָׁבָן ; c. זָשָׁבָן Gram. § 93, 5, w. suf. שְׁבֵּוּם, pl. שְׁבָּוָשׁ adj. m., שׁבַנָּין (w. suf. שְׁבֵנִיק Ex. 3, 22, pl. שׁבַנִיז שׁבַנוֹיז Buth 4, 17) f. inhabiting, only as subst. 1) inhabitant Is. 33, 24. 2) dweller near, a neighbour Ps. 31, 12, Ex. 3, 22; used of neighbouring tribes Deut. 1, 7.

שָׁכָן (w. suf. שִׁכָן) m. a dwelling, only Deut. 12, 5; r. שָׁבָן.

שֹׁכֵן (ד. שָׁכֵן) m. prop. part. שׁכֵן w. old — parag. (see Gram. § 90, 3, a), הקבר קבת dwelling in the bush, said of God Deut. 33, 16, cf. Ex. 3, 2.

יָשְׁכַלְיָדָהּ ,שְׁכַלְיָדָהּ pr. n. m. (דָּשָׁ dwells, r. (שָׁכַן 1 Ch. 3, 21, 2 Ch. 31, ז'ָשְׁבַוְיָה .

שֶׁכְרָח I (fut. יְשָׁפַר, inf. שֶׁכָרָ I (fut. יְשָׁפָר, inf. שֶׁכָרָ Hag. 1, 6, cf. Gram. § 45, 1, b) prob. akin to mpy, 1) to drink, to get drunk Gen. 9, 21. 2) to drink freely or to the full Hag. 1, 6; to drink to hilarity, to be jolly or merry w. drink Gen. 43, 34, Cant. 5, 1; fig. of the stupefying or stunning effects of calamity Lam. 4, 21, w. acc. or of the drink Is. 29, 9, cf. 51, 21; מַנָּאָר דָשָׁרָרוֹן as w. the new wine they shall get drunk with their own blood, i. e. they shall encounter the most appalling slaughter Is. 49, 26. Part. pass. f. שכורה drunken, fig. in drunk, but not with שברח ולא מברן wine Is. 51, 21 (see Gram. § 116, 4). - Pi. to make drunk 2 Sam. 11, 13; fig. to make giddy, stupefy Is. 63, 6. — Hiph. to cause to drink or make drunk, fig. to stupefy with calamities Jer. 51, 57; to drench arrows with blood Deut. 32, 42. - Hith. (2 f. sing. fut. השׁהַבָרין, cf. Gram. § 47, Rem. 5) to make oneself drink, to get drunk 1 Sam. 1, 14.

ען וו (obs.) i. q. אָשָׁרָ, to hire, to buy; hence אָשָׁקָר.

I) m. strong drink Num. 28, 7; diff. from الود. 10, 9, yet often its equivalent in poetic parallels Is. 5, 11, Mic. 2, 11. The Arab. مسكر is wine prepared from dried grapes and dates, so perh. some similar preparation is meant in Is. 5, 22.

שנור see איבר,

رَبَعْطَ (fut. رَجْعَلَ) i. q. Arab. (بَعْلَ , 1) to hire or buy Gen. 30, 16, Is. 46, 6. 2) to bribe Judg. 9, 4. — Niph. to be hired, w. بم for 1 Sam. 2, 5. — Hith. بتهاريد to hire oneself out, to earn wages Hag. 1, 6. Hence

שָׁכָרי (c. שְׁכָר w. suf. שְׁכָר m.
 1) reward Gen. 15, 1, Ps. 127, 3.

2) hire, wages Ex. 2, 9, 22, 14; fare, passage-money Jon. 1, 3. 3) pr. n. m. 1 Ch. 26, 4, also 1 Ch. 11, 35 but The in 2 Sam. 23, 33.

שָׁכָר (r. שָׁכָר) m. kire, wages Prov. 11, 18, שָׁכָר makers of wages, hired laborers Is. 19, 10.

(r. קברון ושברון m. 1) drunkenness Ez. 23, 33. 2) pr. n. (ש. ד וסג. (שבר סל a city in Judah Josh. 15, 11.

על I (r. שָׁלָח III, of. שָׁלָח r. שָׁלָה) m. i. q. Chald. שָׁלָה, error or mistake, only 2 Sam. 6, 7.

על II Ex. 8, 5 imper. Qal of ד. בליל.

(for بن ج بي see on . بي 3, p. 608) used as a mere sign of relation, mostly w. suf. and pref. 1) בְּשָׁל (cf. Chald. (x + r + r + s) because of, (באָשׁר לי =) because of me Jon. 1, 12, בְשָׁלָמָד on whose account? Jon. 1, 7 (for למי in v. 8, prop. in what to whom?). 2) w. פִר מִשֶׁעֵלני, קר מָשָׁעַלי מָשָר מָד מָשָ which one of ours? (= פּר פַאַשֶׁר לַנוּ prop. who from those belonging to we?) 2 K. 6, 11. 3) before אלשר, only in Ecc. 8, 17 בָּשָׁל הַאָּרָם לְבָשָׁשׁ in what man labours to search out, where בְּשָׁל is perh. pleonastic or prob. a mistake for ba in all that man, etc.

ر (i. q. المجلي w. b inserted, cf. التي = Arab. بلسام = βάλσαμος) adj. m. guiet or tranguil, at ease, only Job 21, 23; r. אي.

לעֹדָ (Qal obs.) i. q. Arab. לעֹדָ to notch, Chald. לעֹדַ Pa., perh. akin to דְּלָק II, to connect, perh. by tenon and mortise. — Pu. to be connected, only part. בשׁלָבוֹה fitted, jointed, of boards Ex. 26, 17, cf. 36, 22. Hence

(only pl.) m. connexions של בים

or joints, in the pedestal of the laver 1 K. 7, 28.

אָשָלָע I (obs.) to be bright, to glisten, to be white; hence אָשָׁלָ..... Akin to אַלָּדַע ז, obs. r. אָשָׁלָ... format. ש (cf. אָשָׁרָ = שָׁלָן, Arab. (לָאָרָ = שָׁלָן), Arab. (לָאָרָ ב שָׁלָן, Sans. laukas, אָנעאַלָ, L. kuceo, G. licht, E. light, W. llewyck (brightness).

ון (Qal obs.) prob. denom. of אָלָג (snow), to be snowy; only in - Hiph. אָלָג to snow, to be snowy, only in אָלָג דעלים גַדּוּ תַּשְׁלָג הַרָּיִם שַׁדֵּי טְלָבִים גָדּוּ תַשְׁלָג scattered kings in it (the land), it was snowing on Salmon i. e. it was quite wintry, cf. בְּרִוֹם רַשִּׁלָג 23 sam. 23, 20 mentioned as a note-worthy circumstance in the killing of a lion.

גָשָׁלָג (in p. גָשָׁלָא) m. i. q. Aram. גַשָּׁרָא, ג'ב', Arab. ג'שָׁלָ אוויס Job 24, 19, Is. 55, 10; r. געש L

די אָשָׁלָ I (only fut. apoc. אָשָׁל for רְשָׁלָש) prob. akin to אָשָׁל Aram. אָיָע, ג, to draw or take away e. g. the spirit, only Job 27, 8.

וו i. q. Arab. אָשָׁרָ akin to אָשָׁלָי אָשָׁרָ perh. to אָשָׁע II, to be tranquil or at ease Jer. 12, 1; ישׁלָיג אָדְרַרָּךָ they that love thee shall be peaceful Ps. 122, 6. --- Cf. σχολή.

ווו (Qal obs.) i. q. Chald. אָלָי ווו (Qal obs.) i. q. Chald. פרד. – Niph. to go astray 2 Ch. 29, 11. – Hiph. to lead astray 2 K. 4, 28. אין אין אין וו, to be tranquil; part. pass. אין אין וון

in שְׁלֵח הְצָיח בְבָרְחָ I was at ease in my house Dan. 4, 1.

ו Chald. (obs.) i. q. Heb. אילי ווו, to go astray; hence שלי.

fault or wrong, only Dan. 3, 29 in K'thibh, where the Q'ri has שָׁלָת.

שָׁלָר (for וּשָׁאָל ; r. אָשָאָל I) f. 1) a petition or request 1 Sam. 1, 17. 2) pr. n. m. Gen. 38, 5; patron. שַׁלָני Shelanite Num. 26, 20.

שׁלֹה pr. n. Josh. 18, 1; see שָׁלֹה.

דעל (obs.) prob. mimet. akin to געל I, to trill or shrill, to screak; prob. hence איל a crake or quail.

an אין (obs.) to burn or blaze,

לְתָרָה, Aram. Shaph. לאר מיש לָקָרָב, see Gram. § 55, 6, also on letter ש, p. 608) f. a fame (akin to אר מיש ל מון ביר ביר ג'ון ביר ג'ון ביר ג'ון ביר ג'ון ביר ג'ון ביר ג'י ג'י ג'י ג'י ג'י ג'י ג'י ג'י ג'י ו . e. lightning Cant. 8, 6, where some texts read שַלְהָבָהְיָה סַשַּלְהָבָהָיָהָ cf. בַּאַפַּלָּהָר.

(only 1 pers. perf. שָׁלָיְתִיּ (only 1 pers. perf. שָׁלָיִתִי) i. q. שָׁלָי II, to be at ease or tranquil, only Job 3, 26; hence שָׁלָי and

שָׁלָין אָשָׁלָין Job 21, 23, also שָׁלָין Jer. 49, 31 (c. pl. שָׁלָין) adj. m., אָשָׁלָין f. 1) at ease, tranquil Job 16, 12, Ps. 73, 12; as subst. ease, security Job 20, 20. 2) careless, hence wicked Ez. 23, 42.

שָׁלָר (only w. suf. שָׁלָר) m. tranquillity, only Ps. 30, 7; r. שָׁלָ.

לאָשָׁ Chald. (r. דְּשָׁלָה II) f. error, a wrong or fault Ezr. 4, 22; 6, 9, and in Q'ri of Dan. 3, 29 for שלה K'thibh. ישרלי Judg. 21, 19, see שילי.

שָׁלָרָר אָשָׁלָר in Q'ri (pl. שָׁלָרָר ; ד-שָׁלָר שָׁלָר in Q'ri (pl. שָׁלָר ; ד-שָׁלָר מָר מָא אָשָ אָר אָז גען אָד (Sept. לאָרטיסטאָלדָס), but only as collect. quails Ex. 16, 13, Ps. 105, 40; pl. Num. 11, 31.

עָשָלֵוְתָה Chald. (only w. suf. שְׁלֵוְאָ f. tranquillity Dan. 4, 24; r. שְׁלָח I.

שְׁלָרָחָ (ד. שְׁשָׁלָ m. prop. pass. part. sent, hence messenger or ambassador 1 K. 14, 6.

(only pl., cf. Gram. § 108, 2, Rem. 2; ד. שליקדים sendings, then 1) a sending away, dismission, אריי שליקדיק אריידא after her dismission i. e. her going home Ex. 18, 2; אריידא to give a release or renunciation Mic. 1, 14. 2) marriagegift, a dowry, with which the married daughter was sent away to her new home 1 K. 9, 16.

i. e. fare thee well or adieu! 1 Sam. 1, 17, 2 Sam. 15, 9, but קלים לק happiness to thee! i. e. welcome! Judg. 6, 23. 2) peace, as opp. to war Lev. 26, 6; שלים לק to proclaim peace to, w. אָ Deut. 20, 10; שי (w. acc. of pers.) to answer (one) peace i. e. to accept peace Deut. 20, 11; לשלים לי peace i. e. to accept peace Deut. 20, 11; לשלים לי Josh. 9, 15; לש ליא a man of peace i. e. not warlike Ps. 37, 37; שלי prince of peace i. e. Messiah Is. 9, 5. 3) friendship, איש שלים לי peace i. e. my friend or ally Ps. 41, 10.

שלום Ezr. 2, 42, see שלום.

שׁלָה שָׁשָׁל (pl. שָׁשָׁל , r. שָׁשָׁל) m. 1) requital Hos. 9, 7, pl. Is. 84, 8. 2) pay or bribe Mic. 7, 8.

קרן pr. n. m. (perh. spoliation, r. שלל) Neh. 3, 15.

שלוש three, see שלע.

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קאַלַת (fut. ישׁלָת, imper. שָׁלַם, w. suf. שָׁלְחֵוּר, inf. abs. שָׁלָחֵוּר, c. שֶׁלָחֵי, once שלח Is. 58, 9) prob. akin to שלה (which see) i. q. Aram. שלה , 1) to send Gen. 38, 17; w. acc. of pers. Gen. 42, 4 or w. 5 Jer. 16, 16 (cf. Gram. § 154, 8, e); w. acc. or no of place whither 1 Sam. 4, 4, 2 K. 2, 2. 2) to send for, w. acc. 2 Sam. 15, 12; w. double acc. 19 בל-אָשֶׁר שְׁלָחוֹ רוֹאָב and he declared all (the message) for which Joab sent him, i. e. with which he had charged him 2 Sam. 11, 22. 3) to send away Judg. 11, 38; fig. to yield up to, w. z Ps. 50, 19, to withdraw the hand from, w. p 1 K. 13, 4. Part. pass. f. אַיָלָה שָׁלָהָה a hind let loose, i. e. at large Gen. 49, 21. 5) to send forth, to stretch or spread out, to extend Ps. 110, 2; esp. w. Thand

Gen. 3, 22, w. 3 of obj. Job 28, 9, Ps. 125, 3. — Niph. to be sent, only in inf. absol. מָשָׁלוֹת Est. 3, 13. - Pi. לשלח (3 pl. in pause שלח, cf. Gram. § 65, 1, Rem.), 1) to send or despatch Gen. 19, 13, w. p of place Am. 1, 4. 2) to inflict on, w. 2 Deut. 7, 20, 3% Ez. 14, 19, 5y Ez. 5, 17, 5 Jer. 48, 12. 3) to send away Josh. 2, 21; to dismiss or discharge, to set free 1 K. 20, 42, a captive or slave Jer. 34, 9; to escort or accompany any one setting out (cf. προπέμπειν) 2 Sam. 19, 32; to give over to, w. 2 Job 8, 4; to send or let down Jer. 58, 6; to let hang loose, of the hair Ez. 44, 20. 4) to cast out, to discharge, esp. to shoot arrows 1 Sam. 20, 20; to cast forth a foetus Job 89, 3; to expel or eject a person Gen. 3, 23; to divorce a wife Deut. 21, 14; to push or thrust aside Job 30, 12 רַגְלֵי שָׁלֵחוּ my feet they dislodge; to cast off Job 30, 11, 1 K. 9, 7. 5) to abandon, w. p to Judg. 1, 8. 6) to reach or put forth, to extend, the hand Prov. 31, 19, roots Jer. 17, 8, branches Ps. 80, 12, a people Ps. 44, 3. — Pu. 1) to be sent or despatched Prov. 17, 11. 2) to be sent away, to be dismissed Gen. 44, 3; to be divorced Is. 50, 1; fig. to be neglected, מישלח a neglected child i. e. left without restraint Prov. 29, 15. 3) fig. to be forsaken, of a nest Is. 18, 2, or a dwelling Is. 27, 10; to be cast or driven, w. 3 Job 18, 8, Judg. 5, 15. - Hiph. المخرب to send or inflict, w. z on Ex. 8, 17, 2 K. 15, 37.

ר (יְשָׁלַח), 1) to send Dan. 3, 2, w. גע to Ezr. 4, 11. 2) to reach forth, esp. w. גע Dan. 5, 24, w. ל to Ezr. 6, 12.

קרַה (w. suf. שָׁלָחוֹ; r. שְׁלָחוֹ) m. 1) a missile, esp. dart or javelin, collect.

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2 Ch. 32, 5; עָבָר מָשֵׁלָה to pass away by the dart, i. e. to die a violent death Job 33, 18; in Neh. 4, 17 may mean perh. a איש שלחו דעברם man's weapon was the water, i. e. had to serve for his bath, but prob. here is for שלחו (comp. 2 Sam. 3, 22), so that the words rather mean each dismissed (i. e. dispensed with) it (scil.) the water i. e. no one took a bath (as to the suf. in in it referring to Tam. \$ 121, 6, Rem. 3 and comp. Num. 19, 13 where מים is construed as if sing.). 2) sprout or shoot Cant. 4, 13. 3) pr. n. of a pool (prob. i. q. הלשל) near Jerusalem Neh. 3, 15. 4) pr. n. m. (perh. sprout) Gen. 10, 24.

קילחות (only pl.) f. shoots or sprouts, only Is. 16, 8; r. שַׁלָם.

דָשָׁלָחָד pr. n. m. (prob. darter, see געל 1) 1 K. 22, 42.

pr. n. (perh. aqueducts, r. דשלָין of a city in Judah Josh. 15, 32.

 18; אָשָרָד בּשָּׁרָד בּשָׁרָד נישָׁרָד to arrange the table i. e. to lay food on it Prov. 9, 2; שׁר שָׁר שָׁר שָׁר שָׁר שָׁר שָׁר to sit at the table i. e. to take a meal 1 K. 13, 20; fig. sumptuous fare, luxury Ps. 69, 23. --- Cf. E. table = G. tafel = L. tabula akin to ts(vw (ti-ta-µaı, cf. L. fabula from fa-ri), comp. E. board = broad, G. brett = breit.

(fut. البَوْتَ) prob. i. q. Arab. ini., to be harsh, domineering, hence 1) to gain the mastery over, w. a Est. 9, 1. 2) to rule over, w. a Ecc. 2, 19 or by Neh. 5, 15. — Hiph. 1) to have dominion over, w. a Ps. 119, 133. 2) to empower or permit Ecc. 5, 18.

لاخت (obs.) prob. akin to المجت ((which see), to cover; hence بقري

Get the mastery over, w.] Dan. 6,25; fig. to have power over, w.] Dan. 6,25; fig. to have power over, w.] Dan. 8, 27. 2) to rule over, w.] Dan. 2, 39. — Aph. to cause to rule over, w.] Dan. 2, 38.

נְשָׁלְשִׁר (only pl. שָׁלָטָר, c. שָׁלָשָ: r. שָׁלְשָר הוּ a shield as covering or protecting the body, שָׁלָש the shields of gold 2 Sam. 8, 7; in Cant. 4, 4 such shields are spoken of as hung up for ornament; שָּׁלָשָר קָלָאָר הַעָּרָשָר the shields i. e. take hold of them for battle Jer. 51, 11.

שלְטוֹך (r. שָׁשָׁשׁ) m. power or authority, only Ecc. 8, 4. 8.

أَلْتَانَ Chald. (r. تَعَانَ m. dominion or lordship, then concr. lord, ruler Dan. 3, 2; cf. Arab. أَسْلُطَان , Sultan.

ָשָׁלְשָׁן Chald. (c. שָׁלְשָׁן, pl. def.

שָׁשָׁיָיָשָׁיָיָשָ m. 1) dominion, empire Dan. 8, 33, pl. Dan. 7, 27. 2) a province, presidency Dan. 6, 27.

שלים, see שַׁלָשָׁת.

שָׁלָי in pause; r. שָׁלָי II) m. quiet, stillness, שָׁשָׁלָ in quiet, i. e. privately 2 Sam. 3, 27.

אָשָׁר לִי (for אַשָׁד לִי) Cant. 1, 6, Jonah 1, 12, see שָׁלָ.

שְׁלְיָדָ (r. יָשָׁלָ I) f. the after-birth, only Deut. 28, 57; cf. Arab. אַעָּלָדָא, Aram. אַבָּלָן, אַלָּדָא, afterbirth.

שַלָּר, see שָׁלָר,

שׁלֵין Job 21, 23 and שָׁלֵין Jer. 49, 31, see adj. שָׁלָי.

עלים (pl. שליח adj. m., שַלָּשָ (cf. אָדָיר from אָדָרָא) f. 1) harsh, imperious Ez. 16, 30. 2) powerful, wielding authority, ישרים אראין אין אָדָם שַׁלים no man has authority over the breath for to hold in the breath, i. e. to prevent its passing away in death Ecc. 8, 8. 8) as subst. ruler or magistrate Gen. 42, 6, Ecc. 7, 19; r. שַׁשָׁ.

שליש Chald. (r. שלט) adj. m. 1) powerful Dan. 2, 10. 2) having power or authority over, w. א Dan. 4, 14; as subst. a ruler Ezr. 4, 20. 3) valid or authorised, א שלים למרצא הלך לא שלים למרצא. Ezr. 7, 25 it is not valid to impose a toll on them.

שֹׁלִשִׁים (pl. שָׁלָשִׁים w. firm, w. suf. שָׁלָשִׁין m. 1) a thirdpart (cf. L. triental), a corn-measure Is. 40, 12, prob. the third of an ephah or about 1/3 of our bushel. 2) as adv. by measure, largely, שָׁלָשׁין יַרָּשָׁעָרָין מַעָרָיָם and thou drenchest them with tears by measure, i. e. causest them very much weeping Ps. 80, 6, where Sept. has iv μέτρφ. 3) an instrument of music, perh. consisting of three strings, a trichord (as Kimchi thinks), or of three sides, a triangle, only pl. 1 Sam. 18, 6. 4) a third man (Sept. τριστάτης), a chariot-warrior i. e. one of the three warriors appointed to each war-chariot (one to fight, one to hold the shield, another to drive), שַׁלְשָׁם עַל קַלּו three men upon each of them i. e. each chariot had its three warriors Ex. 14, 7. The same term is prob. applied to the royal body-guard 1 K. 9, 22; the body-guard (xat' έξογήν) השלרש 2 K. 7, 2, prob. the chief in command, called ראש דשלישים 1 Ch. 12, וא Q'ri; hence fig. שלשים chief things Prov. 22, 20 Q'ri, but K'thibh שלשום three days ago or formerly.

שׁלִישִׁי (w. the – firm) m. a third man, a charioteer, only collect. איז דאמי וואס נואר באני גער באני באניים Sam. 23, 8, i. q. ביליים 1 Ch. 12, 18 Q'ri; see

שלישיר (pl. שלישים) ordin. adj. m., שלישיר (pl. שלישים) ordin. adj. m., שלישים (שלישים (שלישים Gen. 1, 13. 1) in pl. a) third in order, שלישים (שלישים שלישים (שלישים third Num. 2, 24; β) third in time, שלישים and he sent third messengers, i. e. sent them a third time 1 Sam. 19, 21; γ) as subst. third-story cells or chambers Gen. 6, 16. 2) in fem. esp. as subst. a) third part Num. 15, 6; β) the third day, day after to-morrow 1 Sam. 20, 12; γ) the third year Is. 15, 5. Also as adv. w. \neg parag. nytic the third time Ez. 21, 19.

ין אַלָּד (Qal obs.) akin to אָלָש, prob. to דְלָה (see below), to cast or dash down, of the diving of a water-fowl (cf. לעלבר, of the falling of trees (cf. עלבר),

- Hiph. to throw or cast Lev. 1, 16; to cast lots Josh. 18, 8; דְּשָׁלִיהָ גוֹרֵל and he casteth his וישלה פורת כאחו blossom like the olive Job 15, 33; fig. to risk e. g. life Judg. 9, 17 (cf. παραβάλλεσθαι την ψυγήν II. 9, 322); to cast off or reject Ps. 71, 9, Joel 1, 7; to cast out or expel Deut. 29, 27, in Am. 4, 3 for דְּשָׁלֶכְתְנָה (see Gram. § 44, Bem. 4) ye cast out, some texts have Hoph. 'w ye are cast out; to cast down or overthrow, a dwelling Jer. 9, 18; to destroy or rwin Job 18, 7. - Hoph. דָּשָׁלָד, to be cast out Is. 14, 19, Jer. 22, 28, Am. 4, 3 in some texts; fig. to be made dependent, w. א upon **Ps.** 22, 11; to be destroyed **Dan.** 8, 11. ---- Prob. akin to לאה (which see), w. causative pref. w (see p. 608), cf. [ημι (to send) causative of είμι (to go).

الكَتْشَنَّ (r. الكَتْشَان m. a species of pelican, prob. the gannet, which casts itself from rocks into the water to dive after its prey Lev. 11, 17, Deut. 14, 17.

down or falling, of a tree, only Is. 6, 13. 2) pr. n. of a gate of the temple, where perh. rubbish was cast in order to its removal 1 Ch. 26, 16.

 אָלָיווּדְלָא (Aram. form for אָלָאוּדָלָי) they are made a spoil of Ps. 76, 6; part. אָשָׁרוֹל spoiled Is. 59, 15. — The form ישָׁל Deut. 28, 40 belongs to נָשָׁל.

לָשָׁשָׁ (c. לָשָׁשָׁ: r. לָשָׁשָׁ) m. 1) spoil or booty Num. 31, 11; לָשָׁשָׁ דִיּוֹם share the spoil Gen. 49, 27; ודּרָה דָשָּׁשָׁ לָשָׁלָל שָׁשָׁם and his life shall be to him for a prey, i. e. he shall narrowly escape with his life Jer. 21, 9. 2) a spoiler or taker of booty Judg. 5, 80. 3) gain or earnings Prov. 31, 11; cf. G. ausbeute, Arab. ביי prey, also gain. --- Perh. akin to σxῦλον = L. spolium.

(לשלם fut שָׁלַם or שָׁלָם (fut ושָׁלָם prob. akin to שָׁלָה II, i. q. Arab. بسَلَمَ, Syr. بمَحْصَر, to be at ease or peace, to be safe and sound Job 9, 4; to be completed or ended, of a business 1 K. 7, 51, of time Is. 60, 20. Part. 190 friend Ps. 7, 5; pass. pacified, peaceable 2 Sam. 20, 19. - Pi. to make secure Job 8, 6; to complete, a building 1 K. 9, 25; to make good or restore, what is lost Joel 2, 25 or stolen Ex. 22, 2; to repay, a debt 2 K. 4, 7; to perform, a vow 2 Sam. 15, 7; to supply, comfort Is. 57, 18; to requite or recompense Buth 2, 12, w. acc. of pers. Ps. 31, 24, w. 5 Deut. 7, 10, w. 5 Joel 4, 4. - Pu. 1) to be performed, of a vow Ps. 65, 2; to be recompensed or requited Prov. 11, 31. 2) to be brought into peace, to be at friendship, part. a friend Is. 42, 19. - Hiph. 1) to finish or complete Job 23, 14; fig. to finish up, to destroy Is. 38, 12. 2) to make peace with, w. rw Josh. 10, 1 or by Deut. 20, 12; to be resigned, to submit, w.

Josh. 11, 19 (cf. Arab. Juli Islâm i. e. resignation or religion); to make a friend of Prov. 16, 7. — Heph. to be made a friend, to be friendly, w. 5 to Job 5, 23.

ל Chald. (same as Heb. שַלָּשָׁ) to complete or finish, part. pass. שָׁלִים completed Ezr. 5, 16. — Aph. 1) to finish or make an end of Dan. 5, 26. 2) to restore Ezr. 7, 19. Hence

עָשָׁלָם Chald. (def. אָשָׁלָשָ, w. suf. קילים m. i. q. Heb. שלים, peace, prosperity Dan. 3, 81.

ער (r. שָׁלָמִים pl. שִׁלָמִים) adj. m., (pl. שלמה) f. 1) perfect, full, of weight or measure Deut. 25, 15, גלאה שלמה a whole captivity, i. e. not a part of the population merely Am. 1, 6. 2) safe or sound, unharmed, perh. in Gen. 33, 18 (prob. akin to Syr. (سکیم); whole, i. e. unhewn, of stones Deut. 27, 6. 3) complete, of a finished building 2 Ch. 8, 16. 4) at בַּלַבְב שָׁלָם ; *peace, friendly* Gen. 34, 21 with a devoted heart 2 K. 20, 3. 5) pr. n. α) i. q. רַרוּשָׁלָם Ps. 76, 3, prob. also in Gen. 14, 18; β) i. q. Σαλείμ John 3, 23, a city about eight miles south of Bethshan or Scythopolis, perh. in Gen. 14, 18; γ) incorrectly rendered as pr. n. by Engl. version in Gen. 33, 18; see 2) above.

שלום see שלם.

لَكْنُ (only c. pl. تَجْرَعْتُ) m. prop. part. pacified or peaceable (see r. تَكْتُل), a friend 2 Sam. 20, 19.

שָׁלָם (pl. שָׁלָבָי, c. שָׁלָם) m. peace, concord, then an offering expressive of a state of gratitude and peace toward God, a peace-offering Am. 5, 22, but mostly pl. Ex. 20, 24, fully קלבים sacrifice of peacefulness

שלט (r. באשט) m. 1) requital, recompense Deut. 32, 35. 2) pr. n. m. of a son of Naphtali Gen. 46, 24, for which שאטט 1 Ch. 7, 13; patron. בשלט Shillemite Num. 26, 49.

שלום, see אָשָלום.

עלקט (obs.) akin to שַׁלָשָ (which see), to cover or hide, to envelop; hence שַלְטָח,

אָטָלָט pr. n. m. (garment, r. עַלָם) 1 Ch. 9, 51.

קָשָׁלָטָד (r. שָׁלָטָ) f. retribution, only Ps. 91, 8.

עָלָבָרוֹ (כ. השָׁלְמָיחַר אָשָלָטָ (כ. השָׁלְמָיחַר אָשָלָטָ (c. קשָׁלְמָיחַר אָשָלָטָ (c. קשָׁלָטוֹ (c. קשָלָטוֹ (c. קשַלָטוֹ (c. קשַלָטוֹ (c. קשַלָטוֹ (c. קשָלָטוֹ (c. קשַלָטוֹ (c. קשַלָטוֹ (c. קשַלָטוּ (c. קשָלָטוּ (c. קשָלָטוּ (c. קשָלָטוּ (c. קשַלָטוּ (c. קשַלָטוּ (c. קשָלָטוּ (c. קשַלָטוּ (c. קשַרָטוּ (c. קשַלָטוּ (c. קשַרָטוּ (c. קשַלָטוּ (c. קשַרָטוּ (c. קשַרָטוּ (c. קשַרָטוּ (c. קשַרָטוּ (c. קשַרָטוּ (c. קשווּ (c. קשוו

שַׁלְעוֹן pr. n. m. (mantled, r. שַׁלְעוֹן) Buth 4, 21; see שַׁלְטָח 2.

שְׁלְבֵע pr. n. m. (perh. pacific, r. שָׁלָבָי Ezr. 2, 46 in Q'ri, but שָׁלְמָי in K'thibh.

שְׁלְבָעָ pr. n. m. (perh. dressy, r. שָׁלָמָי Neh. 7, 48; for which שָׁלָם Ezr. 2, 46 Q'ri.

ישלא pr. n. m. (prob. peaceable, from שלום Num. 34, 27.

שְׁלְמִדאָל pr. n. m. (perh. God's peace) Num. 1, 6.

קָלָרְדָל pr. n. m. (perh. recompense of דָיָה) 1 Ch. 26, 14.

לקלירן 1) pr. n. m. (prob. peacefulness, r. לשלם) 2 Ch. 11, 20. 2) pr. n. f. Lev. 24, 11.

שְׁלְבָעָ pr. n. m. (perh. perfect, r. שָׁלָשָׁ) of a powerful king of Assyria, who carried the ten tribes into captivity Hos. 10, 14. See שָׁלְמַיְאָטָי.

עַלְלַלְרָם (only pl.) m. prop. rewards, esp. bribes, only Is. 1, 23; r. געלם.

קָלָבְלְאָאָָר pr. n. m. (perh. perfect restraint, from שָׁלְמַן and אָאָר (אָסָר) of an Assyrian king (i. q. שָׁלְמַן 2 K. 17, 3.

אַלָרָ Num. 26, 20, see שָׁלָרָ

שלור Neh. 11, 5, see שָׁלוֹר.

ر (fut. إيخران i. q. Syr. محمد, Arab. سَلَبَ, akin to بَعَرْن بَيْن بَيْن to pull out or pluck up, grass Ps. 129, 6; to pull off, a shoe Buth 4, 7; to draw out, a sword or a dart from the body it has run through Judg. 3, 22, Job 20, 25; esp. to draw a sword, to unsheath (w. الترت J Sam. 17, 51; الترت drawer of the sword, i. e. swordsman Judg. 8, 10.

קוֹטָרָ pr. n. (perh. drawer, viz. of the sword, r. שָׁלָם) of a people in Arabia Felix Gen. 10, 26; perh. same as the Σαλαπηνοί in Ptol. VI. 7.

للله كَلْتَ كَلْتَ (Qal obs.) denom. of تَعْلَى (three), to be three. — Pi. to divide into three Deut. 19, 3; to de anything a

third time 1 K. 18, 34; to act on the third day, אָשָרָשָרָ מַדַר and the third day thou shalt act, thou shalt go down, i. e. thou shalt go down the third day (Sept. דרוסכטיסנג) 1 Sam. 20, 19. — Pu. to be trebled or threefold, only part. שָׁשָׁלָים באר a threefold cord Ecc. 4, 12; to be made in 3 floors, three-stories high, part. pl. אולים בג. 42, 6; to be of 8 years, three years old Gen. 15, 9.

שלש, שלוש (c. שלש, before Magqeph - שלשל) card. num. f., דשלש (c. שלשת, w. suf. שקשלש) m. i. q. Aram. بارة , three, (see لَكُتْ , Arab. مَكْمَ , المَرْח Gram. §§ 97 and 120) mostly put before the noun e. g. שלש ערים *three* citics Deut. 4, 41, rarely after it e.g. שרים שלש Josh. 21, 32; three days may be either ימים 2 K. 2, 17, or יִכִּרם Gen. 30, 36, or יְכִים Gen. 30, 36, or ו לשלשה 1 Ch. 12, 39. It often follows the nouns in the constr. state and then it has ordinal force (see Gram. § 120, 4), e.g. שלש in the third year of 1 K. 15, 28. After a dual נעלש twice, thrice, i. e. now and then Job 83, 29, שלשה two or three (berries) Is. 18, 6. - With suf., שלשקבם your three i. e. ye three Num. 12, 4, بخضرية their three i. e. they three Ez. 40, 10 (cf. E. the three of them). See שלש-עשיל and שלשים .--- שלשים is prob. akin also to Sans. trî, Kelt. tri, Gr. tpeic, L. tres, G. drei, E. three; see Gram. § 97, 1, Note².

שליש, see שיאש.

why pr. n. m. (perh. triplet i. e. one of 3 born together) 1 Ch. 7, 35.

שׁלַש (only pl. שָׁלָשִים) אַיָּשָׁיָשִים) שוּיָשָ in Pi. שָׁלָש m. one of the third generation Ex. 34, 7 בַּוֹן אָבוֹת צַל־בָּנִים וְצַל־בְּנִים שַׁר בַּוֹן אָבוֹת צַל־בָּנִים וְצַל־הָבַּנִים יוֹבּוֹת בַּוֹים בָּיָרם מַל־בָּנִים וְצַל

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the iniquity of fathers upon children and upon children's children (grandchildren), upon the third generation (great grand-children) and upon the fourth generation (great great grandchildren).

וֹשָּׁשָׁ pr.n. (third-part) of a district in Ephraim 1 Sam. 9,4, in which was prob. the city בָּצָל שָׁ) בָּצָל שָׁ, but הַבָּע שִׁשִׁשׁמccording to Eusebius) 2 K. 4, 42.

ກຫຼັ່ງຫຼ່, ກຫຼັ່ງຫຼ່ three, see ອ້າອຸ່.

רָשָׁלָשָׁ pr. n. m. (perh. triad, see שַׁלָשָׁר) 1 Ch. 7, 37.

שלשון, שלשון (from שלשון, w. adv. ending -, cf. Gram. 100, 3) adv. three days ago, day before yesterday Prov. 22, 20 K'thibh; און קרול yesterday and 3 days since, i. e. formerly, heretofore Ex. 5, 8, also bord בראומול ברשולשם

עלשים (pl. of שלש) com. gend. f. q. Chald. הְּלָחִדן, Arab. גּעׁזֹליט, 1) thirty Gen. 32, 16. 2) thirtieth 1 K. 16, 23, cf. Gram. § 120, 4.

שלשום see שלשם.

נשלש בשרה (שולש בעשרה) card. num. f., שלש איש m. thirteen, e. g. f. שלש עשלש thirteen cities Josh. 21, 19; m. ששר פרים thirteen bullocks Num. 29, 14. 2) thirteenth Est. 8, 12, cf. Gram. § 120, 4.

שָׁלָתָן: 1 Sam. 1, 17 for שָׁלָתָן: cf. Gram. § 23, 3.

שָׁאַלְהִיאַל see שָׁלָ**הִיאַל**.

שׁׁשָׁ (w. דע וועס וועס (w. דע וועס וועס) איז (see Gram. § 123, 1) where Gen. 13, 3; repeated, שע וועס וועס וואסייט (see (sam. § 123, 1) where Gen. 13, 3; repeated, שע וועס וועס איז (see there Is. 28, 10; after verbs of motion thither 1 Sam. 2, 14; after ער איז (sha'mmâ) is esp. used w. verbs of motion, e.g. thither Gen. 19, 20, also for שע there (w. verbs of rest) as in Jer. 18, 2, Ps. 122, 5; after Tigs, whither Gen. 20, 18, where 2 K. 23, 8. 2) of time, then Judg. 5, 11. 3) of circumstance, therein Hos. 6, 7. — With prep. פּשָׁם, פּשָׁם 1) of place, thence Gen. 2, 10, with whence Deut. 9, 28. 2) of time, from then, thereafter Hos. 2, 17. 3) of material, thereof 1 K. 17, 13; with אלי from which Gen. 3, 23. 4) of cause or origin, thence, from that source Gen. 49, 24. --- Prob. נאָשָר) w. old אַשָּר (אָשָר) w. old format. ending D- (see Gram. § 100, 3 and cf. (, compare L. tum, tunc akin to $\tau \delta$, G. dann, da and E. then, there akin to der, the, that.

ם (before Maqqéph -םשֶׂ, w. suf. שָׁמוֹת, c. שָׁמָכָם שָׁמָיָד; pl. שַׁמָכָם, כ. דָשָׁמָי; r. חשָׁמָ II) m., fem. only in Cant. 1, 3, 1) a sign, monument or memorial 2 Sam. 8, 13, with Mix Is. 55, 13, with Is. 56, 5; cf. σημα. 2) name of persons or things Gen. 3, 20; 19, 22. 3) fig. fame, renown 1 K. 1, 47; עשה לו שם Gen. 11, 4 to make for oneself a name, i. e. to become marked or famous. 4) reputation, character Ecc. 7, 1; שום an ill name, bad character Deut. 22, 14. 5) i. q. 1cr memorial Ps. 72, 17. -When said of God Dw, denotes that complex notion of his person and character taught by his various methods of manifestation Ex. 33, 19; 34, 5, 6; hence the phrases כָּר שָׁמָר בקרבו for my name (i. e. my dignity, character) is in him Ex. 23, 21; 1 K. 8, 29 my name shall be there i. e. I myself will be there (cf. Ps. 132, 14); בְּשָׁמָה הוֹשֶׁרְבֵנִי Ps. 54, 3 by thy name save me! i. e. by the exercise of thy well known attributes; לשרם w. לשבו or לשמי to place or settle his name anywhere, i. e. to manifest himself there Deut.

12, 5, 11. 6) pr. n. m. (celebrity) Shem, the eldest son of Noah Gen. 5, 32.

DU Chald. (w. suf. אַסַשָּׁ, pl. c. דָסָטָרָירָדוֹם, w. suf. גערַרָירָדוֹם Dan. 2, 20, Ezr. 5, 4; i. q. Heb. שׁבָּי.

אֹשָשַ pr. n. m. desolation, r. דַשְׁלָ) 1 Ch. 7, 37.

י אָבָר (pr. n. m. (prob. lofty wing, r. אָבָר, w. אָבָר) Gen. 14, 2.

קָשָׁרָאָר pr. n. m. (perh. for שְׁבְאָר , fame) 1 Ch. 8, 32, but שְׁבְאָם in 1 Ch. 9, 38.

שְׁמֹאוֹל (prob. for שְׁמֹאוֹל), see קימאל.

לער (Qal obs.) denom. from אָשטָ, to use the left hand; only in — Hiph. ידָשְׂכָאִיל (fut. ישׁׁכָאִיל Gen. 13, 9, inf. and imp. ישׁׁכָאִיל 2 Sam. 14, 19, but see r. ישׁׁכָאִיל 1) to be lefthanded, only part. pl. ישׁרָשׁמָשּׁרִים using the left hand 1 Ch. 12, 2. 2) to turn to the left Is. 30, 21.

עָלָאָלָים adj. m., שְׁכָאלִים f. left; left-hand (opp. to יְכָאיִי) 1 K. 7, 21; א כּל־בַּה וְשֹׁרֵע וְשׁהָעָאלִיח left paim Lev. 14, 15.

שָׁמָשָׁ pr. n. m. (perh. for שִׁמְשָׁמ

famous, r. วัฐซุ่) 1 Ch. 9, 38; see กิมุชุซุ่.

שְׁרְעָבָּר pr. n. m. (prob. overthrower, from old Shaph. form of r. אָנָד, cf. Gram. § 55, 6) Judg. S, 31; cf. קנָ

(Qal obs.) prob. akin to معن (w. old format. ending ¬__, see p. 135) to lie waste. — Niph. to be laid waste, of shrines Hos. 10, 8, of fields Jer. 48, 8; fig. to be extirpated, of individuals Ps. 37, 38, nations Deut. 4, 26, a name or lineage Is. 48, 19. — Hiph. ¬ 1) to lay waste, a city Mic. 5, 13, idol shrines Lev. 26, 30; fig. to cut off, a people Deut. 1, 27, a kingdom Am. 9, 8, a name or lineage 1 Sam. 24, 22. — Inf. ¬ desolation in Is. 14, 23.

The Chald. (Pe. obs.) to lie waste. — Aph. to destroy Dan. 7, 26. مسكر I (obs.) i. q. Arab. مسكر to be high; prob. hence يتي.

ראסע thither, see שעל.

וֹשָׁשָׁ (ר. בְּשָׁשָׁ; pl. רוֹשׁשַ Ps. 46, 9) f. 1) desolation or ruin Is. 24, 12; רעשׁן to give or deliver to ruin 2 Ch. 30, 7; pl. perh. in Ez. 36, 3 where others take רושׁשָׁ for irreg. inf. Qal of r. בָשָׁשָׁ to lay waste. 2) horror Jer. 8, 21; a horrible or fearful thing Deut. 28, 37. 3) pr. n. m., (perh. fame, r. רַשָׁשָׁ II) 1 Sam. 16, 9, but רַשָּׁשָׁשׁ in 2 Sam. 13, 3, אַבָּשָׁשׁ in 1 Ch. 2, 13; also of another man 2 Sam. 23, 25, but רַשׁׁשׁׁשׁ in 1 Ch. 11, 27, האוושׁשׁ in 1 Ch. 27, 8.

pr. n. m. (perh. famous-

ness, r. пұру́ II) 1 Ch. 27, 8; see паріі 3.

Chald. pl. c. of by name.

שטראל pr. n. m. (prob. for שטראל heard of God i. e. granted by Him) Samuel, the great prophet and judge of Israel 1 Sam. 1, 20.

שׁמנֶח see שָׁמוֹנָה.

עַרָרָשָ pr. n. m. (prob. famous, r. דָשָׁטָטָ 2 Sam. 5, 14; see אָטָטָשָ.

עבולעה, שבועה, אבורעה, pl. (c. רָשָׁבוּעָה, pl. שבועי, r. שבער וווויש, f. prop. something leard, hence 1) a rumor or report 2 Ch. 9, 6. 2) tidings or news 1 Sam. 4, 19, whether good Prov. 15, 30, or bad Ps. 112, 7; a message or proclamation Is. 53, 1, Jer. 49, 14. 3) instruction or doctrine Is. 28, 9.

ראש לו ה K'thibh of 1 Ch. 24, 24, see שָׁמָיר 4.

עובות Ez. 36, 3, 1 Ch. 11, 27, ביי וויי ביי ביי 1 and 3.

שמח, שמד (fut. דְשֶׁמָד, imp. إيفس prob. akin to Syr. بفطب , to be bright, of a light Prov. 13, 9; but mostly fig. to be cheerful, merry or glad Judg. 9, 19, Zech. 10, 7, the ground or occasion of joy being put w. ב 1 Sam. 2, 1, ל Is. 14, 8, כן Ecc. 2, 10, לבלב Jon. 4, 6; w. בלב to be glad at heart Ex. 4, 14. 2) to make merriment 1 K.4, 20. - Pi. The to gladden or cheer, w. acc. Deut. 24, 5; w. ל, כָּדָ, לָשָ of the occasion of gladness Ps. 30, 2, 2 Ch. 20, 27, Lam. 2, 17. - Hiph. דוקומים to make glad Ps. 89, 43. Hence

עַרָאָד ווּשָ (pl. שַּבָּחִירם) שָּבָא וּג. 24, 7, שְׁבָּחָר Ps. 85, 26) adj. m., שְׁבָּחָר (*joyful* or glad Deut. 16, 15; שְׁבַּחִיר (*joyful* or glad Deut. 16, 15; שְׁבָּחִיר בַּ שְׁבָּחִירם (*feginal code do wrong* Prov. 2, 14.

יָשְׁמָחוֹת (c. שִׁמְחַת, pl. ישׁׁמָרוֹת; r.

שָׁרָשָׁר 1) gladness, as emotion of the heart Ps. 4, 8. 2) joy or gladness Jon. 4, 6; דילָה מַרְחָה בִּדּוֹלָה a great rejoicing Neh. 8, 12. 3) festivity Judg. 16, 23; היקש house of festivity or mirth Ecc. 7, 4.

لَعُمَنَ (fut. تَعَمَنَ prob. mimet. akin to تَعَمَنَ , fo smite, esp. to kick, of oxen (Vulg. recalcitrabant) 2 Sam. 6, 6; to knock or throw down, to cast out 2 K. 9, 83; fig. to neglect a field, to let it lie fallow Ex. 23, 11; to cancel a debt Deut. 15, 2; to give up, to desist, w. p Jer. 17, 4. — Niph. to be cast down, only in Jer. 14. 6. — Hiph. to cast off or remit Deut. 15, 3. Hence

העכשי f. remission or release, from debt Deut. 15, 2; דער וושטיד the year of release, i. e. when debts were remitted, the year of jubilee Deut. 15, 9.

שַׁמַרָם, see שָׁבַּר

עַבַע pr. n. m. (prob. wasted, r. שָׁבָּט 1 Ch. 2, 28.

שְׁרָדְדָע pr. n. m. (prob. fame of wisdom, from r. יְדָע I and שָׁרָדָע Josh. 17, 2; patron. שְׁמִרְדָע Shemidaite Num. 26, 32.

שְׁבָרָקָ (r. שְׁמָהָ: f. i. q. Syr. שׁׁבֹּל, a mattrass, esp. rug or quilt Judg. 4, 18.

שָׁרָרָם (only pl. from obs. sing. שַׁיָשָׁי, cf. Gram. § 108, 2, a; c. שָׁשָׁי, w. suf. אָשָׁרָשָׁי, w. ה וסנ. השָׁשָׁי) m. i. q. Arab. צעביקה, prop. heights (r. דעשָׁ I), hence 1) the skies Gen. 1, 26, the source of rain etc. Gen. 27, 28, Deut, 11, 11, Job 38, 29; שער גער גער גער גער שולי ה בל רדעשׁבָים (1, 10 א גער גער גער גער) under the whole sky, i. e. all over the earth Gen. 7, 19. 2) the heavens Ps.



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heard Chable (pl. def. synt) m. hearen Dan 4, 5; fic. hearendy beings, the eriesticile esp. God Dan 4, 25 (cf. Luke 13, 15).

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Chald. דְּמָד, to stretch or spread out ; hence אָמָיבָה

مقط

المعنى (Qal obs.) i. q. Arab. بعبل akin to الجزير prob. to بولا (eee on p. 608), to cover, to sorap in a garment; hence بيوبر prob. also نعني left-kand, since the left side was covered in the mantle or toga (forming the capacious bosom or fold for keeping things), while the right arm was uncovered and free; hence the denom. Hipb. بيوبر (inf. and imp. جنوبر to turn to the key 2 Sana. 14, 19; see محيوب

r. burg Gen. 36, 36.

partie Err. 2, 44.

-----n and impart fat to, pl wester deservices Ex. 53, 28; part. DOD א ביביר א, הביר (pL ישפטי) ו. involute. inserted, of places Is. 49, 8, ri parsans Lass. 1, 13, Is. 54, 1. 2) in to be automistical or amazed Jer. 📉 🚓 💘 💐 at cause Is. 52, 14. – Wigh an mark & rate. 1) to be ioni water 3.20. T. 9; to be described it's way in SL 3. of persons Lam. a & . I to be senated Jer. 4, 9, W. to he set i mus only in part the set of the second
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Dan. 9, 27; also horrifying or shocking Dan. 12, 11. - Po. only in part. בקשובם, 1) to be astonished Ezr. 9, 3. 2) trans. to desolate Dan. 9, 27. ---Hiph. הַשָּׁים (fut. הַשִּׁי, inf. הַשָּׁים, part. בָּשָׁמִים) 1) to lay waste or to make desolate, a land Lev. 26, 32, Job 16, 7; to destroy, trees Hos. 2, 14. 2) to astonish Ez. 32, 10; intrans. to be astonished Ez. 3, 15; w. 57 Mic. 6, . 13. --- Hoph. דְשָׁם, in some texts דְשָׁם (hosham), 3 pl. perf. التفعة, 1) to be laid waste Lev. 26, 34, 2 Ch. 36, 21. 2) to be amazed Job 21, 5. - Hithpo. רְשָׁתוֹמֵם (fut. by in for by num Ecc. 7, 16, Gram. § 54, 2, b) 1) to ruin oneself Ecc. 7, 18. 2) to be astonished Ps. 143, 4, w. > Dan. 8, 27.

Chald. (Pe. obs.) to be desolate. — Ithpo. المنابعة to be astonished Dan. 4, 16.

ם און adj. m., העָשַשִׁ f. waste or desolate Dan. 9, 17, Jer. 12, 11.

עוֹעֵם, שוֹעֵם (prop. part. of r. שַּשָׁטָ m. 1) prob. destroyer Dan. 9, 27. 2) a horrifying thing, a horror Dan. 8, 13; שַבָּשָר שָׁבָם a horrifying abomination i. e. detestable idol Dan. 12, 11 (cf. τὸ βδέλυγμα τῆς ἐρημώσεως Matt. 24, 15).

סאבע (obs.) i. q. Arab. הייה, to poison; hence שְׁמָטָית.

קיביד, prob. for אָשְבָי, pl, c. קיביד, r. בשָטָן, f. a desolation, only Ez. 35, 7. 9. רקבול (only pl. הושמשט; r. שבט) f. desolations, ruins Is. 61, 4, Dan 9, 26.

עַבָּמון (r. דְּבֶשָ) m. astonishment Ez. 4, 16.

שְׁבָרָאָיה (r. שְׁשָׁבָ) f. i. q. Arab. , *a poisonous lizard*, Sept. καλαβώτης, Vulg. stellio, only Prov. 30, 28.

رَضِينَ (fut. إَجْتَنَ i. q. Syr. Arab. سَعَن , to be or become fat Deut. 32, 15. — Hiph. 1) fig. to fatten the heart, i. e. to make the mind dull of apprehension Is. 6, 10. 2) to become fat (cf. إَجْتَنَ) Neh. 9, 25; hence

ער אָשָׁמָיָ f. 1) fat, of men Judg. 3, 29, of bread Is. 30, 23. 2) fig. fertile, of land Num. 13, 20, of pasture Ez. 34, 14; nourishing, of bread Gen. 49, 20; rich, of booty Hab. 1, 16.

שֶׁמָן (w. suf. שֶׁמָנִי, pl. שֶׁמָן; r. וְשָׁמַן (שָׁמַן m. 1) fatness Ps. 109, 24; וְדְּבָל מל הפנר שמן and the yoke is broken because of fatness, alluding to a fat bullock (cf. Deut. 82, 15) apt to break its yoke Is. 10, 27; pl. שְׁמַרִים fat things, i. e. rich fare Is. 25, 6; fig. fertility e. g. אַמָּנִים valley of fertility, i. e. very fertile Is. 28, 1, קרן בן-שמן a fertile hill-top Is. 5, 1. 2) oil Deut. 32, 13, Is. 1, 6; got from olive-berries by pressing or crushing, hence fully שמן זית oil of olive, olive oil Ex. 27, 20; זַרָת עַיָמָן olive-tree of oil i. e. oil-producing olive Deut. 8, 8; אָשָׁמָ oil-tree, the wild olive, oleaster Is. 41, 19. This oil was frequently scented and used as a cosmetic Cant. 1, 3, hence called שֵׁמֶן שֵׁמֵן רוֹקַת precious oil Ps. 133, 2, שֵׁמֵן רוֹקַת perfumer's oil Ecc. 10, 1; שַׁבֵּן הַמְשָׁהָה the anointing oil Ex. 25, 6, which was made fragrant with a compound

8, 4; ישׁרָשׁרָי וֹשׁרָשׁרָי וֹשׁרָשׁרָי וֹשׁרָשׁרָי וֹשׁרָשׁרָי וּשׁרָשׁרָי וּשׁרָשׁרָי וּשׁרָשׁרָי וּשׁרָשׁרָי וּשׁרָשׁרָי שִׁרָשׁרָי וּשׁרָשׁרָי שִׁרָשׁרָי וּשׁרָשׁרָי שִׁרָשׁרָי וּשׁרָשׁר וּשׁרָשׁר וּשׁרָשׁר וּשׁרָשׁר וּשׁר וּשַר וּשָׁר וּשַר וּשָר וּשָר וּשַר וּשָר וּשַר וּשַר וּשַר וּשָר וּשַר וּשַר וּשַרי וּשַר וּשַרי וּשּרי וּשַר וּשַרי וּשַרי וּשּרי וּשּי וּשּי וּשּי וּשּי וּשּי וּשּי וּשּי וּשַר וּשַר וּשַר וּשַר וּשַר וּשּי וּשּי וּשּי וּשוּ וּשּי וּשּי וּשּי וּשּי וּשוּ וּשוּ וּשּי וּשוּ וּשוּ וּשוּ וּשוּ וּיין וּשוּ וּשוּ וּשוּי וּין וּשוּי וּשוּ וּיוּש וּיין וּיין וּיין וּיין וּיין וּיין וּיין וּיוּין וּיין וּשוּין וּיין וּשוּיין וּיין וּ אווּיין וּיין וּי

רְשְׁמַיָּא Chald. (pl. def. מְשָׁמָ) m. keaven Dan. 4, 8; fig. heavenly beings, the celestials, esp. God Dan. 4, 23 (cf. Luke 15, 18).

ישָׁרָרָי (from שָׁלָדָ (from שָׁלָדָ (from שָׁלָדָ (from שַׁרָרָי בָּרָיָרָ שַּׁרָירָ בָּרָיָרָ בָּרָיָרָ בַּרָיָרָ הַשָּׁשָּׁרְיָרָ הַיָּשָׁרָיָרָ The fem. דָשָׁשָׁרְיָרוּ is prob. a musical term, the octave i. e. the lowest or deepest notes (but perh. an instrument of music), in the title of odes e. g. Ps. 12, 1; הַשָּׁרְיָרָיוּ עָל רְשָׁשָׁרִיָרוּ הַרָּבָרִיוֹת עָל רְשָׁשָׁרִיָרוּ stringed instruments upon the octave or bass Ps. 6, 1, cf. 1 Ch. 15, 21.

m. 1) i. q. Arab. collect. אשׁמָידין וו) m. 1) i. q. Arab. collect. אשׁמָידין וו) m. 1) i. q. Arab. collect. אשׁמי, thorns, mentioned w. אשׁמין Is. 5, 6, w. איף Is. 32, 13; fig. for a dangerous foe Is. 10, 17. 2) i. q. Arab. אשמעי, adamant or diamond, esp. as the point of the stylus or writing instrument Jer. 17, 1; as an emblem of hardness Ez. 3, 9. 3) pr. n. (thorns) of a city in Judah Josh. 15, 48; also of a city in Ephraim Judg. 10, 1. 4) pr. n. m. (prob. thorny, r. אָשָׁמָיָר II) 1 Ch. 24, 24, in K'thibh

אָרָיָעָלות pr. n. m. (prob. name of exaltations i. e. most exalted name) 1 Ch. 15, 18. ---- Prob. akin to the name Σεμ(ραμις.

קפה (obs.) prob. akin to קפה,

Chald. רְמַד, to stretch or spread out; hence שָׁמִיבָה.

אֹשָׁעָ (Qal obs.)i. q. Arab. אָשָׁעָ (Qal obs.)i. q. Arab. אָשָׁעָ akin to שַׁשָׁעָ, prob. to אָשָטָ w. format. ש (see on p. 608), to cover, to wrap in a garment; hence אָשָׁעָ, prob. also אָשָׁשָׁע *left-hand*, since the left side was covered in the mantle or toga (forming the capacious bosom or fold for keeping things), while the right arm was uncovered and free; hence the denom. Hiph. אָשָׁעָד (inf. and imp. אַשָּׁמָדָי) to turn to the left 2 Sam. 14, 19; see

קרָלָה pr. n. m. (prob. raiment, r. אַשָּׁרָ) Gen. 36, 36.

לָרָיָרָשָׁרָשָׁרָשָׁרָ (pl. שָּׁבָלוּח, w. suf. שָּׁרְאָרָה 1.) a garment Deut. 22, 5; pl. garments Ex. 3, 22; esp. the wide outer wrapper, a mantle, Gen. 9, 23, used for sleeping in Deut. 22, 17. 2) a soldier's cloak Is. 9, 4. 3) raiment or clothing. שָׁבָר נְשָׁבְלָה food and raiment Deut. 10, 18. — Same as שָׁבָש by transposition.

שְׁלְכָי pr. n. m. (perh. for שָׁלְכָּי, pacific) Ezr. 2, 46.

עָרָשָׁשָׁ, ווחף. דעָשָעָ, אָשָרָשָׁ, ווחף. דעָשָעָ, אָשָרָשָׁ, ווחף. דעָשָעָ, אָדָעָשָׁ, אָדָעָשָׁ, אָדָעָשָּי, אָד אַדָּשָׁי, אוּה נס דעָשָ, דעָשָׂ, וו נס שׁשָר, דעָשָׂ, וו נס שּעי (חוֹ דעָשָעָשׁ ה., דעָשָשָׁ (חוֹ דוֹשַעָשׁ) f. desolate, deserted, of places Is. 49, 8, of persons Lam. 1, 13, Is. 54, 1. 2) fig. to be astonished or amazed Jer. 18, 16, w. אָד of cause Is. 52, 14. – Niph. דעָשָ האָד. f. דעָשָׁי, וו to be laid waste Am. 7, 9; to be deserted of a way Is. 33, 8, of persons Lam. 4, 5. 2) to be amazed Jer. 4, 9, w. אָד Job 18, 20. 3) trans., only in part. בעָשׁ or דעוֹשׁ destroying, a destroyer

Dan. 9, 27; also horrifying or shocking Dan. 12, 11. - Po. only in part. נסוֹשָׁס, 1) to be astonished Ezr. 9, 3. 2) trans. to desolate Dan. 9, 27. ---Hiph. דַשָּׁים (fut. דַשִּׁים, inf. דַשָּׁים, part. בשמרים) 1) to lay waste or to make desolate, a land Lev. 26, 82, Job 16, 7; to destroy, trees Hos. 2, 14. 2) to astonish Ez. 32, 10; intrans. to be astonished Ez. 3, 15; w. 52 Mic. 6, . 13. — Hopb. דְשָׁם, in some texts רְשָׁם (höshăm), 3 pl. perf. المنتقد, 1) to be laid waste Lev. 26, 34, 2 Ch. 36, 21. 2) to be amazed Job 21, 5. - Hithpo. דְּשֶׁתוֹמָם (fut. בענה for בשהקה Ecc. 7, 16, Gram. § 54, 2, b) 1) to ruin oneself Ecc. 7, 16. 2) to be astonished Ps. 143, 4, w. על Dan. 8, 27.

Chald. (Pe. obs.) to be desolate. — Ithpo. المنابع to be astonished Dan. 4, 16.

للألات (prop. part. of r. שלע (prop. part. of r. שלע (prop. part. of r. 9, 27. 2) a horrifying thing, a horror Dan. 8, 13; توרר שע *horrifying* abomination i. e. detestable idol Dan. 12, 11 (cf. τὸ βδέλυγμα τῆς ἐρημώσεως Matt. 24, 15).

סוס (obs.) i. q. Arab. אייק, to poison; hence שָׁמָבָיה.

וֹשְׁבְיָבָי (pl. a. שְׁבָיָבָי, r. שְׁבָיָשָׁ) f. 1) a desolation Is. 1, 7; שְׁבָיבָי שְׁבָיָד heap of ruins Jer. 49, 2; שְׁבָיר שְׁבָיד desert of desolation i. e. a desolate waste Joel 2, 3; שְׁבָיר וּסָשָׁיָד waste and devastation, i. e. utter desolation Ez. 6, 14. 2) astonishment Ez. 7, 27.

קיביד (prob. for אַבְשָׁשָׁ, pl, c. שָׁבָרָיָד (יָשָׁמָד , r. בּשָׁשָׁ) f. a desolation, only Ez. 35, 7. 9. קָשָׁש (only pl. רְשָׁשָט; r. בַּשָּׁשָ) f. desolations, ruins Is. 61, 4, Dan 9, 26.

עָבָערך (r. בְּיֵם) m. astonishment Ez. 4, 16.

שְׁבְרָרָים (r. בְּשָׁבָ f. i. q. Arab. , *a poisonous lizard*, Sept. xaλaβώτης, Vulg. stellio, only Prov. 30, 28.

(fut. (بنتيت) i. q. Syr. Arab. سمن to be or become fat Deut. 32, 15. — Hiph. 1) fig. to fatten the heart, i. e. to make the mind dull of apprehension Is. 6, 10. 2) to become fat (cf. (بنتيت) Neh. 9, 25; hence

לְשָׁשָׁ adj. m., שְׁשָׁלָה 1) fat, of men Judg. 3, 29, of bread Is. 30, 23. 2) fig. fertile, of land Num. 13, 20, of pasture Ez. 34, 14; nourishing, of bread Gen. 49, 20; rick, of booty Hab. 1, 16.

שֶׁבֶרן (w. suf. שֶׁבְרָ, pl. שֶׁבֶרָ; r. וְשָׁמֵן (שַׁמֵן m. 1) fatness Ps. 109, 24; יְדָהַבָּל מל הפנר שמן and the yoke is broken because of fatness, alluding to a fat bullock (cf. Deut. 82, 15) apt to break its yoke Is. 10, 27; pl. שֶׁמָרִים fat things, i. e. rich fare Is. 25, 6; fig. fertility e. g. אַקּנִרם valley of fertility, i. e. very fertile Is. 28, 1, קָרָן בָּן־שֶׁמָן a fertile hill-top Is. 5, 1. 2) oil Deut. 32, 13, Is. 1, 6; got from olive-berries by pressing or crushing, hence fully שֵׁמָן זְרָה oil of olive, olive oil Ex. 27, 20; זַרח שָׁמָן olive-tree of oil i. e. oil-producing olive Deut. 8, 8; אַמָן vy oil-tree, the wild olive, oleaster Is. 41, 19. This oil was frequently scented and used as a cosmetic Cant. 1, 3, hence called שֶׁמֶן שוב precious oil Ps. 133, 2, שוב שוב שוב perfumer's oil Ecc. 10, 1; שֶׁמֶן הַמְשֶׁהָה the anointing oil Ex. 25, 6, which was made fragrant with a compound

of several prescribed spices, and used exclusively for sacred anointings, hence called באָרָאָר שָׁיָדָע Ps. 89, 21, באָרָא מָשָׁרַא פָשָׁרַא קָשָׁרָא שָׁיָב מִשְׁרָא באָנָאָר מָשָׁרָא Lev. 10, 7.

ער כביל שַשָּרָה (card. num. f., שַׁרָלָה עָשָׁרָה (c. זעָשָׁרָה אָשָׁרָה (c. ישָׁרָ גָשָׁרָ גַשָּׁר (c. ישָׁרָ m. 1) eighteen, w. sing. Judg. 3, 14, w. pl. 2 Ch. 11, 21. 2) ord. eighteenth 2 K. 3, 1.

שׁמוֹרָים ,שׁמוֹרָים (pl. of שׁמוֹרָים) com. gend. *eighty*, w. sing. Gen. 5, 25. 26, Judg. 3, 30.

שְׁרָעָר (only pl., from obs. sing. קטָל, as קטָל from קטָל, r. אָטָל) m. fatnesses, fig. fertility, God give thee of the dew of the skies קטּרָעָ מחל of the fertility of the earth Gen. 27, 28, where קטָל stands for קטָל (w. Dagh. f.) corresponding w. בָּשָׁרָעַ in first clause.

אַמַע (in pause אַמָשָׁ Ps. 34, 7, fut. معدّ i. q. Syr. معدّ , Arab. mob. akin to Chald. سبع, Syr. (cf. جذت = II = إجزت) to hear Ps. 48, 9, w. acc. of pers. or thing Gen. 3, 10, 37, 17, also w. by about Gen. 41, 15; to listen or attend to, w. acc. of the person Gen. 23, 8, w. 5% Is. 46, 3, w. > Ps. 81, 12; to regard or heed, w. z of obj. e. g. as a sound Job 37, 2, a law Is. 42, 24. 2) to hearken to, esp. of God, w. acc. Gen. קול Gen. 16, 11, also w. קול Ps. 5, 4, לים אל Gen. 21, 17, לים Deut. 1, 45. 3) to give heed, hence to obey, w. acc. Ex. 24, 7, אל Josh.

1, 17, 5 Lev. 26, 21, 52 2 K. 20, 13, לקול Ps. 58, 6, לקול Ex. 18, 19. 4) fig. to understand Gen. 11, 7; 300 5 understanding heart 1 K. 3, 9, cf. ἀχούω 1 Cor. 14, 2, Acts 22, 9. --Niph. 1) to be heard Ex. 23, 13, w. by Neh. 6, 1. 2) to be heeded Ecc. 9, 16; to be obedient, w. > Ps. 18, 45. 3) to be understood Ps. 19, 4. - Pi. (fut. Juc) to make hear, to call or summon 1 Bam. 15, 4. - Hiph. דְּשָׁמִיצ 1) to cause to hear, w. aco. Is. 43, 9, cause me to hear בושמיעני את קולה thy voice Cant. 2, 14, also w. 5x of pers. Ez. 86, 15. 2) fig. to speak or utter aloud, הזידה לשמצ געליל to utter aloud with voice of thankfulness Ps. 26, 7, hence esp. to sing (w. voice) Neh. 12, 42; to play or sound aloud (on musical instruments) 1 Ch. 15, 19. 28. 3) to announce Is. 45, 21. 4) to summon 1 K. 15, 22.

ブロビ Chald. prob. akin to ゼロゼ, to hear Dan. 3, 5, w. ショ about Dan. 5, 14. — Ithpe. to obey Dan. 7, 27. ブロヴ pr. n. m. (obedient, r. アロヴ) 1 Ch. 11, 44.

אַרָשָׁעָ (w. suf. אָזָטָ: r. שָׁשָטָ m. 1) hearing Job 42, 5, אָזָע שָׁשָל at the hearing of the ear i. e. as soon as heard of Ps. 18, 45. 2) report, rumor Is. 23, 5, אוש אדע a false report Ex. 23, 1. 8) fame 1 K. 10, 1.

לשׁרָשָׁ (in pause דְּשָׁלָי, r. דְשָׁלָשׁ) m. 1) sound, esp. music Ps. 150,5. 2) pr. n. m. (prob. fame) 1 Ch. 2, 43.

דעָשָׁ pr. n. (perh. echo, r. אַטָשָׁ) of a city in Judah Josh. 15, 26.

সెస్ట్ (w. సూసిభ్; r. కాబిభ్) m. fame er rumor Josh. 6, 27.

المَّتَحَتَّلُ pr. n. m. (famous, r. ٢٢٢) a son of king David 1 Ch. 3, 5, but تعتي in 2 Sam. 5, 14; also a son of Jesse 1 Ch. 2, 13; a Levite 1 Ch. 6, 30.

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יָשָׁבָעָד, pr. n. m. (fame, r. דָשָׁבָעָד) 2 Sam. 13, 8; patron. pl. אַדְאָרים Shimathites 1 Ch. 2, 55.

קָשָׁבָעָר, pr. n. m. (w. art. the renown, r. שָׁבָעָ) 1 Ch. 12, 8.

אַמָּצָר, see אָשָׁבָּד.

שרש pr. n. m. (a hearing, r. שרש bept. Συμεών, Simeon, a son of Jacob and Leah Gen. 29, 33; patron. Simeonite Num. 25, 14.

יָשָׁבְעָי (fame; r. גְשָׁבְעָי) pr. n. 2 Sam. 21, 21 K'thibh (Q'ri שַׁבְעָה).

שְׁבָעָי pr. n. m. (my fame, r. שֶׁבְעָי Ex. 6, 17; patron. שְׁמְעִי Shimite Num. 8, 21.

יָשְׁבַּעְרָהָ, שְׁבַעְרָהָ pr. n. m. (דָּהָ hears, r. שָׁבַעְרָהָ 1 K. 12, 22, Jer. 26, 20.

לאָרָעָר pr. n. f. (i. q. שָׁרְעָר fame, r. שָׁרָעָ 2 K. 12, 22, w. די patron. 1 Ch. 2, 55.

مَسَمَصَ (obs.) i. q. Arab. شَمَصَ prob. akin to پیچن, to thrust or hurl, fig. to hasten, esp. to speak hurriedly, to whisper; hence

עָרָשָׁשָ m.a whisper, Job 4, 12 a word was brought stealthily to me, and my ear received אָרָעָ גָיָם a whispering thereof; Job 26, 14 אָבָרָשָ קָשָר and what whisper of a word do we listen to / but the thunder of his might (וֹם גָּבָרַבָּרָ אַבָּרַרָּטָשָׁ k'thibh) who comprehends?

וֹתָבְצָה (r. יְשָׁשָ) f. a whispering, fig. jeering or mocking, הַאָרָשָׁן for a derision, only Ex. 82, 25.

ער ו (fut. לשמר, once w. suf. ראשמרים Prov. 14, 8, cf. Gram. § 47, Rem. 1) perh. akin to שמש or to שמש II, 1) to keep Gen. 2, 15; part. שמש keeper Cant. 3, 3; w. מין from Josh. 6, 18; w. מין to guard oneself, w. און lest Deut. 4, 9; to retain, a. g. mercy 1 K. 3, 6, wrath Am. 1,

11. 2) to regard, to take notice of Prov. 13, 18, Job 39, 1; to watch or guard, w. אל 2 Sam. 11, 16, w. על 1 Sam. 26, 16, w. 7 2 Sam. 18, 12. 3) to observe, to perform e.g. a covenant Ex. 19, 5; השַׁמַרְהֵם וַצַשִׁיתֵם and ye shall observe and do Deut. 4, 6; קר בְּשָׁמֹר לַצָשוֹת that we shall take care to do Deut. 6, 25. 4) to respect or honour e. g. God Hos. 4, 10, idols Ps. 81, 7, a master Prov. 27, 18. ---Niph. (imp. קשטתר Gram. § 51, Bem. 8, once تفيد Is. 7, 4) 1) to be kept Ps. 87, 28. 2) to keep oneself from, w. 9 Deut. 23, 10; fig. to take heed to oneself, beware of, w. 72 Jer. 9, 3, w. ביקי Ex. 23, 21, w. ב 2 Sam. 20, 10, w. j Deut. 4, 16, w. inf. Ex. 19, 12; often w. idiomatic addition of take heed to thee, i. e. beware Gen. 24,6, רִשְּׁמְרוּ בְנִפְשׁתֵיכֶם וְאַל־הִשְׁשׁאוּ מַשָּׁא take heed to yourselves and do not carry a burden Jer. 17, 21. - Pi. to regard, to honour e. g. idols Jon. 2, 9. - Hith. דְלְשְׁהַמֵּר 1) to keep for oneself, to observe e. g. laws Mic. 6, 16. 2) to guard oneself, w. 7 Ps. 18, 24.

אַרָער II (obs.) prob. akin to קַמָר, to stand erect, to bristle up, fig. to be sharp or thorny; hence שָׁמָרי

עבר (only pl. שַבָּר, r. ישָׁבָר וּשָׁרָ, r. ישׁבָר וּשָׁבָר m. sediments or dregs, esp. lees of wine, prob. called so because serving to keep the wine Ps. 75, 9; שַבָּי שָׁבָרים to settle down on the lees, emblem of slothful security, taken from the storing of wine Jer. 48, 11; fig. old wine, שִׁקָקִרים שׁׁבָיים שׁׁבָיים אָפָקים well refined Is. 25, 6.

עובאר סי שובאר (r. שובאר סי שובאר סי שובאר (r. 1) keeper or guard Cant. 8, 3. 2) pr. n. m. 1 Ch. 7, 32. 3) pr. n. f. 2 K. 12, 22, but שִׁיָרָיה וו 2 Ch. 24, 26.

עָרָד pr. n. m. (guardian, r. אָשֶׁבָּד) 1 K. 16, 24; perh. i. q. דְּשָׁעָ ע. v.

שׁמָרים (only pl. שָׁמָרים, r. שָׁמָרים) m. observance or celebration, only in <u>in dy night of observances</u> i.e. worthy to be celebrated Ex. 12, 42.

יָשְׁבָירוֹת (only pl. אָאָרִיוֹת) f. a lid, esp. cyclid, only in אָרָרוֹת אָרָזוֹת שְׁאָרוֹת thou holdest back the lids of my cycs, i. e. thou keepest me awake Ps. 77, 5.

קרָדָן (r. שְׁבָיד I) f. a watch or guard, only Ps. 141, 3.

1) pr. n. m. (prob. guard, ד. שָׁמָד'ל ו) Gen. 48, 13; patron. שָׁמָד'ל Shimronite Num. 28, 24. 2) pr. n. of a city in Zebulon Josh. 11, 1 fully שְׁמְרוֹך מְרוֹן (K'thibh מָראוֹך לָסָר) Josh. 12, 20.

שָׁרָרָוֹן pr. n. (prob. guard or watch, r. שָׁשָׁר וֹ) Sept. Σמµמֹסְנּז, Samaria, 1) a city in Manasseh, built by king Omri 1 K. 16, 28; it was on a hill (whence הַרָּרָשָׁרָרָ Am. 4, 1), and became the capital of the kingdom of Israel 2 K. 3, 1; gentil. שָׁרָרָ Samaritan 2 K. 17, 29. 2) the kingdom of Israel, the whole of the ten tribes, whose capital was Samaria 2 K. 17, 26; hence the calf at Bethel was called שָׁבָל שׁׁרָרֹן 8, 5.

קרי קר. n. m. (perh. conservative, r. שְׁבָר I) 1 Ch. 4, 37.

יָה; אַטַבַּרְרָהּ, שְׁבַּרְרָהּ pr. n. m. (דָּהָ keeps) 2 Ch. 11, 19, 1 Ch. 12, 5.

שְׁבְרָרָ Chald. pr. n. of the city Samaria Ezr. 4, 10, i. q. Heb. שׁבָרון.

שְׁבֵּר ד. n. f. (careful, r. שְׁבָרִית I) 2 Ch. 24, 26, but שׁמֵר in 2 K. 12, 22.

ישׁרָרָת pr. n. m. (perh. watchfulness, r. שֶׁרָר I) 1 Ch. 8, 21. للمن Chald. (Pe. obs.) prob. akin to تعتيق (cf. Heb. تلتي = تعتي II), prob. to hear, hence to obey. — Pa. تعتيق (i. q. Syr. معتله) to minister to or wait on, w. acc. Dan. 7, 10.

שֹׁבְשָׁוֹ (in pause שֹׁבֲשֵׁ, w. suf. דְשִׁבְשִׁ com. gend. i. q. Aram. شيخب, معدّمه Arab. شمس, the sun Gen. 32, 32, Ex. 22, 2; בַּשָׁשָׁש under the sun, i. e. on earth Ecc. 1, 3; שׁמָש Job 8, 16, שֹׁמָשׁ 2 Sam. 12, 11, שַׁמָשׁ Num. 25, 4 in presence of or before the sun i. e. in broad daylight; w x, ני the sun rises Gen. 19, 23; 32, the sun rises den. 19, 23; 32, 32; why we the sun sets Gen. 15, 12; fig. שָׁרָשָׁ sun of righteousness, of Messiah Mal. 3, 20. ---- Prob. is akin to r. דער II to shine (כ = ב as in קל = בין, cf. G. schein = schimmer, E. shine=sham=seem) w. old format. ending. w --- (cf. con akin to r. רָקָם II); hence שֹׁמָשׁ may well mean brightness or luminary, analogous to Sans. súris, σέλας, ήλιος, L. sol, sirius, W. haul, sul, Irish sol, solas, G. sonne, E. sun.

, שְׁשָׁשׁ (only pl. w. suf. שְׁשָׁשׁ) f. prop. gleanings, hence fig. battlements on the wall of a city, as shining from afar or as conspicuous, only Is. 54, 12.

קרשׁרָשׁרָ pr. n. m. (prob. sun-like, from שֹׁבָשׁ) Samson, Sept. Σαμψών, the Danite judge of Israel, famous for his strength Judg. 13, 24.

ື ເບັ່ງເບຼັ pr. n. m. (sunny, from ະນຸວູບູ່) Ezr. 4, 8.

שְׁרָשְׁרֵי pr. n. m. (perh. famous liberator, from שֵׁם and אָשָר I) 1 Ch. 8, 26.

ראָשָׁ patron. from unknown pr. n. m. אָשָׁשָ (perh. fame, comp. שׁשָׁ Chald. שָׁשָׁ Shumathite 1 Ch. 2, 53.

ןשָׁר, זְשָׁ, also אָשָׁן (r. גָשָׁ) m. rest or quiet, only in pr. n. אָדָרז־שָׁאָ, which see on p. 88.

ענול, dual של, w.suf. של, dual שורש, also as pl. 1 Sam. 2, 18, cf. Gram. \$ 88, 2, Bem.; r. 100) com. gend. i. q. Aram. المتي , Arab. سي , 1) a tooth, of men or animals Ex, 21, 24; esp. ivory Cant. 5, 14, hence קרנות שון horns of tooth i. e. elephants' tusks Ez. 27, 15; dual teeth, double row of leeth i. e. the upper and lower Gen. 49, 12. 2) a prong, שַׁלָג שָׁלש the three-pronged flesh-hook 1 Sam. 2, 13. 3) a point or peak, a crag, of a mountain Job 39, 28. 4) pr. n. of a place (w. art. the crag) 1 Sam. 7, 12. ---- Prob. akin to G. zahn, Icelandic tan, Sans. danta, L. dent-is, δδόντ-ος, W. dant, B. tooth.

ען Chald. (w. suf. דַשָּׁשָׁ, du. שָׁצָרָ, w. suf. דַשָּׁשָׁ) com. gend. tooth Dan. 7, 5. 7.

المعربة (fut. البعربة) i. q. مربع I, intrans. to change Lam. 4, 1. – Pi. المعربة to change, one's garments 2 K. 25, 29. – Pu. (fut. المعربة, cf. Gram. § 75, Bem. 21, a) to be changed, esp. to be improved Ecc. 8, 1.

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לקבוא לך באודע לישיר אודער אישין (fut. אישי) i. q. Heb. דוש I, to vary or differ from, w. אָש Dan. 7, 3; to be changed Dan. 6, 18; esp. of the looks under new emotions Dan. 5, 6, where אישיר שניון v. 9. — Pa. ישיר שייר שניון v. 9. — Pa. ישיר שייר אודער v. 9. — Pa. ישיר שייר אודער v. 9. — Pa. ישיר שייר v. 9. — Pa. ישיר v. 9. — Pa. ישי v. 9. — Pa. to change Dan. 2, 21; also to transgress, a law Ezr. 6, 11.

אָשָׁשָׁ f. i. q. דַשָּׁשָ sleep, only Ps. 127, 2; r. דָשָׁיָ.

(fut. \aleph_{ij} , inf. \aleph_{ij} , c. \aleph_{ij} , ϱ_{ij} ,

אוש Chald. i. q. Syr. איש and Heb. איש, to hate, part. איש a hater or enemy Dan. 4, 16.

אָרָעָ pr. n. m. (prob. hostile, akin to r. אַנָּשָ, w. old format, ending ----, see under letter ⊐, p. 74) of a Canaanitish king Gen. 14, 2,

ערָאָן (ישָׁרָה שָׁרָא) m. prob. i. q. אַלָּפּר שָׁרָא , repetition or doubling, בשָׁרָא reduplicate thousands, i. e. thousands upon thousands Ps. 68, 18.

ראַנאָדע pr. n. m. (perh. treasured tooth) 1 Ch. 3, 18,

for קראיש.

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שְׁנוֹת . inf. c וְשְׁנָח I (fut. יְשְׁנָח, inf. c Ps. 77, 11) i. q. كَنْجَى, Arab. تُنْجَى, to double, hence 1) i. q. Syr. Liz, to do again, to repeat Neh. 13, 21; w. 5 to 1 Sam. 26, 8; w. 3 in Prov. 17, 9. 2) to differ, w. of from Est. 1, 7. 3) to change Mal. 3, 6; שנות ימין עליון Ps. 77, 11 the changing of the Supreme's right-hand (so Sept. αλλοίωσις, Vulg. mutatio); part. pl. שׁנִים changeable, fickle persons Prov. 24, 21. — Niph. to be repeated, as a dream Gen. 41, 32. - Pi. אָשָׁי 1) to change, garments Jer. 52, 33, the features of the dying Job 14, 20; to change one's way, i.e. to be of unstable life Jer. 2, 36. 2) to alter or violate, hence to break a promise Ps. 89, 35; to pervert judgment Prov. 81, 5. 8) to shift or remove, w. 5 to Est. 2, 9. - Hith. response to disguise oneself 1 K. 14, 2.

דען דו (obs.) i. q. Arab. עוֹשָׁן דו to shine; hence שָׁיָי ---- Perh. akin to שָׁמָש, שׁמָשָׁי cf. G. scheinen, schimmern, E. shine, sheen, seem, sham.

ענת: (c. שַׁנָא, w. suf. יֹדְעָשָׁ, dual שׁנָחָרָם, pl. שׁנָרָרָם, c. שִׁנָחָרָם, also poet. שנות, c. שנות; r. שנות I) f. prop. a change of seasons, then the period during which the successive changes occur, a year Gen. 5, 3; year by year שׁנָה בְשָׁנָה Deut. 14, 22, שׁנָה שֶׁנָה Deut. 15, 20 or פַרָּשׁנָת בשׁנָת 1 Sam. 7, 16; fig. a year's produce Joel 2, 25; pl. some years 2 Ch. 18, 2; dual two years, L. biennium Gen. 11, 10, followed by רָמָים in apposition, two full years Gen. 41, 1. In specifying years (see Gram. § 120, 3) the ordinal number often stands after the particular year e.g. בשנת לאסא in the year of two to Asa, i.e. in Asa's second year 1 K. 15, 25; sometimes אַזָּשָׁ stands pleonastically also after the numeral e. g. אָדָע שׁטַ רְעָשָׁ אָרְשָׁ in the six hundredth year of Gen. 7, 11.

עָשָׁרָד, אָשָרָא, אָשָרָד, פּעָדָי, אָשָרָד, פּוּשָשָׁרָד, אַשָּרָד, אַשָּרָד, אַשָּרָד, זישָׁיָדָי, גוּ גוּפּ מ dream Ps. 90, 5; pl. sleepy state (cf. Gram. § 108, 2, a), געניין מ little sleep Prov. 6, 10.

לער לאפער לא Chald. f. 1) i. q. Heb. אָשָׁרָז a year Ezr. 4, 24; pl. שָׁרָז ז הַ חָשָרָר Dan. 6, 1. 2) i. q. Heb. שָׁרָז, sleep, Dan. 6, 19 w. suf. שִׁרָה his sleep.

שׁרָדָוּבָים m. ivory, only 1 K. 10, 22, 2 Ch. 9, 21, Targ. אָשָרָ iooih of elephant, Sept. לאַטֹידנ: גּוּגפְמִי-דויטו. – Prob.shortened for דַּבְּים the elephants' tusk, or שָׁרָאָגָרים may be another form of אַבָּר אַנָּר אַנָּר

שָׁרְוֹדָה Dan. 5, 6, see under r. שָׁרָוֹדָה שָׁנוֹת Ps. 77, 11, see r. שָׁנוֹת I.

נאסן (thorn-tree or acacia) for שָׁכָן (thorn-tree or acacia) for שָׁכָם

עָרָיָם (c. שָׁרָים, pl. שָׁעָרָי, r. דְּשָׁרָים II) m. 1) crimson colour, obtained from the coccus ilicis, a kind of insect that is found on a species of oak, hence fully שָׁרָי שָׁרָי שָׁרָי שָׁרָי נוואָר אָרָעָר שָׁרָי שָׁרָי נוואָר אָרָער אָרָער אָרָער נער 14, 4, either phrase = crimson Lev. 14, 4, either phrase = crimson colour; שָׁרָי שׁוֹי the crimson thread Cant. 4, 3. 2) fig. crimson-coloured garments Jer. 4, 30, pl. Is. 1, 18, Prov. 31, 21. — The colour is so named for its glaring brightness, as expressed in the Aram. שָׁרָי בְּרָשׁר מָרָער בַּרָשָׁר בַּרָשָׁר בַרָּשָׁר בַרָּשָׁר בַרָשָׁר בַרָּשָׁר

Gen. 1, 8; the fem. is used as adv. a second time, again Lev. 13, 5; pl. the second ones, of men, in the

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second rank Num. 2, 16; of a building, cells of the second story Gen. 6, 16.

אָשָׁרָיאָה adj. m., only f. אָיָרָאָה hated Deut. 21, 15; r. אָטָעָא.

(card. שֶׁנֵידָם) card. שָׁנֵי (c. שָׁנֵי) לָשָׁנָים num. m., שוזים (c. לשותי f. two Gen. 44, 27, Lev. 23, 17; שׁנַים שָׁנַים *two* and two, by pairs Gen. 7, 9. It stands either before the noun שִׁדִים שֵׁרִים two witnessess Deut. 17, 6, or after two rams Ex. אַרָלָם שָׁנָרָם 29, 1, often also in the const. state נוחד בכורז two daughters Gen. 19, 8; w. suf. שַׁנָרַנוּ both of us 1 Sam. 20, 42, also w. pronoun in app. שהים שַׁמָרם we two 1 K. 3, 18; as adv. שַׁמָרוט a second time, again Ps. 62, 12. -The fem. إثنتان (Arab. إثنتان) is prob. for שנחים from שנחים, which assumed a prosthetic אָ אָשְׁנָתִים, and then was shortened into willy, finally dropping the N.

שׁרָר עָשָׁר (Ex. 28, 21) card. num. m., שׁרָר עָשָׁר (Ex. 28, 21) card. num. m., אין (Ex. 28, 21) card. num. m., אין (Ex. 28, 21) card. num. m., אין (Ex. 28, 21) card. num. num. num. joint (prop. two-ten) 2 Sam. 2, 15, Josh. 4, 3; also ord. twelfth 1 Ch. 25, 19, Est. 3, 7. ---- Like δυώ-δεχα, L. duodecim, W. dau-dheg, G. zwölf, E. twelve; cf. Gram. § 97, 2, Note².

(דָרָקָעָן) f. prop. sharpness, then a stinging remark, mockery or sarcasm, קאָרָה לְשָׁרָיָק an object of derision Deut. 28, 87.

שִׁרָר pr. n. (perh. cuirase) of a mountain Cant. 4, 8, see שִׁרָר.

שינע דר. ה. (i. q. Arab. שינע coat of mail, r. לעלי אירינים of mount Hermon among the Amorites אירינים אריינים אירינים לעלי אירינים עלי אירינים לעלי אירינים ליניים לינים לינים ליניים לינ (בער (1 pers. perf. דיזיע), 8 pers. pl. איזיע) to sharpen a sword Deut. 32,41; part. pass. sharpened, keen, of arrow-heads Ps. 45, 6, Is. 5, 28; fig. איזיער בערי בערי their tongue as the sword i. e. they use most injurious words Ps. 64, 4. — Pi. to make sharp, fig. to make impressive, w. > to Deut. 6, 7. — Hithpo. ביוער בערי princed, in the reins Ps. 73, 21.

لَيْتَوَى (Qal obs.) akin to Arab. بَيْنَ (Qal obs.) akin to Arab. بَيْن (to compress, bind on; cf. Chald. بَيْن sandal-thong. — Pi. مَيْن to gird up, the loins 1 K. 18, 48.

Babylon Gen. 11, 2; in Syr. بالله is the name of the country around Baghdad in Barhebr. Chron. Syr. p. 256. --- Prob. from obs. r. باب (to produce), akin to بعر II, Arab. (fotus), w. preform. **v** (see p. 608), hence the name may refet to the fertility of the country.

קנר (obs.) prob. akin to גָּנָר to rattle, clang or clatter, as a coat of mail; hence שִׁנִיר (cf. Arab. שׁׁנֹתָ coat of mail).

ענת (r. ישׁרָ) f. i. q. שׁנָת sleep, only Ps. 132, 4.

שָׁנָתִים two years, see noun שְׁנָתִים.

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עָסָעָ, pass. אָסָעָ, pass. אָסָעָ prob. mimet. akin to אָזָגָ אָזָדָ, to cleave, split open, אָזָרָ הַשָּׁטרָיָה hoof Deut. 14, 7; spoken of clovenhoofed ruminants, אָסָע אַכָּע cleaving the cleft of the hoof Lev. 11, 3. — Pi. אָסָע to cleave open Lev. 1, 17; to tear to pieces, a lion Judg. 14, 6; fig. to check or chide seam. 24, 8. --- Prob. akin to σχίζω.

געש (r. אַסַשָּ) cleft, in a hoof Deut. 14, 6.

... אָשָׁשָ (Qal obs.) prob. mimet. akin to אַשָּה, to chop in pieces, chop up. — Pi. שִׁשָּה (fut. ישׁמָה) to hack in pieces 1 Sam. 15, 33.

ראבול. (obs.) i. q. Heb.

וַשָּׁעָד, apoc. יִשְׁעָד, מַסָע ווישָׁע ווישָ akin to שֶׁנָח, שָׁאָה I, הָאָה, to look 2 Sam. 22, 42; to look to or al any one for help, w. על or גע Is. 17, Is. 17, 7. 8, 3 Ex. 5, 9; to look to (with approbation), w. 58 Gen. 4, 4; to obscrve a rule, w. Ps. 119, 117; to look away from, w. בַּצָל בָּן, בַּצָל i. e. to cease to notice Job 7, 19, Is. 22, 4. - Hiph. רָשָׁעָר (imp. apoc. for דְּשָׁע) to cast a look away from, w. 70, i. e. to cease noticing Ps. 39, 14. - Hith. השָׁתַעָה (fut. apoc. ישׁחַת) 1) to gaze about in perplexity Is. 41, 10. 2) to look at each other, to be amazed Is. 41, 23. --- Prob. akin to Ocá-oµac, Gá-oµac, Lacon. σάω, L. tueor, G. schauen, schen, E. show, see.

 الكلي
 II (fut. الترين) akin to

 yzti, Syr.
 i...

 to get smeary.
 fig. to grow dim. of

 the eyes Is. 32, 3.

לקדע Chald. (def. אַרָאָשָׁ, אוֹשָשָׁ) f. prop. a look or glance of the eye, a hoinkling (cf. גַרַ), then a moment or instant of time; hence אָרָצָע־רִדַ in the same moment i. e. at once Dan. 3, 6; אין קרא about one moment, i. e. for a short time Dan. 4, 16; r. אַכָּשָ

שלרה, see שלורה.

to stamp or tramp, of the hoofs of animals; hence

אַבָּעָרָז (c. שַׁצָּטָר) f. stamping, סחוע in בְּקוֹל שָׁצָטָת because of the sound of the tramping of the hoofs of his chargers Jer. 47,3.

שָׁצָר , שָּׁצָר , pl. שָׁצָר , pl. (שָׁצָר , pl. שָׁצָר , pl. שָׁצָר , pl. (שָׁצָר , pl.), שָׁצָר , pl. (שָׁצָר , pl.), שָׁצָר , pl. (שָׁצָר , pl.), pl. (שָׁצָר , עָר , pl.), pl.), pl. (שָׁצָר , pl.), pl. (שַׁצָר , pl.), pl. (שַׁצַר , שָׁצָר , pl.), pl. (שַׁצַר , שָׁצָר , pl.), pl. (שַׁצַר , pl.), pl. (שַׁצַר , שָׁצָר , pl.), pl. (שַׁצַר , שָׁצָר , pl.), pl. (שַׁצַר , pl.), pl. (שַעַצַר , pl.), pl. (שַׁצַר , p

שְׁעָרְהַ זִיִים dam of the goats Lev. 4, 28; pl שְׁצָרְרָם he-goats, then satyrs, Bept. δαιμόνια Is. 13, 21. 3) pl שְׁצָרְרָם showers (cf. r. נְשָׁצֶר, only Deut. 82, 2.

לער 1) pr. n. m. (hairy, r. עָעָרָ) Gen. 86, 20. 2) pr. n. (shaggy, i. e. covered w. trees and forests) of a mountainous region, which stretched from the Dead Sea to the Elanitic gulf, called עַרָּיָר שָׁעָר (perh. shaggy mountain) Deut. 1, 2, first inhabited by the Horites Gen. 14, 6, later by the Edomites Deut. 2, 4, 2 Ch. 20, 10. 3) pr. n. (well wooded) of a mountain in the north of Judah Josh. 15, 10.

לירָדָד, f. 1) a she-goat, in full שָׁצִירְה פּאָים Lev. 5, 6; נּפּפּים 2) pr. n. (w. קָשָׁרָר loc. אָשָׁצִירְהָשָׁר a tract, prob. woody, in the mountains of Ephraim Judg. 3, 26.

I (obs.) akin to שָׁצָר I, to pierce into, to hollow or scoop out; hence שָׁצָלְבִים, שָׁדָּגָל, perh. שַׁצָלָבִים

אשריע II (obs.) mimet. akin to שרייע I (which see), to growl or howl; hence prob. שייע.

עַבָּלוֹ (w. suf. גָשָׁבָל; r. גָשָׁעָן I) m. i. q. Aram. אָבָילן, שָׁבָל, *hollow* of the hand Is. 40, 12.

לאַלָּל (only pl. אָשָׁצָלָים, c. שָׁצַיַ: r. דָיָדָל I) m. *a handful*, the contents of the אָדָי 1 K. 20, 10, Ez. 13, 19.

שרבל, בפר לשעל.

דעל ברים pr. n. (fox-holes) of a city in Dan Judg. 1, 35; gentil. שַכָּלְבֹין Shaalbonite, as if from ישַכָּלְבִי Sam. 23, 32. --- Prob. from r. שַכָּל אַני w. old format. ending ----, see on letter ----, p. 74. קרך pr. n. of a city in Dan Josh. 19, 42, same as שַׁלָכִרָי

קעלים pr. n. (prob. jackals or foxes, r. אָשָל II) of a district in Benjamin 1 Sam. 9, 4.

مَعَمَّر (obs.) i. q. Arab. مَعَمَر, to go swiftly, of a dromedary; perh. hence مَعْمَر مَعْمَد

(Qal obs.) akin to 750, 750, to lie down, to rest. — Niph. 750, (fut. 150, 1) to rest oneself Gen. 18, 4; esp. to lean oneself (w. 53) on, a spear 2 Sam. 1, 6, another's hand 2 K. 5, 18; fig. to rely on, w. 52 Is. 10, 20, w. 52 Prov. 3, 5, w. 2 Is. 50, 10. 2) to be at ease Job 24, 23. 3) to lie near to, w. 5, of an adjacent country Num. 21, 15.

(imper. pl. ነጋው) i. q. דאַש II, Aram. אַזָשָ, גע to stroke, esp. to besmear, then to be smeary, of the eyes, fig. to be dim-sighted or blind Is. 29, 9. -- Hiph. (imper. المُعَتر, but for שַׁעָד Ps. 89, 14 see שָׁעָד I) to besmear, fig. to blind the eyes Is. 6, 10. - Pilp. (Gram. § 55, 4) 3420 to stroke often, שַׁצַשׁע יונק על־חָר the sucking child shall freely pass the hand over the asp's hole (of. ולדרה ידה) Is. 11, 8; fig. to caress, treat lovingly Ps. 94, 19; הורָרָהָ שָׁעֲשָׁמָתי I am fond of thy law Ps. 119, 70. -Polp. rund to be caressed, foudled Is. 66, 12. - Hithpalp. שלה to indulge oneself Is. 29, 9; to please oneself or delight in, w. Z Ps. 119; 16. 47.

to be morose; hence

ר אַזַע pr. n. m. (perh. moroseness, r. באַשָּׁשָ 1 Ch. 2, 47.

مَعْتَبَ (obs.) prob. akin to جَعَتَبَ Arab. مَعْتَبَ to divide, fig. to be distracting, of thoughts (cf. μεριμνάω, perh. akin to μερίς); hence

שָׁצָרָ (only pl. אָשְׁצָרָ כּ. שָׁצָשָׁ, ש. גַּשְׁצָרָר (only pl. בְּשָׁצָר, כָּר, בּשָׁצָר, שָּׁצָשָׁי גַשְׁצָרָר (שְׁצָשָׁי m. thoughts, שָׁצָרָר distractions) from night-visions Job 4, 13, שְׁצָשַר יְשָׁרְבָּוּר (perh. troubled thoughts) make me answer Job 20, 2.

I prob. akin to שָׁתָר I, שָׁתָר I prob. akin to שָׁתָר I, שָׁתָר I, שָׁתָר Arab. אָתָר 1) to cleave or open up, hence אַשָּר 2) fig. to discriminate or think, only in אָתָר מָטֹר מָן רדאא פִי מְטֹר שָׁת קַר קראא פּר מָאָד קר just as he thinks in himself, so is he i. e. he is hollow or insincere Prov. 23, 7.

קצר וו (obs.) i. q. אַצָּר, נָשָּׁצָר, נַשָּׁצַר, נשַּׁצָר, אַשָּרַוּדִי, שַּׁצַרוּדִי, אַשָּרַוּדָי, נַשַּרַוּדָי, אַשָּרַוּדָי, אַשָּרַוּדָי, אַשָּרַוּדָי, אַשָּרַוּדָי, אַשָּרַוּדָי,

שיעי דוו (only part. שׁיעָי, pl. שִׁיַרִים 2 Ch. 23, 19) denom. of שִׁיַבִי to be a doorkeeper, hence part. שׁעֵי porter, gate - keeper, collect. gatekeepers 2 K. 7, 10.

עניע (fut. אָשָׁר) prob. mimet. akin to אָשָׁ II, אָדָר, 1) to shudder or tremble, to be agitated Ez. 27, 35, w. by of cause Ez. 32, 10; to fear Deut. 32, 17; to bristle, stand up, of the hair; hence אָשָׁר, אָשָׁרָ 2) to rage, be tempestuous, of the heavens Jer. 2, 12; to scatter a brushwood fire Ps. 58, 10. — Niph. to be tempestuous Ps. 50, 3. — Pi. to blow away Job 27, 21. — Hith. (fut. אָשָׁרָ) to rush on, to storm, fig. to assail, w. by Dan. 11, 40.

עַשָּרָ I (r. שָׁצָר I; w. דו loc. שְׁצָר dual שְׁצָר בָשָׁרָים, pl. שָׁצָר אָשָעָרים, w. דע שָׁצָרָים f. seldom m. i. q. Aram. אדע, אלב, prop. cleft or opening, then gate (cf. L. porta from aperio), of a camp Ex. 82, 26, of a city Josh. 2, 7, of a palace Est. 2, 19; it differs from הַלָּתוֹת שָׁעָר דַוּעִיר 8, Judg. 16, 8 הַלָּת the doors of the gate of the city, and the entrance of the gate of the city. The gates were the places of business Buth 4, 11, hence viz in the gate i. e. at the court-house Deut. 25, 7; בל-טַׁעָר עָבָּד all the gate of my people i. e. all my people met in assembly or council Ruth 3, 11 (cf. Matt. 16, 18 πύλαι αδου); שַׁצֶרָי מֵוָת , bird w, the gates of death, of Sheoli.e. various modes of exit from life Is. 38, 10, Ps. 9, 14 (cf. ἀίδαο πύλαι Hom.). - The pl. seems at times to be used for cities בְאַחַר שָׁעֶרֶרה in one of thy cities Deut. 17, 2, also for passes into a country Jer. 15, 7; שַׁדֵר הַבּּהָרוֹת gates of the streams, the river-sluices Nah. 2, 7. - The following were the names of the gates of Jerusalem: ניזר הבר (fountain-gate) Neh. 2, 14; (dung-gate) Neh. שֵׁעָר (דְשָׁשֹׁח) שֶׁעָר (מון-gate) אוא. 2, 13; 3, 13; שָׁעֵר דְעַרָא (valley-gate) 2 Ch. 26, 9; שַׁצָר (הַפָּגִים) שֶׁצֶר (cornergate) 2 K. 14, 13, Zech. 14, 10, written also דונה 2 Ch. 25, 23; (Ephraim-gate) 2 K. 14, שערים ואישער דישעה (the old-gate) Neh. 3, 6, perh. i. q. שַׁצָר דָראשׁוֹן (the firstgate) Zech. 14, 10; שַׁעָר הַהְנִרם (the fish-gate) Zeph. 1, 10; שׁצר הַצאֹן (the sheep-gate) Neh. 8, 1; שַׁזָר דְוֹפּוּסִים (the horse-gate) Jer. 31, 40; שַׁעַ the water-gate) Neh. 8, 26; לשער המפקר (the muster-gate) Neh. 3, 31; שַׁצָר דְּתְרָסוּה (the pottery-gate) Jer. 19, 2.

ער וו (only pl. דָשָׁרָים, II (only pl. דָשָׁרָים, 1) שַׁרָע m. prop. estimate, hence a measure, only Gen. 26, 12.

שׁׁעָר (only pl. שׁׁשָׁדים) adj. m. *korrid,* skocking, of bad figs Jer. 29, 17; r. אישטען.

שָׂעָר Gen. 27, 11, see שֵׁעָר

رينوي (r. سينوي m. 1) a shuddering or horror Job 18, 20. 2) a tempest Is. 28, 2. 3) in Is. 7, 20 hair, c. of سينو which see.

עַשָּׁעָר (כ. אַשָּׁעָ, סחכי אַשָּׁעַ Is. 7, 20, w. suf. אָשָׁעָד : עָשָּׁעָ אוּ i. q. Arab. אָבָּרָק שַּׁעָרָה אַמּרָ (ס. ג. קָשָׁעָר a single hair) Judg. 16, 22; אָשׁ בַּרָע שַּעָר hair Gen. 25, 25, hence אָבָע שַׁעָר a man the owner of hair, i. e. a man clad in a hair mantle 2 K. 1, 8.

720 Chald. m. hair Dan. 3, 27.

שְׁעָרָה (r. שְׁשָׁרַ) f. i. q. אָשָׁרָה, a tempest Job 9, 17.

נשְׁרָרָה (c. שָׁצָרָה w. suf. שִׁצָרָה, pl. c. שִׁצָרָה (f. 1) i. q. Arab. שִׁצָרָה, a hair, רְשָׁבָ אָבָן אָל-שַׁצָר slinging with the stone to a hair i. e. with the greatest exactness Judg. 20, 16; שַערות ראשי שֹנְאַר חָנָם nore numerous than the hairs of my head are my haters without cause Ps. 69, 5. 2) collect. i. q. שַׁשָׁ, the hair 1 Sam. 14, 45, Job 4, 15.

(שְׁצֹרְרָם, שְׁצֹרְרָם, שְׁצֹרְרָם, שְׁצֹרְרָם, שְׁצֹרְרָה f. prop. hairy corn (cf. גְסָוּטָּה akin to xpuos, L. hordeum from horreo, E. barley for beardly), then i. q. Arab. בשבי barley Job 31, 40; pl. barley grains as threshed (cf. דְשָׁה wheat in the straw, דְשָׁר wheat in the grain) 2 Sam. 17, 28; שאפג 20 barley-meal Num. 5, 15; г. דָשָׁם.

משרדר adj. m., שַׁבָרדּר f. horrible, as subst. a horrible thing Jer. 5, 30; r. שַׁבָר II, cf. Gram. § 84, 32.

לערוּרָד adj. m., שַׁעַרוּרָד זשׁעָיָרָת Hos. 6, 10 Q'ri, and שַׁעָרָר Jer. 18, 13; ר. שַׁעַר שְׁעַרְיָה pr. n. m. (perh. gate of 1 Ch. 8, 88.

pr. n. (two gates) of a city in Judah Josh. 15, 86.

שלרים pr. n. m. (barley) 1 Ch. 24, 8.

שָׁבַיּירָיָה adj. m., only fem. שָׁבַיּירָיָה horrible Hos. 6, 10 K'thibh; r. שַׁעָן וו.

שַׁצָרוּרָי Jer. 18, 13, see שַׁצָרָרָת

المَكْرَقِي pr. n. m. of a eunuch in the court of Xerxes Est. 2, 14. ----Said to be Pers. perh. 2, 14. ---servant of beauty'; but perh. akin to تَعْرَبُون to press or crush (the testicles), w. old format. ending 1---- (see p. 175) and preform. 2 (see p. 608); cf. 12222.

שַׁעָשָׁ (only pl. דּשָׁפָאָרָם, r. דָּבָל) m. caressings, fondlings, then delight, pleasure Ps. 119, 24, Prov. 8, 30.

T PU I (obs.) to hold or contain; hence prob. اتونب a quiver.

קשׁר II (Qal obs.) akin to רָשָׁר, Aram. אָשָׁשָׁ, לם, to rub off. — Niph. to be rubbed off, part. השׁל denuded of verdure, of a bare or bald mountain Is. 13, 2. — Pu. השָׁל to be laid bare, only in אָבָרי לא רָאוּ ג'thibh) his bones are laid bare that were not seen i. e. formerly, when he flourished Job 33, 21. Hence

וֹשָׁשִׁין (only pl. c. שְׁשִׂין, ד. שִׁשָּׁין (only pl. c. דְּשָׁשִיּן, ד. שִׁשָּׁין וו) f. prop. a rubbing or scraping off, then a cheese, only in יְשָׁמִי בְּקָר cheeses of kine 2 Sam. 17, 29. The name prob. refers to the Arabs' praotice of rubbing or grating the cheese before eating it.

רשע (obs.) prob. mimet. akin to דָרָאָרָ (obs.) prob. mimet. akin to קרָא, קרָאָרָ (o sip or drink up. ----Prob. akin to siqwv, L. sipho, G. saufen, E. sup, sip, W. sippian, lrish

sumaim, L. sorbeo (w. r inserted), φοφέω, all prob. suggestive of the sound made by the lips in imbibing. Hence

אַפָּרֵי, w. suf. שָׁפָרֵי, du. שָׁפָרֵים, w. suf. שמחיד, also pl. c. השמחיד from obs. sing. רְשָׁשָׁר; r. רְשָׁשָׁר) f. 1) i. q. Aram. אקשת, إحمد من Arab. مَعْنَة, lip Ps. 120, 2; dual the lips Is. 37, 29; fig. talk or speech, שְׁמָּח בְּנַכָן the dialect of Canaan Is. 38, 19, שפר שפר lip of falsehood, i.e. lying Prov. 10, 18, אמח lip of truth i. e. veracity Prov. 12, 19. מחים a man of lips i. e. a mere talker Job 11,2; ששתרם לקרם burning lips, i. e. ardent professions Prov. 26, 23. 2) edge or border, of a vessel 1 K. 7, 26, of a garment Ex. 28, 82; shore of the sea Gen. 22, 17; bank of a river Ex. 2, 8.

لَكَتِبَ pr. n. m. (baldness, r. التَحِينَ II) Gen. 36, 23, for which لَعْتَبَ 1 Ch. 1, 40.

נושביים (pl. ביישביים Ez. 28, 10; r. שפיי m. julgment 2 Ch. 20, 9.

ן דָאָשָשָ pr. n. m. (perh. i. q. בּשָּאַשַע) 1 Ch. 8, 5.

שבות Neh. 3, 13 for שבות, see הָשָׁפּוֹת, see

ר (obs.) i. q. קפת I, to join or attach, to associate; hence הקוקש, קיק אין אין

(Qal obsol) i. q. الحِيَّلَ I, prob. akin to Arab. مَعَمَّ , to pour out. - Pi. العقل to make to fall out (the hair), to make bald, only Is. 3, 17. Hence المحتج

שְׁפְרָתִי (c. שִׁפְרָתִי, w. suf. שִׁפְרָתִי, pl. שִׁפְרָתִי, w. suf. שִׁפְרָוֹת (שָׁפְרוֹת, w. suf. שִׁפָרוֹת) f. prop. attachment of dependence, hence conor. a female servani, a handmaid Gen. 16, 1.

todv (fut. unt, 8 pl. once Ex. 18, 26) prob. akin to באליים Ex. 18, 26) באליים באליים באליים אוניים באליים to set up, to establish or decide, hence 1) to judge Gen. 19, 9, w. acc. of person Deut. 16, 18, or of cause Ex. 18, 22; w. בָּרָ – וּכֵר Gen. 16, 5, י בין — Ez. 34, 20 to judge between - and i. e. to act as umpire war פינינוּ אַלרֵר אָבִרהָם let the God of their father judge between us! Gen. 31, 53; part. upu, upit a judge Ex. 2, 14, esp. of God Gen. 18, 25. 2) to pronounce judgment, hence a) to vindicate Is. 1, 17; β) to condemn (xataxp(vw) 1 Sam. 3, 13. 3) to rule or govern 1 Sam. 8, 20; part. upit, upit ruler, governor Ps. 2, 10, Is. 16, 5, akin to Carthaginian suffetes (chief magistrates), and the term (sufet) occurs also in Phenician inscriptions. - Niph. 1) to be judged Ps. 9, 20. 2) to appeal to a judge, hence to contend, to go to law (see Gram. § 51, 2, b) Is. 43, 26, w. تي Joel 4, 2 or الع Ez. 17, 20 or 5 Jer 25, 31 of adversary, w. acc. 1 Sam. 12, 7 or by Jer. 2, 35 of cause. - Po. upit (Gram. § 55, 1) to oppose at law, only part. יסטקטר איזרען in Job 9, 15 איזרען איזרע לפטקטר לס my opponent would I make supplication (cf. Mat. 5, 25). Hence

لَكَتِنَ Chald. (only pl. المَعْتَنَ m. a judge or magistrate Ezr. 7, 25. This seems to be a Hebraism, as the verb تَكْتَنْ is not found in Chaldee.

שבט pr. n. m. (judge or magistrate, r. באשט Num. 13, 5.

ששטים (only pl. ששטים; r. ששטים) m. judgment, esp. condemnation, then punishment Ex. 6, 6; ק שטים לעשטים to execute judgments on Num. 53, 4-

וֹשָׁבָיָדָשָׁ, דְּיָבָשָׁשָׁ pr. n. m. (דָּיָ 1 is judge, r. דָשָׁשָׁ) 2 Bam. 8, 4, 2 Ch. 21, 2.

לְשָׁשָׁ pr. n. m. (judicial or magisterial, r. שַּשָׁשׁ) Num. 34, 24.

ישָׁפָירם (in p. שִׁפִירם; pl. שְׁפָרָם, שְׁפָרָן; r. nod) m. a rubbing away, hence 1) a wasting or leanness through illness, only in שמר בצמותרו bareness of his bones Job 83, 21 in K'thibh, where the Q'ri has 地动, see verb 口政 II. 2) a clearing, a place devoid of trees, hence a bare plain, a down Is. 49, 9 or bare kill Is. 41, 18, שַׁרָּבֶר bare hills in the wilderness Jer. 12, וציקר ind he went to a hill, וילך שׁפר a place where all could see him Num. 23, 3. 3) pr. n. m. (perh. baldness) 1 Ch. 1, 40, also ind Gen. 36, 23.

קשר pr. n. m. (perh. serpents, r. דָּשָׁלָ) i Ch. 7, 12.

לאָשָר (r. אָשָׁר) m. a serpent Gen. 49, 17; perh. i. q. Arab. مَسْفً a serpent speckled with black and white spots; according to Jerome the cerastes, a small very dangerous serpent with two horns, lurking in sand and near paths.

רשׁיָשָׁ pr. n. (perh. beautiful, r.

רקשר Chald. adj. m. fair, beautiful Dan. 4, 9; r. שָׁשָׂ.

(fut. جنب) prob. akin to الجنب (fut. جنب) prob. akin to الجنب (fut. جنب) prob. akin to الجنب (fut. جنب) prob. akin to net, i fut. akin to to give full vent to one's feelings; part. 7900 shed, of blood Ps. 79, 10; fig. poured forth, of God's wräth Ez. 20, 33. 3) to throw or cast out, of dust Lev. 14, 41; to throw or cast up, a mound 2 Sam. 20, 15. — Niph. 1) to be powred out or sked, of blood Deut. 19, 10; לשפרתי like water am I poured out, i. e. my energy is gone Ps. 22, 15. 2) to be thrown out, of ashes 1 K. 13, 3. 3) fig. to be squandered or freely spent, of money Ez. 16, 36. - Pu. to be shed, of blood Num. 35, 33; fig. to be spilt, hence to slip, of the feet Ps. 73, 2 Q'ri. - Hith. جنيميور to pour itself out Lam. 2, 12; fig. Job 30, 16 upon me my soul צַלֵּר הְשִׁהַפַּהָ נַמְשִׁר pours itself out i. e. I break forth in abundant complaints, cf. Prov. 14, 10. Hence

קוֹשָׁשָׁ (r. שָׁשָׁר) m. a place for pouring or casting out, of ashes, hence deposit or heap, only in שָׁשָׁר the heap of fat-ashes Lev. 4, 12.

الإجرة (r. إلا التحقيق) f. the urethra or penis, the privy member of a male, only Deut. 23, 2.

דָשָׁפָל , inf. שָׁפָל Ecc. 12, 4) prob. akin to אמל נפל נפל נול II, Arab. سفل, to fall or sink down, to be low, to be laid low, of trees Is. 10, 33, a mountain ls. 40, 4, a city Is. 32, 19; fig. to be humbled, of proud men Is. 2, 9; to be weak or faint, of a sound Ecc. 12, 4. --- Hiph. דְּשָׁשָּרל 1) to lay low, to fell, a tree Ez. 17, 24; to level, a city Is. 26, 5; fig. to humiliate Job 40, 11. 2) intrans. to get low, to descend Is. 57, 9; ידינפילו and get ye down ! sit ! i. e. sit ye low Jer. 13, 18; to condescend, part. w. parag. (see Gram. § 90, 3, a) הַאַלָשׁפּרלָר who condescends Ps. 113, 6. ---- Akin



to Syr. معكى, معكر, Arab. أَنْفَلَ, perh. also to ταπεινός.

לבע Chald. adj. m. low or humble Dan. 4, 14.

לשָּעָלים (כ. לאַשָּלי, pl. שְׁאָדָע) adj. m., ראָשָען (כ. ראַשָּעי) f. low, of a tree, vine Ez. 17, 6; depressed, of a spot in the skin Lev. 13, 20; fig. humble Is. 57, 15, ראָשָען lowly in spirit Prov. 29, 23, ראָשָען (prob. for fem. ראָשָען) the low i. e. what is low Ez. 21, 31; base Mal. 2, 9; r. לשַעָן.

לשָׁעָלָנוּ (w. suf. שָׁשָלָנוּ ד. אַשָּשָׁ) m. lowness, low estate Ecc. 10,6; שָׁבְּשָׁקַלַנּי שָׁגַיּשָׁקַלַני who was mindful of us in our low estate Ps. 136, 23.

קרָ (r. אַשָּׁשָׁ) f. lowness, fig. state of depression, only Is. 32, 19.

וֹשָׁבָּלָה (r. נשָׁשָׁ) f. low-country or lowlands as opp. to mountains, w. art. אַשְׁמָלָה the lowlands, the plain along the Mediterranean from Joppa southward to Gaza Josh. 11, 16; ή Σέφηλα 1 Maccab. 12, 38.

עַקלית (r. שַׁקַלית) f. a sinking down, שְׁקְלָאָת יִדְיָם the hanging down of the hands i. e. slothfulness, only Ecc. 10, 18.

(obs.) perh. akin to שָשָׁ II (of. שָׁשָׁ = הָשָׁשָׁ II), to be bare or bald; hence

ם אָשָׁשָ pr. n. m. (perh. bald, r. דַּשָּׁשָׁ) 1 Ch. 5, 12.

שָׁשָׁש pr. n. (perh. bareness, r. שָּשָׂש) of a place near Biblah in the northeast of Palestine Num. 34, 10, 11; hence perh. gentil. n. אָשְׁרָי Shiphmite 1 Ch. 27, 27.

DĘŲ (w. suf. izęv) m. prop. pertaining to the lip, then beard or mustachio Lev. 13, 45, 2 Sam. 19, 25. --- Prob. akin to $\neg \neg \neg \neg \neg$ (*lip*) w. adj. ending $\neg \neg$, of. $\neg \neg \neg \neg$ from r. $\neg \neg \neg \neg$ = >> 1.

רובלות pr. n. (perh. bare places, r. בקלי of a place in the south of Judah 1 Sam. 30, 28.

אָשָׁן (obs.) akin to שָּׁשָן, שָּׁבָ, שָּׁבָ, to cover or hide; prob. hence

שָׁשָּׁיָם m. (pl. אָשַׁיָּהָשָׁ, of. אָשָׁשָּׁיָ; r. אָשָׁשָ II) m. i. q. Arab. אָשָׁשָ, a sort of marmot, hyrax Syriacus Lev. 11, 5, Prov. 30, 26, but Jewish tradition makes it a sort of rabbit, a cony. 2) pr. n. m. Jer. 36, 10.

נשָׁעָן (only pass. part. pl. c. ישָׁעָן skin to אָשָן, גָסוּנָ, to cover, hide, only in אַשָּרַי קָסוּנָי דוול of the treasures of the sand, perh. glass Deut. 83, 19.

تعبّ, akin to ביז, to overflow, to abound; hence

שַׁשָּׁשָ (r. שַּבָּשָׂ) m. abundance, only Deut. 33, 19.

「又見近 (r. SD说) f. overflow, hence multitude, of waters Job 22, 11, of men 2 K. 9, 17, of camels Is. 60, 6, of horses Ez. 26, 10.

كَتِكْ pr. n. m. (affluent, r. كَعَنْ) 1 Ch. 4, 37.

גערן (obs.) perh. akin to איש I, to wound, or mimet. akin to אַפַר געַקר, געַקע to hiss; hence שָׁקרפוֹן.

الإيران المراجع I (fut. pipipi) i. q. Arab. تواجع (مَعَلَقَ I, to strike or clap, pipipi

שלימי קפרמי א פּלימי א א פּלימי קפרמי פּרמי at him Job 27, 23. — Hiph. to strike hands in covenanting, w. ק Is. 2, 6.

ר (fut. אָשָׁשָׁי) i. q. אָשָּטָ II (fut. אָשָׁשָׁי) i. q. אָשָטָ II, Syr. באבא, prob. akin to אָשָּטָ to overflow, to abound, fig. to suffice for, w. ל 1 K. 20, 10.

più (r. più I) m. a blow or stroke, only Job 86, 18.

קרי (obs.) perh. akin to קרי II, אין II, to be capacious, to hold; hence prob. קראָ:

Byr. (לשפר Chald. (fut. שבי) i. q. Syr. לס be clear, bright or fair, fig. to be pleasing or agreeable to, w. אבין בים, צו.

שותר see שותר.

שָׁשָר (r. שָׁשָר) m. 1) brightness, fig. agreeableness, charm, אַכְרַישָׁשָר agreeable words Gen. 49, 21. 2) pr. n. of a mountain in Arabia Num. 33, 23.

קרָרָה (r. שָׁשָרָר) f. 1) brightness, קרוחוֹ שָׁשָרָם אָסָרָ Job 26, 13 by his spirit the heavens are brightness i. e. are made bright. 2) pr. n. f. Ex. 1, 15.

שְׁתַּרָדר (r. שְּשָׁת) m. splendour, adornment, of a throne Jer. 43, 10 Q'ri, שַׁתָּרָדר K'thibh.

רְשַרְשַרְשַׁרְ Chald. (def. אָשָׁרָשָׁרְשׁ) m. i. q. Syr. גָאָבּג, *the dawn* Dan. 6, 20; r. קשל.

רָשָׁשָׁר (fut. רְשָׁשֹׁר) prob. akin to

אָשָׁרָאית obs. sing. for pl. c. אַשָּׁרָא lips, see שָׁבָר

שוּזָים (r. דְּשָׁשָ: only dual, from obs. sing. דְשָׁשָ, cf. קַשָּרָם m. 1) prob. two-pronged hooks or pegs, to suspend the victims on Ez. 40, 43. 2) double-enclosure, folds or pens, שַרָב בֵּיך שְׁשָׁבָים the folds i. e. to lead a quiet pastoral life Ps. 68, 14, cf. בַיק שִׁשְׁבִים 49, 14, Judg. 5, 16.

אַצָּא Chald., see אַזָּי.

도 또 및 (obs.) akin to 기가, fo overflow; hence

নিইট্র (r. নৃষ্ট্র) m. overflow, নৃষ্ট্র নুষ্ট্র an outburst of anger Is. 54, 8, cf. নুষ্ট্র দ্রুত্র Prov. 27, 4.

pu Chald. (pl. w. suf. بنجابت) m. i. q. Heb. pit, the leg, from the knee down Dan. 2, 33.

עָשָׁרָים (w. suf. ישָׁשָׁ, pl. שָּׁשָׁ, w. suf. בישָׁרָים; r. ppψ) m. 1) sacking, sackcloth, a coarse stuff worn in mourning Est. 4, 2. 2) a sack for grain Gen. 42, 25. --- Cf. σάχχος, σάγος, L. saccus, sagum, G. and E. sack, W. sāch, Gael. sac.

I (fut. أَعْضَا) prob. akin to تَعْتَى الله to lie in wait, to lurk, w. by Jer. 5, 6. 2) to be wakeful Ps. 102, 8; to keep watch Ps. 127, 1, w. by of post Prov. 8, 84; fig. to care for, w. by Jer. 1, 12; part. المناطق watchers for mischief Is. 29, 20.

ער אין דער (Qal obs.) denom. of דער almond tree, only in - Pu. דער to be shaped like an almond, part. דעי almond-shaped Ex. 25, 83.

ער (Qal obs.) akin to ppi, קר (Qal obs.) akin to ppi, קר, אנד (Qal obs.) akin to ppi, to bind. — Niph. to be bound, made fast, only Lam. 1, 14, where some texts read אין.

לקרים (pl. אַקריים, r. דַשָּׁן) m. 1) the almond-tree Jer. 1, 11, prob. so called for its early blossom, as being the first of the trees to wake from the sleep of winter. 2) the almond fruit Gen. 43, 11, Num. 17, 23.

(Qal obs.) prob. akin to נקער=פּעַת I (cf. וּשָׁרָה פּעָר) i. q. שֶׁהַת (cf. $\pi \eta = \pi p \eta$, L. quis = $\tau i \varsigma$) to drink. — Niph. Tree to be drunk up, absorbed, (כָּלָּש) and it all (בָּשָׁקָה כָּיאוֹר כְּצָרְיָם shall be absorbed like the river of Egypt i. e. as the annual Nile-flood was drunk up by the soil Am. 8, 8. - Pu. to be made to drink, hence to be moistened, of the marrow Job 21, 24. – Hiph. השקה (fut. רשקה, apoc. בְּשָׁק, part. בְשָׁק Hab. 2, 15) to let drink, give to drink Gen. 21, 19, w. acc., ד, פר, of what is drunk Gen. 19, 32, Cant. 8, 2, Ps. 80, 6, also w. p of vessel Est. 1, 7; to water cattle Gen. 24, 14; to irrigate the ground Gen. 2, 6; וִדְּשָׁקֵיתָ בְרַגְלָך thou didst irrigate with thy foot, i. e. by turning a water-wheel with the foot, Deut. 11, 10.

שְׁקָרָי, ד. שְׁקָרָי, ד. שְׁקָרָי, ד. שְׁקָרָי m. drink, only in יֵשְׁרָי בְּכָרִי כְּכָרָקִרִי my drinks have I mixed up with weeping, i. e. my tears have mingled in my drink Ps. 102, 10.

לשְׁשְׁשָׁן (pl. w. suf. ישִׁקּרַיַ: r. װשָׁשָן); m. 1) drink Hos. 2, 7. 2) moisture Prov. 8, 8.

שָׁקָצִים שָׁקָאָים (pl. שָׁקָצִים, שָׁקָדָים, r. שָׁקָצִים m. an abomination, said of unclean garments Nah. 3, 6, of idolofferings Zech. 9, 7; esp. an idol 1 K. 11, 5.

ወይሢ (r. පይත) m. quiet, only 1 Ch. 22, 9.

ער (fut. אָשָׁקָלָי, w. ו cons. אָשָׁקָלָי, Ezr. 8, 25 but וּאָשָׁקָלָי ג'thibh, אָשָׁקָלָי, Jer. 82, 9 as if from אָשָׁקָל, i. q. Aram. אָבָא, אָבָ אראם, ג'ל, prop. to lift or poise, hence to weigh 2 Sam. 14, 26; part. אָבָש a weigher i. e. a receiver of tribute Is. 33, 18; fig. to lift or tribute Is. 33, 18; fig. to examine or try (cf. דע) Job 31, 6. — Niph. to be weighed Ezr. 8, 33; fig. to be pondered, estimated Job 6, 2. — Prob. akin to אָבָן I w. preform. שׁ (see p. 608); cf. L. pondus from pendo, E. heft akin to heave. Hence

שלים (in p. לדָשָׁי, pl. שֹׁשָׁרָם, כ ישׁבָּיָשָ, c. ישׁבָּיָשָ, c. ישׁבָּיָשָ, c. ישׁבָּיָשָ, corns, as the Rabbins teach, or nearly ³/₄ ounce, judging from extant Maccabæan shekels; used in weighing metals, etc. Ex. 38, 24, Ez. 4, 10. Esp. used of silver money or coin, weighed and perh. stamped for currency, בעבילים silver-shekel Gen. 23, 15. 16, also without ביש בי in 2 K. 7, 1, Am. 8, 5, at times בעם אלים אילים אילים אילים.

sand (shekels) of silver Gen. 29, 16, see Gram. § 120, 4, Rem. 2. The bpd as a coin was worth about 2s. d., if we may judge from the weight of some specimens, which date from Maccabean times. ----. Hence σίγλος, σίχλος.

to be firm or hard; perh. akin to 173,

אַקָּרָים (only pl. שַּקָּדָים, w. suf. איקרים Ps. 78, 47) f. sycamore-tree 1 K. 10, 27, resembling the mulberry-tree and yielding figlike fruit, which only the poorest used, as it was difficult to digest Am. 7, 14. ----Hence συχόμορος, συχάμινος.

JPU (fut. SPU) to sink down, of a fire Num. 11, 2; to subside, of water, fig. of depopulation Am. 9, 5, to be submerged Jer. 51, 64. — Hiph. to cause to subside Ez. 82, 14; to press or fasten down Job 40, 25.

or depressions in plaster Lev. 14, 37, Sept. xoiláôsc. --- Prob. akin to r. אָרָר (to sink) w. preform. לו (see p. 608) and reduplication as in אָרָעָי cf. Gram. § 84, 32.

געַס (obs.) perh. akin to געָס (obs.) perh. akin to געָס, to bind or fasten, to support; hence בעשקים, בשטקים.

(Qal obs.) perh. akin to דוד (Qal obs.) perh. akin to דוד (which see), to bend or stoop in order to observe (cf. παραχύπτω, προχύπτω), hence to look. — Niph. דוד to look forth Cant. 6, 10; to look down, w. או Ps. 85, 12; to look out קיד רוד ביר ווווע 5, 28; to be visible or conspicuous, of a mountain Num. 21, 20; fig. Tipe calamity appears from the north Jer. 6, 1. — Hiph. το look Gen. 26, 8, 2 Sam. 24, 20. — Cf. σχέπ-τομαι, σχοπή, Ε. scope.

קרָשָׁ (r. קרָשָ) m. a support, esp. a beam (cf. קפויס), only 1 K. 7, 5.

שִׁשָּרָשִׁ (only plur., r. קביש) m. supports, bars, אַשְׁמִרם אָשָׁמָרם windows of closed (i. e. fixed) bars i. e. lattice work 1 K. 6, 4.

עובע (Qal obs.) prob. akin to די, איזף I (see on preform. ש, p. 608), to loathe. — Pi. דיין 1) to loathe Lev. 11, 11, Deut. 7, 26; to reject or disregard, איז עברי ענריו not contemned, the lowliness of the humble Ps. 22, 25. 2) to make loathsome, w. בערי 11, 43. Hence

ירשָׁשָׁ m. prop. a loathing, hence an abomination or abominable thing, esp. relating to idolatry Lev. 11, 10; קים שקר ביא 7, 21 where some texts read ישָׁשָ reptiles instead of ישָשָ

אָשרץ, 200 אישרי,

(fut. pix.) prob. akin to prov II, to rum, to move nimbly, as locusts Joel 2, 9; to roam for prey, of a bear Prov. 28, 15; fig. to seek after or crave Ps. 107, 9, Is. 29, 8. — Hithpalp. proprint to rum or bound along, of chariots Nah. 2, 5. Hence prop.

PPU (obs.) prob. akin to ppj III, to knit together, to weave; hence prob. pw.

רְשָׁקֹר (fut. רְשָׁקֹר) prob. akin to שָׁכָל, to plait or weave, hence fig. to fabricate or lie (cf. E. to plat, whence to plot) to be false, w. 5 Gen. 21, 23. - Pi. 1) to

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He 1 Sam. 15, 29, w. **p** of pers. Lev. 19, 11. 2) to be false Is. 63, 8, w. **p** of thing Ps. 44, 18; 89, 34.

(Qal obs.) perh. akin to (Qal obs.) perh. akin to cause to glance, only in — Pi. to cause to glance, said of voluptuous females, only in בינים causing the eyes to flash Is. 8, 16.

שָׁקָרִיהָם (pl. שָׁקָרָים, w. suf. שָׁקָרִיהָם Jer. 23, 32; r. קשָר m. 1) a lie or falsehood Ps. 52, 5; קשָקר, לַשֵּׁקָר, גַשָּׁקָר, גַשָּׁקָר as adv. falsely Lev. 5, 24, Jer. 5, 81. 2) deceit or fraud Jer. 6, 13; לָקָם שֶׁר bread of fraud i. e. got by cheating Prov. 20, 17. 3) a deception Ps. 33, 17; as adv. in vain Ps. 38, 20, so too בָּשַׁקָר 1 Sam. 25, 21.

רקש (pl. c. רְשָׁרָהוֹם Gen. 30, 38, as if from sing. רְשָׁשָ, r. השָשָׁן f. a drinking-trough Gen. 24, 20.

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(only pl. שָׁרוֹת, w. – firm; r. ישָׁרוֹהֵרָה IV) m. walls, only in שָׁרוֹהֵרָה her walls Jer. 5, 10.

שׁרָן, ד. 16, 4, שָׁרָן, לאָרָן, Cant. 7, 3, cf. דָּרָר דָרָשָׁרָן, r. Cant. 7, 3, cf. דַרָּרָי from דַרָּרָי, r. שׁרָרָ m. prop. tie or band, hence 1) sinew, muscle, collect. sinews Prov. 3, 8. 2) i. q. Syr בָּרָ, Arab. בּיָר, navel-cord Ez. 16, 4; belly Cant. 7, 3.

שׁר (w. suf. שִׁרָם, pl. שִׁרָם, c. ישָׁרָים (w. suf. שִׁרָם, pl. שִׁרָים, c. ישָׁרָי, r. ישָׁרָי, m. 1) master, head or chief 1 Sam. 22, 2; שׁרָאָשָׁרָם the ad of the bakers, chief baker Gen. 40, 2; שׁרָ שָׁרָי שָׁרָ שׁׁרָ שָׁרָ שָׁרָ לוּ לוּ לוּ שָׁרָי שָׁרָ לוּ לוּ לוּ שָׁרָי commander, a captain 2 K. 1, 9. 2) a noble or prince 1 Sam. 29, 3; 3) a noble or prince 1 Sam. 29, 3; 3) a noble or prince 1 Sam. 29, 3; 3) a noble or prince 1 Sam. 29, 3; 3) a noble or prince 1 Sam. 29, 3; 3) a noble or prince 1 Sam. 29, 3; 3) a noble or prince 1 Sam. 29, 3; 3) a noble or prince 1 Sam. 29, 3; 3) a noble or prince 1 Sam. 29, 3; 3) a noble or prince 1 Sam. 29, 3; 4) a noble or prince 1 Sam. 20, 3; 4) a noble or prince 1 Sam. 20, 3; 4) a noble or prince 1 Sam. 20, 3; 4) a noble or prince 1 Sam. 20, 3; 4) a noble or prince 1 Sam. 20, 3; 4) a noble or prince 1 Sam. 20, 3; 4) a noble or prince 1 Sam. 20, 3; 4) a noble or prince 1 Sam. 20, 3; 4) a noble or prince 1 Sam. 20, 3; 5) a noble or prince 1 Sam. 20, 3; 5) a noble or prin Chald. i. q. Syr. i. (Dan. 2, 22) Chald. i. q. Syr. i. (part. pl. <u>γ. φ</u>, inf. κ. φ. φ.). 1) to be loose, unbound Dan. 3, 25. 2) trans. to untie or solve Dan. 5, 16; to unpack baggage, as travellers do at night, then to sojourn or dwell (cf. χατάλυμα Luke 2, 7), Ν. φ. μ. φ. φ. φ. α and the light dwells with him Dan. 2, 22 (cf. 1 John. 1, 5). — Pa. 1) to untie or solve Dan. 5, 12. 2) to open up, fig. to begin Ezr. 5, 2. — Ithpa. to be unbound, fig. te be relaxed Dan. 5, 6.

ביש (obs.) i. q. Aram. אין (obs.) i. q. Aram. ביש, skin to קייב, to be hot.

קרָדָ m. 1) heat Is. 49, 10. 2) i. q. Arab. העֹדָר the mirage, איער דישָרָב and the mirage (the mere semblance of water) shall become a pool (of real water) Is. 35, 7; r. אַנָּ

קרָרָדָ pr. n. m. (heat of דְּיָ) Ezr. 8, 18.

יר אַרָבָים (for שַׁבָּמִים i. q. שַּבְשָׁ א. ד inserted) m. sceptre Est. 4, 11.

(Qal obs.) i. q. Aram. جَتِد, , مَتَجَة, مَعْلَمَة, مَعْلَمَة, مَعْلَمَة, مَعْلَمَة, مُعْلَمَة, مُعْلَمَة, مُعْلَمَة, مُعْلَمَة, مُعْلَمَة, bind together, to weave. — Pa. (fut. pl. in pause مَعْلَمَة مُعْلَمَة مُعْلَمَة مُعْلَمَة pl. in pause مَعْلَمَة مُعْلَمَة مُعْلَمَة pl. in pause مُعْلَمَة مُعْلَمَة مُعْلَمَة مُعْلَمَة pl. in pause مُعْلَمَة مُعْلَمَة مُعْلَمَة مُعْلَمَة pl. in pause مُعْلَمَة pl. in pause مُعْلَمَة مُعْلَمًا مُعْلَمَة مُعْلَمَة مُعْلَمَة مُعْلَمًا مُعْلَمَة مُعْلَمَة مُعْلَمًا مُعْلَمَة مُعْلَمَة مُعْلَ

to flee, فَحَرَدَ , to flee, فَحَرَدَ , to flee, escape Josh. 10, 20; hence بين Prob. mimet. akin to بين

فتر

(r. קוֹדָע I) m. i. q. Arab. , a coat of mail, then mail-cloth, name of a stuff used for the curtains of the Tabernacle Ex. 81, 10; cf. Chald. קוֹדָע curtains so called perh. from קוֹדָע (sieve), as resembling a sieve in texture.

קיר (r. קיד I) m. i. q. Arab. سَرِيد, an awl, a stylus or graver, only Is. 44, 13.

I (fut. w. suf. לְשָׁרְהַשׁ) i. q. Chald. אָשָׁרָשׁ, to set free, to send forth or discharge, of thunder Job 37, 8. – Pi. שִׁרָשׁ to set free Jer. 15, 11 Q'ri.

II (obs.) akin to זְרֵר II, זְרֵר II (obs.) גווי זָרָ II, שָׁרָר שָׁרָ אָרָי שָׁרָר שָׁרָר שָׁרָי שָׁרָי שָׁרָי interweave; hence שִׁרְיָן שִׁרְיֹן שִׁרְיֹן

(only pl. שָׁרָוֹת w. -- firm; אַיָּרְיוֹת II) 1) f. bands or caravans היא אָרָירָק אַרְיּרָיִרָדָ are thy caravans i. e. thy merchants come by ship and not over-land Ez. 27, 25. 2) i. q. שורי שנרות walls Jer. 5, 10.

דעיד prob. akin to עוד III, 1) to strive with, w. איז סי סי פעם Gen. 32, 29, Hos. 12, 4. 2) to rule, hence בעשרי.

ער (fem. of שָׁרָד, ד. ישָׁר, 1) lady Judg. 5, 29; princess Is. 49, 23. 2) pr. n. f. (princess) Sarah, the wife of Abraham Gen. 18, 6; see יקע.

(שָׁרָרוֹ (only pl. דִירוֹת; r. שָׁרָרוֹ) f. chains, esp. bracelets, only Is. 3, 19. ---- Of. σεφά, L. series, G. seil, Ir. siolan.

ארדה pr. n. m. (branch or tendril, r. שרדה) Gen. 11, 20. of a place in Simeon Josh. 19, 6; perh. from obs. r. אָשָׁרָשָׁן akin to אָבָעָרָעָן w. format. ending --, see p. 890.

ערוף (r. שָׁרָה) m. i. q. Arab. געוש, a thong or strap for fastening, גער shoe-katchet Is. 5, 27; as emblem of what is of small value Gen. 14, 28.

קשרון pr. n. (prob. for הָשָׁרוֹן a plain, always with art. as אָדָשָׁרוּן r. הָשָׁרון Sharon, the Mediterranean sea-board, from Carmel to Joppa, celebrated for its fertility Josh. 12, 18, Is. 33, 9; השרין לא לא Sharon lily Cant. 2, 1; gentil. שֶׁרוֹנִי a Sharonite 1 Ch. 27, 29.

וֹשָרוֹקָוֹז (r. שָׁרָשָ) f. a hissing, only pl. אָראָלוּת in K'thibh of Jer. 18, 16.

שָׁרֹק אַרוּמָרָד, אַרוּמָרָד.

ערורה (r. ישרורה I) f. i. q. Chald. לשריה *beginning*, only Jer. 15, 11 in K'thibh.

שִׁרָת pr. n. f. (abundance, r. שֶׁרָת = שֶׁרָת I) Gen. 46, 17.

נְשָׂרָשׁ (fut. רְשָׁרֹם) prob. akin to קֹשְׁרָ I, Arab. גֹעֹל , to cut, to lacerate the flesh in token of mourning Lev. 21, 5. — Niph. to cut oneself, to be lacerated Zech. 12, 3. Hence

שרט m. a cut or gash, only Lev. 19, 28.

י שִׁרְיָזָד 1 Ch. 27, 29, in Q'ri, see שִׁאַרַר

געוֹרָשָׁר i. q. שִׁיָשָ, a cut or incision Lev. 21, 5; r. שִׁיָשָ.

שָׁרָשָׁ pr. n. m. (prob. free, r. דְשָׁרָ). Ezr. 10, 40.

ישָׁר n. f. (prob. contentious, r. ישׁר גענים ג

Gen. 11, 29, afterwards exchanged for אָדָ Sarah (princess) Gen. 17, 15.

שְׁרָידָי (pl. שָׁרָידָי c. יַשְׁרָידָי שָׁרָידָי II) m. 1) a fugitive or escaped one Jer. 31,2; collect. survivors Judg. 5, 13. 2) remainder, of things Job 20, 21. 3) pr. n. (survivor) of a town in Zebulon Josh. 19, 10.

עריה (r. שָׁרָה II) f. a coat of mail, cuirass Job 41, 18.

אָרָרָהָ (שְׁרָרָהָ (שְׁרָרָהָ) pr. n. m. (perh. warrior of יייי) 2 Sam. 8, 17, Jer. 36, 26; see also אָיָשָ 2 Sam. 20, 25, אשיש ג K. 4, 4, שִׁישָׁא 1 Ch. 18, 16, all of which pr. names are used of שְׁרָיָה שֶׁרְיָה mentioned 2 Sam. 8, 17.

שְׁרְדֹּרָז שִׁיָרְדֹּרָ II) m. 1) (pl. שִׁרְדֹּרָן Neh. 4, 10, שִׁרְדֹּרָז 2 Ch. 26, 14) i. q. Syr. ב. מ coat of mail, a cuirass 1 Sam. 17, 5. 2) pr. n. of Mount Hermon among the Zidonians Deut. 3, 9, Ps. 29, 6. The name means coat of mail or breast plate, prob. for some fancied resemblance (see קָשָׁרָר, cf. θώραξ pr. n. of a mountain near Magnesia).

שריון Deut. 3, 9 in some texts, see שריון.

וֹדָרָן (r. שֶׁרָח II) m. coat of mail, corselet 1 K. 22, 34, Is. 59, 17.

(only pl. שִׁרִקָּה dj. m., שִׁרִקָה (only pl. שִׁרָקוֹיא *t. hackled*, combed, of flax Is. 19, 9; r. שְׁרֵע I.

שְׁרִיקָה, r. (שָׁרֵקָה, conly pl.) שְׁרָיקָה שְׁרִיקוֹת בָּיָרִיס, יָשְׁרִיקוֹת בָּיָרִיס, pipings of the herds i. e. of the shepherds Judg. 5, 16. 2) hissing in scorn Jer. 18, 16 Q'ri, but K'thibh שריקות.

שרָרך (only pl. a, שָׁרָרָד, r. שָׁרָרָד) m. akin to שׁ muscle or sinew, only in אונו בְּשָׁרְרַרַ כְּעָנוֹ his force is in the muscles of his belly Job 40, 16.

שְׁרָירוּת, שְׁרָירוּת (ד. ישָׁרָירוּת) f. i. q. Aram. אֹבָדֿיָס'גן, לאָדָירוּת, *firmness*, but only in a bad sense obstinacy, w. אַב stubbornness of heart Deut. 29, 18.

ו שוריה 1 Ch. 12, 38 for שוריה.

ישר (Qal obs.) akin to ישר, i. q. Arab. אָבָר to entangle. — Pi. to involve or complicate, שַבְרָח מַלָּה מַבְרָח מָלָה a swift dromedary tangling her ways, i. e. running in all directions in her sexual heat Jer. 2, 23.

ער (obs.) prob. akin to געדיב (which see), to be hot, parched or dry; hence

(only pl. שוֹרָהָ f. dry places, esp. untilled fields, only in K'thibh of Jer. 31, 40, where the Q'ri has שְׁרֵמוֹת as in 2 K. 23, 4, see שִׁרָמָיּ.

קרים pr. n. m. (perh. chief of eunuchs, fr. ישָׁר מוֹר מוֹר גוּיר גוּי

גָשָׁרָע (obs.) akin to Aram. שְׁרָע, to slide or slip; hence גַשְׁרָע.

יע ו. q. Arab. באז, to stretch out, part. איז שידע stretched out, long or lanky, of men Lev. 21, 18, of oattle Lev. 22, 23. – Hith. איז to stretch oneself out Is. 28, 20.

קוֹכָפּרים (only pl. שִׁרְפָּרים, i. q. בישִרָּט, i. grainserted; r. קוֹעָקר) m. thoughts, cares Ps. 94, 19; 139, 23.

עָרָעָ II (obs.) i. q. Arab. געל, to be lofty, fig. to be eminent, exalted; hence prob. אָרָע II.

דער און שור (only pl. שִׁרָפּר (וּשָׁרָפּ), איָנפּר (וּשָׁרָפּ), m. 1) akin to Arab. בּעָנשׁ exalted one, a noble, esp. an order of angelic beings, a Scraph Is. 6, 2; cf. שַׁ as applied to angelic natures in Dan. 10, 18. 2) pr. n. m. (noble) 1 Ch. 4, 22.

שרק (c. שרח ישר ישר ו) f. a burning Gen. 11, 3, Lev. 10, 6, esp. of spices at a funeral 2 Ch. 16, 14; conflagration Deut. 29, 22, ישר ישר mount of conflagration Jer. 51, 25, i. e. destined for burning or perhaps volcanic (cf. Apoc. 8, 8). (fut. (fut.)), perh. mimet. of the sound of a scratching or crawling motion, hence 1) to creep, to crawl about, of reptiles and other small animals Gen. 7, 21. 2) to move or stir with, of a land covered w. frogs Ex. 7, 28, of the sea swarming with fish Gen. 1, 20. 3) to swarm, of animals Gen. 8, 17, also of mankind Ex. 1, 7.

עָרָע (r. שָׁרָץ) m. i. q. Syr. (שָׁרָץ) collect. reptiles Gen. 7, 21; שָׁרָץ שָׁרְץ שׁרָץ winged reptiles going on all fours, i. e. prob. bats Lev. 11, 20. 2) smaller aquatic animals Gen. 1, 20, fully הַעָּרָק עָרָעָר

רְשָׁר (fut. רְשָׁר) mimet. akin to Chald. דְשָׁר (cf. σῦριγξ), אָדָר I (which see), to whistle, w. א Is. 5, 26; to hiss, in scorn 1 K. 9, 8; to hiss at, w. צַ Zeph. 2, 15; רְשָׁר עָלָר עָלָר אָדָר אָד רְשָׁר עָלָר אָד אָד אָד אָד אָד מוֹי אָד רָקָר אָדָרַקָר אָדָרַקר אָדָרַקר אָדָרַקר אָדָרַקר אָדָרַקר אָד

דערק I (obs.) akin to Talm. , to comb esp. flax, to hackle; hence אָרָק.

الإلكاني II (obs.) akin to Arab. *غرزي to be ruddy* or *reddish*, of horses, and of the dark grape; hence يوتين and

שרק (only pl. בּרְקִים, w. suf. שרוּקָרָק וושר, 1) adj. m. reddish, foxcoloured, of horses Zech. 1, 8. 2) subst. a red-grape vine Is. 16, 8.

שורק, שורק Jer. 2, 21 (r. דְשָׁרָק) m. 1) i. q. Arab. איר, איר, איר, redgrape vine, a superior kind Is. 5, 2, now called serki in Morocco. 2) pr. n. of a valley, Sorek, prob. so called for its choice vines bearing purple grapes, situated between Gaza and Ashkelon Judg. 16, 4.

לשְׁרָקָדָן (r. דְשָׁרָשָׁ) f. a hissing השׁים to set for a hissing i. e. an object of derision Jer. 19,8, cf. 29,18.

שוֹקָקָה f. i. q. שוֹבָקָה red-grape vine Gen. 49, 11.

(fut, ישָׁרָר) akin to שָׁרָר) ווו שּׁׁרָ שּׁׁרָם (fut, ישָׁרָה) akin to שָׁרָר ווו שּׁׁר to exercise lordship ווו שִׁירם יְשִׂרָם בָּיָר שׁיָרם אוווים אווים אווים אווים שיים אווים אווים אווים אווים שיים אווים שיר אווים שוֹר אווים אווים אווים אווים שוֹר אווים אוויים אוויים אוויים אווישיים אוויים אווייים אווייים אוויים אווייים אווייים אווייים אווייים אווייים אווייים אווייים אוויים אווייים אוויים אוויים אוויים אווייים
שְׁרָר pr. n. m. (firm, r. טְׁשָׁרָר) 2 Sam. 23, 33, but טָבָי in 1 Ch. 11, 35.

שררות אפר שררות.

ער אוח ו (obs.) prob. akin to שָּרָשָ (w. format. ending שָׁרָ, cf. גער אין, see p. 608), to bind, to fasten together; hence אָשָׁרָשָׁר, שָׁרָשָׁר,

ערשיריש וו (Qal obs.) denom. from שֹׁרָשׁ(root), akin to דָם, - Pi. שׁרַשׁ ו) to strike root in (w. ב) i. e. to pervade and fully possess Job 31, 12. 2) to root out (see Gram. § 52, 2, c), fig. to destroy utterly Ps. 52, 7. - Pu. שָׁרָשׁ to be rooted out Job 31, 8. --Po'cl (Gram. § 55, 1) שׁרֵשׁ to strike root deeply Is. 40, 24. -- Po'al שׁרָשׁ to be deeply rooted Jer. 12, 2. --Hiph. בערידי to cause to take root, הישריש שׁתוֹש roots Ps. 80, 10; fig.

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to get firmly established, as a tree well-rooted Is. 27, 6.

ערשי ערשי pr. n. m. (root, r. שִׁרָשׁ I) 1 Ch. 7, 16.

שרש (r. שוש; w. suf. שוּשָׁ, pl. שָׁרָשָׁיז (, c. שָׁרָשָׁי, w. suf. שָׁרָשִׁים) m. prop. a binding or fastening, hence 1) i. q. Syr. مَعَنِّهُمْ, Arab. شَرْسٌ, a root Job 30, 4; שָׁרָשִׁר שֶׁרָשׁי or 'שָׁ סו יָשָׁרָשׁים or יָשָׁ to send or strike out roots Jer. 17, 8, Hos. 14, 6; b to increase roots, i. e. to strike deeper and wider 2 K. 19, 30. 2) the lowest part, bottom, hence base of a mountain Job 28, 9, sole of the foot Job 13, 27, bed of the sea Job 36, 30. 3) basis or ground, קבר ground of the matter i. e. the cause of the controversy or the reason of Job's affliction Job 19, 28. 4) race or stock of animals Is. 14, 29, 5) abode of a people Judg. 5, 14. 6) sprout or shoot Is. 53, 2; שַׁרָשׁ שִׁרָשׁ sprout of Jesse, i. e. descendant of Jesse, fig. of Messiah Is. 11, 10 (cf. ρίζα Δαβίδ Apoc. 5, 5). --- Perh. akin to pila, L. rad-ix, W. gwraidh, F. racine, G. wurz, E. wort, root.

ערשט Chald. (only pl. w. suf. שׁרָשׁרָשׁרָ) m. i. q. Heb. root Dan. 4, 12. (שִׁרְשָׁרָ) (only pl. c. שִׁרְשָׁרָ); ד. בֹּ-שָׁרָן) f. akin to שִׁרְשָׁרָ, a small chain, only Ex. 28, 22.

שרטה (sh'röshú') Chald. f. an uprooting, fig. expulsion, only in K'thibh of Ezr. 7, 26.

שרשי Ezr. 7, 26 Q'ri, i. q. שרשי.

נְשָׁרְשָׁרְוּז (only pl. שִׁרְשָׁרָוּק, redupl. from r. שִׁרָשָׁרָ f. i. q. Aram. אָבָאָשָׁרָ אָבּאָשָׁרָ , Arab. אושעוד , *a chain* Ex. 28, 14.

(Qal obs.) prob. akin to (Qal obs.) קרו (Qal obs.) קרו (Object de terrer d

שַׁשָּׁר

(כָּרָ עָשָרָה, hence to do a bounden duty, to serve. — Pi. שְׁרָח (part. f. בְּשָׁרָה) וֹג גוּ בְּשָׁרָה, fut. w. ז cons. גוּ בָשָׁרָה) to attend or wait on, to serve, w. acc. Gen. 39, 4, w. אוויה אין אין prob. differs from אין as implying more dignity in the service, e. g. בָשָר וְשָׁרָה בָּבָר היא בָרָה לא רְצָר shall attend his brethren — but he shall not do servile work Num. 8, 26, cf. 1 K. 10, 5; esp. to minister to the Lord, w. ace. 1 Sam. 2, 11; once of idolatry Ez. 20, 32; absol. to minister Ex. 28, 43; part. m. בָּשָׁרָח. 29, 12.

שׁׁשָׁ I card. num. f., דְשָּׁשִׁ (o. דְשָׁשׁ) m. six Gen. 31, 41; i. q. Arab. Aram. דְשָׁ, אָבָּה. Cf. Sans. shash, Gr. ٤ξ, L. sex, G. sechs, E. six, Gael. se, W. hwech, chusch.

WÜ II (r. τ'AU) m. 1) i. q. Syr. **1** , white marble Est. 1, 6, Cant. 5, 15. 2) white cotton or linen (Sept. βύσσος) Ex. 26, 1; the cloth bandages on Egyptian mummies have been proved to be made of linen. This word is said to be the Egyptian <u>(U)FNC</u>.

געוש (Qal obs.) prob. akin to קיד, Chald. דָרָדָה, to go slowly, only in — Pi. אַפָּא to cause to walk, to lead on, only in שַׁפָא, to lead on, only in דְרָבָלָרְרָך שׁבָרַדְרָך וְשָׁפָאאיָד I will make thee turn again and will lead thee (Sept. xaθοδηγήσω σε) and bring thee up, only in Ez. 39, 2.

 אָשָׁשָׁעָ (Qal obs.) denom. of שׁנָּשׁ six, only in — Pi. to make into six, divide into six parts, only in הַשְׁשׁרָתָם and ye shall divide the ephak into six parts Ez. 45, 13.

ಗಾದಿದೆ, see ಧರ್ಷ

ाण्ड्यू, Is. 10, 13, see Po'el of

עַשוון (c. שָׁשָּׁין ד. שָׁשָּׁין) m. joy Ps. 119, 111; often with שִׁשָּׁין, Is. 35, 10 קשָׁקָדָרו רְשָׁיָבוּ joy and gladness; ישָׁשָׁר oil of joy, i. e. oil used on joyous occasions Ps. 45, 8.

تَسْتَنْ pr. n. m. (perh. pale, r. تُعْمَنْ) Ezr. 10, 40.

"변변 pr. n. m. (perh. clad in white, r. 변제) Num. 13, 22.

ΨΨ m. i. q. ψψ, cotton or linen (Sept. βύσσινα) Ez. 16, 13 K'thibh.

لَكُوْتُ ord. num. m., r., أَنْعُوْتُ f. sizth Gen. 1, 31; fem. as subst. sizth part Ez. 4, 11.

D'EU com. gend. sixty 2 K. 25, 19.

ועשבן: (obs.) perh. akin to איבן: to sink, fig. to be abased; perh. hence

שָׁשָׁ pr. n. (perh. abasement) of the city of Babylon Jer. 25, 26.

ם אָשָׁר Ps. 122, 4 for אָשָׁר פּאָר, see Gram. § 123, 1.

ם אַשָּׁש אָג 45, 1; 80, 1; 200 אָד

אַשָּׁרָה כָשָּׂר, דָשָׁיָר, m. sixteen 2 K. 13, 10.

ר. ה. ה. (perh. alertness, r. דָשָׁשָׁטָ 1 Ch. 8, 14.

مَكْتِ (obs.) prob. akin to Arab.

שׁשָׁשׁ (only in p. שְׁשָׁשָׁ: r. שִׁשָּׁשָׁ: אַשָּׁשָׁ: red-colour, vermilion Jer. 22, 14, Ez. 23, 14.

مَكْنَ (only pl. הَنْبَتَنَى; r. جَمَعَنَ) f. column, pillar, fig. a noble, a statesman Ps. 11, 3, Is. 19, 10; of. Arab. فعد pillar, fig. prince.

חשָׂ, חשָׁ Chald. i. q. Heb. שׁשָׂ, six Dan. 3, 1, Ezr. 6, 15; pl. שׁאָרן sixty Ezr. 6, 3.

אָקָעָ Chald., see הַשָּׁלָ.

וו (obs.) prob. akin to שָׁרָז to weave; hence שָׁרָז 2.

הקש, אקש Chald. (3 pl. perf. w. א prosthetic אליישרו Dan. 5, 3, part. שְׁתֵּדָן pl (שְׁתֵּדָן) to drink Dan. 5, 1, w. א of vessel Dan. 5, 2.

ער Is. 22, 13 for שׁרֹה inf. abs. Qal of r. אָשָׁרָד, cf. Gram. § 75, Rem. 2.

ארא Job 41, 17 for דאש, see איש; cf. Gram. § 23, 3.

ກິກີພູ້ Is. 22, 13 for ກກຜູ້ inf. abs. Qal of r. ກກຸຜູ້, see Gram. § 75, Rem. 2.

רְשָׁשָׁ m. 1) r. דְשָׁשָׁ I, a drinking, carousal, only Ecc. 10, 17. 2) r. דוקשָ II, the warp (Sept. כדוֹעשׁי); Lev. 13, 48.

וֹשָׁתִיּדָ (r. שְׁתָד I) f. i. q. שְׁתִיּד 1, a drinking, only Est. 1, 8.

שָׁתַרָם f. two, see שָׁתָּרָם.

שְׁתָּדֹן Chald. i. q. Heb. שָׁתָּדֹן, sixty Dan. 3, 1.

קרם, אָרָת prob. akin to דָשָׁ, הַרָם, דָּרָח אָשָׁרוּם, to close, part. שָׁרוּם, only in Num. 24, 3 אָשָרוּם דָשָּרָן שָׁרוּם man closed of eye i. e. with closed eyes, opp. to בַּבָּר שָׁרָבָ א ג'; but perh. (as in Sept., Targum and Syr.) it means opened of eye, for שׁשְׁשׁ in Chald. is to perforate.

hinder or exclude, only Lam. 3, 8.

(Qal obs.) akin to العار (which see) i. q. Syr. 2 (w. pref. v), see p. 608), to pour out, esp. to pass urine. — Hiph. المنابع to cause to pour forth, esp. to pass urine, to

make water, only part. בְּשְׁתִין only in the phrase מַשְׁתִין בְּקִיר making water against a wall, prob. said of the male sex 1 K. 14, 10. Some take it to mean a boy, or perh. a dog.

مدمد (fut. prop) i. q. Syr. مدمد , akin to توجن , to settle down, to lie still, to be hushed, of a stormy sea Ps. 107, 30, Jon. 1, 11; fig. also of strife Prov. 26, 20.

to burst or split. — Niph. to break forth, only in عيادت عيامي and hemorrhoids brake out for (i.e. upon) them 1 Sam. 5, 9. רשט pr. n. m. (Pers. שלו, a star) Est. 1, 14.

לאיני אווו אווידע אוויע א

Ω

Tāw, the 22nd .Heb. letter, but serving also as a numeral for 400 (Gram. § 5, Rem. 3). Its name rample (which see) prob. means mark or sign, esp. a cross (for marking or signature), which is clearly pictured in the oldest forms X, + (see the Table of Ancient Alphabets); hence the T of the Greeks (Taũ) and Romans. As rample its sound is aspirated, like th in thin or Gr. 0, but as rample(w. dagh. lene) hard, like t or Gr. τ ; see Gram. § 6, 3.

 (cf. $\beta \upsilon \theta \delta \varsigma = \beta \upsilon \sigma \sigma \delta \varsigma$, $d\gamma \alpha \theta \delta \varsigma = Dor.$ $d\gamma \alpha \sigma \delta \varsigma$); — 4 w. the breathings x and \neg (see Gram. § 23), e. g. $\neg \varsigma = \neg \varsigma \varsigma$, III $\varsigma \varsigma$, $\neg \varsigma = \neg \varsigma \varsigma$, III $\varsigma \varsigma$, $\neg \varsigma = \neg \varsigma \varsigma$, III $\varsigma \varsigma$, $\neg \varsigma = \neg \varsigma \varsigma$, III $\varsigma \varsigma$, $\neg \varsigma = \neg \varsigma \varsigma$, $\sigma = \neg = \neg \varsigma$, $\sigma = \neg \varsigma$, $\sigma = \neg = \neg \varsigma$, $\sigma = \neg = \neg$, $\sigma = \neg = \neg$

This often formative; — 1) as initial, in preformatives of the fut. tense (see Gram. § 47, 2), also prefixed to some verbs in Tiph'el to give them a causative or intensive force (= π in Hiph. and ψ in Shaph.), e. g. جَدِيرَ from $\bar{z}_{2,2}$, $\bar{$

as the fem. ending, e. g. שָׁאָ (Gram. § 66, 1), העָאָד, הַשָּאר, נספֿאָברית סוֹאָברית, הַשָּאר, הַשָּאר, נספֿאָברית (Gram. § 80, 2, b), also as הו—in inf. constr. of verbs ל"ה (Gram. § 75, 1) and in plur. of fem. nouns (Gram. § 87, 2).

ארָס (pl. הָאָרָם, c. זְאָאָה, w. suf. הָאָאָדו also pl. הָאָאָד Ez. 40, 12; r. הָאָד II) m. i. q. Aram. אָרָאָ a room, chamber 1 K. 14, 28.

געָדָא, דאָבָד, אָבָד, דאָגָד, Iakin to אָנָד, אָבָד, דאָג, I, i. q. Chald. אָאָד, to long for, w. אָ only Ps. 119, 40. 174.

ער (Qal obs.) akin to אָאָב אָקָאָר to abhor. – Pi. אָאָר to abominate, detest, only in הָאָד קרָאַר אָלָרָי קרָאַר אָליָר I utterly abhor the majesty of Jacob Am. 6, 8 (cf. עַלַנָאָרָי in next clause).

קאָבָה (r. אָבָה or קאָב I) f. desire or longing, only Ps. 119, 20.

ו (obs.) prob. akin to I (obs.) prob. akin to junce; hence אָאָד.

וו (Qal obs.) akin to אָרָאָדָן II (Qal obs.) akin to אָרָאָדָן III, דְיָאָרָ to mark out, to draw a line. — Pi. (fut. דְיָאָר הְיָאָא or mark out the borders of a district, אָרָא הָעָר קריך דְיָדֶר הְיָאָא לרא הָעָז לי לי לי היין אין לרא draw a line to the entrance of Hamath Num. 34, 8.

אָדָער Prov. 1, 22 for אָדָער, fut. Qal of r. אָדַר.

וֹתָאָד (r. דאָא I) m. i. q. אוֹה an antelope or gazelle, only Deut. 14, 5; so called prob. from its bright eyes or glancing looks, just as its Gr. name δορχάς comes from δέρχομαι.

ו קאָרָד I (r. אָיָד) f. 1) desire or longing Ps. 10. 3, 17; הַאָרָד to long a longing i. e. to have strong

desire Num. 11, 4; שָּרָל תַאָרָן food of longing i. e. dainty or tempting Job 33, 20. 2) charm or delight Gen. 49, 26, but see אָרָם דָסָרוֹ וּ הַאָרָם דָסָרוֹ kindliness Prov. 19, 22.

The f. a mark or boundary, perh. in Gen. 49, 26; where most prefer the sense charm or delight.

(only pl. האבירם, once האבירם, ניסארם (only pl. האביר, סוגי, לעארם Gen. 25, 24, c. האביבי, לאביר, 5; r. האביבי m. twins Gen. 38, 27. -----Hence שעוב i. e. Δίδυμος.

(only pl. הְאָנִים; r. לאוֹן; m. toil or effort, only Ez. 24, 12.

אָרָלֶדוּ Job 20, 26 prob. fut. Qal of אָלָאָ see p. 35.

אַלָה; r. אַאָלָח (w. suf. אַאָלָחָן; r. אַאָלָחן) f. a curse, only Lam. 3, 65.

مَعْنَى akin to bas, bas, has. آن, Aram. مَعْنَى مُنْ مَعْنَى مُعْنَى مُعْنَى مُعْنَى مُعْنَى مُعْنَى مُعْنَى to be twin, fig. to fit together, to match, of two boards Ex. 26, 24. — Hiph. to bear twins, only part. f. pl. הוארים Cant. 4, 2. - Perh. akin to Sans. dvi, δύω, δί-δυμος, G. zwei, zwilling, E. two, twain, twin. DNP, see DINP.

(only pl. c. אָאָמָד; r. אָאָדָ; m. twins, only Cant. 7, 4.

נסאני (obs.) prob. akin to או קנין II, הניח I, to reach or spread out, to expand; hence האַנָה

תאַנְרָה (w. suf. הַאָאָנָה, r. הַאָּנָד) (ע. suf. copulation, of the wild ass, only Jer. 2, 24.

(pl. אָאָרָם, w. – firm, w. suf. אָאָרָדָן, r. אָאָרָדָן, f. 1) a fig-tree Judg. 9, 10, prob. named from its broad leaves. 2) a fig. אַרָּרָק

tree Jer. 8, 18.

(for אָאָרָה; r. אָאָרָה; II) f. occasion, only Judg. 14, 4.

ואָדָרָ (r. אָדָ I) f. sorrow, wailing Is. 29, 2, Lam. 2, 5.

Ez. 24, 12, see ארים Ez. 24, 12, see

of shiloh, r. אָרָה pr. n. (perh. fig-tree of Shiloh, r. הארה) of a place on the borders of Ephraim Josh. 16, 6.

akin to THF I, TH, to go round, to compass or extend, of a boundary w. א whence, w. acc. or ד loc. whither Josh. 15, 9, 11. — Pi. to mark cut. delineate, א בפיר he marks it out with the graving tool Is. 44, 13. — Pu. to be extended, of a boundary line, only part. The second second second second second part. 19, 13. Hence

שארו (w. suf. ואארו להארן, לער קארו ליש, for הארו, for (הארן, figure, אין (fem. 'ה ויש) beautiful of form, of a handsome figure Gen. 39, 6; יפור מון of form, deformed Gen. 41, 19; esp. good form, comeliness, Jer. 11, 16, hence parallel to הרא סין ill s. 53, 2; איש האר man of figure, i. e. well-built or handsome 1 Sam. 16, 18, cf. L. formosus.

ארן Is. 52, 14 for הארי, see הארי.

דאָאָרָע pr. n. m. (perh. assembly, Chald. r. אָרָע to meet) 1 Ch. 8, 35, but אַרָע in 1 Ch. 9, 41; but see r. געיין

אשרר (r. אָשָׁר II) m. prob. the sherbin cedar Is. 41, 19.

אָאָרָד, Mic. 4, 8 for אָאָרָד, r. דיאָג, see Gram. § 68, 1, Rem.

אבה Prov. 1, 10 Chald. form for האבה, fut. Qal of r. אבה, see Gram. § 68, 2, Rem. and § 75, Rem. 17.

الحية المحية Ps. 45, 16 fut. 3 pl. f. Qal of r. Niz. קראיד Dent. 38, 16, also קראיד in K'thibh of 1 Sam. 25, 34, prob. mistakes for קרא (סר קראיד) and קראי in fut. Qal of איב.

Job 22, 21 prob. an error for הבואקה *thy revenue*, as in the ancient versions.

ו אבאר 1 Sam. 25, 34 in Q'ri, prob. for אָבָאָר = הָבָאָר, fut. Qal of אום.

ידעראיד, and akin to $\theta(\beta\eta, \theta\eta\beta\eta, \chi_{1})$ (c. אדביא. firm) f. a basket or chest, a vessel or ark, used only of Noah's ark Gen. 6, 14, and of the vessel of papyrus in which the infant Moses was exposed Ex. 2, 3. ---- The word is said to be Egyptian, in Coptic Θ **E 81**, Θ **H B1**, Arab. לא ידער איד אידער איד

pyrus (cf. אָבַל akin to r. אָבַל).

קבראות, חובראות, חובראות, יחבראות, י יינוראות, יינוראות, יחבראות, יחבראות, יחבראות, יחבראות, יחבראות, יחבראות, יובראות, יחבראות, יחבראות, יחבראות, י

or conception, only Hos. 13, 2.

תברנות (pl. הברנות; r. הברנות) f. 1) understanding, intelligence Prov. 2, 6; pl. איש הברנות man of ideas i. e. of large intelligence Prov. 11, 12, cf. Is. 40, 14. 2) a reason, pl. reasonings Job 32, 11. 3) skill in arts Ex. 36, 1.

down, fig. destruction, only 2 Ch. 22.7.

קבור pr. n. (prob. height i. q. (קבר ; perh. quarry, r. Chald. קבור; 1) of a mountain in Galilee Ps. 89, 13, fully קבור קבור Judg. 4, 6, now Jebel Tor. 2) of an oak-grove in Benjamin אלון קבור 1 Sam. 10, 3. 3) of a Levitical city in Zebulon 1 Ch. 6, 62.

זָבָה fut. apoc. Qal of r. הָבָה.

עבל (obs.) akin to יְבָל אָבָל I, יְבַל אָבָל, to flow, fig. to produce or yield; also to flow together or mingle, to be confounded; hence

רבל I or בבל I or בבל (כ. בבל : I or בבל I or בבל I or בבל) f. only poet. 1) the earth as productive and inhabited, the habitable land or globe (Sept. ή οίχουμένη) Is. 14, 17; קיקי לא בל ליקי ווגל ווא האטין ווא האטין ווא האטין earth Prov. 8, 31. 2) the world in general Ps. 77, 19, בכל אין earth and the world Ps. 90, 2; fig: the inhabitants of the world Ps. 9, 9. 3) hyperb. a nation, of Babylon Is. 13, 11, of Israel Is. 24, 4; cf. orbis Romanus. Syr.

קבל (r. בְּלַל, cf. הְדָבָל) m. confusion, profanation Lev. 18, 23.

הזובל, see הזובל.

קבלית (r. בָּלָה) f. a wasting away, destruction, only Is. 10, 25, where some texts have הַבְלִיח w. the same meaning.

וֹבָלָ (r. בָּלַג 1) m. prob. a running or watering, esp. blearness in the eyes, only Lev. 21, 20, where most prefer spot or blemish, Vulg. albugo (λεύχωμα), a cataract in the eye.

ן אָבָן (obs.) perh. akin to אָבָן I, to be hard or dry, of straw; perh. hence بَجَرَبَة (r. إَجَرَا) m. i. q. Aram. بَجَرَبَة , جَجَرَبَة straw Jer. 23, 28, as fodder Gen. 24, 25, as used in brick making Ex. 5, 7. --- Perh. from an obs. r. إجتاب akin to Arab. from an obs. r. إجتاب akin to Arab. to bruise or cut up, hence تَعَبَّ may well mean short straw, chaff.

קבן pr. n. m. (perh. strawy, r. קבן, cf. our 'man of straw') 1 K. 16, 21.

דְרָרָיח (r. דְּרָרָיח) f. 1) a building Ps. 144, 12. 2) model for a building Ex. 25, 9. 3) form or likeness Deut. 4, 16; בְּרָיח בָרָיח בַרָאָמער מָרָיד i. e. something like a hand Ez. 10, 8.

קבערה pr. n. (a burning, r. קבערה) of a place Num. 11, 3.

קבק pr. n. (brightness, r. רָבָר) of a place near Shechem Judg. 9, 50.

(obs.) prob. akin to בָּשָׁבֵּר) (obs.) קבר (obs.) קבר, to heap wp; hence prob. קבר.

להבר Chald. i. q. Heb. שָׁבָר, to break; part. pass. קבר broken, then fragile or brittle Dan. 2, 42.

, הְּנְבְּדְיְנָה Ez. 16, 50 for הִּנְבְּדְיָנָה, fut. Qal of נָּבָה, see Gram. § 47, Rem. 3.

קלדרך Job 19, 2 for אלגיד fut. Hiph. of יגָה, see Gram. § 75, Rem. 16.

אָבָל Is. 47, 3 (for אָבָּלָה) fut. apoc. Niph. of אָלָם, cf. Gram. § 75, Rem. 8.

קבורל (ר. אָסָב I) m. a benefit, only in אָנָמַרלוֹדִי his benefits Ps. 116, 12; see Gram. § 91, 2, Rem. 2.

וּבְרָדָ (r. בְּרָד I) f. strife or contention, fig. stroke or blow of the hand, only Ps. 39, 11.

ו רוברָבָד, ווברְבָד, (ז Ch. 1, 6) pr. n. (perh. bony i.e. rugged, cf. רובן) of a country situated in the north Gen. 10, 3, prob. Armenia, as the Armenians derive their race from Torgom.

ידְרָלָ (r. דְּרָעָ) m. prop. durableness, hence prob. the hard or holm oak, only Is. 41, 19; 60, 13.

Chald. (akin to Heb. r. דּוּרָיָא II) f. a circuit or period, then perpetuity, only in בָּדִרָיָא as adv. continually Dan. 6, 17.

וְקְוָבֵאָרָוֹרָ Is. 40, 25 for אָדָאָרי fut. Pi. of r. דְעָד II, cf. Gram. § 75, Rem. 13.

אָדָעָלך pr. n. (prob. for אָדָעָל abounding in palmtrees, akin to אָקָר, see r. אָקָר) *Tudmor*, a city built by Solomon on a fertile spot between Damascus and the Euphrates, afterwards known as the famous Παλμυρά, *Palmyra* i. e. palm-city 1 K. 9, 18; its ruins are still fine.

קוְדָעָל pr. n. m. (terribleness, r. קוֹדָעָל) Gen. 14, 1.

(obs.) akin to تغیر II, i. q. Chald. ابترت *to be waste* or *desolate;* hence

אות (prob. for אות:; r. אות:) m. akin to אות: 2, wasteness, wildness, said of the earth in a state of chaos Gen. 1, 2; a desert Deut. 32, 10; a desolation, בין הוא: city of desolation i. e. desolated city Is. 24, 10; fig. emptiness, vanity Is. 49, 4, concr. a vain or worthless thing Is. 41, 29; as adv. in vain Is. 45, 19.

(pl. הומית; r. הומית) com. gend. prop. a roaring, hence 1) the deep or ocean (Sept. ή ἄβυσσος) Gen. 8, 2, μμτία *the great deep* Gen. 7, 11. 2) flood, Ps. 42, 8 flood calleth unto flood i. e. one invites another forward; pl. waves or billows Ex. 15, 5, Is. 63, 18. 3) pl. water-depths, abysses Deut. 8, 7, Ps. 71, 20.

Al of קור Gram. § 75, Rem. 3, c.

תְּדִיקֶרָה Mic. 2, 12 for תְּדִיקֶרָה fut. Hiph. of הוים.

(obs.) prob. akin to المزار (مرقل (dob.), to err; prob. hence

וֹתָרָלָדוֹ (r. הָתָרָל) f. error, folly,

only Job 4, 18.

קובלה (pl. קובלה; r. לקובה) f. 1) praise 2 Ch. 20, 22. 2) hymn of praise Ps. 147, 1. 3) a praise, object or theme of praise Is. 62, 7.

(only pl. אַדָּלָרָרָה; r. אַדַּלָּרָנוּת) (only pl. אַדַּלָּרָרָה; r. (דְּלַרָ

קוול אָן אָל אָן אָן אָן אָן אָן אָן פֿר פֿאָן סין פֿר פֿאָן פֿר פֿר קעזיל פֿר פֿר קראַן סין סין סין סין סין סי perh. קוולעין אָן

(קומה: , ר. בּרּשָּׁכוֹת (only pl. בָּרָשָּׁכָרָז f. 1) perverseness Deut. 32, 20. 2) deceit Prov. 2, 12, וברָשָּכוֹת tongue of deceits Prov. 10, 31.

Job 13, 9, see Hiph. of וְתָרָעָלוּ II.

ר (w. suf. קוֹי, r. קוֹי, I) m. a mark esp. in the form of a cross Ez. 9, 4; esp. signature Job 31, 35. ---- Hence the name of the letter r, which, in its earliest form, represents a cross (see Table of Ancient Alphabets).

אזה m. i. q. אה (which see), an antelope or gazelle, only Is. 51, 20.

Chald. (fut. ירהב) i. q. Heb. שול, to return Dan. 4, 31. – Aph. יריב, ירירב (fut. יריב) to send back or return an answer Dan. 3,

16 w.2 acc. cf. Ezr. 5,11; Dan. 2, 14 to return counsel and wisdom i. e. to answer deliberately and wisely.

לוּבָל, דּוּבַל, דוּבַל, דָרָבָל, דָרָבָל, דָרָבָל, דָרָבָל, דָרָבָל, duction, r. (קבל, Tubal, the Tιβαρηνοί, a people in Asia Minor, west of Meshech Is. 66, 19, Gen. 10, 2.

קרבל קרן pr. n. m. (perh. the producer of sharp weapons, see דָרָרָ Gen. 4, 22.

ירָבְרָד (r. יָבָן) f. understanding, only Job 26, 12 K'thibh.

וּהָרָה (r. יְנָה I) f. grief Prov. 14, 13; fig.for a cause of grief Prov. 10, 1.

הֹנֵרְמָה, see הּוֹנֵרְמָה.

וֹדְרָדָה (c. אוֹדַה, pl. אוֹדָה; r. דְרָדָד, I) f. 1) confession Josh. 7, 19. 2) thanksgiving Ps. 26, 7. 3) fig. a choir of singers Neh. 12, 81.

ו (Qal obs.) akin to דְּלָהָ II (Qal obs.) akin to דְּלָהָ II, to mark, delineate. — Pi. רְיָהָו עַל -בְּלְחוֹת וְשָׁעַר, II, to mark, זְשָׁעָ and he (David) scribbled on the doors of the gate 1 Sam. 21, 14. — Hipb. to make a mark, און ווחדיריה האוויריה mark a mark on the foreheads of the men Ez. 9, 4. Hence which see.

וו (Qal obs.) i. q. Syr. ססב, to sorrow, to repent. — Hiph. to make sorrowful, אקרוט רשָּקר and the Holy One of Israel they grieved Ps. 78, 41; but it may perh. be they circumscribed or limited, as Hiph. of הָתָר

גַּתְּמָשׁה Chald. akin to Heb. אָתְמָשׁה, to be astonished Dan. 3, 24. ---- Perh. akin to Heb. אָאָד I (which see), טאמטעמו.

(obs.) i. q. Arab. نَعَنَى (obs.)

שאים, akin to איזה, שאים, so sink down, to be low; hence הזה and

ארת pr. n. m. (low, r. ארת) 1 Ch. 6, 19, for which רַתַר in 1 Ch. 6, 11, הוחק in 1 Sam. 1, 1.

רוֹוֹהָלָת (w. suf. הוֹדַאָלָתּי; r. יְדָעָל) f. expectation, hope Job 41, 1.

: (obs.) prob. akin to וַשְּהָן, to sink into, to be amidst something; prob. hence אָדכון and

וּקרָן (כ. אָשָרָי, w. suf. אָשָרָן, r. אָשָרָן m. the middle or midst, אַבָּשָרָי אָשָרָי middle Gen. 15, 10; אָבָערי אָשָרִיי עָשָרָי עָשָרָן אָשָרִין אָשָרָי אָשָרָין גערי in the middle of the house, i. e. within the house 1 K. 6, 19; also between, among אַבּרוּך between the waters Gen. 1, 6, אָדָרוּיָבָ among you Gen. 35, 2; אָרוּרָבָ from Ex. 33, 11; אָל-פּוּר אָשָׁר אָשָׁ midst of Num. 17, 12.

TPs. 72, 14, see Tr.

לבְחָרוֹ (r. יְבָח) f. chastisement Hos. 5, 9; pl. הוֹכַחוֹת Ps. 149, 7.

אוֹכָהָאָר (w. suf. אוֹכָהאָר, pl. הוֹכָחאָר, c. אוֹכָהוֹח; r. הוֹכָחוֹח, f. 1) a pleading or defence Job 13, 6. 2) argument or proof Job 23, 4, Ps. 38, 15. 3) remonstrance, appeal Hab. 2, 1. 4) admonition or reproof Prov. 1, 23; אוֹכָהוֹח בּוֹכָהוֹח בּוֹכָהוֹ הוֹכָהוֹח בּוֹכָהוֹ הַיָּגָר בּוֹכָה structions Prov. 6, 23. 5) correction or chastisement Ps. 73, 14, Ez. 25, 17.

אָבּרִים 2 Ch. 9, 21, see אִבּרִים.

קוֹלָך pr. n. (birth, r. רְּוֹלָן) of a place in Simeon 1 Ch. 4, 29, called also אָלְמוֹלַר Josh. 15, 30.

(only pl. אוֹלְרוֹח (אוֹלָרָה) (אוֹלָרָה) אוֹלָרָה (אַלָּרוֹח) f. prop. birth, then race or family, as connected by birth Num. 1, 20; אוֹלָרה book of births, i. e. family register Gen.

5, 1; family lineage or history Gen. 6, 9; in a fig. or wider sense, lineage or story of origin, as of the heavens and the earth Gen. 2, 4.

הדלון 500, הדלון.

(only pl. הוּלָלָים (III) m. prob. spoilers or oppressors, only in trob. spoilers or oppressors, only in trickers Ps. 187, 3, so the Targûm, Sept. מתמעמילינג ήμῶς, Vulg. abducentes nos; but perh. the word may come from r. לבל and so mean those that cause us to wail or howl.

וֹלָלָע (pl. הוֹלָעָדם; r. הוֹלָעָדם II) m. 1) a worm, prob. named from its rolling or wriggling (see on r. ילָע II) Ex. 16, 20; esp. the coccus worm or insect, coccus ilicis, hence 2) crimson colour, then crimson stuff or cloth Is. 1, 18, Lam. 4, 5; cf. E. vermilion from L. vermes = E. worm. 3) pr. n. m. Gen. 46, 13; patron. הוֹלָעִד Tolaite Num. 26, 23.

ווֹלַעָּר, ווּוֹלַעָר, וּרוֹלַעָר, הס pl; r. אוֹלָע II) f. i. q. אוֹלָע (which see) a worm, insect or maggot, as killing plants Jon. 4, 7, cf. Deut. 28, 39, as bred in putrefaction Is. 14, 11; fig. of an abased man Ps. 22, 7; אוֹל אוֹלָע crimson-worm Ex. 25, 4, רוֹלָע worm-crimson Lev. 14, 4.

Prov. 10, 9, see DR.

(Qal obs.) perh. akin to בַּקָם, but found only perh. in inf. Hiph. in Is. 33, 1 בַּקָר when thou ceasest; but see Hiph. of. בַּקָב

רברה Ps. 16, 5, for המקד, from r. המקד; see Gram. § 50, Bem. 1.

קאב Gen. 25, 24 twins, see קאב קאב Gen. 36, 15 K'thibh for קאביק.

אוֹצָבָה, pl. חוֹצָבָה, c. הוּצָבָה, pl. הוּצָבָה, c. הוּצָבה, r. (הִצָב f. an abomination or abhorrence Ex. 8, 22, Prov. 26, 25; esp. idolatry Deut. 7, 25, an idol Is. 44, 19.

קוֹעָה) f. 1) error, impiety Is. 32, 6. 2) mischief Neh. 4, 2.

וּשָּׁשָׁוּח (only pl. הוּשָּׁשָּׁוּה, c. הוּשַשָּׁוּה; r. הַשָּׁיָרָ f. prob. fatigues or labours, fig. forces or energies Num. 23, 22; הוּשָׁשָׁר of toilings, i. e. mined w. vast labour Job 22, 25; fig. treasures as got by toils, i. e. mines treasures of mountains, i. e. mines or precious ores Ps. 95, 4. --- Perh. השָׁשָׁר is akin to הָשָׁר (שָׁבָר, as Chald. שַּׁבָשָׁר, a sense suitable in each of the passages.

Fin, to spit out; prob. hence rip. 1.

Chald. קוֹני, (hearth), to bake, to burn; hence prob. קוֹני, 2, קוֹני, and קוֹני, hence prob. קוֹני, 2, קוֹני, and קוֹני, ---- Cf. Sans. tap (to burn), τύφω, θύω, L. tepeo, W. twymo.

NINYIF (only pl. c. rinyif); r. **NY**) f. 1) goings out, fig. escapes Ps. 68, 21. 2) outlets, hence gates Ez. 48, 30, fountains Prov. 4, 23; fig. issues or ends Josh. 15, 4.

(אורים , אור (w. suf. אור, pl. אור (אורים , pl. אור אור) m. 1) r. אור או *ו*, a turtle-dove Gen. 15, 9; as a term of endearment Ps. 74, 19. 2) r. אור אור *order* or turn Est. 2, 12; mode or style 1 Ch. 17, 17, cf. אורים in parall. 2 Sam. 7, 19; pl. אורים rows of beads, as part of female head-dress Cant. 1, 10.

ראור Chald. m. i. q. Heb. שוֹר, ozz, only pl. הורין oxen, cattle Dan. 4, 22, Ezr. 6, 9.

Job 89, יראר I (perh. fut. יראר Job 89, 8 for יראר, but see יראר ito אניתור ito ניתור II, to go round about

תּהַפּּילָה

hence to traffic, part. אַלָשָׁר תַּאָדָרָם men of the traffickers, i. e. merchants 2 Ch. 9, 14; to explore Num. 13, 16, Deut. 1, 33; fig. to investigate Ecc. 7, 25, to make observations respecting (גָרָ), by means of (גָ) Ecc. 1, 13; to go in the track of, w. אָרָער אָרָרָר Num. 15, 39. — Hiph. (fut. גָרָר) to cause to spy out Judg. 1, 23; to kad about or show the way, to guide Prov. 12, 26; w. double acc. in 2 Sam. 22, 33 the perfect his way (see Gram. § 72, Rem. 9), but comp. the better reading בית ווא גם אָרָיָרָר

Γ. II (obs.) prob. mimet. akin to Arab. 5, to sound tremulously, esp. to coo; hence πίτ 1. --- Cf. τρύζω, τρυ-γών, L. strideo, turtur, E. twire, trill, turtle.

ווו (obs.) prob. akin to דוו (obs.) III and דָבָרָ, to order or arrange; hence אוו ב.

(נַרַה, pl.חוֹרוֹה; r.הוֹרַה) f. prop. a pointing out, then 1) instruction, precept Job 22, 22; הוֹרָת the teaching or doctrine of mi. e. God's revelation Ps. 19,8. 2) a law Ex. 12, 49; הורח הזרח the law of the burnt-offering Lev. 6, 2; esp. in collect. sense of the body or code of laws given to Israel, Deut. 4,8 and what great nation is there, that has statutes and righteous judgments like all this law that החורה הזאת I am setting before you this day. hence מַקר הַהוֹרָה the law-book Deut. 28, 61, fully מַפָּר הוֹרָת משָׁה Josh. 8, 31, ס'ח' אלדים Josh. 24, 26, ס'ח' בחווח 2 Ch. 17, 9. 3) a manner or ראת הורה האדם custom, 2 Sam. 7, 19 this the manner of man! an exclamation of adoring gratitude for God's condescension.

للك (obs.) perh. akin to تعتبي. المجتب to push or thrust, esp. to butt; hence المجتب.

ראַרָשָׁבִים (w. suf. הוֹשָׁבִים, pl. הוֹשָׁבִים, c. הוֹשָׁבִים (w. – firm; r. רָשָׁבִי) m. a settler, רָשָׁב יבי בְּלָצָר, one of the settlers in Gilead 1 K. 17, 1; esp. a foreigner or an alien resident Lev. 25, 47; fig. of the righteous Ps. 39, 13.

רַשָּׁרָה, הַשָּׁערָה (r. רַשָּׁרָה) f. prop. what has substance or solidity, hence 1) strength or succour, הושיה מיחה (1) and has help (Sept. Bondsia) been driven from me i. e. am I utterly helpless? Job 6, 13; זְאַשְׁיָה יְרֶאֶה שְׁמֵך and in succour shall one see thy name Mic. 6, 9. 2) purpose Job 26, 3, enterprise Job 5, 12. 3) wisdom or counsel, understanding Job 12, 16, Prov. 3, 21; Job 11, 6 let him declare to thee the secrets of wisdom, that there are double-folds לחליבה to wisdom i.e. that God's wisdom is complicated or mysterious; הגהיל הרשיה to show great understanding Is. 28, 29.

(r. יְּחָה) m. a bludgeon or club (Sept. σφῦρα), only Job 41, 21.

(Qal obs.) perh. akin to שלה, נקוש, to push or throw down. - Hiph. (in pause וביה) to cast down, Is. 18, 5 בארר ביהו he removes, he casts down i. e. utterly rejects.

קאולר Jer. 2, 36 for האולר fut. Qal of אולר, Gram. § 68, 2, Rem.

קונרתיך: (plur. w. suf. בּזַנרּתִיך: Ez. 16, 15; r. נָנָה *f. fornication*, fig. *idolatry* Ez. 16, 26.

יְּתָאָדְרָיָ 2 Sam. 22, 40 for הָאָדְרָיָ (as in Ps. 18, 40), fut. Pi. of אָיָר; cf. Gram. § 68, 2, Rem.

הַקּרְםּאָלָה (only pl. הַקּרְםּאָלָה), הַקּרְםָאָלָה (חוש ליח), הַקּרְםָאָלָה (חוש ליה), הַקּרְםָאָלָה (הובאַליה), sailor or pilot, hence 1) steering,

guidance Job 37, 12. 2) prudence Prov. 1, 5; in a bad sense, cunning Prov. 12, 5.

नेनाने 1 Sam. 1, 1, see नाम.

prep. (תַּתָּיה Chald. (i. q. Heb. תַּתָּיה) prep. under, beneath Jer. 10, 11; always in pl. w.suf. as in with under it Dan. 4, 9.

TIP 2 Sam. 20, 9 for TINE, fut. Qal of 173; cf. Gram. § 68, 2.

fut. apoc. Qal of דְּרָה, see Gram. § 75, Rem. 3, e.

m. patron. (from obs. pr. n. איז wisdom) Tachkemonite 2 Sam. 23, 8, in 1 Ch. 11, 11 הַכִּמְנָר .

fut. Niph. הַתָּל Lev. 21, 9 for הַתָּוֹל fut. Niph. of إرزار II; cf. Gram. § 67, Rem. 5.

ווו הלל r. ואודנים (c. ומחלה f. prop. opening up, then beginning or commencement Ruth 1, 22; בְּתְּוֹזָה in the beginning i. e. at first, formerly Is. 1, 26.

(only pl. תַּחַלוּאָים; r. תַּזַלוּאַים; r. תַּזַלוּאַ II) m. sicknesses Ps. 108, 3; הַדַּרַלָּאָר־רָעָב pinings of famine Jer. 14, 18.

Dיבדה (r. סבה) m. male ostrich, an unclean bird Lev. 11, 16; so called prob. for its pitiless neglect of its young; cf. Arab. ظليم (cruel), as epithet of male ostrich.

pr. n. m. (encampment; r. I) Num. 26, 25, where also the patron. החוני Tahanite.

ר. היוזית (c. היוזיה, pl. הווזית 2 Ch. 6, 39) f. 1) r. I. favour or kindness Josh. 11, 20. 2) ר דון, groan or cry, strong entreaty or supplication Ps. 6, 10. 3) pr. n. m. 1 Ch. 4, 12.

(only pl. הַדְּתַנוּנִים, once דונגנות Ps. 86, 6; r. א דונגנות II) m. supplications Ps. 28, 2.

(only plur.; r. הַנָּה I) f. camps, then encampment (cf. L.castra), only 2 K. 6, 8.

DETER, OF PR. n. of a city in Egypt, Sept. Tágvy, Daphne, near Pelusium Jer. 43, 7, Ez. 30, 18. The name is prob. Copt. TADE-ENE2 (head of the land), its position being on the north-eastern extremity of Egypt.

DIEI pr. n. f. (perh. head of the land) of an Egyptian queen 1 K. 11, 19.

OBFF Jer. 2, 16 in K'thibh for יַמַרְפַּנְדֵס.

NTF m. coat of mail, breastplate. made of linen Ex. 28, 32. ---- Prob. from an obs. r. הרה = הרא to protect.

Tiph. (= Hiph., Shaph.) of r. הרה (which see), cf. Gram. § 55, 5. ד pr. n. m. (perh. cunning, r. הארע) 1 Ch. 9, 41, written also הארע) 1 1 Ch. 8, 35.

Cobs.) perh. akin to mer. (w. format. w, see p. 608), to sink or dive; perh. hence

(pl. הְתָוֹשָׁים) m. 1) prob. the seal (cf. Arab. تُخَسَّ dolphin), hence עור הַדָּוֹש seal-skin Num. 4, 6, pl. seal-skins Ex. 25, 5; צורית הוחשים the covering of seal i. e. seal-skin covering Num. 4, 25; as among the modern Arabs, it was used for shoes, נאכלה מחל and 1 shod thee with seal-skin Ez. 16, 10. 2) pr. n. m. (seal) Gen. 22, 24.

UTIF Job 31, 5 for this fut. Qal of UNT, cf. Gram. § 72, Rem. 9.

נות from r. נות (r. תווה, cf. נית from r. נות); often in pl. c. הַתְהָר, w. suf. הַתְהָרוֹ, f. prop. depression, hence 1) underpart, Hab. 3, 16 הַדְהַר I tremble וויקר אַרָאַן אַראָז I tremble in my under-parts i. e. knees or legs; place or position Zech. 6, 12; a) as adv. in one's place Ex. 16, 29

β) as prep. (see Gram. § 103, 3) in place of, instead of Ps. 45, 17; in return for, as equivalent Gen. 30, 15; with rel. with whereas Deut. 28, 62, because 2 K. 22, 17. 2) subjacency, hence a) as adv. beneath Gen. 49, 25; β) as prep. (mostly as a pl. noun w. suf. as in ההתורה, rarely as a sing. as in 미국, see Gram. § 103, 3) under Dan. 9, 12; w. pref. as adv. מְשָׁתְל below Ex. 20, 4, from under Ez. 47, ו; בְּתַרָים under anything Gen. 1, 7; also אַל־תַּתָת ל K. 7, 32; אַל־תַּתָת ל, under, w. verb of motion אל-חַזָת ל Jer. 3, 6, Ez. 10, 2. 3) pr. n. (prob. place) of a station of the Israelites in the wilderness Num. 33, 26. 4) pr. n. m. (perh. substitute) 1 Ch. 6, 9.

תְּחֵת Chald. (i. q. Heb.) prep. under, taking suf. like a pl. noun e. g. Dan. 4, 11 בִּן תַּחְתְוֹתִי from under it; see תְּחֵוֹת.

(תַּרְאַלוֹן adj.m., תַּרְאַלוֹן (pl.mi) f. the lower Josh. 18, 13.

קט fut. apoc. Qal for השָה from r. הָשָה, cf. Gram. § 76, 2, b.

תרבנת ,.adj. m (קוד from הרבון

(גָּרְיכוֹנוֹת f. the middle Ex. 26, 28; הָדָּכוֹנוֹת the mid city i. e. the midst of the city 2 K. 20, 4.

אָרָלוֹן pr. n. m. (perh. for אָרָאָלון presented, r. Chald אָרָשּׁן= נְיָהַל 1 Ch. 4, 20 Q'ri, אדלון געליה K'thibh.

אֹבְיָה, אֹבְה Job 6, 19 (prob. warm, r. هرب) 1) pr. n. m. of a son of Ishmael Gen. 25, 15. 2) pr. n. of a people and region in Arabia Deserta, on the borders of the Syrian desert Is. 21, 14.

קרי, קרי, ז'רי, ז

הַיַּמָן see הַדּרְבֶינָד**ו**.

וּאַרְטְרָר pr. n. m. (southerner, from 1 Ch. 4, 6.

קַרָרות Cant. 3, 6, see אַקָּרָד

וּזַכָּשָׁר, Ex. 25, 31 for אַכָּשָר, Iut. Niph. of אַנָאָר

gentil. Tizite, from an unknown place ארי 1 Ch. 11, 45.

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1 Ch. 4, 16.

רָסָס I) of a northern people Gen. 10, 2, prob. the Thracians.

للتجام (pl. المرتبة ; r. علمه) m. i. q. Aram. تَيْشَ , Arab. مُعْم المرابع , a hegoat Gen. 30, 85.

برآب, آبت Ps. 72, 14 (r. إجة) m. a crushing, fig. eppression Ps. 10, 7.

(Qal obs.) prob. akin to Syr. پنج , نی , to settle down, abide. — Pu. بن , to be made to settle down, only in بند לי גלק 33, 3 and they were encamped at thy feet, i. e. at the base of Sinai.

בָּהָה Job 17, 7 apoc. fut. Qal of נְקָבָה fur אָבָה see Gram. § 75, Rem. 8, b.

100 Deut. 33, 3, see non.

קברנָה, f. 1) r. דָז, place, spot Job 23, 3. 2) r. דָקר, arrangement Ez. 43, 11; finery Nab. 2, 10.

רוכן Num. 21, 27 for העכונן, see r. הקונונן

שניים (קבּיים ג'פּיים) או 2 Ch. 9, 21 (only pl.) m. peacocks, 1 K. 10, 22 once in three years the Tarshish fleet arrived bearing יותב וכסה שורים יותב וכסה שורים ילפרים yold and silver, ivory and apes and peacocks. --- This word is prob. the Indian or Tamul togâi (peacocks), cf. Gram. § 1, 4, Bem.a.

קבן: (obs.) i. q. Chald. אָקבָן, Arab. גע, mimet. akin to גע, אבן, דע, to tread on or crush, fig. to oppress; hence קו and

(only plur.; r. הָּכָרִים) m. crushings, fig. oppressions, only in and a man of oppressions (i. e. a rich oppressor, Sept. δανειστής) meet logether Prov. 29, 13, cf. הָשָׁי הָיָשׁיר Prov. 22, 2. ו לשתיל (obs.) akin to שתיל II, to shell or scale off; hence הַבָּלָה.

ון קלק (r. קלָה I) f. completeness or perfection, only in לְכָל - תְּכָל לְכָל - תְּכָל מון perfection (i. e. every perfect thing) have I seen an end i. e. discovered a limit or shortcoming Ps. 119, 96.

וּקּלָית (ד. דְּלָר II) f. 1) completeness Job 11, 7. 2) end or limit, utmost part Neh. 3, 21, לְכָל-מָבְלִית לְכָל-מָבְלִית אוֹר א דוֹש דוֹם to every utmost point does he search Job 28, 3; יגא דוֹק עַרַיַבְּלָית אוֹר darkness, i. e. where they seem to be lost in one another Job 26, 10.

הָכָרָה (r. אָבָרָה) f. shell-fish or muscle, according to Linn. helix ianthina, from which a cerulean or violet dye was obtained, hence as name of a colour, violet, dark-blue Ex. 26, 1, Sept. טֹמִגוּטָאָרָס, טֹמִגוֹטאַוּטָסָ, Vulg. hyacinthina.

akin to γ_{E} , to set right, to adjust, esp. to poise or weigh, fig. to test Prov. 16, 2. — Niph. fig. to be adjusted, to be right, of conduct 1 Sam. 2, 3, Ez. 18, 25. — Pi. γ_{E} to adjust Ps. 75, 4; esp. by weight, to weigh out Job 28, 25; fig. to test Is. 40, 13; in general, to measure Is. 40, 12. — Pu. to be weighedout, only part. γ_{E} 2 K. 12, 12.

التج: (r. [تج:]) m. 1) a measuring out, esp. a task Ex. 5, 18; a measure Ez. 45, 11. 2) pr. n. of a place in Simeon 1 Ch. 4, 32.

קְבָרָיָה) f. pattern Ez. 43, 10; perfection Ez. 28, 12.

רָבָּפָה Neh. 3, 37 fut. apoc. Pi. (r. הְבָפָה, cf. Gram. § 75, Rem. 11.

הַכָּסָה Prov. 26, 26 for הַסַדָּה, Hith. of. הַסָדָ; see Gram. § 54, 2, b.

אַכָּרָדָ (r. בָּרָדָ) m. prop. a wrapping around, hence robe, royal manile, only Est. 8, 15.

אָלָאָד (r. גָּאָד) f. weariness, exhaustion Ex. 18, 8.

(only pl.; r. לארבר (only pl.; r. לארבר) f. scorchings or parchings, only in אַרָץ parched land Hos. 13, 5.

קלשר, הלשר Is. 37, 12 pr. n. (prob. hill of Assyria, הלשטר) of a region in Assyria 2 K. 19, 12.

רָלְבָשֶׁת (r. לָבָשׁ) f. a garment, only Is. 59, 17.

بَلْجٌ Chald. m. i. q. Arab. بَلْجٌ (which see), snow Dan. 7, 9.

ו הַלְנָה פּלְנָאָר 1 Ch. 5, 6 or ז ה פּלְנָסָר 1 Ch. 5, 26 pr. n. m. same א הְנָלָה פּלְגָסָר see.

הוֹלֶדָת, see הֹלְדוֹת, הֹלְדוֹת.

קָלָא i. q. אָאָא, Aram. אָקּאָ ג 1) intrans. to hang, w. עָ fig. to depend on Is.22, 24. 2) trans. to kang wp, part. pass. אָקָר אָשָרָיס אָשָּרָאָס אָשָרָי ed Cant. 4, 4; אָבָר אָשָרָים אָשָׁ to hang on the tree i.e. to crucify Josh. 8, 29, אָשָׁרָים אָבָריים ערשי אַבָּריים אָבָריים curse is a hanged one i. e. the executed malefactor is under His displeasure (cf. Gal. 3, 13). — Niph. to be hanged or crucified Est. 2, 23. — Pi. to hang up, perh. to impale Ez. 27, 10. — Akin to אָבָרי, אָם (which see), אָבָר I.

קלה Gen. 47, 13 fut. apoc. Qal (r. אָלְהָא for אָלְהָא, cf. Gram. § 75, Rem. 3, b.

(only pl. הְלָלָה; r. לִלְ וֹם) f. murmurings Ex. 16, 7, Num. 14, 27.

n 24 (obs.) akin to 다호텔, to send forth; hence

קלַת pr. n. m. (perh. dart, r. אָלָן) pr. n. m. (perh. dart, r. דְּשָׁרָ) 1 Ch. 7, 25.

קלך (ד. קּלָה; w. suf. קּלָה; cf. דְּלָר from r. דְּלָה) m. prop. what dangles, hence *a quiver*, only Gen. 27, 3.

קליתי Chald. (def. אָליהָאָה, from three) ord. num. *third* Dan. 2, 39.

ראבל I akin to אָלָל, אָלָל I, 1) to raise or heap up, part. pass. אָלָא heaped up, perh. terraced, of a vineclad mount Ez. 17, 22 (cf. הָלָים Chald. elevated); hence אָנ. 2) to be hanging or dangling, to wave to and fro; hence הָלָהָלָים

ال (Qal obs.) prob. akin to کتب Arab. تر to be cast or thrown down, fig. to fail or be frustrated (cf. σφάλλω, L. fallo, whence E. false). — Hiph. المراجع Gen. 31, 7, 2 pers. المراجع (Gram. § 67, Rem. 11) Judg. 16, 10; inf. تر

(obs.) akin to باج I, Arab. to cut in, to furrow; hence

תַּלְמֵר (pl. w. suf. הָּלֶמֶרָה, c. תַּלְמָר Hos. 10, 4) m. i. q. Chald. אָדָל אראָ, Arab. *דָּוֹק, ridge* or *furrow* Job 89, 10, Ps. 65, 11.

דּלְבָר pr. n. m. (prob. furrowy, r. קלם 2 Sam. 3, 3.

קَרָיִד (r. إَجْرِبَت m. i. q. Syr. بَلْبِيدُ Arab. لَحْطَدُمُ , *a learner* or *disciple*, only 1 Ch. 25, 8.

קלן Judg. 19, 20 for בּוֹלָ 2 Sam. 17, 16 fut. juss. Hiph. (r. רולה), see Gram. § 29, 4, c, Rem.

2 Sam. 17, 16, see 125.

האלות or הוֹלָנוֹת, בי הְקֹנוֹת הַ הַלָנוֹת

(obs.) perh. akin to Arab. تلف *to destroy;* perh. hence

רַוֹלְפִוּית (only pl. הַלְפִוּית) f. deadly קבְנְהַל הָיִר (only pl. הַלְפִוּית) f. deadly weapons, swords, only in קבְנְהַל הָיָר הַרָאָ נוּגר בָניר לְהַלְפִיוֹת (cant. 4, 4 like the tower of David is thy neck, built for weapons of war i. e. for an armoury.

הַלַשָּׁר see הַלַשָּׁר.

קלָה Chald. card. num. fem., הְלָהָא הָלָהָא m. i. q. Heb. שלָשָׁת three Ezr. 6, 4; also ord. third Ezr. 6, 15; pl. קלָהיך thirty Dan. 5, 7.

ראלת Chald. (def. אוֹקא) ord. num. m. the third Dan. 5, 16, fully שִׁלְתָא the third ruler Dan. 6, 8.

רקלית Chald. ord. num. m. third Dan. 5, 7, another form for m.

ראם לאפאר Chald. card. num. com. gend. i. q. Heb. שְׁלְשָׁרֹם, thirty Dan. 6, 8.

קלְתְלָים (only plur.; r. הָּלָה 1, 2) prob. pendulous or waving boughs, esp. of the palm (Vulg. elatæ palmarum, Sept. έλάται), fig. waving locks Cant. 5, 11.

רום לאם לא ביש ל ביש לא ביש ל יים ביש לא ביש ייש

שלק. once שלה Prov. 10, 9 (before Maq. קומים, w. suf. קומי, pl. קומים, r. קומים באוי, pl. קומים measure Is. 47, 9. 2) soundness, prosperity Job 21, 23. 3) uprightness Ps. 7, 9. 4) simplicity 1 K. 22, 84. 5) only pl. קומים (c. sub-

solute truth, name of one of the sacred lots of the Hebrews (cf. (κήμα)) worn in the breast-plate of the high priest Deut. 33, 8, Sept. ἀλήθεια.

אָאָרָא, גפר אַקידהַ.

וֹיָרְאָדָה (fut. דְּקָהָי) i. q. Aram. דְאָדָה, Syr. אבל, to be amased Is. 29, 9; w. by at Is. 13, 8, Ecc. 5, 7; fig. of the pillars of heaven, to be awe-struck or shaken Job 26, 11. — Hith. דְאָדָה (see Gram. § 54, 2, d), to astound oneself, only in אראַרָקָדָי astound yourselves, be astounded ! Hab. 1, 5. --- Cf. θαῦμα, L. timor.

The Chald. (obs.) akin to

أيرت Chald. (pl. بجربة, def. (جربة, m. astonishment, then a wonder or marvel Dan. 3, 32.

(w. suf. הַשָּׁרִד) f., see הַדָּ 3.

אָקָרָן (r. הִמָם) f. i. q. הֹם, integrity, wprightness Job 2, 8.

(c. הַמָּדהוֹן; r. הַמָּדהוֹן) m. amazement Zech. 12, 4, Deut. 28, 28.

סל a Syrian male deity, Vulg. Adonis (אָדוֹיָאָ), worshipped by the idolatrous Hebrew women, only in Ez. 8, 14 and lo! there the women were sitting און און און לאפין יאסן דמשועג i. e. shedding tears in memory of his unhappy fate.... Prob. from r. בעבוד און און און לאפין (see p. 175), hence און דער שאפון (see p. 175), hence און דער שא שונה און לאפין imay be the deceased one, alluding to his tragic end, known as מֹסְמִינִסμὸς Ἀδώνιδος.

אָרְמוֹל (היקבוֹל, רְקובוֹל, יָקובוֹל, אָרָמוֹל, פּפּוּ) פּפּפּ see) adv. yesterday 1 Sam. 20, 27; both yesterday and the day-before i.e. formerly 28am.3, 17, also בעלים לוסף Ex. 5, 8; ליבער עלים לי לילים לי

לעור (כ. ראמא, ראסא, דיסא, ד. דיס) ה shape or form Deut. 4, 12, Job 4, 16; fig. look or appearance Num. 12, 8.

אָרָדָרָן (w. suf. יַקְמַרְּיָדָה); r. דָּרָבָּרָן f. exchange, barter Ruth 4, 7; price Job 28, 17; recompense, wages Job 15, 31; perh. borrowing in Job 20, 18 15, 31; perh. borrowing in Job 20, 18 ניקלים as his borrowed wealth (he restores it, cf. ביָלָם in 1st clause of the verse), and he has no joy.

ית אבאראר (ר. מאז) f. death, only in the phrase בְּרֵירְוְטָאָדָוֹ some of death i. e. those condemned to death (cf. גַּרְ-טָטָרָ 1 Sam. 20, 31) Ps. 79, 11; 102, 21.

to rejoice; hence

קברה pr. n. m. (prob. jey) Ezr. 2, 53.

אַבָּרוֹן Neh. 13, 14 fut. apoc. Hiph. (r. קרוח I), cf. Gram. § 75, Rent. 16.

קרידת Jer. 18, 23 in pause for קרידת 2 p. sing. m. fut. Hiph. of קרידת I, the ---- being for -----

(c. הְמִימִים, pl. הְמָימִים, c. הְמִימִים, i. הְמָימִים, קוֹמָימַים, i. הְמָימִים, קוֹמָימַים, (pl. הְמִיּקִים, f. 1) complete, perfect, of God's law Ps. 19, 8; הְמִימוּ הַשִּים הַשָּׁר הַמּר fect in knowledge, the Omniscient Job 37, 16. 2) whole or entire (no

part wanting) Lev. 8, 9. 3) sound or unblemished Ex. 12, 5; hale or well Prov. 1, 12. 4) in moral sense, wpright, honest or sincere Gen. 6, 9, Prov. 11, 20. 5) as subst. a) integrity, uprightness, Josh. 24, 14 and serve ye him (i. e. the Lord) $\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{1}{n}$ in sincerity and in truth, also as adv. acc. uprightly, sincerely Ps. 15, 2; β) truth Am. 5, 10.

المِتَرَتَّة (for المَعَرَّة, plur. from an obs. sing. المَعَرَّة, m. prop. twins, hence in pairs, malched or coupled (of boards), only Ex. 26, 24.

D. 20 . see D. 5.

סְמַהָ akin to (רְחָמֹך: fut.) 🌔 1) to take or lay hold of, w. acc. Gen. 48, 17 or 7 Is. 33, 15; to obtain, w. acc. Prov. 11, 16. 2) to hold, grasp, w. aco. Prov. 3, 18; שבט the holder of a sceptre i.e. the ruler Am. 1, 5 (of. Hom. σχηπτοῦχος βασιλεύς); fig. to maintain or preserve Ps. 17, 5; אַקָּד הוֹמָרך גוֹרָלָר thou maintainest my lot Ps. 16, 5, where Tip is for קסה, see Gram. § 51, Rem. 1. 3) to hold wp another's hands, w. Z Ex. 17, 12; fig. to uphold, w. acc. Is. 41, 10 or ב Ps. 63, 9. - Niph. נְחַפָּה to be laid hold of, fig. הבתבלי השמאחו יהשמה and with the cords of his sin he shall be seized Prov. 5, 22.

קמול see הזבלל.

3, 17 לעבר they finished to pass over. B) intrans. 1) to be completed, finished 1 K. 7, 22. 2) to have an end, to cease Is. 16, 4; to fail, of truit Ez. 47, 12, of bread Jer. 37, 21; to perish, be destroyed Deut. 2, 15, Ps. 73, 19. 4) to be whole, fig. to be upright, Ps. 19, 14 אין then shall I be upright, where אַרָחָם is for אָרָחָם, cf. Gram. § 67, Rem. 3. - Niph. (only fut. מושר, הקומר Ps. 102, 28) to be destroyed Num. 14, 85; to be ended, to fail Ps. 102, 28. - Hiph. 102 (inf. דיזיפה, once w. suf. דיזיפה for Is. 33, 1, fut. רקום Is. 33, 1, fut. ביקון 1) to complete or finish, hence to make ready, meat in cooking Ez. 24, 10, money for an account 2 K. 22, 4; to execute a counsel 2 Sam. 20, 18. 2) to cease Is. 33, 1. 3) to make to coase, w. 79 from Ez. 22, 15. 4) to make perfect, fig. פר הַהָּכר that thow makest thy ways perfect Job 22, 3. - Hith. (see Gram. § 54, 2, b) to make oneself upright, to act uprightly 2 Sam. 22, 26.

ישרטן, see אידען.

קריקר, pr. n. (portion, r. הַבְּרָעָה, Judg. 14, 1) of a Canaanitish or Philistine city Gen. 38, 12, 2 Ch. 28, 18, first assigned to Judah Josh. 15, 10, and then to Dan. Josh. 19, 43, now Tibnek; gentil.

המונה see האָעָד.

הרמן see הברר

הקנה אפר הבנר

ו קרבל ו) pr. n. f. (prob. prudish-

ness, r. איז סל a concubine of Bsau's son Gen. 36, 12. 2) pr. n. (איז סיק סל ה tribe descended from איז קרא. 36, 40.

הקנה see הקנות.

of a city in the mountains of Ephraim, assigned to Joshua Judg. 2, 9; called also

קרַת־קָרָח pr. n. (portion of redundance, of a city Josh. 19, 50; see הְעָנָת־קַרָס.

לָקָרָ (r. גָּשָׁטָ m. a melting, as adv., only in קָמָט יְהַלּוּ Ps. 58, 9 as a snail goes dissolvingly along i. e. makes a slimy track.

לָבָר Ps. 39, 12 fut. apoc. Hiph. (r. הְסָשָׁר, cf. Gram. § 75, Bem. 16.

(obs.) akin to אָבָר II (cf. אָבָז = הָדָיָ) to be high or tall (cf. קריקריר column); or perh. akin to קר = הָבָר II, to trill, to make a tremulous noise; hence

ליקרים (pl. (אָבָרים 1) m. i. q. Arab. (date), palm-tree, date-palm (phanix dactylifera), an ever-green tree, tall and slender Ps. 92, 13; אקרים Lev. 23, 40 branches of palmtrees, used for ornament at the feast of tabernacles. 2) pr. n. of a) a town in the south-east of Palestine Ez. 47, 19; β i. q. איר (which see) 1 K. 9, 18 K'thibh. 3) pr. n. f. of several women, a) daughter-in-law of Judah Gen. 38, 6; β) daughter of David 2 Sam. 13, 1; γ) daughter of Absalom 2 Sam. 14, 27.

קובר m. i. q. הָקָר, *a palm-tree* Judg. 4, 5; fig. a palm-trunk or column Jer. 10, 5.

קבר Ex. 23, 21 for קבר fut. Hiph. of קבר II, cf. Gram. § 67, Rem. 8.

הימרות המרות conly pl. c. הנגיניה

Cant. 3, 6; r. (אָמָד) f. column, pillar, קטרות קט columns of smoke Joel 3, 3.

לעלין (only pl. דומריים, השמיים, דבלין Ez. 40, 16; r. השמיים *f. palm-trees*, only artificial as architectural ornaments 1 K. 6, 29.

דאָרד 2 Sam. 19, 14 for דאָרד fut. Qal of אָמָד I, cf. Gram. § 23, 3.

(only pl. c. אַבְּרִיּבָּר, w. suf. אָבְרִיּבְיָרָ, אַבְרִיּבְיָרָ, דָבָרָיָבָרָ, r. גָיַבָר prop. smoothness, then purifying or cleansing Est. 2, 3; see אַבָּרִירָם.

תקרדרים (only pl. הַקרדרי הַבָּר הַקרדרים, m. 1) הַבָּר הַקרדרים, il, bitternesses i. e. most bitter crying Jer. 31, 15; as adv. bitter crying Jer. 31, 15; as adv. *Ephraim has* most bitterly provoked Hos. 12, 15. 2) r. הַכָּרָים הָקרים הַשָּרָדָים (הַקָּרָים הָשָׁרָדָים, a pillar or post, esp. finger-post or way-mark Jer. 31, 21.

קריר (r. פָרָשָ) m. i. q. דְשְׁרָדָ, a cleansing, a remedy, only in K'thibh of Prov. 20, 30.

נַרָן, הַנָּה imper. Qal of r. נַרָּוָן.

וּשִׁר (only pl. אָדָּר , once אָדָר , Lam. 4, 3, cf. Gram. § 87, 1, Bem. a, r. ד. ד. וֹשָׁר וֹ m. prob. jackal, so named for its cry or howl (cf. Arab. تَسِنَاقُ wolf) Job 30, 29, dwelling in waste places Is. 13, 22, whence such places where called אָדָר פּרָקָר פָּרָד קַרָּקָר פָּקָר פָּרָד אָב פָרָקָר פָּרָד פָּרָד קַרָּדָר פָּרָד פָּרָד פָּרָד פָרָד פָּרָד פָרָד פָרַד פָרָד פָרַד פָרָד פָרַד פָרַד פָרָד פָרַד פָרָד פָרָד פָרָד פָרָד פָרָד פָרָד פָרָד פָרָד פָרַד פָרָד פָרָד פָרַד פּרַד פּרַד פּרַד פּרַד פּרַד פּרַד פּרַד פָרַד פָרַד פּרַד פָרַד פּרַד פּרַד פּרַד פָרַד פּרַד פָרַד פּרַד פָרַד פּרַד פּעַד פּרַד פּרַד פּרַד פּרַד פּעַד פּרַד פ

(obs.) prob. i. q. Arab.

ד הנה Ps. 8, 2, see הנה L

ال (Qal obs.) i. q. ابتان I. Aram. ابتان ال المراجع ال مراجع المراجع الم مراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المرا

קרָק, אווין (only pl. אָשָּרָה; ד. אָשָּרָה) f. i. q. Arab. געוויג, abode, dwelling, enly Mal. 1, 3 אַשֿרָד מַשָּרָל dwellings, Sept. סשׁנית מַרְקָעָר. But אַשָּׁר אַשָּרָע, sept. סשׁנית אַשָּרָים (see אָבָר), and hence mean shejackals.

קוניבוח (c. קוניבוח, pl. קוניבוה; r. f. fruit, produce Deut. 32, 13.

קורה: (prob. r. جادم) m. end, extreme point, דְיָכְנִיח the tip of the right ear Ex. 29, 20.

לרבָרך (r. נים) f. drowsiness, slumber Ps. 182, 4; בְּחַניִּמְוֹת צָלִי מִשְׁעָב in slumbers on the bed i. e. in sleep Job 33, 15.

ארוקור, רגיקו, ר. אוויס, ארוקור, ר. איש) f. a waving or raising, a) of the hand in smiting, said of God Is. 19, 16; β) of an oblation, hence אישר the wave-breast Ex. 29, 27, שישר the wave-sheaf Lev. 23, 15, זְתָרָ וַתְּרָשָׁוּ the wave-gold Ex. 36, 24, all which offerings were presented by a solemn waving to and fro; fig. tumult, the agitation of a crowd Is. 30, 32 הערבות הנופר of tumult i. e. fiercely contested.

ער וו פור וו איז וו פור (perh. r. איז וו m. i. q. Aram. איזען מאזען איזען איזען איזען איזען איזען איזען איזע פאר איז איזען אין איזען איזע אין איזען איזע איזען איזע איזען איזע איזען איזע

(נְחַרָּם: מַיָּקרוּנְרִים: רְחָנָעָרָם (only pl. בָּקָרוּנְס m. 1) pity or compassions Ps. 94, 19. 2) consolations, comfort Is. 66, 11.

(only pl. קרורבָלד, r קרורבָלד, f. consolations, comfort Job 15, 11.

דערקא pr. n. m. (consolation, r. (נְקָם) 2 K. 25, 23.

קוֹים) הוּנין (r. (הָנָם) m. i. q. (הָנָם), prob. a crocodile, only Ez. 29, 3 and 32, 2.

וּקנָא : Chald. (def. וּקנְרָנָה; r. אָנָרָנָה) adj. m. second Dan. 7, 5.

(pl. أَبَرَتْرَا (pl. أَبْرَتْرَا تَنْسَعْنُ (pl. أَبْرَتْرَا تَنْسَعْنُ (prop. long creature, then 1) sea monster, large fish, whale (Sept. xῆτος) Gen. 1, 21. 2) large serpent Ps. 91, 13. 3) crocodile, as symbol of Egypt Is. 27, 1, Ps. 74, 13; see P2.

חוֹרָרָנרית adv. a second time, again Dan. 2, 7.

(obs.) perh. akin to ابتر II w. format. ending 7- (see p. 284),

to sireich or extend; hence perh.

(obs.) akin to אָדָ II (ש), to be long or extended; hence מיי orocodile.

I (obs.) prob. mimet. akin to μ. I, to utter a sound or cry, to growl or howl; hence prob. μ..... Cf. Sans. tan (to sound), στένω, L. tono, tinnio, G. tönen, E. din, tune.

נְנֵתן, הָעָד וו (obs.) akin to נְנָתן, הָעָד, to stretch out, extend in length; hence הַעִּר, הַפָּר, הַפָּר, הַשָּׁר.

Chald. (obs.) i. q. Syr. L, to smoke (cf. Eth. tana vapour); hence perh. المجالية (which see) and المجالية. --- Cf. τιτάν (the sun), Keltic tān, teine, G. sünden, E. tind, tinder.

אָשָּׁרָאָ (ר. שָּׁשָׁרָ) f. prop. breather, then 1) a lizard, perh. chameleon, so called perh. from the puffing motion of its cheeks in breathing Lev. 11, 30. 2) prob. pelican, perh. swan, so called for its hissing Deut. 14, 16.

다. 다. 다. 우리 아이가 아이가 있다. Qal of r. 다. 가야, see Gram. § 68, 2, Bem.

(Qal obs.) akin to אָאָר (Qal obs.) akin to אָאָר (Qal obs.) akin to אָאָר (Qal obs.) akin to אָאָר (Qal obs.) akin to be abhored of a thing. — Niph. to be abhored 1 Ch. 21, 6; part. אָר אָר (קוע ראָר (קוע ראָר), part. אָר (קוע ראָר)) to abhor Deut. 7, 26, Job 9, 31. 2) to render disgusting, קר (קוע ראָר), part. אָר (קוע ראָר) and thou didst make thy beauty disgusting, of a harlot Ez. 16, 25. 3) to disgust, only part. אָר (קוע ראָר), be (קוע ראַר), be (קוע ראָר), be (קוע ראָר), be (קוע ראָר), be (קוע ראָר), be (קוע ראַר), be (קוע ראָר), be (קוע ראָר), be (קוע ראָר), be (קוע ראַר), be (קוע ראַר)

duct Ps. 14, 1; to behave abominably 1 K. 21, 26. Hence הוֹעַבָה.

קאָבָרָדָין Buth 1, 13 for אָדָרָרָדָרָ 2 pl. fem. fut. Niph. of אָדָרָדָיָן כּג Gram. § 20, 3, a.

Ez. 4, 12, 2 pers. fut. Qal of r. 339, w. suf. and 3 epenthetic.

7(-) (fut. רְוַצָּה, apoo. יִרְוֹצָה) akin to ryp (which see), to wander or stray, of persons Is. 35, 8, of beasts Ex. 23, 4, of birds Job 38, 41; to wander about, w. 2 Ps. 107, 4; to spread abroad, to grow luxuriantly, of branches Is. 16, 8; to reel, as a drunkard Is. 28, 7; to flutter or palpitate, of the heart Is. 21, 4; fig. in a moral sense, to err or go astray Ps. 58, 4; to fail or miscarry in one's purpose Prov. 14, 22. - Niph. (inf. c. הקעות) to stagger Is. 19, 14; to be mistaken Job 15, 31. - Hiph. (fut. apoc. רָהַע) 1) to cause to wander Ps. 107, 40; part. רָקָר מָתְזָנה a bridle causing to err Is. 30, 28; fig. to lead astray Hos. 4, 12. 2) to err or go astray Prov. 10, 17.

קוֹעה pr. n. m. (a roamer, r. הָזָעָה) of a king of Hamath 1 Ch. 18, 9; in 2 Sam. 8, 9 הְאָרָי

hence an oracle Is. 8, 16; a law Is. 8, 20, a custom Buth 4, 7.

לערך (w. a loc. העשור, r. קער) m. darkness, prob. in העשור עלקר darkness shall be as the morning Job 11, 17.

Hab. 3, 9 fut. Niph. of r. II, cf. Gram. § 72, Bem. 9.

ا [الآلات] 1 Sam. 15, 19 fut. Hipbe. apoc. of التعريب II, see Gram. §75, Ben. 3, ه آبان , see بجنوب

رەل (obs.) perh. akin to ئىن ا, to hollow out; hence perh. اېنچن 1.

אָבָלָדן (c. האָבָא א. ה firm, pl. w. suf. דָרָלָג (קָרָאָרָ א. הַצָּהָ, a trench 1 K. 18, 32; an aqueduct or conduit 2K. 18, 17; collect. water courses Job 38, 25 האָבָה הַכָּלַג לַשָּׁטָה הַדָּלָג divided out channels for the rainfall? 2) r. הָבָ, a bandage, prop. what is laid on, an appliance Jer. 30, 13.

אַכָלד Ez. 36, 3 prob. for אַעָלד fut. Niph. of r. צַלָה.

יזַבָלּוּלָים (only pl הַעַּלוּלָים) סיעוּל. דיבָלוּלָים (m. 1) a suckling, babe Is. 3, 4. 2) vexations, אַרְדֵוּר בְּהַצַלוּלִידָים (will delight in their troubles Is. 66, 4.

וּשָׁלָבָאָהַ (pl. אוֹבָאָהַ; r. געָד) f. hidden thing, a secret, of the earth Job 28, 11, of the heart Ps. 44, 22, of God's wisdom Job 11, 6.

תַעָנוּזר, 7, Cant. 7, תַעָנוּזר, Ecc. 2, 8; r. עָעָנוּז m. delight, good cheer Prov. 19, 10; pl. pleasures or gratifications i. e. sexual Cant. 7, 7, Ecc. 2, 8.

ו קַנָרָת (r. עָנָה II) f. humiliation, esp. fasting Ezr. 9, 5.

קרָקָרָ, קּצְלָךָ: Josh. 21, 25 pr. n. (perh. castle, r. עָנָהָ) of a Canaanitish city Josh. 12, 21, assigned to Manasseh Judg. 1, 27.

(Qal obs.) prob. akin to דיקה, to wander or make free (in talking), to jest. — Pilp. to sport or mock, only in part. in Gen. 27, 12 קריקרי בערערו במחער *in his eyes like a jester.* — Hithpalp. to make oneself a mocker, to deride, w. p. only part. in 2 Ch. 36, 16 מעקאנים עוברארו אונג prophets. Hence שמער אונגעיין.

(obs.) perh. akin to Chald. | r. اليون m. 1) i. q. Arab. منافع, apple,

p = p, cf. אַרַע = ס, to be strong or mighty; hence perh. הוֹעָדָה.

(only pl. קאָבָאָמוֹה; r. אָבָאָמוֹה) f. forces Ps. 68, 36.

(obs.) prob. akin to שָׁשָׁר (, Arab. גָּשָׁ לָ, *to cleave* or *open up*; hence בּגָ

ער (w. suf. באָרָד) m. 1) prob. r. באָר (w. suf. באָרָד) m. 1) קאָר קער דיספר (האָרָד אָר גער) אין אין אין אָר the writer's knife, i. e. pen-knife for pointing the reed or pen Jer. 36, 23; a razor Num. 6, 5. 2) r. אָרָצָר cleft or hollow, esp. a sheath, of a sword (cf. L. vagina) 1 Sam. 17, 51.

וּעָרָבָר, (only plur.; r. עִרָבָר) f. suretyships, בְּיַר הַעָּרָבוֹת hostages 2 K. 14, 14.

(only plur.; r. הערועים) m. mockeries or delusions, i. e. idols Jer. 10, 15.

(pl. קפר ע. suf., w. suf. קפר, r. קפר ווויק, w. suf. קפר, r. קפר, m. 1) drum, tabret, timbrel Ex. 15, 20, i. q. Arab. אלא, whence Span. aduffa. 2) prob. a bezel or setting for a gem, perh. so called for its drum-like shape Ez. 28, 18.---- Mimetic akin to τύμπανον, L. tympanum, E. tambour, timbrel, W. tabordh.

אָשָּרָה, אָפָאָרָה, א. suf. דְּשָׁרָה, דָ דָיָאָרָה 28,2, דָ דָ דָרָדָר 28,2, דָ דָ דָרָדָר 28,2, דָ דָרָדָר 28,2, דָ דָרָדָר 20, 19; דָרָד 20, 19; בַרָר
تَعْتَقَرَّاتَ 1 Sam. 28, 24 for المَقَرَّاتَ fut. Qal of r. الجَعَرَانَة, cf. Gram. § 68, 2, Rem.

נַשַּרּהַת, הַשָּרָה (pl. הַשָּרָה, c. הַשַּרָה; r. נָשָׁרָה, לשט (נַשָּר, הַשָּׁרָה, מַשָּרָה, מַשָּרָה, מַשָּרָה,

so called for its fragrant smell Cant. 2, 5; apple-free Joel 1, 12. 2) pr. n. (apple) α) of a city in Judah Josh. 12, 17, still called \vec{L} Teffuh; β) of a city in Ephraim Josh. 16, 8. 3) pr. n. m. (Then) 1 Ch. 2, 43.

וואוחיקם (only pl. w. suf. ביקר אודיחיקב, r. אודיחיקם f. dispersions, only Jer. 25, 34, where some texts read קומיצוריקם I scatter you, as a sort of Tiph'el form of r. אשר כל. Gram. § 55, 5.

שוצוקר, Jer. 25, 24 in some texts, see הפוצח.

(only pl.c. אָתּרְיָרָם; רוּרּהָן, דוּקוּרָרָם; m. bakings, cookings, only in Lev. 6, אַקריַר מְהָרם מָאָרָם cookings of the meat-offerings in pieces, i. e. offered in baked pieces. — Prob. from r. אָשָׁבָּרָ נָשָׁבָרָ II or שָׁבָרן.

تَغَنَّلَ I (obs.) i. q. Arab. تَغَنَّل to spit out, fig. to reject as insipid; hence جَعَرُ ا, اجْعَرُ.

דבל, to געל II (obs.) akin to געל, to stick or adhere; hence אות 2, אול.

الجَارَ m. 1) r. الجَوَر I, prop. spittle, only fig. insipid or unsavoury food Job 6, 6; silliness, a silly thing Lam. 2, 14. 2) r. اجمع II, i. q. Arab. أهُنَال Chald. جَعَر lime, then mortar or whitewash Ez. 13, 10.

المَعْرَة pr. n. (lime, r. بَعَرْ II) of a Lace in Edom Deut. 1, 1, now called *Tufila*.

hence folly, then in moral sense, blame, impiety Job 1, 22, Jer. 23, 13.

קבר (r. אָשָׁשָ) f. 1) intercession Is. 37, 4, Jer. 7, 16; prayer, supplication Ps. 65, 3; ודעָשָר הסער העניד prayer i. e. the Temple Is. 56, 7 (cf. elxoc הסספניצאָק Matt. 21, 13). 2) hymn, in the spirit and tone of prayer Hab. 3, 1; so in Ps. 72, 20 איז איז איז hymns of David i. e. his psalms (cf. דיז דיז 1 Sam. 2, 1).

וּקָלָצָה (r. נָּגָלַץ) f. terror, only in הַתְּכָצָהן: thy terribleness Jer. 49, 16.

TODE pr. n. (passage or ford, r. **TODE** 1) 1) of a large city ($\theta \dot{\alpha} \psi \alpha x \alpha c$) west of chief ford of the Euphrates 1 K. 5, 4. 2) of a city on the Jordan 2 K. 15, 16.

(to beat), τύπτω, to strike or beat a timbrel Ps. 68, 26. — Po. קומה to beat much or often, to taber, only part. f. pl. Nah. 2, 8 קומרי על לבברק tabering on their heart. Hence קוח. --- Cf. θάμβος, τάφος, L. stupor, G. tappe, E. tap, dub, thump.

נְתָזָל (fut. הָאָד) perh. akin to שָׁקָל, שָׁקָל II, to connect, esp. to seto together Gen. 3, 7. — Pi. to stitch or fasten firmly Ez. 13, 18.

(fut. تعترين) perh. akin to nen, 1) to lay hold of, catch, w. acc. Deut. 22, 28, וַהָרָשָׁשׁרוּ בָּבְגָרוֹ and she caught hold of him by his garment Gen. 39, 12, w. > of pers. or thing Is. 3, 6, Deut. 9, 17; to take or cap ture in war, of persons Josh. 8, 23, of cities 2 K. 14, 7; fig. to take hold of שָׁם אַלדרם God's name i. e. to profancit by false or impious use Prov. 30, 9. 2) to hold in the hand, e.g. a. sickle Jer. 50, 16; fig. a) to handle Gen. 4, 21, Jer. 2, 8; β) to have in possession, to hold, as a fortress Jer. 49, 16; γ) to overlay, of gold leaf, overlaid with gold Hab. 2, חמרש וחב 19. — Niph. to be seized, caught or taken Num. 5, 13; to be captured, of persons Ps. 10, 2, of cities Jer. 48, 41. — Pi. to hold fast Prov. 30, 28.

4

השר f. 1) spittle, r. קידה I (of. השב from wiz), fig. one spit at, only in Job 17, 6 הְמֵר לְמָנִים אֲוֹדְרָה I am become a spitting in the face i.e. I am now so despised that men even spit in my presence or in my face; comp. paxá Mat. 5, 22, cf. p. 2) pr. n. (mostly w. art. הקפה, r. קום II) of a place in the valley of the sons of Hinnom, where human victims were burned to Moloch 2 K. 23, 10; minn the high places of Tophet Jer. 7, 31, prob. mounds or altars for the sacrifices. - The name may mean spitting, to mark abhorrence of the abominations; but prob. better incremation (r. THI to burn), because of the burnings to Moloch.

ו קקור (r. הוא II) f. burning-place, only Is. 30, 33.

ארקקי Chald. (only pl. def.; from obs. sing. הקקי r. אקש Heb. אוקש M. prop. expounders of the law, lawyers, judges Dan. 3, 2; cf. Arab. לעס conj. IV, whence Mufti a judge.

קּצְלְיָנָה Jer. 19, 3 for אָצָלְנָה Jer. 20, 3 for קּצָלְנָה Qal of r. גָּלֵל I, see Gram. § 67, 5, Rem.

کَکَرَ (obs.) perh. i. q. Arab. بَعْرَبُومِ to fear; hence perh. بَعْرَبُومِ which see.

אַקָרָא pr. n. m. (prob. assembler, r. קרָה) 2 Ch. 34, 22, in K'thibh קרָה (prob. reverence, r. קרָה); but הַקָּרָה in 2 K. 22, 14.

הקוָה (c. הקוָה, w. suf. הקוָה, r. (c. קוָה, w. suf. הקוָה, p. a cord or line Josh. 2, 18. 2) expectation or hope Job 11, 20, Zech. 9, 12; fig. a hope i. e. thing hoped for Job 6, 8, also person hoped in Ps. 71, 5. 3) pr. n. m. (perh. hope) 2 K. 22, 14, for which in 2 Ch. 34, 22 הַקְרֵעה, in K'thibh אוקראה.

fig. resistance, only Lev. 26, 37.

הְקוֹמְכֵיה (only pl. w. suf. הְקוֹמְכֵיה, r. קוויס m. an opposer or resister, only Ps. 139, 21.

יקרע pr. n. (trumpet-blast, r. (קַרָע) of a city in Judah 2 Ch. 11, 6, where Amos dwelt Am. 1, 1, still called הקלע *Tequa*; gentil. גענן *Tekoite* 2 Sam. 23, 26, pl. הקלער Neh. 3, 5; fem. הקלער 2 Sam. 14, 4.

 $\Sigma P \overline{P}$ (r. $\Sigma P \overline{P}$) m. a blast, fig. trumpet, horn Ez. 7, 14.

דיקפור (כ. הקופר, pl. קוקפור, r. קרק f. circuit or round, of the sun Ps. 19, 7, of the year Ex. 34, 22, 2 Ch. 24, 23, also of a certain number of days 1 Sam. 1, 20.

되가 [· (r. 키고마) adj. m. strong, mighty, only Ecc. 6, 10.

hard Dan. 2, 40; strong or mighty Dan. 3, 33.

עניקא: Chald. i. q. Heb. שָׁשָל, to weigh; part. pass. שָׁשָל (= הְּקִרָּל pass. used as 2 p. sing. m. perf. pass. used as 2 p. sing. m. perf. הְקַרְלָהָא or הְקַרְלָהָא thou art weighed Dan. 5, 27.

akin to بتقور, to be straight Ecc. 1, 15. — Pi. بتقور to make straight Ecc. 7, 13, fig. to arrange or compile Ecc. 12, 9.

לבלים Chald. (Pe. obs.) to be straight. - Hoph. אין (Heb. form) to be set straight or right, fig. ingdom was I established Dan. 4, 33.

prob. mimet. akin to TT (which see), E. thwack, Arab. دَلْعَ (lesit), 1) to clap hands (12), in rejoicing Ps. 47, 2; to strike (קס) hands, in pledging Prov. 17, 18, w. ל Prov. 6, 1; part. pl. מוֹקעים strikers, without pp hands, i. e. always ready to take a pledge Prov. 11, 15. 2) to drive in, a nail Judg. 4, 21; to nail 1 Sam. 31, 10; to pitch a tent (by driving in the pole and the pegs) Gen. 31, 25; to thrust in, a sword, w. 7 Judg. 3, 21; to cast or hurl, into the sea Ex. 10, 19. 3) to blow, w. mit a trumpet Ps. 81, 4, also w. קשוקר (see Gram. § 138, 1, Rem. 3) Num. 10, 3, Josh. 6, 4. -Niph. 1) to be struck, scil. on the hand, Job 17, 3 מִר־הוּא לְיָדִר וְהָקַקַצ who is he that will be struck for my hand? i.e. who as my surety will give his hand for mine.. 2) to be blown, w. 2 of trumpet Is. 27, 13. Hence

TIME m. a blowing or blast of a trumpet, only Ps. 150, 3.

קקע Gen. 32, 26 fut. Qal of r. דָרָע I. הָקוֹע see הָקוֹע.

קר prob. mimet. akin to אַרָּאָלָגָּיָ Chald. אָרָאָ i. q. Arab. אָרָאָל, to strike or assail Ecc. 4, 12; אַרָּאָרָרָ לַנְצָר thou crushest him for ever Job 14, 20.

Chald. to become strong, of a tree Dan. 4, 8; to become powerful, of a king Dan. 4, 19; fig. to be resolute, of the temper Dan. 5, 20. — Pa. to make valid, near to ratify a prohibition Dan. 6, 8. Hence

קר (w. suf. ישרָה; r. קרָה) m. power, authority Est. 9, 29; force Dan. 11, 17. 5 PF. Chald. (def. xpp. Dan. 2, 37; r. 5 PF.) m. power, might Dan. 4, 27, where some texts have 5 PF. or 5 PF.

הקותה 500 הקפה

ોંગ, see નાંગ.

דַרָּאָלָה pr. n. (perh. i. q. בַּיָּצָאָה reeling, r. רָאָל of a place in Benjamin Josh. 18, 27.

ז אראלד ז Sam. 14, 27 in K'thibh prob. for אָרְאָדֶרָח = אָרְאָדָעָר (r. אָלָ,), but the Q'ri has אָאֹרְנָה fut. Qal of r. אָרָר.

רָבָח fut. apoc. Qal of r. רָבָח, cf. Gram. § 75, Bem. 3, b.

רְבָּדָת (r. רְבָה) f. increase or offspring, only Num. 32, 14.

קרְבָּיח (r. רְבָה) f. an increase esp. of money, interest Lev. 25, 36.

in Tiph'el. רָגַל in Tiph'el.

יה Taph'el. הרבס Chald., see r. רבס

תרְדָבָרָד (c. תַּרְדָבָר w. - firm; r. רָדָם f. deep sleep Gen. 2, 21; fig. sluggishness Prov. 19, 15.

Num. 31; 52; thurn in a blationfields i. e. yielding things suitable for offerings 2 Sam. 1, 21.

קרוּטָדָר, f. i. q. הַרָּאָדָה, oblation, offering, only Ez. 48, 12.

ון רוּפָּז (ר. רְשָׁא בוּ דוּ בּרָ דָשָּא וּ בּוּ בּרָ גָשָּא וּ בּוּ בּרָי בּרָ גַשָּא וּ בּוּ בּרָי בּרָי בּר dicine, healing, Ez. 47, 12 ביר בּרָררָזָר בָּרָרָזָרָ and its leaf was for medicine, cf. Apoc. 22, 2 גמו דע שְׁטָאע דַסט בָּטָאסט פוֹג שׁבָּחַתפּוֹמַא.

דרוץ Ez. 29, 7 fut. Niph. of r. רבי, cf. Gram. § 67, Bem. 5.

(obs.) i. q. Arab. גֿעָן, prob. akin to אָרָד = הָעָר II, to be hard, firm; hence

أَرْآبَارًا f. a kind of oak, prob. the holm (Vulg. ilex), only Is. 44, 14, so called for its hardness.

to journey or travel; perh. hence

דור 1) pr. n. m. (perh. traveller, ד. דוקן) of Abraham's father Gen. 11, 24. 2) pr. n. of a station in the Wilderness Num. 33, 27.

יקר pr. n. m. (perh. murmuring, r. יקר (בוֹק) 1 Ch. 2, 48.

קובין Chald. (c. הָובין) card. num. m., הַרָשָׁר t. two Ezr. 4, 24.

Chald. card. num. twelve Dan. 4, 26; prop. two-ten, like δυώδεχα, L. duodecim, W. daudheg, G. swölf, E. twelve; cf. Gram. §-97, 2, Note².

וְרָשָׂרָ (r. רְמָד I) f. deceit, fraud, only Judg. 9, 31.

וֹרְבָרָ (r. דְּבָרָ I) f. deceit, fraud, only Jer. 14, 14 in K'thibh.

לבר ג.i.q. הַרְמַאח deceit, fraud Ps. 119, 118, Jer. 8, 5.

to be tall or high; prob. hence

אָאֶרָן (w. suf. קּרָנָם) m. akin to אָאֶרָן Chald. הוּרְנִיתָא, *a pine-tree*, hence a) a ship's mast Is. 33, 23; β) a signalpole Is. 30, 17.

Chald. (obs.) akin to Heb. ي ي L, to cleave open; hence

Syr. 32, Arab. 2007, a door of a large furnace Dan. 3, 26; gate, esp. palace-gate, then the palace Dan. 2, 49, cf. at dopat for the Persian court Xen. Cyr. 1, 3, 2, also the Porte for the Turkish court.

קרָע Chald. (= אַרָע, only def. pl. הַעָּרָש, m. door-keeper Ezr. 7, 24.

וֹתְעָלָה (r. (דְּעָל ה) f. reeling or staggering, הקרְעָלָה the cup of reeling i. e. intoxicating cup Is. 51, 17, יוֹשָר שיוֹת יוֹשָר שיוֹש יוֹש שיווי wine of reeling, prop. wine as to reeling (see Gram. § 116, Rem. b) i. e. causing to reel Ps. 60, 5.

קרי gentil.n. from an unknown place (prob. הִרְעָה Chald. הִרְעָה, Tirathite 1 Ch. 2, 55.

(obs.) perh. akin to Arab. ζζί (to Hve in comfort), Sans. trip or triph (gaudere, satiari), τέρπω, τρέφω (comp. E. thrive). to nowrish or delight; perh. hence

DPT (only pl.)m. prob. nourishers or comforters, hence household gods (cf. Penates of the Romans), among the Syrians Gen. 31, 19, and the semi-idolatrous Hebrews Judg. 17,5. They were prob. small images of human shape 1 Sam. 19, 13 (where the plur. is used for sing.) and were consulted as oracles Zech. 10, 2. ----Cf. τροφεύς, θέραπες; cf. also penates akin to penus (food), panis, pasco.

עָרָאָר, F. רָאָרָ, ד. אָבּיָ, אר אָרָאָר, 1) pr. n. f. (delight, r. רְאָרָ) Num. 26, 33. 2) pr. n. (pleasantness) of a city in Ephraim Josh. 12, 24, during some time the capital of Israel 2K.15,14, Cant.6,4; w. א וספר אונער אונער

ترش pr. n. m. (perh. Pers. ترش severe) Est. 2, 21.

ו הַרְשָׁישׁ 1) pr. n. (perh. fortress, r. לשלי II) Tarshish, a city and region (prob. in Spain, same as Tartessus, Ταρτησσός, Ταρσηίον) Gen. 10, 4, a place of great commercial importance, whence אניות הרשיט ships of Tarshish, employed in the trade with Tarshish Is. 23, 1; the name seems then to have passed for merchant ships in general, or perh. Tarshish-built ships were used in general commerce 1 K. 10, 22. 2) Tarshish-stone, prob. topaz, still found in Spain Ex. 28, 20, Cant. 5, 14. 3) pr. n. m. (perh. topaz) Est. 1, 14.

נגע (said to be Pers. גָלָעָרָאָרָאָ severe, w. art. אָשָׁשָׁאָא *the austere* one) m. title of the Persian governor of Judea Ezr. 2, 63 (cf. Ger. gestrenger Herr, an old magisterial title); but perh. akin to Heb. r. שָׁשָׁא I to destroy, hence the destroyer.

קברן see ו<u>פר</u>ואר.

pr. n. m. (prob. the third,

akin to Chald. הַלְּהָא; see הְּלָה) of an Assyrian general Is. 20, 1.

רָתָּרָשָ pr. n. (prob. binder, r. רְתָהָ) of an idol of the עַיים 2 K. 17, 31.

י ואשרין; r. אושרין; r. אושרין; r. אושרין; r. אושרין; r. אושרין; r. גושרין; r. גושרין; r. גושרין; r. crashings of thunder Job 36, 29; roarings of a crowd Is. 22, 2; shoutings of a driver Job 39, 7; shouts of gladness Zech. 4, 7.

שער, see בעיוה.

קשָׁרָי pr.n. (perh. heat, ד. דְּשָׁרָי II) of a place in Naphtali, whence gentil. אָשָׁרָי *Tishbite*, in designation of the prophet Elijah 1 K. 17, 1.

השבת see הזשבי

לְשִׁתְיָשָׁ (r. אָשָׁלָ) m. checker-cloth, for garments, only Ex. 28, 4 בְּהְנָת אַבָּאָנָק tunic of checker-work.

לערבר (r. שורבר) ו) a return 1 Sam. 7, 17. 2) recurrence, of a season 2 Sam. 11, 1. 3) response or answer Job 21, 34.

יוֹשָׁרָּוֹ (r. אשׁ) f. i. q. וּשָׁעָּה לּצּיא or tempest, as some read the K'thibh in Job 30, 22 (Q'ri השׁרָה); but see under Pi. of שָׁרָה

الكَيَّاتُ Ecc. 7, 16 for تَعَانُبَجْتِ. fut. Hithpo. of تَعَانُ, Gram. § 54, 2.

חשרבות (לשאר אין השרבות) f. deposit or trust, only in בַּרְשָׂרָבָת יָה deposit of hand i. e. for safe keeping Lev. 5, 21.

(r. ٣٣) f. deliverance, salvation is. 45, 17, Ps. 37, 39; victory 1 Sam. 19, 5.

Gen. 3, 16, cf. 4, 7, Cant. 7, 11.

i Jilli (r. iti 1) f. a present or gift, only 1 Sam. 9, 7; prop. what evokes singing or gladness, hence a joy, cf. χάρμα = χάρις from χαίρω, L. gaudium from gaudeo.

עָרָאָ Deut. 32, 18 fut. apoc. Qal of r. שָׁיָה I or r. שָׁיָה.

जार्ष्यन, see नार्ष्यन.

آبَتِبَاتِ Job 30, 22 Q'ri, for the K'thibh ابتِبَتِب, which see.

קלשִׁידּית, ord. num. m., הְשָׁידּיה, f. ninth Jer. 86,9; from הַשָּׁד.

קשאנה Jer. 9, 17 for השאנה fut. Qal of אנשא, cf. Gram. § 74, Rem. 4.

تَعْلَيْكُ (c. عَنْيَتْمَ) card. num. f., تَعْلَيْهُمْ (c. تَعْلَيْهُمْ) m. nine Gen. 11, 19; also as ord. ninth Lev. 23, 32.

הִשְׁעָר עָשְׁרָה card. num. f., הִשְׁעָר עָשְׁרָה m. nineteen Josh. 19, 38.

וּשָׁעָרם (pl. of. הַשָּׁעָ) com. gend. ninety Gen. 17, 1.

fut. apoc. Qal of r. البين I, cf. Gram. § 75, Rem. 3, c.

אָשָׁרָה fut. apoc. Hith. of אָשָׁרָה, see Gram. § 75, Bem. 18.

אָשָׁרָעָ Is. 41, 10 fut. apoc. Hith. (r. ابتغو I) for التيتينية, cf. Gram. § 75, Bem. 12.

קיי for אָנָין inf. Qal of נָרַזן, see Gram. § 66, Rem. 3; w. suf. קוּקי. תְּקְנָרַר 2 Sam. 22, 27 for תְּקָבָר fut. Hith. of r. בָּרָד; perh. for assonance w. תְּהַמָּל

אָקְדָעָרָ Ps. 37, 1 for אָקְדָעָרָ fut. apoc. Hith. of הָעָרָ .

קתווות Jer. 12, 5, see Tiph. of r. הָעָרָ

םקום Ez. 24, 11 for קות, fut. Qal of r. קועם; cf. Gram. § 67, Bem. 3.

ן אוד 1 K. 17, 14 in K'thibh for לרובז, see לרובז,

دادنی pr. n. m. (prob. Pers. دادنی gift) Ezr. 5, 3.

 المالة
 Gen. 21, 14 fut. apoc. Qal

 of. r. مرتب., cf. Gram. § 75, Bem. 3, b.

לביר 2 Sam. 22, 27 prob. for קרביל fut. Hith. of קרביל, as in Ps. 18, 27.

בא חוקדיצ Ex. 2, 4 for איזי fut. Hith. of איזי ; cf. Gram. § 69, Bem. 6.

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TO THE STUDENT'S HEB. LEXICON.

NB. In this Index the figures refer to the pages of the Lexison, the letters a and b to the first and second columns on each page respectively.—In using it the student's tact and experience must guide him; e. g. for passive forms of verbe (as to be abhorred), he will naturally look under the active (as under abort, and for parti-ciples (used as adjectives) he will look under their respective verbs, if they are not entered separately.-In the case of synonymous words or phrases, if one be not found in the list, another of like import must be looked for; e. g. abridge is not inserted, but a word of similar sense can be found under curtail, diminish, shorten, etc.-Proper names are rarely inserted, as they would encumber the pages, and serve but little practical purpose, if any.

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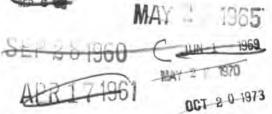




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